FINAL

SHEPLEY'S HILL BEDROCK INVESTIGATION



PREPARED BY
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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	1
1.0 PURPOSE	7
2.0 OBJECTIVES	10
3.0 ORGANIZATION OF THE REPORT	11
4.0 SITE SETTING	12
4.1 Physical setting	12
4.2 GEOLOGICAL SETTING	
4.3 METEOROLOGICAL SETTING	
5.0 FIELD ACTIVITIES AND RESULTS	15
5.1 SURFACE EXPRESSION OF BEDROCK FRACTURES	16
5.1.1 LiDAR survey	
5.1.2 Linear trace analysis	
5.1.3 Fracture mapping at bedrock outcrops	
5.1.4 Radiation survey	
5.2 SURFACE GEOPHYSICS	20
5.3 SHALLOW BEDROCK BORINGS	
5.3.1 Phase 1a and 1b borehole objectives, rationale and locations	
5.3.2 Percussion drilling	
5.4 GEOPROBE OVERBURDEN DRILLING	
5.5 BOREHOLE GEOPHYSICS	
5.6 WATER LEVELS	
5.6.1 Manual gauging and interpreted potential surfaces	
5.6.2 Continuous gauging by transducer	27
5.6.3 Apparent vertical gradients within shallow bedrock	
5.6.4 Head differences between overburden and shallow bedrock	
5.6.5 Bedrock water-level response to precipitation events	
5.7 SLUG TESTS ON OPEN BEDROCK BOREHOLES	
5.8 FIELD ANALYSIS FOR ARSENIC	
5.9 SHALLOW WELL INSTALLATION	
5.10 DEEP BOREHOLE	
5.10.1 Deep borehole objectives	
5.10.2 Rationale for location	
5.10.3 Drilling methodology and observations during coring	
5.10.4 Summary of observations on the core	
5.10.5 Well installation	
5.11 WATER LEVELS IN SCREENED WELLS	46
5.12 LOCATION SURVEY	48
6.0 BEDROCK MINERALOGY	49
6.1 PHASE I: ANALYSIS OF EXISTING SHL CORES	49
6.1.1 Objectives	49
6.1.2 Methods	49
6.1.3 Phase I results	52
6.2 Phase II: Analysis of deep core	
6.2.1 Motivation	
6.2.2 Deep core mineralogical analysis	
6.2.3 Phase II results	
6.3 PRELIMINARY X-RAY DIFFRACTION RESULTS	
6.4 CONCLUSIONS FROM MINERALOGICAL ANALYSIS	60

7.0 FRACTURE NETWORK	63
7.1 Sub-regional fracture network	
7.2 SHEPLEY'S HILL SCALE FRACTURE NETWORK	
7.3 SITE-SCALE FRACTURE NETWORK	70
8.0 IMPLICATIONS FOR GROUNDWATER HYDROLOGY	76
8.1 SITE SCALE	76
8.2 SHEPLEY'S HILL SCALE	
8.3 Sub-regional scale	
9.0 BOREHOLE WATER CHEMISTRY	83
9.1 Methods	83
9.2 Results	83
9.3 DISCUSSION	
9.4 WATER CHEMISTRY CONCLUSIONS	87
10.0 DISCUSSION: UNIFIED CONCEPTUAL MODEL	88
11.0 RECOMMENDATIONS	92
12.0 REFERENCES	95

List of Figures

- Figure 1.0-1(a). Sub-regional scale topographic map of Shepley's hill and environs.
- Figure 1.0-1(b). Sub–regional aerial photograph of Shepley's hill and environs.
- Figure 1.0-2(a). Topographic map showing site area at Shepley's hill scale and relevant monitoring wells of interest on adjacent landfill.
- Figure 1.0-2(b). Aerial photograph showing site area at Shepley's hill scale and relevant monitoring wells of interest on adjacent landfill.
- Figure 1.0-3. Site-scale topographic map showing study area, monitoring wells and boring locations.
- Figure 4.2-1. Sub-regional scale bedrock geologic map of Shepley's hill and environs.
- Figure 5.1-1. Photograph of outcrop showing exposed joint surface on sheeting fracture.
- Figure 5.1.2-1(a). Linear trace analysis, Shepley's hill scale.
- Figure 5.1.2-1(b). Linear trace analysis and major fracture zones, Shepley's hill scale.
- Figure 5.1.3-1. Map showing locations of bedrock outcrops and monitoring well locations in study area.
- Figure 5.1.3-2. Lower-hemisphere stereoplot of site-scale foliation orientations.
- Figure 5.1.3-3. Lower-hemisphere stereoplot of site-scale fracture and joint orientations.
- Figure 5.1.3-4. Plan view compilation of outcrop mapping in central area at site scale.
- Figure 5.2-1. Surface geophysical survey profiles and outcrop mapping.
- Figure 5.3.1-1. Schematic diagram showing general fracture relationships
- Figure 5.3.1-2. Phase 1a and 1b bedrock boring locations superposed on fracture map.
- Figure 5.4-1. Contour map of overburden thickness at site-scale.
- Figure 5.6.1-1. Interpreted piezometric surface, April 24, 2009.
- Figure 5.6.1-2. Interpreted piezometric surface, August 5, 2009.

- Figure 5.6.1-3. Interpreted piezometric surface, September 9, 2009.
- Figure 5.6.1-4. Interpreted piezometric surface, March 17, 2010.
- Figure 5.6.5-1(a)-(d). Change in water level in response to precipitation events, Spring 2009; (a) boring 20-1; (b) boring Q4-2; (c) boring 3-1; (d) boring CAP-3.
- Figure 5.6.6-1. Head difference at the N5 piezometer pair (deep minus shallow); (a) 2007; (b) 2008; (c) 2009; (d) 2010.
- Figure 5.7-1. Histogram of $log_{10}(K)$; K in ft/d.
- Figure 5.10.3-1. Large open fracture at approximately 39 ft bgs. Note wide bands (several cm thick) of iron oxidation adjacent to fracture surface.
- Figure 5.10.3-2. Close-up of fracture in Figure 5.10.3-1 showing bleached zone surrounding iron-oxidation band; bleaching is inferred to be relict hydrothermal alteration.
- Figure 5.10.3-3(a). Vertically oriented calcite-filled vein with sulfide minerals (tentatively identified as pyrite and arsenopyrite). Depth interval = 108.25-108.4 ft.
- Figure 5.10.3-3(b). Quartz vein with silver-colored sulfide mineral (possibly arsenopyrite). Depth interval ~133 ft.
- Figure 5.10.3-3(c). Large quartz vein with pyrite at approximately 98 ft bgs.
- Figure 5.11-1. Water levels in screened wells, 5 February 2010 to 24 September 2010.
- Figure 6.0-1. Locations of bedrock core samples examined.
- Figure 6.1.2-1. Core from N5 showing alteration (Fe oxidation) along a fracture surface.
- Figure 6.1.2-2. Thin section of sample from SHP-99-29X. Rectangles mark target areas for quantitative analysis by EM.
- Figure 6.1.2-3(a). Backscattered electron image of arsenopyrite crystal in silicate matrix, from SHP-99-29X core.
- Figure 6.1.2-3(b). Arsenic (red) and sulfur (blue) single-element maps of crystal shown in Figure 6.1.2-3(a).
- Figure 6.1.2-4(a). SEM image of an arsenopyrite crystal from SHP-99-29X core.
- Figure 6.1.2-4(b). Element scan at point marked in Figure 4a. Most prominent peaks (left to right) correspond to Fe, As, and S.

- Figure 6.1.2-5. EM image of a sulfide crystal in a sample from SHP-99-29X; quantitative analysis (data presented in text, from Map Label F in Fig. 6-2) was performed at the points indicated. Results are consistent with an identification of arsenopyrite.
- Figure 6.1.2-6(a). Vein filling (backscattered electron image) from SHP-99-29X.
- Figure 6.1.2-6(b). As element map of area outlined in Figure 6a.
- Figure 6.1.2-6(c). S element map of area outlined in Figure 6a.
- Figure 6.1.2-6(d). Na element map of area outlined in Figure 6a.
- Figure 6.1.3-1(a). Element map of Fe for the area shown in Figure 6-5 (arsenopyrite from SHP-99-29X). Note Fe in microcrack below the arsenopyrite crystal.
- Figure 6.1.3-1(b). Element map of As for the area shown in Figure 6-5 (arsenopyrite from SHP-99-29X). Note As, in association with Fe, in microcrack below the arsenopyrite crystal.
- Figure 6.2.3-1. Deep corehole sample from 24.8-25.1 ft depth; bright area composed primarily of Fe-oxide with As (EDS scan at point marked by yellow star in photomicrograph).
- Figure 6.2.3-2. Deep corehole 88.9 ft depth sample: As-bearing "rubbly" coating on fracture surface (EDS scan at point in photomicrograph). Coating contains Fe, As, Al, Si, and Ca.
- Figure 6.2.3-3(a). 97.9 ft depth: Arsenopyrite fracture mapping area BSE
- Figure 6.2.3-3(b). 97.9 ft depth: Arsenopyrite fracture mapping area; As (blue), S (red)
- Figure 6.2.3-4. 97.9 ft depth: Arsenopyrite (EDS scan at point in photomicrograph); identification is based on presence of Fe, As, and S.
- Figure 6.2.3-5. Deep corehole 97.9 ft depth: coating adjacent to arsenopyrite (EDS scan at point in photomicrograph), inferred to be As-bearing Fe-oxide based on absence of S.
- Figure 6.2.3-6. Deep corehole 97.9 ft depth: Arsenopyrite grain (bright area) with corroded margins (EDS scan at point in photomicrograph).
- Figure 6.2.3-7(a). Deep corehole 125.7 ft depth: BSE image of mapping area

- Figure 6.2.3-7(b). Deep corehole 125.7 ft depth: mapping area; Al (blue); As (green); Fe (orange). These images suggest that As is present with Fe-oxide and aluminosilicate minerals (possibly biotite?).
- Figure 7.1-1. Sub-regional geology and fracture features
- Figure 7.3-1. North-south interpretive geologic cross sections at site scale
- Figure 7.3-2. East-west interpretive geologic cross section at site scale
- Figure 7.3-3. Photograph of northwest-striking subvertical fracture intersected by CH-1, 87.3-89.6 ft bgs.
- Figure 8.0-1. Modeled particle tracks under ambient conditions and with groundwater extraction at 44 and 49 gpm (combined) at EW-01 and EW-04. From ECC (2009).
- Figure 8.2-1. Delineation of the recharge area on Shepley's Hill that contributes to bedrock groundwater flow toward the overburden aquifer beneath Shepley's Hill Landfill.
- Figure 9.3-1. Sodium and chloride in groundwater from the new bedrock wells. Sodium values in bedrock groundwater are comparable to those reported from the Long-Term Monitoring Program, while chloride is at the low end of the range.
- Figure 9.3-2(a). Specific conductivity in bedrock groundwater as a function of screen elevation. Note that bedrock well 20-1 is anomalously high, with an average specific conductivity comparable to the deepest screen (CH-1D).
- Figure 9.3-2(b). pH in bedrock groundwater as a function of screen elevation. Note that the average pH in bedrock well 20-1 is somewhat elevated in comparison to groundwater from other wells of similar depth.
- Figure 9.3-3. Calcium and magnesium in bedrock wells. Both Ca and Mg are low in comparison to results from the Long-Term Monitoring Program and may reflect different geochemical controls on solubility in the new bedrock wells in comparison to reactions involving Ca and Mg in overburden groundwater.

List of Tables

- Table 5.3.2-1. Shallow bedrock borehole characteristics.
- Table 5.5-1. Summary of borehole geophysical logging program.
- Table 5.6.2-1. Periods of continuous water-level monitoring in open bedrock borings.
- Table 5.6.3-1. Water elevations at bedrock borehole pairs based on manual measurements.

Table 5.6.4-1. Water levels in bedrock borings and nearby overburden wells based on manual measurements.

- Table 5.6.5-1. Correlation of water-level changes and precipitation, Spring 2009.
- Table 5.6.6-1. Annual characteristics of the head difference at the N5 piezometer pair.
- Table 5.6.6-2. Head difference, arsenic, iron, potassium, and calcium concentrations at bedrock piezometer screen N5-P1.
- Table 5.7-1. Hydraulic conductivity inferred from slug tests in open bedrock borings.
- Table 5.8-1. Field and laboratory test results for arsenic in bedrock groundwater.
- Table 5.9-1. Screen intervals for shallow bedrock monitoring wells.
- Table 5.9-2. Development of shallow bedrock wells.
- Table 6.1.2-1. Cores sampled for Phase I petrographic analysis.
- Table 6.2.3-1. Samples for petrographic analysis of deep cores.
- Table 7.2-1. Summary of steeply dipping fracture sets at Shepley's Hill scale.
- Table 7.3-1. Site-scale fracture network summary.
- Table 8.1-1. Horizontal hydraulic gradient estimated from water elevations at select well pairs.
- Table 9.2-1. Analytical results from all sampling rounds.

List of Appendices

Appendix A: LiDAR survey

Appendix B: Meteorological data

Appendix C: Surface fracture mapping

Appendix D: BaSIS survey

Appendix E: Surface geophysics

Appendix F: Percussion drilling logs

Appendix G: Overburden Geoprobe borings and well installation

Appendix H: Borehole geophysics

Appendix I: Pressure transducer data

Appendix J: Slug tests

Appendix K: Well construction

Appendix L: Deep corehole log

Appendix M: Location survey

Appendix N: Petrography (University of Massachusetts)

Appendix O: Groundwater analytical data

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Shepley's Hill Bedrock Investigation (SHBI) was carried out to examine the hydrology of the fractured rock system west of Shepley's Hill Landfill, to characterize the mineralogy of selected bedrock core specimens, and to analyze the geochemistry of groundwater within the bedrock aquifer upgradient of the landfill. The bedrock ridge of Shepley's Hill, which rises immediately to the west of the landfill, is a primary recharge area for groundwater in the overburden aquifer that lies beneath the landfill. Conditions allowing for direct recharge of the overburden beneath the landfill were eliminated by construction of a low-permeability capping system in the mid-1990s

The hydrology of the bedrock aquifer is controlled by the network of intersecting fractures that cut across the rock mass. The fracture network was characterized by numerous, complementary methods that reveal information at different scales and levels of detail. At the ground surface, certain fracture sets are manifested through their influence on the topography of the hill. High-resolution aerial photography and a Light Detection and Ranging (LiDAR) survey were carried out in order to develop detailed imagery of the surface morphology. Prominent lineaments are represented by a series of massive step-like features trending from south to north, as well as features trending from south-southwest to north-northeast, most notably represented by the steep slope of Shepley's Hill where it rises from the landfill to the east. Perhaps the most conspicuous surface manifestation of bedrock fracturing is a northwest-southeast striking valley feature which cross cuts the Shepley's Hill outcrop area, extending for hundreds of feet as a linear region generally devoid of outcrops, in an area where exposures are otherwise unusually plentiful. This major bedrock valley is believed to coincide with a hydraulically significant fracture zone designated herein as the Nona-Shep Fracture Zone (NSFZ). In the region where the Shepley's Hill fracture zone disappears beneath the landfilled area to the east, fracture orientations were measured in detail on outcrops across an approximately 300 by 500 feet area designated as the study area. Prominent joint sets include one oriented roughly southeast to northwest, dipping steeply to the southwest; one oriented roughly south to north, dipping steeply to the east; and one oriented approximately west to east, dipping steeply to the south. The first two of these sets (SE-NW and S-N) correspond to the predominant lineaments observed on the scale of the aerial photography and LiDAR survey. Also readily visible in outcrop are shallow- to moderately-dipping "sheeting" fractures, typically striking south-southwest to north-northeast, and dipping to the east-southeast. These fractures roughly mimic the overall topography of the hill, but dip toward the landfill at a somewhat steeper angle than the surface slope.

A surface geophysical survey was conducted using both two-dimensional resistivity and low-frequency ground-penetrating radar (GPR) methods, in order to obtain information regarding the fracture network in the third (vertical) dimension. The resistivity survey detected features consistent with the steeply dipping, SE-NW joint set that corresponds to the major topographic expression (i.e., NSFZ) as noted in the foregoing discussion. The GPR survey proved to be most sensitive to the subhorizontal and shallow- to moderately-

dipping sheeting fractures, and suggests that these fractures are present at higher density in the uppermost ~40 ft below ground surface.

Eighteen shallow bedrock borings were installed within an area approximately 300 ft square, encompassed by the surface-mapped study area, and extending to the margin of the overburden aquifer on the west edge of the landfill. Percussion drilling was selected for its ability to orient the borings relative to the target fracture sets, as well as for its relatively high speed and low cost. Maximum boring depth achieved is approximately 70 ft bgs. Descriptive logs of the drill cuttings show sporadic intervals high in iron oxides, interpreted to be indications of water-bearing fractures. All eighteen open borings were characterized using a suite of geophysical tools, including caliper, acoustic televiewer (ATV), heat-pulse flow meter (HPFM), natural gamma, fluid resistivity, and fluid temperature logs. ATV logs were completed in seven holes and HPFM logs were completed in nine holes, due to resource limitations and/or the quality of the borings. The geophysical logs indicate predominant fracture dip orientations to the southeast (presumably the sheeting fractures), as well as to the south, northwest, and northeast. However, the ATV spatial coverage included few wells located within the NSFZ, so NW-SE striking fractures, with dips to the southwest may be under-represented by these data. The HPFM generally detected the highest groundwater flow rates in fractures within the uppermost 50 ft. High HPFM flow rates were also observed in some boreholes which intersect the trace of the prominent NW-SE striking Shepley's Hill fracture zone.

Water levels in fifteen of the open bedrock borings were gauged continuously with recording pressure transducers for various periods of time. All locations show very rapid and large-amplitude responses to recharge events, particularly in late winter and early spring when the shallow subsurface thaws and evapotranspiration is minimal. Water level changes of the order of 10 ft are observed in association with discrete recharge events, rising and falling within a few days. Longer-term, seasonal changes are of the order of several tens of feet as water levels rise in late winter and spring, and decline through the summer when evapotranspiration is maximal and, consequently, recharge is minimal. The qualitative response of the water levels within the fractured-rock aquifer of the hill indicates a well-interconnected fracture network of relatively high hydraulic diffusivity (i.e., characteristic response time is small) and low porosity (i.e., a modest volume of recharge results in a large increase in water level). The interpreted potential surface indicates that flow in the fractured-rock aquifer of the hill is generally parallel to the surface topographic gradient, resulting in overall flow toward the overburden aguifer to the east-southeast. Falling- and rising-head slug tests were performed in 15 of the open borings; inferred effective hydraulic conductivities ranged from 0.06 to 120 ft/d, with a geometric mean of 2.0 ft/d.

The eighteen open shallow bedrock boreholes were sampled and the groundwater was analyzed in the field for arsenic. Results ranged from 5 $\mu g/L$ to 300 $\mu g/L$. The results appear to be strongly influenced by turbidity, with the maximum result obtained on a sample that was opaque with suspended silt derived from the drilling. A later analysis by the same method, following a period of sediment settling from the same water sample, yielded 70 $\mu g/L$ As.

Eight boreholes were selected for installation of permanent monitoring wells in order to provide for both water-level measurements and groundwater sampling targeted at specific fracture intervals.

In order to interrogate the NSFZ directly, a deep corehole was drilled on the eastern margin of the study area, where the sandy overburden beneath Shepley's Hill Landfill pinches out against the rising bedrock of the hill. Continuous core was recovered from 18 to 151 ft bgs. The core exhibits abundant well-developed fractures, many of which show evidence of active flow of water in the form of iron oxide staining, with reaction zones penetrating as much as several inches into the adjacent matrix. These zones result from the weathering of iron minerals such as amphiboles, pyroxenes, and sulfides in the bedrock. A well pair was installed to target a very large subhorizontal sheeting fracture encountered in the interval 36 to 41 ft bgs and a zone of intersection of steeply dipping and subhorizontal fractures in the interval 85 to 95 ft bgs, including subvertical fracturing associated with the NSFZ

Selected intervals of the bedrock from archived core acquired through historical drilling beneath and adjacent to Shepley's Hill Landfill, as well as from the new core obtained in the SHBI, were examined using optical microscopy, scanning electron microscopy (SEM) with energy-dispersive spectrometry (EDS), and electron microprobe analysis. Abundant sulfide minerals were observed, including pyrite (FeS₂) and arsenopyrite (FeAsS), as well as As-bearing weathering products. The latter were not identified definitively due to their small volume as fracture coatings; however, scorodite (Fe³⁺AsO₄·2H₂O) was tentatively identified. A variety of secondary phases are present, including oxides and carbonates.

The conceptual model for the bedrock fractures to emerge from this study holds that there is a transmissive network that conducts groundwater from a recharge area on Shepley's Hill, flowing to the east-southeast toward the landfill. The fracture network is composed of subhorizontal to moderately dipping, laterally extensive sheeting fractures that are related to glacial erosion and subsequent stress relief due to post-glacial unloading, as well as a number of steeply dipping joint sets. The latter are the result of the tectonic history of the area, including deformation in the Clinton-Newbury Fault zone, in which the site lies. The most conductive fracture set for shallow groundwater is likely the sheeting fractures. However, fracturing appears to be further enhanced within the NSFZ, particularly where steeply dipping structures intersect with sheeting fractures. Available boring pairs on Shepley's Hill exhibit higher water levels in the deeper holes in every case examined, regardless of the season. This is in contrast to typical observations in a recharge area in a classical porous aquifer (e.g., unconsolidated overburden), where vertical gradients drive downward flow. In the fractured rock of Shepley's Hill, the higher water levels at greater depth suggest that vertical connectivity between the subhorizontal sheeting fractures is limited. The same observation holds for the well pair installed in the deep corehole where the bedrock surface descends beneath the sandy overburden aquifer to the east. Continuously recording pressure transducers showed that the head at the deeper screen (85 - 95 ft bgs) was always greater than the head at the

shallower screen (36-41 ft bgs) from February through September 2010, even as heads fell overall by 20 to 25 feet during this period.

The average hydraulic gradient estimated from water levels gauged in the array of shallow bedrock borings on the hill as groundwater approaches the intersection of the bedrock upland with the sandy overburden aquifer to the east is approximately 0.15. Along with the geometric mean effective hydraulic conductivity of 2.0 ft/d inferred from slug tests, this implies a groundwater flux across the study area of approximately 0.3 ft/d. If most groundwater flow occurs in the uppermost 50 ft of the bedrock, where the fracture density and apertures are expected to be greatest, and 30 ft of that interval is typically saturated, then this inferred flux corresponds to a total discharge of approximately 9.0 ft³/d per linear foot parallel to the ridge. An independent upper bound on the expected volume flow rate can be estimated from annual precipitation. Data for 2005 - 2009 show average annual precipitation of 48 in (4.0 ft). The distance from the Shepley's Hill ridge crest to the eastern margin of the study area is approximately 340 ft. Therefore, the average total precipitation to fall on this area of the hill is approximately 3.7 ft³/d per linear foot parallel to the ridge. The discharge rate estimated from the observed hydraulics is greater than the upper bound imposed by available precipitation, possibly because the study site straddles a fracture zone that localizes flow, such that the site is not representative of the entire ridge. In addition, uncertainty in the bulk hydraulic properties of the fractured rock may contribute to the discrepancy.

The total area of the catchment on Shepley's Hill that contributes to groundwater flow toward Shepley's Hill Landfill is approximately 5.4×10^5 ft². The average total precipitation that falls on this recharge area is approximately 2.2×10^6 ft³/yr, or 31 gpm. Net recharge is expected to be some fraction of this value due to evapotranspiration losses and surface runoff.

Past discussions of hydrological processes affecting Shepley's Hill Landfill have raised questions concerning "run-under," whereby precipitation or meltwater from the elevated bedrock of Shepley's Hill flows as surface runoff to the toe of the eastern slope, where it enhances recharge of the overburden aguifer at the western margin of the landfill. The results of the bedrock investigation suggest that this scenario is not significant in the hydrology of the system. Recharge of the fractured rock aguifer of Shepley's Hill occurs readily, as seen in the rapid and large-amplitude response of water levels in borings on the hill, and the fractured rock exhibits ample transmissivity to carry this groundwater toward the landfill in the subsurface. Given that heads in the bedrock aquifer of the hill are significantly higher than heads observed in the overburden aguifer to the east, it is expected that some fraction of the bedrock groundwater discharges upward to the overburden. This inference is supported by water-level data collected in a piezometer pair in the center of the landfill, approximately 400 ft downgradient of the toe of the slope in the study area. The data show that the head difference between the shallow bedrock screen and the water-table screen at this location, when averaged over each year of monitoring, is positive, i.e., there is a potential gradient to drive net upward flow from bedrock to overburden. The "run-under" scenario is not necessary to bring water from recharge on Shepley's Hill to the overburden aquifer beneath the landfill.

The eight new shallow bedrock wells, as well as the two wells installed in the deep corehole were sampled in November 2009 and March 2010 for laboratory analysis; one shallow well and the deep screen in the corehole were sampled in a third round conducted in June 2010. Arsenic was detected in only one of the shallow wells on the hill, at a maximum concentration of 91 µg/L. Arsenic was detected in the shallow corehole well at a maximum concentration of 27 µg/L, but the results are believed to be strongly influenced by the high turbidity associated with the loss of drilling water and cuttings to the large fracture in the screen interval. The deep corehole well yielded arsenic at a maximum concentration of 400 µg/L. The shallow groundwater on the hill exhibits chemistry indicative of recent recharge, including low pH, high DO, high ORP, and low alkalinity. The groundwater at the deep corehole screen shows the chemical signatures of more extensive water-rock interactions, as expected for a location where water has traveled a longer path from its recharge area, with a correspondingly longer residence time, including higher pH and alkalinity and lower DO and ORP. In contrast to groundwater elsewhere in the Shepley's Hill Landfill system, the water at the deep corehole well, although showing hundreds of µg/L arsenic, is relatively low in dissolved iron. A possible interpretation is that the arsenic is present in bedrock groundwater due to oxidation of arsenopyrite to intermediate phases, such as scorodite. The scorodite, in turn, may undergo incongruent dissolution, forming hydrous ferric oxide (HFO; a solid precipitate) and aqueous arsenate anion.

The report concludes with an attempt to integrate the data accumulated in this investigation, and to tie it to what is known from previous work on the landfill system to the east, with its complementary focus on the hydrology and geochemistry of the overburden aquifer. It is hypothesized that arsenic was transported from the Berwick Formation metasediments into the Ayer and Chelmsford granites by hydrothermal fluids associated with the intrusion and later metamorphism, resulting in formation of arseniccontaining sulfide minerals in certain local subdomains. Later uplift, erosion, and weathering exposed those sulfides to meteoric water, which oxidized the sulfides, and transported dissolved arsenic toward the overburden and bedrock aquifers east of the hill. In the overburden, post-glacial oxidation of comminuted sulfides and other iron-bearing minerals also yielded HFO, onto which arsenic is known to sorb. Limited soil data from SHL show generally increasing arsenic concentrations with depth in the overburden and a strong correlation with iron. The specific hydrologic processes responsible for this distribution are not known, but may be related to the observed upwardly discharging bedrock groundwater under present-day conditions. Conditions allowing for direct recharge of the overburden beneath the landfill were eliminated by construction of a lowpermeability capping system in the mid-1990s. However, the area beneath the landfill was open to the atmosphere and direct recharge for most of its history, and the hydraulic and geochemical regime operating prior to the present capped condition is not known.

In the shallow overburden, post-glacial wetlands developed on the surficial sediment, forming peat deposits that were subsequently buried by further accumulation of sand and gravel and land-filled waste. The development of a landfill in the 20th century may have impacted groundwater redox conditions, and the presence of local peat deposits may also

have played a role. Perturbations to the redox environment remobilized arsenic through reductive dissolution of the HFO and release of sorbed arsenic, contributing to the high dissolved arsenic detections found in the overburden aquifer today.

In summary, the goals of the investigation were: to characterize the bedrock fracture network in the study area; to assess the role of fractured bedrock in transport of groundwater from the point of recharge on the hill to discharge into the overburden and bedrock beneath the landfill; to characterize bedrock groundwater chemistry; and to perform a limited petrographic analysis of bedrock mineralogy. These goals have been satisfied by the data collected under this investigation, and support the unified conceptual model presented.

1.0 Purpose

The purpose of the Shepley's Hill Bedrock Investigation (SHBI) is to address data gaps identified with respect to the role of the bedrock in the hydrology and geochemistry of the Shepley's Hill groundwater system. In particular, previous work has suggested that the elevated bedrock ridge of Shepley's Hill, which lies immediately to the west of Shepley's Hill Landfill (SHL), is a primary recharge area for groundwater in the overburden aquifer underlying the landfill (e.g., Harding ESE, 2003; AMEC, 2008). A groundwater divide is assumed to coincide roughly with the SSW-NNE crest of the hill, with groundwater flowing generally toward the landfill to the southeast (Figure 1.0-1(a) and (b)). The contribution of this flow to the overall water budget for the aquifer underlying the landfill is significant, because the landfill is capped with an impermeable, PVC geomembrane, which essentially eliminates direct recharge over approximately 84 acres of the sandy overburden to the east of the hill (Figure 1.0-2(a) and (b)). Therefore, groundwater beneath the landfill is supplied from areas upgradient of the cap to the south and west, including Shepley's Hill.

A working assumption of this study was that a significant portion of recharge to the landfill area and the thick overburden aguifer beneath it must come from the bedrockdominated uplands of Shepley's Hill. In this context, it must be noted that, if precipitation on the hill is to recharge the overburden aquifer to the east, water must flow eastward as surface runoff; travel via groundwater flow through thin and discontinuous overburden deposits; move through the fractured bedrock; or be transported by some complex interaction of these multiple processes. Since the overburden to the east is quite thick (of the order of 100 ft in the central portion of the landfill), and tapers essentially to zero thickness as the underlying bedrock rises to the west to outcrop on Shepley's Hill, the nature of bedrock-overburden interactions along the interface between the western boundary of the landfill and the Shepley's Hill upland represented a key data objective. While much of the hill is bare outcrop, some fraction of it has thin soil cover, and, locally, thicker patches of overburden occur. Thicker overburden deposits (i.e., greater than 10 ft.) were identified in the valley feature that cuts from SE to NW in the vicinity of the study area. Immediately adjacent to the landfill cap, overburden deposits approximately 18 feet in thickness were encountered at a corehole location drilled for this investigation (CH-1), suggesting a rather abrupt and complex transition from bedrock uplands to the deep valley feature filled with glacial deposits which underlies the landfill.

One scenario by which precipitation falling on Shepley's Hill can reach the overburden aquifer to the east would entail recharge to the fractured rock aquifer of the hill, groundwater flow within the bedrock toward the east, and discharge upward into the sandy overburden beneath the landfill cap. Another scenario entails surface runoff from the hill, with direct recharge to the overburden where it pinches out and the landfill cap terminates against the rising bedrock of the hill. The latter scenario was considered at the time of development of the numerical groundwater flow model for Shepley's Hill Landfill to evaluate remedial alternatives (Harding ESE, 2003), as well as during subsequent modifications and applications (e.g., CH2MHill, 2004a; AMEC, 2009). The phenomenon has at times been referred to as "run-under." It was represented in the

model by applying supplemental recharge to grid cells along the western edge of the overburden aquifer.

The potential pathways for water to make its way from Shepley's Hill to the overburden aguifer beneath the landfill had not been characterized prior to the present study. The SHBI was designed to apply a broad array of complementary approaches to examination of the hydrology and geochemistry of the fractured rock aquifer of the hill. A limited subdomain of the hill was selected for detailed characterization (Figure 1.0-3). This particular area was chosen because it is upgradient of one existing monitoring well (SHP-99-29X) and an existing piezometer pair (N5-P1/P2), which are among the few groundwater sampling points that penetrate the landfill cap. In addition, the study area encompasses a portion of a southeast-to-northwest trending valley feature that cuts across Shepley's Hill (see LiDAR topographic map, Appendix A). This geomorphological lineament is suggestive of a potentially significant fracture set with roughly the same orientation. Such a fracture set is expressed in the topography because it is a zone of mechanical weakness that was eroded more than the surrounding rock by glacial and post-glacial processes. This zone may provide an important conduit of hydraulically conductive rock that channels groundwater from the hill toward the landfill to the southeast. The study area was characterized by surface mapping of fractures on outcrops, surface geophysical surveys, shallow percussion drilling, borehole geophysics, slug tests, and continuous monitoring of water levels in borings by recording pressure transducers.

The mineralogy of the bedrock and the geochemistry of the bedrock groundwater had received little attention in previous investigations performed at Shepley's Hill Landfill. The bedrock mineralogy is of great significance in understanding the ultimate source of naturally occurring arsenic in the Shepley's Hill system. Devens lies in a regional geological domain, informally referred to as the New England arsenic belt, in which arsenic-bearing minerals are present, and associated groundwater exhibits elevated concentrations of dissolved arsenic (e.g., Ayotte, et al., 1999). Although groundwater in the vicinity of SHL has been shown to be very high in arsenic (e.g., maximum As in the profile boring for extraction well EW-04 of 7.6 mg/L (CH2MHill, 2004b)), only limited visual inspection of the lithology in the vicinity of the landfill had been performed previously. Rock core collected in conjunction with installation of monitoring wells, as well as hand specimens collected from outcrops on Shepley's Hill, were described as exhibiting sulfide minerals and evidence of their dissolution (Harding ESE, 2003). However, no petrographic analysis had been carried out to identify specific arsenicbearing minerals, if present, or any indications of the processes by which they formed and subsequently were altered. Toward this end, both existing bedrock core from previous drilling at Shepley's Hill Landfill and new core collected from a deep bedrock boring installed in the present investigation were examined by transmitted-light and scanning electron microscopy (SEM), as well as by electron microprobe.

The chemistry of groundwater in the bedrock has been analyzed for a few scattered locations in the course of characterization and monitoring of the landfill. The SHBI affords an opportunity to sample and analyze bedrock groundwater upgradient of the landfill in a number of shallow borings (up to about 80 ft bgs), as well as in a pair of

deeper wells (screened at 36-41 and 85-95 ft bgs) located at the base of the slope and at the western margin of the landfill cap.

2.0 OBJECTIVES

The Work Plan (Gannett Fleming, 2007) set forth the following objectives:

- 1. To locate fractures in shallow bedrock and to characterize the fracture network with respect to frequency and orientation, in order to develop better insight into the nature and extent of communication between bedrock and overburden groundwater, and possible "underflow" at the edge of the landfill cover;
- 2. To sample bedrock groundwater from these holes, with particular focus on geochemical parameters that may contribute to arsenic mobilization and transport;
- 3. To characterize bedrock lithology along the western edge of the landfill, with attention to fracture zones that are mineralized. This will be supplemented with limited petrographic analysis on core material that is already available and on samples obtained during this study from a deep borehole on the eastern edge of the study area.

To address these objectives, and to support the overall purpose of the project as described in Section 1.0, numerous activities were conducted. These activities are described in the following sections. Data, observations, and results are summarized throughout the report and attached as appendices, and are used to develop an internally consistent, unified conceptual model.

3.0 ORGANIZATION OF THE REPORT

This report is intended primarily as a compilation of data acquired in the course of the Shepley's Hill Bedrock Investigation for archival purposes, with a minimum of interpretation. To this end, much of the supporting material is relegated to appendices, which are attached in electronic formats. The sections describing elements of the investigation are arranged in a rough chronological sequence, although many activities overlapped or entailed two or more mobilizations, interspersed with other portions of the study. The chronological ordering of the report is chosen to emphasize the rationale behind each step, as information accumulated from prior activities. For example, the fracture mapping on surface outcrops supported the location of the surface geophysical lines; the surface geophysical data supported the locations and orientation of the shallow bedrock borings; the drilling logs supported the selection of borings for further characterization by borehole geophysics; the cumulative information from all of these activities supported the choice of borings for continuous water-level monitoring; cumulative information again supported the choice of borings for installation of monitoring wells and of the location for the deep corehole.

The first section of this report explains the motivation for this work. Section 2 details the report objectives and includes the goals outlined in the Shepley's Hill Landfill Bedrock Investigation Work Plan. Section 4 describes key aspects of the geology of the SHL area and provides a general lithologic and tectonic framework for this study. Of particular relevance are the bedrock formations, comprising the Berwick metasedimentary unit, the Ayer Granodiorite, and the Chelmsford Granite. In addition, the tectonic setting is also outlined. Field activities are listed and discussed in Section 5, and results are described. These activities include: surface fracture mapping, surface geophysics, Light Detection and Ranging (LiDAR) and Backpack Sodium Iodide Spectroscopy (BaSIS) surveys, percussion drilling, borehole geophysics, installation of pressure transducers and monitoring of water levels, slug testing of open bedrock boreholes, field sampling and analysis for arsenic, and installation of monitoring wells. The last phase of field activities included drilling and coring one deep hole, in which a monitoring well pair was installed. Section 6 contains results and discussion of analyses of SHL bedrock mineralogy. Results of the fracture mapping and a discussion of the fracture network are provided in Section 7 at the sub-regional scale, Shepley's Hill scale, and at the study site scale. Section 8 contains a discussion of the hydrology, both at the local scale of the study site and with respect to the scale of the landfill. Inferences relevant to the SHL scale, such as groundwater flux through shallow bedrock fractures, and a comparison to assumptions and results from the updated groundwater model for SHL, are presented. Results of two rounds of groundwater sampling and analysis from the new bedrock monitoring wells are found in Section 9. All results are interpreted in light of a unified conceptual model, presented in Section 10, which attempts to reconcile the geologic structure, bedrock formations, fracture network, mineralogy, sequence of tectonic events, water chemistry, and hydrology. Section 11 contains a list of recommendations for further investigation, and references are listed in Section 12.

4.0 SITE SETTING

4.1 Physical setting

Shepley's Hill is an elongate bedrock ridge trending approximately south-southwest to north-northeast (Figure 1.0-1(a) and (b)). The feature is roughly 2800 ft long from south to north, and varies in its west-east dimension up to about 1300 ft. It rises from relatively flat topography on all sides, with Shepley's Hill Landfill to the east, the floodplain of Nonacoicus Brook and the Nashua River to the north and west, and an industrial area of former Fort Devens to the south. The hill is wooded and undeveloped, although portions of it have been quarried in the past. The maximum elevation of Shepley's Hill is 366 ft msl (see LiDAR survey, Sec. 5.1.1 and App. A), while West Main Street in the Town of Ayer, to the immediate west of the hill, lies at approximately 235 ft msl. The landfill surface to the east slopes gently from south (maximum altitude 277 ft msl) to north (minimum altitude 225 ft msl). The area chosen for this investigation is adjacent to the north-central portion of the landfill. The highest point on the crest of the hill immediately west of the study area is at 313 ft msl; the landfill surface immediately to the east is in the range 240 to 245 ft msl.

A significant fraction of Shepley's Hill is exposed bedrock outcrop. The rest of the hill has a thin veneer of soil. The study area straddles a valley feature that cuts across the hill in a south-southeast to north-northwest direction. Maximum soil cover encountered within this valley is about 12 ft thick, as determined by GeoProbe refusal (see Sec. 5.4). The ridge crest drops to an elevation of 269 ft msl in this valley. The valley feature is one of several parallel lineaments, with those to the south manifested as a series of steps in the topography. Another prominent lineament forms the east face of the hill, trending south-southwest to north-northeast.

4.2 Geological setting

The following geological description is extracted (with minor edits for consistency with the context of this report) from Koteas, et al., (2010):

The three major rock types in the area of Shepley's Hill are the late Silurian Berwick Formation, the early Devonian Ayer Granodiorite, and the late Devonian Chelmsford Granite (Figure 4.2-1). The Berwick Formation is dominated by metasedimentary rocks that consist of weakly-foliated, interbedded biotite - plagioclase - quartz schists and calc-silicates. The Berwick Formation is locally migmatitic along the tectonized contact with the Chelmsford Granite. The Devens-Long Pond facies of the Ayer Granodiorite, for which the Shepley's Hill area is the type locality, varies between a microcline megacryst-bearing biotite granite to a hornblende-biotite granite-tonalite. Xenoliths of the Berwick Formation are common within the Ayer Granodiorite. The Chelmsford Granite, part of the New Hampshire Plutonic Suite, is a fine-grained muscovite - biotite granite that intrudes the Ayer Granodiorite typically in foliation-parallel, fine-grained, typically <1-

meter-wide dikes. Xenoliths of the Ayer Granodiorite are present occasionally within the Chelmsford Granite.

Shepley's Hill itself is composed entirely of the Ayer Granodiorite and Chelmsford Granite. The majority of the hill is underlain by the Ayer Granodiorite, while the area of the steep eastern slope has been mapped as Chelmsford Granite. A contact between the granitic rocks and the Berwick metasediments is interpreted to lie beneath the landfill to the east (Kopera, 2008). Berwick lithology has been identified in core collected from borings to the east of the landfill near the southern margin of Plow Shop Pond, as well as at piezometer locations N6 and N7 within the landfill. The Berwick Formation has also been mapped to the immediate west of the hill. Contacts between the metasediments and the younger granitic rocks, where exposed, are tectonic. Faulting is associated with the Clinton-Newbury Fault Zone, which is believed to have been most active during the Acadian orogenic event, which culminated in the Late Devonian. The fault system separates the Nashoba-Avalon tectonic terrane (Cambrian to Silurian) to the south and east and the Merrimack terrane (Ordovician to Devonian) to the north and west. The study site lies directly in the fault zone, within sheared rocks of the Merrimack assemblage. The lithologies were subjected to chlorite-grade metamorphism into the Carboniferous Period (~350 to 300 Ma).

An association of the Berwick Formation with elevated arsenic concentrations in groundwater from bedrock wells has been noted previously (e.g., Ayotte, et al., 1999), and similar associations are found in calcareous metasediments throughout a region extending from central Massachusetts to southern Maine known informally as the "New England arsenic belt." Few studies in the region have identified a specific association of arsenic in groundwater with arsenic minerals in crystalline rocks (e.g., Lipfert, et al., 2006; Ryan, et al., 2009). However, in those cases where crystalline rocks appear to be involved, they are in close proximity to metasedimentary lithologies, as at Shepley's Hill.

The present investigation includes petrographic analysis of core samples collected historically at a number of locations to the east of Shepley's Hill and in the current study from a deep (to 151 ft bgs) boring on the eastern margin of the hill. Results are detailed in Section 6.

Shepley's Hill Landfill lies immediately to the east of Shepley's Hill, and at present is a gently sloping plane surface, in part due to cut-and-fill operations associated with the landfill and later grading in the course of closing out and capping the landfill in the 1990s. Historic topographic maps show that the area of the landfill was at one time occupied in part by wetlands. The landfill overlies a glacial outwash deposit, in places of the order of 100 feet thick, composed primarily of sand and gravel, with local basal till. The sands pinch out on the west side of the landfill against the rising bedrock of Shepley's Hill. The outwash is believed to have been deposited during the final retreat of the Wisconsin glaciation, approximately 10,000 years before present.

The geomorphology of Shepley's Hill also presumably reflects Pleistocene glacial and post-glacial processes. The ice sheets likely removed some thickness of the local

bedrock; the hill stands higher than surrounding areas in part because it is composed of granitic rocks that are more resistant to erosion than the nearby metasediments. The often angular, blocky morphology of much of the exposed bedrock likely resulted from "plucking" at the bed of the ice sheet. A thin veneer of soil has developed locally on Shepley's Hill due to post-glacial weathering and accumulation of organic matter. The soil was found to be as much as 12 ft thick during installation of shallow monitoring wells in the overburden on the hill by GeoProbe (see Sec. 5.4), and greater than 10 ft thick in numerous locations during percussion drilling of the bedrock borings (Sec. 5.3), particularly within the SE-NW valley that cuts across the ridge, around which the study area is focused.

4.3 Meteorological Setting

The Fort Devens climate is typical of the northeastern United States, with long, cold winters and short, hot summers. At the Fitchburg (MA) Municipal Airport, approximately 7.5 miles west of the site, climatic records from January 2005 through December 2009 report an average total annual rainfall of 48.17 inches. The average total monthly rainfall over the same period is relatively uniform, ranging from a low of 2.78 inches in February to a maximum of 5.75 inches in October. Although the data set for 2010 is incomplete, total rainfall was higher than the average for February (5.25 inches) and March (11.28 inches). It is noted that there may be small differences in rainfall between the recording station in Fitchburg and the Shepley's Hill site, but larger events and general trends are expected to be similar.

During the period of this project (September 2007—September 2010), several rainfall events of 1.0 inch or more occurred. The percussion drilling took place in February 2008, which reported a monthly rainfall total of 6.96 inches. March 2008 was almost as wet, with a monthly total of 5.57 inches. Other months with unusually high rainfall totals occurring during the period spanning this project were: September 2008 (7.41 inches), June 2009 (6.48 inches), July 2009 (8.69 inches), and March 2010 (11.28 inches, of which 5.37 inches fell in one six-day period and 3.86 inches fell in one three-day period).

January is the coldest month, with a mean daily minimum temperature of 17.9 °F (-7.8 °C) and a mean monthly temperature of 26.8 °F (-2.9 °C), respectively. July is the hottest month, with a mean daily maximum temperature of 83 °F (28.3 °C) and a monthly average of 72 °F (22.2 °C). The average annual snowfall is 65 inches. Most of the snowfall occurs between December and March, although snow has been reported for the months of September through May. Wind speed averages 5.9 miles per hour (mph). The highest monthly average is 7.5 mph (March), and the lowest monthly average is 4.8 mph (August and September).

The meteorological data on which this summary is based are included as Appendix B.

5.0 FIELD ACTIVITIES AND RESULTS

The following subsections describe the field activities carried out at the Shepley's Hill site to characterize the bedrock aquifer. The activities are presented in chronological order to emphasize the logical sequence, as each type of data collected was used to support decisions regarding subsequent steps.

Some discussion regarding various scales of investigation used for the field effort is warranted. The geologic investigations and other activities were carried out at a variety of scales. The nascent conceptual site model (CSM) was informed by existing and ongoing geologic mapping at regional and sub-regional scales. The project team relied heavily on mapping efforts in progress at the time under the direction of the Office of the Massachusetts State Geologist (OMSG). In particular, information presented in Preliminary Bedrock Geologic Map of the Ayer Quadrangle, (Kopera, 2006; reproduced in this report as Figure 4.2-1) was used to provide a *sub-regional* context for more detailed work to follow on this project. The scale of this map is the 1:24,000 scale commonly used for USGS 7.5 minute quadrangle mapping. As such, this scale of investigation is referred to in this report as the "sub-regional" or "quadrangle" scale, interchangeably. Figures 1.0-1(a) and (b) place the Shepley's Hill area in this subregional scale context. A somewhat more detailed examination of bedrock structures was carried out at the scale of the approximately 100 acre area comprising the bedrock uplands at Shepley's Hill. This is referred to below as the "Shepley's hill scale" of investigation; Figures 1.0-2(a) and (b) highlight the Shepley's Hill upland area. In order to focus the available resources, a subset of the greater Shepley's Hill upland, an area roughly 300 by 300 feet, was designated as 'the site'. The goal of the project was ultimately to develop a CSM at this scale, referred to hereafter as the "site scale", to a relatively high degree of detail as afforded by the various geological, geophysical, hydrological, and geochemical methodologies directed to the investigation at this scale. Figure 1.0-3 shows the site area within the greater area comprised by the Shepley's Hill upland on the west, and the landfilled area to the east. Topographic contours, outlines of bedrock outcrops, and locations of all borings and monitoring wells installed for this projected are included on Figure 1.0-3.

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¹ Map scales are somewhat counter-intuitive and are typically expressed as a ratio where the first value equates to a unit of distance on the printed map, and the second relates to the equivalent distance in real terms. In other words, as an example, a 1:2000 map scale suggests that one unit of distance on the map equates to 2000 units of distance in real space, i.e., "on the ground". As such, a one-inch distance on a map of this scale equates to 2000 inches on the ground. In this manner, the map scale ratio is considered a numerical value which is "larger" for more detailed "blown up" maps. Conversely, a map on a regional scale typically has a very "small scale", i.e., the numerical ratio as expressed as a fractional value is much 'smaller'. For example, this study examined a number of maps at the 'sub-regional' scale, in this case, 1:24,000.

5.1 Surface expression of bedrock fractures

The abundant bedrock exposures at Shepley's Hill provided the initial impetus and starting point for the project. Initial field reconnaissance identified the presence of numerous prominent surface exposures of bedrock exhibiting well-developed joint sets with strike lengths of 50 to 100 feet or more in some cases. Further examination of the fracture system exposed in the outcrops at Shepley's Hill involved a number of related tasks. These included collection of high-resolution aerial photography utilizing Light Detection and Ranging (LiDAR), preparing a linear trace analysis, detailed outcrop mapping, and an experimental surface radiation survey which attempted to detect buried fractures.

5.1.1 LiDAR survey

An aerial survey of Shepley's Hill and the adjacent landfill was flown on April 8, 2008, utilizing Light Detection and Ranging (LiDAR). The method results in a high-definition map of the topography, which is contoured in one-foot intervals (Appendix A). High-resolution aerial photographs of the area were also taken as a part of this effort. The LiDAR survey supported several objectives:

- Provide detailed photographic and topographic imagery of Shepley's Hill and Shepley's Hill Landfill as bases for display of spatial data;
- Provide a high-resolution topographic representation of Shepley's Hill as the basis for identification of lineaments that reflect the predominant fracture orientations;
- Provide a precise map of the elevation of the surface of the landfill cover in order to identify areas of settlement for the purpose of regrading and to support a leak-detection survey. (A plan to perform the latter was subsequently abandoned.)

Results of the LiDAR survey are presented in Appendix A.

5.1.2 Linear trace analysis

A linear trace analysis (LTA) was prepared using detailed topographic mapping and aerial photography. A LiDAR survey (see Sec. 5.1.1) provided high-resolution photographs and detailed ground surface elevation data which were transformed into a detailed topographic map of the site area with a 1-ft contour interval. Detailed topography of the Shepley's Hill area on a 2-ft. contour interval available from Mass Development was also examined. Linear features believed to correspond to possible bedrock fracture zones were plotted on the maps and checked in the field. Linear features corresponding to anthropogenic features such as roads and stone walls were deleted. Where corroborated by topographic expression and bedrock observations, linear features were retained as potential fracture zones. A map indicating the LTA conducted for the

Shepley's Hill area is shown on Figure 5.1.2-1(a). The LTA information helped to focus subsequent outcrop mapping and contributed to the development of the early-stage CSM. The LTA was also used in conjunction with other information to orient surface geophysical lines and ultimately to select locations for bedrock drilling. It should be noted that the LTA method is most useful in identifying steeply-dipping or near-vertical fractures. As shown on Figure 5.1.2-1(a), the general character of the fracturing at SHL consists of steeply-dipping fractures of several primary strike orientations. North-south striking features, some with strike lengths of hundreds of feet, are visible across the site, and are most prominent in the southern and western portions of Shepley's Hill. Eastwest striking features are less evident, but are significant in that they occur within the central portion of the study area. Northeast-southwest striking linearity of various outcrops results from the ubiquitous foliation fabric (strikes NE-SW and dips $\sim 50^{\circ}$ NW). Steeply-dipping fractures of this strike orientation are also present. Lastly, a northwestto-southeast striking orientation is also observed at the site. A sizable feature of this orientation, with hundreds of feet of strike length can be observed cutting across the northern portion of Shepley's Hill, extending southeastward through the study area before disappearing beneath overburden cover at the western edge of the landfill.

5.1.3 Fracture mapping at bedrock outcrops

Fractures visible on surface outcrops were mapped over an area approximately 300 ft from west to east and 500 ft from south to north, enveloping the somewhat smaller area of the focused bedrock hydrology study (i.e., "site scale"). The first step in fracture mapping consisted of identifying outcrops within the area of interest. Each distinct outcrop was assigned a unique number and the outline of each outcrop was mapped with GPS. Figure 1.0-3 shows the locations of over 30 outcrops examined for this study.

At each outcrop, features of interest were identified and mapped. These features included the following:

Foliation
Lineation
Shear planes
Mylonitization
Mineralized veins
Faults
Fractures
Joints

The orientation of each feature was measured by Brunton compass, providing the strike (i.e., the orientation in the map plane of a horizontal line lying in the fracture plane) and dip (i.e., the angle of a line in the fracture plane perpendicular to the strike, measured down from horizontal). Each feature was marked in the field following the measurement, and the locations and elevations were later surveyed. Descriptive information such as strike length, evidence of chemical weathering (e.g., oxidation), joint smoothness or

roughness, planarity, apparent aperture, etc. were recorded in the field notebook. The locations and orientations were entered into a GIS database.

The primary features of interest were open joints. At each outcrop, an effort was made to map all joints with a strike length of five feet or greater, yet features of lesser strike length were also noted in some cases. In many areas, joints with significant strike length, on the order of 25 to 50 feet, were exposed at the surface. Mapping efforts focused on joints sets of greatest interest, which had the following characteristics: long strike length, planar character, smooth surfaces and visible apertures at the surface, and conspicuous evidence of chemical weathering, such as iron or manganese oxides. A key goal of the study was to identify the orientation and spacing of these significant joint sets and to develop an understanding of the interrelationships of the various sets comprising the fracture network at the site.

The primary structural fabric of the bedrock is the foliation. This metamorphic layering is ubiquitous in the study area. Foliation planes were commonly observed to correspond to shear planes and some are associated with small offsets and micro-scale folding. In some areas, a mylonitic texture was observed. Foliation generally strikes northeast with dips on the order of 50 degrees to the northwest. However, local dips may be lower or higher depending on the intensity of localized small-scale shearing. Open joints were locally observed in outcrop and in core coincident with foliation planes.

Several predominant joint sets were identified. Subhorizontal "sheeting" fractures are common in the study area. These significant features typically strike roughly from northnortheast to south-southwest, and typically dip to the east-southeast at 20 to 30 degrees, with a range of dips from near zero to 50 degrees. These fractures approximately mimic the surface topography, but with a somewhat steeper slope toward the landfill, (i.e., the fractures tend to descend to greater depth beneath the bedrock surface in the down-slope direction). It was observed that these fractures are generally perpendicular to the foliation, and therefore may share a genetic relationship with foliation. However, it appears that post-glacial stress relief has been accommodated primarily on these features. The Office of the Massachusetts State Geologist (S. B. Mabee, personal communication, 2008) reports that in areas where pre-existing bedrock fabric exhibits dips of less than 55 degrees, post-glacial stress relief is commonly observed to be coincident with the preglacial fabric (i.e., foliation). In areas where bedrock fabric exhibits steeper dips, postglacial stress relief fractures ("sheeting fractures") typically cross-cut pre-existing fabric at low to moderate angles, roughly corresponding to surface topography. Shepley's Hill appears to be consistent with this general rule, yet a number of very flat (sub-horizontal) sheeting fractures, which cross-cut pre-existing rock fabric, were also indentified in some core samples despite the predominance of the higher-angle variety.

A spreadsheet which contains all of the bedrock data collected is included in Appendix C. The data set includes the following information for each feature of interest: feature ID number, outcrop number, XYZ coordinates, feature type, strike, dip, azimuth, plunge, strike length, and other descriptive information. Appendix C also contains detailed maps for each outcrop with the locations and orientations of pertinent features plotted. Figure

5.1.3-2 presents a compilation of the outcrop-scale structural data presented at the site-scale. The representation of the mappable fractures and joints enables a two-dimensional visualization of the fracture system as an integrated *network*. In this manner the fracture mapping effort significantly advanced the CSM by presenting a working model for the fracture network at the site including the orientation, strike length, spacing and interrelationships of the various significant joints sets. This information was used in turn to determine locations for surface geophysical surveys and shallow and deep bedrock drilling, all of which ultimately contributed to the overall goal of establishing an understanding of the fracture network in three dimensions at the site scale. The followon efforts are discussed in subsequent sections, below.

5.1.4 Radiation survey

In a search for non-invasive methods of identifying bedrock fractures and in an effort to develop a more robust understanding of the fracture network at Shepley's Hill, particularly in those areas where bedrock is not exposed at the surface, it was hypothesized that discrete areas of elevated radiation may correlate with bedrock fracture zones, mapped or unmapped. To further test this concept in the SHL context, EPA collaborated with Idaho National Laboratory (INL) on experimental radiation surveys using a portable Backpack Sodium Iodide Spectroscopy (BaSIS) system with real-time measurement and integrated GIS capabilities. The BaSIS technology was developed at the Idaho National Laboratory for use at radiologically contaminated Cold War era legacy sites. The BaSIS system is comprised of commercial off-the-shelf equipment including a 3 in. × 5 in. sodium iodide (NaI) radiation detector, multichannel analyzer, real-time differential corrected global positioning system, a control computer and wireless display.

It was hypothesized that naturally occurring radioactive radon gas preferentially migrates along bedrock fractures. As such, it is expected that radon concentrations, and subsequently the related radioactive decay products, occur in higher concentrations above these fractures than over adjacent areas which are not fractured. The decay products of radon (222Rn) include several gamma-ray emitting radionuclides. These decay products emit gamma-rays that can be detected with the NaI detector in the BaSIS system. Therefore, the primary objective of the radiation measurements at Shepley's Hill was to determine whether or not the locations of buried bedrock fractures could be identified based on the relative concentrations of radon daughter products. Additionally, measurements of other naturally occurring radionuclides, 40K and 232Th, were performed to evaluate whether or not their concentrations could be correlated to bedrock fracture sets.

The BaSIS report is included in Appendix D. It is not clear that the BaSIS survey was successful with respect to the goal of potentially identifying buried fracture zones, particularly at the detailed site-scale. The most meaningful correlation of the radiation measurements collected appears to coincide with locations of exposed bedrock or subcrop areas with thin cover. Thick soil cover therefore appears to attenuate the

radiation signal. It should also be noted that the BaSIS results do appear to suggest a correlation to larger-scale fractures at the scale of the entire Shepley's Hill area. However, these findings do not rule out the potential for elevated concentrations of radon (specifically ²²²Rn) to be present in the soils above the subsurface fractures. Further testing with more robust methods would be needed to more definitively establish a positive or negative correlation.

5.2 Surface geophysics

In support of efforts to better understand the nature of the fracture system in the site area, a surface geophysical study was conducted in September of 2007 by Hager GeoScience, Inc., (HGI), under contract to Gannett Fleming. The report completed for this effort, Geophysical Survey for Fractures, Shepley's Hill Landfill, Former Fort Devens, Ayer, Massachusetts, September 27, 2007, is included as Appendix E. The following paragraph provides a brief synopsis of the surface geophysical studies, and discusses the contributions of these data toward subsequent phases of the project.

As discussed in Section 5.1, above, surface geologic mapping efforts identified and mapped a number of fracture sets in the site area. Several predominant orientations were observed with the following strike orientations: northwest-southeast, northeastsouthwest, north-south, and to a lesser degree, east-west. Surface geophysical surveys were initiated as a means to further assess the subsurface extent of the fractures mapped on the surface, as well as to potentially identify features which were not apparent at the ground surface. Two methods were used: 2-dimensional electrical resistivity (RES) profiling, and ground penetrating radar (GPR) using low-frequency antennae. Plate 1 (App. E) indicates the orientations and surface positions of the geophysical survey lines. RES surveys are often successful in identifying steeply dipping or vertical fractures, particularly if those fractures are extensive and water-filled. Lines RL1 and RL2 (Plate 1, App. E), oriented NNE-SSW and WNW-ESE respectively, transect the study area and intersect one another in the central portion of the site. The orientation of RL1 was favorable to identifying steeply-dipping fractures striking east-west and northwestsoutheast. The topographic valley feature in the central part of the site has these general orientations, and the subsurface region beneath this valley was a key investigation target for RL1. RL2 was oriented in a manner favorable to potentially locating northeastsouthwest and north-south striking features. At the suggestion of HGI, lines RL1 and RL2 were also surveyed with GPR using low-frequency antennae (400- and 200-MHz). It was hoped that site conditions were favorable for the detection of low-angle features using the GPR in this configuration. In addition to lines RL1/GPR Line 3 and RL2/GPR Line 4, two additional short survey lines (GPR Lines 1 and 2) were also included to the east of lines RL1/GPR Line 3 in an effort to better understand the "valley feature" as it plunges successively deeper approaching the capped landfill area.. Additionally, GPR has the ability to identify shallow-dipping or flat-lying reflectors if there is sufficient electrical contrast along layer boundaries. In this respect, identification of buried "sheeting" fractures, and establishing lateral continuity of such features was a primary goal of the GPR surveys.

Plates 2 through 6 (App. E) present the interpretive resistivity and GPR profiles (i.e., cross sectional diagrams). Figure 5.2-1 presents selected resistivity and GPR profiles in conjunction with fractures and joints mapped at the surface. Several first-order observations are noted from these data. It is significant that RL1 indicates a distinct feature near the center of the study area with a steep southerly dip. The orientation of this feature appears to correspond well with the major topographic valley feature in the study area, and corroborates the presence and potential importance of hydraulically significant features of northwest-southeast strike in this region of the site. The subsurface materials south of this feature appear to be less electrically resistive (i.e., more conductive) than those to the north of it.

GPR survey data were successful in identifying numerous laterally extensive gently-tomoderately-dipping fractures in the shallow subsurface (generally 60 feet or less). These features appear to undulate, perhaps mimicking the irregular nature of the upper bedrock surface topography (Fig. 5.2-1). It is also likely that the undulatory nature results from a composite structure of numerous specific joints with varying strike and dips angles. We interpret these features generally to be "sheeting" fractures resulting from rapid stress relief coincident with the wasting glacial ice sheet. While the continued presence of these features is not clear from GPR below 60 feet bgs, (the effective rate of penetration for this study), drilling data from deeper levels (Section 5.10, below) indicates the sporadic continued presence of these features to depths beyond 100 feet bgs. Shallow-to moderate-depth drilling (Sec. 5.3, below) also corroborates the presence and importance of these shallow- to moderately-dipping features. A key finding of the GPR surveys suggests that the density of shallow- to moderately-dipping features is greatest in the uppermost ~ 40 feet of the subsurface materials (fracture spacing on the order of ~ 5 feet), and fracturing is somewhat less common below 40 feet (spacing on the order of 5 to 10 feet or more). It is relevant to note here that RES profiles also indicate a preponderance of low-resistivity material (higher conductivity) in the uppermost 40 or so feet of the bedrock. Lastly, it should also be noted that the GPR response on the shallowto moderately dipping features seems to be more intense in the vicinity of significant steeply-dipping fractures. For example, GPR Line 3 shows a region of larger aperture fracturing in the area of the intersection of this alignment with the major northwestsoutheast striking valley feature.

The geophysical survey results were useful in helping to refine the understanding of the fracture system, which in turn was useful in determining specific drilling locations and particular targets for confirmation and further characterization. More discussion of the surface geophysical survey results is included in relevant sections below, where appropriate, including Section 5.3, Percussion Drilling, Section 5.10 Deep Borehole, and Section 5.10.1, Rationale for (deep borehole) location.

5.3 Shallow bedrock borings

Bedrock borings were installed in a scattered array across the study site (Fig. 5.1.3-1), from a maximum ground surface elevation of approximately 278 ft msl on the hill to a minimum ground surface elevation of 243 ft msl at the foot of the slope where the overburden aquifer to the east pinches out against the rising bedrock. Section 5.3.1 below summarizes the rationale invoked to site the shallow bedrock borings, and Section 5.3.2 outlines the drilling method employed.

The bedrock borings were installed in two mobilizations, referred to in the following as Phase 1a (February 2008) and Phase 1b (September 2008). See further discussion in Section 5.3.2.

5.3.1 Phase 1a and 1b borehole objectives, rationale and locations

Objectives for Phase 1a and 1b borings included the following:

- Spatial coverage in all areas of the site
- Shallow and deeper bedrock control points
- Well couplets to determine vertical gradients
- Target areas of high fracture density
- Penetrate representative "sheeting" fracture sets
- Target specific subvertical fracture sets
- Interrogate laterally extensive NW-SE striking fracture system

An initial working CSM for the fracture network at the site was developed on the basis of geologic/fracture mapping (Sec. 5.1.3, and App. C) and subsurface geophysical surveys (Sec. 5.2, and App. E). The CSM developed from these data sets suggested a number of general characteristics of the bedrock system including widely-spaced steeply-dipping fracture sets and moderately- to shallowly-dipping fractures with a somewhat greater fracture density in the uppermost 40 feet of bedrock. On this basis, the CSM generally evoked a two-tiered system with a more highly fractured upper bedrock, comprised of intersecting sets of subvertical fractures and sheeting fractures in the uppermost 40 feet of bedrock. The deeper bedrock, in this case defined as greater than 40 feet below the top-of-bedrock, consists predominantly of steeply-dipping fractures. The laterally extensive NW-SE striking fracture system which bisects the site was interpreted to be of particular importance. A generalized diagram which illustrates these relationships is presented on Figure 5.3.1-1. The evolution of the CSM for the fracture system is discussed in detail in Section 7.0, below.

The Phase 1a and 1b boreholes were targeted to specific fracture sets identified through surface mapping and surface geophysics. Figure 5.3.1-2 shows the Phase 1a/1b borehole locations superimposed on a fracture map generated from outcrop data. The array of boreholes sought to provide a reasonable level of spatial coverage within the site area as well as targeting unique fractures of interest. In many locations, couplets with colocated shallow and deep boreholes were installed in an effort to isolate shallow and deeper bedrock zones. Steeply-dipping fracture systems, such as the NW-SE trending system in the central part of the site, were targeted with angled borings to maximize probability of penetration. In such cases, azimuths of the angled boreholes were selected to intersect the fractures of greatest interest at a near perpendicular angle.

5.3.2 Percussion drilling

Eighteen borings were installed in the bedrock of Shepley's Hill by means of percussion drilling. Locations and orientations were selected based on information collected by surface outcrop mapping, surface geophysical surveys, and analysis of topographic lineaments, as outlined in Sections 5.1 and 5.2. Percussion drilling was chosen because of its relatively high speed and low cost, as well as its ability to install oriented borings. Angled borings increase the probability of crossing steeply dipping fracture sets. These advantages were judged to outweigh the disadvantages of the method, which often yields deviated and rough-walled holes.

Drilling of the shallow (up to 73 ft bgs) bedrock borings followed the same sequence at all locations. A socket was drilled approximately 2 to 3 feet into the top of rock. Four-inch Schedule 40 PVC pipe was cemented into the socket as a protective casing to allow each boring to be isolated from surface runoff and debris, and to provide for a cap. At locations with soil cover above the bedrock, the PVC casing was pushed through the soil immediately after the socket was drilled, while the boring through the soil remained open. Locations where the soil cover was found to be greater than about 8 ft thick were abandoned, so that the holes could be cased with a single, 10-ft PVC pipe. When the cement grout had set, each hole was advanced through the PVC surface casing.

The open bedrock borings were drilled in two mobilizations. Seven holes, each approximately 4 inches in diameter, were completed in the first mobilization in February 2008 (Phase 1a). An unusual mid-winter thaw during this field effort created very muddy conditions that proved impassable for the drill rig. Operations were suspended until September 2008 (Phase 1b), when 11 additional borings were completed, each approximately 3.5 inches in diameter. Drill cuttings were caught in a kitchen strainer and visually logged (e.g., color, texture, etc.) for each boring (App. F).

The locations of the 18 borings are shown on Figure 5.1.3-1. Borehole orientations and depths are summarized in Table 5.3.2-1.

5.4 Geoprobe overburden drilling

During the installation of the first phase of bedrock boreholes during the winter of 2008, it was discovered that overburden deposits were more variable and notably thicker than expected in some areas. This discovery caused practical difficulties in installing the bedrock wells, and also forced the project team to consider more carefully the role of overburden within the study area as a potential pathway for groundwater from the hill area to the landfill. In particular, the saturated thickness of overburden materials in the central topographic valley portion of the study area was estimated based on results from casing installation in support of the bedrock drilling. In order to address this data need, a series of small diameter borings were installed by the Office of Environmental Measurement and Evaluation (OEME) unit of USEPA Region 1 using Geoprobe equipment. On June 4 and 5, and July 1, 3, and 28, 2008, a total of 23 shallow borings were advanced to the top-of-bedrock surface; eight of these were finished as small diameter (1.25-inch I.D.) monitoring wells, each with at 2 foot screened interval (0.010inch-slot screen), sand pack (No. 1 sand), and a two-foot bentonite seal. The borings and wells are located on Figure 5.3-1. Appendix G provides the boring depths and well construction details, bedrock depths, and other pertinent information for all smalldiameter overburden wells and borings advanced for the project. Boring logs and well construction diagrams are included in Appendix G. Also included in Appendix G is a memorandum from OEME which documents the small-diameter boring/well installation details and provides GPS coordinate information. It should be noted that the wells were later re-surveyed and tied into the site well network (Sec. 5.12).

Figure 5.4-1 presents an interpretation of the overburden thickness as indicated from small-diameter boring and well data, as well as top-of-rock information obtained from bedrock borehole installations (Secs. 5.3, 5.10), surface bedrock outcroppings (Sec. 5.1.3), and surface geophysical surveys (Sec. 5.2). However, note that the contours presented reflect computer interpolation of the overburden thickness, and do not adequately account for the abrupt thickening of overburden eastward beneath the landfill cover. The small-diameter drilling program identified several areas with relatively thick lenses of overburden deposits on the order of 10 feet or more in thickness. This finding underscored the possibility that significant groundwater flow occurs within the overburden materials, and that the discontinuous patches of overburden may store water temporarily following precipitation or snowmelt events, allowing it to drain slowly to the underlying fracture network. Therefore, these represent elements of the CSM that needed to be clarified. In conjunction with synoptic bedrock water level measurement efforts, water levels were also collected at the small diameter overburden wells in order to better quantify the variability and saturated thickness of the overburden deposits. A more detailed discussion of the importance of groundwater flow within the wedge of overburden materials is included in Section 5.6.4.

5.5 Borehole geophysics

Following installation of the 18 bedrock boreholes during Phases 1a and1b of drilling, a suite of borehole geophysical surveys was completed. The work was conducted in October and November of 2008 by Hager Geoscience, Inc., under subcontract to Gannett Fleming, Inc. The complete report summarizing this effort, entitled, *Borehole Geophysical Logging, Former Devens Landfill, Ayer, MA, Hager Geoscience, Inc., January* 2009, is included as Appendix H. A brief summary follows.

Techniques used included the following:

- Caliper
- Fluid Temperature and Fluid Resistivity
- Natural Gamma
- Acoustic Televiewer (ATV)
- Heat-pulse Flow-meter (HPFM)
- Borehole Deviation

Caliper, fluid temperature, fluid resistivity, and natural gamma logging was completed for all boreholes. Due to resource constraints as well as a number of technical complications, ATV, HPFM, and borehole deviation surveys were not conducted for all borings. Table 5.5-1 presents an overall summary of the borehole logging². As noted in this table, borehole deviation, poor borehole condition (e.g., borehole roughness), diameter variations, and other factors precluded complete coverage with all methods. While not ideal, this outcome was foreseen by the project team as a potential negative to the overall investigation approach. Conversely, the ability to cover a much wider area using a lower cost drilling method for Phase 1a/1b was an offsetting advantage, particularly given the heterogeneous nature of fractured rock. In any case, the borehole geophysical data collected was used in conjunction with other data sets, such as water level measurements, slug test data, etc. to identify a subset of Phase 1a/1b monitoring wells for permanent monitoring well installation as well as to refine the CSM in terms of locating a suitable location for installing a deep core-hole using traditional rock coring methods. Use of the borehole geophysics and other data sets relative to these tasks is discussed further in Sections 5.9 (Shallow bedrock well installation) and 5.10.1 (Rationale for location, deep bedrock borehole), below. The role of the borehole geophysical data with respect to evolution of the overall CSM for the fracture system is discussed in detail in Section 7.0, Fracture Network, below.

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² Note that discrepancies in Table 5.5-1 for "BR casing" and "stickup" reflect differences between estimated and measured casing stickup; refer to Appendix H.

Table 5.5-1, Summary of borehole geophysical logging program

Well ID/Group C	OB (ft)	BR casing [1] (ft)	stickup [3] (ft)	W.L. [2] (ft below TOC)	TD	Open hole in rock	water-filled hole
A							
27-2	0	2.5	3	24.82	73.00	19.32	48.18
27-1	0	3	2	19.20	80.00	14.20	60.80
Q5-1	0	3	2	10.27	55.21	5.27	44.94
Q5-2	0	2.5	2	10.85	58.51	6.35	47.66
CAP-1B	7	3.5	2	13.28	58.11	0.78	44.83
CAP-2B	8	3.5	2	13.00	58.71	-0.50	45.71
20-1	0	2.5	1	23.61	70.30	20.11	46.69
3-2	0	2.5	1.5	30.75	59.32	26.75	28.57
Q4-1	7.5	2	0.5	12.67	51.11	2.67	38.44
27-30B-1 [4]	0	2.5	3	19.66	59.26	14.16	39.60
			TOTAL	623.53	TOTAL	445.42	
В							
27-30B-2	0	2.5	3	21.13	22.21	15.63	1.08
CAP-4	9	1.5	2	10.39	13.81	-2.11	3.42
CAP-3	6	3	2	15.24	40.91	4.24	25.67
Q4-2	8.5	2.5	1.5	14.26	53.41	1.76	39.15
20-2	0	2.5	0.5	18.03	25.31	15.03	7.28
3-1	0	2.5	1.5	30.77	49.18	26.77	18.41
3-2	0	2.5	1.5	30.75	59.32	26.75	28.57
3A-1	0	2.5	1.5	30.37	52.21	26.37	21.84
3A-2 [4]	0	2.5	1.5	27.14	55.01	23.14	27.87

^[1] est. 2.5 for most holes; some not recorded

5.6 Water levels

The following sections describe collection of water-level data by means of manual measurements and recording pressure transducers installed in the open bedrock borings on Shepley's Hill, as well as related results from the piezometer pair N5-P1/P2, which lies approximately 550 ft downgradient to the east, within the footprint of the landfill (Fig. 1.0-2(a) and (b)), and serves as a control point to place the site-scale results in the broader context.

5.6.1 Manual gauging and interpreted potential surfaces

Water levels were gauged on occasion at the newly installed open bedrock borings and wells on Shepley's Hill. From these data, it is possible to develop interpretations of the hydraulic potential surface in the fractured rock of the study area. Recall that the borings are of varying depth below ground surface, and that many of them are angled holes. It is emphasized that interpretation of the potential surface implicitly assumes that the predominant fractures at each location are interconnected, and that the system behaves in

^[2] from top of casing; most recent measurement: 10/23//.

^[3] approximate

^[4] lower priorities

some sense as an equivalent porous medium. The assumption generally is borne out by the data; that is, the interpreted hydraulic potential surface tends to mimic the overlying surface topography, as is typically the case for an ideal porous medium. It is also noted that groundwater flow directions can be inferred to be normal to the equipotentials only if the effective hydraulic conductivity of the fractured rock is transversely isotropic. In this case, two of the principal directions of the conductivity tensor are of equal magnitude, while the third is different. This can occur, for example, in a layered system, in which the hydraulic properties parallel to the layers are the same in all directions, but differ normal to the layers. In the system under study here, which exhibits several major fracture sets of different orientation, including both steeply dipping and sub-horizontal ("sheeting") fractures, it may be reasonable to suppose that the effective conductivity at scales of hundreds of feet is isotropic in the plane of the sheeting fractures.

Manual water levels were gauged at all available borings on April 24, 2009; August 5, 2009; September 9, 2009; and March 17, 2010. Interpretations of the potential surface on each of these dates are shown in Figures 5.6.1-1 to 5.6.1-4. The gauging carried out in spring (April 2009 and March 2010) captures relatively high-groundwater conditions (maximum water elevation measured: 271.26 ft msl at 20-2, March 2010), and that done in summer (August 2009 and September 2009) reflects relatively low-groundwater conditions (minimum water elevation measured at the same point: 261.27 ft msl at 20-2, September 2009). The overall shape of the potential surface does not change significantly seasonally; rather, it appears that water levels fall throughout the system as it progresses from the high-recharge events of late winter and early spring to conditions of minimal or no recharge in late summer. Borings higher on the hill see larger seasonal changes than do the borings at the toe of the slope, where water levels are "buffered" by proximity to the overburden aquifer to the east. For this reason, the hydraulic gradient in the fractured-rock aquifer of the hill is steepest at times of high water levels in the late winter and early spring, and declines in magnitude into late summer and fall. (See further discussion in Section 8.1.)

The interpreted potential surface (Figures 5.6.1-1 to 5.6.1-4) roughly mimics the overlying topographic surface. For flow in an isotropic porous medium, this implies groundwater flow on the scale of Shepley's Hill overall that is directed from the ridge crest toward the landfill to the ESE. On the site scale (i.e., on the scale of the area covered by the shallow bedrock borings installed for this investigation), groundwater flow appears to converge on the valley feature that cuts diagonally across the ridge from SSE to NNW. The interpreted potential surface shows a relatively flat "plateau" in the center of the study area.

5.6.2 Continuous gauging by transducer

Recording pressure transducers were installed in 15 open bedrock borings for various periods of time (Table 5.6.2-1), depending upon availability of the holes (e.g., those drilled in February 2008 or in September 2008) and availability of transducers (acquired in two separate purchases). Boring 27-30B-2 was not gauged by recording transducer

because it is a shallow hole (~20 ft bgs) that is often dry. A transducer was not installed in boring Q5-2 because it is paired closely with another boring (Q5-1) of similar depth, albeit of different orientation. Boring CAP-4 was not gauged because the hole collapsed shortly after drilling. Water levels in all other holes were recorded for various periods. The transducer in boring Q4-1 was downloaded after a brief trial period from 4/18/08 to 4/30/08, but subsequently was lost when the cable from which it was suspended broke, and the instrument could not be recovered. Data from boring 27-1 recorded after 5/21/09 were lost due to failure of the transducer electronics.

Table 5.6.2-1. Periods of continuous water-level monitoring in open bedrock borings

Boring	Transducer period
3-1	4/18/08 - 12/17/09
3-2	4/18/08 - 9/25/09
3A-1	4/18/08 - 2/26/09
3A-2	4/18/08 - 2/26/09
20-1	4/18/08 - 9/24/09
20-2	4/18/08 - 2/5/10
27-1	2/26/09 - 5/21/09
27-2	2/18/09 - 9/22/09
27-30B-1	2/26/09 - 9/23/09
27-30B-2	not instrumented
CAP-1B	2/26/09 - 12/17/09
CAP-2B	2/26/09 - 9/24/09
CAP-3	2/26/09 - 12/17/09
CAP-4	not instrumented
Q4-1	4/18/08 - 4/30/08
Q4-2	2/18/09 - 12/17/09
Q5-1	2/18/09 - 9/23/09
Q5-2	not instrumented

The complete transducer records are included in Appendix I in spreadsheet format.

5.6.3 Apparent vertical gradients within shallow bedrock

The bedrock borings on Shepley's Hill include two vertical pairs drilled to different depths in close proximity: 20-1 and 20-2, and 27-30B-1 and 27-30B-2. It is of interest to examine water levels at these boring pairs for indications of the vertical hydraulic gradients that prevail in the shallow bedrock of the hill. The data collected in Table 5.6.3-1 represent manual water-level measurements collected at five times. Arrows indicate the sense of the vertical gradient (upward where the head in the deep boring is greater than the head in the shallow boring).

Table 5.6.3-1. Water elevations at bedrock borehole pairs based on manual measurements.

Boring	Depth	Elevation (ft msl)				
	(ft btoc)	10/23/08	4/24/09	5/21/09	8/4/09	9/10/09
20-1	68.7	264.79↑	260.70↑	262.68↑	262.94↑	261.27↑
20-2	25.2	263.42	255.93	260.80	260.60	250.19
27-30B-1	59	262.00↑	254.17↑	259.44	259.04↑	248.09
27-30B-2	22.25	261.95	253.74	NM	258.02	NM

In every instance for which data are available, the water level in the deeper boring is higher than that in the shallow boring paired with it. This is somewhat counterintuitive based on experience with overburden aquifers, where the vertical component of the hydraulic gradient in a recharge area is expected to be downward. However, it is emphasized that the present data are from open borings that intersect numerous fractures of varying orientation, aperture, and connectivity. Therefore, the water level in each boring probably reflects primarily the head in the conductive fracture or fractures at the highest head intersected. Vertical connectivity may be limited locally, particularly if the sub-horizontal sheeting fractures predominate in transmitting water. In general, one might expect that, at any given location, deeper fractures are recharged higher on the hill, and shallower fractures are recharged at lower elevations closer to the boring. This may explain the persistently higher water levels observed in the deeper boring in each well pair. Deeper sheeting fractures may be connected to a water-filled network that extends to higher elevations upgradient than shallower sheeting fractures.

It is also interesting to note that, when water levels are relatively low (e.g., 4/24/09 and 9/10/09), the head difference at the well pair is larger; when water levels are relatively high, the head differences are smaller. This suggests that the shallower fracture network drains more readily (i.e., the shallow boring sees much greater changes), while the deeper network sustains more constant head conditions.

Manual water-level data are also available for the deep corehole well pair, located at the eastern "toe" of the hill and the western edge of the landfill. These wells were gauged prior to development on 10/13/09. The water elevation in the deep well, CH-1D, was 234.80 ft msl, while that in the shallow well, CH-1S, was 233.12 ft msl. That is, the head at the deeper screen (85 to 95 ft bgs) was 1.68 ft higher than at the shallower screen (36 to 41 ft bgs). The corehole wells were gauged again in conjunction with sampling events November 2 – 4, 2009, and March 16 – 17, 2010. In November 2009, the water elevations in CH-1D and CH-1S were 233.09 ft msl and 232.96 ft msl, respectively, showing a head at the deeper screen 0.13 ft greater than that at the shallow screen. In March 2010, the water elevations at CH-1S and CH-1D were 247.02 ft msl and 246.79 ft msl, respectively, indicating a head at depth 0.23 ft greater than that in the shallower bedrock.

As discussed in the foregoing, a possible explanation for the head differences observed at the deep corehole well couplet is that the deeper fractures are plumbed to a recharge area higher on the hill, while the shallower fractures are plumbed to a recharge area lower on the hill. Therefore, the deeper heads tend to be higher than the shallower heads, particularly if the vertical interconnection of the fractures is not well developed. Again, this is consistent with the inference that the sub-horizontal sheeting fractures tend to dominate the fracture conductivity.

Continuous gauging of the corehole well pair by transducers from February 2010 to September 2010 (see Sec. 5.11) verified that the water level at the deep screen was consistently higher than that at the shallow screen. The head difference increased in magnitude throughout the monitoring period from a few tenths of a foot in February to over seven feet in September, as water levels overall decreased from their late winter – early spring maximum to their fall minimum.

5.6.4 Head differences between overburden and shallow bedrock

One comprehensive round of water-level measurements in both the overburden piezometers and the open bedrock borings was collected on April 24, 2009. There are no locations where a bedrock boring is immediately adjacent to an overburden piezometer, but there are a few locations where the distances are relatively small, and the ground surface elevations are similar. These include MW-22, which is in a relatively flat area a short distance downgradient of borings 27-1 and 27-2; MW-7 in close proximity to CAP-1B; MW-16 in close proximity to Q4-1; MW-4-1 close to CAP-2B; and MW-1 close to CAP-4. Table 5.6.4-1 shows water elevations observed on April 24, 2009; arrows accompanying the bedrock groundwater elevations indicate the direction of the apparent vertical gradient relative to the nearby overburden well (upward where the bedrock water level is greater than the overburden level, downward where the overburden water level is higher).

These water levels indicate that the heads in the overburden and bedrock higher on the hill (MW-22, 27-1, 27-2) are roughly equilibrated, exhibiting small differences. At the foot of the hillslope, the head in the overburden at MW-7 is 6.21 ft higher than that in the bedrock at nearby CAP-1B, and the head at MW-4-1 is 2.31 ft higher than at CAP-2B. A comparison between MW-1 and CAP-4 is perhaps not as meaningful, because CAP-4 collapsed shortly after it was drilled. From these limited data, it is difficult to generalize about the connectivity between overburden soil and underlying bedrock. In the three locations noted, the overburden and shallow bedrock appear to be well connected (MW-22, 27-1, 27-2) or the overburden groundwater is "perched" relative to the underlying bedrock (MW-7, CAP-1B; MW-4-1, CAP-2B), suggesting locally poor vertical connectivity.

Table 5.6.4-1. Water levels in bedrock borings and nearby overburden wells based on manual measurements.

OB well	BR boring	Water elevation (ft msl)
MW-22		263.54
	27-1	263.90↑
	27-2	262.40↓
MW-7		244.88
	CAP-1B	238.67↓
MW-16		dry
	Q4-1	262.23
MW-4-1		245.55
	CAP-2B	243.24↓
MW-1		245.01
	CAP-4	245.57↑

5.6.5 Bedrock water-level response to precipitation events

Recording pressure transducers were deployed in a number of borings for varying periods of time (see Table 5.6.2-1). It is of interest to examine the data for the response to measurable rain events. Recharge is expected to exhibit strong seasonality because of the effects of freezing and evapotranspiration. In particular, recharge can be erratic in the winter, when surface soil is frozen and much of the precipitation occurs as snow. Occasional winter thaws can release water to recharge. Recharge is typically at a maximum in early spring, when evapotranspiration is low due to mild temperatures and low plant activity. As summer progresses, a smaller fraction of precipitation goes into recharge, while a larger fraction is lost back to the atmosphere via evapotranspiration. In the fall, recharge often increases again, as temperatures drop and plant activity subsides.

For present purposes, rainfall and water-level data have been isolated for two periods, March – April 2009, and August – September 2009. The former is expected to encompass what is typically the period of greatest recharge; the latter is typically characterized by falling groundwater levels. These generalizations, of course, neglect anomalous events of extraordinary rainfall or drought. In 2009, ten precipitation events were recorded at the Fitchburg airport (about 8 miles west of the site) in March and April, ranging in magnitude from 0.10 to 1.67 inches. (Daily records have been summed where rainfall was recorded for consecutive days.) In August and September, five events were recorded, ranging from 0.17 to 1.71 inches. Borings 20-1, Q4-2, 3-1, and CAP-3 were selected for examination because they each had a transducer during the period of interest, and they represent locations successively lower on the hill, from 20-1 (closest to the ridge crest and presumed groundwater divide) to CAP-3 (at the break in slope between the bedrock hill and the adjacent alluvium of the landfill area).

Figure 5.6.5-1 exhibits a plot of the change in water level versus precipitation for boring 20-1 in March and April 2009. The plot and linear regression omit one datum for March 8-10, when 0.69 in (0.0575 ft) precipitation was recorded, and the water level at this location rose 3.45 ft. This apparently anomalous event (relative to the other events shown on this plot) likely represents rain that fell while there was still snow on the hill, so that the large rise in water level includes water derived from snowmelt, and is not closely correlated with the magnitude of the rainfall. For the nine events shown on the plot, water-level changes correlate with rainfall. The linear regression indicates that the water level change is approximately 10 times the rainfall. In a local (i.e., with no coupling to adjacent areas at different elevations) and static (i.e., with no groundwater flow) system, the water level would rise by a factor scaling with the inverse of the porosity and with the fraction of the precipitation that goes to recharge:

$$\Delta h = \frac{\beta P}{n}$$

where Δh is the change in water level, β is the fraction of precipitation that goes to groundwater recharge, P is the magnitude of the precipitation event, and n is the fracture porosity. The regression analysis for 20-1 in March and April shows that $\Delta h/P = 9.8$. If one assumes a typical fracture porosity of n = 0.02, this implies that the fraction of precipitation going to recharge is approximately $\beta = 0.2$. This value is comparable to those typically estimated for overburden aquifers regionally, suggesting that recharge to the fractured bedrock occurs readily. It is noted that downgradient flow within the fracture network is able to carry off some of the recharge on the time scale of a typical precipitation event, so that the measured water-level response likely underestimates the true recharge.

Five rainfall events were recorded at Fitchburg Airport in August and September. Water-level changes were monitored at 20-1 for three of these events; one occurred while the transducer was above the water surface due to the drop in water levels throughout the system in late summer and early fall; one occurred after the transducer was removed for well installation (September 24). Of the three remaining events, two (rainfall of 0.17 and 0.81 inches) were accompanied by water-level declines, and one (rainfall of 1.71 inches, or 0.1425 ft) was accompanied by a rise of 0.93 feet. The two events that were accompanied by declines in the water level are interpreted to be too small in magnitude to overcome the longer-term decline in water levels that was observed during this season. The large rainfall event of 1.71 inches was detectable as a recharge event that temporarily raised the groundwater level at 20-1, with a response about 6.5 times the input. This response is comparable in magnitude to that observed in the spring events, which exhibited a multiplier of 9.8 based on the linear regression shown in Figure 5.6.5-1.

Results for borings Q4-2, 3-1, amd CAP-3 are presented in Figures 5.6.5-2, 5.6.5-3, and 5.6.5-4, respectively, again for March and April, 2009, precipitation events, omitting one that occurred over March 8 to 10. Correlations of water-level changes and rainfall are summarized in Table 5.6.5-1. The response of water levels at Q4-2 is similar to that at 20-1, as discussed in more detail in the foregoing, with the ratio $\Delta h/P$ being slightly

lower at 8.2. Near the eastern margin of the hill, both 3-1 and CAP-3 show a notably smaller response to the same precipitation events, both exhibiting a ratio of $\Delta h/P$ of approximately 1.9. The reasons for this apparent difference in the response at borings high on the hill (20-1, Q4-2) and those near the toe of the slope (3-1, CAP-3) are not known from this limited data analysis. A possible factor is that water levels in the fractured bedrock near the toe of the slope on the eastern margin of the hill are "buffered" by water levels in the adjacent overburden aquifer, which exhibits notably smaller changes due to its much greater porosity. Rapid excursions in groundwater levels in the fractured rock at the eastern margin of the hill are expected to relax relatively quickly by flow toward and discharge to the overburden to the east, a process that may proceed on the time scale of a typical rain event. It is noted that not only does the ratio $\Delta h/P$ appear to decrease at locations lower on the hill, but the correlation coefficient, r^2 , also decreases systematically.

Table 5.6.5-1. Correlation of water-level changes and precipitation, Spring 2009.

Boring	$\Delta h/P$	r^2
20-1	9.8	0.63
Q4-2	8.2	0.53
3-1	1.9	0.38
CAP-3	1.9	0.42

The general lack of response to precipitation in August and September, as discussed in the foregoing for 20-1, is also seen in the data for the three borings lower on the hill. As noted, water levels were falling throughout this period, and this overall trend appears to have overwhelmed any short-term response to precipitation. These results serve to emphasize the seasonality of recharge in this system.

5.6.6 Water level data from the N5 piezometer pair

Recording pressure transducers have been deployed in the N5-P1/P2 piezometer pair, located approximately 800 ft ENE of corehole CH-1, since April 2007 (Fig. 1.0-2(a) and (b)). This affords an opportunity to examine the relationship between bedrock and overburden water levels at a location in the north-central portion of the landfill, and, in turn, the relationship of water levels within the landfill footprint to those in the elevated recharge area to the west on Shepley's Hill. The deep piezometer, N5-P1, is screened 7 ft below the top of the bedrock (88.5 ft bgs), in the interval 95.5-97.5 ft bgs. The shallow piezometer, N5-P2, is screened in the overburden, in the interval 23-28 ft bgs, such that the top of the screen is typically 1 to 4 ft below the water table. Although these two piezometer screens are separated vertically by 67.5 ft, and the hydraulic head varies spatially in some unknown fashion between them, the head difference between the two elevations is assumed to provide some measure of the direction of exchange of water

between the bedrock fracture network and the sandy overburden at this location. Because boring logs for the overburden aquifer in the vicinity of the landfill typically show relatively homogeneous, conductive, sandy material throughout its depth, it is reasonable to assume that the head variation between the shallow screen, N5-P2, and the underlying bedrock interface remains small at all times. Therefore, it is likely that a large fraction of the head difference observed between the deep and shallow piezometer screens actually occurs over the seven-foot layer of rock between the bedrock screen, N5-P1, and the overlying bedrock / overburden interface. When the head in the bedrock fractures just below the interface is greater than that in the overburden just above the interface, bedrock groundwater will discharge upward to the overburden wherever interconnected fractures intersect the interface. Conversely, when the head in the bedrock is lower than that in the overburden, the overburden groundwater will recharge the fracture network from above.

Figure 5.6.6-1 displays the head difference between the two N5 piezometer screens, calculated as the head at the bedrock screen, P1, minus the head at the overburden screen, P2. Therefore, positive values indicate a tendency toward upward flow from bedrock to overburden, and negative values indicate a tendency for downward flow from overburden to bedrock. Groundwater elevations were calculated by adjusting the measured head for each piezometer to agree with the manual measurements taken when the transducers were installed and/or reinstalled. The head difference was then calculated from the two records.

The data were not compensated for barometric pressure variations, because the standard compensation step simply subtracts the measured barometric pressure head from the total heads recorded by the transducers. Therefore, the barometric pressure corrections cancel one another when the head difference between the two piezometers is calculated. It is recognized that the barometric corrections for a water-table screen and for a bedrock screen are often handled differently, because the atmospheric loading to the bedrock groundwater is transmitted in part via elastic deformation of the rock (Jacob, 1940). The "noise" evident in the plot of head difference between the two piezometers, reflects shortterm variation (i.e., of the order of a few days) in atmospheric pressure and the difference in the response to these fluctuations between the water-table and bedrock wells. It is noted that the magnitude of the fluctuations in the calculated head difference is of the order of ± 0.1 ft, while the standard deviation of the barometric pressure head measured at the site over a one-year period is about 0.3 ft, suggesting that the "noise" displayed in the plot of the head difference represents the difference in the magnitude of the response of overburden and bedrock groundwater to the same atmospheric loading. The annual range of head difference is of the order of 1 ft, an order of magnitude greater than the scale of the short-term fluctuations, suggesting that the longer-term variations seen in the data are genuine trends.

Figures 5.6.6-1(a) to 5.6.6-1(d) show the water-level difference for the N5 piezometer pair for 2007 – 2010, by calendar year. Only a partial record is available for 2007, because the data logging in both piezometers began on April 26, and a partial record is available for 2010, because the data loggers were last downloaded on September 24. In 2008, data are absent for a period from January 1 until January 17 because the memory in

the N5-P1 data logger was full. Daily rainfall data from the Fitchburg, MA, airport meteorological station are displayed in Figures 5.6.6-1(a) to 5.6.6-1(d) for comparison.

Inspection of the records for the head difference at the N5 piezometer pair (Figs. 5.6.6-1(a) to 5.6.6-1(d)) reveals variability from year to year, but some patterns appear to be repeatable. The head difference reaches a (positive) maximum in mid-winter to early spring, and tends to fall to negative values in summer and fall. The highest positive head difference recorded in 2008 was reached on February 29; the highest value attained in 2009 occurred on January 10. (Note that these extreme values may be exaggerated by barometric pressure effects at the time, but they are nonetheless local peaks superimposed on a broader peak in the longer-term trend.) The lowest (most negative) head difference in 2007 occurred on September 11; that in 2008 was observed on May 31, with comparable lows persisting into July; that in 2009 was recorded on September 27.

It appears that positive head differences, i.e., a tendency to drive flow upward from bedrock into overburden, generally occur during periods of high recharge and, correspondingly, higher water levels overall. In New England, monthly precipitation averaged over many years is fairly uniform; it does not exhibit large seasonal variation. For any particular month in any particular year, of course, precipitation can depart significantly from long-term averages. Groundwater recharge tends to be greatest in late winter and early spring, when snow melts, surface soil thaws, and evapotranspiration is low (i.e., temperatures are low and plant activity is minimal). This is reflected in relatively high water levels throughout the Shepley's Hill system, and maxima in the magnitude of the head difference at N5-P1/P2. Negative head differences at N5 tend to occur in summer and early fall, when groundwater recharge is at a minimum (evapotranspiration is at a maximum), and water levels are falling overall. Under these conditions, overburden groundwater tends to flow downward to recharge the underlying bedrock aquifer at this location.

The seasonal reversal in the sign of the head difference between N5-P1 and N5-P2 is believed to be due to the difference in the "storage" mechanisms for the semi-confined, fractured-bedrock aquifer and the unconfined, overburden aquifer. For a confined aquifer, storage of water mass associated with transient changes in head is accommodated by compression of the water and dilation of the porous skeleton. Because water and rock are relatively incompressible, the storativity of a bedrock aquifer is relatively small. For an unconfined aquifer, storage is accommodated by saturation of void space above the water table, and the capacitance of the aquifer is characterized by the specific yield, which can approach the porosity in magnitude. Because the storativity of the fractured rock aquifer is much smaller than the specific yield of the overburden aquifer, water levels in the overburden respond more slowly to seasonal variation of recharge than do water levels in the underlying bedrock. During summer and early fall, the water level at the bedrock piezometer screen, N5-P1, drops more rapidly than that at the overburden piezometer screen, N5-P2, until the former is lower than the latter, and there is a tendency for the overburden to recharge the underlying bedrock.

The long-term average head difference at the N5 piezometer pair appears to be positive, indicating a net upward discharge of bedrock groundwater to the overburden. Table 5.6.6-1 summarizes characteristic parameters for each year covered by the gauging. Several observations are consistent from year to year. The minimum head differences fall in a fairly narrow range (-0.30 to -0.53 ft), as do the maxima (+0.66 to +0.87 ft), and the maximum is in each case greater than the magnitude of the minimum. The head difference averaged over the year is positive for the two years (2008 and 2009) for which the records cover the full year (2009) or nearly the full year (2008; data are missing for January 1 through January 17). The head differences averaged over the available data for 2007 and 2010 are negative. However, it is noted that the portions of those years for which data are not available (January to April, 2007; September to December 2010) are periods typically characterized by positive head differences. Therefore, it is likely that the averages shown in Table 5.6.6-1 are biased low due to the partial-year data coverage. It is inferred that the long-term average head difference at the N5 location is positive, representing net upward discharge from bedrock to overburden. The average over all available data, disregarding the observation that the data coverage is not balanced across all seasons, is +0.08 ft.

Table 5.6.6-1. Annual characteristics of the head difference at the N5 piezometer pair.

Year	Minimum Δh (ft)	Maximum Δh (ft)	Average Δh (ft)	No. of data
2007*	-0.49	+0.66	-0.10	5701
2008	-0.30	+0.99	+0.28	8369
2009	-0.40	+0.73	+0.09	8756
2010*	-0.53	+0.87	-0.06	6394

^{*}partial year

It is noted that groundwater elevations in the fractured rock of Shepley's Hill are higher than those in the overburden aquifer to the east throughout the year. Therefore, it is likely that groundwater discharges upward from bedrock to the overburden throughout the year at locations close to the eastern margin of the hill, where the overburden pinches out against the rising bedrock. It is inferred from the data presented here from the N5 piezometer pair that, at the N5 location, approximately 400 ft east of the margin of the hill, the vertical head difference is seasonal, driving upward discharge in periods of high water levels on the hill, and downward flow in periods of lower water levels in the recharge area. It is inferred that a line separating a domain of upward discharge (bedrock to overburden) from downward recharge (overburden to bedrock) shifts seasonally, typically moving east of the N5 piezometer pair during late winter and early spring, and lying to the west of this location during the summer.

In view of the apparent reversal of the vertical hydraulic gradient at the N5 piezometer pair, it is of interest to seek a possible correlation with available arsenic analyses. A brief review of historical sampling of the N5-P1 piezometer yields eight events for which the

water levels at the P1 and P2 screens were recorded, and groundwater samples were analyzed for arsenic³ (CH2MHill, 2007; ECC, 2008, 2009, 2010). The results are summarized in Table 5.6.6-2. Six of the sampling events were carried out when the shallow head was greater than the deep head, implying downward flow from the overburden into shallow bedrock. For these events, the arsenic concentrations fell in the range 4429 to 5970 µg/L. Two sampling events were executed when the deep head was greater than the shallow head, implying upward flow from bedrock to overburden. Under these conditions, the arsenic concentrations were 1930 and 1748 µg/L. Within this limited data set, the results are consistent, and suggest that arsenic concentrations in the deep overburden at this location may be approximately 5000 ug/L or higher, and arsenic is advected downward to the shallow bedrock fracture network when the shallow head is greater. Bedrock groundwater at this location appears to be at concentrations less than 2000 µg/L as it approaches the bedrock – overburden interface when the deep head is higher. Unlike the bedrock groundwater [observed at CH-1D (see Sec. 9.0)], arsenic in N5-P1 is highly correlated with dissolved iron. The lowest arsenic concentrations in N5-P1 correspond to the lowest levels of iron (9100 and 11000 µg/L) and potassium (4900 and 3500 µg/L) but elevated calcium (96000 and 79000 µg/L). Some caution should be exercised in interpretation of these results, as the data obtained from N5-P1 to date also suggest some correlation of arsenic with turbidity. Only continued monitoring can confirm a relationship between dissolved arsenic concentrations and up-flow versus down-flow at this location.

Table 5.6.6-2. Head difference, arsenic, iron, potassium, and calcium concentrations at bedrock piezometer screen N5-P1.

Date	Δh (P1 – P2)	As	Fe	K	Ca
	(ft)	$(\mu g/L)$	(µg/L)	(µg/L)	(µg/L)
8/5/2005	-0.2	4450	23000	5200	85000
4/13/2006	-0.18	4940	30000	5900	72000
6/6/2006	-0.01	5970	41000	6600	70000
9/25/2006	-0.14	4560	30000	6000	73000
12/12/2006	+0.51	1930	9100	4900	96000
10/18/2007	-0.13	4856	33000	5900	69000
10/3/2008	+0.4	1748	11000	3500	79000
10/22/2009	-0.16	4429	34000	5200	70000

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³ Baseline geochemical data (August 2005) were communicated directly to the BCT by CH2MHill.

5.7 Slug tests on open bedrock boreholes

Slug tests were conducted in all of the shallow bedrock borings where sufficient water was present (Table 5.7-1). Fifteen locations were characterized in this fashion. Two shallow holes, 20-2 and 27-30B-2 (paired with deeper holes 20-1 and 27-30B-1, respectively) contained only a few feet of water at the time of the testing (July – September 2009), and would not accommodate both the transducer and the slug. Boring CAP-4 collapsed shortly after drilling, and also contained only a few feet of water in the remaining portion of the hole. These three holes were not characterized by slug tests.

The slug tests followed conventional procedures. Each boring was first gauged manually for total depth and depth to water. A transducer was programmed to record water levels at one-second intervals, and was lowered to about 15 ft below the static water level. The slug consisted of PVC pipe filled with sand, 5 ft long and 1.5 inches in outside diameter, which displaced about 0.06 ft³. In the 4-inch borings, this slug displaces the water level by about 0.7 ft; in the 3.5-inch borings, the water is displaced by about 0.9 ft. The slug was lowered on a rope to just above the static water surface, and then allowed to free-fall to a depth just below the initial static water surface. This causes a rapid rise in the water level in the boring due to the displaced volume, followed by a transient recovery as the excess head drives water out into the fractured rock, and the head in the boring equilibrates with the surrounding groundwater. This is known as a "falling head" test. Fifteen minutes were allowed to pass in order to provide ample time for the equilibration. The slug was then pulled out as quickly as possible, resulting in a rapid drop in the water level within the boring, again followed by a time-dependent recovery. This phase is known as a "rising head" test. Data logging was continued for 15 minutes after the withdrawal. Post-test data analysis verified that the 15 minute recording interval was, in most cases, adequate to capture the transient recovery of the water level in the boring. For a few relatively "tight" holes, the recovery time was longer than 15 minutes, but the data were sufficient to support interpretation.

The data were interpreted using the Hvorslev model. It is emphasized that standard slugtest models of any type may not apply to a fractured-rock setting. Therefore, results from this exercise should be regarded as qualitative, yielding a reasonable estimate of the order of magnitude of the "effective" hydraulic conductivity of the bulk rock on the scale of the saturated borehole length, but not a precise measure. The simplest form of the Hvorslev model assumes a homogeneous porous medium extending radially without bound, and assumes that the screen length for the well is much greater than the well radius. In fractured rock, of course, it is possible that the transient water-level recovery is controlled by flow into or out of a small number of predominant fractures of larger aperture and greater interconnectivity. For present purposes, the "screen length" in the Hvorslev model is taken to be the saturated borehole length under static conditions, i.e., the difference between the total depth and the depth to water prior to the slug tests. The Hyorsley model is based on an analytical approximation to the flow that takes the form of an exponential decline in the magnitude of the initial head perturbation. The rate constant is inferred from the time required for the water level change to reach e^{-1} ($\cong 0.37$) times its initial value (i.e., the maximum excursion recorded). It is noted that most of the

data collected in the boreholes in the study area are "well-behaved," in the sense that they typically exhibit a smooth, transient recovery, asymptotically approaching the undisturbed, equilibrium water level. However, many do not show the exponential decline predicted by the Hvorslev analysis; i.e., they do not plot as a straight line on a semi-logarithmic plot ($\log(\Delta h)$ vs t). Nonetheless, all data were reduced following the standard Hvorslev protocol, identifying the time at which the disturbance has dropped to 37% of its initial magnitude. In cases in which the recovery was very slow, and the head perturbation had not reached 37% of its maximum magnitude within the period of data recording, such as at boring 20-1, the exponential function was fitted to the available ("early-time") data. Spreadsheets containing the full recorded data for each boring are included in Appendix J.

Results of the slug tests are summarized in Table 5.7-1. Most show good agreement between the falling- and rising-head tests, with estimated conductivities within a factor of two. Exceptions are Q5-1, CAP-2B, and 3A-1, each of which shows a wider disparity between the falling- and rising-head results; estimates are, nonetheless, within an order of magnitude. One hole, 3A-2, was tested on two occasions, separated by approximately eleven months, over which time the static water level at this boring rose over 4 feet. Results from this repeat testing were highly reproducible.

Many descriptive parameters characterizing natural systems are found to be log-normally distributed, and this is often the case for random samples of the hydraulic conductivity of a given aquifer. For this reason, the appropriate central tendency for the hydraulic conductivity, K, is typically taken to be the geometric mean. In the present case, estimates of K vary widely, from a minimum of 0.06 ft/d (2.3x10⁻⁵ cm/s) at 20-1 to a maximum of 120 ft/d (4.2x10⁻² cm/s) at 3A-2. A histogram of log(K) is shown in Figure 5.7-1, and indicates that the distribution is reasonably approximated as normal, or, equivalently, the distribution of K is log-normal. The histogram and descriptive statistics were constructed by treating the falling- and rising-head results for each boring as independent data. The geometric mean of the 30 values assembled in this fashion is 2.0 ft/d (7.1x10⁻⁴ cm/s), and values one standard deviation of the log-transformed values below and above the mean are 0.28 ft/d (9.8x10⁻⁵ cm/s) and 15 ft/d (5.1x10⁻³ cm/s), respectively.

For comparison, the effective conductivities for the shallow fractured bedrock inferred from the slug tests are comparable to conductivities typically found in silty sands (of the order of 10^{-5} to 10^{-1} cm/s) to clean sands (of the order of 10^{-4} to 10^{0} cm/s) (Freeze and Cherry, 1979, Table 2.2). The hydraulic conductivity of the sandy overburden aquifer beneath Shepley's Hill Landfill estimated by various methods (slug tests, pumping tests, calibration of a landfill-scale numerical flow model) is 45 ft/d $(1.6 \times 10^{-2} \text{ cm/s})$.

5.8 Field analysis for arsenic

From September 8 to 10, 2009, samples were collected from the open boreholes and field-tested for arsenic using a HachTM kit. The field test procedure is based on the

Gutzeit method, developed in 1879 for arsenic determination (van Geen et al., 2004). In this method, aqueous inorganic arsenic is reduced to arsine gas, AsH₃, which then reacts with a silver or mercury salt to produce a colored compound. The intensity of color produced by this reaction corresponds to the arsenic concentration in the original sample. Although it was known at the outset that this method does not yield accurate As concentrations, particularly when As is present in only trace amounts, the information obtained from field-screening of groundwater in the open boreholes was considered in selecting locations for installation of permanent well screens.

Using the pre-packaged Hach kit reagents and a 50-ml water sample, the first step in the field procedure oxidizes any sulfide to sulfate, to prevent false-positive results, and the oxidation is subsequently neutralized. Zinc powder and sulfamic acid are added to produce AsH_3 , which reacts with a test strip impregnated with mercuric bromide. The color of the As-Hg salt that forms due to this reaction ranges from pale yellow to orange-brown, and visual comparison of the test result to the chart supplied with the kit enables estimates of As concentrations from 0 to 500 μ g/L.

The Hach kit is relatively inexpensive, simple, and straightforward to use. No external standards are required, minimizing opportunity for operator error. Drawbacks include the lack of accuracy, and length of time required for the field screening. On average, approximately 40 minutes were required for each analysis. However, the kit provides a pair of bottles so that two samples can be run simultaneously. In this exercise, results were apparently biased by sample turbidity. One borehole (3-2) yielded an extremely silty sample; field notes indicate that water pumped from this borehole was "tan/beige" at the time the arsenic sample was taken. The Hach result from this sample was approximately 300 $\mu g/L$. This borehole was re-sampled at the end of the day, when it was noted that the water appeared to be very clear. The arsenic test result at that time was 70 $\mu g/L$.

Results of the field arsenic screening are provided in Table 5.8-1. No results are reported from the deep corehole, which was not drilled until 9/28/2009. Field As values ranged from a minimum of 5 μ g/L to 70 μ g/L, with one extreme value of 300 μ g/L for the turbid sample from borehole 3-2.

For comparison, the lab results from the eight boreholes completed as monitoring wells are provided here. With the exception of the result from borehole 3-2, the comparison between field and lab analyses is not good. The test kit correctly returned values consistent with the lab's non-detect results for 3 out of 8 samples analyzed by both methods, but apparently overestimated As concentrations in 50% of the samples. It is possible that the overestimated values are due to turbidity in the open-borehole samples.

Table 5.8-1. Field and laboratory test results for arsenic in bedrock groundwater

BOREHOLE	FIELD ARSENIC RESULT (UG /L)	LAB ARSENIC RESULT (UG/L)
CAP-2B	70	10 U
27-30B-1	5	10 U
27-2	5	10 U
27-1	30	10 U
20-1	60	10 U
Q5-1	30	10 U
Q4-1	10	10 U
3-2	300/70*	63

^{*}sampled twice; first sample was extremely turbid, second sample was clear.

5.9 Shallow well installation

Permanent small-diameter monitoring wells were installed in a sub-set of the shallow and moderately-deep bedrock boreholes installed during the first phases of drilling. In order to maximize budget and long-term viability of the borehole network for water level and water quality monitoring, preference in selecting those locations for permanent well emplacement was given to the deeper borings and angled borings, with some exceptions. In most cases, where a shallow and deeper set of paired boreholes was drilled, the deeper borehole was selected for permanent monitoring well installation. In this respect, a number of couplets were created across the site for determination of vertical hydraulic gradients between shallow open-hole bedrock borings and screened monitoring wells installed in deeper bedrock. Another goal of the well installation program was to place priority on those locations within the influence of the Shepley's Hill Fault Zone. Permanent monitoring well locations are shown on Figure 5.3-1, a map showing locations of all data collected for the project. Permanent monitoring well locations are also presented on Figures 5.6.1-1 to 5.6.1-4, which show potentiometric maps for various dates.

With regard to vertical well placement within the borehole, efforts were made to target specific fractures of interest based on an examination of drilling/chip logs (App. F) and borehole geophysical logs (App. H). Priority was given to hydraulically significant fractures as interpreted from the geophysical logs. Screened lengths varied from 5 to 15 feet, depending on the number and character of available fractures. Well diameters varied from 1.25" (I.D.) to 1.5" (I.D.) and were constructed using standard well construction techniques. A sand-pack of Number 2 sand was installed in the annular space surrounding the well screen and extended approximately 2 feet above the top of the screen. Above this, a four-foot bentonite seal using coarse bentonite chips (e.g., 'hole plug') was installed. Generally, above the bentonite seal, the boreholes were backfilled with sand and/or a mixture of cement-bentonite grout and finished with expansion plugs. However, poor borehole condition (e.g., borehole collapse) resulted in numerous exceptions. Angled boreholes required additional efforts. Centralizers were installed with the angled borehole screens, and sand pack and bentonite were installed using a

tremie pipe. Detailed well construction diagrams are included as Appendix K. Table 5.9-1 lists the screened interval and other pertinent data for all on-site monitoring wells, including a summary of specific fractures of interest. The well couplet installed in the deep bedrock core hole (CH-1) is discussed in detail below in Section 5.10 (Deep Borehole).

The eight shallow bedrock wells were developed shortly after installation (Table 5.9-2). A period of 12 to 20 months passed between drilling the borings and construction of the wells. Development was performed with a variety of devices. A footvalve (inertial) pump was used initially, because the wells are of small diameter, and the depth to water is typically around 30 ft below the top of the casing. However, because some of the wells were installed without grout in order that the upper portion of the open boring would be accessible for sampling, it was found that the stress imposed by oscillation of the tubing caused vertical motion of the wells. Well 3-2 settled approximately 0.75 ft, and well 27-1 settled about 1.5 ft. For this reason, much of the subsequent development was performed with a slender submersible pump. The water level at CAP-2B was sufficiently shallow that it was developed with a peristaltic pump. Field parameters were not measured during development. In general, each well was purged aggressively until the water ran clear. Between 3 and 9 static well volumes were removed from each well, with the exception of 3-1, from which only 1.5 volumes were removed due to very slow recharge.

5.10 Deep borehole

5.10.1 Deep borehole objectives

In addition to the shallow bedrock holes that were drilled as part of the SHL Bedrock Investigation, a deep borehole was scoped primarily for the purpose of retrieving bedrock core. The objectives of the deep corehole were:

- to obtain additional information about fracture density, aperture, and orientation to greater depth;
- to install a bedrock well couplet for hydrologic and chemical characterization;
- to seek visual evidence of water-rock interaction (alteration, staining, etc.); and
- to characterize the arsenic mineralogy of selected samples.

A detailed description of this core is attached as Appendix L. Total depth of the borehole is 151 feet below ground surface. The overburden is 18 ft thick at the boring location. Total length of borehole that was cored is 133 feet, and core recovery was generally excellent (from 82.5 % to 100 %). The dominant rock type appears to be Chelmsford Granite, with occasional inclusions of Ayer Granodiorite. This is consistent with the lithologies shown on the most current version of the bedrock map of the area (Kopera, 2008) and with the location of this boring near the contact between these units.

5.10.2 Rationale for location

The location for the deep core hole was chosen based on a review of the data collected in the previous phases of work. Additional synthesis of information from the outcrop mapping, fracture trace analysis, surface geophysics, geologic information and borehole geophysics from the Phase 1a/1b borings, slug test data, and analysis of water level data was used to update the working CSM. This information was used to determine the deep bedrock corehole location CH-1, indicated on Figure 5.3.1-2. It should be noted that the deep bedrock corehole sought primarily to target prominent steeply-dipping structures as the 18 shallow and moderately deep bedrock boreholes drilled during Phase 1a/1b provide a reasonable degree of coverage for the shallow fracture system. Figure 5.3.1-2 indicates the predominant steeply-dipping fracture sets of interest. The prominent NW-SE striking lineament, hereafter designated the Shepley's Hill Fault, is highlighted on this figure. Interim data collected up to that point in the project supported the hypothesis that this feature may play a significant role in groundwater flow at Shepley's Hill. For example, contours of the groundwater head field show pronounced inflections in the area of the Shepley's Hill Fault. Angled borehole 27-2 was drilled to provide preliminary information regarding the nature of fracturing in the vicinity of the Shepley's Hill Fault. Borehole 27-2 was oriented at a 60-degree angle in a southwesterly azimuth in an effort to maximize potential for hitting steep fractures in the NW-SE strike direction. Borehole 27-2 was drilled to 71.6 feet bgs. Near the base of this borehole, a significant fracture was detected which exhibited ambient downward flows in excess of 2 gpm, some of the largest identified in the HPFM program. While the ATV tool was unable to resolve fracture orientations at the base of the borehole, this fracture was interpreted to be associated with the Shepley's Hill Fault, and further supported the presence and hydraulic importance of the feature.

In view of this information, CH-1 was located in the projected down-dip direction of the Shepley's Hill Fault in the area adjacent to the landfill cap in an effort to target deep groundwater potentially associated with the Shepley's Hill Fault in the area immediately up-gradient of the landfill. Based on outcrop mapping and geophysical data, the Shepley's Hill Fault was interpreted to dip between 70 degrees to the southwest to near vertical. It is also significant with respect to siting the location for CH-1 that 2-D resistivity profiling (App. E) suggested that the Shepley's Hill Fault demarcated a zone of more highly conductive rock (e.g., less fractured) to the north of the fault with a region of more conductive rock to the south of the fault, (e.g., more highly fractured). Corehole CH-1 was initially located in these respects near CAP-4. However, poor quality of the upper bedrock in the CAP-4 area necessitated moving the CH-1 location southward to its final location just south of MW-4. In this location, it was anticipated that CH-1 would penetrate a highly fractured interval consisting mainly of moderately-dipping sheeting fractures in the uppermost 50 feet, and the Shepley's Hill Fault would be intersected at approximately 150 feet bgs depending on the dip of the fault at depth. Additional discussion concerning the evolution of the overall CSM for the fracture system is discussed in detail in Section 7.0, Fracture Network, below.

5.10.3 Drilling methodology and observations during coring

Corehole CH-1 was drilled by the wireline method. A temporary outer steel casing was driven to bedrock, which was encountered at approximately 18 ft bgs. Continuous core was recovered from the top of rock to approximately 151 ft bgs. HQ core was recovered, which is characterized by a 63.5 mm (2.5 in) diameter, and leaves a boring 96 mm (3.8 in) in diameter.

Advancement of the corehole proved to be relatively slow, due to the very hard rock. The drillers changed from a #8 to a #10 diamond bit, and replaced the drilling head with one capable of a higher rotation rate. The corehole was advanced over six days.

The core exhibited a very large, sub-horizontal fracture at approximately 40 ft bgs, with extensive iron staining penetrating ~4 cm into the matrix above and below. Drilling water losses increased noticeably below this depth. Water loss at greater depth was typically about 2000 gallons per day. Below approximately 60 ft bgs, no water returned to the surface from the boring during drilling. Total water loss over the six days of active drilling was approximately 10,750 gallons. Most of the water is believed to have been lost to the large fracture encountered at ~40 ft bgs. This inference is further supported by observed water-level spikes during drilling of the deep corehole in nearby borings CAP-3 (approximately 24 ft away) and 3-1 (approximately 90 ft away). CAP-3 recorded water-level increases of approximately 2.5 ft; the bottom of the boring is at approximately 197 ft msl, while the large fracture encountered in CH-1 is at an elevation of about 209 ft msl. Water levels at boring 3-1 increased approximately 2 ft during the wireline coring at CH-1; the bottom of 3-1 is at an elevation of approximately 221 ft msl.

Additional evidence that the fracture at about 40 ft bgs was the principal sink for the drilling water was seen during well development. The screened well spanning this interval (CH-1S) was developed by means of a Waterra footvalve pump over a period of several hours. Approximately 160 gallons, equivalent to about 150 well volumes, were removed from the well. The discharge remained extremely turbid throughout development. Subsequent low-flow sampling of the well for chemical analysis also showed very high turbidity. The turbidity is most likely due to the drill cuttings that were carried into the fracture as it took in drilling water.

5.10.4 Summary of observations on the core

A descriptive core log is provided in Appendix L.

Key observations from the core logs are:

1. Numerous mineralized fractures in the granite were observed. The core is not oriented, but fracture strikes and dips were inferred relative to foliation, which is assumed to be fairly uniform in the study area. Orientations are consistent with dominant fracture sets measured from surface outcrops. These are:

- a. striking northwest-southeast, dipping southwest (note: this orientation corresponds to the 'big' valley feature on Shepley's Hill in the area on which this investigation is focused);
- b. striking northeast-southwest, dipping southeast;
- c. sub-horizontal to moderately dipping (to the southeast), sheeting fractures, particularly prominent in the upper ~50 feet of core;

Less frequent fractures were identified with N-S and E-W strikes.

- 2. Apparently open fractures are observed frequently in the upper ~50 feet of core. Density of open fractures generally decreases with increasing depth in borehole. However, open fractures were observed as deep as ~120 feet.
- 3. Open fractures show evidence of water-rock interaction. Alteration around fracture surfaces is well defined by bands of iron oxide varying in width from a few mm to several cm (an example is shown in Fig. 5.10.3-1). Iron oxidation on heavily weathered fracture surfaces ranges in color from deep brown-black to yellow, yellow-orange, and red. An unidentified green phase was also observed on fracture surfaces. Other secondary phases, formed by low-temperature aqueous alteration, may be present.
- 4. Fractures are often surrounded by a 'bleached' zone, lighter in color than the surrounding matrix, believed to be indicative of hydrothermal alteration (Fig. 5.10.3-2), i.e., interaction with hot fluids. Bleached zones are also observed around filled (mineralized) fractures that are not open. We infer that the hydrothermal alteration was early in the history of these rocks, and that some of those fractures remained open or were reactivated in recent times, such that the modern weathering (most notably, the Fe-oxide staining) is superposed on the bleaching.
- 5. Some parts of the core contained numerous cross-cutting filled fractures, inferred to represent multiple episodes of mineralization. These features are described on the rock core log (App. L) as 'stockwork.' This term is commonly used to refer to thin, closely spaced, randomly oriented or structurally controlled veins associated with ore deposits.
- 6. Some fracture surfaces are thinly coated with calcite, and some have a thin layer of dark green chlorite. Some of the mineralized fractures contain calcite, but most appear to be filled with quartz. Calcite was positively identified during core logging by testing with dilute hydrochloric acid.
- 7. Macroscopic sulfide minerals are observed; both gold- and silver-colored sulfide phases are visible. These phases are found along mineralized veins (Fig. 5.10.3-3) and also disseminated within the granitic matrix as an interstitial filling and as discrete, euhedral crystals visible with a hand lens.

5.10.5 Well installation

A well couplet was installed in corehole CH-1. Screen intervals were targeted at fractured intervals of interest as identified by inspection of the recovered core. A 1.5-inch-diameter PVC well was placed in the deep interval 85 to 95 ft bgs (CH-1D), with a 10-slot screen. This interval was selected for a permanent well because of the observation of both a near-vertical fracture and a sub-horizontal fracture in close proximity, representing a possible key intersection in the fracture network. A deep screen is of particular interest with respect to the groundwater chemistry, because the deep core appears to exhibit a greater prevalence of unaltered sulfide minerals. In addition, water at depth is expected to have a longer residence time from its origin in upgradient recharge, and therefore more time to interact with the bedrock mineralogy, than does shallow groundwater. A 1-inch diameter well was placed in the CH-1 boring across the shallow interval 36 to 41 ft bgs (CH-1S), again with a 10-slot screen. The shallow interval was chosen to span the very large sub-horizontal fracture encountered around 39-40 ft bgs. Well construction diagrams are included in Appendix K.

Both the shallow and deep wells in the corehole were developed approximately one week after well construction. The wells were purged with a footvalve pump, using a powered device attached to the outer protective casing to oscillate the tubing. When the pump inlet was placed at the screen depth in the deep hole (CH-1D, 85-95 ft bgs), the valve would jam, and no water could be removed. However, the footvalve functioned properly if placed at a shallower depth, a few feet below the free surface in the riser. Therefore, the well was purged with the pump inlet well above the screen. CH-1D drew down rapidly, and the purge was accomplished by continually lowering the footvalve to follow the falling free surface. Approximately 30 gallons, or about 3 well volumes, were removed in this fashion. The water ran clear at the end of the purge. The shallow well, CH-1S (36-41 ft bgs) pumped readily with little drawdown. A total of approximately 160 gallons was removed from this well, or about 150 well volumes. The water continued to be very turbid, even at the end of this aggressive purge, which can be ascribed to the very large volume of drilling water (>10,000 gallons) and associated cuttings believed to have been lost primarily to this interval.

5.11 Water levels in screened wells

Recording transducers were deployed on February 5, 2010, in three of the new monitoring wells installed during this investigation. While transducers placed in open borings (Sec. 5.6.2) record the net effect of all water-bearing fractures that intersect the hole, those placed in monitoring wells are targeted at specific fractures spanned by the screened intervals (Secs. 5.9 and 5.10.5). Transducers were installed in boring Q4-1 and in the deep corehole well pair, CH-1S/D. Q4-1 lies approximately 97 ft upgradient of CH1-S/D. These placements afford an opportunity to compare the water-level response of a shallow boring on the elevated portion of the hill (Q4-1) to those of the shallow and deep screens at the toe of the slope. In addition, transducers deployed in overburden monitoring well SHP-99-29X, located approximately 250 ft ENE of CH-1, and in the

bedrock/overburden piezometer pair N5-P1/P2, located approximately 520 ft ENE of CH-1, were available over the same period.

The transducers were downloaded on September 24, 2010. The complete data are included in Appendix I in spreadsheet format. The period from February to September, 2010, encompassed an unusually wet late winter / early spring and an unusually hot, dry summer. If precipitation were distributed uniformly throughout the year, the long-term monthly average would be about 4 inches per month. Precipitation in February and March, 2010, was 5.25 in and 11.28 in, respectively. Average rainfall from April through September, 2010, was 2.8 inches per month.

Figure 5.11-1 shows the water elevations at Q4-1, CH-1S/D, SHP-99-29X, and N5-P1/P2 for the period February through September, 2010. In addition, the figure shows daily precipitation recorded at Fitchburg, MA, approximately 8 mi west of the site. The records show some of the significant differences between the response of the bedrock aquifer in the recharge area on the hill and the responses at downgradient locations in both bedrock and overburden.

Q4-1 shows sharp responses to the large precipitation events of February and March, with the water level rising as much as 8 ft within a few hours, and subsequently falling to prerainfall levels within a few days. The shallow fractured rock near or at the surface on the hill is evidently recharged readily by rapid infiltration. The magnitude of the response is large due to the relatively low fracture porosity, typically assumed to be of the order of 0.02 in fractured crystalline rock. The system drains rapidly due to its relatively high hydraulic diffusivity. The water level at this location declined monotonically from late April through June, when the water level fell below the transducer depth (as shown by the flat response in the latter part of the record). It is interesting to note that numerous smaller precipitation events (<0.5 in) during this period are not discernible in the water level record, suggesting that evapotranspiration was sufficiently high during these warmer months that little, if any, of the precipitation falling on the hill went to recharge. Recharge in 2010 appears to be dominated by contributions in late winter and early spring.

CH-1S and CH-1D exhibit water-level changes that mirror very closely those recorded at Q4-1. Peaks and declines associated with the February and March precipitation events are similar in their timing, but the amplitude of the head changes at the foot of the hillslope is notably smaller. The first jump in water levels shown in the plots is approximately 8 ft at Q4-1, 4 ft at CH-1D, and 3 ft at CH-1S. The total drop in water levels from their peak in April until the water level in Q4-1 fell below the transducer around July 1 was about 21 ft at Q4-1, 12 ft at CH-1D, and 17 ft at CH-1S.

The transducer record for SHP-99-29X is highly erratic, and bears little resemblance to either the response upgradient (e.g., at CH-1) or downgradient (e.g., at N5). The noisy interval of this record persists throughout the period of higher water levels from March through June. It is speculated that the transducer was near or beyond its upper pressure limit when water levels were around 222 ft msl, and that this portion of the record is not

meaningful. The monotonic decline through the remainder of the summer is consistent with the response at other wells in the system.

At N5-P1 and –P2, the water levels over the same period are profoundly different. The individual recharge events that are evident in the records on (Q4-1) and adjacent to (CH-1) to the hill are not manifested in the water levels recorded at N5. This is because the N5 boring penetrates the landfill cap, which eliminates recharge locally. Water levels at N5 change in response to inputs from the margins of the landfill and from leakage from or to the underlying bedrock. Although the recharge in open areas surrounding the landfill is episodic, the transport of head changes and water is a diffusive process, and the "spiky" variations at the margins of the cap are damped out at N5, some 500 ft from the margin. It is interesting to note that the response at the shallow overburden screen, N5-P2, lags that in the deep bedrock screen, N5-P1. Both the minimum water level reached near March 1 and the maximum reached near May 1 were from one to two weeks later at N5-P2 than at N5-P1. The unconfined shallow overburden aquifer responds to the long-term, seasonal changes more slowly than does the semi-confined bedrock aquifer.

5.12 Location survey

Horizontal and vertical positions (X,Y,Z) of features of interest for this investigation were surveyed with a Leica TC 307 total station capable of distance measurement accuracy of 2 mm and an angle measurement accuracy of 7 seconds. Project features were first tied into existing site features, e.g., monitoring wells, on a relative basis. Elevations with respect to mean sea level NAD27 (North American Datum of 1927) were calculated for new features in order to be self-consistent with the pre-existing site well network. The survey efforts took place on several successive dates as the work progressed. Data for all features surveyed for this investigation are included as Appendix M. Features surveyed included stations where bedrock outcrop data was collected, beginning and end-points of geophysical survey lines, borehole and monitoring well locations, and elevations of monitoring well water level measurement points, typically the high-point on inner well riser or well casing. Following surveying, the water-level measuring points particular to each well were marked on the well casings with an indelible marker to insure consistency between measurement events. It should also be noted that in several instances, well casings became damaged and required replacement. This, in turn, required resurveying. The survey tables included in Appendix M include a comment field where such changes are noted.

6.0 BEDROCK MINERALOGY

Under the guidance of Gannett Fleming, two graduate students in the Department of Geological Sciences, University of Massachusetts/Amherst (UMass) performed a limited study of SHL bedrock mineralogy as part of the Bedrock Investigation. This portion of the overall effort was performed in two phases. In the first phase of this work, samples were taken from existing SHL bedrock cores that are currently stored at Devens. The second phase of the study focused exclusively on samples from the deep core that was obtained under this Bedrock Investigation. Locations of the core samples examined are shown on Figure 6.0-1. The following sub-sections describe key results of the petrographic analyses. The full data reports from UMass are included as Appendix N.

6.1 Phase I: Analysis of existing SHL cores

6.1.1 Objectives

Selected samples from archived SHL bedrock cores were analyzed at the UMass/Amherst Department of Geological Sciences under the direction of Gannett Fleming personnel. These cores, currently stored at Devens, have not been analyzed previously, and little quantitative information on mineralogy in bedrock underlying SHL is available. For this initial reconnaissance, samples were examined by scanning electron microscopy with an energy-dispersive spectrometer (SEM/EDS), followed by more quantitative analysis by electron microprobe (EM).

The primary objectives of this work were:

- to identify mineral phases, such as iron or manganese oxides or sulfides, that may play a critical role in determining arsenic behavior in SHL groundwater
- to quantify arsenic concentrations in such phases
- to examine fracture surfaces for evidence of rock-water interaction

6.1.2 Methods

The number of samples analyzed in Phase I of the SHL bedrock mineralogy study was limited. Ideally, it would have been preferable to analyze a larger number of samples, taken from all of the existing cores, in order to capture the mineralogical variability that is likely present in SHL bedrock. However, the limited scope of this study permitted the examination of a relatively small fraction of the available material. Therefore, these results should be interpreted accordingly.

Given the small number of samples scoped in this study, the selection of cores for mineralogical analyses attempted to maximize spatial coverage of sampling locations. In addition, samples were selected to ensure that the key bedrock lithologies beneath SHL were represented. These units are the metasediments of the Berwick Formation (late

Silurian), and the Ayer Granodiorite and the Chelmsford Granite (both Devonian). The cores sampled for this work are listed below.

Table 6.1.2-1. Cores sampled for Phase I petrographic analysis

CORE ID	LOCATION	LITHOLOGIC Description (1)	LITHOLOGIC UNIT [2]
SHM-93-10C	southeast of Red Cove	Description [1] Dark gray, well-bedded to massive meta-mudstone with boudins / brecciated layers	Berwick / Oakdale Fm
SHP-99-29X	western edge of landfill	Well-foliated, medium to coarse- grained granite gneiss. Lots of compositional variation due to varying amounts of bt and qtz. Secondary muscovite.	Sheared Ayer Granite
SHM-93-22C	toe of landfill	Light-beige medium-coarse grained granite gneiss	Sheared Chelmsford Granite
N2-P1	northwest side of Red Cove	Well foliated, equigranular qtz- fsp-bt gneiss	Sheared (fine- grained?) Ayer Granite
N5-P1	central landfill, approximately halfway between Shepley's Hill and Red Cove	Well-foliated / sheared med-coarse grained qtz-fsp-bt granite with secondary muscovite flakes.	Sheared med-grained Chelmsford Granite
N7-P1	north end of landfill	Well banded mudstone and quartzite with sub- centimeter-scale alternating whitish quartzite and dark gray phyllite / mudstone "beds" / laminations.	Oakdale Formation?

- [1] Lithologic descriptions are from field notes provided to EPA and GF by J. Kopera (Office of the Massachusetts State Geologist), 3/23/2007. Mineral abbreviations are: qtz, quartz; fsp, feldspar; bt, biotite.
- [2] Identification of lithologic units is tentative and is based on information from J. Kopera (from Kopera, 2006).

The first step in selecting samples for analysis consisted of visual examination of the cores, for macroscopic structure and texture, and for the presence of fractures showing evidence of alteration (e.g., Fe-staining or mineralization). The overall goal of this work was to characterize arsenic-bearing phases, particularly where such phases may indicate low-temperature, water-rock reactions. Macroscopic evidence of alteration along fracture surfaces in the SHL cores occurs as discrete zones of iron staining up to a few centimeters wide on either side of the fracture plane (Fig. 6.1.2-1). Accordingly, areas of interest were marked on the cores and included fractures showing evidence of alteration as well as adjacent, unaltered rock.

Thin sections were cut from these areas and examined optically by transmitted light, for mineral texture, location of fractures and vein fillings, and presence and distribution of opaque sulfide minerals. An example, from the SHP-99-29X core, is shown in Figure 6.1.2-2.

Scanning electron microscopy (SEM) was used to locate areas of interest on the thin sections. These were primarily zones showing arsenic enrichment. The SEM yields qualitative analytical information, in either of two ways:

- Element maps: an image showing areas of the sample surface having a higher concentration of an element of interest than the surrounding matrix. Only one element can be imaged in this manner at a time. An example is shown in Figures 6.1.2-3(a) and 6.1.2-3(b).
- Energy-dispersive spectra: multiple elements are identified in a relatively small area of interest on a sample surface. Peak heights cannot be used to quantify phase compositions, but elemental components may provide insight into mineral identification (Fig. 6.1.2-4(a) and 6.1.2-4(b)).

Neither of these methods is quantitative, but the results were used to pinpoint locations for more detailed analysis by electron microprobe (EM).

The electron microprobe was used for quantitative analysis of key areas of interest, such as discrete arsenic-rich crystals (Fig. 6.1.2-5) or vein-filling material showing arsenic enrichment on the element maps (Figs. 6.1.2-6(a) through 6.1.2-6(d)).

The EM data corresponding to the points shown on Target Area F, Figure 6.1.2-5 are:

Normalized wt% in sulfide						
Map F	As	Cu	Fe	S	Ni	Total
1	45.6487	0	34.423	19.8968	0.0315	100
4	45.3614	0.0117	34.4416	20.1564	0.0288	100
5	43.3342	0.0292	35.1241	21.5017	0.0107	100
6	44.1268	0.0211	34.8009	21.0176	0.0335	100
7	44.5468	0	34.8517	20.564	0.0375	100

These data are converted to atom percentages, which correspond to the mole fractions:

Concentration (atom %) in sulfide							
Map F	As	Cu	Fe	S	Ni	Total	
1	32.9912	0	33.3754	33.6044	0.0291	100.00	
4	32.6997	0.01	33.308	33.9558	0.0265	100.00	
5	30.7879	0.0245	33.4781	35.6998	0.0097	100.00	
6	31.5196	0.0178	33.3484	35.0837	0.0306	100.00	
7	31.9547	0	33.5389	34.4722	0.0343	100.00	

The molar ratios of As, Fe, and S are nearly 1:1:1, as expected for the stoichiometry of arsenopyrite, FeAsS. It is noted that trace amounts (< 0.1%) of Cu and Ni are also present. The molar ratios of As, Fe, and S were generally consistent from crystal to crystal within a sample, and between samples. The amounts of Cu and Ni were also consistently low, < 0.1%. These data are consistent with the identification of arsenopyrite.

6.1.3 Phase I results

Key results and observations from the Phase I work are summarized here:

- The occurrence of arsenic in some of the SHL bedrock samples examined in this study was described by the UMass investigators as "pervasive." However, obtaining a representative, quantitative concentration of arsenic in these lithologies would be difficult, given the heterogeneous distribution of the host phases. Any bulk-rock arsenic concentration will be a function of the scale of sampling. Quantification of the mass of arsenopyrite in the SHL bedrock lithologies would require substantial additional coring, sampling of those cores, and mineralogical analysis. Although the results presented here are from an extremely limited study, it is important to note that arsenic was frequently observed in two of the cores (SHP-99-29X and N5) analyzed at UMass.
- Arsenopyrite (FeAsS) is confirmed and is common in bedrock from SHP-99-29X. Arsenopyrite was also identified in the N5 core. However, all other samples selected for this study (SHM-93-10C, N2, N7, and SHM-93-22C) showed little or no arsenic mineralogy.

- Three primary modes of occurrence are observed:
 - 1. *In crystalline phases*. Pristine euhedral crystals composed mainly of Fe, As, and S are found in samples from SHP-99-29X core (e.g., Figs. 6.1.2-4(a) and 6.1.2-4(b)). From the molar concentrations of these elements obtained by EM analysis, this phase has been positively identified as arsenopyrite, FeAsS. This mineral was likely formed in the Ayer and Chelmsford granites by metasomatic processes (involving the exchange of fluids at elevated temperature and pressure).
 - 2. *In vein fillings*. Arsenic is noted in vein fillings, in conjunction with elements found in the granitic matrix (e.g. Na, Ca, K; Figs. 6.1.2-6(a) through 6.1.2-6(d)). This observation suggests that the arsenic precipitated through reactions between minerals in the host rock (primarily alkali and plagioclase feldspars) and late-stage hydrothermal fluids. Also, it appears that multiple episodes of vein-filling mineralization occurred, although the timing of these events is unknown.
 - 3. *In micro-cracks and along grain boundaries*. Arsenic associated with silicates has been observed along anastomosing grain boundaries between the matrix quartz and feldspars. We speculate that this may be the result of hydrothermal alteration and subsequent metamorphic processes. It is possible that arsenic (as As⁺³/As⁺⁵) is substituting for silicon (Si⁺⁴) and/or aluminum (Al⁺³) in the silicate minerals.
- The arsenopyrite is likely not primary, i.e., not igneous in origin, because the euhedral shapes (showing well-developed crystal edges and crystal faces; Fig. 6.1.2-4(a)) do not show signs of weathering, as might be expected from later metasomatic reactions, and because they exhibit a preferred orientation that is consistent with metamorphism.
- Iron oxidation is often evident along brittle fractures for example, between quartz veins and the metamorphosed granite matrix. Iron oxidation is also visible in the granite matrix in the absence of quartz veins.
- Fractures are present at all length scales (from microscopic, as seen in the EM and SEM images, to macroscopic, cross-cutting the cores).
- Some arsenic-substituted pyrite is present.
- Arsenic is present in silicate grains adjacent to arsenopyrite crystals. The arsenic concentration in quartz next to arsenopyrite is lower than the arsenic concentration in adjacent feldspars. The mechanism by which arsenic is incorporated into these silicate crystal structures is unknown at this time but we

speculate that it may involve a coupled substitution of As³⁺/As⁵⁺ for Si⁴⁺ and/or Al³⁺.

- Arsenopyrite crystals in or near fractures tend to be more physically and chemically degraded than arsenopyrite crystals in the granitic matrix.
- Other minerals e.g., K-feldspar also show significant chemical alteration near fractures.
- Sulfide phases located on fractures showing evidence of oxidation appear to lose some Fe and As to surrounding mineral grains, while sulfides located away from oxidized fractures are unaffected.
- Fractures often contain a phase or phases composed of As, Fe, and Ca, with no Si or S. Since the electron microprobe results for hydrous or hydrated phases are often unreliable, those phases cannot be identified with any certainty. This material may be a mixture of carbonate and Fe/Mn-oxide or oxyhydroxide phases with sorbed As; alternatively, this mixture may be composed of Fe- and Ca- (and possibly other cations) arsenates.

The possibility that the As-Fe-Ca material represents alteration of arsenopyrite to phases such as scorodite (Fe³⁺AsO₄·2H₂O), pharmacolite (CaHAsO₄·2H₂O), and/or other Fe- and Ca-arsenates cannot be ruled out. These phases, if present in the fracture fillings that were observed during the microprobe analysis, may be key indicators of low-temperature, water-rock reactions responsible for mobilizing As from arsenopyrite into more soluble forms, e.g. arsenates. Thin-section examination of the arsenopyrite seen in Figure 6.1.2-5 suggests that this mineral occurs in an area that appears to have been affected by hydrothermal fluids and is adjacent to a quartz vein. Iron and arsenic appear to have been mobilized from the crystal into the adjacent microcrack by fluid interaction, as the vein filling at points 8b and 11 in this photomicrograph report detectable concentrations of both elements (Figs. 6.1.3-1(a) and 6.1.3-1(b)).

6.2 Phase II: Analysis of deep core

6.2.1 Motivation

Although this reconnaissance was limited in scope, the purpose of this work was to examine the new core for As-bearing mineral phases such as primary and secondary oxides and sulfides, and to assess the distribution of these phases with respect to fracture surfaces and vein fillings. Specific questions that this investigation attempted to address were:

1. What discrete arsenic minerals are present? The identification of arsenopyrite in bedrock core samples from SHP-99-29X and N5 (Sec. 6.1) suggested the possible occurrence of As-bearing sulfides at the new core location.

- 2. What evidence of rock-water interaction is observed on the microscopic scale? In this investigation, the core from location CH-1 shows evidence of significant aqueous alteration, primarily as well-defined bands of iron oxidation, along some of the larger, open fractures (for example, Fig. 5.10.3-1). In addition, microcracks filled with iron oxidation also contain significant concentrations of arsenic. Figures 6.1.3-1(a) and 6.1.3-1(b) show an arsenopyrite crystal adjacent to a microcrack filled with one or more apparent alteration products and containing significant concentrations of Fe and As. Of key interest is the possible presence in this altered material of secondary As phases (e.g., scorodite, FeAsO₄ 2H₂O) formed by dissolution and reprecipitation processes due to groundwater flow through the bedrock fracture network.
- 3. What elements are associated with As on fracture surfaces, grain boundaries, and in adjacent "bleached" zones surrounding fractures? Although SEM/EDS analysis does not provide unequivocal mineralogical information, the occurrence of As with other elements or suites of elements may be useful for developing and supporting a conceptual geochemical model for this site.
- 4. What can be concluded about the distribution of arsenic as a function of increasing depth in the core? Despite the limited number of samples, it was hoped that this scoping study might provide some information on large-scale changes in the presence and distribution of arsenic from the top of bedrock to the bottom of the core.
- 5. Can the information obtained in this study be used to interpret the relative timing of tectonic/hydrothermal events that resulted in fracturing of the granite, mineralization by As-bearing fluids, and subsequent low-temperature, late-stage mobilization of arsenic? A comprehensive geological interpretation was beyond the scope of this investigation. This limited analysis was designed to provide some insight into the relations between episodes of fracturing and mineralization, particularly with respect to arsenic behavior.

6.2.2 Deep core mineralogical analysis

A limited number of samples of the new core were sent to the Geosciences Department at the University of Massachusetts in Amherst for analysis by the same students who performed a similar scoping study of samples from other, existing SHL cores (Sec. 6.1). In consultation with Gannett Fleming personnel, these students selected samples of the deep core for analysis by scanning electron microscopy (SEM) with energy-dispersive x-ray spectroscopy (EDS). This approach was chosen due to the relative efficiency with which samples could be scanned for evidence of minerals containing arsenic and other metals. When the SEM is operated in the backscattered-electron (BSE) imaging mode, phases containing high-atomic-number elements show up as bright areas, allowing the viewer to focus rapidly on portions of the sample containing arsenic, iron, manganese,

and other transition metals. Chemical composition is obtained either by element mapping, in which zones containing a high concentration of an element of interest are visible as bright areas, or by measurement of the energies of the x-rays that are emitted when the sample is exposed to the SEM's electron beam. The SEM is primarily an imaging tool, and detection limits are higher than those that were obtained with the electron microprobe in the previous study of SHL core. Detection limits for this portion of the bedrock mineralogy work are estimated to be in the range of 1000 to 10000 mg/kg (0.1 to 1 wt %).

Neither the element maps nor the energy-dispersive x-ray scans provide structural (i.e., crystallographic) information, so minerals cannot be identified with absolute certainty. Also, minerals with identical compositions but different crystal structures cannot be distinguished solely on the basis of EDS information. Nevertheless, the chemical information collected using the SEM provides valuable insights into the distribution of arsenic in the deep SHL core.

6.2.3 Phase II results

For this study, eight samples representing the three dominant fracture orientations were selected from the deep core.

Table 6.2.3-1. Samples for petrographic analysis of deep core

FOOTAGE IN CORE	FRACTURE DESCRIPTION	SEM/EDS TARGET	OBSERVATIONS
23.6-23.8	oxidized subhorizontal sheeting-fracture- rich zone	orange-red mineralized fracture surfaces with fine- grained metallic xls (possibly pyrite); also, calcite on fracture surface subparallel to the sheeting joint	 As-bearing/ REE-phosphates present in limited concentration; may be associated with a relatively old generation of healed veins Fe + Si precipitates and Fe + Mg oxides dominate the most modern generation of fractures and are associated with reddish-orange staining Localized Asbearing Fe-oxides in

			some fractures
24.8-25.1	oxidized subhorizontal sheeting fracture	reddish-brown coating with earthy luster on mineralized fracture surface; similar material extends ~1.5 to 2 cm away from fracture surface.	 As-bearing Feoxides present as anhedral clots and precipitates in open fractures (Fig. 6.2.3-1) Polymineralic clots of Fe- and Tioxides and REE-phosphates present, possibly an earlier generation of mineralization associated with metamorphic foliation As-bearing Feoxides present along some fracture surfaces, not in high concentration as independent phases
~39.3	v. large fracture zone, dip 22° SE, strike parallel to foliation	Reddish-brown Fe- oxide band around fracture surface, bleached zone grading into unaltered matrix	 Fe- and Ti-oxides dominate and are largely associated with staining present on surfaces As-bearing Fe-oxides may be present along some fractures
~87.3-87.5	intersection between near-vertical and NE-striking set of fractures	Dark reddish-brown mineralization on all fracture surfaces; no apparent differences in type of mineralization between the two fracture surfaces.	Same as for ~39.3-ft sample
88.9-89.4	subvertical fracture and horizontal fracture; subvertical fracture follows the trend of the major	heavily mineralized with orange-brown coating; host rock below the fracture surface is unaltered.	• As-bearing, "rubbly" fracture coatings present in high concentration, especially on steep

	tectonic fabric in the host meta-granite	Sheeting fracture surface has discontinuous calcite mineralization with orange-brown coating.	fractures (Fig. 6.2.3-2) • Preliminary data show As present with Ca, Si, Al, Fe, and Mg as a fine-grained coating
97.9-98.6	2 subhorizontal mineralized fractures	~97.9 ft: calcite precipitates, reddish-orange mineralization, and surface mats of very fine-grained arsenopyrite xls. ~98.6 ft: thin veils of chlorite sheeting; less commonly, calcite. Sections of this surface also have a brighter green mineralization invading subvertical micro-cracks.	 As-bearing oxides with Si, Fe, and Ca in healed vein and fracture networks that are very common at these depths Complex veining structures that include brecciated silicate phases are hosted by Asenriched Ca- and Fe-cements Arsenopyrite common as anhedral matrix phase. Grains near the margins of open fractures are typically deeply embayed and connected to Asbearing Fe-oxide veins (Figs. 6.2.3-3 through 6.2.3-6).
122.9-123	Slickenside-bearing fracture surface (NE-striking fracture set)	Mineralization on fracture surface has light greenish-brown hue and slightly vitreous luster; Mineralization does not persist in the host rock below the fracture surface.	 Subhedral to anhedral Fe, Ti, Cu, Mg oxides present at this sampling depth As-bearing phases not present despite common Fe-oxides and sulfides; element mapping along 1-3 micrometer-width microfractures suggests that As-

			bearing precipitates are present in some areas
125.5-125.7	dark green chlorite- bearing fracture surface	Chlorite is entirely restricted to this fracture surface though there is some evidence for late mineralization, also chlorite, within subvertical fractures in the same segment of the core.	• Fe+Ti-bearing oxides are very common as subhedral to anhedral grains among silicate matrix phases • Element mapping and EDS suggest that As-bearing phases are present along fractures and are associated with Fe-oxides (some in calcite veins) (Fig. 6.2.3-7(a) and (b).

Note: xls = crystals; REE = rare-earth elements

6.3 Preliminary x-ray diffraction results

In addition to the analyses by SEM/EDS, samples of the deep bedrock core were also examined at UMass by x-ray diffraction (XRD). The XRD results, summarized here, are preliminary and should be interpreted accordingly. These analyses were not part of the Scope of Work for the mineralogical portion of the SHL Bedrock Investigation, but were performed by the UMass students in a further effort to provide unequivocal identification of secondary arsenic-bearing phases, particularly in fracture coatings that appeared to show evidence of aqueous alteration. These secondary phases represent intermediate steps between arsenopyrite in the bedrock and mobilization of arsenic to groundwater in the SHL system.

Many of the XRD patterns confirm the presence of poorly crystalline Fe (oxy)hydroxides and Mn (hydr-)oxides. A broad band with d-spacings between ~2.8 angstroms and 2.5 angstroms and an additional peak at approximately ~1.7 angstroms was not positively identified. However, some coatings that appeared to be slightly more crystalline produced more reliable XRD patterns.

Despite the preliminary nature of this portion of the mineralogical study, three major findings are summarized here. These observations suggest that additional x-ray diffraction analyses of the SHL bedrock core would constrain better the unequivocal identification of secondary alteration phases:

- 1. Material was sampled from the immediate vicinity of anhedral arsenopyrite crystals that appear to be breaking down. X- ray diffraction patterns from these samples match the mineral scorodite (Fe³⁺AsO₄·2H₂O) very well. This mineral is typically 32.3-32.6 wt% As, and this also matches the EM data from N5 samples. Although estimates for the solubility of this phase vary, order-of-magnitude total arsenic concentration in aqueous solutions in equilibrium with scorodite ranges from approximately 1 mg/L to >10 mg/L (Magalhaes, 2002; Bluteau and Demopoulos, 2007).
- 2. Fe-rich / Mn-rich \pm Ca coatings that are more crystalline but not directly associated with pyrite or arsenopyrite produced patterns that broadly match three different minerals:
 - arsenoclasite, $Mn_5(AsO_4)_2(OH)_4$
 - camgasite, CaMg(AsO₄)(OH)·5(H₂O)
 - sarmientite, $Fe_2^{3+}(AsO_4)(SO_4)(OH) \cdot 5(H_2O)$
- 3. Where Fe + Mg + Mn + alkali elements (especially Ca, Na, and K) were observed in some of the breccia-like veins in the deep core, the XRD pattern is consistent with the mineral grishunite, NaCa₂Mn₅²⁺Fe³⁺(AsO₄)₆·2(H₂O). A coupled substitution (Na for K and Mn for Mg) that can occur with this mineral may explain some of the compositional variation observed in these coatings, but the XRD data are not definitive. Numerous small clasts of quartz and feldspar in these fracture coatings may be interfering with the interpretation of the XRD patterns of this material.

These results were obtained from an extremely limited reconnaissance study, in an attempt to use XRD for more definitive identification of secondary arsenic minerals, particularly those that might have formed through weathering of arsenopyrite. Nevertheless, the apparent identification of scorodite and, tentatively, numerous other hydrous or hydrated arsenate minerals, is consistent with the aqueous, low-temperature alteration of arsenopyrite and mobilization of arsenic to other, more soluble, phases.

6.4 Conclusions from mineralogical analysis

- 1. Arsenic is present in the deep core samples in numerous forms. These include:
 - arsenopyrite (identification based on brightness in backscattered-electron images, overall high relief, and high counts for Fe, As, and S in the energy-dispersive spectra)
 - associated with Fe- and Fe-Mg oxides
 - in a tentatively identified, Mg-rich carbonate phase
 - in phosphate grains
 - in association with elements that are typical of silicate minerals (Ca, K, Si, Al), although the nature of this association i.e., sorbed vs. structurally incorporated is unclear.

- 2. Arsenopyrite occurs in samples from the deep core as an anhedral, matrix-filling phase. Euhedral or subhedral crystals (as seen in bedrock from the SHP-99-29X and N5 cores) were not observed in samples from the deep core.
- 3. As-bearing Fe-oxides are observed in open fractures and are also found immediately adjacent to arsenopyrite grains with embayed or corroded edges. This association is consistent with the aqueous alteration of arsenopyrite to Fe-oxide with sorbed arsenic.
- 4. Additional SEM and XRD studies would constrain better the trace minerals present in these samples. Unequivocal identification of some of these phases was not possible using the approach adopted for this investigation; however, additional work may yield insights into the nature of the crystal structures hosting the arsenic.
- 5. Phases containing other metals, including copper, cobalt, tungsten, titanium, and gold, were also observed in samples from the deep core.
- 6. Given the paucity of data at this time, it is not possible to interpret these results in an accurate chronology of the metamorphic and metasomatic history of the Chelmsford Granite. Any hypothesized processes that mobilized arsenic cannot be associated with specific tectonic or metamorphic events based on the available information. Nevertheless, the observations summarized here clearly indicate that arsenic is associated with calcium- and iron-rich vein fillings and with immediately adjacent silicate minerals.

It is beyond the scope of this portion of the Bedrock Investigation to address all of the questions raised by these results. The pressure-temperature conditions and timing of the metamorphic events to which the SHL bedrock units have been subjected cannot be resolved without significantly more investigation. The origin(s) of the hydrothermal fluid(s) cannot be determined from this limited study. Nevertheless, this work directly addresses some of the issues brought to light by previous investigators.

Previous investigations have qualitatively identified sulfides in the SHL system. Arsenopyrite and As-bearing pyrite were reported from a sample of granite from a gravel pile on Devens (letter report from M. Williams, Dept. of Geosciences, UMass/Amherst to M. Deuger, Army BRAC Office, May 8, 1996). While it may be assumed that this gravel was locally derived, its source is unknown. In a scoping study of three samples from outcrops on Shepley's Hill, EPA/ORD personnel reported finding As associated with metal oxides and As bound to sulfur in phases similar to orpiment and arsenopyrite. This work was reported in an informal memorandum from EPA (T. Luxton et al., 2008) to Gannett Fleming. In the SHL Supplemental Groundwater Investigation (SGI; Harding ESE, 2003), pyrite is described in SHL cores but apparently this phase was identified by visual inspection only. It is noted that the pyrite reported in the SGI occurs as discrete inclusions in quartz and feldspar, in thin 'quartz-pyrite veinlets' (presumably mineralized

veins or fractures), and finely disseminated within the bedrock matrix, similar to observations summarized here. The SGI also reported arsenic at 43 mg/kg in a rock chip from the N5 core and noted that this concentration is 'significantly higher' than average values from the literature for crustal or igneous rocks but not unusual for pegmatitic rocks in this part of New England. The specific mineral phase(s) associated with this elevated arsenic was/were not identified.

This investigation yielded the first unequivocal identification of arsenopyrite in bedrock cores from SHL. The presence of arsenic in arsenopyrite and in arsenopyrite alteration products in these bedrock cores clearly has important implications for the elevated groundwater concentrations at SHL.

7.0 Fracture Network

This section discusses the evolution of the CSM in terms of the fracture network which emerges through examination of geologic information at the three scales of investigation selected for this study. As it is used here, the term "fracture network" is described principally in terms of properties and characteristics of the bedrock and fractures observed or measured at the site. A central premise for the approach taken in this study is that the inherent properties of the bedrock system at the site - particularly the interconnected fracture network - dictate the resulting groundwater flow regime. Just as detailed piping diagrams are essential to describing water flow in engineered systems, such as household plumbing, it follows then that in order to understand a bedrock flow system at a given scale, at a given level of detail, the fracture system must first be "mapped out" at that scale to the degree possible. Given the limited and relatively expensive tools available to present-day bedrock investigators, a high level of resolution is difficult to achieve, but the level of resolution attained in mapping the fracture network will ultimately determine the level of resolution achievable for other elements and processes of the CSM which are dependent on the fracture network, such as groundwater flow and contaminant transport in the dissolved phase. In other words, the fracture network is integral to everything at a bedrock site. The level of uncertainty in the understanding of the fracture network will be reflected in all other aspects of the CSM. In an effort to highlight the importance of the geologic fracture network with respect to developing a robust overall CSM at a bedrock site, a new term is proposed. Hereafter, we will refer to this distinct element of the CSM as the geologic fracture model (GFM). Depending on the level of resolution afforded by the data set, the GFM may be described in words, conceptual diagrams or a series of two-dimensional representations such as cross-sectional diagrams or fence diagrams. Ideally, if the degree of area coverage and the levels of resolution on the data set are sufficient, a three-dimensional digital representation at the site scale may be able to be constructed.

The sub-regional scale GFM is first discussed, in the context of an area roughly 25 miles square. Next, the GFM is viewed and discussed from the perspective of the "Shepley's Hill scale" (i.e., approximately 200+ acres). Finally, the GFM is examined at the detailed site-scale, over an area roughly 300 feet by 500 feet.

Some types of geologic data were examined at all three scales of investigation. Other types of data were relied on more extensively for some, but not all scales. These specifics are discussed in the relevant subsections, below. However, several guiding principles are common to all of the scales of interest and warrant some discussion here. Geologic characteristics such as fracture patterns and related features which are revealed at smaller scales (i.e., regional to sub-regional features) are interpreted to be of major significance, and by definition strongly influence geologic characteristics at the larger (more detailed) scales. However, specific features or characteristics may or may not be readily observable at larger scales for a variety of reasons. For example, just as an east-west highway does not trend strictly east-west over its entire length, a regionally extensive geologic feature such as a fracture system or fault may vary significantly from the "average" orientation when viewed at a specific location at a larger scale. As such,

examination of geologic data at larger (more detailed) scales may introduce finer-scale details which appear at first viewing to be at odds with the overarching regional patterns. Some may represent unique features and orientations which are indeed only present at the site-scale, and others may simply reflect site-scale local variation of features which are oriented somewhat differently than the average regional-scale orientations, yet they form a common family of structures. It is important to note here that, while the following and foregoing discussions of the fracture network make several assertions regarding the origin of particular features or classes of fractures, a full assessment of the origin and geologic relationships is beyond the scope of this study. Rather, the goal here was simply to construct an empirical model of the fracture network based mostly on observation, and to vet this "fracture model" against subsequent data sets (e.g., hydrology, geochemistry), in order to ultimately construct a robust internally consistent conceptual site model incorporating all of the data. Since the primary purpose of the study was to examine groundwater flow and arsenic transport in the fractured rock aquifer, it is also important to note that certain characteristics of the bedrock were interpreted to be particularly important with respect to groundwater flow, and were thus assigned a greater level of importance in the overall hierarchy of fractures. Without any particular reference to scale of investigation, such characteristics include the following:

- long linear features indicated on maps or aerial imagery
- linear valley and ridge features
- abrupt or steep topographic escarpments
- fractures or joints with long strike length
- planar and/or smooth fractures or joints
- open fractures visible in core or outcrop
- conspicuous evidence of chemical weathering, such as iron or manganese oxide staining on outcrop, core, or rock chips from drillings.
- relatively large aperture fractures suggested by observations or geophysical data (e.g., ATV logs)
- zones of enhanced electrical conductivity (e.g., from electrical resistivity data)
- zones of increased fluid movement suggested from borehole geophysical logs
- zones of water loss or gain observed during borehole drilling
- shallow gently-dipping reflectors indicated by low-frequency GPR surveys;
- highly sheared or mylonitic zones

- breccia, slickensides or other evidence of displacement
- highly fractured regions where fractures zones of various orientations intersect
- veining and mineralization

7.1 Sub-regional fracture network

In an effort to gain an understanding of the fracture style potentially present at the subregional scale, and number of published materials were consulted including the following:

- topographic maps at 1:24,000 or 1:25,000 scale;
- surficial geologic mapping at 1:24,000 scale;
- bedrock geologic mapping at 1:24,000 scale;
- aerial photography at a variety of scales.

Features of significance identified from these sources were inspected in the field. Additional information concerning the geology at the sub-regional scale was communicated to the site team from representatives of the Office of the Massachusetts State Geologist (OMSG), particularly Mr. Jospeh Kopera, who was in the process of performing regional geologic mapping for the Ayer quadrangle during the time period data was being collected for the SHL BI. The project team benefitted from numerous informal discussions and examinations of outcrop and core with OMSG during sporadic periods of overlapping work.

An examination of Figure 7.1-1 illustrates the primary geologic and fracture features at the sub-regional scale. On average, a NE-SW regional strike is clearly indicated by this figure which corresponds to the regional trend of the Clinton-Newbury Fault Zone. However, a profound disruption of the average strike pattern occurs in the general area from Mirror Lake on the south to Long Pond to the north. In the area of disruption, which envelopes the site, the massive Ayer and Chelmsford granites and foliated granitoidal gneisses of the Devens gneiss complex (Devonian; Domain 2 of Kopera et. al., 2006) and the adjacent meta-sedimentary rocks of the Merrimack group (Silurian-Ordovician; Domain 1 of Kopera et. al., 2006) strike anomalously north-south before abruptly changing to a region which strikes ENE to WSW in the area near downtown Ayer, MA. Near Lost Pond, in Groton, MA, the "typical" NE-SW regional strike pattern is restored. It is of primary significance, as highlighted on Figure 7.1.-1, to note that Shepley's Hill itself is in the core of this anomalous sub-regional scale flexure. In fact, the southern portion of the Shepley's Hill upland is typified by north-south strikes while the northern segment strikes distinctly east-northeast. These trends are mirrored in the profile of the east side of the bedrock upland which exhibits a topographic character typical of glacially plucked uplands. The glacier has plucked the down-ice portions of

the hill, resulting in steep east-facing, north-south striking escarpments on the south portion of the hill; and southeast-facing, northeast-striking escarpments to the north, corresponding to the abrupt shift in the primary fabric of the rock, (i.e., foliation). Another feature of major significance is indicated by topography. There is a deeply incised notch which cuts through the northern portion of Shepley's Hill, striking northwest-southeast. The feature, which is highlighted on figure 7.1-1, corresponds with the change in bedrock strike, and also appears to possibly be associated with an unusually straight section of Nonacoicus Brook which strikes NW-SE for over 2000 feet from the vicinity northwest of Shepley's Hill to near the confluence of Nonacoicus Brook with the Nashua River. It appears that this lineament is en echelon with the similarly oriented structures which bisect Shepley's Hill. The aggregate strike length of this family of features is nearly 4000 feet. On the basis of these observations, the site team has provisionally designated this group of structures the Nona-Shep Fracture Zone. It is likely that these features represent a fault zone with demonstrable displacement. Another significant fracture zone is highlighted on Figure 7.1-1, which has been given the interim designation of the Disc Golf Fracture Zone. This series of fractures appears to be directly related to the north-south strike of the bedrock in the southern and western portions of Shepley's Hill. The feature, while mapped as a stratigraphic contact between the Chelmsford and Ayer granites (Kopera, 2008), is most likely a fault zone given its significant length and character. The fracture zone outcrops as a series of parallel escarpments on the western half of the Shepley's Hill upland. The escarpments are unusually abrupt, and exposures are commonly 10 feet or more in the vertical dimension. Similarly, strike length of the features which make up the zone are hundreds of feet in length; the aggregate strike length of the Disk Golf fracture zone is nearly 1500 feet. It is likely that the Nona-Shep and Disc Golf Fracture Zones are associated with the "hinge" zone in the northern part of Shepley's Hill where strike orientations change abruptly, and have perhaps resulted in order to accommodate stresses in this relatively more deformed region.

7.2 Shepley's Hill scale fracture network

Aerial photography at a variety of scales, data available from a LiDAR survey, and detailed topographic mapping were consulted to examine the fracture network at the scale of the greater Shepley's Hill area. While all of these formats were consulted, the project team relied most extensively on detailed topographic mapping provided by Mass Development Corporation at an approximate scale of 1:1680. This detailed topographic mapping was prepared using a contour interval of 2-feet, which proved to be reliable for identifying linear features mirrored in the site's topography. The site's specific characteristics, particularly the amount of exposed bedrock, and the abrupt angular nature of many of the bedrock exposures, enabled topography be an effective diagnostic tool for identifying linear features in bedrock which in most cases were confirmed in the field as joint surfaces or fracture sets. In many cases, entire outcrop faces on a scale of 50 feet or more were found to coincide with joint or fracture exposures.

As noted in Section 5.1.2, the linear trace analysis (LTA) method used for this method is most useful in identifying steeply-dipping or near-vertical fractures. As shown on Figure 5.1.2-1(a), the character of the fracturing at SHL consists of near-vertical or steeply-dipping fractures of several primary strike orientations, including the following:

- North-South;
- East-West;
- Northwest-Southeast;
- Northeast-Southwest.

North-south striking features, some with strike lengths of hundreds of feet, are visible across the site, and are most prominent in the southern and western portions of Shepley's hill. East-west striking features are less evident, but are significant in that they are observed within the central portion of the study area. Northeast-southwest striking linearity of various outcrops results from the ubiquitous foliation fabric (strikes NE-SW and dips $\sim 50^{0}$ NW). Although they are not as well expressed in topography, field mapping confirmed numerous additional fractures and joints also striking NE-SW, which occur in conjugate relationship to the foliation, and dip to the east at moderate angles. Steeply-dipping fractures of this strike orientation are also present. Lastly, a northwestto-southeast striking orientation is readily observed at the Shepley's Hill scale, including a major feature of this orientation which separates the northern third of Shepley's Hill from the southern two-thirds, and cuts directly through the heart of the study area. North-south striking fractures are of major significance at the Shepley's Hill scale. The Disc Golf Fracture Zone (Figs. 7.1-1 and 5.1.2-1(b)), is readily distinguishable on a variety of imagery formats and scales, and is expressed in the topography as a region of distinctive linear features, significant in terms of numbers of features, strike length and width of the overall zone normal to linear strike. Since these linear features are readily confirmed in the field, the significance of the group of features led the project team to provide a unique designation (i.e., provisionally, the "Disc Golf Fracture Zone"). These fractures are exposed in the field as steep linear escarpments which were used to advantage by the individuals who selected the layout for the Devens Disc Golf course, which uses the extreme topography to dramatic effect. For example, the Disc Golf Fracture Zone contains individual lineaments which are up to 500 feet or more in strike length. The aggregate length of the zone is on the order of 1500 feet and the overall width of the zone is approximately 250 feet. Fracture spacing within the Disc Golf Fracture Zone is on the order of 25 feet. It should be noted that within the aggregate width of the Disc Golf Fracture Zone, there are numerous second-order features with shorter strike lengths (in the range of 100-300 feet) that exhibit strike orientations which deviate slightly from the overall N-S direction to NNW-SSE strikes and NNE-SSW strikes. It is also significant to note that the eastern boundary of the Disc Golf Fracture Zone occurs near the topographic divide at the ridge crest. As such, the specific Disc Golf Fracture Zone itself does not appear to be hydraulically significant with respect to the groundwater regime within the study area, but rather, it is responsible for the topographic and hydrologic divide which occurs near the ridge crest. However, more

globally, a N-S striking fracture system appears to persist eastward of the Disk Golf Fracture Zone, and is interpreted to be of major importance with respect to the overall area at the Shepley's Hill scale, including the study area. Further examination of Figure 5.1.2-1(b) shows a regular N-S fracture pattern suggested by linear features with strike length on the order of 100-200 feet spaced semi-regularly on the order of 50-150 feet apart. These features appear to cross-cut by NW-SE striking fractures, particularly on the east side of the topographic divide. NW-SE striking fractures are discussed next.

Fractures with NW-SE strike are numerous and appear to be of major significance at the Shepley's Hill scale. A sizable feature of this orientation, with hundreds of feet of strike length, can be observed cutting across the northern portion of Shepley's Hill, extending southeastward through the study area before disappearing beneath overburden cover at the western edge of the landfill. As discussed above, in Section 7.1, the significance of this feature at the sub-regional scale led the investigators to assign a specific name to the feature, i.e., the Nona-Shep Fracture Zone. Similar to the Disc Golf Fracture Zone, the Nona-Shep Fracture Zone is readily observed at a variety of imagery types and scales. At the Shepley's Hill scale, the feature creates a broad irregular valley with an aggregate width on the order of 200 feet, which disrupts the N-S striking ridge crest. As discussed in Section 7.1, the feature appears to be part of an en echelon fracture system which may extend 2000 feet or more to the northwest. To the southeast, within the study area, the feature appears to step southward in en echelon fashion, before striking southeastward beneath the landfill cover system. These relationships will be discussed further in Section 7.3, below. Within the Nona-Shep Fracture Zone, individual fractures indicate strike lengths on the order of 200-400 feet, with lateral spacing on the order of 30 feet are observable on Figure 5.1.2-1(b). However, the density of fracturing within the Nona-Shep zone is believed to be much greater than this, given the presence of the major valley feature. A higher degree of fracturing is interpreted to occur here due to the lack of outrop and relatively thick soils deposits in an area otherwise consisting of bedrock exposures. Consistent with this interpretation, the higher degree of fracturing in the heart of the Nona-Shep Fracture Zone has allowed enhanced chemical and mechanical weathering which has effectively obfuscated many individual fracture sets at the ground surface.

Southward from the Nona-Shep Fracture Zone, the NW-SE striking system is regularly expressed in the rock mass, spaced at lateral intervals on the order of 200-300 feet apart, with strike lengths on the order of 300-500 feet. It is interesting to note, that while the NW-SE fractures appear to cross-cut N-S striking features on the east side of the ridge crest, the converse appears to be true on the western side of the topographic divide. In this part of Shepley's Hill, the Disc Golf Fracture Zone is the dominant feature, and appears to cross-cut the NW-SE striking sets.

NE-SW striking fracture zones are common at the site, but appear to be less prominent than the NW-SE and N-S sets. Individual linear strike lengths approach 400 feet in some cases, but are more typically in the 50-100 foot range. These features are spaced on the order of 25-75 feet apart, but are mainly evident in the northeastern part of the site, particularly near the eastern margin of the upland where glacial plucking has formed a

steep NE-SW striking outcrop face with an aggregate length of over 1000 feet. Elsewhere in the Shepley's Hill region, the steeply-dipping NE-SE striking features are not well expressed in the site topography, which suggests that this orientation may be less significant hydraulically. Moderately-dipping features with NE-SW strikes are important, but are not strongly expressed in topography. These features are discussed in detail at the site-scale in Section 7.3, below.

East-west striking linears are also only weakly expressed in the topographic character of Shepley's Hill. Based on topography, there is some suggestion that E-W features exist, and are spaced on the order of 300 feet or more, with strike lengths also on the order of 300 feet at the Shepley's Hill scale. It appears that features of this orientation may be more important at the site scale in association with a large-scale en echelon "step" which occurs on the Nona-Shep Fracture Zone in that area. These features are therefore discussed in greater detail at the site-scale in Section 7.3, below.

Figure 5.3.1-1 is a schematic diagram that presents an idealized view of the fracture patterns at the Shepley's Hill scale. Table 7.2-1 summarizes the spatial relationships of fracture information observable at the Shepley's Hill scale. Together, this information contributes to a GFM at the Shepley's Hill scale. Section 7.3, below, will leverage this information in order to develop a GFM at the site scale.

Table 7.2-1 – Summary of steeply dipping fracture sets at Shepley's Hill scale

Feature	Strike	Strike Length of	Lateral Fracture	Comment
	Direction	Individual	Spacing (ft)	
		Fractures(ft)		
N-S fractures	N-S	100-200	50-150	Strongly
				expressed in
				topography
Disc Golf FZ	NNW; N-S;	100-500	25	Significant N-S
	NNE			fracture zone
				with 1500+ ft
				strike length;
				dominates
				western half of
				Shepley's Hill;
				aggregate width
				of zone is 250 ft.
NW-SE	NW-SE	300-500	200-300	Strongly
Fractures				expressed in
				topography
Nona-Shep FZ	NW-SE	\geq 200-400	≤ 30	Complex en
				echelon FZ with
				2000+ ft strike
				length; 200+ feet

				aggregate width of zone
E-W fractures	E-W	≥ 300+	≥ 300+	Weak
NE-SW	NE-SW	50-100	25-75	Expressed only
fractures				in NE quadrant

7.3 Site-scale fracture network

Figures 7.3-1 and 7.3-2 provide a basis for discussing the GFM at the site scale. Figure 7.3.1 is a series of N-S cross sections coinciding with surface geophysical alignments 1, 2, and 3 (Figure 5.2-1 and Appendix E). Figure 7.3-2 is an E-W cross-section which generally coincides with the geophysical alignment 4, but diverges slightly from this alignment in order to intersect the key CH-1 S/D location. These cross sections have been annotated with the following:

- Borehole and monitoring well locations and depths
- Monitoring well screened interval depths
- Pertinent information from boring logs and chip logs
- Interpreted top-of-rock/overburden contact
- Specific fracture intervals identified from examination of rock core
- Specific fracture intervals interpreted from borehole geophysical data
- Shallowly-dipping GPR reflectors interpreted as fractures or joints
- Offsets to shallowly-dipping GPR reflectors interpreted as steeply dipping fractures

Using this information, "major" fracture sets, such as those which can be correlated from borehole to borehole, have been identified. These include both extensive shallowly-dipping systems as well as steeply dipping sets. An overall interpretation emerges from this combined data set which supports an internally-consistent GFM at the site scale. Figure 7.3-1 presents reflectors identified by HGI from the 100 MHz GPR survey (App. E). The project team correlated the depths of these locations with borehole data as a means of validating the accuracy of these interpretations. Through this process, correlation was observed between GPR reflecting layers and horizons exhibiting direct evidence of fracturing based on borehole data. The overall internal consistency of the data set afforded the project team a relatively high overall level of confidence in the GPR data set. This enabled correlation of GPR reflectors over substantial distances, and led to the identification a number of "major" geologic structures at the site scale, and numerous smaller-scale features. In this case, we have defined "major" features as those having a

strike length of 100 feet or more, with specific geologic characteristics, particularly those of importance to groundwater flow (i.e., open fractures). "Minor" features are thusly defined as those with shorter strike length and less direct evidence supporting open fracturing. Features of interest at the site scale include the following:

- Shallowly-dipping "sheeting fractures" which generally dip to the east or southeast at dip angles varying between 10 degrees and 50 degrees. These features are also referred to as "cross-joints" on boring logs and elsewhere in the report; this class of features is generally conjugate to the foliation, (foliation strikes NE to NNE and dips from 50 to 60 degrees to the west). These features may have strike lengths on the order of 200 feet or more. There is also evidence to suggest that some of these features are traceable in the down-dip direction for 100 feet or more, and are thus "major" geologic structures at the site scale. Minor structures of this type are also common. There is some indication that sheeting fractures, while geologically continuous to greater depths, are more prevalently oxidized in the uppermost 50 feet of bedrock, excepting those areas which are within 50 feet or less from major steeply-dipping structures. In these areas, sheeting fractures appear to be oxidized to depths of over 100 feet into bedrock.
- Evidence of foliation-parallel fracturing is observed in core and from borehole geophysical logging. These features are interpreted to be of minor importance with respect to groundwater flow, and do not appear to have significant lateral extent. Outcrop mapping suggests that strike length of features of this type is on the order of 20 feet or less in both the strike and dip directions. In the subsurface, there is only limited evidence of oxidation staining parallel to foliation, and borehole geophysical logging does not suggest any significant degree of open fracturing in this orientation. However, foliation-parallel features are commonly oxidized where they are associated with intersecting steep fractures. As such, foliation-parallel fracturing may play a limited role in enhancing lateral interconnectivity of the aquifer near major features.
- Steeply-dipping fractures with foliation-parallel strike orientation are also commonly identified. These are minor features which have similar strike, but much steeper dips than foliation. Strike lengths for this class of feature are believed to be on the order of 10's of feet at most in both the strike and dip directions. Such features are believed to be antithetic to NW-SE striking subvertical features and may play a limited role in enhancing lateral interconnectivity of the aquifer near these major features.
- Steeply-dipping to near-vertical features are paramount "major" geologic features at the site scale. These include the NW-SE striking features of the "Nona-Shep" Fracture Zone (NSFZ; dips near vertical to steeply to the SW), N-S striking fracture zones parallel to the Disc Golf Fracture Zone (sub-vertical dips), and E-W striking fracture zones (dips ~ 65° south to near vertical). Individual fractures of the Nona-Shep Fracture Zone have lateral strike lengths of over 100 feet and will be discussed in greater detail below.

- N-S striking fracturing is less prominent within the site area than in other areas of Shepley's Hill. Strike lengths on the order of 50 feet or less are inferred from data at the site scale, and may play a role in enhancing lateral interconnectivity in the central portion of the site area. However, there is some information from previous studies which suggests that a major N-S striking feature exists in the subsurface just east of the site area, e.g., beneath the western portion of the landfill cap area. This will be discussed in greater detail, below.
- E-W striking fractures are most prevalent in the vicinity of the Nona-Shep Fracture Zone, and appear to be related to strain transfer as splays of the Nona-Shep system dissipate and shift southward within the study area in en echelon fashion. In this respect the E-W striking fracturing appears to cross-connect separate splays of the Nona-Shep fracture zone and is therefore important with respect to enhancing interconnectivity in the region of the Nona-Shep Fracture Zone over lateral distances on the order of 50 feet.
- Sub-horizontal fracturing occurs proximal to steeply dipping fractures and appears to provide fracture connection between sheeting fractures and steeply-dipping fractures. These types of features are secondary (i.e., "minor") and extend laterally to distances on the order of 20 to 30 feet.

Figures 7.3-1 and 7.3-2 illustrate the relationships presented above; integrating these N-S and E-W cross-sections creates a working GFM at the site scale. Figure 7.3-1 presents a series of N-S cross sections coinciding with surface geophysical alignments 1, 2, and 3 (east to west). Figure 7.3-2 is an E-W cross-section which generally coincides with the geophysical alignment 4. In discussing pertinent details, the text will refer to these cross section alignments as Lines 1,2, 3, and 4, respectively.

On Figure 7.3-1, the axial trace of the Nona-Shep Fracture Zone (NSFZ) is indicated on lines 1, 2, and 3. Moving from west to east, the axial trace of the NSFZ intersects the land surface near Loc 20, MW-11A, and MW-1. At each location, the bedrock surface is somewhat deeper than the surrounding areas, presumably due to preferential glacial scouring along the fracture zone. Near Loc 20, the core of the NSFZ has an approximate width of 80 feet as evidenced by disruption of gently-dipping radar GPR reflectors and a zone of enhanced conductivity in a vertically-oriented zone approximately 20 feet wide beneath Loc 19 and Loc 20. The northern most fractures associated with the NSFZ intersect line 3 in the vicinity of 500 feet east (horizontal axis, line 3), based on exposures from outcrops 27 and 30B. To the south, the NSFZ appears to dissipate in the vicinity of Q4-3, south of which bedrock becomes sparsely fractured. Significant steep fracturing was not encountered in Q4-1. In this sense, the "core" of the NSFZ is approximately 80-100 feet wide with a fracture density of approximately one steeply-dipping fracture every 10 feet laterally. The "core" zone is enveloped by a less-fractured region which is on the order of 200 feet in total width, with individual fractures spaced 20-30 feet apart. The "core" zone of the NSFZ extends southeastward through Line 2 (~40-130' along the horizontal axis). Still further to the east, the NSFZ core cuts through line 1 from the general vicinity of CAP-3 to CAP-2B; (~50-150 feet along horizontal axis). Another zone of steep NW-SE striking zone of fracturing conjugate to the NSFZ is mapped at the

ground surface in outcrops 3-1 and 3A-1. This related feature appears to strike southeastward beneath the landfill to the south, beyond the southeastern limits of the study area (i.e., upgradient).

A series of gently-dipping GPR reflectors are perhaps the most prominent structures shown on the cross sections. While the structures are locally spaced less than 5 feet apart, in the vertical dimension, correlation of borehole data which penetrate these structures indicates that there are at least two classes of these features. Laterallyextensive features, with strike lengths of 200 feet or more, can be traced across the site subsurface. Such features are highlighted on the cross-sections, where supported by other data sets. In general, the laterally extensive features are dominated by dips to the southeast (apparent dips to south on N-S cross sections), presumably due to "cross joints" observed in outcrops. However, the undulatory nature of the larger structures suggests that they may be composite features made up of intersecting shallowly-dipping features of various orientations. In aggregate, the features generally mimic topography, as would be expected of joints formed from post-glacial stress relief. It is also observed that a broad depression on the parallel and quasi-planar features generally coincides with the location of the NSFS axial trace, which is also a topographic low. The sharp topographic indentations on the top-of-rock surface near Loc19, Loc11, and MW-1 likely resulted from the enhanced weakness of the rock mass near the "core" of the NSFZ, where vertical fracture density is observed to be greatest. In these areas, the vertical structures combine with the laterally extensive features to form a relatively dense network of fractures. The interpreted "core" of the NSFZ is indicated on lines 1, 2, and 3 (Figure 7.3-3).

Figure 7.3-4 (west to east cross section) provides an examination of the third dimension. Several important observations are facilitated by this cross-section. The intense degree of fracturing to the east at CH-1S/D is in stark contrast with the limited degree of fracturing, even in the shallow subsurface at Q4-1 and 20-1 and 20-2. At these locations, relatively widely-spaced sheeting fractures and/or cross joints are the only fractures which appear important to groundwater flow. In contrast, rocks beneath the CH-1S/1D area are densely fractured over the total length of the borehole (from top of bedrock at 18 ft bgs to total depth at 151 ft bgs), and oxidation is observed in core at a depth of 123.3 ft bgs. The presence of "core" of the NSFZ near CH-1S/D, and its absence near Q4-1 and 20-1 and 20-2, is the most likely explanation.

There is some evidence that specific shallow- to moderately-dipping sheeting fractures or cross joints extend from CH1-D/S to upslope boreholes. For instance, a series of important fracture zones were encountered from 39.2 ft bgs to 51.4 ft bgs in CH-1S/D. Dips in this zone are generally to the southeast and vary from 20 to 50 degrees. Up-dip projection of the features places them either near the top of rock in the Q4-1 vicinity or nearby in the generally flat triangular sub-crop area bounded by 20-1, 27-1 and Q4-1. This flat region appears to be an area of relatively greater hydraulic conductivity based on potentiometric maps, presumably due to a higher fracture density. It is also noted that this zone of fractures, particularly the fracture encountered at 39.2 ft bgs in CH-1D/S, is responsible for large volumes of drilling water loss during the installation of these wells. These observations suggest potential structural and hydraulic connectivity along these

features over the approximately 110 feet of lateral distance between Q4-1 and CH-1D/S. Similarly, there appears to be a down-dip connection with a significant sheeting fracture encountered at 37 ft bgs in Q4-1 (dips 45° east) with similarly oriented features identified within the screened interval of CH-1D (screened interval is 85-95 ft bgs). Several sheeting fractures penetrated in the screened interval for CH-1D (85-95 ft bgs) may also project up-dip to the region just beneath the well screen in Q4-1 (SI= 30-40 ft bgs), where a series of fractures are indicated on the caliper and ATV logs at 44.5, 45, 47, and 48 ft bgs. These fractures appear to correspond with the sub-horizontal GPR reflector in this area shown on Line 1 (Fig. 7.3-3).

Monitoring wells 20-1 and 20-2 do not appear to be well connected to other site monitoring wells based on fracture patterns. A gently-dipping sheeting fracture was penetrated at 39 ft bgs, which is within the screened interval at 20-1 (SI=40-50 ft bgs). However, geometry of the system suggests that this fracture, and others intersected by 20-1 and 20-2 project to depths beneath the well network to the east. There is some suggestion that a color change at 14 ft bgs in 20-1 may project to an oxidized zone (120.8 ft bgs) in CH-1D. However, it is likely, given the relatively lower degree of fracturing in the up-gradient areas, that the majority of groundwater flow is focused to the uppermost 50 feet or so of bedrock, even as flow is directed from west to east. An examination of Figure 7.3-4 suggests a potential mechanism for this where water flows eastward, down the dip of shallowly-dipping sheeting fractures and cross joints, but is "short-circuited" upwards, toward the land surface, where sheeting fractures locally intersect moderatelydipping (open) fractures with the opposite dip, such as the foliation-parallel fractures at 47 and 48 ft bgs at Q4-1. In such cases, groundwater flow may resume in the downgradient flow direction (in this case to the southeast) via sub-parallel open sheeting fractures at higher elevations within the rock column. Conversely, intersection of sheeting fractures with steeply dipping fractures, such as those of the NSFZ, may also redirect groundwater in response to pressure gradients within these features. It should be noted, as shown on Figure 7.3-4, that fracture density appears to be significantly increased in the areas near the intersection of steep structures with sheeting fractures. For example, from 18.5 to 25.3 ft bgs in CH-1D, a series of sub-horizontal fractures appear to cross connect low-angle sheeting fractures and steep fractures. A similar zone also occurs in the vicinity of 92.5 ft bgs in CH-1D, suggesting the phenomenon has more to do with the intersection with steep fractures than to the proximity of the ground surface. Figure 7.3-3 is a photograph of core from CH-1 from the 87.3 to 89.6 interval which shows a highly oxidized sub-vertical fracture cross-cutting the borehole over a significant vertical zone. It is anticipated that numerous other features with similar orientations exist in the subsurface within the NSFZ. With respect to steep fracturing, it must be acknowledged that the limited deep drilling program afforded by this study was not particularly successful in targeting sub-vertical hydraulically significant fractures of the N-S striking group. It is likely that large features, of particular importance to groundwater flow at the Shepley's Hill scale, underlie the region east of the site, i.e., beneath the landfill cap. For example, cross sections C-C' and D-D' of the Revised Draft Supplemental Ground Water Investigation Report (Harding ESE, 2003) indicate a deep N-S striking valley beneath the west-central portion of the landfill. A fracture system of this orientation may ultimately be responsible for the N-S trending bedrock valley as well as the north-flowing groundwater regime in this part of the Shepley's Hill

system. These issues and ideas are discussed further in Section 8, below, *Implications for Groundwater Hydrology*. A fully developed CSM for the site which considers the GFM presented here in conjunction with hydraulic and geochemical data is presented in Section 10, below. Lastly, recommendations for further work are included in Section 11, below.

8.0 IMPLICATIONS FOR GROUNDWATER HYDROLOGY

A primary objective of the Bedrock Investigation is to collect data in support of interpretation of the shallow groundwater hydrology at the junction of the recharge area on Shepley's Hill itself and the adjoining overburden aguifer beneath the landfill to the east. Previous work to characterize the hydrology of the SHL system has indicated that the elevated bedrock hill is a recharge area for groundwater that eventually makes its way eastward to the thick (of the order of 100 ft in some locations) overburden beneath the landfill, ultimately joining a regional flow to the north. This conceptual model generally is consistent with the interpreted hydraulic potential surface for overburden groundwater beneath the landfill, which suggests flow from the direction of Shepley's Hill on the west side of the landfill (see, e.g., CH2MHill, 2006). It should be noted, however, that well control on water levels is sparse in the western portion of the landfill. This picture is also consistent with results of various versions of the numerical model for Shepley's Hill groundwater as it has evolved (e.g., Harding ESE, 2003; CH2MHill, 2006; ECC, 2009), which show (e.g., ECC, 2009, Fig. 5-5; included in the present report as Fig. 8.0-1) groundwater flow paths that originate on Shepley's Hill, travel down a steep gradient to the east, and turn northward beneath the landfill.

As noted in Section 1, if precipitation that falls on Shepley's Hill is to recharge the overburden aquifer to the east beneath the landfill, water must follow one or a combination of several pathways. Surface runoff may carry some rainfall and snowmelt off the hillslope to enter the overburden where it pinches out against the rising bedrock surface. (This process has been referred to in the past as "run-under," because it could, in principle, lead to locally enhanced recharge of the overburden at the western margin of the landfill cap.) Recharge may enter the fractured rock directly in areas of bare outcrop. Precipitation may first be stored and/or transmitted in the patches of soil veneer on the hill, and then move downslope within this thin overburden, or drain to and recharge the underlying fractured rock. Once within the fracture network, groundwater is expected to flow downgradient toward the east-southeast, and eventually to discharge upward into the thick valley-fill deposits underlying Shepley's Hill Landfill. Although these processes are implicit in previous conceptualizations of the SHL hydrologic system, and are represented in a gross, average sense in the numerical groundwater flow model that has evolved in support of various landfill studies, no direct field characterization of the recharge area had been performed prior to this investigation.

8.1 Site scale

The hydraulic gradient in the fractured-rock aquifer on the east flank of the hill, adjacent to the west edge of the landfill cap, is estimated at two times for which manual water-level measurements are available: a period of relatively high groundwater on 4/24/09, and a period of relatively low groundwater on 9/9/09 (Table 8.1-1). The potential surfaces at these times were sketched (Figures 5.6.1-1 and 5.6.1-3, respectively), and show that the hydraulic gradient is generally parallel to the topographic gradient, implying bedrock groundwater flow in the study area to the ESE, directly toward the

landfill. The gradients are steep, and vary significantly as the fracture network on the hill fills during wet periods, and drains during relatively dry periods. The gradients were estimated on four boring pairs that are aligned approximately normal to the equipotentials: from 27-30B-1 to CAP-1B, from 27-1 to CAP-2B, from Q4-1 to CAP-3, and from Q4-2 to 3-1. Under the high water conditions in April, the estimated gradients on the four transects ranged from 0.13 to 0.25, with a mean of 0.18. Under the low water conditions in September, the gradients ranged from 0.088 to 0.17, with a mean of 0.12.

Table 8.1-1. Horizontal hydraulic gradient estimated from water elevations at select well pairs.

		4/24/09		9/9/09	
Well pair	Distance (ft)	Elevation	Gradient	Elevation	Gradient
		(ft msl)	(ft/ft)	(ft msl)	(ft/ft)
27-30B-1		262.00		248.09	
CAP-1B	164	238.67	0.142	231.12	0.103
27-1		263.90		248.66	
CAP-2B	164	243.24	0.126	234.25	0.0877
Q4-1		262.23		250.60	
CAP-3	86.2	243.60	0.216	236.24	0.166
Q4-2		263.49		247.56	
3-1	72.0	245.18	0.254	237.92	0.134
average			0.184		0.123

It is notable that the boring pair (27-1, CAP-2B) located in the middle of the SE-NW valley feature that cuts across Shepley's Hill, and on which the study area is centered, yields the lowest estimated gradient, for both high and low groundwater conditions. Steeper gradients are estimated both to the north and to the south of this transect. This observation is consistent with the inference that the valley coincides with a fracture zone of higher effective hydraulic conductivity, and therefore tends to drain more readily than adjacent domains. For this reason, a relatively high flux of groundwater can pass through this zone under a lower potential gradient, and water tends to "funnel" into this feature.

Assuming that the average of the high- and low-water gradients, 0.15, is representative, and adopting the geometric mean hydraulic conductivity indicated by the slug tests of 2.0 ft/d, the groundwater flux through the fractured rock at the margin of the hill is approximately 0.3 ft/d. It is often asserted that the majority of groundwater flow in fractured crystalline rock in New England occurs in the uppermost 50 ft. The prevalence of larger-aperture fractures in the upper 50 ft at the study site was noted in the borehole geophysics data (Sec. 5.5 and App. G). In the present case, water levels in the study area are typically about 20 ft below the surface. Therefore, it is assumed that most of the groundwater flow off the hill in this area occurs within a saturated thickness of 30 ft,

resulting in a total volume flow rate of about 9 ft³/d per linear foot parallel to the eastern margin of the hill and/or western margin of the landfill cap.

Due to the relatively small interconnected porosity of fractured, crystalline rock, the average linear velocity can be high in comparison to typical unconsolidated aquifer materials. The average linear velocity is the rate at which an element of groundwater moves through the local system. In the present case, if a typical fracture porosity of 0.02 is assumed, the estimated flux of 0.3 ft/d results in an average linear velocity of 15 ft/d. (Note that fracture porosity for the Shepley's Hill rock has not been measured directly.)

An upper bound to the groundwater discharge at the eastern margin of the hill can be estimated independent of the observations discussed in the foregoing paragraphs. In particular, the volume flow rate is constrained by the total precipitation that falls on the catchment upgradient of the area of interest. Data for 2005 – 2009 show average annual precipitation of 48 in (4.0 ft) (see Sec. 4.3). It is assumed that the groundwater divide on the upgradient boundary of the recharge area corresponds approximately to the topographic divide on the hill. The distance from the Shepley's Hill ridge crest to the eastern margin of the study area is approximately 340 ft. Therefore, the average total precipitation that falls on this area of the hill is approximately 3.7 ft³/d per linear foot parallel to the ridge. This is an upper bound, because only some fraction of this total is expected to contribute to recharge, with the balance being lost to evapotranspiration and surface runoff. There are several possible reasons for the discrepancy between the estimates of the maximum available recharge based on precipitation records (3.7 ft³/d per linear foot) and the average groundwater discharge based on the observed hydraulics (9.0 ft³/d per linear foot). First, the study area straddles a valley feature that cuts obliquely across the ridge. It is likely that this valley feature localizes recharge that was collected over a longer segment of the ridge in a funnel-like fashion, so that the one-dimensional approximation invoked for the total precipitation falling on this portion of the hill underestimates the available recharge feeding into the study area. Second, the assumptions behind the hydraulic calculation may be in error. In particular, the geometric mean of the slug-test-derived effective conductivities may not be representative, and the estimate of the saturated thickness that carries most of the flow may be incorrect, leading to an overestimate of the total groundwater discharge.

8.2 Shepley's Hill scale

Data were not collected in the present investigation to characterize the groundwater hydrology at the scale of the entirety of Shepley's Hill. However, it is possible to extend the general arguments discussed at the site scale (Sec. 8.1) to the catchment upgradient (and west) of the landfill, as well as to draw upon previous investigations of the landfill system for additional insight.

The flow rate estimated from the observed average hydraulic gradient, the geometric mean hydraulic conductivity from slug tests, and an assumed active saturated thickness for the study site is 9 ft³/d per linear foot parallel to the eastern margin of the hill (Sec.

8.1). It is estimated from the topography that the length of the hill that serves as a recharge area to the landfill area to the east is 1850 ft (Fig. 8.2-1). Therefore, an extrapolation of the site-scale flow estimate to the Shepley's Hill scale indicates that approximately 6.1×10^6 ft³/yr, or, equivalently, 86 gpm, flows from the recharge area on the hill toward the overburden aquifer to the east. As discussed previously, this estimate likely is biased high, based on a comparison to the precipitation available to supply the flow. In addition, the study site was chosen to focus on a geomorphological feature that is believed to reflect a well-developed NW-SE fracture set, and may be more conductive than much of the rest of Shepley's Hill.

The upper-bound estimate for the groundwater discharge from the hill based on total annual precipitation can also be repeated for the Shepley's Hill scale. The catchment for the fractured-rock aquifer upgradient of the landfill is delineated based on the topography (Fig. 8.2-1). It is assumed that the highest elevations along the ridge of Shepley's Hill coincide with the groundwater divide, with water on the east side of this line flowing generally toward the east. To the south and north, secondary ridges roughly perpendicular to the long axis of the hill have been identified that appear to separate the hillslope falling directly toward the landfill from areas that appear to drain to the southeast and northeast, respectively. The area of the resulting recharge area on the steep hillslope upgradient of the landfill is estimated to be 5.4x10⁵ ft², or approximately 12 acres. This area is shaded aqua-blue on Figure 8.2-1. For average total annual precipitation of 4.0 ft/yr, this yields a total available water flow of approximately 2.2x10⁶ ft³/yr, or 31 gpm. It is noted again that this represents an upper limit to the recharge, because some fraction of the total available water is lost to surface runoff and/or evapotranspiration. The latter is particularly active in the warmer part of the year. As is the case for the site-scale calculations, the total available water is less than the flow estimated based on the hydraulics, in this case by a factor of about 1/3. This suggests that the flow rate based on observations in the study area is biased high, possibly because it is not representative of the average flow moving eastward off the hill, and possibly because the estimates of the hydraulic conductivity and the saturated thickness used in the calculation are in error.

In addition to the direct recharge to the bedrock aquifer on the elevated ridge of Shepley's Hill, there is an area adjacent to the southern end of this domain, used by the Devens Department of Public Works (DPW) for storage of landscaping materials, composting, etc., that also receives recharge for the overburden aquifer beneath the landfill. This area is shaded in blue on Figure 8.2-1, and covers approximately 2.0×10^5 ft², or about 5 acres. Total average annual precipitation over this area is approximately 0.79×10^6 ft³/yr, or 11 gpm. The total of these two domains of groundwater recharge is 7.4×10^5 ft², or about 17 acres. For average total annual precipitation of 4.0 ft/yr, this yields a total available water flow of approximately 3.0×10^6 ft³/yr, or 42 gpm from the catchment on and adjacent to Shepley's Hill, and ultimately feeding into the overburden aquifer beneath the landfill cap. Again, this is an upper bound, because it represents all of the precipitation that falls on these open areas.

A numerical model for the groundwater flow in the overburden aguifer beneath Shepley's Hill Landfill was developed to support remedial design and related decision-making (Harding ESE, 2003; CH2MHill, 2004a; AMEC, 2009)⁴. The Bedrock Investigation affords an opportunity to re-examine some of the assumptions that were made in the model implementation in the absence of extensive characterization of the bedrock hydrology. The model is constructed at a scale that encompasses the recharge area on Shepley's Hill, which plays a key role in the overall water balance for the system. The model specifies 20 in/yr of recharge over the open area between the ridge crest of Shepley's Hill and the western edge of the landfill cap, or about 42% of annual average precipitation. For the area estimated here, 5.4x10⁵ ft², this amounts to a total input of 0.90x10⁶ ft³/yr, or 12.8 gpm. The model also applies supplemental recharge to finite difference grid cells along the western edge of the landfill in order to address a concern at the time of the model development for possible "run-under." This additional input to groundwater was intended to represent surface runoff from the elevated bedrock hill that might drain to the foot of the slope, and enter the subsurface adjacent to the edge of the landfill cap. The total supplemental recharge added in this fashion was 1.1×10^6 ft³/yr, or 16.2 gpm. The total rate of water input on and immediately adjacent to the hill upgradient of the landfill is then the sum of recharge over the open area of the hill and the supplemental recharge at the foot of the hill, giving 2.0x10⁶ ft³/yr, or 29.0 gpm. This total is approximately 94% of the annual precipitation that falls over the area of the hill, suggesting that the addition of the supplemental recharge may result in an unrealistically high input of water on the west side of the landfill. It is expected that surface runoff and evapotranspiration remove a significant fraction of the total precipitation, so that it is not available to recharge groundwater.

Further perspective on these estimates of total recharge on the eastern flank of Shepley's Hill is given by the design capacity of the groundwater extraction system situated at the north end of the landfill. A design objective of the extraction and treatment system was to capture as much as possible of the overburden groundwater that passes beneath the landfill. It was estimated that this would require pumping at 50 gpm, and the system has approached this design extraction rate in recent years. It is reassuring that the various estimates of groundwater discharge from Shepley's Hill bedrock are of the same order of magnitude as the estimate of the discharge of the overburden aquifer to the east. Previous interpretations of the hydraulic potential surface in the overburden aguifer beneath Shepley's Hill Landfill, based on field measurements of water levels at available monitoring wells, suggest that the hill is the primary source of recharge, with lesser contributions to the overall water balance from the smaller catchment to the south of the landfill. The flow field simulated by the numerical model further supports this conclusion (see, e.g., Fig. 8.0-1). An upper bound on the recharge rate on the eastern flank of Shepley's Hill based on total precipitation is 31 gpm. An estimate based on the observed hydraulic gradient across the eastern portion of the study area on the hill and estimates of the hydraulic conductivity and active saturated thickness yields 86 gpm. Despite the uncertainty inherent in these estimates, the results of the present investigation

⁴ The following description of the model is based on the references cited. It is the authors' understanding that changes to the manner whereby recharge is applied were made in more recent versions of the model, and are in accord with the general conceptualization of recharge which emerged from this study.

are regarded as generally consistent with past characterization of the groundwater flow in the overburden aquifer to the east. That is, much, if not most, of the input to the overburden aquifer beneath the landfill is derived from recharge on Shepley's Hill. Average total flow rates from recharge on the hill appear to be of the order of tens of gpm, and the extraction system at the north end of the landfill is sized appropriately to capture the flow within the overburden. Of course, these considerations represent only an order-of-magnitude test for consistency between the results of the present investigation of the bedrock aquifer on the hill and previous independent investigations of the overburden aquifer to the east. Details of the exact flow field within the overburden aquifer, including delineation of the capture zone of the extraction system, are not assessed in the present study.

The Supplemental Groundwater Investigation (Harding ESE, 2003) for the overburden aquifer beneath the Shepley's Hill Landfill states:

The effects of potential run-under on groundwater flow under the cap are expected to be small. ... Much of [the] recharge [on Shepley's Hill] is expected to occur as flow in the bedrock. ... During some earlier model construction runs, it was noted that recharge rates [on the hill] up to 30 in/yr did not significantly alter the model calibration or apparent groundwater flow directions. This is because ... the variation in potential recharge from Shepley's Hill is small relative to the aquifer's capacity to conduct groundwater.

The results of the present investigation, representing the first attempt to characterize the bedrock hydrology in detail, support the above statement. It is apparent that significant recharge enters the fractured bedrock on Shepley's Hill, and that groundwater flows within the rock to the east, where some fraction of it discharges upward to the overburden aguifer beneath the landfill. There is little evidence that there is a significant contribution of recharge to the overburden aquifer due to direct infiltration along the western margin of the landfill cap deriving from overland flow from the hill, referred to in the foregoing as "run-under." The investigation team was present in the vicinity of the interface of the bedrock hill and the sandy overburden aguifer to the east on numerous occasions spanning four years, in all seasons of the year, and under wet and dry conditions. No visual evidence of surface runoff arriving or accumulating at the bedrock – overburden interface was seen. A minor exception is a small bedrock "pocket" at the toe of the slope in the study area that holds ponded water for a few days during wet periods. It is notable that the Supplemental Groundwater Investigation model indicated insensitivity to the magnitude of the recharge flux on the hill. Therefore, calibration of the model does not provide a strong constraint on the recharge rate to the fractured rock of Shepley's Hill.

The direct evidence accumulated in the present study offers a more robust indication that Shepley's Hill is a recharge area for the aquifer to the east, and that the pathway from the hill to the overburden aquifer beneath the landfill is primarily through the fractured rock. Observed steep hydraulic gradients (of the order of 10^{-1} ft/ft) and moderate effective hydraulic conductivity (of the order of 10^{0} ft/day) for the shallow bedrock indicate a groundwater flux of the order of 10^{-1} ft/day. This flow provides the primary pathway for

water that recharges the bedrock aquifer on the hill, flows toward the east, and discharges upward to the overburden beneath the impermeable landfill cap. The cap prevents direct recharge to a large area of the overburden aquifer, making the bedrock pathway from Shepley's Hill of greater importance to the overall water balance in the overburden.

8.3 Sub-regional scale

Although the sub-regional scale groundwater hydrology was not a subject of this investigation, it is mentioned briefly here in order to acknowledge that recharge on Shepley's Hill contributes to a larger system, beyond the more local phenomena at the study-site scale or the scale of the landfill to the east. A brief description of the role of Shepley's Hill at the sub-regional scale is provided in the following paragraph, based primarily on broad principles of hydrology, rather than on comprehensive data that might be collected to support this interpretation.

Shepley's Hill is an elevated ridge, surrounded on all sides by lower areas with relatively flat topography (sec. 4.1). As such, the hill serves as a recharge area for groundwater that flows radially outward in all directions. In addition to the bedrock flow discussed in the foregoing sections, which flows east-southeast from the ridge crest toward Shepley's Hill Landfill, there is a corresponding flow of recharge accumulated on the west side of the hill, which flows generally toward the west, and ultimately discharges to the Nashua River. Smaller volumes of groundwater originating at the southern and northern ends of Shepley's Hill flow generally to the south and north, respectively, and do not participate in the groundwater system beneath the landfill. It is believed that there is a local groundwater divide in the vicinity of the southern end of Shepley's Hill Landfill, although it has not been located precisely. Groundwater near the large warehouse (former AOCs 32 and 43A) has been shown to flow in a westerly direction, presumably moving around the southern end of the hill and joining the larger-scale flow toward the floodplain of the Nashua River. Recharge to the south end of the ridge likely flows radially off the hill to the southeast, south, and southwest, contributing to the westerly flow toward the river. Similarly, recharge to the north end of the ridge likely contributes to groundwater that flows to the northeast and north, joining the sub-regional flow to the north toward discharge points along Nonacoicus Brook. Some fraction of the groundwater approaching the Nonacoicus Brook drainage is believed to turn to the west and remain in the subsurface, following the general path of the overlying surface water. The brook flows to the Nashua River.

9.0 BOREHOLE WATER CHEMISTRY

9.1 Methods

Between November 2 and 4, 2009, and again between March 16 and 17, 2010, US EPA personnel collected groundwater samples from the new bedrock wells. In late June 2010, wells CH-1D and 3-2 were re-sampled, as these are the only two wells with consistently reportable arsenic concentrations. Samples were obtained using either a bladder pump or a peristaltic pump and were collected according to EPA low-flow protocol. Field water quality parameters, including temperature, specific conductivity, pH, oxidation-reduction potential (ORP), dissolved oxygen (DO), and turbidity, as well as the full laboratory analytical data sheets are provided in Appendix O.

In addition, samples were submitted to the EPA's Office of Environmental Measurement and Evaluation (OEME) in North Chelmsford, MA, where additional analyses were performed. These included:

<u>Anions</u>: bromide, chloride, fluoride, nitrate/nitrite as nitrogen, and sulfate. These analyses were performed using either a Dionex ICS-2000 or DX120 Ion Chromatograph, following the EPA Region 1 SOP, EIASOP-INGDXIC10.

<u>Total Recoverable Metals</u>: aluminum, arsenic, barium, calcium, chromium, cobalt, copper, iron, lead, magnesium, manganese, nickel, potassium, sodium, vanadium, and zinc. EPA Region I SOP, EIASOP-INGDVICP1. Samples were prepared using SOPs based on US EPA Methods 3010A or 3005A and analysis was conducted according to Method 6010B. Samples were analyzed using a Perkin Elmer 4300 Dual View Inductively Coupled Plasma – Optical Emission Spectrometer.

<u>Alkalinity</u>: Sample preparation and analyses for alkalinity were conducted according to the EPA Region 1 SOP, INGALKCARB1.SOP.

<u>Phosphorus</u>: Phosphorus was measured following the EPA Region 1 SOP for total phosphorus in water, EIASOP-INGTP8.

All data were reviewed using the EPA New England OEME Chemistry QA Plan.

9.2 Results

Analytical results from all sampling rounds are presented in Table 9.2-1. For the November 2009 samples, arsenic was reported by the laboratory in only three wells (at values above the reporting limit of 10 ug/L): CH-1S, CH-1D, and 3-2. The maximum As value, 400 ug/L, came from CH1-D, from the June 2010 sampling round. In the March 2010 samples, arsenic was found at levels above the reporting limits (10 to 20 ug/L) in only two wells, CH1-D and 3-2. Concentrations were comparable to values from the previous sampling round (290 ug/L vs. 370 ug/L in CH1-D and 91 ug/L vs. 63 ug/L

in 3-2). Results from these wells stand in contrast to the Hach field test results, obtained from open borings, which may have been compromised by turbidity.

Results from both sampling rounds show pH values ranging from 5.32 (MW27-30B-1) to 7.68 (CH1-D). In general, pH increased with decreasing well screen elevation; lower pHs were observed in wells screened in shallow bedrock, and the highest pH occurs in the deep-bedrock screen.

Alkalinity values from the new bedrock wells range from 4.3 mg/L, as $CaCO_3$, in 27-30B-1 to 130 mg/L in CH1-D and are strongly correlated with specific conductivity ($R^2 = 0.9554$), calcium, and potassium.

Nitrate was not found above the reporting limits (0.1-0.2 mg/L) in any of the new bedrock wells in the initial sampling round. However, nitrite was reported in four wells, at concentrations ranging from 0.91 to 1.4 mg/L. In contrast, the second round yielded nitrate values ranging from 3.9 mg/L (27-30B-1) to 12 (CH1-D), and no nitrite above the reporting limit (0.1 mg/L). No explanation for these results is apparent at this time.

Sulfate is consistently reported at concentrations around 8 to 10 mg/L. In the initial sampling round, two wells (CH1-S and 20-1) reported elevated sulfate; in the March 2010 round, only 20-1 yielded sulfate at a concentration significantly higher than the other wells (18 mg/L).

Aluminum is present at concentrations ranging from 65 ug/L (Q4-1; 11/5/2009) to 97000 ug/L (CH-1S; 11/5/2009). However, Al is strongly correlated with turbidity ($R^2 = 0.99$, not including non-detects) and the extreme value is likely an artifact. The second sample from CH-1S yielded Al at 5000 ug/L, still higher than Al concentrations in the other wells, and possibly still due to elevated turbidity.

Calcium and magnesium in the bedrock wells range from 4200 to 50000 ug/L and from 420 to 15000 ug/L, respectively. These elements are strongly correlated and are approximately consistent with the trend defined by Ca and Mg values from the SHL long-term monitoring data.

Iron ranges from non-detect at 40 ug/L to a maximum of 31000 ug/L, but is also correlated with turbidity. It is interesting to note that the elevated As concentrations observed in CH-1D and 3-2 are not associated with either Fe or turbidity. In contrast, many of the SHL wells that report significantly elevated arsenic (e.g., SHM-05-40X; SHM-96-5B; SHM-05-42B; SHM-05-41B; N5-P1) show a strong correlation between aqueous As and Fe concentrations.

Elements not detected above the reporting limits in either round (with the exception of the initial sample of CH1-S, which was extremely turbid) are: bromine, chromium, cobalt, copper, nickel, lead, vanadium, and zinc. Sodium and potassium were not analyzed in the second set of samples. In general, concentrations of all other parameters were lower in the March 2010 samples than the November 2009 results. This difference

appears to be due to the decrease in turbidity in most of the wells between the first and second sampling events.

9.3 Discussion

In comparison to data from the SHL Long-Term Monitoring and Maintenance Program, the new bedrock wells are relatively low in alkalinity, specific conductivity, and pH. With only two exceptions (20-1 and CH-1D), ORP values are strongly positive (> +100 mV). These observations are consistent with recent infiltration that has had limited time to react with bedrock (i.e., short residence times).

The initial sample from CH-1S was extremely turbid (834.2 NTU). In addition, a large quantity of drilling water apparently went into the open fractures that were encountered in drilling this hole, and attempts to develop this well by removing the estimated volume of added water were unsuccessful. Therefore, analytical results for this well from this initial sampling round must be considered suspect; it is clear from the significant decrease in concentrations reported in the second round that turbidity biased the first set of results. Although the second sampling round from CH-1S is still significantly more turbid than samples from the other wells, the analytical results are consistent with recent infiltration into the shallow bedrock – e.g., elevated DO and ORP, low pH, and low alkalinity. With the exception of Al (5000 ug/L in the second round), all other analytical results from CH-1S are comparable to the ranges measured from the other wells. These observations suggest that turbidity does not compromise the data in this sample, other than for Al.

The maximum arsenic value, 400 ug/L, reported from CH-1D, may be significant. This is the highest arsenic concentration that has been reported within the SHL system from a location that is unequivocally upgradient from the landfill. This result should not be over-interpreted until further data are available, but the November 2009 and March 2010 results, 370 ug/L and 290 ug/L, respectively, are of the same order of magnitude. These arsenic values are not associated with elevated iron concentrations. However, the elevated As in groundwater from this well is nevertheless consistent with the presence of As-bearing minerals in deep-bedrock samples (Sec. 6.0) and the aqueous alteration of those minerals by infiltrating groundwater.

A possible mechanism for the release of arsenic to solution without aqueous iron is the alteration of arsenopyrite to scorodite, followed by the incongruent dissolution of scorodite to a hydrous ferric oxide and arsenate anion (see, e.g., Bluteau and Demopoulos, 2007). Equation (1) produces ferrous iron and arsenite; the oxidation of ferrous iron in Eq. (2) yields hydrous ferric oxide, represented here by FeOOH; Equations (3a) and (3b) are the oxidation of arsenite (from Equation 1) to arsenate species (note that 3b is dominant in the pH range 5-7; Parkhurst and Appelo, 1999); Equation 4 represents the formation of scorodite from ferric iron and arsenate; and Equation (5) is the equilibrium between scorodite and FeOOH and arsenate in solution.

$$4\text{FeAsS} + 11\text{O}_2 + 6\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow 4\text{Fe}^{+2} + 4\text{H}_3\text{AsO}_3 + 4\text{SO}_4^{-2}$$
 (1)

$$2Fe^{+2} + 3H_2O + 0.5O_2 \rightarrow 2FeOOH + 4H^+$$
 (2)

$$2H_3AsO_3 + O_2 \rightarrow 2HAsO_4^{-2} + 4H^+$$
 (3a)

$$2H_3AsO_3 + O_2 \rightarrow 2H_2AsO_4^- + 2H^+$$
 (3b)

$$2H_2AsO_4^- + 2Fe^{+3} + 4H_2O \rightarrow 2FeAsO_4^- 2H_2O + 4H^+$$
 (4)

$$FeOOH + H_2AsO_4^- + H^+ \leftrightarrow FeAsO_4 \cdot 2H_2O$$
 (5)

It is of interest to note that the dissolved oxygen (DO) in CH-1D, 0.55 mg/L, associated with As at 370 ug/L is the lowest reported value from the first sampling round for CH-1D, while the ORP measurements are positive and approximately +200 mV. The DO measurement from the second round appears to be in error, although the second ORP value, 163.6 mV, is comparable to the first. ORP continued to decrease and was reported at 99.9 mV in the June 2010 sampling event along with 2.35 mg/L DO.

Groundwater from the bedrock wells reported very low Cl concentrations (minimum of 1.2 mg/L in Q5-1 and 27-1; maximum 2.8 mg/L in CH1-D) relative to Na (minimum 2 mg/L in 27-1, maximum 29 mg/L in CH1-D, excluding the result from the turbid sample from CH-1S). These results are anomalous in comparison to the Na-Cl data from the LTMMP. Chloride results from all of the SHL wells in the long-term monitoring network range from 1 U to 100 mg/L, with a mean value of approximately 20 mg/L. Corresponding Na values from the LTMMP data range from 0.59 mg/L to 83 mg/L, with a mean of 18 mg/L. The average of the Na concentrations from the new bedrock wells, ~14 mg/L, is comparable to values observed elsewhere in SHL groundwater but the Cl levels in the bedrock water are considerably lower (Fig. 9.3-1).

It is of interest to note that the chemistry of water from the deep corehole screen CH1-D appears to be similar to that from 20-1. Both of these wells report higher pH, specific conductivity, and major cation concentrations than the other wells. The high arsenic level found in CH1-D is not associated with comparably elevated iron or manganese, and so cannot be explained by the adsorption-reductive dissolution mechanism believed to be responsible for mobilizing arsenic elsewhere in SHL groundwater.

In addition, the data from the new bedrock wells show that both specific conductivity and pH generally increase with increasing depth in bedrock (Fig. 9.3-2(a), (b)). This observation is consistent with a longer transport pathway and longer residence time in bedrock. It is expected that pH will be higher in deeper bedrock groundwater, as a consequence of buffering due to reaction with bedrock minerals. Similarly, specific conductivity is higher in deeper bedrock groundwater because the solute content is higher due to increased contact with bedrock minerals. Calcium and magnesium in the new bedrock wells are within the range reported from the LTMMP but at the low-concentration end (Fig. 9.3-3). This observation may reflect different mechanisms that

control Ca and Mg solubilities in the SHL system; the bedrock water chemistry may be dominated by reactions involving Ca-, K-, and/or Na feldspars, as alkalinities are relatively low. Alkalinity values in the overburden groundwater are variable but generally higher, and reactions involving Ca-Mg carbonates are likely more significant.

9.4 Water chemistry conclusions

At the time of this report, only two complete sets of analytical data from the new bedrock wells are available. Another sampling event was conducted in June 2010 but only two wells were sampled. Perhaps the most significant observation from the results obtained thus far is the presence of arsenic at several hundred ug/L in the deep-corehole well screen. The observed arsenic at this location is not associated with elevated levels of iron or manganese, suggesting that reductive dissolution of Fe- or Mn-oxide is not the mechanism responsible for arsenic mobilization. This is the first reported occurrence of arsenic at an elevated concentration in groundwater at a location that is unequivocally upgradient from the landfill. In addition, this observation is consistent with the identification of the mineral arsenopyrite in bedrock and other, secondary, arsenic minerals that are formed by aqueous alteration of arsenopyrite (Sec. 6.0). Given the data that are presently available, it is not possible to provide more definite conclusions regarding the mechanism(s) and process(es) that may be responsible for arsenic mobilization.

10.0 DISCUSSION: UNIFIED CONCEPTUAL MODEL

This section attempts to integrate observations from the SHBI, as well as limited previous data collected in conjunction with ongoing Shepley's Hill Landfill characterization, groundwater remediation, and long-term monitoring activities directed by the Army. The emphasis is on the objectives outlined in Section 2.0, which can be grouped under these general categories:

- Establish an understanding of the fracture network which contributes groundwater to the overburden and bedrock beneath the landfill from the upgradient area on its western side;
- Develop better insight into the nature and extent of communication between bedrock and overburden groundwater, and possible "underflow" at the edge of the landfill cover:
- Characterize the chemistry of bedrock groundwater at the western upgradient edge of the landfill;
- Examine the bedrock mineralogy for evidence of arsenic-bearing phases and secondary alteration products formed by rock-water interaction.

The unified conceptual model presented in this section develops links between the geological history of the area, arsenic mobility within the system, and the occurrence of elevated arsenic in modern groundwater. The conceptual model draws upon earlier studies of the geologic and tectonic history and setting of the area (Elements 1 through 4), as well as the results of the Shepley's Hill Bedrock Investigation (Elements 5 through 9), and previous characterization associated with the landfill to the east of the site (Elements 10 and 11). While the findings of the current investigation are described in detail in the foregoing sections of this report, key results are summarized briefly in this section in support of specific elements of the conceptual model.

The unified conceptual model can be outlined as follows:

1. Arsenic occurs in all of the geologic units present in the study area. Arsenic is present in the form of sulfide minerals in the Silurian Berwick Formation, the Early Devonian Ayer Granodiorite, and the Late Devonian Chelmsford Granite at the site and in the surrounding areas (e.g., Robinson, 1981); (Koteas, et al., 2010). A key result of the SHL bedrock investigation is the positive identification of pyrite and arsenopyrite in the Chelmsford Granite. The arsenic mineral cobaltite (CoAsS) was identified in bedrock from core collected adjacent to the Grove Pond well field, approximately three-quarters of a mile east of the SHBI study area (Gannett Fleming, 2002). The lithology at the Grove Pond site has been tentatively identified as the Harvard Conglomerate (a Pennsylvanian

- conglomerate containing clasts of Berwick quartzite and chloritoid-hematite phyllite; personal communication, J. Kopera, 2007).
- 2. Arsenic mineralization occurred very early in the geologic history of the site. The Early Devonian Ayer Granodiorite intruded into the Berwick, with possible exchange of hydrothermal fluids at the margins of the intrusion. The Late Devonian Chelmsford Granite intruded into the Berwick Formation and the Ayer Granodiorite. It is likely that hydrothermal fluids were exchanged between the Berwick and the Chelmsford, bringing arsenic and other elements from the Berwick into veins and cracks in the granite near the margins of the intrusive rocks. Various arsenic-containing minerals formed, including sulfides (e.g., arsenopyrite). Examination of core collected in previous studies of Shepley's Hill Landfill, as well as in the present investigation, shows "bleached" zones surrounding quartz- and calcite-filled veins and cracks. These zones are attributed to hydrothermal alteration. Tectonism and metamorphism continued through the Acadian orogeny (~375-325 Ma); these processes may have driven further transport and alteration of mineral phases.
- 3. A long period of unknown history followed, including additional episodes of mountain building (e.g., the Alleghenian orogeny during the Permian, 299-251 Ma) and erosion, ultimately bringing these rocks to shallow crustal depth. As burial depth decreased, lithostatic pressure and temperature also decreased. Approximately 350 Ma elapsed between the Early Mississippian epoch (~359 to 345 Ma) and the Quaternary Period (~2.6 Ma to the present).
- 4. Quaternary glaciation occurred, along with further erosion, bringing the suite of rocks approximately to the present-day configuration. Deglaciation subsequently brought about unloading, which in turn caused dilation of joints and sheeting fractures, allowing increased exposure of bedrock mineralogy to meteoric water. The last phase of Quaternary glaciation culminated approximately 21,000 years before present, with the final retreat occurring about 10,000 years ago. The glacial retreat left behind many of the prominent geomorphologic features seen today in New England, including locally thick deposits of outwash sands, such as that forming the overburden aquifer beneath Shepley's Hill Landfill. Shepley's Hill represents an erosion-resistant "knob" of relatively hard, foliated, granitic rock, surrounded by softer, metamorphic rocks that are also foliated.
- 5. During the post-glacial Holocene epoch (approximately the last 10,000 years), the present-day hydrologic system began to evolve. The fractured-rock aquifer exposed on Shepley's Hill receives direct recharge by well-oxygenated precipitation and snowmelt. Groundwater flows toward the east in the bedrock, away from the divide along the ridge crest, and discharges upward into the bedrock and overburden aquifers lying at lower elevation to the east. Subhorizontal sheeting fractures appear to dominate the transmission of water through the uppermost 50 feet of crystalline rock, due to their lateral continuity and relatively large apertures. Time-averaged water-level differences (measured

- at a piezometer pair N5-P1/P2) several hundred feet downgradient of the study area on the hill indicate periodic upward discharge of groundwater from the fractured-rock aquifer to the sandy overburden.
- 6. The fracture network is locally influenced by the Nona-Shep Fault Zone (NSFZ), a significant steeply dipping fracture zone which strikes NW to SE through the center of the study area before plunging beneath the capped area. Fractures within the NSFZ are spaced less than 10 feet apart, and dip steeply to the southwest. The zone of intersection of the NSFZ and the shallowly-dipping system in the uppermost 50 feet of bedrock creates a highly-interconnected zone of fracturing which is the primary "drain" for the bedrock uplands within the study area.
- 7. The direct evidence accumulated in the present study indicates that Shepley's Hill is a recharge area for the aquifer to the east, and that the pathway from the hill to the overburden aquifer beneath the landfill is primarily through the fractured rock. Observed steep hydraulic gradients (of the order of 10⁻¹ ft/ft) and moderate effective hydraulic conductivity (of the order of 10⁰ ft/day) for the shallow bedrock indicate a groundwater flux of the order of 10⁻¹ ft/day. Water recharges the bedrock aquifer on the hill, flows toward the east, and discharges intermittently upward to the overburden beneath the impermeable landfill cap. The cap prevents direct recharge to a large area of the overburden aquifer, making the bedrock pathway from Shepley's Hill of greater present importance to the overall water balance in the overburden.
- 8. Macroscopic sulfide minerals are visible in core collected in this and previous investigations, as are iron-oxide-stained vugs indicative of dissolution of sulfides. Similarly, sulfide phases and various alteration products are also clearly present at smaller scales, as seen using optical and electron microscopy. These observations are consistent with the oxidation of arsenic-bearing sulfide minerals within the bedrock by low-pH, well-oxygenated water infiltrating the interconnected bedrock fractures and formation of a variety of aqueous, low-temperature alteration phases.
- 9. Continued rock-water interaction subsequently mobilized arsenic from these secondary, alteration phases into groundwater. Dissolved arsenic concentrations from the new bedrock monitoring wells range from non-detected to a maximum of 400 μg/l (in CH-1D). In addition, data from the new bedrock wells show that both specific conductivity and pH generally increase with increasing depth in bedrock. This observation is consistent with a longer transport pathway and longer residence time in deeper bedrock.
- 10. In the overburden, post-glacial oxidation of comminuted sulfides and other iron-bearing minerals yielded hydrous ferric oxide (HFO), which sorbs arsenic in solution. Limited soil data from SHL show generally increasing arsenic concentrations with depth in the overburden (CH2MHill, 2004c; Harding ESE,

2003) and a strong correlation with iron. The highest soil arsenic detected to date is 81 mg/kg, on a deep sample from the boring for SHP-99-29X, a few feet above the bedrock interface (also, Fe in the same sample was unusually high, reported at 2.22%; Harding ESE, 2003). This location is about 160 ft east (and downgradient) of the eastern edge of Shepley's Hill, where the bedrock surface slopes beneath the overburden. This sample came from 29-30.3 ft bgs or 213.8-212.5 ft MSL, 7-8 ft above bedrock at that location; the soil sample was from below the well screen and below the bottom of the waste.

11. The Shepley's Hill Landfill operated just east of the site since the early 20th century. The landfill was closed and an impermeable cover was constructed in mid-1990s. The highest detections of dissolved arsenic in groundwater in the area are found in the deep overburden aquifer beneath the landfill and are strongly correlated with elevated iron and low (~ 0 to -200 mV) oxidation-reduction potential (ORP). Changes in redox conditions in the deep overburden aquifer beneath the landfill may result in reductive dissolution of hydrous ferric oxide (HFO) coatings on mineral grains in the overburden and mobilization of arsenic to groundwater. This redox shift may be driven by organic carbon transported downward from landfill waste prior to capping. In addition, wetlands and associated peat deposits known to have been present historically in the vicinity of the landfill may also provide organic carbon to the groundwater system. The hydraulic conditions necessary to move shallow groundwater to depth were eliminated by the cap. However, the hydraulic regime following capping continues to evolve, and the pre-cap hydraulic regime is unknown.

11.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

This section presents recommendations for additional investigation of the bedrock aquifer on and adjacent to Shepley's Hill, should the opportunity arise, as well as recommendations for related data gathering. This list is offered primarily as suggestions for future research topics; however, some of the recommendations are more compelling than others, and have been broken out as "highest priority recommendations". Rationales for these additional tasks are provided below. It is the Shepley's Hill Bedrock Investigation project team's assessment that the highest priority recommendations offered below are most critical to better understanding the linkages between the findings of this study and ongoing work related to remediation of the adjacent landfill-impacted system.

The recommendations are grouped roughly in categories, as follows:

Additional characterization of the fracture network:

- Testing should be conducted to verify and quantify the inferred hydraulic connection between the sheeting fractures screened in CH-1S and interpreted subcrop of these fractures in the generally flat triangular area bounded by 20-1, 27-1 and Q4-1. A tracer test may be useful in this regard;
- In similar fashion, the apparent connection between the sheeting fracture penetrated at 37 ft bgs in Q4-1 and similar fractures intersected by the CH-1D well screen should be further assessed;
- The hydraulic connection, if any, between 20-1 and 20-2 and down-gradient wells Q4-1 and CH-1D/S should be assessed. A tracer test may be useful in this regard;
- Additional shallow and deep well control is needed in more distal areas cross-gradient to the strike of the NSFZ. Given the apparent overall width of the feature (i.e., on the order of 200 feet or more), it may be necessary to go beyond the boundaries of the current study area. This information will be useful in verifying and quantifying the apparent increase in fracture density and hydraulic conductivity proximal to the NSFZ;
- A key data gap relative to the GFM and associated CSM for the site concerns the potential importance of N-S trending fractures in relation to ground water flow. While the current investigation did encounter significant fractures of this orientation, the overall CSM suggests that major N-S striking features may lie to the east of the study area, beneath the landfill cap. In order to more fully evaluate the potential for N-S striking sub-vertical features, an angled drilling program would be needed in order to penetrate such features from the site area. Alternatively, additional vertical drilling could be considered through the capped landfill area:

- Additional deep holes in up-gradient upland areas would be useful toward establishing whether the apparent lack of fracturing in these areas continues at depth, and whether location-with- respect-to-steep-fractures is a determining factor regarding the degree of fracturing in a given borehole. For example, a vertical core-hole could be advanced just south of 20-2, to achieve a total depth similar to that achieved in CH-1D (~ 100 ft amsl). A second core-hole to a similar total depth could be advanced in the valley area between 20-2 and 27-1;
- The effective depth of the NSFZ has not yet been established. Additional deep coring should be considered in an attempt to target the core of the NSFZ at incrementally greater depths. For example, a new borehole could be advanced in the area between CH-1 and CAP-2 A/B to total depth of approximately 240 ft bgs; (i.e., final elevation approximates mean sea level).

Additional characterization of the geochemistry and mineralogy:

- Further characterization of the mineralogy of alteration products of arsenopyrite observed in the petrographic study would improve understanding of the processes that link arsenic-bearing sulfide minerals in the crystalline rock and the appearance of elevated dissolved arsenic in groundwater;
- Additional studies to characterize isotopic composition of groundwater (δD , $\delta^{18}O$) should be conducted to quantify mixing of different groundwater populations;
- Consideration should be given to additional studies to age-date different carbon sources to SHL groundwater (e.g. ¹⁴C) in the various carbon pools in the SHL system.

Additional characterization in conjunction with overburden drilling:

- Bedrock core should be recovered at the base of overburden borings advanced to refusal whenever possible in order to identify the rock type, and to support better understanding of the relationships between bedrock lithology, overlying soil composition, and groundwater chemistry;
- Soil samples collected from overburden borings should be characterized to identify relationships of the soil mineralogy and geochemistry to those of the underlying bedrock, as well as the chemistry of co-located porewater.

Highest priority recommendations:

• Tracer tests (e.g., utilizing bromine, fluorescent dye, etc.) would verify interconnectivity and travel times from key points in the system, including standing water in bedrock pockets high on the ridge, wells and borings on and

adjacent to the hill, and monitoring points downgradient within the landfill footprint. Tracer tests are strongly recommended in order to quantify the relationship between monitoring points on the hill and farther downgradient, within the landfill footprint.

- There has been no evaluation to date of hydraulic conductivity in either CH-1S or CH-1D due to the logistical difficulties created by the narrow diameter well casings. A testing approach should be devised, using specialized equipment if necessary, in order to determine the hydraulic conductivity of these important zones.
- Newly installed monitoring wells should be sampled and the groundwater analyzed to test for repeatability and seasonal variability. The EPA OEME has committed to re-sampling the new bedrock wells for at least one and possibly two rounds. Additional sampling should be considered in order to assess seasonal and longer-term variability.
- A synoptic round of water levels on all SHL monitoring points, as well as all available control points to the south (e.g., AOC32/43A) should be executed, in order to define better the catchment, with special attention to locating the groundwater divide near the south end of the landfill. This exercise has not been carried out to date. However, at relatively low cost, this effort would support a regional assessment of groundwater flow in the SHL system.
- The manner in which recharge is applied in the numerical groundwater flow model in the vicinity of Shepley's Hill should be discussed, and revised if appropriate. The current investigation suggests that the supplemental recharge applied along the western edge of the landfill, as implemented in earlier versions of the model, is unrealistic, and that the total water input west of the landfill may have been too large. Again, at relatively low cost, re-running the groundwater model with different input parameters may shed a different light on the overall water balance beneath and downgradient from the landfill.

12.0 REFERENCES

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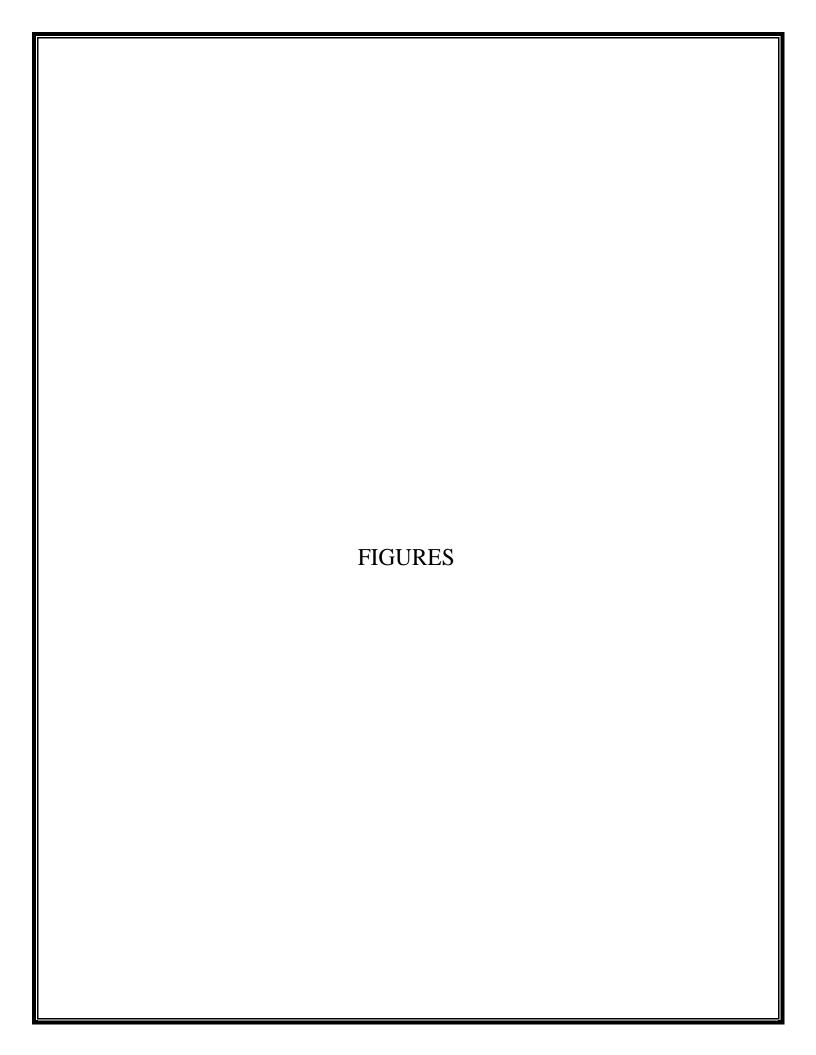
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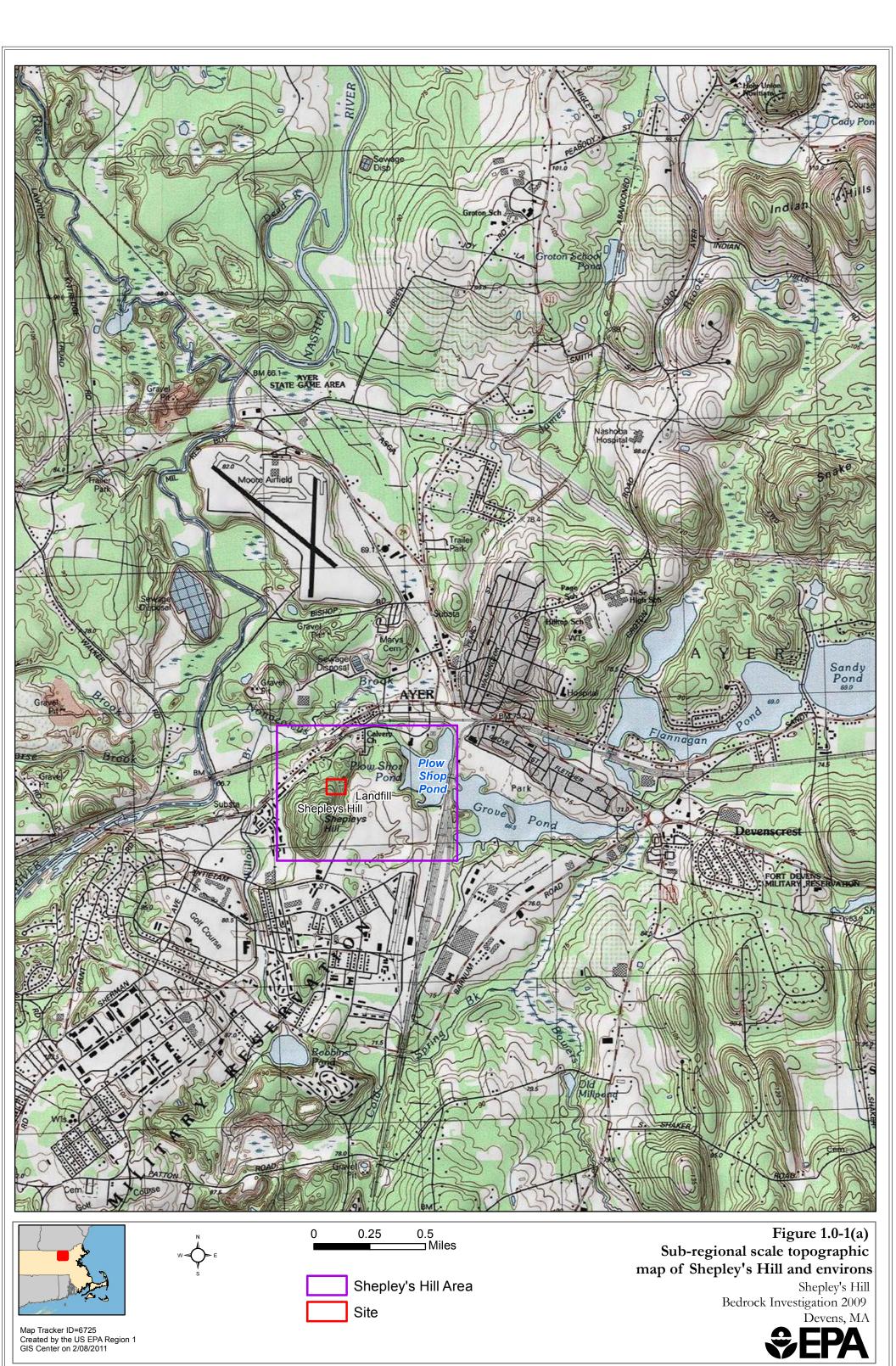
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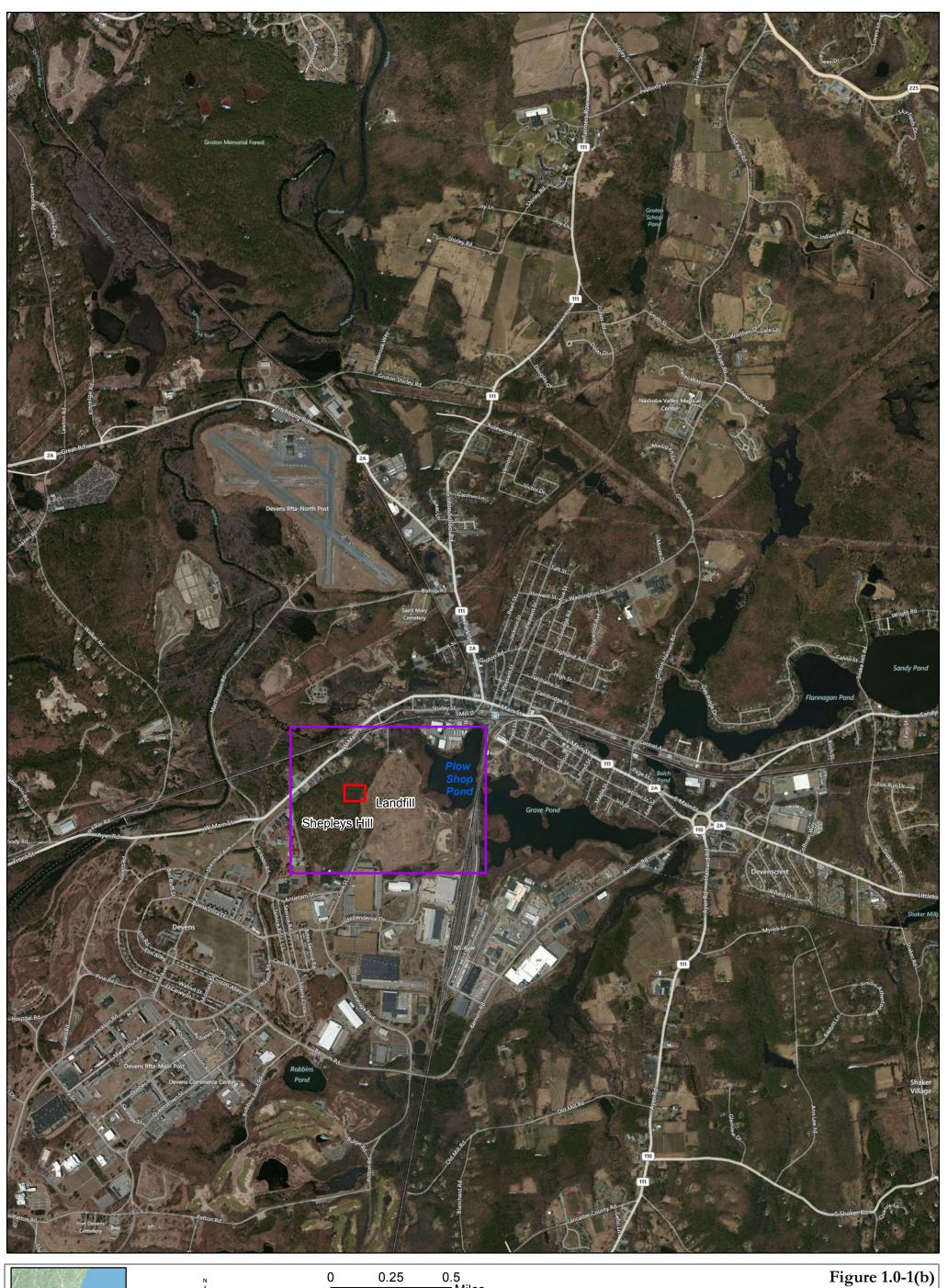




Photo Source: Bing Maps Map Tracker ID=6725 Created by the US EPA Region 1 GIS Center on 2/08/2011



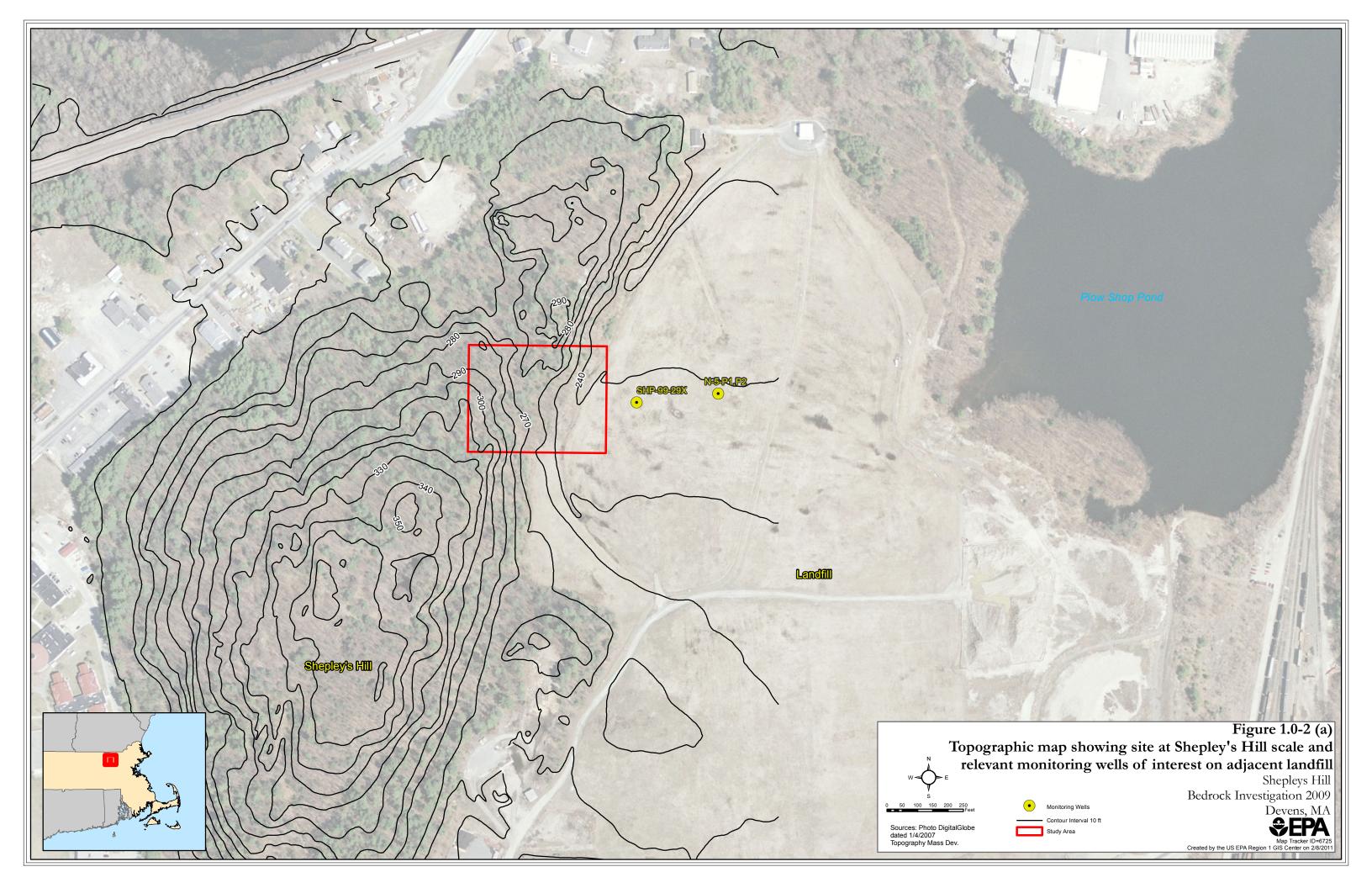
0.5 ☐ Miles

Shepley's Hill Area

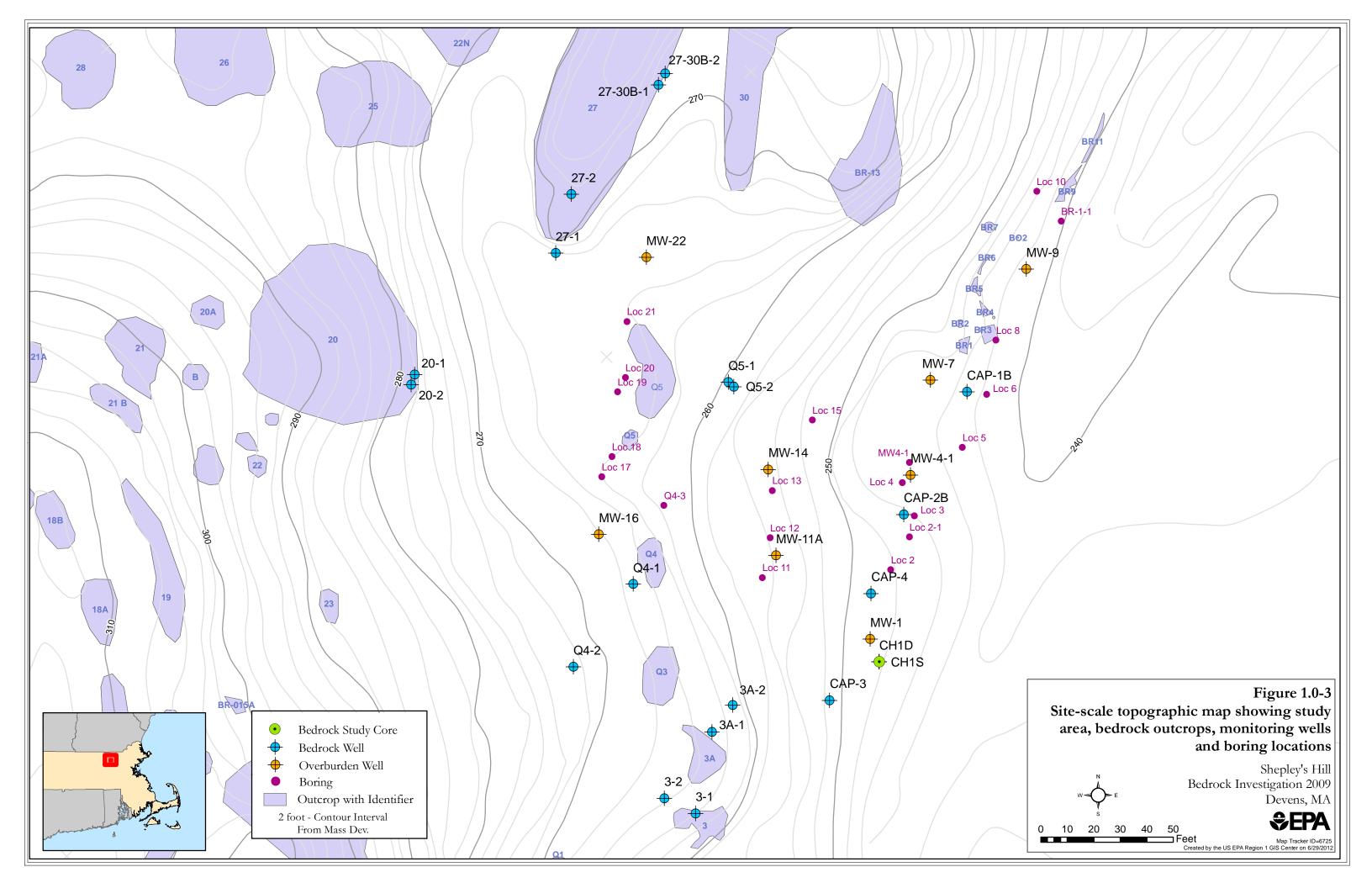
Site

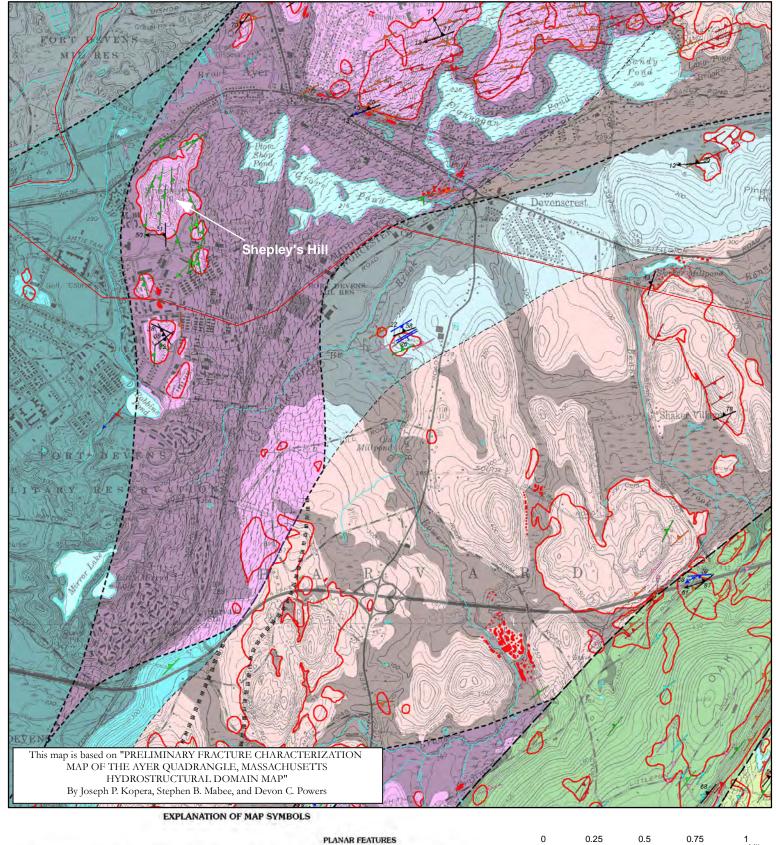
Figure 1.0-1(b)
Sub-regional aerial photograph
of Shepley's Hill and environs
Shepley's Hill
Bedrock Investigation 2009
Devens, MA











Strike and dip of dominant schistosity. Generally parallel to bedding in stratified rocks of Merrimack Belt Contact, approximately located (within approximately 50 meters) Contact, location inferred Strike and dip of local secondary schistosity and/or cleavage (S2) • • • • • Gradational contact in Aver grantte Denotes occurence of actinolite in Berwick formation (after Robinson et al., 1978) LINEAR FEATURES Bearing and plunge of mineral lineation Bedrock outcrop Area where bedrock is shallow (<3 meters below surface) and/or outcop is extensive Bearing and plunge of intersection of dominant and local secondary schistosity (S2) - Fault, approximately located (within approximately 50 meters) MINOR FOLDS - Fault, interred. Bearing and plunge of minor fold axis. Such folds are locally second generation (F2) in stratified rocks of Merrimack Bell Zone of sheared rocks Density of pattern reflects relative intensity of shearing Strike and dip of exial surface of minor fold. Generally parallel to local secondary schistosity (S2) in stratified rocks of Memimack Belt Permeable Surface Materials - Overlay shading shows areas where permeable and conductive overburden is observed at the surface and may lie above the bedrock

Gneisses and schists of the Nashoba Formation

Ayer and Chelmsford granites and foliated granitoidal gneisses of the Devens gneiss complex

Tadmuck Brook Schist

Moderately to steeply dipping well-layered quartzites, phyllites, and schists of the Merrimack Group

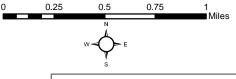


Figure 4.2-1 Sub-regional scale bedrock geologic map of Shepley's Hill and environs

Shepley's Hill Bedrock Investigation 2009 Devens, MA



Map Tracker ID=6725 Created by the US EPA Region 1 GIS Center on 5/10/2012



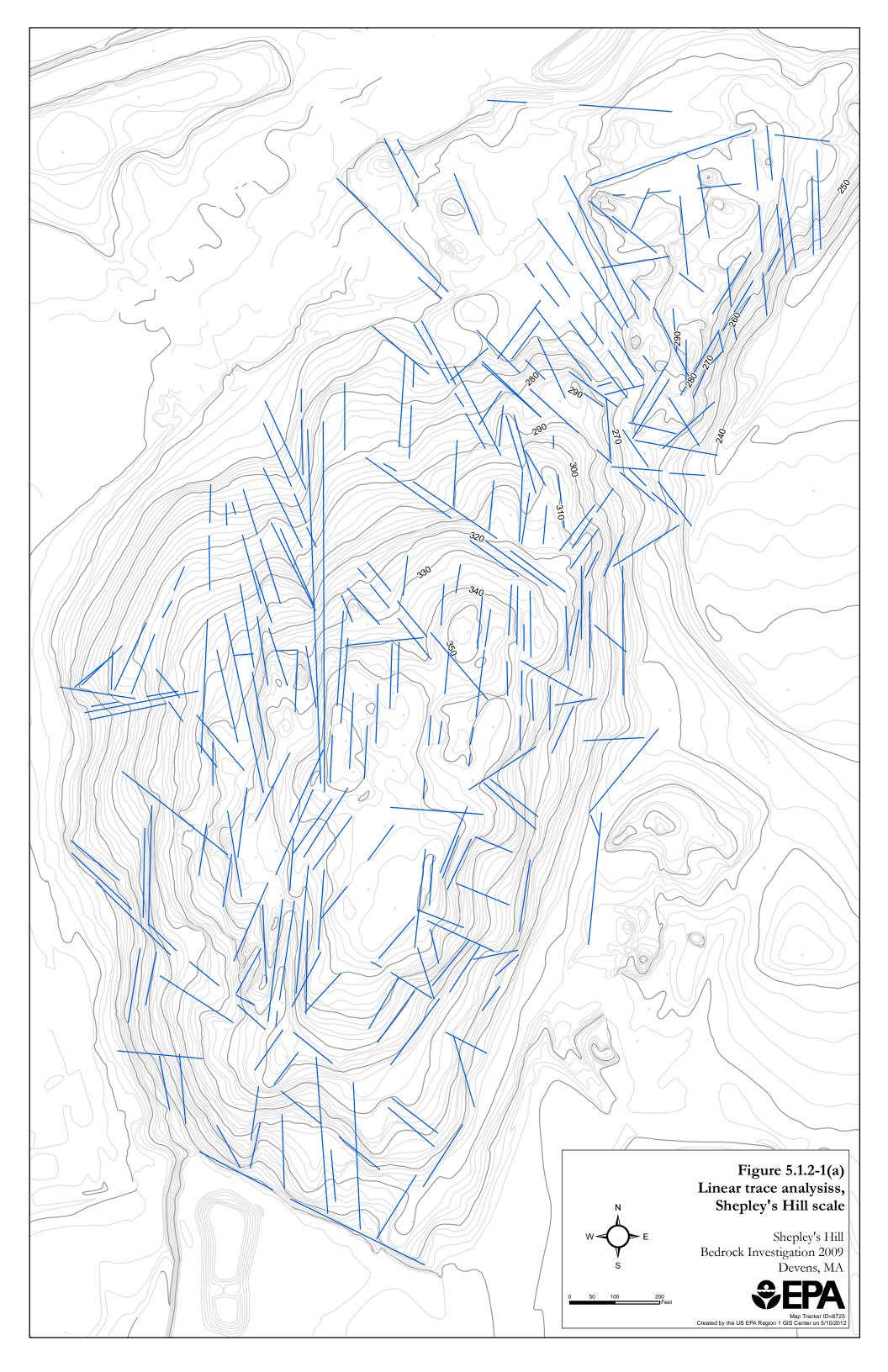
Sheeting Fractures

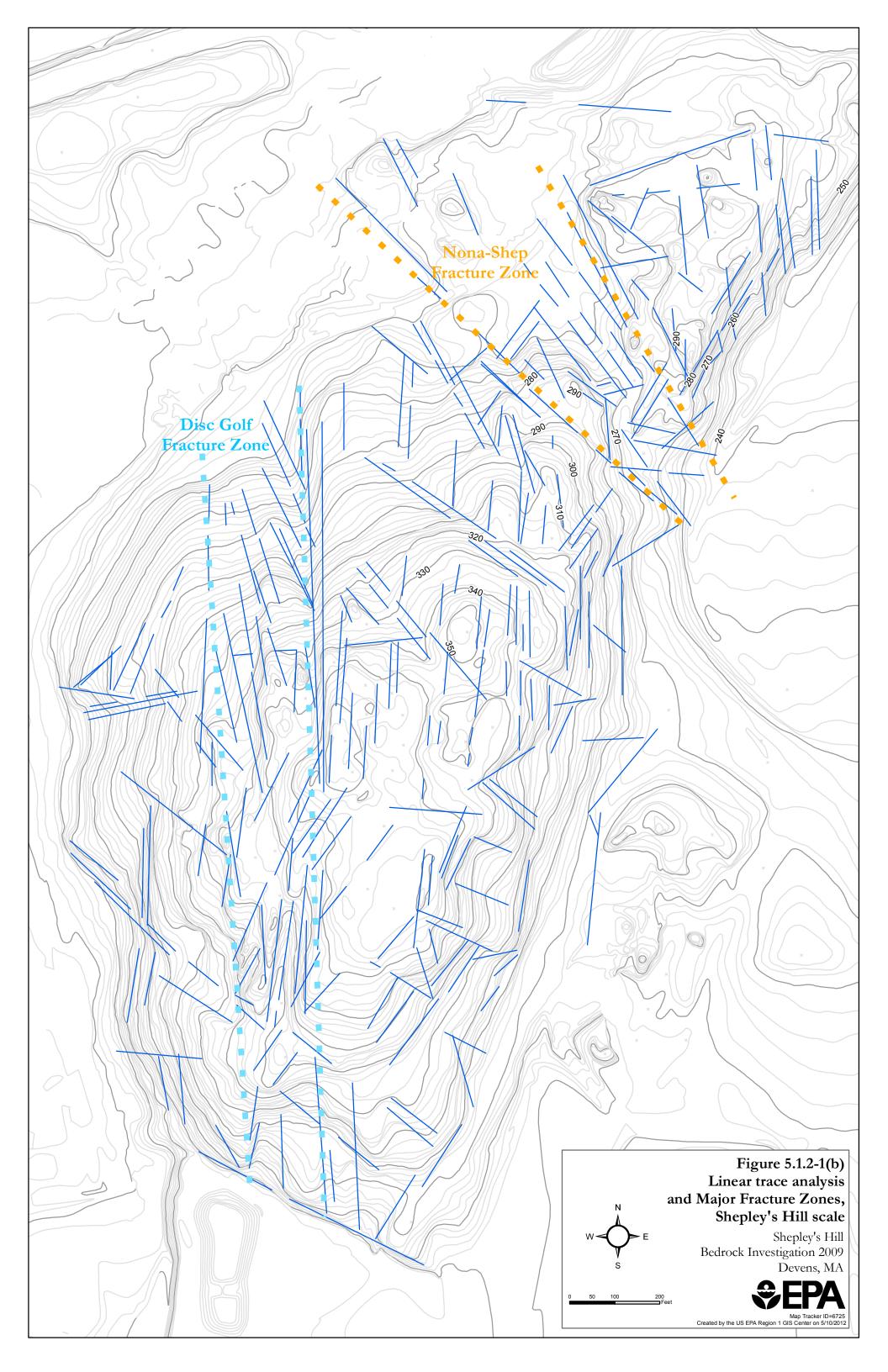
Figure 5.1.1
Photograph of outcrop showing exposed joint surface on sheeting fractures, looking NNE

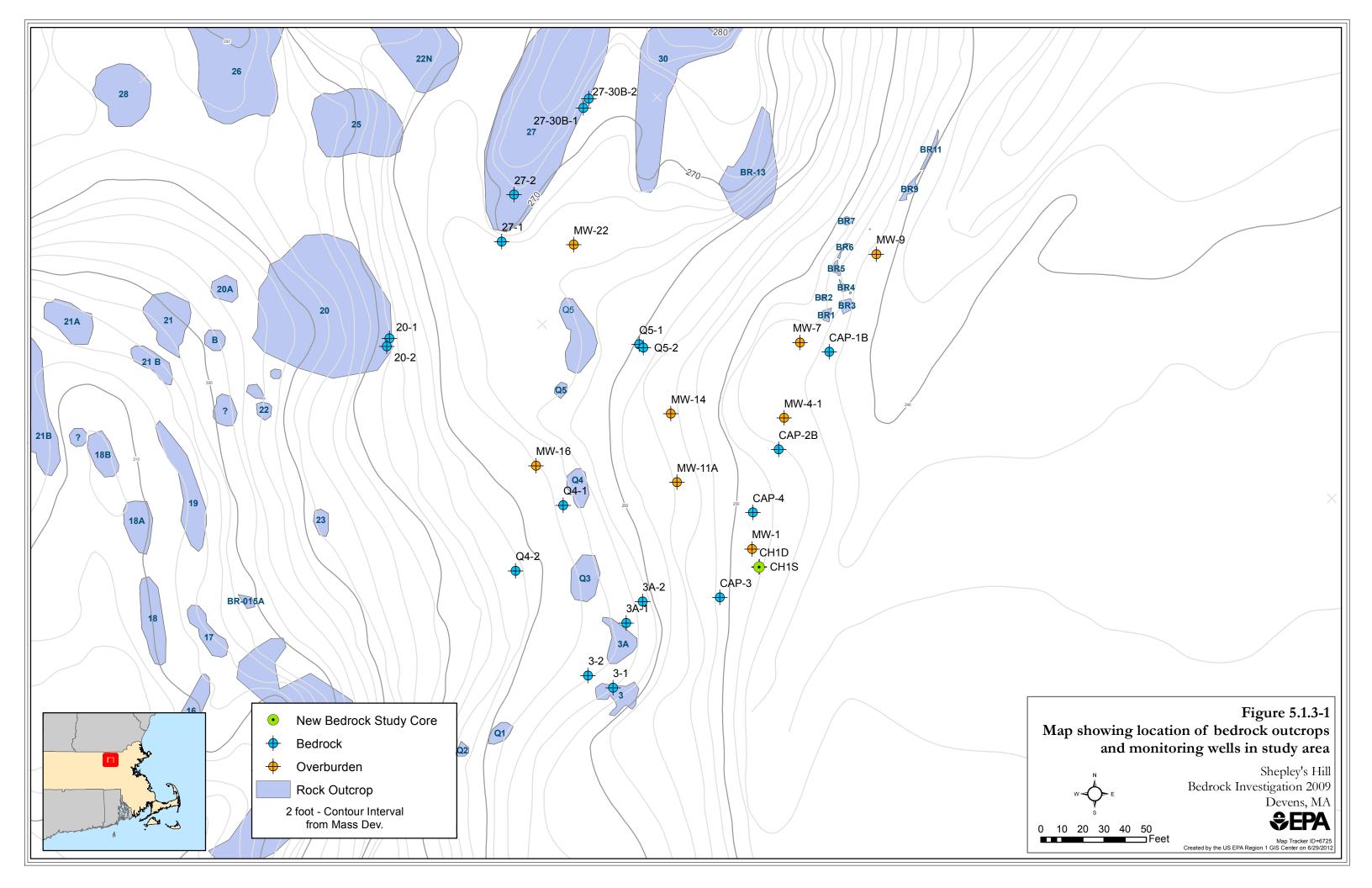
Shepley's Hill Bedrock Investigation 2009 Devens, MA



Map Tracker ID=6725 Created by the US EPA Region 1 GIS Center on 4/21/2011







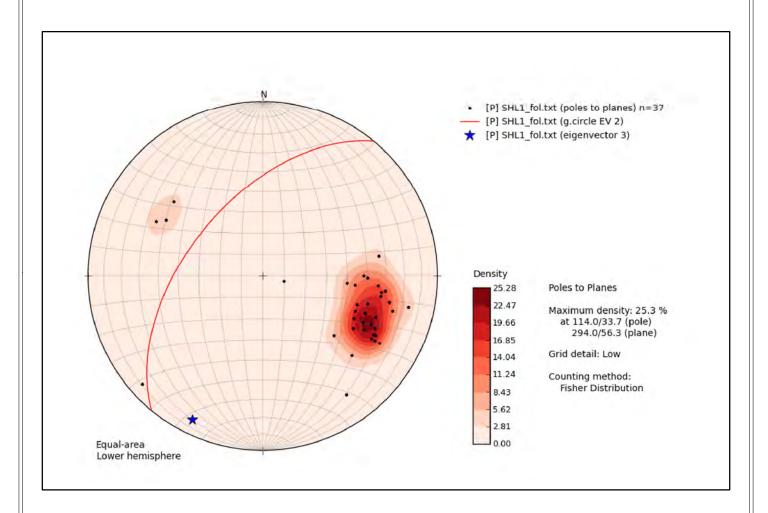


Figure 5.1.3-2 Lower-hemisphere steroplot of site-scale foliation orientations

> Shepley's Hill Bedrock Investigation 2009 Devens, MA



Map Tracker ID=6725 Created by the US EPA Region 1 GIS Center on 4/21/2011

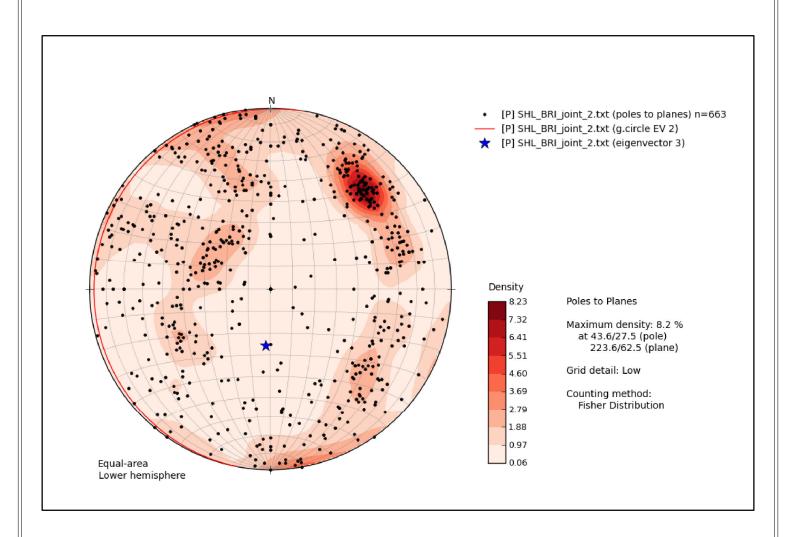
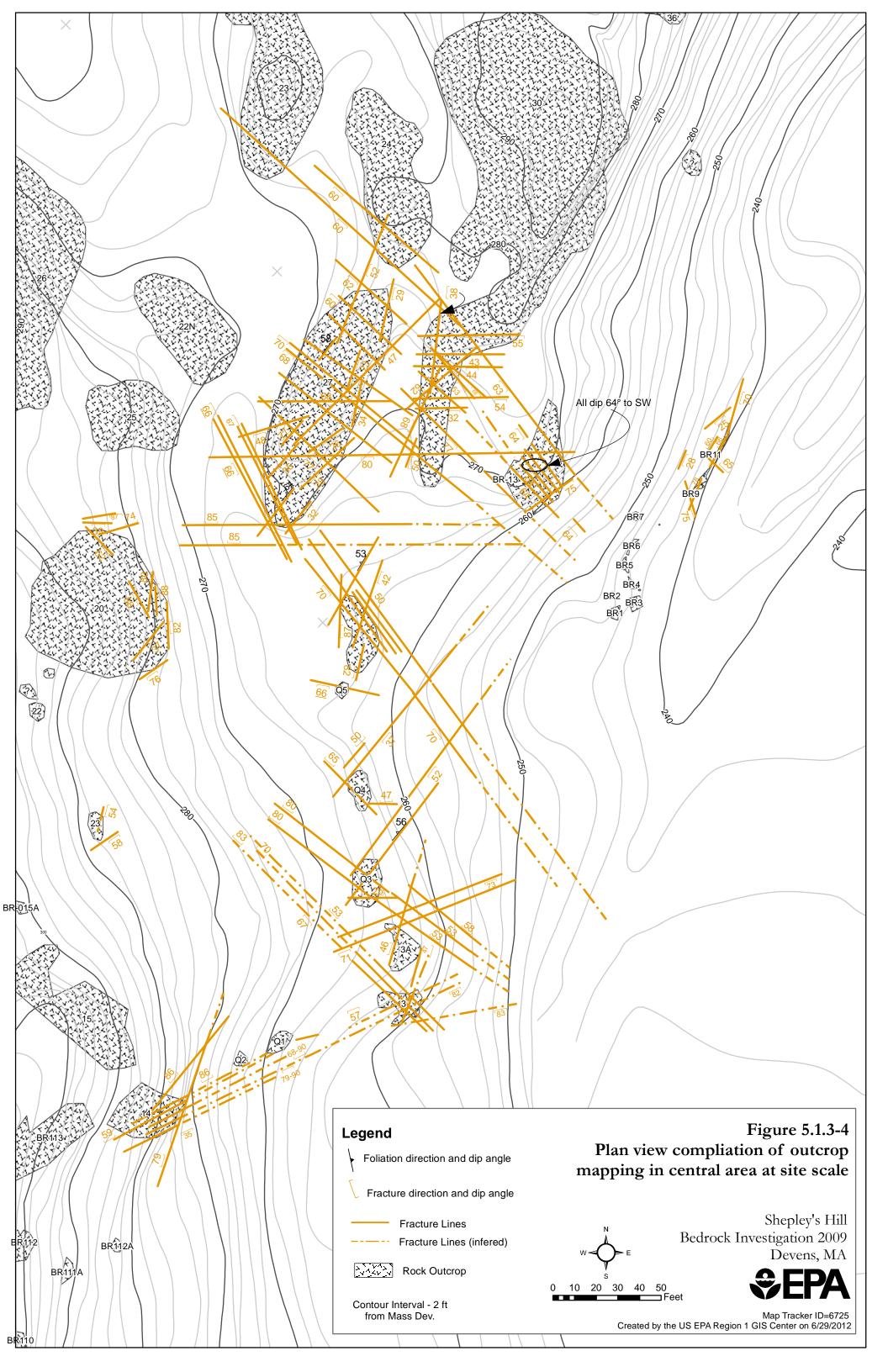


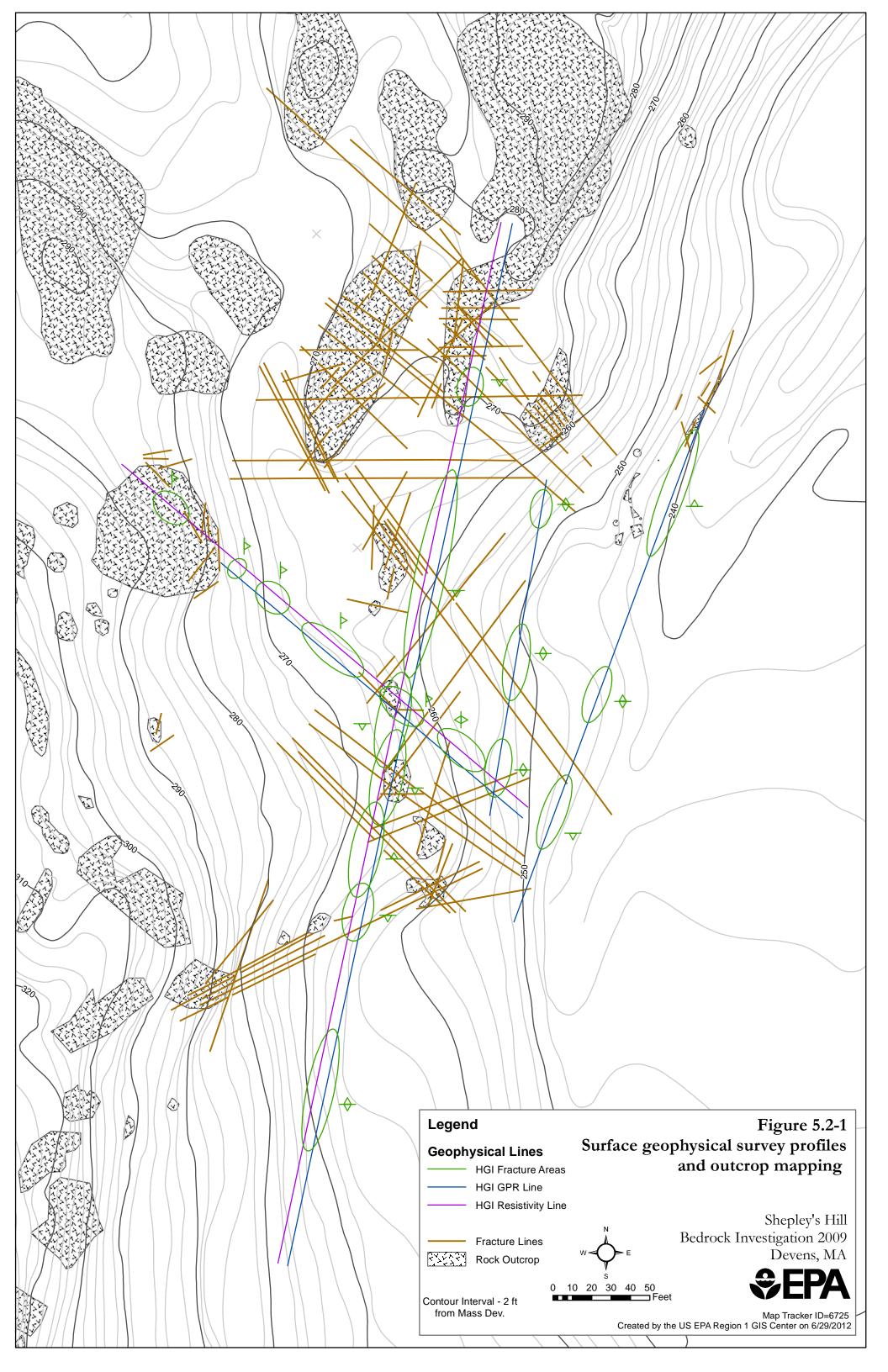
Figure 5.1.3-3 Lower-hemisphere steroplot of site-scale fracture and joint orientations

> Shepley's Hill Bedrock Investigation 2009 Devens, MA



Map Tracker ID=6725 Created by the US EPA Region 1 GIS Center on 4/21/2011





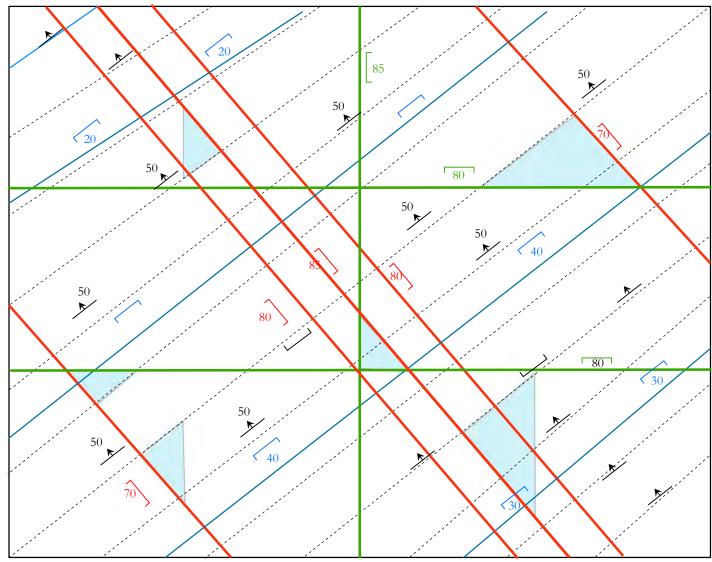


Figure 5.3.1-1 Schematic diagram showing general fracure relationships

Fracuture N-S or E-W Strike
Fracuture/joint NW-SE Strike
Sheeting Fracture NE-SW Strike, dips at shallow to moderate angles to SE

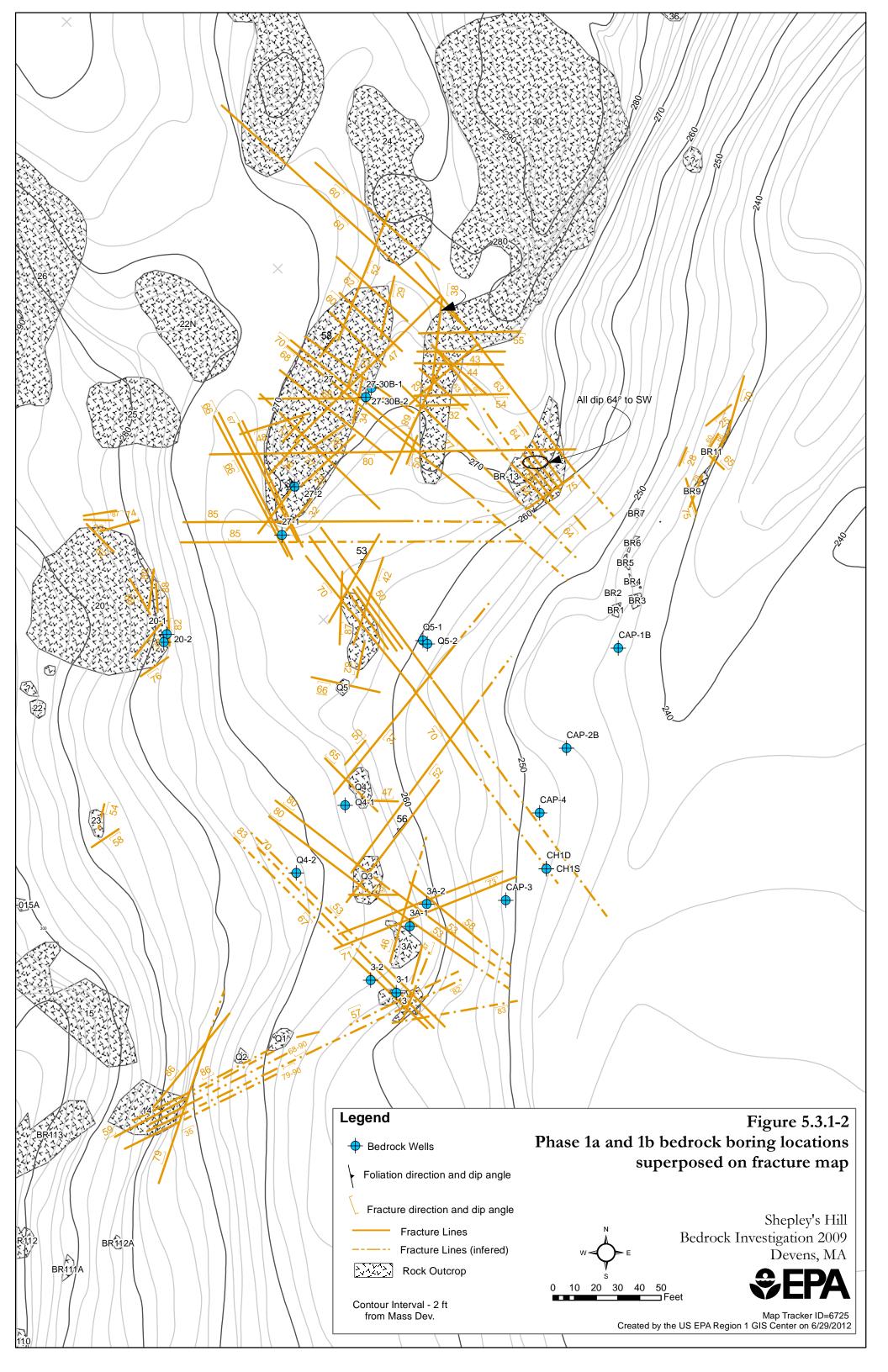
Foliation; Strikes NE-SW, Dips 50° NW

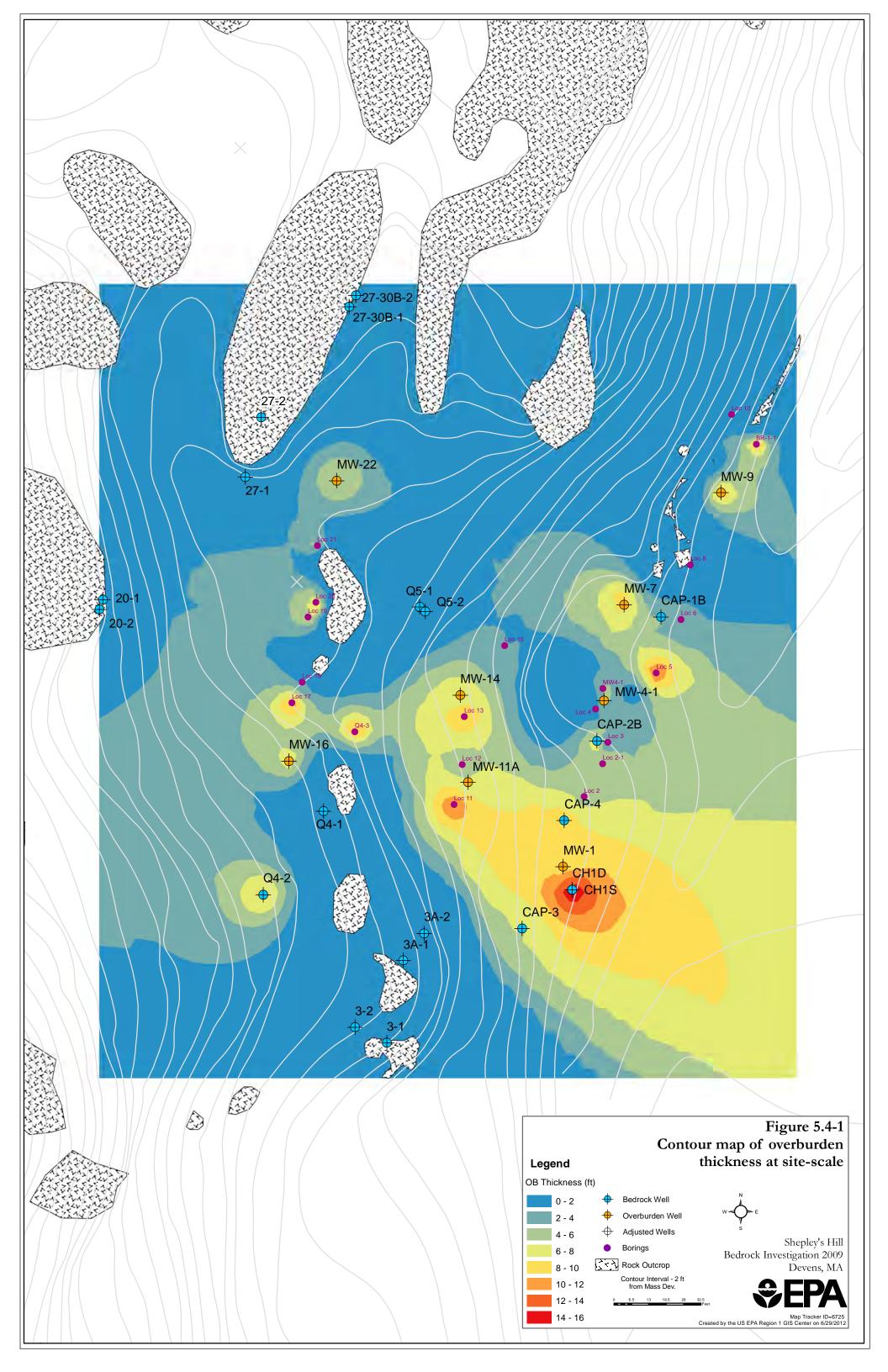
Fracture orientaion, dip in direction of tick marks

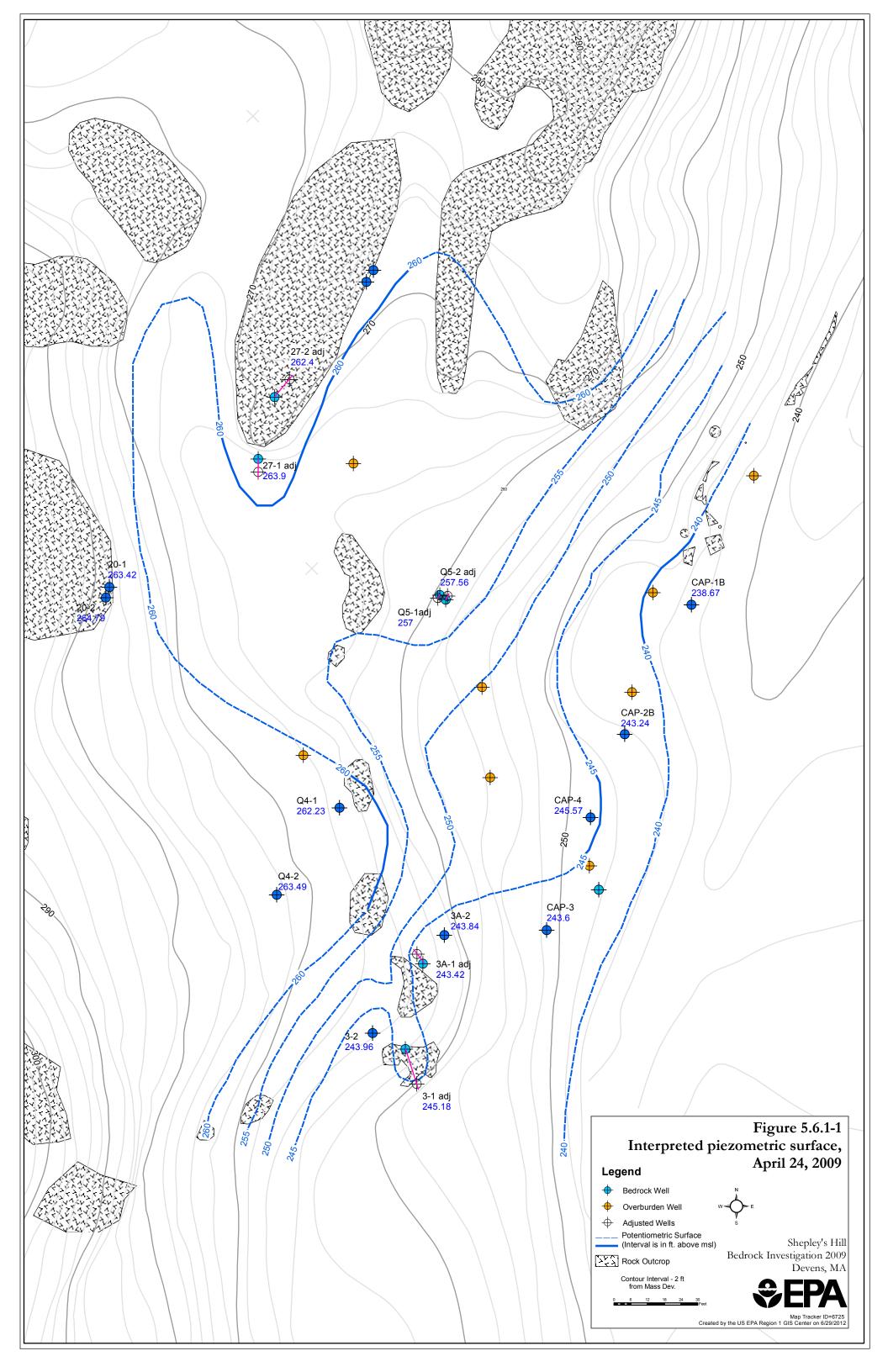
Topographic pinnacles and depressions

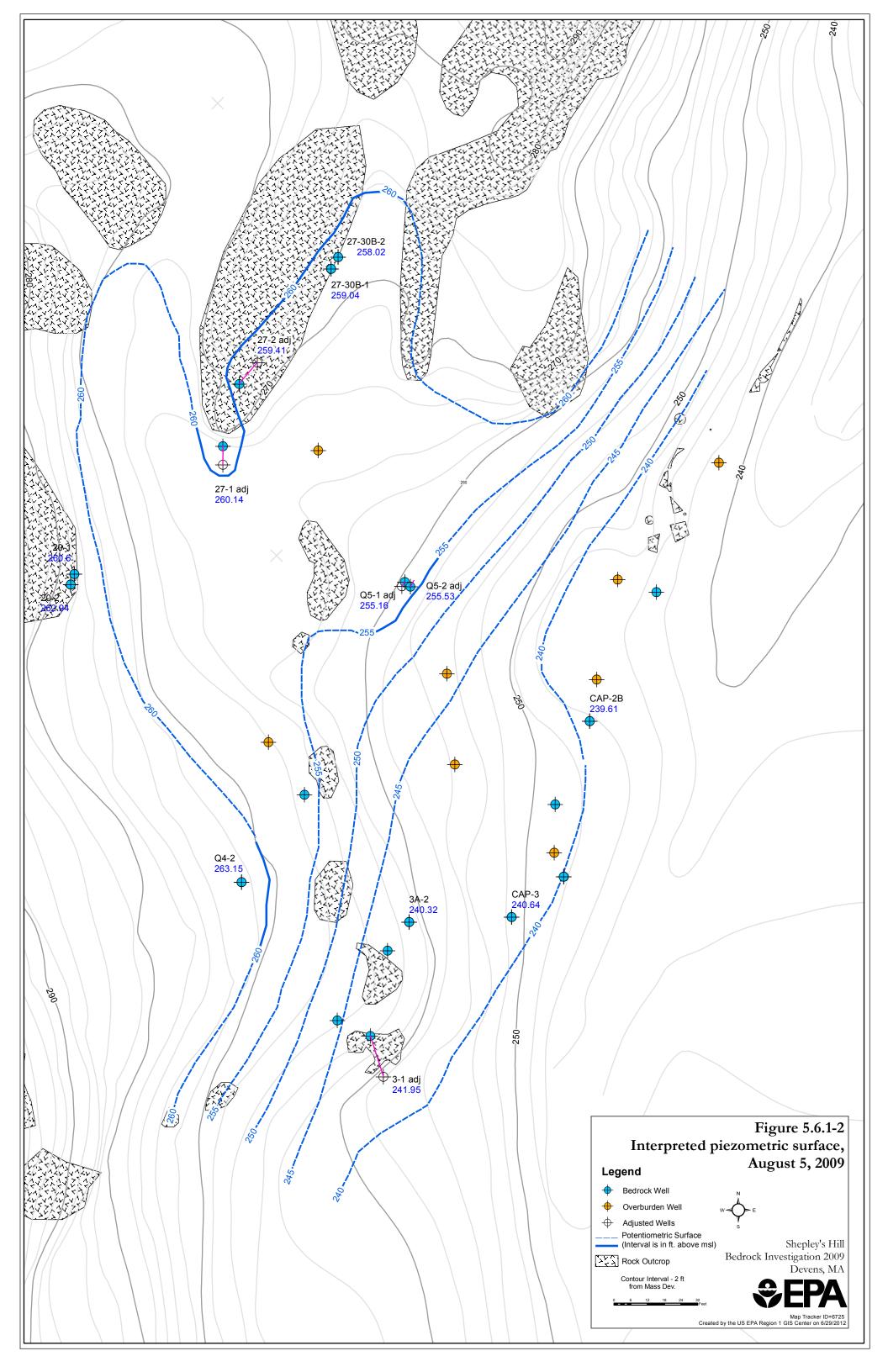
Shepley's Hill Bedrock Investigation 2009 Devens, MA

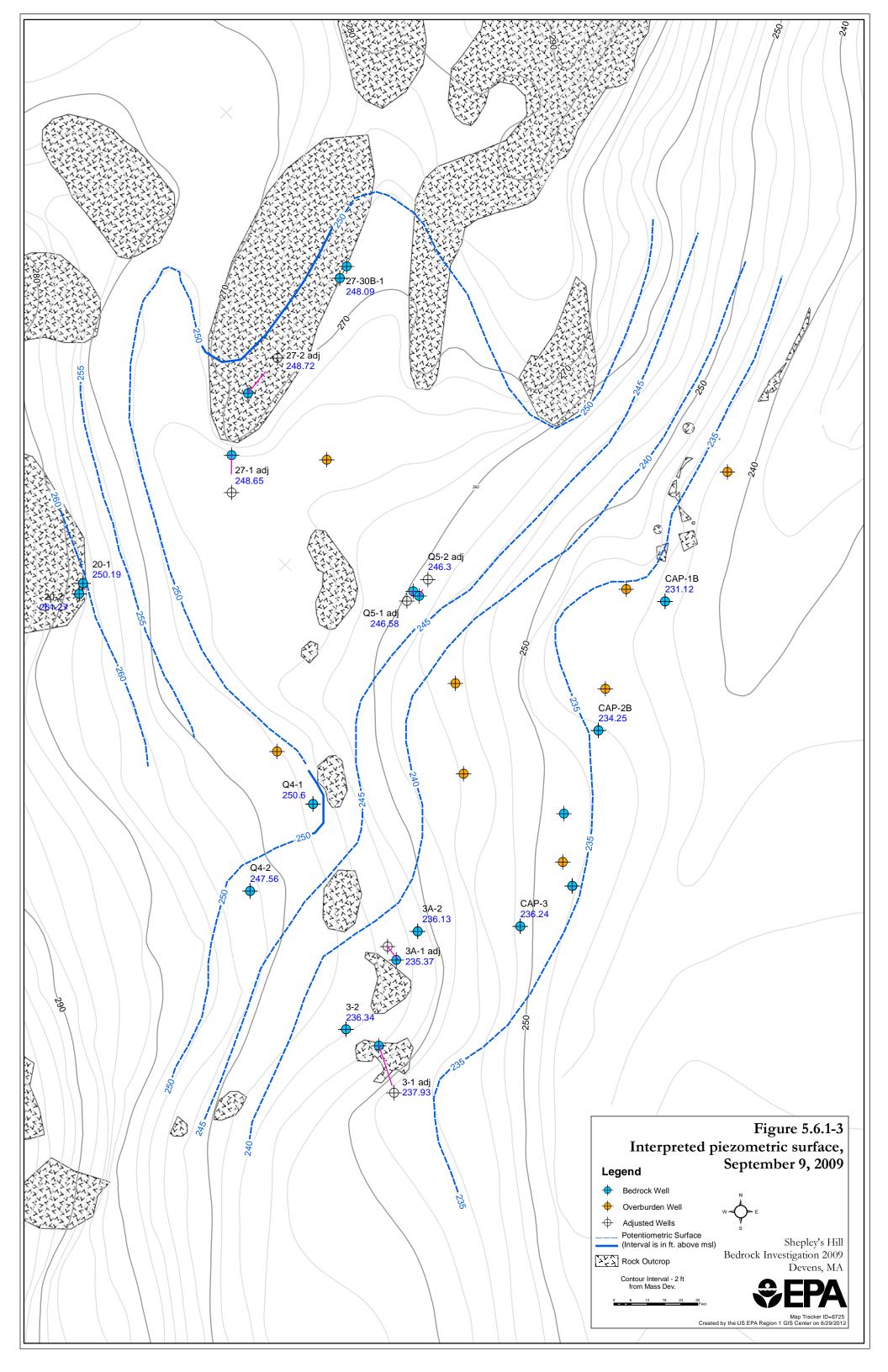


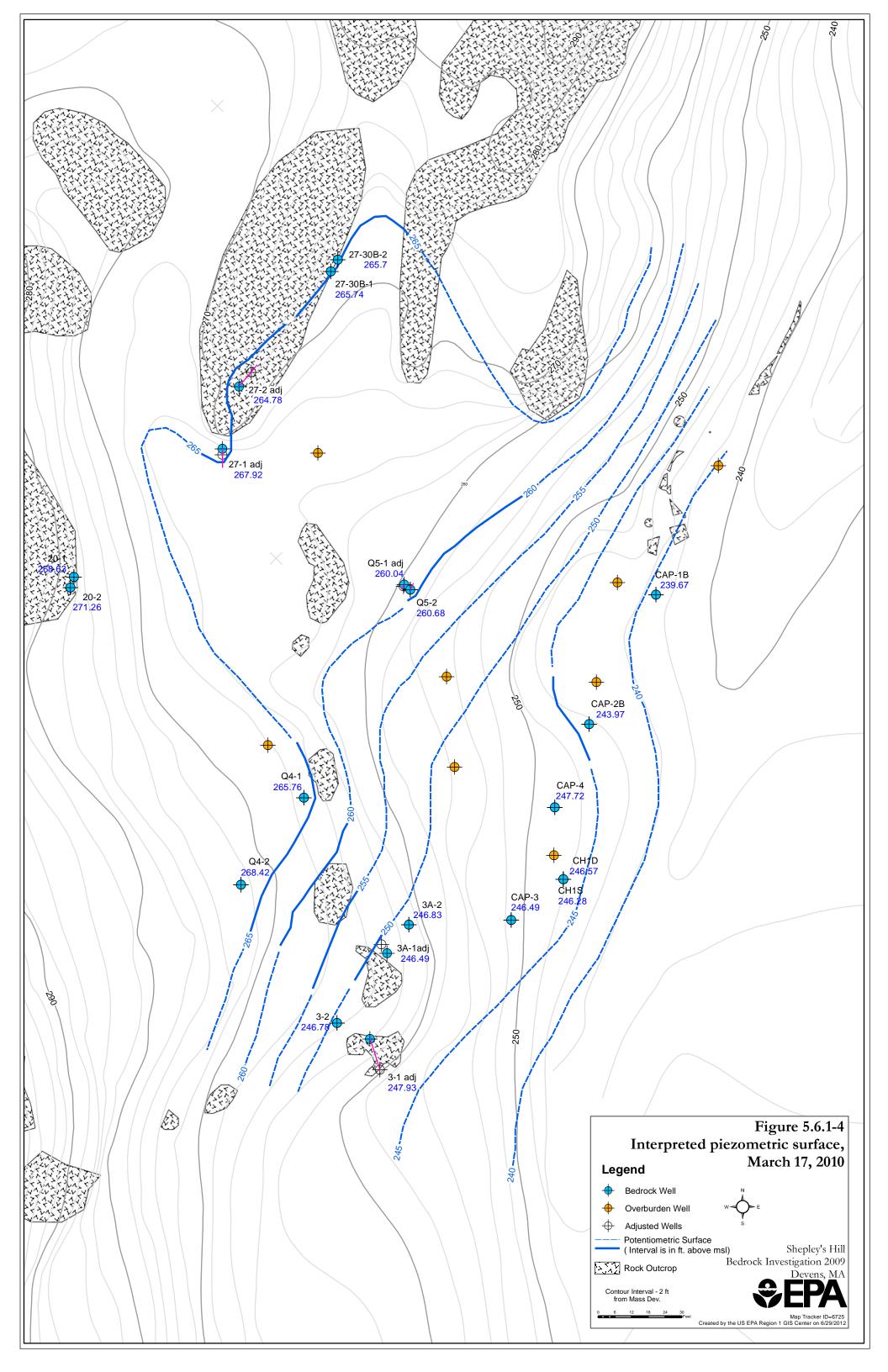












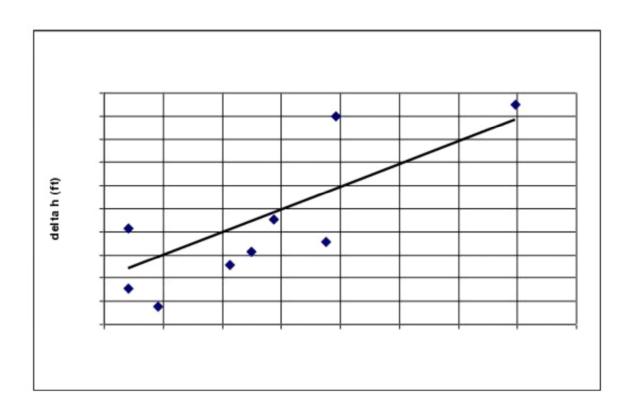


Figure 5.6.5-1(a): Correlation of water-level change and precipitation at 20-1.

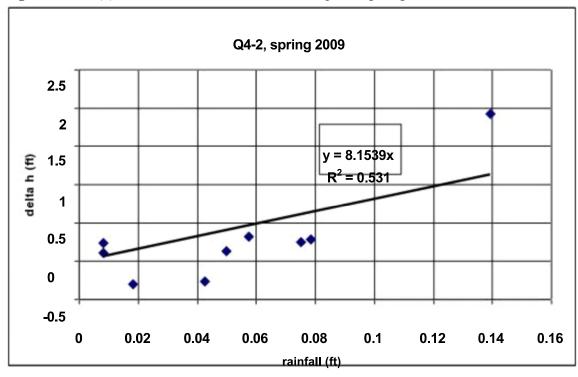


Figure 5.6.5-1(b): Correlation of water-level change and precipitation at Q4-2.

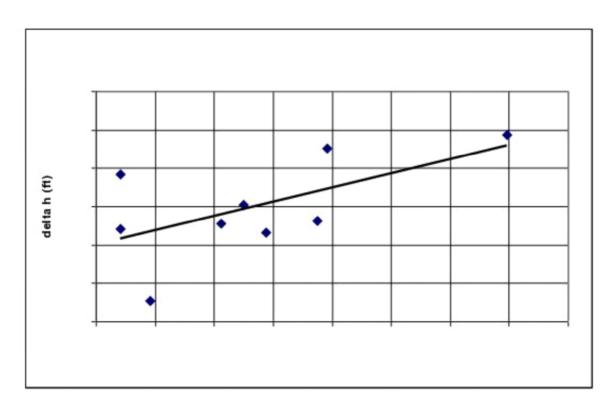


Figure 5.6.5-1(c): Correlation of water-level change and precipitation at 3-1.

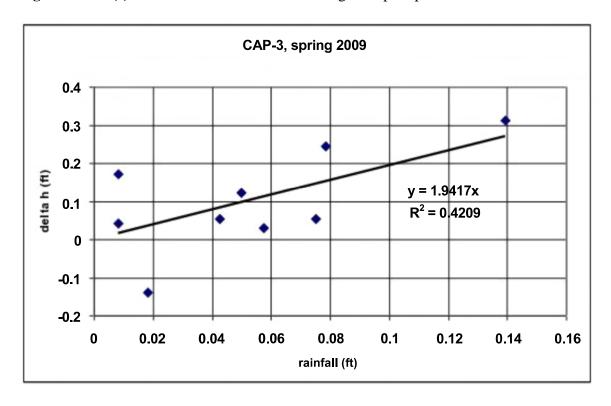
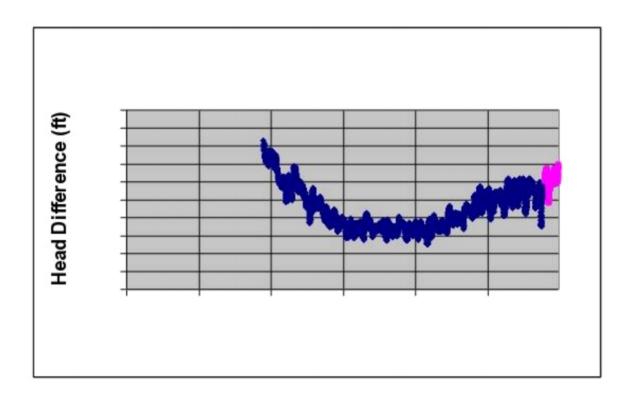


Figure 5.6.5-1(d): Correlation of water-level change and precipitation at CAP-3.



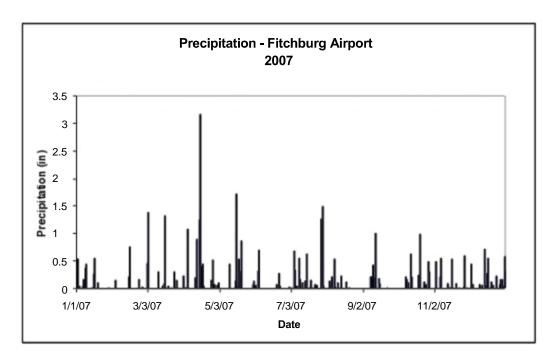
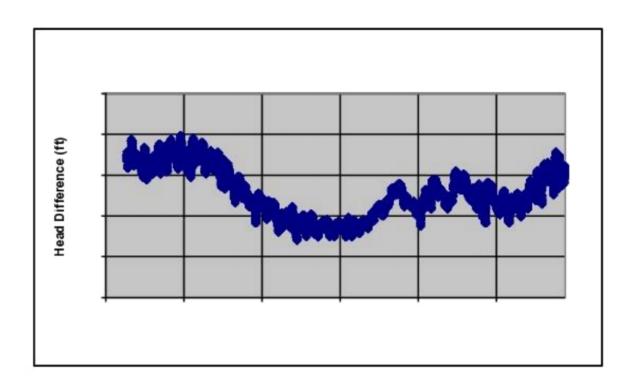


Figure 5.6.6-1(a): Head difference at the N5 piezometer pair (deep minus shallow); 2007. Positive values indicate upward flow; negative values indicate downward flow.



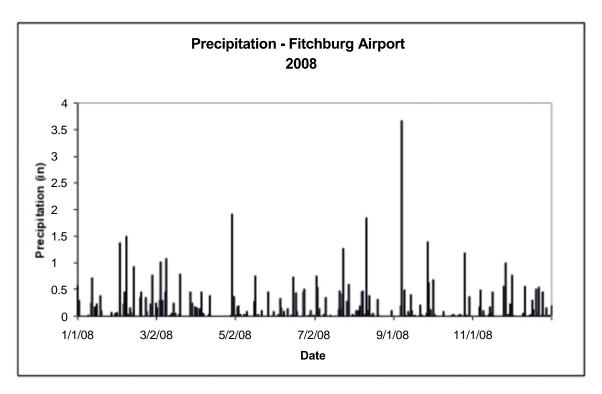
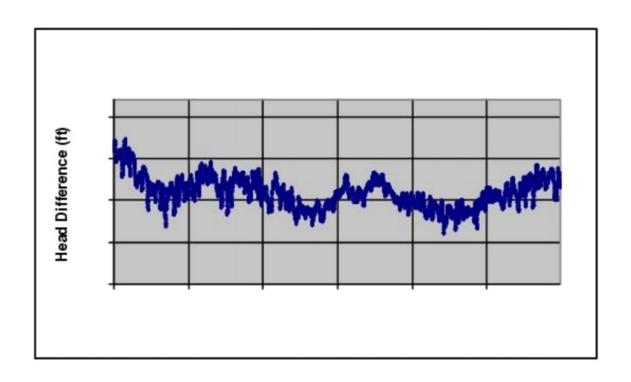


Figure 5.6.6-1(b): Head difference at the N5 piezometer pair (deep minus shallow); 2008. Positive values indicate upward flow; negative values indicate downward flow.



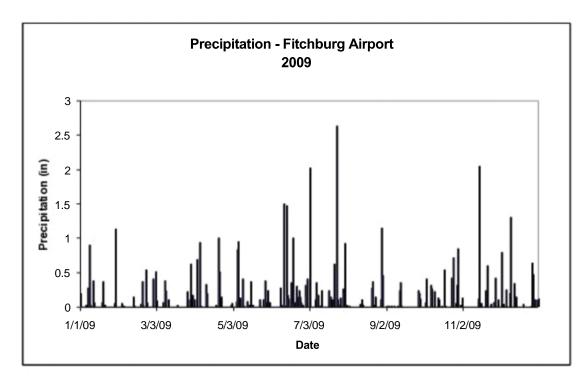
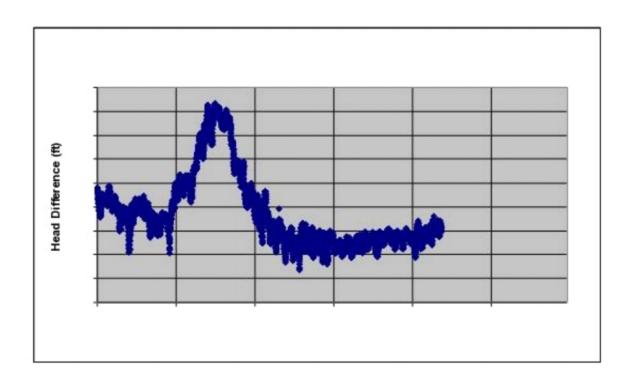


Figure 5.6.6-1(c): Head difference at the N5 piezometer pair (deep minus shallow); 2009. Positive values indicate upward flow; negative values indicate downward flow.



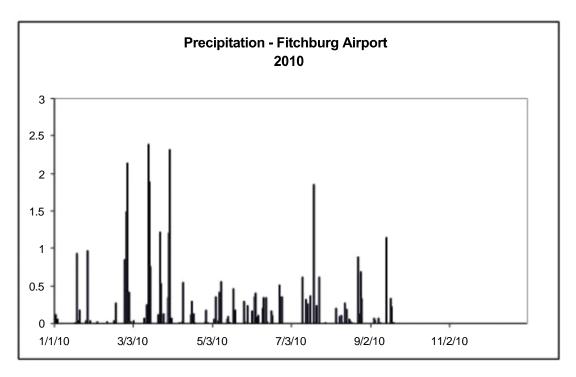


Figure 5.6.6-1(d): Head difference at the N5 piezometer pair (deep minus shallow); 2010. Positive values indicate upward flow; negative values indicate downward flow.

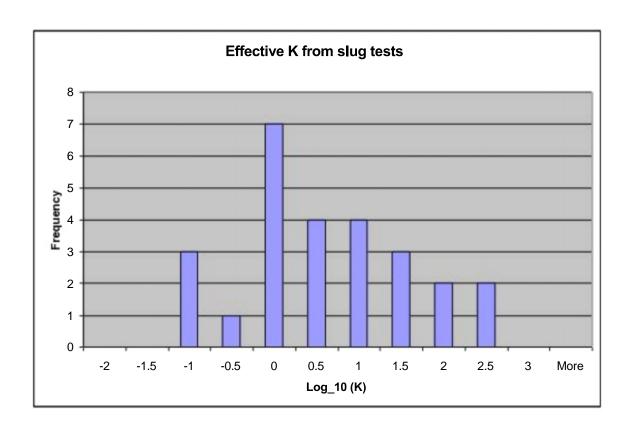


Figure 5.7-1: Histogram of $\log_{10}(K)$; K in ft/d. Values displayed include results from both falling-head and rising-head slug tests on 16 open bedrock borings. One boring was tested at two different times. Distribution is approximately log-normal. Geometric mean is 2.0 ft/d (i.e., the central tendency of the logarithm is 0.3).



Figure 5.10.3-1. Large open fracture at approximately 39 ft. bgs. Note wide bands (several cm thick) of iron oxidation adjacent to fracture surface.



Figure 5.10.3-2. Close-up of fracture in Figure 5.10.3-1 showing bleached zone surrounding iron-oxidation band; bleaching is inferred to be relict hydrothermal alteration.



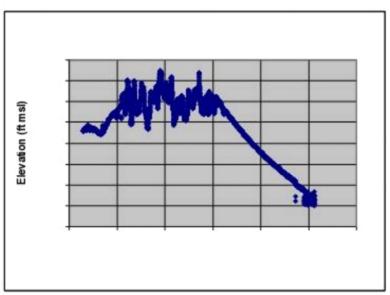
Figure 5.10.3-3(a). Vertically oriented calcite-filled vein with sulfide minerals (tentatively identified as pyrite and arsenopyrite). Depth interval = 108.25-108.4 ft.

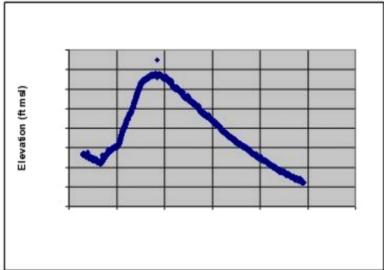


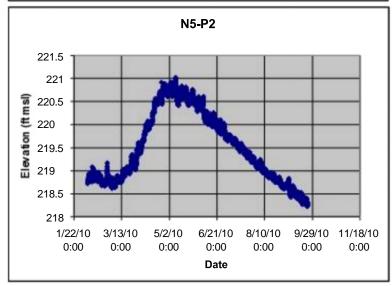
Figure 5.10.3-3(b). Quartz vein with silver-colored sulfide mineral (possibly arsenopyrite). Depth interval ~133 ft.

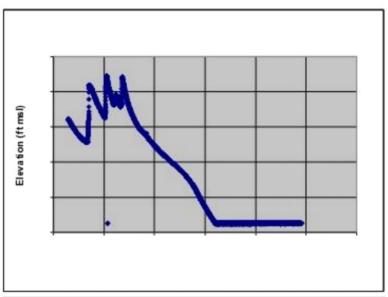


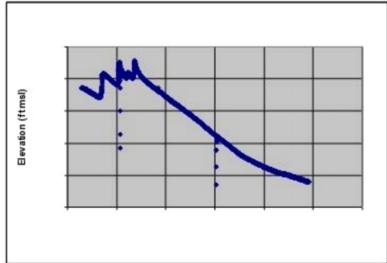
Figure 5.10.3-3(c). Large quartz vein with pyrite at approximately 98 ft bgs.

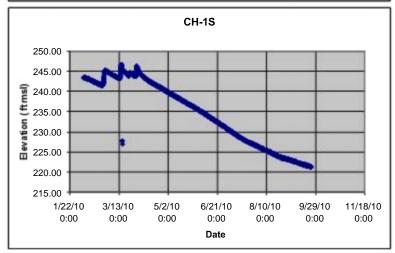












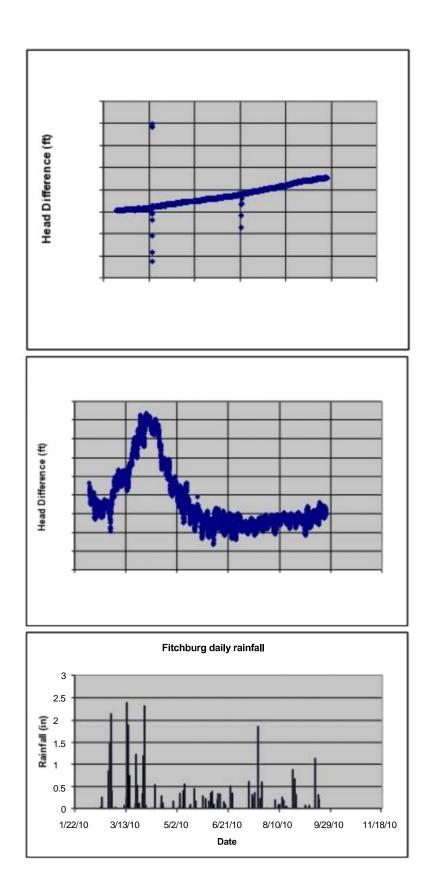


Figure 5.11-1: Water levels in screened wells, 5 February 2010 to 24 September 2010.

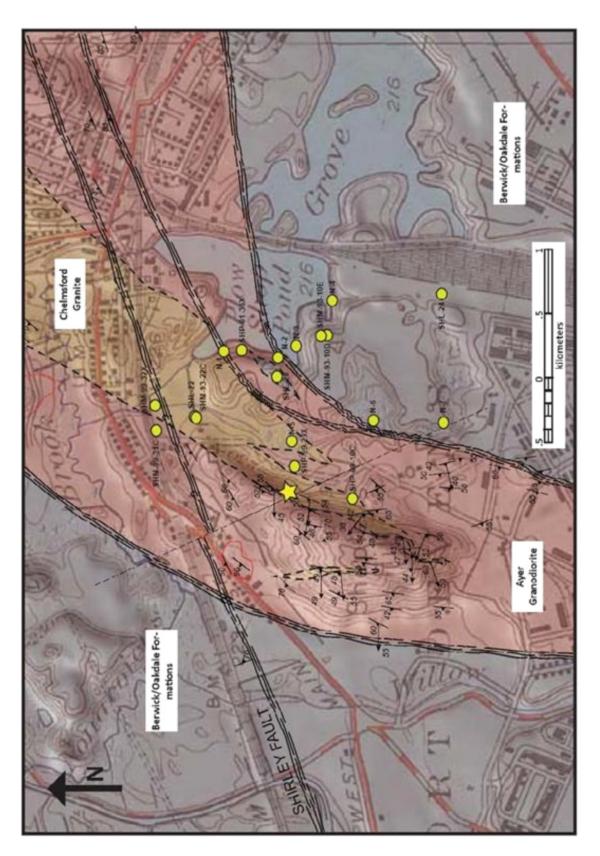


Figure 6.0-1. Locations of bedrock core samples examined. Filled yellow circles indicate borings for which core was archived from previous investigations. Yellow star indicates location of corehole CH-1, drilled for the present investigation. Figure from Koteas, et al., 2010.



Figure 6.1.2-1. Core from N5 showing alteration (Fe oxidation) along a fracture surface.

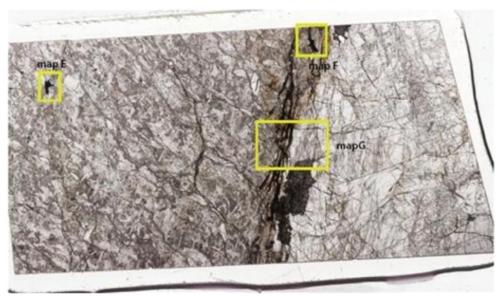


Figure 6.1.2-2. Thin section of sample from SHP-99-29X. Rectangles mark target areas for quantitative analysis by EM.

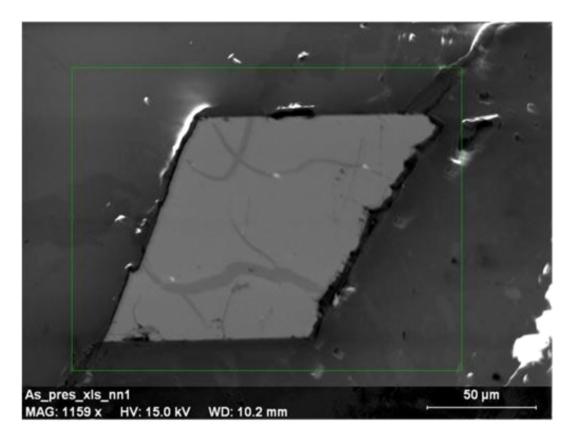


Figure 6.1.2-3(a). Backscattered electron image of arsenopyrite crystal in silicate matrix, from SHP-99-29X core.

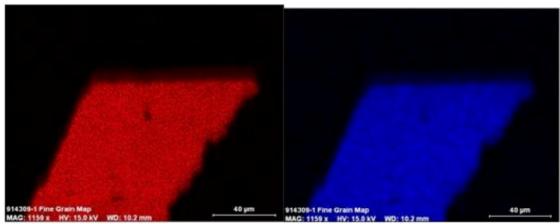


Figure 6.1.2-3(b). Arsenic (red) and sulfur (blue) single-element maps of crystal shown in Figure 6.1.2-3(a).

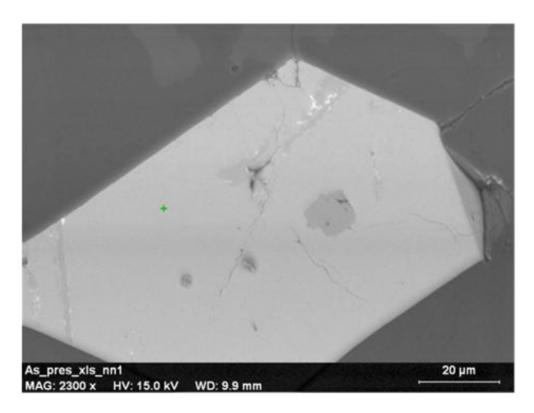


Figure 6.1.2-4(a). SEM image of an arsenopyrite crystal from SHP-99-29X core.

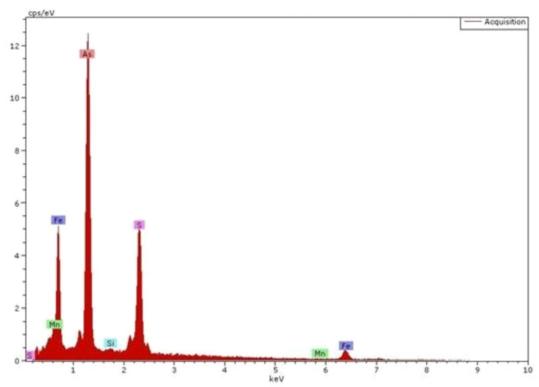


Figure 6.1.2-4(b). Element scan at point marked in Figure 4a. Most prominent peaks (left to right) correspond to Fe, As, and S.

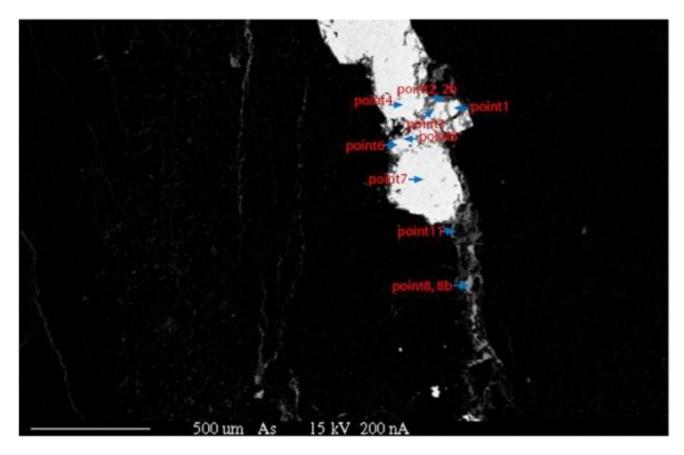


Figure 6.1.2-5. EM image of a sulfide crystal in a sample from SHP-99-29X; quantitative analysis (data presented in text, from Map Label F in Fig. 6-2) was performed at the points indicated. Results are consistent with an identification of arsenopyrite.

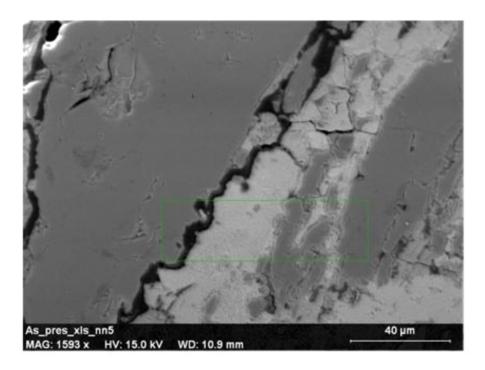


Figure 6.1.2-6(a). Vein filling (backscattered electron image) from SHP-99-29X.

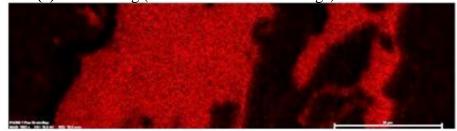


Figure 6.1.2-6(b). As element map of area outlined in Figure 6a.

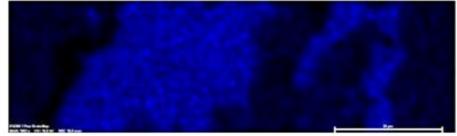


Figure 6.1.2-6(c). S element map of area outlined in Figure 6a.

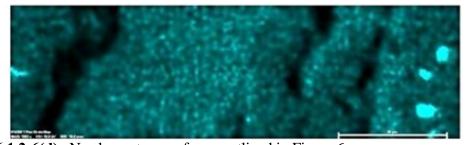


Figure 6.1.2-6(d). Na element map of area outlined in Figure 6a.

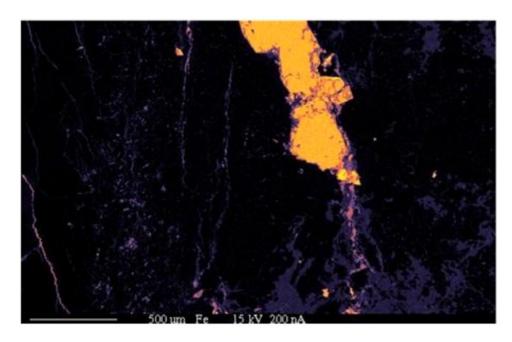


Figure 6.1.3-1(a). Element map of Fe for the area shown in Figure 6-5 (arsenopyrite from SHP-99-29X). Note Fe in microcrack below the arsenopyrite crystal.

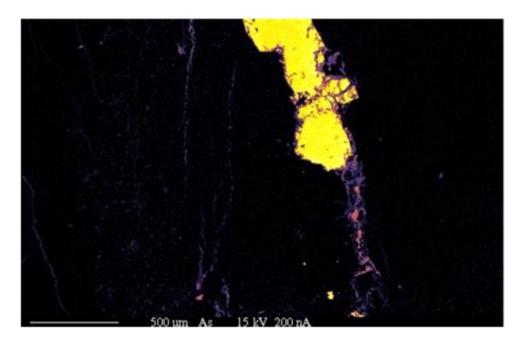
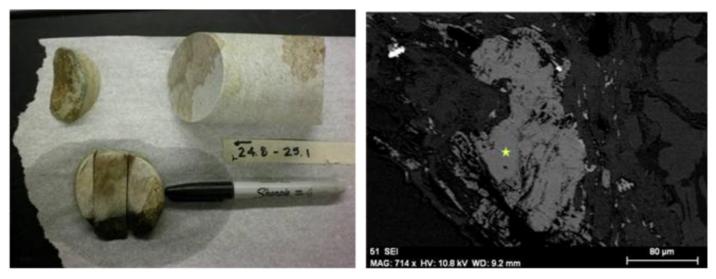


Figure 6.1.3-1(b). Element map of As for the area shown in Figure 6-5 (arsenopyrite from SHP-99-29X). Note As, in association with Fe, in microcrack below the arsenopyrite crystal.



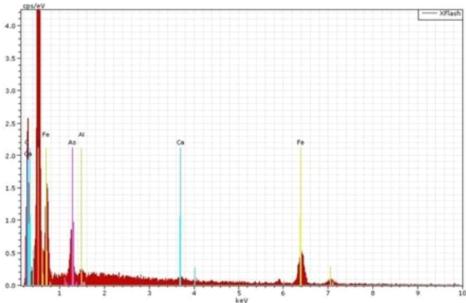
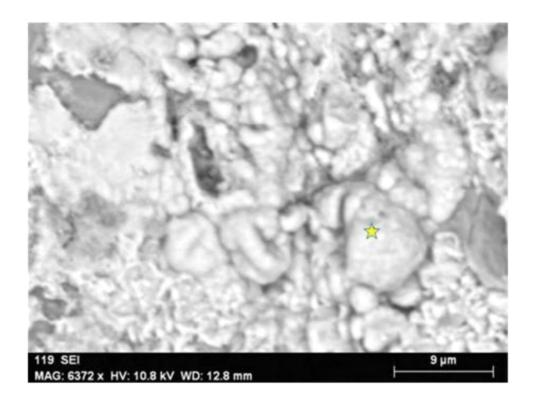


Figure 6.2.3-1. Deep corehole sample from 24.8-25.1 ft depth; bright area composed primarily of Fe-oxide with As (EDS scan at point marked by yellow star in photomicrograph).



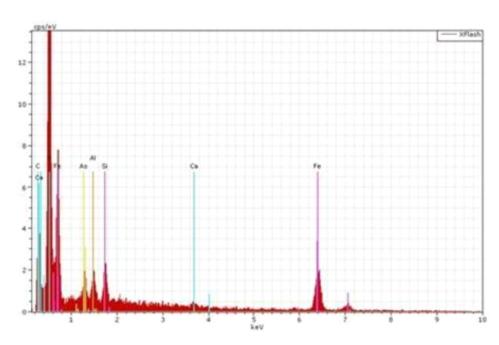


Figure 6.2.3-2. Deep corehole 88.9 ft depth sample: As-bearing "rubbly" coating on fracture surface (EDS scan at point in photomicrograph). Coating contains Fe, As, Al, Si, and Ca.

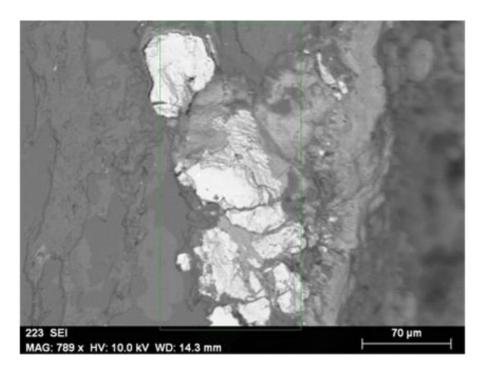


Figure 6.2.3-3(a). 97.9 ft depth: Arsenopyrite fracture mapping area BSE

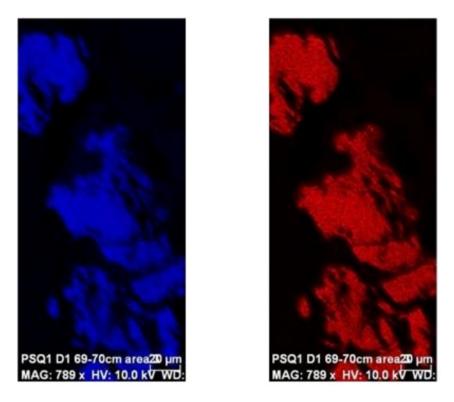
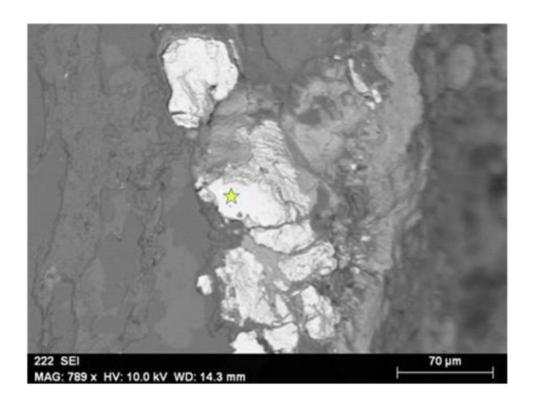


Figure 6.2.3-3(b). 97.9 ft depth: Arsenopyrite fracture mapping area; As (blue), S (red)



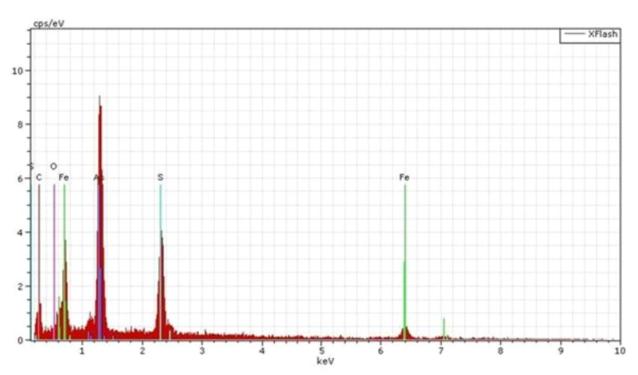
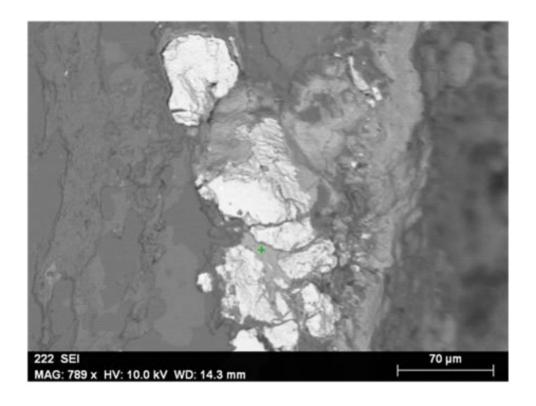


Figure 6.2.3-4. 97.9 ft depth: Arsenopyrite (EDS scan at point in photomicrograph); identification is based on presence of Fe, As, and S.



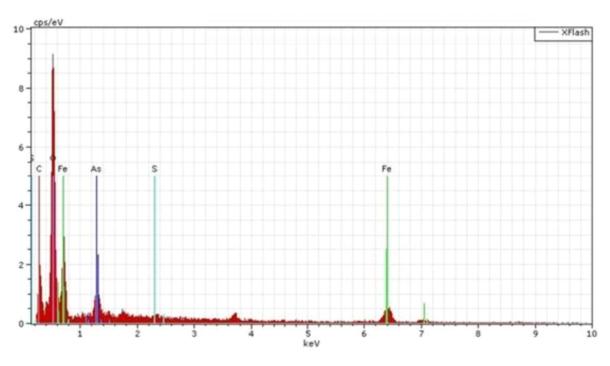
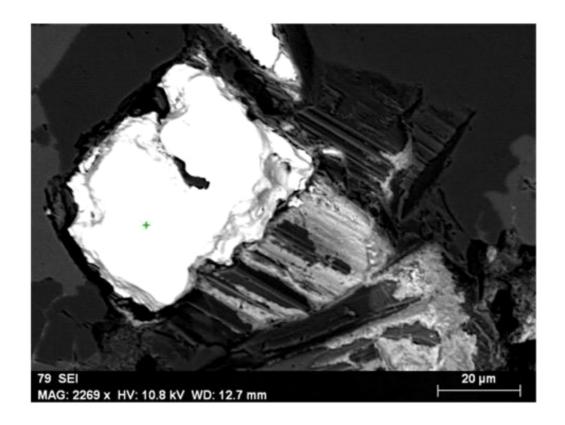


Figure 6.2.3-5. Deep corehole 97.9 ft depth: coating adjacent to arsenopyrite (EDS scan at point in photomicrograph), inferred to be As-bearing Fe-oxide based on absence of S.



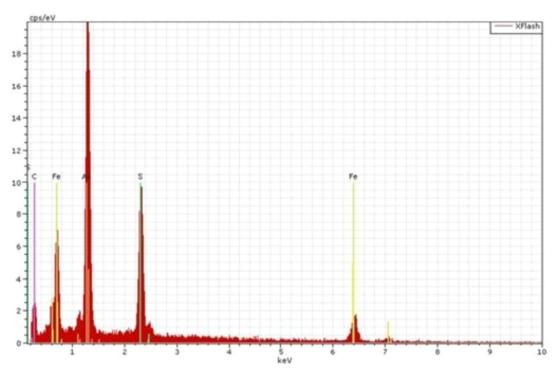


Figure 6.2.3-6. Deep corehole 97.9 ft depth: Arsenopyrite grain (bright area) with corroded margins (EDS scan at point in photomicrograph).

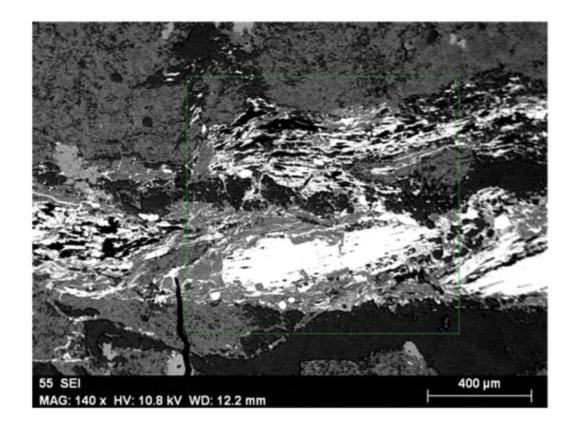


Figure 6.2.3-7(a). Deep corehole 125.7 ft depth: BSE image of mapping area

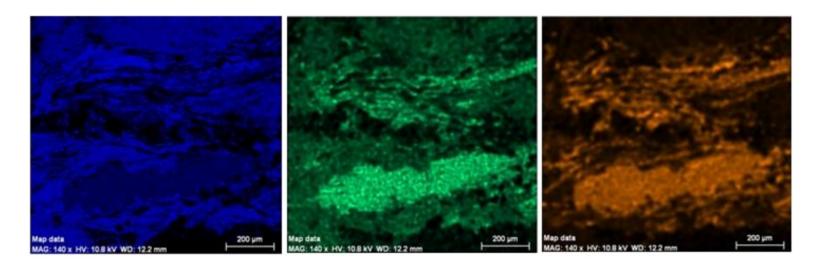
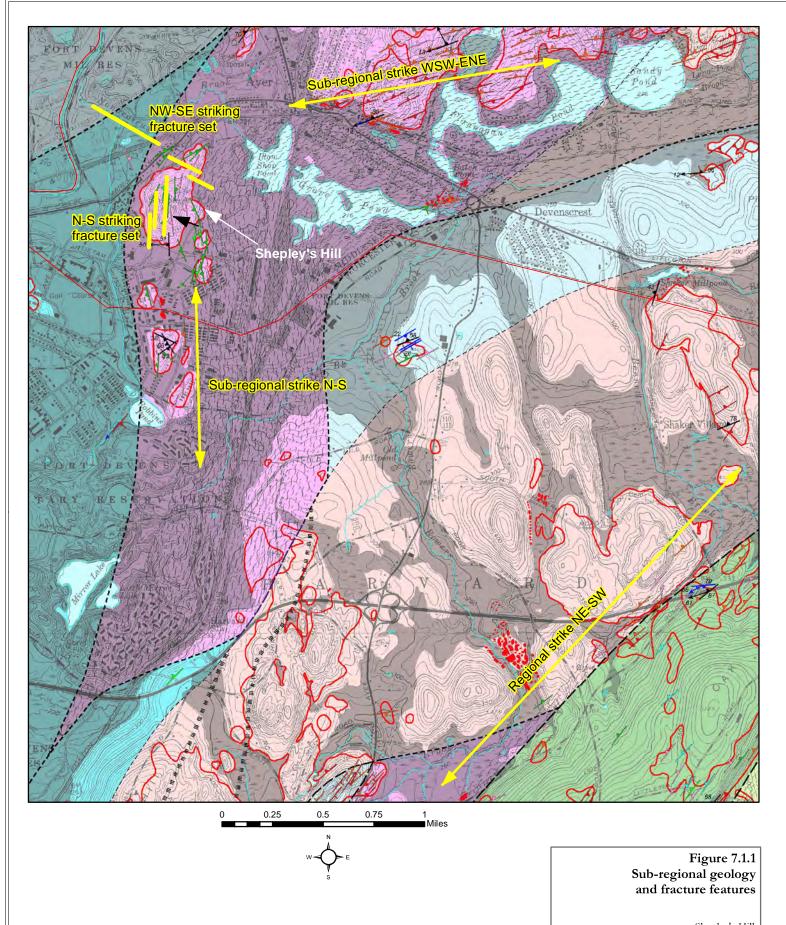


Figure 6.2.3-7(b). Deep corehole 125.7 ft depth: mapping area; Al (blue); As (green); Fe (orange). These images suggest that As is present with Feoxide and aluminosilicate minerals (possibly biotite?).



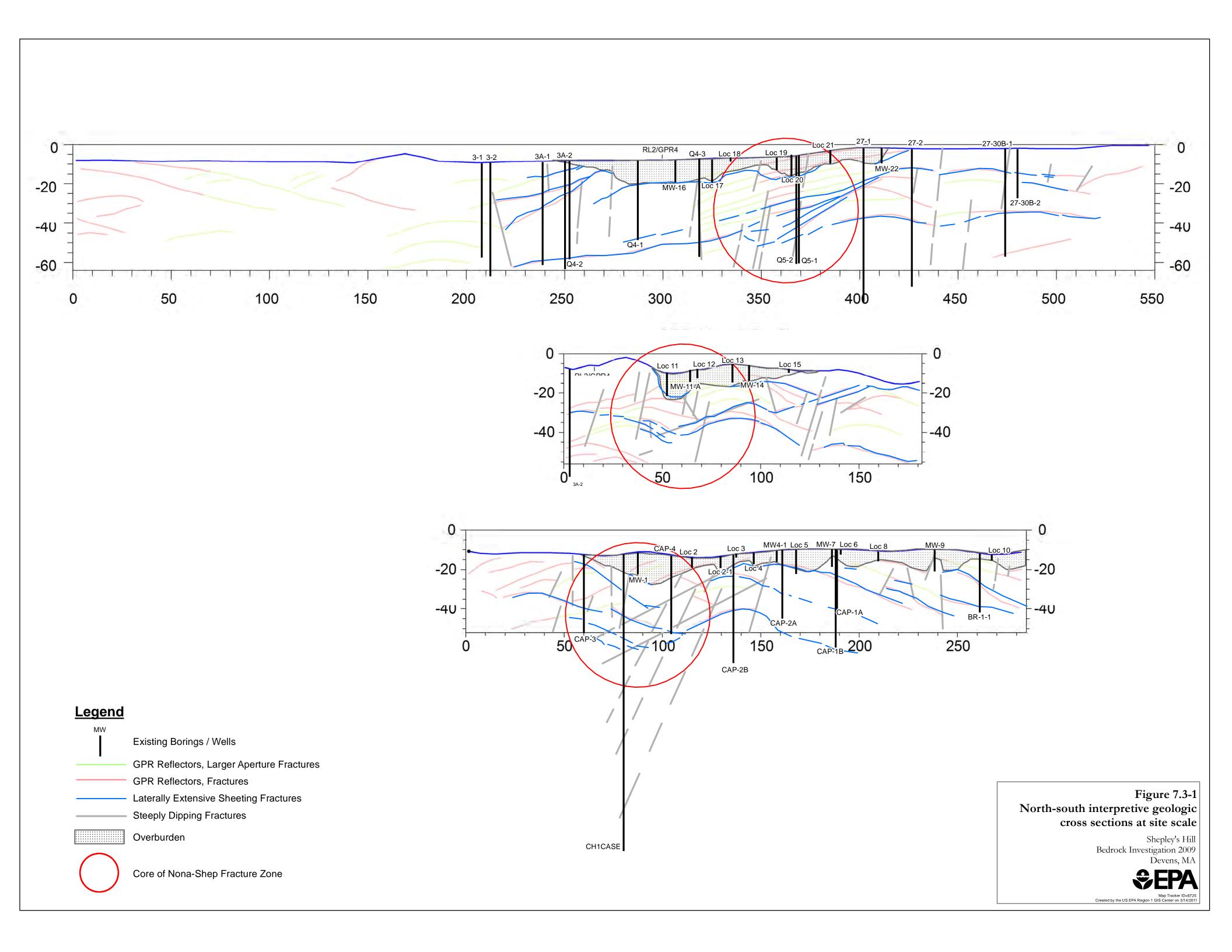
This map is based on "PRELIMINARY FRACTURE CHARACTERIZATION MAP OF THE AYER QUADRANGLE, MASSACHUSETTS HYDROSTRUCTURAL DOMAIN MAP"

By Joseph P. Kopera, Stephen B. Mabee, and Devon C. Powers

Shepley's Hill Bedrock Investigation 2009 Devens, MA



Map Tracker ID=6725 Created by the US EPA Region 1 GIS Center on 4/21/2011



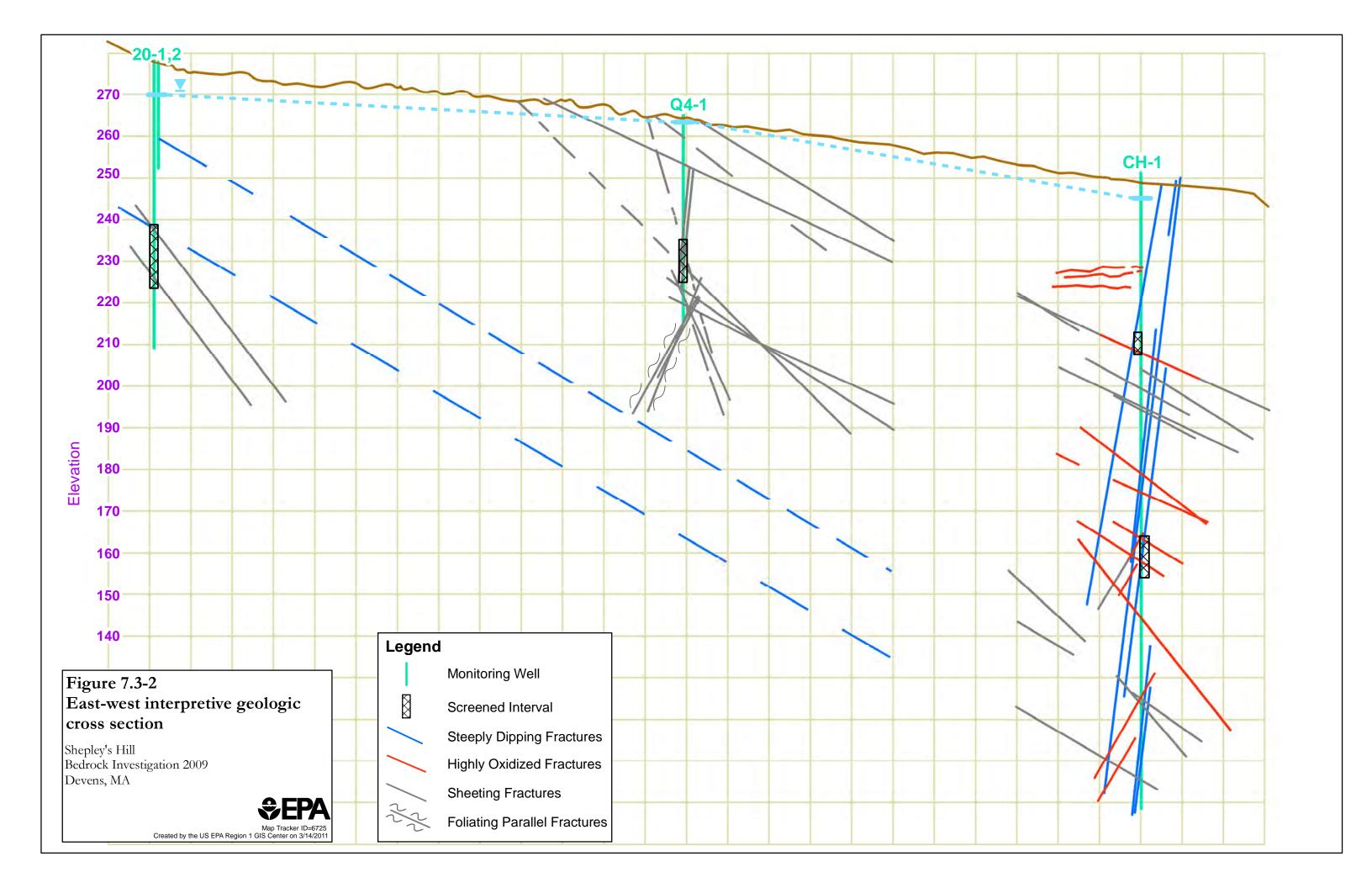




Figure 7.3-3 Photograph of northwest-striking subvertical fracture intersected by CH-1, 87.3-89.6 ft bgs

> Shepley's Hill Bedrock Investigation 2009 Devens, MA



Map Tracker ID=6725 Created by the US EPA Region 1 GIS Center on 4/21/2011

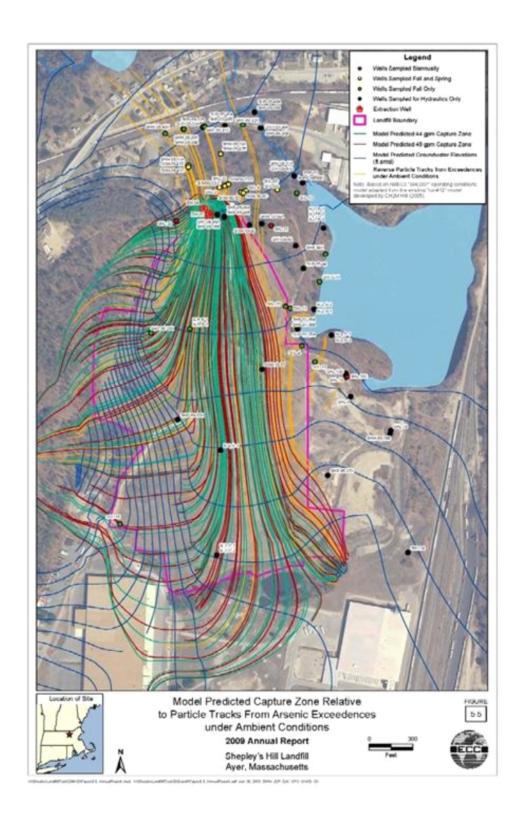
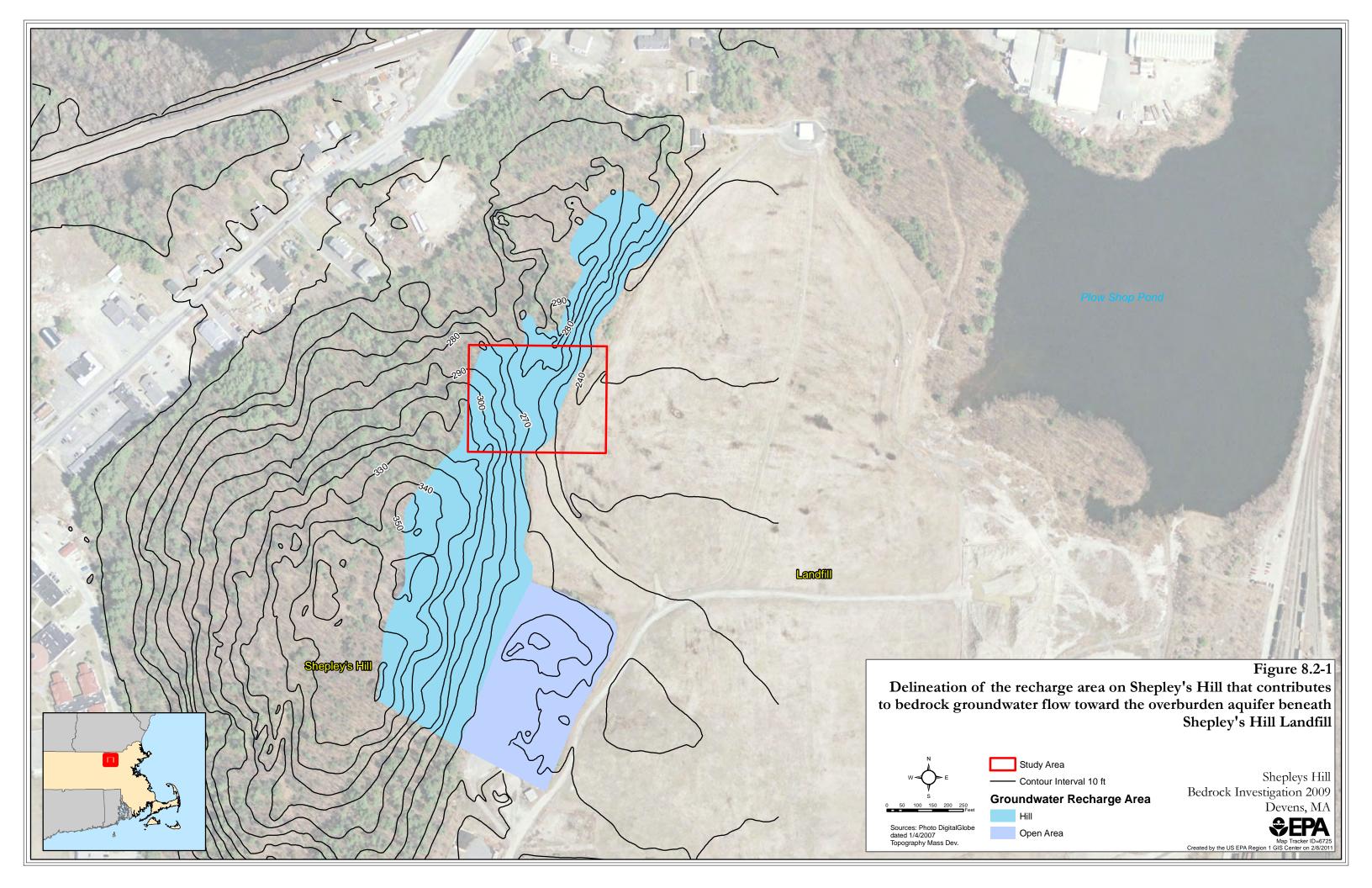


Figure 8.0-1: Modeled particle tracks under ambient conditions and with groundwater extraction at 44 and 49 gpm (combined) at EW-01 and EW-04. From ECC (2009).



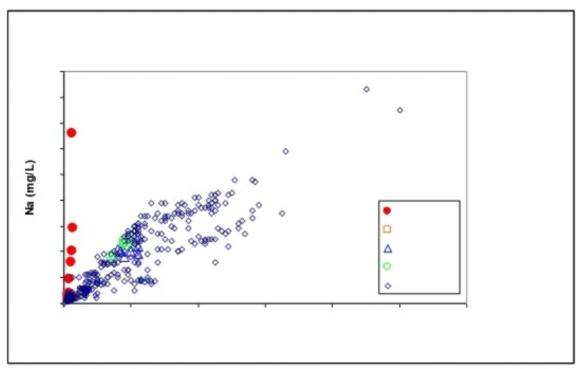


Figure 9.3-1. Sodium and chloride in groundwater from the new bedrock wells. Sodium values in bedrock groundwater are comparable to those reported from the Long-Term Monitoring Program, while chloride is at the low end of the range.

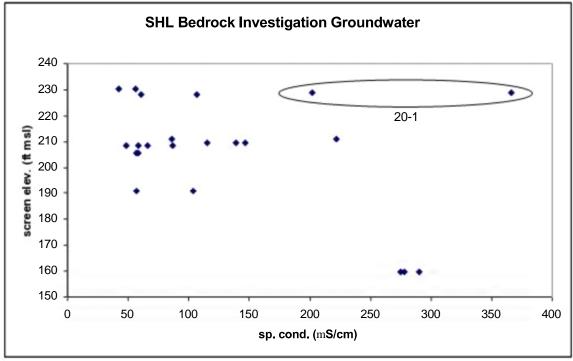


Figure 9.3-2(a). Specific conductivity in bedrock groundwater as a function of screen elevation. Note that bedrock well 20-1 is anomalously high, with an average specific conductivity comparable to the deepest screen (CH-1D).

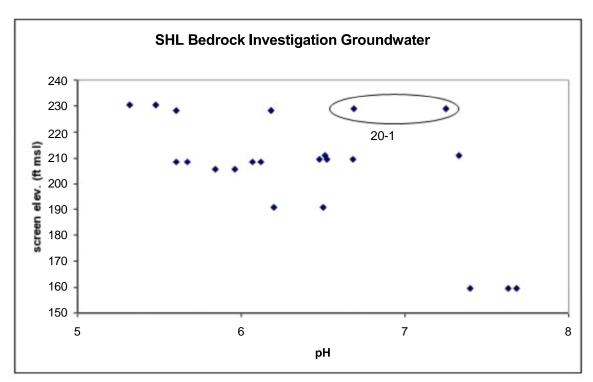


Figure 9.3-2(b). pH in bedrock groundwater as a function of screen elevation. Note that the average pH in bedrock well 20-1 is somewhat elevated in comparison to groundwater from other wells of similar depth.

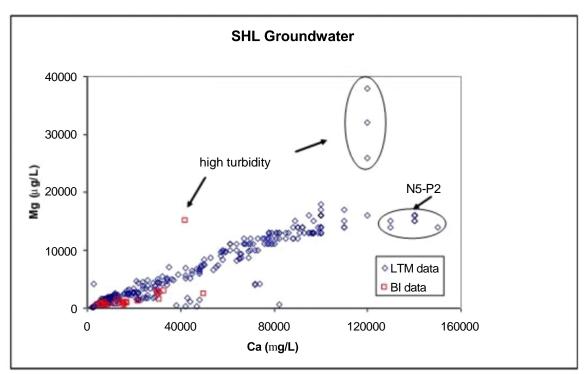


Figure 9.3-3. Calcium and magnesium in bedrock wells. Both Ca and Mg are low in comparison to results from the Long-Term Monitoring Program and may reflect different geochemical controls on solubility in the new bedrock wells in comparison to reactions involving Ca and Mg in overburden groundwater.

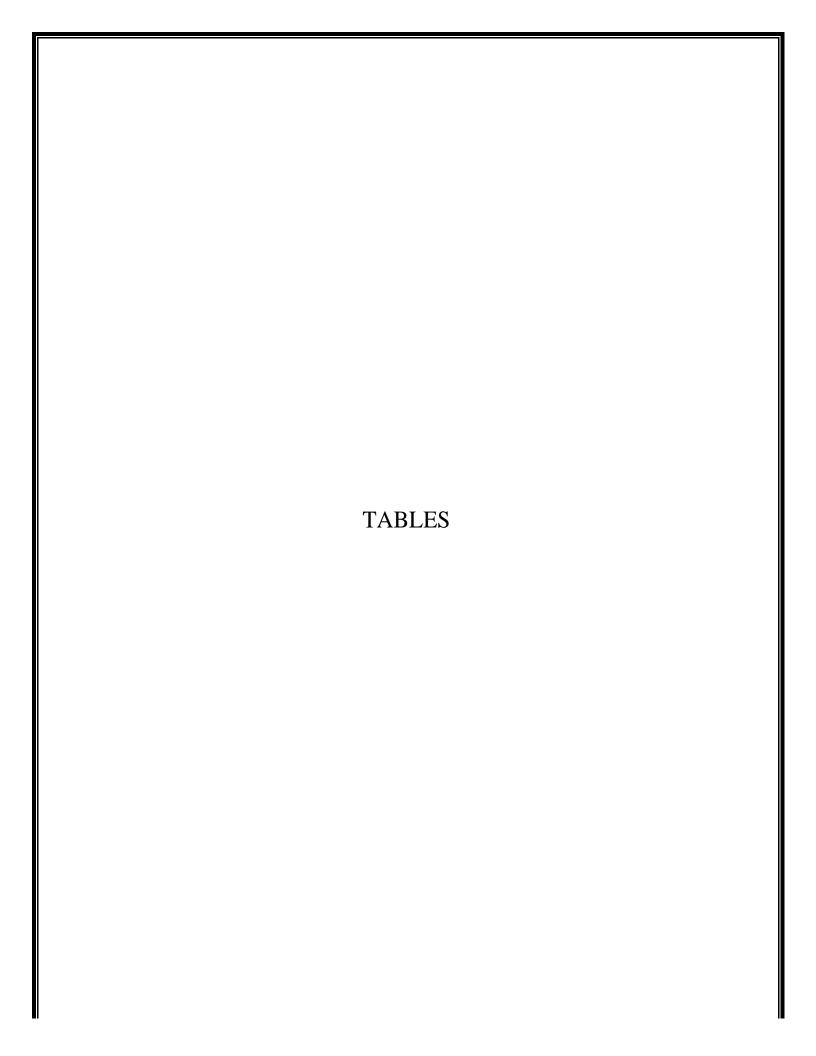


Table 5.3.2-1: Shallow Bedrock Borehole Characteristics

Borehole	Length from gs (ft)	Diameter (in)	Angle down from horiz (degrees)	Azimuth (degrees)	OB thickness	Well installed?	Notes
CAP-1B	54.9	3.5	90		(ft) 7		
CAP-2B	58.7	3.5	90		8	Y	
CAP-3	40.91	3.5	90		6		
CAP-4	13.8	3.5	90		9		collapsed
3-1	48.9	4	58	342	0		
3-2	59.2	4	90		0	Y	
3A-1	52.2	4	80	327	0		
3A-2	54.9	4	90		0		
20-1	68.7	4	90	-	0	Y	
20-2	25.2	4	90		0		
27-1	79	3.5	60	180	0	Y	
27-2	71.6	3.5	59	40	0	Y	
Q5-1	54.7	3.5	75	213	0	Y	
Q5-2	55.5	3.5	65	28	0		
Q4-1	50.8	4	90		7.5	Y	
Q4-2	53	3.5	90		8.5		
27_30B-1	59	3.5	90		0	Y	
27_30B-2	22.25	3.5	90		0		

Table 5.7-1: Hydraulic Conductivity Inferred from Slug Tests in Open Bedrock Borings

Borehole	Date	Saturated L	K (ft/c	day)	К (cm/s)	Average		
		(ft)	Falling	Rising	Falling	Rising	(ft/day)		
3-2	9/4/2008	26.12	2.70E+00	3.52E+00	9.53E-04	1.24E-03	3.11E+00		
3A-2	9/4/2008	25.11	7.99E+01	1.20E+02	2.82E-02	4.23E-02	9.99E+01		
3A-2	7/30/2009	26.93	7.55E+01	1.13E+02	2.66E-02	4.00E-02	9.44E+01		
Q4-1	9/10/2009	37.49	1.21E+00	1.33E+00	4.28E-04	4.70E-04	1.27E+00		
3-1	7/30/2009	20.46	5.64E+00	6.79E+00	1.99E-03	2.40E-03	6.21E+00		
27-2	7/30/2009	55.54	9.17E+00	1.04E+01	3.24E-03	3.68E-03	9.80E+00		
27-1	7/30/2009	68.71	1.07E+00	7.85E-01	3.77E-04	2.77E-04	9.27E-01		
20-1	8/4/2009	50.42	6.89E-02	6.43E-02	2.43E-05	2.27E-05	6.66E-02		
27-30B-1	8/4/2009	44.47	2.95E+01	2.95E+01	1.04E-02	1.04E-02	2.95E+01		
Q5-1	8/4/2009	48.27	8.35E-01	7.06E-01	2.94E-04	2.49E-04	7.70E-01		
Q5-2	8/4/2009	52.85	3.60E-01	9.78E-02	1.27E-04	3.45E-05	2.29E-01		
Q4-2	8/4/2009	40.46	8.81E-01	7.38E-01	3.11E-04	2.60E-04	8.10E-01		
CAP-2B	8/4/2009	48.76	1.49E-01	5.95E-01	5.27E-05	2.10E-04	3.72E-01		
3A-1	10/23/2009	21.84	4.69E+00	1.63E+00	1.65E-03	5.75E-04	3.16E+00		
20-2	10/23/2009	7.28							
27-30B-2	10/23/2009	1.08							
CAP-1B	10/23/2009	44.83	5.84E-01	5.90E-01	2.06E-04	2.08E-04	5.87E-01		
CAP-4	10/23/2009	3.42							
CAP-3	10/23/2009	25.67	1.68E+01	1.42E+01	5.94E-03	5.02E-03	1.55E+01		

Table 5.9-1 Screen Intervals for Shallow Bedrock Monitoring Wells

Location	Angle from	Screen interval	Target									
	vertical	(ft bgs) [1]	-									
3-2	90°	60 - 55	chip log shows oxidized zone ~60 ft bgs;									
			caliper breakout ~56 ft bgs; HPFM flow									
			entering ~50 - 54 ft bgs									
Q4-1	90°	42 - 32	caliper breakout ~34.5 ft bgs; HPFM									
			increase above 34.5 ft bgs; ATV shows									
			low-angle fractures ~34 ft bgs and ~37 ft									
			bgs									
20-1	90°	55.7 - 40.7	fast hydraulic response seen in transducer									
			records; HPFM flow enters in ~50 - 54 ft									
			bgs interval; discrete fractures ~39.5 ft bgs									
			and ~42 ft bgs; high on hill									
27-1	60°	66.2 - 61.2	angled into "valley" feature; change in									
			resistivity and HPFM ~60 ft bgs									
27-2	59°	70.4 - 60.4	HPFM indicates strong downflow in deep									
	_		interval									
27-30B-1	90°	46.3 - 36.3	"gusher" when drilling ~42 ft bgs; caliper									
			breakout ~42 ft bgs; HPFM increase and									
			fluid resistivity change ~37.5 ft bgs									
Q5-1	75°	54.3 - 49.3	angled into "valley" feature; caliper									
			breakout ~48 ft bgs;									
CAP-2B	90°	59 - 54	ATV shows prominent fractures ~23 and									
			~31 ft bgs; boring collapse prevented									
			installation of shallow paired well									

[1] measured along boring for angled holes

Table 5.9-2: Development of Shallow Bedrock Wells

Well	Date Drilled	Date of Well Installation	Date Developed	Pump	Volume (gal)	Number of Well Volumes	Comments
3-2	2/11/2008	9/24/2009	9/24/2009	footvalve	3.5	1.5	fairly clear; well displaced ~1.5 ft
Q4-1	2/11/2008	9/25/2009	9/28/2009	submersible	15	7.7	clear
20-1	2/11/2008	9/24/2009	10/14/2009	footvalve	7.5	3.1	fairly clear
27-1	9/18/2008	9/23/2009	9/24/2009	footvalve	20	5.5	fairly clear; well displaced ~0.75 ft
27-2	9/18/2008	9/23/2009	9/28/2009	submersible	15	4.2	fairly clear
27-30B-1	9/18/2008	9/24/2009	9/28/2009	submersible	14	7.4	very clear; purged dry
Q5-1	9/18/2008	9/24/2009	9/24/2009	footvalve	30	8.5	silty; slow recharge
CAP-2B	9/18/2008	9/24/3009	10/13/2009	peristaltic	15	5.7	clear

Table 7.3-1: Site-Scale Fracture Network Summary

Feature Type	Feature Class	Strike Orientation	Strike Length	Dip and Direction	Dip Length	Spacing (ft)	Comment
			(ft)		(ft)		
Sheeting Fractures	Major	NE-SW to N-S	≥200	10 °- 50° east	≥ 100	≤20-30	More heavily oxidized in uppermost 50 ft of bedrock; oxidized to greater depths near intersections with major steep features
Nona- Shep Fracture zone	Major	NW-SE to NNW-SSE	>100	60° To near vertical; dips to SW	>100	$\leq 10 \text{ to}$ ≥ 20	Trace of Nona-Shep Fault Zone steps to south within study area; Fracture-spacing is ≤10 ft within 50 of fault axis and ≥20 feet outside of axial zone.
N-S Joints	Major	N-S	≥ 50	Sub- vertical	≥50	≤50	Potential for major N-S fracture system beneath landfill cap adjacent to study area
E-W fractures	Major	E-W	~50	60° To near vertical; dips to S	~50	≤20	cross-connect individual NW-SE striking fractures of Nona-Shep fracture Zone; less significant away from Nona-Shep zone
Sub- horizontal fractures	Minor	Various	20-30	flat	20-30	≤ 70	occur in tightly-spaced groups proximal to steeply dipping fractures; connects sheeting fractures and steeply-dipping fractures
Foliation- parallel joints	Minor	NE-SW to NNE-SSW	≤ 20	50° - 60° west	≤20	>50	Limited oxidation where associated with intersecting steep fractures.
Steeply dipping; NE-SW striking	Minor	NE-SW to NNE-SSW	<50	> 60° west	<50	>50	Conjugate to NW-SE striking structures

Table 9.2-1. Bedrock Borehole Water Chemisty

Wells	Screen Elev.	Sample Date	uS/cm Sp. Cond.	Hq	m∨ ORP	mg/L DO	NTU turb .	mg/L Br	mg/L CI	mg/L F	mg/L Nitrate	mg/L Nitrite	mg/L Sulfate	mg/L o-Phosphate	mg/L total P
			•	•										•	
CAP-2B	190.9721	11/5/2009	57	6.5	172.6	2.09	3.6	0.1	1.7	0.15	0.2	1.1	8.6	0.03	11
	190.9721	3/16/2010	104	6.2	251.7	5.21	2.57	0.1	1.6	0.17	5.8	0.1	9.9	0.5	
CH-1S	211.0062	11/5/2009	222	7.33	71.8	4.74	834.2	0.1	2.6	0.61	0.2	1.4	25	0.03	257
	211.0062	3/16/2010	86	6.51	282.2	9.93	62.4	0.1	1.6	0.15	5.3	0.1	8.2	0.5	
Q5-1	208.3229	11/5/2009	87	6.12	289.4	1.97	6.6	0.1	1.2	0.12	0.2	0.91	8.2	0.03	14
	208.3229	3/16/2010	66	6.07	349.1	6.38	0.44	0.1	1.6	0.1	4.9	0.1	8.5	0.5	
CH1-D	159.5062	11/5/2009	290	7.68	199.4	0.55	14.4	0.1	2.7	0.72	0.2	1.9	9.9	0.03	43
	159.5062	3/16/2010	278	7.4	163.6	-3.4	1.28	0.1	2.8	0.77	12	0.1	9.4	0.5	
	159.5062	6/22/2010	275	7.63	99.9	2.35	0.6	0.1	2.4	8.0	0.1	0.1	7.5	1	
Q4-1	228.129	11/5/2009	107	6.18	202.1	8.28	0.1	0.1	1.6	0.11	0.1	0.1	9.2	0.1	5.7
	228.129	3/16/2010	61	5.6	132.7	11.26	2.51	0.1	1.6	0.1	5.1	0.1	8.5	0.5	
3-2	209.4892	11/5/2009	139	6.68	210.6	13.45	7.4	0.1	1.6	0.21	0.1	0.1	8.9	0.1	15
	209.4892	3/16/2010	147	6.52	88.6	5.57	12.7	0.1	1.7	0.24	8.2	0.1	8.5	0.5	
	209.4892	6/24/2010	115	6.48	140.2	6.12	2.53	0.1	1.6	0.2	0.1	0.1	7.6	1	
27-1	205.7036	11/5/2009	57	5.84	218.5	10.8	17.9	0.1	1.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	8.4	0.1	64
	205.7036	3/16/2010	58	5.96	343.2	8.74	0.73	0.1	1.4	0.1	4.7	0.1	8.9	0.5	
20-1	228.9681	11/5/2009	366	7.25	214	17.13	4.77	0.1	2.1	0.33	0.1	0.1	35	0.1	9
	228.9681	3/16/2010	202	6.69	76.4	7.17	4.5	0.1	1.6	0.17	8.5	0.1	18	0.5	
27-2	208.4634	11/5/2009	58	5.67	232.8	8.5	5.31	0.1	1.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	9.9	0.1	12
	208.4634	3/16/2010	48	5.6	130	9.48	10.5	0.1	1.5	0.1	4	0.1	8.6	0.5	
27-30B-1	230.4214	11/5/2009	56	5.48	245.6	7.73	2.85	0.1	1.4	0.11	0.1	0.1	9.1	0.1	5
	230.4214	3/16/2010	42	5.32	150.2	9.26	0.42	0.5	1.5	0.1	3.9	0.1	8.6	0.5	

Bold = ND

Table 9.2-1. Bedrock Borehole Water Chemisty

Wells	Screen Elev.	Sample Date	mg/L alk	ug/L Al	ug/L As	ug/L Ba	ug/L Ca	ug/L Cr	ug/L Co	ug/L Cu	ug/L Fe	ug/L Pb	ug/L Ma	ug/L Mn	ug/L Ni	ug/L K	ug/L Na	ug/L V	ug/L Zn
	Liev.	Date	ain	AI	AS	Ба	Ca	CI	CO	Cu	re	PU	IVIG	IVIII	INI	, N	ina	V	Z 11
CAP-2B	190.972	11/5/2009	36	170	10	10	16000	10	10	20	90	10	910	27	10	480	3400	20	100
	190.972	3/16/2010	38	170	20	20	16000	20	20	40	67	20	560	45	20			20	100
CH-1S	211.006	11/5/2009	81	97000	27	150	42000	11	63	48	31000	51	15000	1800	31	4700	66000	20	130
011-10		3/16/2010	31	5000	20	26	13000	20	20	40	1900	20	1400	99	20	4700	00000	20	100
Q5-1	208.323	11/5/2009	27	510	10	10	12000	10	10	20	270	10	710	89	10	550	2900	20	100
Q5-1		3/16/2010	16	110	20	20	8600	20	20	40	40	20	450	20	20	550	2900	20	100
CH1-D	159.506	11/5/2009	130	610	370	31	30000	10	10	20	350	10	2600	120	10	2200	29000	20	100
CIII-D		3/16/2010	130	110	290	26	30000	20	20	40	40	20	2700	21	20	2200	20000	20	100
	159.506	6/22/2010	130	110	400	22	33000	20	20	20	40	20	2900	20	20	3800	20000	20	20
Q4-1	228.129	11/5/2009	36	65	10	10	16000	10	10	20	38	10	810	20	10	430	3200	20	100
Q4-1		3/16/2010	16	160	20	20	8100	20	20	40	80	20	420	20	20	430	3200	20	100
3-2	209.489	11/5/2009	52	720	63	10	17000	10	10	20	440	10	890	29	10	820	9500	20	100
		3/16/2010 6/24/2010	60 44	810 110	91 67	20 20	22000 17000	20 20	20 20	40 20	1100 88	20 20	1100 770	65 20	20 20	560	4100	20 20	100 20
	209.469	6/24/2010	44	110	07	20	17000	20	20	20	00	20	770	20	20	360	4100	20	20
27-1	205.704	11/5/2009	13.5	1300	10	19	7600	10	10	20	1200	10	990	36	10	640	2000	20	100
	205.704	3/16/2010	10	110	20	20	6400	20	20	40	40	20	710	20	20			20	100
20-1	228.968	11/5/2009	130	130	10	47	50000	10	10	20	280	10	2400	2000	10	4300	16000	20	100
	228.968	3/16/2010	81	110	20	21	31000	20	20	40	94	20	1500	1500	20			20	100
27-2	208.463	11/5/2009	10.5	340	10	10	6100	10	10	20	250	10	640	26	10	370	3000	20	100
	208.463	3/16/2010	8	710	20	20	5800	20	20	40	570	20	630	25	20			20	100
27-30B-1	230.421	11/5/2009	15	190	10	10	6100	10	10	20	72	10	600	20	10	330	2400	20	100
=1-00D-1	230.421	3/16/2010	4.3	110	20	20	4200	20	20	40	40	20	480	20	20	550	2700	20	100



FIELD POSITION TYPE DESCRIPTION

- STN--- 1-6 Int. Station number (WMO/DATSAV3 number) for the location.
- WBAN 8-12 Int. WBAN number where applicable--this is the historical "Weather Bureau Air Force Navy" number with WBAN being the acronym.
- YEAR 15-18 Int. The year.
- MODA 19-22 Int. The month and day.
- TEMP 25-30 Real Mean temperature for the day in degrees Fahrenheit to tenths. Missing = 9999.9 (Celsius to tenths for metric version.)
- Count 32-33 Int. Number of observations used in calculating mean temperature.
- DEWP 36-41 Real Mean dew point for the day in degrees Fahrenheit to tenths. Missing = 9999.9 (Celsius to tenths for metric version.)
- Count 43-44 Int. Number of observations used in calculating mean dew point.
- SLP 47-52 Real Mean sea level pressure for the day in millibars to tenths. Missing = 9999.9
- Count 54-55 Int. Number of observations used in calculating mean sea level pressure.
- STP 58-63 Real Mean station pressure for the day in millibars to tenths. Missing = 9999.9
- Count 65-66 Int. Number of observations used in calculating mean station pressure.
- VISIB 69-73 Real Mean visibility for the day in miles to tenths. Missing = 999.9 (Kilometers to tenths for metric version.)
- Count 75-76 Int. Number of observations used in calculating mean visibility.
- WDSP 79-83 Real Mean wind speed for the day in knots to tenths. Missing = 999.9

(Meters/second to tenths for metric version.)

- Count 85-86 Int. Number of observations used in calculating mean wind speed.
- MXSPD 89-93 Real Maximum sustained wind speed reported for the day in knots to tenths.

 Missing = 999.9

 (Meters/second to tenths for metric version.)
- GUST 96-100 Real Maximum wind gust reported for the day in knots to tenths. Missing = 999.9 (Meters/second to tenths for metric version.)
- MAX 103-108 Real Maximum temperature reported during the day in Fahrenheit to tenths--time of max temp report varies by country and region, so this will sometimes not be the max for the calendar day. Missing = 9999.9

 (Celsius to tenths for metric version.)
- Flag 109-109 Char Blank indicates max temp was taken from the explicit max temp report and not from the 'hourly' data. * indicates max temp was derived from the hourly data (i.e., highest hourly or synoptic-reported temperature).
- MIN 111-116 Real Minimum temperature reported during the day in Fahrenheit to tenths--time of min temp report varies by country and region, so this will sometimes not be the min for the calendar day. Missing = 9999.9

 (Celsius to tenths for metric version.)
- Flag 117-117 Char Blank indicates min temp was taken from the explicit min temp report and not from the 'hourly' data. * indicates min temp was derived from the hourly data (i.e., lowest hourly or synoptic-reported temperature).
- PRCP 119-123 Real Total precipitation (rain and/or melted snow) reported during the day in inches and hundredths; will usually not end with the midnight observation--i.e., may include latter part of previous day.

 .00 indicates no measurable precipitation (includes a trace).

Missing = 99.99 (For metric version, units = millimeters to tenths & missing = 999.9.)

to tenths & missing = 999.9.)

Note: Many stations do not report '0' on days with no precipitation--therefore, '99.99' will often appear on these days.

Also, for example, a station may only report a 6-hour amount for the period during which rain fell.

See Flag field for source of data.

Flag 124-124 Char A = 1 report of 6-hour precipitation amount.

- B = Summation of 2 reports of 6-hour precipitation amount.
- C = Summation of 3 reports of 6-hour precipitation amount.
- D = Summation of 4 reports of 6-hour precipitation amount.
- E = 1 report of 12-hour precipitation amount.
- F = Summation of 2 reports of 12-hour precipitation amount.
- G = 1 report of 24-hour precipitation amount.
- H = Station reported '0' as the amount for the day (eg, from 6-hour reports), but also reported at least one occurrence of precipitation in hourly observations--this could indicate a trace occurred, but should be considered as incomplete data for the day.
- I = Station did not report any precip data for the day and did not report any occurrences of precipitation in its hourly observations--it's still possible that precip occurred but was not reported.
- SNDP 126-130 Real Snow depth in inches to tenths--last report for the day if reported more than once. Missing = 999.9

 (Centimeters to tenths for metric version.)

 Note: Most stations do not report '0' on days with no snow on the ground--therefore, '999.9' will often appear on these days.

FRSHTT 133-138 Int. Indicators (1 = yes, 0 = no/not

reported) for the occurrence during the day of:
Fog ('F' - 1st digit).
Rain or Drizzle ('R' - 2nd digit).
Snow or Ice Pellets ('S' - 3rd digit).
Hail ('H' - 4th digit).
Thunder ('T' - 5th digit).
Tornado or Funnel Cloud ('T' - 6th digit).

STN	WBAN YEARMOCTE	EMP (COUNT DE	EWP C	OUNT S	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	COUNT	T W	DSP COL	JNT	MXSPD (GUST MAX	MIN	PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780 1/14/1999	5.3	7	-2.7	7	1040.1	7	9999.9	0		3.4	7	7.4	7	8.9	15 6.8*	5.0*	0.13B	999.9	1000
725107	4780 1/15/1999	19.6	22	16.6	22	1018.8	3 22	9999.9	0	2	2.9	22	5.4	22	12	16.9	37	1.9 0.52G	999.9	111000
725107	4780 1/16/1999	25.7	24	14.9	24	1010.3	3 24	9999.9	0		10	24	8.7	24	15	25.1	37	8.1 1.16G	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/17/1999	38.6	24	28	24	1018.1	24	9999.9	0		10	24	6.9	24	15	20	45	19.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/18/1999	28.7	24	27.4	24	1020.7	24	9999.9	0	4	4.3	24	0.6	24	2.9	999.9	45	21 0.31B	999.9	10000
725107	4780 1/19/1999	39.3	24	30	24	1007.6	23	9999.9	0	Ç	9.5	24	10	24	23.9	36.9	50	21 0.67G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 1/20/1999	34.9	24	21.7	24	1015.8	3 24	9999.9	0		10	24	6.6	24	13	15.9	45	32 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/21/1999	28.1	24	21.6	24	1022.3	3 24	9999.9	0	8	8.4	24	1.8	24	7	999.9 39.2*	17.6	o.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/22/1999	35.7	19	34	19	1029.8	3 19	9999.9	0	Ę	5.9	19	2.8	19	7	999.9 39.2*	33.8	* 0.06G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 1/23/1999	34.9	24	34.9	24	1030.9	23	9999.9	0	2	2.5	24	2.1	24	6	999.9	39	32 0.10G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 1/24/1999	41.7	24	31.6	24	1013.4	24	9999.9	0	3	3.4	24	3.8	24	12	15	57	33.1 0.27G	999.9	110000
725107	4780 1/25/1999	35.8	24	23.4	24	1014.1	24	9999.9	0		10	24	7.8	24	13	16.9 39.2*	33.8	* 0.54G	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/26/1999	30.7	24	15.3	24	1026	5 24	9999.9	0		10	24	5	24	13	14	37.9	21 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/27/1999	33.1	24	20.1	24	1021.8	3 24	9999.9	0		10	24	3.1	24	8.9	999.9 39.2*	26.6	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/28/1999	25.3	24	21.6	24	1017.7	23	9999.9	0	3	3.2	24	4.8	24	8	999.9 33.8*	17.6	s* 0.12G	999.9	11000
725107	4780 1/29/1999	19.4	24	12.3	24	1024.8	3 24	9999.9	0	(6.4	24	4.3	24	7	999.9 26.6*	15.8	s* 0.11G	999.9	1000
725107	4780 1/30/1999	16.8	23	3.7	23	1030.5	5 23	9999.9	0		10	23	3.9	23	9.9	14	27	1.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/31/1999	14.4	24	-7.1	24	1041.2	2 24	9999.9	0		10	24	4.2	24	8.9	999.9	30.9	-2.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 2/1/1999	27.5	24	1.7	24	1030.9) 24	9999.9	0		10	24	4.7	24	9.9	999.9 46.4*	14.0	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 2/2/1999	31.6	24	23.4	24	1022.9) 24	9999.9	0	6	6.5	24	1.5	24	5.1	999.9	48	15.1 0.02G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 2/3/1999	40.9	24	34.5	24	1010.7	24	9999.9	0		6	24	5	24	15.9	20	48.9	26.1 1.27G	999.9	110000
725107	4780 2/4/1999	28	9	25.4	9	1018.4	. 9	9999.9	0	(9.7	9	1	9	2.9	999.9 32.0*	[*] 26.6	o.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 3/23/1999	47.5	8	21	8	1018.5	5 7	9999.9	0		10	8	8.4	8	11.1	20	51.1	35.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 3/24/1999	37.9	24	30.7	24	1017.5	5 24	9999.9	0	7	7.3	24	1.9	24	8.9	999.9	51.1	26.1 0.02B	999.9	10000
725107	4780 3/25/1999	42.3	24	26.8	24	1014	24	9999.9	0	(9.3	24	7.8	24	15	20	48.9	26.1 0.01A	999.9	10000
725107	4780 3/26/1999	36.8	24	17.8	24	1021.3	3 24	9999.9	0		10	24	5.5	24	9.9	14	51.1	24.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 3/27/1999	38.7	24	21.1	24	1024.2	2 24	9999.9	0		10	24	4.1	24	9.9	15.9	53.1	24.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 3/28/1999	39.4	24	26.8	24	1018.1	24	9999.9	0	8	8.6	24	6.4	24	9.9	16.9	53.1	25 0.08G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 3/29/1999	50.5	24	35.2	24	1009.4	24	9999.9	0		10	24	6.9	24	18.1	25.1	64.9	36 0.37G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 3/30/1999	49.3	23	23.1	23	1015.1	23	9999.9	0		10	23	12.9	23	22	28	64.9	42.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 3/31/1999	50.8	24	24.4	24	1018.4	24	9999.9	0		10	24	6.1	24	19	27	71.1	28.9 0.00l	999.9	0
725107	4780 4/1/1999	54.5	23	32.7	23	1014.2	2 23	9999.9	0		10	23	4.7	23	13	18.1	71.1	28.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 4/2/1999	47.8	24	30.8	24	1018.5	5 24	9999.9	0		10	24	4.4	24	8	999.9 55.4*	41.0	° 0.00l	999.9	0
725107	4780 4/3/1999	45.9	23	25.9	23	1020.9) 23	9999.9	0		10	23	3.5	23	8	999.9	53.1	39 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780 4/4/1999	47.2	24	26.2	24	1010.4	23	9999.9	0		10	24	11.2	24	20	29.9	52	41 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 4/5/1999	42.2	22	20.1	22	1021.8	3 22	9999.9	0		10	22	7.3	22	15.9	21 59.0*	28.4	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 4/6/1999	47.2	23	25.6	23	1023.5	5 23	9999.9	0		10	23	5.4	23	15	19	64.9	28 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 4/7/1999	53.4	24	30.9	24	1013.3	3 24	9999.9	0		10	24	11.8	24	28	36.9 62.6*	46.4	* 0.00B	999.9	0
725107	4780 4/8/1999	54.1	23	30	23	1008.3	3 23	9999.9	0		10	23	9	23	23.9	35 73.4*	33.8	o.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780 4/9/1999	48.4	24	29	24	1006.3	3 24	9999.9	0	ę	9.9	24	3.9	24	16.9	30.9	75	34 0.03A	999.9	10000
725107	4780 4/10/1999	45.6	24	28	24	1008.4	24	9999.9	0		10	24	9.2	24	15.9	23.9	54	36 0.01A	999.9	0
725107		40.1	24	17.4	24	1017	24	9999.9	0		10	24	4.2	24	9.9	999.9 53.6*		o.00l	999.9	0
725107	4780 4/12/1999	46.1	24	24.5	24	1005.6	5 24	9999.9	0		10	24	8.7	24	18.1	26	55.9	25 0.001	999.9	0

STN	WBAN	YEARMODT	ГЕМР	COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	COL	JNT WDS	SP COUN	IT M	MXSPD G	UST MA	X MIN	PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780	4/13/1999	44.3	2	4 16.8	8 24	4 1004.2	2 24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	12.3	24	21	28.9	55.9	34 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/14/1999	44.7	2	4 21.3	3 24	4 1001.7	7 24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	7	24	15.9	21	55.9	30 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/15/1999	48.7	2	4 26.6	6 24	4 1005.8	8 24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	4.9	24	13	19	64	30 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/16/1999	43.2	2	4 31.	1 2	4 1003.9	9 24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	5.1	24	11.1	14	64	30.9 0.03A	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/17/1999	43.8	2	4 36.6	6 24	4 1003.	1 24	4 9999.9	9	0	8.7	24	5	24	13	20	55.9	33.1 0.35G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/18/1999	50.3	2	4 36.3	3 2	4 1005.7	7 24	4 9999.9	9	0	9.9	24	7.2	24	14	21	63	33.1 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/19/1999	51.8	2	4 34.3	3 24	4 1012.6	6 24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	7.2	24	12	16.9	63	39 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/20/1999	48.7	2	4 39.8	8 2	4 1012.6	6 24	4 9999.9	9	0	9.7	24	4.8	24	9.9	999.9	62.1	42.1 0.10G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/21/1999	49.5	2	4 34.7	7 2	4 1014.4	4 24	4 9999.9	9	0	9.4	24	4.6	24	11.1	18.1	64.9	32 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/22/1999	54	. 2	4 37.2	2 2	4 1014.	5 24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	5.2	24	8.9	999.9 59.0	0* 48.2	* 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/23/1999	49.8	2	4 46.5	5 2	4 1014.	1 24	4 9999.9	9	0	6.6	24	2.9	24	7	999.9	60.1	46.9 0.20G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/24/1999	44.4	. 2	4 17.4	4 2	4 1016.2	2 23	3 9999.9	9	0	10	24	13.2	24	20	27 55.4	4* 33.8	* 0.11G	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/25/1999	47.1	2	4 19.4	4 2	4 1018.3	3 24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	7.8	24	14	19	60.1	32 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/26/1999	55.2	2	4 30	0 2	4 1006.8	8 24	4 9999.9	9	0	9.8	24	9.1	24	20	25.1 66.2	2* 46.4	* 0.02B	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/27/1999	49.3	2	1 32	2 2	1 1013.	7 2 [.]	1 9999.9	9	0	10	21	9.6	21	15	22 55.4	4* 39.2	* 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/28/1999	50.1	2	4 30.6	6 24	4 1022.	5 24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	6.8	24	13	20	63	34 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/29/1999	49.2	2	4 28.5	5 2	4 1021.	5 24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	6.7	24	15.9	22.9	63	34 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/30/1999	51	2	4 31.5	5 24	4 1026	6 24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	4.1	24	11.1	14	64.9	34 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/1/1999	53.8	2	4 30.2	2 2	4 102	5 24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	4.2	24	9.9	999.9	71.1	33.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/2/1999	55.9	2	4 35.4	4 2	4 1024.2	2 24	4 9999.9	9	0	9.8	24	4.5	24	14	18.1 71.0	6* 37.4	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/3/1999	53.9	2	1 35.9	9 2	1 1022.2	2 2	1 9999.9	9	0	10	21	6	21	14	16.9	71.1	37 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/4/1999	52.2	2	4 47.	1 2	4 1016.9	9 24	4 9999.9	9	0	7.4	24	6	24	11.1	15	64.9	46 0.04G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/5/1999	55.8	2	4 34.2	2 2	4 1015.	5 24	4 9999.9	9	0	4.5	24	4.1	24	8	999.9	59	48 0.27G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/6/1999	58.9	2	4 50.9	9 2	3 1017.6	6 23	3 9999.9	9	0	6.9	24	2.9	24	8	999.9	69.1	53.1 0.10G	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/7/1999	60.1	2	4 49	9 24	4 1018.3	3 23	3 9999.9	9	0	7.7	24	3.3	24	7	999.9	69.1	54 0.02G	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/8/1999	57.4	. 2	4 45.4	4 24	4 1016.6	6 24	4 9999.9	9	0	5.4	24	3.9	24	7	999.9 62.0	6* 53.6	* 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/9/1999	61.2	2	4 48.8	8 24	4 101 ⁻	1 24	4 9999.9	9	0	6.2	24	4.3	24	13	20 71.0	6* 53.6	* 0.09G	999.9	110000
725107	4780	5/10/1999	59.2	2	4 41.6	6 24	4 1013.8	8 24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	8.6	24	15	22	73.9	51.1 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/11/1999	54.4	. 2	4 29.7	7 2	4 1021.4	4 24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	6.3	24	11.1	18.1	70	37 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/12/1999	54.4	. 2	3 25.2	2 2	3 1016.8	8 23	3 9999.9	9	0	10	23	5.9	23	15	21	70	34 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/13/1999	52	2	3 28.6	6 2	3 1014	4 23	3 9999.9	9	0	10	23	5.6	23	13	18.1	68	34 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/14/1999	56.1			4 2	1 1021.	5 2°	1 9999.9	9	0	10	20	2.7	20	6	999.9	72	34 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/15/1999	57.9	2	4 37.2	2 2	4 1026.	5 24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	4.5	24	11.1	999.9	72	36 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/16/1999	56.1	2			3 1028	8 23	3 9999.9	9	0	10	23	2.7	23	7	999.9	72	37.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/17/1999	59.5	2	3 43.7	7 2	3 1026.4	4 23	3 9999.9	9	0	10	23	5.6	23	12	14	73.9	37.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107		5/18/1999	60.4								0	10	24	3.9	24	8.9	999.9	73.9	41 0.00B	999.9	0
725107		5/19/1999	63.8			5 24	4 1018.3	3 18	9999.9	9	0	7.2	24	4.8	24	12	15	70	46.9 0.01G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/20/1999	60.9				4 101	5 20	9999.9	9	0	9	24	8.6	24	15.9	22.9	69.1	55 1.12G	999.9	10000
725107		5/21/1999	59.7								0	10	24	6.6	24	11.1	18.1	77	44.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107		5/22/1999	62.4								0	10	24	3.6	24	8.9	999.9	80.1	44.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107		5/23/1999	59.5								0	9.9	23	5.2	23	9.9	999.9	80.1	46 0.04A	999.9	10000
725107		5/24/1999	56.7								0	4.9	24	3.5	24	11.1	999.9	69.1	52 0.56G	999.9	10000
725107		5/25/1999	60.7								0	9.5	22	8.3	22	16.9	28 66.			999.9	0
- =	30	2, 2, 1300	30			<u>-</u> .					-			- -			_5 55	22.0		300.0	-

STN	WBAN	YEARMOD	TEMP (COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	COUN	NT WDSF	COUN	NT M	IXSPD G	GUST MAX	MIN	N PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780	5/26/1999	56.5	24	44.7	7 24	1006.	6 24	4 9999	.9	0	9.9	24	7	24	13	15 62.6*	48.2	2* 0.03G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/27/1999	58.3	24	43.5	5 24	1008.	4 2	4 9999	.9	0	10	24	6.8	24	11.1	15.9	70	48.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/28/1999	60.8	23	43.1	1 23	3 1012.	8 23	3 9999	.9	0	10	23	4.3	23	8.9	999.9	73.9	46 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/29/1999	67.3	24	49.3	3 24	1016.	7 2	4 9999	.9	0	10	24	4.1	24	8.9	15.9	86	46 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/30/1999	69.1	24	52.7	7 24	1020.	7 2	4 9999	.9	0	9.7	24	3	24	8	999.9	88	51.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/31/1999	75.2	24	55	5 24	1018.	8 24	4 9999	.9	0	10	24	2.7	24	9.9	999.9	90	51.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/1/1999	74.6	24	54.1	1 24	101	6 24	4 9999	.9	0	9.9	24	5.3	24	14	22	90	57 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/2/1999	76.4	24	62.5	5 24	1013.	6 24	4 9999	.9	0	9	24	5	24	9.9	999.9	88	57 0.00C	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/3/1999	76.3	24	61	1 24	1007.	9 24	4 9999	.9	0	10	24	8.9	24	15	21	86	66.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/4/1999	66.7	20	46.9	9 20	1014.	1 20	9999	.9	0	10	20	8.7	20	16.9	22.9 75.2*	55.4	4* 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	4780	6/5/1999	64.4	24	47	7 24	1024.	3 20	9999	.9	0	10	24	4.8	24	13	18.1	78.1	48.9 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/6/1999	68.6	24	47.2	2 24	1023.	1 2	4 9999	.9	0	10	24	6.8	24	12	18.1	81	48.9 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/7/1999	81.2	24	63.6	5 24	1013.	2 2	4 9999	.9	0	9.2	24	6.8	24	15.9	20	97	55 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/8/1999	83.2	24	62.5	5 24	100	7 2	4 9999	.9	0	9.1	24	9.8	24	19	25.1	97	66.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/9/1999	62.9	24	55.3	3 24	1014.	8 24	4 9999	.9	0	8.8	24	5.3	24	8	999.9 78.8*	55.4	4* 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/10/1999	61.5	23	46.6	5 23	3 102	6 23	3 9999	.9	0	10	23	4.8	23	11.1	15.9 69.8*	53.6	6* 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/11/1999	61	24	44.2	2 24	1027.	7 2	4 9999	.9	0	10	24	2.4	24	6	999.9 78.8*	44.6	6* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/12/1999	66.3	24	52.9	9 24	1026.	5 24	4 9999	.9	0	10	24	3.9	24	8.9	999.9	82.9	45 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/13/1999	71.4	24	63.9	9 24	1023.	9 24	4 9999	.9	0	9.1	24	4.5	24	11.1	18.1	82.9	48 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/14/1999	72.4	24	66	5 24	1017.	2 2	3 9999	.9	0	9.1	24	7.4	24	15	25.1	82.9	61 0.23B	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/15/1999	71.8	24	56.1	1 24	1012.	3 24	4 9999	.9	0	10	24	8.3	24	12	21 78.8*	64.4	4* 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/16/1999	59.7	24	43.2	2 24	1020.	6 24	4 9999	.9	0	10	24	4.8	24	7	999.9	79	44.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/17/1999	59.6	24	47.9	9 24	101	9 24	4 9999	.9	0	10	24	2.6	24	6	999.9	71.1	44.1 0.00B	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/18/1999	60.6	24	53.1	1 24	1021.	3 24	4 9999	.9	0	10	24	3.6	24	8	999.9	70	53.1 0.07G	999.9	10000
725107		6/19/1999	62.7	23							0	10	23	2.8	23	6	999.9	78.1	48 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/20/1999	68.4	24		9 24	1028.	8 2	3 9999	.9	0	10	24	4.4	24	8.9	14	80.1	48 0.00G	999.9	0
725107		6/21/1999	64.6	21						.9	0	10	21	4.3	21	9.9	999.9	80.1	54 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/22/1999	72.1	23	53.1	1 23	3 1020.	9 2	3 9999	.9	0	10	23	4.4	23	8.9	999.9	87.1	54 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/23/1999	73.1	23	58.8	3 23	3 1018.	3 2	2 9999	.9	0	9.9	23	3.2	23	11.1	999.9	88	54 99.99	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/24/1999	76.7	24	57.6	5 24	1016.	1 2	4 9999	.9	0	10	24	4.3	24	8.9	15	90	57.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107		6/25/1999	72.2	24							0	10	24	5.7	24	12	20	90	57 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/26/1999	77.4	23	59.2	2 23	3 1012.	1 2	3 9999	.9	0	10	23	7.9	23	13	15.9	91.9	57 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/27/1999	80.5	24	56.2	2 24	1013.	7 2	4 9999	.9	0	10	24	5.8	24	12	16.9	93.9	62.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/28/1999	81.9	23	69.9	9 23	3 1007.	8 2	3 9999	.9	0	8.3	23	7.8	23	16.9	22	93.9	62.1 99.99	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/29/1999	77.3	23	72.5	5 23	3 100	2 2:	2 9999	.9	0	5.4	23	5.2	23	16.9	28	93	72 0.49B	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/30/1999	72.1	24		3 24	1011.	9 24	4 9999	.9	0	10	24	6.2	24	12	16.9 78.8*	62.6	6* 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/1/1999	68.3	24			1018.	5 24	4 9999	.9	0	8	24	2.6	24	6	999.9	81	63 0.01G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/2/1999	76.5	24			1014.	2 2	4 9999	.9	0	8.3	24	9.9	24	15.9	25.1 82.4*	73.4	4* 0.10G	999.9	10000
725107			75.4	24							0	9	24	4.6	24	12	15.9	88	62.1 0.25G	999.9	0
725107			79.1	24							0	9.5	24	6.3	24	13	15.9	88	62.1 0.23G	999.9	10000
725107			85.2	24							0	9.3	24	6.6	24	15	22.9	95	71.1 0.05G	999.9	0
725107			83.7	22							0	9.1	22	5.7	22	22	44.9 95.0*	73.4		999.9	10000
725107		7/7/1999	76.2	24							0	10		10.3	24	15	21 82.4*	69.8		999.9	10000
					23.0	_	. 30	_			•	-			-			23.0		22276	

STN	WBAN	YEARMOCT	ГЕМР	COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	СО	UNT WDS	SP CO	TNUC	MXSPD	GUS ⁻	T MAX	(MIN	PRCF	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780	7/8/1999	70	23	3 52.3	3 23	1010) 23	9999.9	9	0	10	23	7	23	3 1	14	20	82.9	59 0.01A	999.	9 10000
725107	4780	7/9/1999	65.8	24	4 53.1	24	1013.4	1 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	4.7	24	4 8	.9	15	77	59 0.00H	999.	9 10000
725107	4780	7/10/1999	74.1	24	4 61.6	5 24	1005.5	5 24	9999.9)	0	9.4	24	9.3	24	4 15	.9	23.9	86	60.1 0.03G	999.	9 10000
725107	4780	7/11/1999	66	24	48.6	5 24	1016.5	5 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	7.1	24	4 15	.9	18.1	86	53.1 0.00G	999.	9 0
725107	4780	7/12/1999	66.6	24	49.6	5 24	1024.8	3 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	3	24	4	8	999.9	81	50 0.001	999.	9 0
725107	4780	7/13/1999	66.5	24	4 54.4	· 24	1024	1 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	3.8	24	4 9	.9	999.9	81	50 0.01G	999.	9 10000
725107	4780	7/14/1999	67.3	24	4 54.4	. 24	1022.8	3 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	2.9	24	4	7	999.9 82.4	* 51.8	* 0.01G	999.	9 0
725107	4780	7/15/1999	74.4	24	4 56.9) 24	1020) 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	3.4	24	4 9	.9	999.9	88	52 0.00G	999.	9 0
725107	4780	7/16/1999	80.3	24	4 62.9) 24	1018	3 24	9999.9)	0	8.8	24	5	24	4 11	.1	999.9 93.2	.* 68.0	* 0.001	999.	9 0
725107	4780	7/17/1999	83.6	23	3 66.1	23	1017.3	3 23	9999.9)	0	5.7	23	8	23	3 15	.9	20	95	71.1 0.001	999.	9 0
725107	4780	7/18/1999	83.3	24	4 67.5	5 24	1016.7	7 24	9999.9)	0	6.5	24	6	24	4 11	.1	18.1	95	71.1 0.00A	999.	9 0
725107	4780	7/19/1999	75.4	24	4 66.1	24	1014.5	5 24	9999.9)	0	7.7	24	4.2	24	4 18	.1	25.1	95	66 0.31B	999.	9 10000
725107	4780	7/20/1999	71.2	24	4 56.7	7 24	1016.1	1 24	9999.9)	0	10	22	5.4	24	4 11	.1	15.9	91	59 0.01A	999.	9 0
725107	4780	7/21/1999	67.3	22	2 49.4	22	1020.5	5 22	9999.9)	0	10	22	4.1	22	2 8	.9	999.9 82.4	* 51.8	* 0.001	999.	9 0
725107	4780	7/22/1999	76.8	24	4 62.6	5 24	1015.6	5 23	9999.9)	0	10	24	6	24	4 11	.1	16.9 87.8	* 68.0	* 0.001	999.	9 0
725107	4780	7/23/1999	78.9	24	4 65.2	2 24	1011.7	7 24	9999.9)	0	9.3	24	5.1	24	4 11	.1	15.9	93	68 0.00H	999.	9 10000
725107	4780	7/24/1999	76.3	24	4 67.3	3 24	1008.5	5 24	9999.9)	0	9	24	3.3	24	4 1	12	15.9	93	66 0.47A	999.	9 10000
725107	4780	7/25/1999	73.7	24	4 69.4	. 24	1006.3	3 24	9999.9)	0	4.9	24	3	24	4 11	.1	14	93	66 0.01A	999.	9 100000
725107	4780	7/26/1999	71.6	24	4 66.7	⁷ 24	1007	7 24	9999.9)	0	7.3	24	2.9	24	4 8	.9	999.9 78.8	* 64.4	* 0.16B	999.	9 10000
725107	4780	7/27/1999	76.2	24	4 65.2	2 24	1008.1	l 24	9999.9)	0	8.2	24	3.8	24	4 11	.1	999.9	88	64.9 0.01A	999.	9 0
725107	4780	7/28/1999	77.3	21	1 57.5	5 21	1008	3 21	9999.9)	0	10	21	7.2	2	1 11	.1	18.1 89.6	s* 68.0°	* 0.001	999.	9 0
725107	4780	7/29/1999	74.9	22	2 61.3	3 22	1006.8	3 22	9999.9)	0	10	22	4.1	22	2 11	.1	999.9 84.2	.* 62.6	* 0.001	999.	9 0
725107	4780	7/30/1999	76.7	24	4 66.3	3 24	1005.2	2 24	9999.9)	0	7.6	24	2	24	4 8	.9	999.9	90	63 9	99.99 999.	9 10000
725107	4780	7/31/1999	77.1	24	4 69.7	⁷ 24	1008.3	3 24	9999.9)	0	6	24	3.6	24	4 11	.1	999.9 89.6	* 66.2	* 0.001	999.	9 0
725107	4780	8/1/1999	81.8	24	4 68.6	5 24	1005.8	3 24	9999.9)	0	8.5	24	7.5	24	4 1	13	16.9	93.9	66.9 0.001	999.	9 0
725107	4780	8/2/1999	74.4	24	4 56.2	2 24	1012.5	5 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	5.4	24	4 11	.1	16.9	93.9	59 0.001	999.	9 0
725107	4780	8/3/1999	70.6	24	4 51.8	3 24	1017.6	5 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	3.7	24	4	8	14 82.4	* 55.4	* 0.001	999.	9 0
725107	4780	8/4/1999	71.9	22	2 54.2	2 22	1015.3	3 22	9999.9)	0	10	22	4.3	22	2 11	.1	14 84.2	* 55.4	* 0.001	999.	9 0
725107	4780	8/5/1999	71.4	24	4 61.8	3 24	1009.1	l 24	9999.9)	0	9.9	24	4.2	24	4 9	.9	999.9	87.1	55 0.21A	999.	9 10000
725107	4780	8/6/1999	71.1	24	4 56.9) 24	1009.6	3 24	9999.9	9	0	9.4	24	3.6	24	4 1	12	16.9 84.2	* 55.4	* 0.01A	999.	9 0
725107	4780	8/7/1999	68.8	24	4 53.6	5 24	1013.4	1 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	7.6	24	4 15	.9	20	84	55.9 0.00H	999.	9 10000
725107	4780	8/8/1999	67.9	23	3 61.7	23	1008.4	1 23	9999.9)	0	7.7	23	4.3	23	3 1	12	18.1	81	57 0.01G	999.	9 10000
725107	4780	8/9/1999	66.3	24	4 50) 24	1006.2	2 24	9999.9	9	0	9.3	24	8.1	24	4 1	15	23.9	79	55 0.17G	999.	9 0
725107	4780	8/10/1999	62.3	24	44.3	3 24	1011.2	2 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	3.9	24	4 9	.9	14 73.4	* 48.2	* 0.00G	999.	9 0
725107	4780	8/11/1999	64.5	24	4 57.4	24	1012.2	2 24	9999.9)	0	9.5	24	1.5	24	4 5	.1	999.9	75	48.9 0.01G	999.	9 10000
725107	4780	8/12/1999	73	24	4 62.3	3 24	1013.7	7 24	9999.9)	0	6.3	24	3.1	24	4	7	999.9	88	60.1 0.100	999.	9 100000
725107	4780	8/13/1999	73.6	24	4 65.2	2 24	1013.9	9 24	9999.9)	0	9.1	24	5.4	24	4 1	14	19 89.6	* 60.8	* 0.00G	999.	9 10000
725107	4780	8/14/1999	76.6	24	4 70.7	⁷ 24	1008.7	7 24	9999.9)	0	9.1	24	7.8	24	4 1	12	21	90	61 0.02C	999.	9 10000
725107	4780	8/15/1999	65.6	24	4 64	24	1015.8	3 24	9999.9)	0	8.9	24	4.5	24	4 8	.9	999.9	81	61 0.25G	999.	9 10000
725107	4780	8/16/1999	68.2	24	4 57.4	24	1021.6	5 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.9	24	4 9	.9	15 80.6	53.6	* 0.05G	999.	9 0
725107	4780	8/17/1999	76.2	24	4 64.4	24	1014.7	7 24	9999.9	9	0	9.4	24	5.4	24	4 1	2	18.1	90	54 0.00G	999.	9 0
725107	4780	8/18/1999	76.2	24	4 64.7	7 24	1008.2	2 24	9999.9	9	0	8.7	24	6.6	24	4 9	.9	16.9	90	66 0.00A	999.	9 0
725107	4780	8/19/1999	68.9	24	4 53.5	5 24	1015.2	2 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	3.7	24	4 8	.9	999.9	82.9	55 0.001	999.	9 0

STN	WBAN	YEARMOD	TEMP	COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	CC	DUNT W	DSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST N	MIN	I PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780	8/20/1999	64.5	24	4 51.3	3 24	1020.6	24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.9	24	13	15 7	5.2* 53.6	6* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/21/1999	59.4	24	4 56.	1 24	1018.8	24	4 9999.9	9	0	7.7	24	5.5	24	9.9	999.9	77	54 0.04G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	8/22/1999	60.3	24	4 56.4	4 24	1015.9	24	4 9999.9	9	0	8.5	24	5.2	24	8.9	999.9 6	6.2* 55.4	1* 0.68G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	8/23/1999	68.3	24	4 56.6	6 24	1016	24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	3	24	7	999.9	82.9	55.9 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/24/1999	72.4	24	4 57.8	8 24	1018.1	24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.4	24	7	999.9	86	57 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/25/1999	71.6	24	4 58.2	2 24	1019.1	24	4 9999.9	9	0	9.5	24	2.9	24	9.9	999.9 8	4.2* 57.2	2* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/26/1999	69.1	23	3 60.	5 23	3 1016.1	23	3 9999.9	9	0	9.2	23	2.2	23	8	999.9	86	57.9 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	8/27/1999	69.3	24	4 67.3	3 24	1013.9	24	4 9999.9	9	0	5.2	24	2.5	24	5.1	999.9	79	60.1 0.08G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	8/28/1999	74.4	24	4 66.4	4 24	1009.5	24	4 9999.9	9	0	7.9	24	4.6	24	11.1	18.1	86	64.9 1.02G	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/29/1999	75.5	23	3 57.8	8 23	3 1009.2	23	3 9999.9	9	0	10	23	8.1	23	13	20	86	66.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/30/1999	63	24	46.0	6 24	1019.7	24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	8.3	24	15	21	82	51.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/31/1999	63.6	24	4 4	5 24	1025	24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	5.2	24	9.9	15.9 7	5.2* 53.6	6* 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/1/1999	65	24	49.2	2 24	1022.6	24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	2.1	24	5.1	999.9 8	4.2* 50.0	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/2/1999	68.5	24	4 53.	1 24	1019.3	24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	1.9	24	4.1	999.9	90	48.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/3/1999	75.4	24	4 57.	5 24	1017	24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	2.8	24	6	999.9 9	1.4* 60.8	3* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/4/1999	75.4	24	4 58.2	2 24	1020.1	24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	2.4	24	8.9	999.9	91	60.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/5/1999	72	23	3 63.	7 23	3 1023	23	3 9999.9	9	0	10	23	3	23	8.9	999.9	88	62.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/6/1999	72.9	24	4 70.2	2 24	1019.4	24	4 9999.9	9	0	8.3	24	4.4	24	8	999.9	82.9	64.9 0.20B	999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/7/1999	75.9	24	4 69.	1 24	1014.6	24	4 9999.9	9	0	9.3	24	5.7	24	13	999.9	84.9	69.1 0.06B	999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/8/1999	74.9	24	4 70	0 24	1010.5	23	3 9999.9	9	0	7.1	24	5.7	24	8.9	999.9	84.9	70 0.09C	999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/9/1999	75.6	24	4 67.2	2 24	1010.9	24	4 9999.9	9	0	5.6	24	5.3	24	9.9	19 8	2.4* 69.8	3* 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/10/1999	71.4	24	4 68.	7 24	1010.2	24	4 9999.9	9	0	5.9	24	4.8	24	9.9	999.9 7	3.4* 66.2	2* 0.07G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/11/1999	68.1	24	4 57.8	8 24	1010.6	24	4 9999.9	9	0	8.9	24	4.9	24	15	19 7	5.2* 60.8	3.06G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/12/1999	63.5	24	4 51.9	9 24	1020.7	24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	2.5	24	8	999.9	77	50 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/13/1999	63.6	18	3 51.9	9 18	3 1023	18	9999.9	9	0	10	18	4.9	18	11.1	999.9 7	7.0* 48.2	2* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/14/1999	62.9	24	4 57.8	8 24	1021.7	24	4 9999.9	9	0	9	24	2.6	24	8	999.9	78.1	48.9 0.01G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/15/1999	65.8	24	4 62.	7 24	1019.5	24	4 9999.9	9	0	7.9	24	1.3	24	11.1	999.9	72	55 0.02G	999.9	10000
725107		9/16/1999	62.3	24			1012.5	23	3 9999.9	9	0	4.2	24	5.5	24	13	23.9 6	6.2* 57.2	2* 0.46G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/17/1999	58.8	24	4 52.8	8 24	996.2	24	4 9999.9	9	0	7	24	14.1	24	22.9	33 6	9.8* 53.6	6* 3.93G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/18/1999	60.7	24	44.	1 24	1014.6	24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	8.5	24	15	20	71.1	51.1 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/19/1999	55.8	24	45.	1 24	1021	24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	2.9	24	6	999.9	73	41 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/20/1999	58.1	24	49.8	8 24	1018.3	24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.5	24	11.1	999.9	73	41 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/21/1999	60.5	24			1011.9	24	4 9999.9	9	0	6.4	24	2.2	24	8	999.9	73	44.1 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/22/1999	58.3	24	4 56.2	2 24	1005.9	24	4 9999.9	9	0	7	24	6.1	24	9.9	16.9	64	51.1 0.47G	999.9	10000
725107		9/23/1999	57.3	24	4 45.	1 24	1005.1	24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	8.8	24	15	20 7	1.6* 46.4		999.9	0
725107		9/24/1999	63	24								9.7	24	4.8	24			77	46.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107		9/25/1999	63.6	24			1013	24			0	8.7	24	5.6	24			77	48 0.02G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/26/1999	54.3	24	45.3	3 24			4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	1.5	24	6	999.9	73	41 0.01G	999.9	0
725107		9/27/1999	53.4	19							0	10	19	1.9	19	8	999.9	70	41 0.01G	999.9	0
725107		10/1/1999	64.9	4	45.		1012.9		4 9999.9		0	10	4	6.8	4	9.9				3.1	0
725107		10/4/1999	42.8	-	7 4		7 1019.9		9999.9		0	6.1	7	6.4	7	8		48	41 0.71B	2	10000
725107		10/5/1999	43.7	24								9.8	24	4.8	24		999.9	51.1	39.9 0.001	3.1	0
725107	4780	10/6/1999	47	24	4 39.	1 24	1015.8	24	4 9999.9	9	0	9.7	24	6	24	15	21 5	9.0* 35.6	6* 0.02G	0.4	10000

STN	WBAN	YEARMOD	TEMP	COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	C	OUNT V	VDSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST N	MAX M	IN PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780	10/7/1999	40.8	23	3 25.1	1 23	1024.6	22	9999.9)	0	10	23	7.1	23	14	20 5	0.0* 30	0.00G	0.4	0
725107	4780	10/8/1999	42.1	23	3 29.3	3 23	1031.4	23	9999.9)	0	10	23	4.3	23	14	. 15	59	28 0.001	2.4	0
725107	4780	10/9/1999	59.7	24	4 50.6	5 24	1021.2	24	9999.9)	0	9.7	24	8.5	23	14	22 7	1.6* 51	.8* 0.13G	2	10000
725107	4780	########	54.3	24	4 52.5	5 24	1019	24	9999.9)	0	5.9	24	2.1	24	6	999.9 6	0.8* 46	6.4* 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	60.8	23	3 49.5	5 23	1014	23	9999.9)	0	9.8	23	7.4	23	15	21 6	4.4* 48	3.2* 0.32G	2	10000
725107	4780	########	49.4	22	2 34.8	3 22	1025.2	22	9999.9)	0	10	22	4.6	22	11.1	15	64	37 0.00G	0.4	0
725107	4780	########	51.9	24	43.6	5 24	1020.2	24	9999.9)	0	10	24	5.8	24	16.9	25.1 6	9.8* 37	7.4* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	54.2	24	45.3	3 24	1004.4	24	9999.9)	0	9.3	24	9.9	24	20	28.9	69.1	37 0.23G	3.1	10000
725107	4780	########	42.2	24	4 28	3 24	1024.4	24	9999.9)	0	10	24	3.6	24	8	999.9	64.9	28.9 0.05G	1.2	0
725107	4780	########	49.5	20	39	9 20	1023.9	20	9999.9)	0	10	20	4.4	20	13	16.9	70	28.9 0.00G	0.4	0
725107	4780	########	63.4	24	4 54.5	5 24	1014.4	24	9999.9)	0 99	99.9	0	999.9	0	999.9	999.9 7	3.4* 50	0.001	0.8	0
725107	4780	########	53.2	23	3 47.2	2 23	1007.4	23	9999.9)	0	7.7	21	8.9	21	21	29.9	75	44.1 0.69G	1.2	10000
725107	4780	########	39	23	3 28.8	3 23	1027.6	23	9999.9)	0	10	23	3	23	7	999.9	60.1	27 0.00G	2	0
725107	4780	########	43.2	24	41.8	3 24	1024.3	24	9999.9)	0	7.3	24	0.7	24	2.9	999.9	52	27 0.01G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	46.4	24	4 38.8	3 24	1017.1	24	9999.9)	0	9.8	24	4.7	24	9.9	18.1	55.9	37.9 0.65G	3.1	0
725107	4780	########	41.3	24	4 36.9	9 24	1011.3	24	9999.9)	0	9.9	24	2.9	24	11.1	999.9	55.9	30 0.00G	0.4	0
725107	4780	########	50.1	24	42.6	5 24	996.3	24	9999.9)	0	8.7	24	7.6	24	22	29.9 5	3.6* 46	6.4* 0.32G	2	10000
725107	4780	########	47.6	24	4 35.3	3 24	1004.9	24	9999.9)	0	10	24	8.4	24	12	20	57.9	37.9 0.02G	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	42.2	23	3 29.8	3 23	1016.1	23	9999.9)	0	10	23	6.2	23	14	22.9	57.9	30 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	45	24	4 31.6	6 24	1015.9	24	9999.9)	0	9.7	24	5.3	24	16.9	28.9 6	6.2* 26	6.6* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	45.6	24	4 35.5	5 24	1019.3	24	9999.9)	0	10	24	3.8	24	12	999.9	66.9	27 0.001	2	0
725107	4780	########	38.1	24	4 28.9	9 24	1028.7	24	9999.9)	0	10	24	2.8	24	8.9	999.9	55.9	26.1 0.001	3.1	0
725107	4780	########	50.2	23	38.1	1 23	1025	23	9999.9)	0	9.7	23	4.3	23	8	999.9	66	26.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	44.5	24	4 39.2	2 24	1031.3	24	9999.9)	0	8.1	24	1.5	24	6	999.9	66	33.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	54.2	24	46.5	5 24	1023.2	24	9999.9)	0	6.9	24	5.5	24	16.9	23.9	72	33.1 0.001	999.9	100000
725107	4780	11/1/1999	54.9	23	37.6	5 23	1021.2	23	9999.9)	0	9	23	3.7	23	13	16.9 6	6.2* 37	7.4* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	11/2/1999	47.6	24	45.4	1 24	1017.1	24	9999.9)	0	7.3	24	1.3	24	9.9	999.9	66.9	35.1 0.03A	999.9	110000
725107	4780	11/3/1999	60.1	23	3 48.7	7 23	1000.7	23	9999.9)	0	8.7	23	14.2	23	25.1	36.9	68	35.1 0.93G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	11/4/1999	42.7	23	3 24.4	1 23	1014.3	23	9999.9)	0	10	23	10.4	23	18.1	28.9 4	8.2* 37	7.4* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	11/5/1999	44.5	21	1 25.4	1 21	1024.3	15	9999.9)	0	10	21	5	21	9.9	18.1	61	28 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	11/6/1999	55.4	24	4 27.6	5 24	1016	19	9999.9)	0	10	24	10.4	24	19	23.9	61	45 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	11/7/1999	40.8	23	3 21.9	9 23	1017.2	23	9999.9)	0	10	23	8.2	23	18.1	26	59	35.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	11/8/1999	33.5	24	18.6	5 24	1020.7	24	9999.9)	0	10	24	7.1	24	13	18.1	43	28 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	11/9/1999	39.6	22	2 24.5	5 22	1020.1	22	9999.9)	0	10	22	3.7	22	14	. 19 5	5.4* 28	3.4* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	61.9	24	46.2	2 24	1006.5	24	9999.9)	0	10	24	7.6	24	14	21 6	9.8* 55	5.4* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	40.7	24	4 29.1	1 24	1020.6	24	9999.9)	0	9.1	24	7.8	24	13	18.1	69.1	28 0.23G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	31.2	23	3 18	3 23	1030	23	9999.9)	0	10	23	3	23	9.9	15.9	46.9	21 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	43.1	24	4 34.5	5 24	1018.5	24	9999.9)	0	9	24	4.4	24	13	999.9 5	1.8* 35	5.6* 0.03G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	43.5	24	4 38.7	7 24	1008.4	24	9999.9)	0	8.4	24	4.7	24	16.9	22.9 5	3.6* 32	2.0* 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	39.1	23	3 25.5	5 23	999.7	23	9999.9)	0	10	23	11.7	23	19	25.1	53.1	30.9 0.07G	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	33	24	17.4	1 24	995.6	24	9999.9)	0	10	24	12.3	24	15.9	26	43	30 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	33.4	24	14.8	3 24	1007.9	24	9999.9)	0	10	24	9.9	24	16.9	27	39.9	26.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	35.2	22	2 19.8	3 22	1022.9	22	9999.9)	0	10	22	5	22	8	999.9	46	26.1 0.00I	999.9	0

STN	WBAN	YEARMOD	ГЕМР (COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	C	OUNT W	VDSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST	MAX	MIN	N PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780	########	41.3	24	28.2	24	1028.1	24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	2.8	24	11.1	999.	.9 60.8*	26.0	6* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	47.5	24	31	24	1023	24	4 9999.	9	0	7.2	24	5.5	24	15	5 2	26 66.2*	30.2	2* 0.00I	999.9	100000
725107	4780	########	50.7	24	37.9	24	1021.7	24	4 9999.	9	0	9.8	24	5	24	9.9) 1	5	66	30 0.11G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	52.8	24	46.2	24	1025.8	24	4 9999.	9	0	9.7	24	2.4	24	9.9	999.	.9	66.9	36 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	57.6	24	51.9	24	1025.4	24	4 9999.	9	0	9.4	24	3.3	24	. 7	999.	.9	68	45 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	57	24	52.5	24	1022	24	4 9999.	9	0	7.9	24	4.8	24	15	5 2	20	68	46 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	52.6	24	45.5	24	1022.6	24	4 9999.	9	0	9.8	24	4.4	24	12	2 18.	.1 64.4*	44.0	6* 0.07C	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	45.4	24	44.2	24	1022.4	24	4 9999.	9	0	3.8	24	2.1	24	5.1	999.	.9 48.2*	42.8	8* 0.19G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	52.1	24	44.9	24	1010	24	4 9999.	9	0	6.9	24	4.4	24	9.9) 1	4	61	42.1 0.34G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	40.9	24	28.6	24	1014.5	24	4 9999.	9	0	9.4	24	6.7	24	18.1	2	28	61	32 0.45G	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	36.8	24	26.9	24	1022.3	24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	5	24	9.9) 1	4	48.9	30 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	30	24	21.9	24	1028.8	24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	6.8	24	12	2 18.	.1	43	24.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	12/1/1999	25.7	24	6.7	24	1026.6	24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	10.8	24	15.9) 2	22	35.1	19 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	12/2/1999	32.1	24	9.2	24	1020.7	24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	7.6	24	11.1	999.	.9	46.9	19 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	12/3/1999	41.5	24	19.4	24	1020.2	24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	3.5	24	8.9	999.	.9	50	24.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	12/4/1999	43.9	24	34.7	24	1018.3	24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	2	24	. 7	7 999.	.9	52	34 0.04B	999.9	10000
725107	4780	12/5/1999	45.7	24	40.5	24	1020	24	4 9999.	9	0	6.8	23	3.3	23	8.9	999.	.9 60.8*	30.2	2* 0.00I	999.9	100000
725107	4780	12/6/1999	51.6	24	47.8	24	1012.7	23	3 9999.	9	0	7.2	24	3.8	24		999.	.9	60.1	30 0.10B	999.9	10000
725107	4780	12/7/1999	48.5	24	42.9	24	1011.1	23	3 9999.	9	0	7.9	24	8.6	24	19) 2	27 51.8*	39.	2* 0.85G	999.9	110000
725107	4780	12/8/1999	38.7	24	24.9	24	1023.1	24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	6.9	24	12	999.	.9	52	30.9 0.05G	999.9	0
725107	4780	12/9/1999	33.9	24	24.4	24	1026.8	24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	2.1	24	. 6	999.	.9	50	25 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	33.8	24	26.5	24	1016.5	24	4 9999.	9	0	6.8	24	1.6	24		999.	.9 53.6*	21.	2* 0.09A	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	37.8	24	21.4	24	1004	24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	16.4	24	27	7 37.	.9	54	21 0.02B	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	35.7	24	22.4	24	1014.2	24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	9.6	24	15	5 29.	.9 44.6*	32.0	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	32.8	23	25.3	23	1020.4	23	3 9999.	9	0	10	23	1.7	23	•	999.	.9	46.9	21 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	37.2	24	31.8	24	1021.4	24	4 9999.	9	0	9.7	24	5.7	24	11.1	1	5	46.9	21 0.03G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	#######	36.6	23	34.7	23	1021.7	22	2 9999.	9	0	4.8	23	6	23		999.	.9	39.9	30.9 0.30G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	39.9	24	35.3	24	1011.9	24	4 9999.	9	0	5.2	24	3.7	24	13	3 18.	.1	46.9	35.1 0.16G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	#######	36.6	24	22.5	24	1014.1	24	4 9999.	9	0	9.6	24	8.7	24	18.1	25.	.1	46.9	32 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780	#######	28.9	24	14.5	24	1023.9	24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	4.2	24	9.9) 18.	.1	41	19 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	#######	23.2	24	10.8	24	1031.8	24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	1.2	24	5.1	999.	.9	37	14 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	24.4	24	18.8	24	1030.3	24	4 9999.	9	0	9.4	24	1.7	24	4.1	999.	.9	34	14 0.08A	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	38.4	19	28.2	! 19		19	9999.	9	0	6.3	19	5.1	19	15	5 1	9 42.8*	33.8	8* 0.43G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	31	19	12.1	19	1021	19	9999.	9	0	10	19	5.9	19	3	999.	.9	44.1	27 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	#######	26.9	21	11.2	. 21	1021.5	2	1 9999.	9	0	10	21	4.5	21	9.9	9 16.	.9	35.1	19 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	23.1	24	8.4	. 24	1018.8	24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	6.1	24	13			34	16 0.00I	999.9	0
725107		########	15.9	20		20					0	10	20	5.7	20			.9 24.8*	8.6		999.9	0
725107	4780	########	24.1	23	8.5	23	1008.2	23	3 9999.	9	0	10	23	8.2	23	20) 29.	.9	35.1	7 0.001	999.9	0
725107		########	26.5	22							0	10	22	11.5					35.1	16 0.00I	999.9	0
725107		#######	18.4	24	1.1	24	1006.7	24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	4.3	24		999.	.9	28.9	9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	#######	24.3	23	5.4	23	1003.1	23	3 9999.	9	0	10	23	6.1	23	14	1 2	20	32	9 0.001	999.9	0
725107		#######	36.7	24	16.4	. 24					0	10	24	10.1	24			26 48.2*	24.8		999.9	0
725107	4780	########	28.6	24	18.4	24	1016.5	24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	1.9	24	8.9	999.	.9 39.2*	19.4	4* 0.00I	999.9	0

STN	WBAN	YEARMOCT	ГЕМР	COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	CC	OUNT W	/DSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST	MAX	MIN	PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780	1/1/2005	44	24	4 32.9	9 24	1021.9	24	9999.9	9	0	9.2	24	9.5	24	18.1	32.1	1 48.2*	37.4	0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	1/2/2005	30.3	24	18.6	5 24	1037.3	23	9999.9	9	0	10	24	4.5	24	9.9	999.9	9	48.9	21 0.03A	999.9	110000
725107	4780	1/3/2005	43.3	24	4 39.1	l 24	1025.9	20	9999.9	9	0	10	24	4.8	24	9.9	999.9	9	50	21 0.03B	999.9	10000
725107	4780	1/4/2005	40.8	23	37.2	2 23	3 1022	16	9999.9	9	0	7.6	23	2.5	23	7	999.9	9	50	37 0.48G	999.9	110000
725107	4780	1/5/2005	32.6	23	3 26.5	5 23	3 1022	16	9999.9	9	0	7.7	23	4.3	23	7	999.9	39.2*	26.6	0.00G	999.9	101000
725107	4780	1/6/2005	24.7	24	4 20.1	l 24	1020.5	12	9999.9	9	0	3.9	24	3.1	24	8	999.9	30.2*	21.2	° 0.27G	999.9	111000
725107	4780	1/7/2005	31.9	24	4 22.6	6 24	1016.3	23	9999.9	9	0	8.1	24	6.4	24	15	5 21	1	37	21.9 0.63G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	1/8/2005	26	24	4 21.5	5 24	1025.9	18	9999.9	9	0	7	24	2	24	8	999.9	28.4*	19.4	0.00G	999.9	101000
725107	4780	1/9/2005	21.7	24	17.2	2 24	1028.6	19	9999.9	9	0	7.3	24	2.2	24	7	999.9	33.8*	3.2*	0.50G	999.9	101000
725107	4780	1/10/2005	32.8	24	4 27.5	5 24	1019.1	22	9999.9	9	0	7.7	24	6.5	24	15	5 26	39.2*	28.4	° 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	1/11/2005	31.2	24	15.2	2 24	1023.3	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	5.5	24	15.9) 21	1	39.9	25 0.00I	999.9	0
725107		1/12/2005	28.5	24	4 25.4	1 24		8			0	3.6	24	3.4	24	6		30.2*	24.8		999.9	111000
725107	4780	1/13/2005	31.7	24	4 31.3	3 24	1022.9	2′	1 9999.9	9	0	1.9	24	1.7	24	5.1	999.9	9	34	25 0.31G	999.9	110000
725107	4780	1/14/2005	47	24	44.1	l 24	1015.1	17	7 9999.9	9	0	6.6	24	9	24	18.1	25.1	1 60.8*	33.8		999.9	110000
725107		1/15/2005	27	24	4 13.3	3 24					0	10	24	6.4	24			1 33.8*	21.2		999.9	0
725107		1/16/2005	22.1	24	4 9.8	3 24		22			0	9.6	24	4.7	24	12	2 15.9	9	28.9	19 0.00G	999.9	1000
725107		1/17/2005	19.8	24	4 12	2 24		20			0	6.4	24	10.1	24	16.9			26.1	14 0.06G	999.9	1000
725107		1/18/2005	6.7	24	4 -8.4	1 24					0	10	24	12.6	24	21		3 14.0*	1.4*	0.00G	999.9	0
725107		1/19/2005	7.4	23	3 -3.3	3 23		19			0	8.5	23	4.7	23	11.1		9 19.4*	-0.4*	0.03A	999.9	1000
725107		1/20/2005	18.7	24	11.2	2 24	1009.7	18			0	7.3	24	5.7	24			9	26.1	-0.9 0.08G	999.9	1000
725107		1/21/2005	6.3			3 23					0	10	23	10.3	23				26.1	-2.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107		1/22/2005	1.3	23				21			0	8.3	23	3.1	23	6		9 10.4*	-7.6*	0.14B	999.9	101000
725107		1/23/2005	11.2	24							0	1.8	24	13.7	24	21	28	3 17.6*	8.6*	0.46G	999.9	101000
725107		1/24/2005	8.3								0	9.8	24	10.1	24	14			21	-0.9 0.03G	999.9	1000
725107		1/25/2005	17.5					24			0	10	24	7.9	24			24.8*	8.6*	0.00G	999.9	0
725107		1/26/2005	17.3					18			0	4.9	24	3.6	24				24.1	3.9 0.08G	999.9	101000
725107		1/27/2005	12.1	24				19			0	8.1	24	8.9	24	13			19	3.9 0.16G	999.9	1000
725107		1/28/2005	7.8					24			0	10	24	5.9	24				23	-5.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107		1/29/2005	15								0	9.6	24	2.8	24				36	-5.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107		1/30/2005	29.4								0	10	24	5.4	24	0.0		39.2*	23.0		999.9	0
725107		1/31/2005	20.5					23			0	10	23	2.9	23		999.9		39.9	6.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107			17.7								0	8.5	24	2.2	24			39.2*	3.2*	0.001	999.9	0
725107			19.2					24			0	8.7	24	1.9	24		999.9		39	3 0.001	999.9	0
725107			22.5					20			0	8.8	24	3.8	24		7 999.9		37.9	3 0.00A	999.9	0
725107		2/4/2005	33.9								0	6.3	24	4.5	24			42.8*	30.2		999.9	101000
725107			33								0	8.6	24	3.3	24				55.9	17.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107			32.8								0	9	24	3.4	24				55.9	17.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107		2/7/2005	32.4								U	9.9	24	3.1	24		7 999.9		52	19 0.001	999.9	0
725107			35.8								0	9.7	24	1.8	24		999.9		52	19 0.001	999.9	0
725107			39.3								0	9.1	24	2.5	24		999.9		51.1	23 0.001	999.9	0
725107		2/10/2005	36								0	4.5	24	5.2	24				51.1	28 0.40G	999.9	111000
725107		2/11/2005	28.5					16			0	7.8	20	14.1	18			5 33.8*	23.0		999.9	1000
725107	4780	2/12/2005	29.8	24	17.9	9 24	1001.6	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	6.8	24	11.1	18.1	1	37	23 0.00G	999.9	0

STN	WBAN	YEARMOD	TEMP (COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	CC	DUNT W	/DSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST MAX	MIN	PRCP	SNDP F	FRSHTT
725107	7 4780	2/13/2005	30.8	24	18.9) 24	1014.6	24	9999.9) (0	10	24	7.6	24	15	19	37	25 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	2/14/2005	25	24	14.5	5 24	1030.7	22	9999.9) (0	9.3	24	4.2	24	12	999.9 37.4	* 14.0°	* 0.02A	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780	2/15/2005	37.8	24	31.6	5 24	1016.5	5 16	9999.9) (0	5.9	24	4.7	24	12	18.1 48.2°	* 30.2	* 0.54G	999.9	111000
725107	7 4780	2/16/2005	38.7	24	34.2	2 24	1010.1	22	9999.9) (0	7.8	24	4.7	24	15.9	27	54	28 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	7 4780	2/17/2005	34	24	19.1	24	1006.9	24	4 9999.9) (0	10	24	7.7	24	15	18.1	54	28 0.24G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	2/18/2005	26	24	10.7	7 24	1010.2	2	4 9999.9	9 (0	10	24	8.3	24	19	26 30.2	* 19.4	* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	2/19/2005	16.8	24	C) 24	1021.5	24	4 9999.9) (0	10	24	8.8	24	14	21 26.6	* 8.6*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	2/20/2005	21.9	24	4	1 24	1027.8	24	4 9999.9) (0	10	24	5.8	24	13	18.1	30	9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	2/21/2005	19.6	24	10) 24	1025.8	3 14	9999.9) (0	4.4	24	3.5	24	7	999.9	30	14 0.14G	999.9	101000
725107	7 4780	2/22/2005	25.2	24	20.7	7 24	1018.5	22	9999.9) (0	6.9	24	4.7	24	8	999.9	32	17.1 0.14G	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780	2/23/2005	28.9	24	20.1	24	1017.8	2	1 9999.9) (0	7.9	24	6.1	24	15.9	22	34	19.9 0.00G	999.9	101000
725107	7 4780	2/24/2005	18.4	24	4.4	1 24	1025.8	24	9999.9) (0	10	24	4.2	24	9.9	999.9	34	5 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	2/25/2005	21.3	24	11.2	2 24	1019.8	17	7 9999.9) (0	6.6	24	6.6	24	8.9	999.9	28.9	5 0.12G	999.9	101000
725107	7 4780	2/26/2005	19	24	10.5	5 24	1019.7	24	9999.9) (0	9.6	24	3.5	24	8	999.9	32	5 0.00G	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780	2/27/2005	23.5	24	5.8	3 24	1021.2	2	9999.9) (0	9.9	24	9.4	24	22	22.9	32	5 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	2/28/2005	21.4	24	7.8	3 24	1018.7	24	9999.9) (0	9.9	24	4	24	11.1	15	33.1	10 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	3/1/2005	26.8	24	22	2 24	1000.7	· (9999.9) (0	2.4	24	7.1	24	13	20	33.1	10 0.13G	999.9	101000
725107	7 4780	3/2/2005	26.5	24	17	7 24	992.7	' 19	9999.9) (0	8.6	24	9.7	24	16.9	25.1 33.8	* 21.2	* 0.08G	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780	3/3/2005	21.7	23	3.7	7 23	1001.4	- 23	9999.9) (0	9.9	23	11.1	23	16.9	27	33.1	15.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	3/4/2005	20.9	24	5.1	24	1009.9	24	4 9999.9) (0	10	24	8.2	24	18.1	27	30.9	5 0.00A	999.9	100000
725107	7 4780	3/5/2005	27.3	24	11.3	3 24	1009.7	24	9999.9) (0	10	24	6.7	24	14	18.1	39.9	5 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	3/6/2005	31.3	24	18.1	24	1005.4	. 24	9999.9) (0	9.8	24	6.5	24	15	22	39.9	15.1 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780	3/7/2005	40.2	24	27.7	7 24	1002.9	24	9999.9) (0	10	24	7.5	24	12	21	48.9	21.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	3/8/2005	36.6	24	30.9) 24	989.5	17	7 9999.9) (0	5.3	24	6.5	24	21	28.9	48.9	17.1 0.53C	999.9	111000
725107	7 4780	3/9/2005	14.3	24	1.7	7 24	996.1	20	9999.9) (0	5.5	24	18.2	24	26	40 19.4	* 6.8*	0.01C	999.9	101000
725107	7 4780	3/10/2005	17.5	24	1.6	5 24	1006.3	24	4 9999.9) (0	10	24	6.3	24	12	18.1 28.4	* 3.2*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	3/11/2005	19.9	24	13	3 24	1007.5	19	9999.9) (0	7.1	24	3.3	24	9.9	999.9	30	3 0.04B	999.9	101000
725107	7 4780	3/12/2005	30.5	24	28.9) 24	994.3	16	9999.9) (0	2.2	24	3.8	24	8	999.9 33.8	* 28.4	* 0.88D	999.9	101000
725107	7 4780	3/13/2005	30.8	24	25.4	1 24	1006.1	20	9999.9) (0	7.3	24	3.5	24	9.9	999.9	39	14 0.03B	999.9	101000
725107	7 4780	3/14/2005	30.2	24	17.1	24	1009.9	24	4 9999.9) (0	10	24	9.4	24	15	23.9	39	14 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	3/15/2005	32.8	24	18.3	3 24	1011.1	24	4 9999.9) (0	10	24	10.1	24	15.9	25.1	42.1	21 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	3/16/2005	34.2	24	16.7	7 24	1013.2	24	4 9999.9) (0	10	24	9.6	24	15.9	20	42.1	24.1 0.00l	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	3/17/2005	32.7	24	14.3	3 24	1014.8	24	4 9999.9) (0	10	24	5.9	24	11.1	15.9	45	19.9 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	3/18/2005	33.1	24	18.1	24	1014.4	. 23	9999.9) (0	9.9	24	5.7	24	14	21	45	19.9 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	3/19/2005	33.9	24	13.8	3 24	1019.1	24	9999.9) (0	10	24	6.8	24	11.1	999.9	45	23 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	3/20/2005	33.6	24	21	24	1018.3	24	4 9999.9) (0	9.9	24	4.1	24	8.9	14 46.4	* 21.2°	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	3/21/2005	39.4	24	27.3	3 24	1013.8	24	4 9999.9) (0	9	24	3.2	24	6	999.9	46	21 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	3/22/2005	39.2	22	21.3	3 22	1018.1	22	9999.9) (0	10	22	5.2	22	8.9	999.9	52	28 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	3/23/2005	35.7	24	18.7	7 24	1018.9	24	4 9999.9) (0	9.9	24	3.2	24	8.9	999.9	52	28 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	3/24/2005	34.5	24	26.8	3 24	1014.4	. 12	9999.9) (0	5.9	24	6.1	24	8.9	15.9	42.1	28 0.33G	999.9	111000
725107	7 4780	3/25/2005	35.2	24	25.9) 24	1013.9	24	4 9999.9) (0	8.7	24	5.2	24	14	15.9 46.4	* 24.8	* 0.02G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	3/26/2005	33	24	15.7	7 24	1021.5	24	4 9999.9) (0	10	24	2.8	24	7	999.9	46	21 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	3/27/2005	37.1	24	22.6	S 24	1023.2	2	4 9999.9	9 (0	9.8	24	3.5	24	9.9	15.9	53.1	21 0.001	999.9	0

STN	WBAN	YEARMOD T	TEMP (COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	COU	NT WDS	P COU	INT N	//XSPD	GUST MA	AX MIN	N PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780	3/28/2005	36.4	24	29.7	7 24	1016.3	3 18	9999.9	9	0	6.4	24	4.2	24	8.9	999.9	53.1	21.9 0.07G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	3/29/2005	43	24	39.3	3 24	1002.7	7 20	9999.9	9	0	7.1	24	6.5	24	11.1	999.9	54	33.1 2.26G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	3/30/2005	44.9	24	29.7	7 24	1015.2	2 24	4 9999.9	9	0	9.8	24	4.2	24	9.9	14 62	.6* 30.	2* 0.41G	999.9	0
725107	4780	3/31/2005	42.5	24	30.1	24	1022.9	9 24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.9	24	8.9	999.9	62.1	28.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/1/2005	45.9	24	34.1	24	1019.9) 23	9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.7	24	7	999.9	57.9	30 0.04G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/2/2005	39.4	24	36.1	24	1015.7	7 17	7 9999.9	9	0	6.1	24	4.4	24	8.9	999.9	57.9	37 0.13G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/3/2005	48.7	24	41.2	2 24	996.2	2 18	9999.9	9	0	7.4	24	9.4	24	18.1	22.9	52	37 1.61G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/4/2005	42.6	24	. 34	24	1000.9	9 22	2 9999.9	9	0	10	24	7.9	24	15	21 50	.0* 37.	4* 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/5/2005	47.3	24	25.2	2 24	1014.1	1 24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	10.1	24	15.9	22.9	61	37 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/6/2005	50.4	24	29.1	24	1021	1 24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.4	24	8	999.9	66.9	37 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/7/2005	53.8	24	40.8	3 24	1013.8	3 24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.5	24	12	25.1	70	37 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/8/2005	54.7	24	38.8	3 24	1011.1	1 23	9999.9	9	0	9.7	24	7.5	24	14	21	70	41 0.11G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/9/2005	48.6	24	25.8	3 24	1020) 24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	4.6	24	8.9	14	63	30.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/10/2005	51.4	23	27.9) 23	1017.4	1 23	9999.9	9	0	10	23	4.8	23	13	18.1	71.1	30.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/11/2005	45.8	24	16.3	3 24	1020.1	1 23	9999.9	9	0	10	24	9.1	24	15.9	22.9	71.1	34 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/12/2005	39.2	24	17.8	3 24	1017.2	2 23	9999.9	9	0	10	24	9.8	24	16.9	26 51	.8* 30.	2* 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	4780	4/13/2005	41.5	20	23.6	3 20	1014.3	3 18	9999.9	9	0	10	20	4.5	20	9.9	15.9	55	28 99.99	999.9	11000
725107	4780	4/14/2005	47.7	24	27.1	24	1017.7	7 24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	6.7	24	15	18.1	61	28 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/15/2005	42.4	24	13.8	3 24	1031.3	3 24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	6.4	24	11.1	15.9	61	28 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/16/2005	44.8	24	15.6	5 24	1034.6	5 24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.3	24	8.9	999.9	63	27 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/17/2005	53.2	24	22.6	5 24	1023	3 24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.3	24	13	16.9	75.9	27 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/18/2005	58.2	24	21.9) 24	1017.6	5 24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	5.7	24	13	18.1	75.9	30 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/19/2005	57	22	21.6	3 22	1016.7	7 22	2 9999.9	9	0	10	21	4.7	22	12	15.9 78	.8* 35.	6* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/20/2005	69.1	24	39.7	7 24	1007.8	3 23	9999.9	9	0	10	24	6.8	24	15	22 84	.2* 51.	8* 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/21/2005	52.8	24	34.9) 24	1011	18	9999.9	9	0	7.7	24	9	24	13	19 75	.2* 41.	0* 0.40G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/22/2005	46.2	24	25.2	2 24	1016.2	2 24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	6	24	16.9	22 62	.6* 30.	2* 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/23/2005	45.1	24	39.9) 24	1009	9 14	4 9999.9	9	0	4.9	24	4.2	24	13	999.9	64	30.9 0.11G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/24/2005	55.6	24	46.9) 24	. 997	7 18	9999.9	9	0	6.9	24	10	24	18.1	22.9 64	.4* 48.	2* 1.81G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/25/2005	45.7	24	32.8	3 24	. 998	3 23	9999.9	9	0	10	24	7.2	24	15	28 50	.0* 39.	2* 0.13G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/26/2005	52.6	24	32.4	. 24	1012.3	3 24	4 9999.9	9	0	9.9	24	6.7	24	16.9	22	69.1	35.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/27/2005	52.2	24	45.5	5 24	1013.3	3 17	7 9999.9	9	0	6.5	24	5.1	24	9.9	999.9	69.1	35.1 0.04G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/28/2005	51.8	24	40.8	3 24	1006.7	7 2	1 9999.9	9	0	7.9	24	9	24	20	26 60	.8* 46.	4* 0.47G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/29/2005	50.6	24	29.9) 24	1012.1	l 24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	9.9	24	15	25.1	62.1	41 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/30/2005	51.2	24	41.1	24	1016.3	3 17	7 9999.9	9	0	7.6	24	2.8	24	7	999.9	62.1	41 0.51B	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/1/2005	53.5	24	. 48	3 24	1007.5	5 15	5 9999.9	9	0	7.4	24	4.9	24	14	18.1	57.9	48 0.15D	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/2/2005	49.6	24	32.5	5 24	1013.2	2 22	9999.9	9	0	9.1	24	6.6	24	15	25.1 62	.6* 35.	6* 0.02A	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/3/2005	47.4	24	33.2	2 24	1015.8	3 24	4 9999.9	9	0	9.3	24	7	24	15	22.9	62.1	34 0.18G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/4/2005	47.1	24	29.9) 24	1024.9) 24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	5.5	24	11.1	15	55.9	37.9 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/5/2005	47.4	24	28.7	7 24	1032.3	3 24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	4.1	24	11.1	999.9 60	.8* 30.	2* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/6/2005	47.6	24	30.7	7 24	1030.4	1 24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	5.2	24	12	16.9	62.1	30.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/7/2005	44.3	24	37.3	3 24	1017.3	3 2	1 9999.9	9	0	8.3	24	9.6	24	16.9		55.9	36 0.15G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/8/2005	46.2	24	38.1	24	1010.3	3 22	9999.9	9	0	9.3	24	11.6	24	18.1	28.9	52	41 0.50G	999.9	10000
725107		5/9/2005	52.8	24			1016.3	3 23			0	10	24	5.8	24	8	999.9	63	42.1 0.00G	999.9	0

STN	WBAN YEARMOCTE	EMP (COUNT DE	EWP C	OUNT S	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	COU	NT W	DSP (COUNT	MXSPD	GUST	MAX	MIN	PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780 5/10/2005	56.4	24	45.7	24	1018.6	23	9999.9	0	9.	.8	24	3.6	24	4 9.	999.9	71.6*	42.8*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 5/11/2005	63.4	24	49	24	1014.2	24	9999.9	0	9.	.9	24	3.9	24	4 11.	999.9	82.9	42.	1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 5/12/2005	59.7	24	36.6	24	1017.1	23	9999.9	0	1	0	24	11.1	24	4 18.	1 28	82.9	40	0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 5/13/2005	48.4	24	17.3	24	1026.4	24	9999.9	0	1	0	24	7.4	24	4 1	4 20	66	30.9	9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 5/14/2005	54.7	24	35	24	1016	24	9999.9	0	1	0	24	3.3	24	4 8.	999.9	66.2*	46.4*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 5/15/2005	53.3	24	46.3	24	1010.5	20	9999.9	0	9.	.6	24	4.8	24	4	7 999.9	66.9	4	5 0.13B	999.9	10000
725107	4780 5/16/2005	49.7	24	44.2	24	1012.9	20	9999.9	0	8.	6	24	4.2	24	4	7 999.9	62.6*	42.8*	0.32G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 5/17/2005	56.1	23	40.2	23	1017.3	23	9999.9	0	1	0	23	3.7	23	3	999.9	66.9	43	3 0.02G	999.9	0
725107	4780 5/18/2005	52.1	24	43.4	24	1019.4	20	9999.9	0	9.	5	24	4	24	4 1	999.9	66.9	48	8 0.00G	999.9	10010
725107	4780 5/19/2005	53.5	24	39	24	1019.2	24	9999.9	0	9.	5	24	3	24	4 11.	999.9	64.9	4	1 0.06G	999.9	0
725107	4780 5/20/2005	55.3	24	39.2	24	1016.3	24	9999.9	0	1	0	24	3.5	24	4	7 999.9	68	4	1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 5/21/2005	51	24	42.1	24	1013.4	23	9999.9	0	1	0	24	5.3	24	4 1	2 18.1	68	42.	1 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780 5/22/2005	48.1	24	42.7	24	1008.3	17	9999.9	0	9.	.8	24	6.2	24	4 9.	9 15	59	42.	1 0.21G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 5/23/2005	46.9	24	43.8	24	1005.9	13	9999.9	0	7.	.8	24	3.9	24	4 9.	999.9	54	4	1 0.02G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 5/24/2005	45.3	24	43	24	1007.6	18	9999.9	0	4.	.7	24	8	24	4 1	3 19	48.2*	42.8*	0.72G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 5/25/2005	45.5	24	43.4	24	1011.6	12	9999.9	0	4.	.3	24	9.7	24	4 1	3 25.1	48.2*	44.6*	0.99G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 5/26/2005	49.5	24	46.9	24	1006.6	16	9999.9	0	5.	6	24	8.5	24	4 1	3 26	53.1	44.	1 0.93G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 5/27/2005	56.2	24	49.1	24	1006.1	20	9999.9	0	9.	.8	24	3.3	24	4	999.9	64.9	48.9	9 0.07G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 5/28/2005	63.4	24	49.3	24	1008.2	22	9999.9	0	9.	.3	24	5.6	24	4 1	2 16.9	77.0*	48.2*	0.02G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 5/29/2005	62.4	24	52.2	24	1007.6	23	9999.9	0	9.	.9	24	4.9	24	4 9.	999.9	77	48.9	9 0.03G	999.9	10010
725107	4780 5/30/2005	60	24	50.2	24	1011.2	22	9999.9	0	9.	.8	24	3.3	24	4 9.	999.9	72	50	0 0.04G	999.9	10010
725107	4780 5/31/2005	54.9	23	51.8	23	1016.8	19	9999.9	0	9.	2	23	2.8	23	3	7 999.9	72	50	0 0.04G	999.9	0
725107	4780 6/1/2005	58.2	24	49.5	24	1023.4	20	9999.9	0	9.	.3	24	2.6	24	4	999.9	70	50	0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 6/2/2005	62.1	24	51	24	1023.3	22	9999.9	0	8.	.8	24	4	24	4 8.	999.9	79	48	8 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780 6/3/2005	65.7	24	51.8	24	1019.6	23	9999.9	0	9.	.7	24	6.2	24	4 9.	999.9	79	48	8 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 6/4/2005	71.7	24	54.8	24	1012.8	24	9999.9	0	9.	.9	24	2.6	24	4	7 999.9	87.1	53.	1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 6/5/2005	76.1	24	57.1	24	1011.9	24	9999.9	0) 1	0	24	3.3	24	4	999.9	91	5	7 0.13A	999.9	0
725107	4780 6/6/2005	62.8	24	57.3	24	1016.2	19	9999.9	0	8.	.8	24	4.7	24	4 1	4 20	73.4*	55.4*	0.42B	999.9	10010
725107	4780 6/7/2005	74.5	24	60.7	24	1009.2	24	9999.9	0	8.	.3	24	7.6	24	4 1	1 23.9	87.1	5	5 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 6/8/2005	75.2	24	55.3	24	1011.6	24	9999.9	0	9.	.9	24	5	24	4 1	9 25.1	90	59	9 0.02A	999.9	10000
725107	4780 6/9/2005	72	24	66.8	24	1018.1	16	9999.9	0	7.	.1	24	3.4	24	4 18.	1 26	90	59	9 1.58G	999.9	10010
725107	4780 6/10/2005	73.6	24	67.1	24	1019.2	21	9999.9	0	7.	.5	24	4.9	24	4 1	2 15.9	84	63	3 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 6/11/2005	78.8	24	68.7	24	1016.7	24	9999.9	0	7.	9	24	4.6	24	4	999.9	89.1	63	3 0.001	999.9	
725107	4780 6/12/2005	78.4	24	71.3	24	1014.9	22	9999.9	0	5.	2	24	3.7	24	4 1	1 20	89.1	70	0.06A	999.9	10010
725107		79.9	24	70.7	24	1009.3		9999.9				24	5.1	24	4	7 14	90		2 0.01B	999.9	10000
725107	4780 6/14/2005	72.7	24	67.8	24	1003.5	20	9999.9	0			24	4.4	24	4	999.9		55.4*	0.27C	999.9	10010
725107		51.9	24	48.6	24	1006.6	13	9999.9	0	8.	.3	24	5.7	24	4 9.			48.2*	0.07C	999.9	10000
725107	4780 6/16/2005	51.2	24	48.7	24	1005.5	22	9999.9	0	7.	.1	24	2.6	24	4	999.9	57.2*	48.2*	0.02C	999.9	0
725107		58.3	24	51.3	24	1003.9						24	3.2	24			73.9		8 0.58G	999.9	10010
725107		59.5	24	54.5	24	1009.9					5	24	3.9	24	4 8.		73.9		1 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107		59.8	24	53.1	24	1021.6		9999.9			0	24	4.1	24	4	999.9	66.9		5 0.08G	999.9	10000
725107		64	24	51.7	24	1023.9					0	24	2	24		7 999.9		48.2*	0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780 6/21/2005	70	24	55.3	24	1016	24	9999.9	0) 1	0	24	5.7	24	4 11.	I 19	82.4*	57.2*	0.00G	999.9	0

STN	WBAN	YEARMOCT	ГЕМР С	OUNT [DEWP (COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	СО	UNT WDS	SP COU	NT	MXSPD G	GUST MA	X MIN	PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780	6/22/2005	69.7	24	54.1	24	1010.9) 23	9999.9	9	0	9.7	24	6.3	24	13	14	82	57 0.04B	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/23/2005	63	24	44.9	24	1019.5	5 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	4.2	24	8	999.9	78.1	46.9 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/24/2005	71.5	24	53	24	1019.2	2 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	4.5	24	11.1	16.9	84.9	46.9 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/25/2005	80	24	62.7	24	1016.4	1 24	9999.9	9	0	9.5	24	6	24	12	15	91.9	57.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/26/2005	81.8	24	65.6	24	1017.9) 21	9999.9	9	0	7.3	24	5.1	24	26	40	95	66 0.15A	999.9	10010
725107	4780	6/27/2005	78.8	24	67	24	1022.8	3 23	9999.9	9	0	6.1	24	3.8	24	9.9	999.9	95	69.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/28/2005	75.7	24	70.3	24	1019.7	7 20	9999.9	9	0	9.7	24	5.8	24	12	999.9	90	69.1 0.03C	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/29/2005	75.7	24	70.8	24	1014.5	5 19	9999.9	9	0	6.1	24	3.9	24	14	21 84.	2* 69.8	* 0.84B	999.9	10010
725107	4780	6/30/2005	74.7	24	69.1	24	1013.3	3 18	9999.9	9	0	9.3	24	3.5	24	9.9	15	86	70 0.08A	999.9	10010
725107	4780	7/1/2005	67.4	24	64.1	24	1009.2	2 16	9999.9	9	0	6	24	3.8	24	8	999.9 75.	2* 60.8	* 0.07C	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/2/2005	72.3	24	60.6	24	1008.8	3 23	9999.9	9	0	9.3	24	6.2	24	11.1	15	79	61 0.03A	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/3/2005	66.5	24	50.7	24	1019.9) 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.2	24	8	999.9 78.	8* 51.8	* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/4/2005	69.9	24	53.3	24	1021.6	5 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	4.7	24	11.1	14	82.9	52 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/5/2005	73.8	24	60.6	24	1015.9) 24	9999.9	9	0	9.1	24	5.2	24	12	15	86	57.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/6/2005	72.8	22	67.2	22	1012.9) 16	9999.9	9	0	7.4	22	4.5	22	9.9	15	86	61 0.03G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/12/2005	78.6	9	61	9	1018.1		9999.9	9	0	10	9	6.9	9	9.9	999.9	82.9	66.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/13/2005	70.8	24	60.6	24	1017.5	5 23	9999.9	9	0	10	24	4.8	24	9.9	999.9	82.9	60.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/14/2005	74.4	24	66.2	24	1016.1	24	9999.9	9	0	8.6	24	5.7	24	11.1	999.9	84	64 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/15/2005	78.1	24	66.9	24	1017	7 22	9999.9	9	0	9.9	24	4.2	24	11.1	999.9	86	69.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/16/2005	75.4	24	66.8	24	1020.7	7 22	9999.9	9	0	9.1	24	3.2	24	9.9	999.9	86	66.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/17/2005	75.4	24	70	24	1019.9) 21	9999.9	9	0	9.6	24	5.5	24	8	999.9	84.9	66.9 0.16B	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/18/2005	77.6	24	72.1	24	1016.5	5 14	9999.9	9	0	6.8	24	5.9	24	12	22.9	87.1	70 0.84B	999.9	10010
725107	4780	7/19/2005	78.7	23	72.5	23	1012.2	2 17	9999.9	9	0	4.3	23	3.2	23	11.1	999.9	91	71.1 0.03B	999.9	110010
725107	4780	7/20/2005	79	24	64.5	24	1013.5	5 24	9999.9	9	0	9.3	24	6.4	24	11.1	15.9 87.	8* 66.2	* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/21/2005	76.3	24	62.5	24	1014	1 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.4	24	9.9	999.9	88	64.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/22/2005	78.6	24	64.5	24	1012.2	2 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	5.6	24	8	999.9 89.	6* 68.0°	* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/23/2005	73.7	24	56.4	24	1014.2	2 23	9999.9	9	0	10	24	7.8	24	13	20 82.	4* 62.6	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/24/2005	70.8	24	51.9	24	1017.1	23	9999.9	9	0	10	24	5.7	24	13	18.1	82.9	59 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/25/2005	75.8	24	62.5	24	1010.3	3 22	9999.9	9	0	9.4	24	6.9	24	15	23.9	87.1	59 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/26/2005	79.6	24	62.1	24	1010) 24	9999.9	9	0	9.6	24	4.8	24	8.9	16.9	91.9	66 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/27/2005	84	24	70.1	24	1006.9) 21	9999.9	9	0	7.8	24	8.6	24	20	33	95	66 0.38A	999.9	10010
725107	4780	7/28/2005	68.6	24	58.4	24	1016.4	1 23	9999.9	9	0	10	24	4.7	24	8.9	999.9 73.	4* 62.6	* 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/29/2005	71.2	17	56.9	17	1019.3	3 16	9999.9	9	0	10	17	4.8	17	11.1	999.9	82.9	57 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/30/2005	70.9	24	58	24	1023.1	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.3	24	8	999.9	82.9	57 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/31/2005	65.4	24	59.4	24	1025.6	5 20	9999.9	9	0	9.5	24	2.8	24	7	999.9	82.9	61 0.09D	999.9	10000
725107	4780	8/1/2005	70.3	24	63.3	24	1019.9) 19	9999.9	9	0	7.3	24	3.6	24	9.9	999.9	81	61 0.23G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	8/2/2005	77	24	65.3	24	1014.3	3 21	9999.9	9	0	7.4	24	5.4	24	9.9	999.9	88	63 0.41G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	8/3/2005	78.7	24	63.9	24	1013.6	5 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	4.9	24	12	999.9	88	68 0.00G	999.9	0
725107			76.3	24	66	24					0	9.6	24	3.7	24	8.9	999.9	88	64.9 0.00I	999.9	0
725107			78.7	24	67.1	24	1015.3	3 22			0	7.7	24	6	24	15	25.1	91	64.9 0.02A	999.9	10
725107			74.5	24	56.7	24					0	10	24	4.9	24	9.9	999.9 84.			999.9	0
725107			71.3	24	60.7	24					0	10	24	3.6	24	8.9	999.9	84.9	60.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107			78.1	24	64.7	24					0	9.6	24	4.6	24	8	999.9	91	60.1 0.00I	999.9	0
																-	-				

STN	WBAN	YEARMOD	TEMP	COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	CC	DUNT W	/DSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST	MAX	MI	IN PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780	8/9/2005	77.1	24	65.5	5 24	1019.3	3 2	4 9999.	9	0	9	24	4.3	24	11.1	14	4	91	69.1 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	8/10/2005	78.5	24	63.8	3 24	1015.6	5 2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	4.4	24	8.9	999.9	9 8	39.1	68 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/11/2005	79.5	24	65.7	7 24	1012.5	5 2	4 9999.	9	0	9.9	24	5.7	24	13	999.9	9	90	68 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/12/2005	77.2	24	64.1	1 24	1016.1	2	4 9999.	9	0	9.5	24	3.3	24	7	999.9	9	90	68 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/13/2005	81.7	24	68.6	6 24	1011.9) 2:	2 9999.	9	0	7.4	24	5.3	24	15	22	2	93	68 0.02G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	8/14/2005	78.4	24	69.2	2 24	1012.9) 2	9999.9	9	0	7.2	24	2.8	24	11.1	18.1	1	93	68 0.00G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	8/15/2005	66.8	24	63.6	6 24	1019) 1:	5 9999.	9	0	8.6	24	4	24	8	999.9	9 69.8*	64	.4* 1.15G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	8/16/2005	67.5	24	58.9	9 24	1019.5	5 19	9999.	9	0	8.4	24	2.7	24	7	999.9	9 78.8*	55	5.4* 0.02G	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/17/2005	73.4	24	59.6	6 24	1013.7	2	3 9999.	9	0	9.9	24	6.1	24	13	14	4	84	55.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/18/2005	66.3	24	50.3	3 24	1018.9	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	4.1	24	8.9	999.9	9	84	53.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/19/2005	65.6	24	56	6 24	1021.4	2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	3	24	8.9	999.9	9	77	53.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/20/2005	69	24	60.3	3 24	1018.2	2 2:	2 9999.	9	0	10	24	2.5	24	7	999.9	9 7	'8.1	55 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/21/2005	75.7	24	67.5	5 24	1010.5	5 2	1 9999.	9	0	8.7	24	4.5	24	9.9	999.9	9 8	39.1	63 0.03G	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/22/2005	71.9	24	56.5	5 24	1009.5	5 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	6	24	12	18.	1 8	39.1	57.9 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/23/2005	66.8	24	52.9	9 24	1014.2	2 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	4.8	24	11.1	16.9	9 77.0*	55	5.4* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/24/2005	66	24	55.1	1 24	1018.8	3 2:	2 9999.	9	0	10	24	3.6	24	8.9	19	9 7	'8.1	55.9 0.11A	999.9	10010
725107	4780	8/25/2005	66.1	24	54.1	1 24	1022.5	5 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	5.4	24	12	18.	1 78.8*	53	3.6* 0.01A	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/26/2005	68.9	24	52.9	9 24	1020.2	2 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	4.2	24	9.9	999.9	9 8	32.9	54 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/27/2005	69.8	24	56.4	1 24	1018.3	3 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	4	24	9.9	999.9	9 8	32.9	54 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/28/2005	71.5	24	62.8	3 24	1017.7	2	9999.9	9	0	9.4	24	5.1	24	14	. 19	9 8	32.9	55.9 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	8/29/2005	74.6	23	68	3 23	3 1016.5	5 1	4 9999.9	9	0	8.8	23	4.5	23	12	15.9	9 8	34.9	63 0.16G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	8/30/2005	72.8	24	69.5	5 24	1015.1	1	5 9999.9	9	0	9.4	24	4	24	8.9	999.9	9 8	34.9	68 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	8/31/2005	74.9	23	71.4	4 23	3 1005.8	3 1	5 9999.9	9	0	8.8	23	7.7	23	15	22.9	9	82	71.1 0.27G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/1/2005	74	24	62.8	3 24	1005.8	3 2	2 9999.	9	0	9.6	24	8.1	24	15	19	9	82	63 0.40G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/2/2005	71.2	24	58	3 24	1011.7	2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	5.1	24	8.9	999.9	9 8	32.9	60.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/3/2005	69.7	24	55.4	1 24	1013.2	2 2	4 9999.9	9	0	9.9	24	6.6	24	13	16.9	9 8	32.9	60.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/4/2005	67.4	24	54.8	3 24	1019.6	5 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	5.7	24	11.1	16.9	9 78.8*	57	7.2* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/5/2005	64	24	50.5	5 24	1028.8	3 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.6	24	8.9	999.9	9	79	50 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/6/2005	64	24	52.6	3 24	1031.2	2 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	2	24	6	999.9	9	79	50 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/7/2005	68.4	23	54.9	9 23	3 1026.4	2	3 9999.	9	0	10	23	2.9	23	5.1	999.9	9	84	54 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/8/2005	70.3	24	55.7	7 24	1018.7	2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	4.8	24	11.1	15	5 84.2*	59	0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/9/2005	67.7	24	53.8	3 24	1016.7	2:	2 9999.	9	0	9.6	24	4.1	24	11.1	999.9	9	84	59 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/10/2005	61.9	24	44.8	3 24	1022.5	5 2	3 9999.	9	0	9.6	24	5.6	24	11.1	15	5 7	' 8.1	48.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/11/2005	58.3	24	43.8	3 24	1026.5	5 2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	3.6	24	9.9	20	0 7	' 3.9	43 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/12/2005	73.3	24	54.4	1 24	1016.9	2	4 9999.9	9	0	9.7	24	7.5	24	14	18.	1 89.6*	60	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/13/2005	74.7	24	63.3	3 24	1016.5	5 2	4 9999.9	9	0	6.4	24	3.6	24	8.9	999.9	9	90	62.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/14/2005	73.8	24	62.4	1 24	1016.6	5 2	3 9999.	9	0	6.1	24	4.3	24	12	16.9	9	88	62.1 0.001	999.9	100000
725107	4780	9/15/2005	74.1	24	69.3	3 24	1018	3 19	9999.9	9	0	9.4	24	3.6	24	9.9	999.9	9	88	62.1 0.03G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/16/2005	66.8	24	65.1	1 24	1021	18	9999.9	9	0	4.7	24	3	24	8	999.9	9 71.6*	64	.4* 0.35G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/17/2005	66.1	24	62.6	6 24	1013.8	3 18	9999.9	9	0	7.8	24	2.8	24	6	999.9	9 71.6*	62	2.6* 0.49G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	9/18/2005	67.7	24	60.8	3 24	1014.7	2	9999.9	9	0	7.8	24	5	24	11.1	15.9	9 7	' 5.9	59 0.03G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	9/19/2005	66.1	24	54.9	9 24	1020.8	3 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	2.5	24	9.9	999.9	9	81	53.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/20/2005	66.5	24	61.5	5 24	1017.4	2	3 9999.	9	0	6.9	24	5.2	24	13	23.9	9	81	53.1 0.01G	999.9	10010

STN	WBAN	YEARMOD	TEMP (COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	COL	JNT WDS	SP CO	TNUC	MXSPD	GUST MA	XX MIN	PRCP	SNDP I	FRSHTT
725107	4780	9/21/2005	68.6	20	54	20	1016.2	2 20	9999.	9	0	10	20	6.2	20) 11.1	15.9	79	53.1 0.10G	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/22/2005	68.3	24	52.6	24	1017.6	5 24	9999.	9	0	10	24	5.2	24	1 15	5 22	82.9	53.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/23/2005	70.5	24	57.3	24	1013.8	3 23	9999.	9	0	9.8	24	8.1	24	1 14	19	82.9	54 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/24/2005	57.6	24	40.8	24	1026.4	4 24	9999.	9	0	10	24	3.1	24	4 8	999.9	80.1	42.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/25/2005	54	22	46.3	22	1026.2	2 22	9999.	9	0	10	22	3.2	22	9.9	999.9 64	.4* 39.2	2* 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/26/2005	66.7	23	59	23	1013.9	9 20	9999.	9	0	9.7	23	8.2	23	3 15	5 21 71	.6* 62.6	6* 0.08A	999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/27/2005	65.8	24	54.9	24	1008.8	3 2	1 9999.	9	0	9.8	24	9.4	24	15.9	26 69	.8* 51.8	3* 0.17G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/28/2005	56.2	24	43	24	1021.8	3 24	9999.	9	0	10	24	3.3	24	1 8.9	999.9	71.1	41 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/29/2005	59.5	24	52.5	24	1014	4 2 ⁻	1 9999.	9	0	9.4	24	7.3	24	1 25.1	35.9	73.9	41 0.42B	999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/30/2005	52.7	24	35.2	24	1019.5	5 24	9999.	9	0	10	24	5.1	24	11.1	999.9	73.9	46 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	10/1/2005	53.7	24	43.3	24	1025.7	7 24	9999.	9	0	10	24	2.9	24	11.1	15 69	.8* 39.2	2* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	10/2/2005	60.5	24	47.7	24	1028.2	2 24	9999.	9	0	9.5	24	2.3	24	1 6	999.9	79	39.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	10/3/2005	59.2	19	50.9	19	1029.9	9 19	9999.	9	0	8.1	19	2.4	19	9 (999.9	79	45 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	10/4/2005	61.5	22	54.3	22	1028.8	3 20	9999.	9	0	8.9	22	2.2	22	2 8.9	999.9 78	.8* 51.8	3* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	10/5/2005	62.8	24	54.1	24	1026.	5 2 ²	1 9999.	9	0	8	24	2.7	24	1 7	999.9	81	50 0.01G	999.9	100000
725107	4780	10/6/2005	65.7	24	59.2	24	1023	3 22	9999.	9	0	8	24	2.7	24	1 12	999.9	81	50 0.01G	999.9	100000
725107	4780	10/7/2005	70.5	24	64	24	1018.8	3 2	1 9999.	9	0	9.4	24	6	24	1 13	3 16.9	79	55.9 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	10/8/2005	70	24	67.7	24	1011.5	5 1 ²	1 9999.	9	0	5.6	24	6	24	1 13	16.9 73	.4* 57.2	2* 0.81G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	10/9/2005	51.6	24	48.4	24	1014	4 13	9999.	9	0	6.6	24	7.8	24	1 13	19 57	.2* 46.4	* 3.98G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	53.4	24	51.5	24	1020.1	1 15	9999.	9	0	4.6	24	3	24	1 6	999.9	55.9	46.9 0.02G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	55	24	53.4	24	1019.8	3 14	9999.	9	0	7.6	24	3.4	24	4 8.9	14 57	.2* 53.6	6* 0.84G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	50.7	24	46.7	24	1027.4	4 17	7 9999.	9	0	9	24	8	24	1 12	2 19	57	48 0.18G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	52.5	24	49.1	24	1026.9	9 22	9999.	9	0	7.1	24	6	24	4 8.9	14	54	48 0.06G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	55	24	53.3	24	1021.3	3 15	9999.	9	0	4.3	24	5.5	24	1 8	999.9	57.9	52 0.19G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	57.4	24	55.2	24	1003.3	3 15	9999.	9	0	5.5	24	7.2	24	1 12	18.1 60	.8* 53.6	5* 3.09G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	########	53.5	24	41.4	24	994.8	3 24	9999.	9	0	10	24	14	24	1 22.9	37.9	61	50 0.79G	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	53.3	24	39.6	24	999.8	3 24	9999.	9	0	10	24	13.7	24	16.9	28.9	61	48.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	50.6	24	42.8	24	1003	3 24	9999.	9	0	10	24	5.8	24	1 15	22.9 62	.6* 39.2	2* 0.02G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	55.4	24	42.3	24	1007.7	7 24	9999.	9	0	10	24	6.5	24	1 13	3 20	64	39.9 0.02G	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	50.1	24	34.8	24	1012.5	5 24	9999.	9	0	10	24	8	24	1 13	3 21	64	39.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	44.3	24	33.4	24	1017.6	5 24	9999.	9	0	10	24	4.5	24	9.9	999.9	57.9	34 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	39.4	24	34.5	24	1015.2	2 20	9999.	9	0	9.5	24	3.8	24	1 8	999.9	57.9	32 0.06A	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	44.6	24	39.2	24	100	5 17	7 9999.	9	0	8	24	7.8	24	1 12	2 20	50	32 1.23G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	43.1	23	39.1	23	1015.6	5 12	9999.	9	0	8.7	23	3	23	3 7	999.9	50	37 0.01G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	43.9	24	41.7	24	1003.8	3 1 ²	1 9999.	9	0	5.5	24	9.9	24	16.9	27	46.9	39 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	40.5	24	33.5	24	1000.4	4 20	9999.	9	0	9.7	24	10.8	24	1 19	27 46	.4* 35.6	5* 1.05G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	40.5	24	31.9	24	1017.	5 23	9999.	9	0	10	24	4.8	20	8.9	999.9	46.9	33.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	38.6	23	28.3	23	1026.7	7 23	9999.	9	0	10	23	2	23	3 7	999.9	46.9	33.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	38.4	24	26.8	24	1022.	5 24	9999.	9	0	10	24	3.4	24	1 8	999.9	44.1	30.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	49.6	24	31.9	24	1016.6	5 24	9999.	9	0	10	24	9.7	24	16.9	22.9 66	.2* 39.2	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	56.7	23	34.1	23	1019.8	3 23	9999.	9	0	10	23	5.7	23	3 11.1	16.9 68	.0* 48.2	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	11/1/2005	58.9	24	35.4	24	1015.9	9 24	9999.	9	0	9.9	24	7	24	15.9	29.9	72	39.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	11/2/2005	51.5	24	36.7	24	1011.5	5 24	9999.	9	0	10	24	8.5	24	18.1	25.1	72	39.9 0.01G	999.9	10000

STN	WBAN YEARM	ОСТЕМР	COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	СО	UNT WE	OSP CO	UNT	MXSPD (GUST MA	X MIN	PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780 11/3/20	05 46.0	6 24	4 32	24	1016.6	5 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	5.8	24	15	29.9 64.4	4* 30.2	* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 11/4/20	05 52.	7 23	3 40.2	23	1015.4	4 23	9999.9)	0	10	23	3.3	23	8.9	18.1	64.9	30 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 11/5/20	05 5	5 24	47.2	24	1016	5 21	9999.9)	0	7.1	24	1.4	24	8	999.9	72	39 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 11/6/20	05 48.4	4 24	46.8	24	1018	3 16	9999.9)	0	2.2	24	0.9	24	4.1	999.9 53.0	6* 44.6	* 0.01A	999.9	100000
725107	4780 11/7/20	05 53.0	6 23	38.4	23	1014	1 22	9999.9)	0	8.7	23	10.1	23	22	35.9	59	44.1 0.25G	999.9	110010
725107	4780 11/8/20	05 49	9 23	31.7	23	1016.5	5 23	9999.9)	0	10	23	5.6	23	15	22.9	57.9	37 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 11/9/20	05 37.4	4 24	1 29.8	24	1021.7	7 23	9999.9)	0	9.6	24	3.2	24	7	999.9	57.9	28 0.09A	999.9	10000
725107	4780 #####	## 46.	1 24	34.9	24	1003.6	5 21	9999.9)	0	8.2	24	7.8	24	20	28.9	57.9	28 0.67G	999.9	10010
725107	4780 #####	## 35.3	3 24	18.1	24	1013.6	5 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	7.7	24	15	22 41.	0* 28.4	* 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780 #####	## 35.	1 24	1 21.1	24	1022.8	3 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	2.9	24	7	999.9 53.0	6* 21.2	* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 #####	## 43.	1 24	32.3	24	1024.4	1 24	9999.9)	0	8.8	24	3.9	24	14	19 62.	6* 28.4	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 #####	## 55.2	2 24	4 38.5	24	1021.6	5 24	9999.9)	0	9.9	24	7.3	24	16.9	23.9 60.8	8* 46.4	* 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780 #####	## 38.3	3 24	4 34.3	24	1030.3	3 20	9999.9)	0	7.1	24	1.1	24	4.1	999.9 44.0	6* 33.8	* 0.18B	999.9	10000
725107	4780 #####	## 48.3	3 24	46.1	24	1020) 19	9999.9)	0	4.4	24	3.4	24	15	23.9 66.2	2* 39.2	* 0.14D	999.9	10000
725107	4780 #####	## 43.9	9 23	3 33	23	1016.5	5 19	9999.9)	0	8.8	23	7.5	23	15	28	66	35.1 0.78A	999.9	10000
725107	4780 #####	## 32.3	3 23	3 11.7	23	1023	3 23	9999.9)	0	10	23	5.4	23	15	16.9 37.4	4* 26.6	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 #####	## 30.2	2 24	18.2	24	1027.3	3 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	2.2	24	7	15 42.	8* 21.2	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 #####	## 38.4	4 24	23.5	24	1022.3	3 24	9999.9)	0	9.5	24	3.1	24	11.1	15 55.4	4* 26.6	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 #####	## 42.3	3 24	1 26.8	24	1014.1	1 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	3.2	24	12	18.1	59	26.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 #####	## 44.	1 24	40.8	24	990.4	1 15	9999.9)	0	5.3	24	7.1	24	15	32.1	59	28 0.43G	999.9	10010
725107	4780 #####	## 30.	1 24	17.7	24	993.9	9 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	11.8	24	20	27	46.9	24.1 0.82G	999.9	0
725107	4780 #####	## 26.4	4 24	1 20.4	24	997.	1 19	9999.9)	0	6.7	24	3.1	24	16.9	23.9	39	19.9 0.04G	999.9	101000
725107	4780 #####	## 24.6	6 24	9.4	24	1012.5	5 23	9999.9)	0	9.8	24	9.4	24	20	28.9 35.0	6* 15.8	* 0.25G	999.9	1000
725107	4780 #####	## 20.6	6 24	15.9	24	1028	3 20	9999.9)	0	7.7	24	0.9	24	8	999.9 30.2	2* 8.6*	0.00G	999.9	1000
725107	4780 #####	## 29.7	7 24	1 24.9	24	1029.5	5 22	9999.9)	0	7.6	24	0.4	24	4.1	999.9 35.0	6* 19.4	* 0.02G	999.9	0
725107	4780 #####	## 35.2	2 21	33.2	21	1030.9	9 18	9999.9)	0	3.5	21	0.3	21	4.1	999.9 39.2	2* 33.8	* 0.01G	999.9	100000
725107	4780 #####	## 42.9	9 24	41.2	24	1025.2	2 18	9999.9)	0	2.7	24	2.9	24	14	22	60.1	33.1 0.01G	999.9	100000
725107	4780 #####	## 57.	7 24	54.1	24	1013.8	3 20	9999.9)	0	7.5	24	8.1	24	12	21	61	36 0.62G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 12/1/20	05 41.	1 24	33.1	24	1013.2	2 22	9999.9)	0	9.9	24	4.2	24	8.9	999.9	61	32 0.32G	999.9	0
725107	4780 12/2/20	05 39.3	3 24	1 28.8	24	998.6	5 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	8	24	22	28	46	32 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 12/3/20	05 30.9	9 24	12.7	24	1007.9	9 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	14.5	24	18.1	34 35.0	6* 26.6	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 12/4/20	05 27.	5 24	18.5	24	1013.2	2 18	9999.9)	0	7.3	24	2.4	24	8	999.9 28.4	4* 24.8	* 0.05C	999.9	101000
725107	4780 12/5/20	05 23.8	3 24	17.5	24	1018.3	3 23	9999.9)	0	9.2	24	2.1	24	8.9	999.9 33.	8* 15.8	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 12/6/20	05 29.8	3 24	17.2	24	1015.3	3 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	5.7	24	15	16.9	34	16 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 12/7/20	05 25	5 23	8.6	23	1020.3	3 22	9999.9)	0	9.7	23	10.2	23	16.9	32.1 28.4	4* 19.4	* 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	4780 12/8/20	05 21.	7 23	3.7	23	1033.7	7 23	9999.9)	0	10	23	5.9	23	18.1	25.1	32	15.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 12/9/20	05 23.9	9 24	17.5	24	1021.6	5 19	9999.9)	0	6	24	4.5	24	18.1	23.9	32	15.1 0.04G	999.9	101000
725107	4780 #####	## 29.2	2 24	19.6	24	1014.4	1 23	9999.9)	0	9.5	24	5.8	24	13	16.9 37.4	4* 15.8	* 0.65G	999.9	1000
725107	4780 #####	## 30.7	7 19	9 18.5	19	1002.8	3 17	9999.9)	0	8.4	19	3	19	8	999.9	39.9	12.9 0.00G	999.9	100000
725107	4780 #####	## 27.2	2 24	18.3	24	1003.7	7 24	9999.9)	0	8.2	24	3.8	24	9.9	999.9 37.4	4* 15.8	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 #####			1.5	24	1019.5	5 24			0	10	24	8	24	15	15.9	27	7 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 #####	## 13. ⁻	1 23			1030.6	5 22	9999.9)	0	10	23	4.6	23	7	999.9	26.1	-0.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107										0	10	23	2.7	23	7	999.9	33.1	-0.9 0.001	999.9	0

STN	WBAN Y	EARMOD TE	EMP C	COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	C	OUNT V	VDSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST	MAX	IIM	N PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	7 4780 #	#######	29.1	24	23	24	1016.1	17	7 9999.9	9	0	6.1	24	3.8	24	15	5 .	21 37.4*	21.	.2* 0.22G	999.9	111000
725107	7 4780 #	#######	31.4	24	21.1	24	1024.1	23	9999.9	9	0	9.6	24	5.3	24	13	3	20	39	18 0.92G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 #	#######	25.5	24	17.3	24	1030.4	. 24	9999.9	9	0	8.8	24	2.9	24	8.8	999	9.9	37	16 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 #	#######	25.7	23	14.9	23	1020.8	23	9999.9	9	0	9.3	23	5.2	23	13	3 22	2.9	35.1	16 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 #	#######	24.4	24	10.8	24	1014.1	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	5.5	24	12	2	19	32	17.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 #	#######	19.4	24	8	24	1018.8	23	9999.9	9	0	9	24	2.7	24	8.8	9 16	6.9	32	6.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 #	#######	21.7	24	11.3	24	1019	24	9999.9	9	0	8.9	24	3	24	-	7 999	9.9	32	6.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 #	#######	35.2	24	22.3	24	1013.1	24	9999.9	9	0	9.5	24	3.7	24	8	3	15 44.6*	30.	.2* 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 #	#######	35.4	23	29.3	23	1012.1	2	9999.9	9	0	6.4	23	1.4	23	8	3 999	9.9	46.9	24.1 0.02G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 #	#######	32.7	24	29.6	24	1013.5	14	9999.9	9	0	4.3	24	0.4	24	5.1	1 999	9.9	46.9	23 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	7 4780 #	#######	38.2	24	37.5	24	993	,	9999.9	9	0	3.2	24	2.5	24	12	2 999	9.9	42.1	23 0.68G	999.9	110010
725107	7 4780 #	#######	32.7	24	21.5	24	1001.7	2	1 9999.9	9	0	9.3	24	12.2	24	19	9 29	9.9	39.9	27 0.85G	999.9	11000
725107	7 4780 #	#######	32.1	24	21.9	24	1012	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	4.4	24	9.9	999	9.9	39.9	25 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 #	#######	35.5	24	34	24	1005	14	9999.9	9	0	3	24	0.9	24	-	7 999	9.9	39.9	25 0.03G	999.9	110000
725107	7 4780 #	#######	37.6	24	31.5	24	1000.5	18	9999.9	9	0	7.2	24	9.2	24	20) 28	3.9 42.8*	30.	.2* 0.31G	999.9	10000
725107	7 4780 #	#######	24.9	23	15.9	23	1012.1	22	9999.9	9	0	9.4	23	1.9	23	-	7 999	9.9	42.1	19.9 0.00G	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780	1/1/2006	25.1	24	20.2	24	1017	14	9999.9	9	0	6.7	24	2	24	5.1	1 999	9.9	28.9	19.9 0.07G	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780	1/2/2006	31.2	24	26.4	24	1022.9	24	9999.9	9	0	8.5	24	1	24	5.1	1 999	9.9	39.9	23 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	1/3/2006	32.6	24	29.3	24	1019.6	16	9999.9	9	0	4.7	24	3.5	24	9.9	9	19	39.9	25 0.40G	999.9	11000
725107	7 4780	1/4/2006	23.8	24	16.3	24	1018.8	22	9999.9	9	0	9.9	24	3.5	24	8.8	999	9.9	34	14 0.02G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	1/5/2006	29.8	24	27	24	1007.8	13	9999.9	9	0	4.7	24	0.4	24	4.′	1 999	9.9	37.9	14 0.08G	999.9	111000
725107	7 4780	1/6/2006	32.5	23	28.2	23	1004.8	17	7 9999.9	9	0	7.6	23	3.9	23	12	2 999	9.9	37.9	24.1 0.08G	999.9	100000
725107	7 4780	1/7/2006	24.7	24	12.7	24	1009.6	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	7	24	13	3	19 32.0*	17.	.6* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	1/8/2006	24.4	24	17.7	24	1017	2	9999.9	9	0	7.3	24	0.5	24	6	999	9.9 35.6*	17.	.6* 0.03B	999.9	101000
725107	7 4780	1/9/2006	28.9	24	25.5	24	1016.8	14	9999.9	9	0	4.1	24	1.4	24	11.1	1	19	46	18 0.01B	999.9	110000
725107	7 4780 1	1/10/2006	34.7	21	25.5	21	1025.9	2	9999.9	9	0	9.9	21	4.3	21	19	9	35	46	21.9 0.01A	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 1	1/11/2006	34.5	24	29.8	24	1025.5	2	9999.9	9	0	6.7	24	3.1	24	8.8	9 15	5.9 44.6*	21.	.2* 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 1	1/12/2006	44.5	24	36.4	24	1012.3	20	9999.9	9	0	8	24	6	24	14	4 22	2.9 51.8*	35.	.6* 0.55G	999.9	110000
725107	7 4780 1	1/13/2006	37.6	24	32.6	24	1014.5	24	9999.9	9	0	7.1	24	2.3	24	8.8	9	14 55.4*	26.	.6* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 1	1/14/2006	48.2	24	46.9	24	1000.8	13	9999.9	9	0	3.4	24	3.2	24	15	5	21 57.2*	42.	.8* 0.14G	999.9	110000
725107	7 4780 1	1/15/2006	28.1	24	21.1	24	993	20	9999.9	9	0	5.3	24	13.5	24	22	2	33	57.9	10 0.93G	999.9	111000
725107	7 4780 1	1/16/2006	15	23	1.1	23	1005.4	23	9999.9	9	0	10	23	12.2	23	18.1	1 23	3.9	35.1	7 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 1	1/17/2006	26.8	24	9.7	24	1019	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	5.4	24	11.1	1 999	9.9	37.9	7 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 1	1/18/2006	38.9	23	35.3	23	1012.3	16	9999.9	9	0	6.4	23	5.8	23	20)	33	57.9	19.9 0.20G	999.9	110000
725107	7 4780 1	1/19/2006	36.7	22	19.5	22	1016	22	9999.9	9	0	10	22	10.1	22	2	1 29	9.9 41.0*	32.	.0* 0.86G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 1	1/20/2006	42.1	21	27.2	21	1019.9	2	9999.9	9	0	10	21	4.7	21	8.8	999	9.9 55.4*	30.	.2* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 1	1/21/2006	43.2	24	32.6	24	1014.6	24	9999.9	9	0	9.8	24	6.7	24	25.1	1 35	5.9	57.9	28 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 1	1/22/2006	31.6	24	10.9	24	1032.9	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	8.3	24	20)	28 39.2*	24.	.8* 0.001	999.9	0
725107		1/23/2006	29.4	24	24.4	24	1026.6	16	9999.9	9	0	5.8	24	2.3	24	(999	9.9	37	24.1 0.09G	999.9	101000
725107		1/24/2006	29.5	24	23.7	24			9999.9	9	0	7.3	24	2.7	24	8	3 999	9.9	39	18 0.63G	999.9	100000
725107	7 4780 1	1/25/2006	32	24	27.1	24	1001	20	9999.9	9	0	6.1	24	3	24	13	3 15	5.9	41	18 0.02G	999.9	101000
725107		1/26/2006	32.2	23	21.2	23					0	10	23	11.4	23			27	41	21.9 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 1	1/27/2006	25	24	5.4	24	1029.1	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	6.9	24	12	2 999	9.9 35.6*	17.	.6* 0.00G	999.9	0

Tell	STN	WBAN	YEARMOD	TEMP (COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	CC	OUNT V	VDSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST MAX	(MIN	PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
Teal	725107	7 4780	1/28/2006	40.5	24	20.1	1 24	1020.2	2 24	4 9999.	.9	0	10	24	8.2	24	15.9	22.9 51.8	* 33.8*	0.001	999.9	0
Page	725107	7 4780	1/29/2006	38	22	29.6	5 22	1016.8	3 19	9999.	.9	0	8.1	22	1.8	22	6	999.9	51.1	28 0.39A	999.9	10000
Page	725107	4780	1/30/2006	33.6	24	32.2	2 24	1010) 19	5 9999.	.9	0	2.4	24	2.8	24	. 6	999.9	46	28 0.09B	999.9	10000
T25107	725107	4780	1/31/2006	31.1	23	29	23	3 1009.9) 1:	3 9999.	.9	0	2.3	23	5.8	23	11.1	19	37	30 0.00H	999.9	11000
Page	725107	4780	2/1/2006	33.8	23	28.3	3 23	3 1010.1	19	9999.	.9	0	9.2	23	4.8	23	13	20 39.2	* 30.2*	0.03G	999.9	1000
Part	725107	4780	2/2/2006	34.1	24	26.7	7 24	1015.9	2	4 9999.	.9	0	8.9	24	1.7	24	9.9	999.9	45	25 0.01G	999.9	0
Part	725107	4780	2/3/2006	38.4	24	35.4	1 24	1013.2	2 1	1 9999.	.9	0	4.9	24	1.4	24	8.9	15.9 53.6	* 33.8*	0.00G	999.9	110000
Part	725107	7 4780	2/4/2006	41	23	34.2	2 23	3 1011.6	3 20	9999.	.9	0	7.2	23	2.8	23	8	999.9	52	30 99.	99 999.9	10000
Page	725107	4780	2/5/2006	42.6	24	36.7	7 24	994.8	3 1	7 9999.	.9	0	7.1	24	4.8	24	16.9	25.1 51.8	* 39.2*	1.11G	999.9	10000
T25107 T4780 Z48/2006 25.3 23 10.6 23 10.14 23 1999 9 0 10 22 5.5 23 13 20.56 17.6 17.6 0.00 999.9 0 0.725107 4780 Z41/2006 21 24 3.3 24 10.178 23 9999 0 9.6 23 24 23 24 13 23.9 28 12 0.00H 999.9 10.00 27.5107 4780 Z41/2006 20 24 12 24 10.10 16 3999.9 0 10 22 23 23 24 16.9 27 26.1 15.1 0.076 999.9 10.00 27.5107 4780 Z41/2006 20 23 7.7 23 1008.8 23 999.9 0 9.6 23 6.9 23 14.0 20 30.9 1.9 0.16 999.9 10.00 27.5107 4780 Z41/2006 20 23 7.7 23 1008.8 23 999.9 0 9.6 23 6.9 23 14.0 20 30.9 1.9 0.16 999.9 10.00 27.5107 4780 Z41/2006 28 24 16.3 24 10.24 24 999.9 0 9.6 23 24 15.1 11.1 15.92 19.4 0.006 999.9 10.00 27.5107 4780 Z41/2006 29.8 24 16.3 24 10.24 24 999.9 0 8.6 24 4.5 24 16.9 25.1 5.4 18 0.001 999.9 0 27.5107 4780 Z41/2006 42.5 24 26.9 24 10.24 24 999.9 0 9.6 24 24 27 24 16.9 25.1 5.4 18 0.001 999.9 0 27.5107 4780 Z41/2006 42.5 24 26.9 24 10.14 24 999.9 0 9.6 24 24 27 24 16.9 25.1 5.4 30.2 0.04 99.9 0 27.5107 4780 Z41/2006 23 15 0.02 24 24 24 999.9 0 9.7 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	725107	7 4780	2/6/2006	35.4	24	19.1	1 24	1000.2	2 2	2 9999.	.9	0	9.1	24	10.2	24	15.9	28.9 41.0	* 28.4*	0.09G	999.9	101000
Page	725107	4780	2/7/2006	31.6	24	14.6	5 24	1007.9	2:	2 9999.	.9	0	9.8	24	10.8	24	22	30.9	34	28 0.00G	999.9	1000
Profile Prof	725107	7 4780	2/8/2006	25.3	23	10.6	5 23	3 1014.3	3 2	3 9999.	.9	0	10	23	5.5	23	13	20 35.6	* 17.6*	0.001	999.9	0
Profile Prof	725107	7 4780	2/9/2006	25.4	22	5.4	1 22	2 1014.4	2:	2 9999.	.9	0	10	22	6.8	22	12	19	33.1	17.1 0.00I	999.9	0
Profite Prof	725107	7 4780	2/10/2006	21.1	24	3.9	9 24	1017.8	3 2	3 9999.	.9	0	9.7	24	6.8	24	13	23.9	28	12 0.00H	999.9	1000
Page	725107	7 4780	2/11/2006	22.4	23	3.7	7 23	3 1021.3	3 2	3 9999.	.9	0	10	23	2	23	4.1	999.9 30.2	* 14.0*	0.001	999.9	0
Profile Prof	725107	7 4780	2/12/2006	20	24	. 12	2 24	1010) 10	6 9999.	.9	0	4.2	24	8.8	24	16.9	27	26.1	15.1 0.07G	999.9	101000
Profile Prof	725107	7 4780	2/13/2006	20	23	7.7	7 23	3 1006.8	3 2	3 9999.	.9	0	9.6	23	6.9	23	14	20	30.9	1.9 0.15G	999.9	1000
Professor AFBO 2/16/2006 42.5 24 26.9 24 10.24 24 999.9 0 9.3 24 2.7 24 11.1 15 60.1 30 0.00 999.9 0 0.0	725107	7 4780	2/14/2006	29.8	24	15.3	3 24	1014.2	2 2	4 9999.	.9	0	10	24	4.7			15 39.2	* 19.4*	0.00G	999.9	
Property Property	725107	7 4780	2/15/2006	36	24	20.5	5 24	1020.4	2	4 9999.	.9	0	8.6	24	4.5	24	16.9	25.1	54	18 0.00I	999.9	0
Part	725107	7 4780	2/16/2006	42.5	24	26.9	9 24	1024	2	4 9999.	.9	0	9.3	24	2.7	24	11.1	15	60.1	30 0.001	999.9	0
Part	725107	7 4780	2/17/2006	45	22	34.2	2 22	2 1011.9	2	1 9999.	.9	0	9.1	22	10.9	22	28.9	52.1 55.4	* 30.2*	0.18B	999.9	10000
T25107	725107	7 4780	2/18/2006	23	15	-0.2	2 15	5 1017.5	5 14	4 9999.	.9	0	9.7	15	16.5			35	30	15.1 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107 4780 2/21/2006 24.9 24 11.4 24 101.9 24 999.9 0 9.9 24 4.2 24 13 21 37.9 15.1 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/22/2006 30.4 24 24.2 24 1012.7 23 999.9 0 7 24 1 24 8.9 169.9 9.9 10.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/23/2006 30.4 23 17 23 1010.3 20 999.9 0 7.9 23 12.8 23 23.9 93.5 33.8* 24.8* 0.00A 999.9 10000 725107 4780 2/26/2006 16.5 23 4.1 23 1016.1 20 999.9 0 7.3 23 4.6 23 14 21 27 12.02A 999.9 10000 725107 4780 2/26/2006 16.5	725107	7 4780	2/19/2006	15.3	24	-5.4	4 24	1023.3	3 24	4 9999.	.9	0	10	24	9.2	24	16.9	25.1 26.6	* 6.8*	0.001	999.9	0
725107 4780 2/22/2006 30.7 23 15.8 23 101.68 23 999.9 0 10 23 3.8 23 8.9 16.9 39.2* 19.4* 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/23/2006 30.4 24 24.2 24 1012.7 23 999.9 0 7.7 24 1 24 8.9 999.9 42.1 21 0.00H 999.9 10000 725107 4780 2/26/2006 20.3 23 4.4 23 101.61 20 999.9 0 7.3 23 14.6 23 14 27 12 0.00A 999.9 101000 725107 4780 2/26/2006 16.5 23 4.1 23 1016.1 20 999.9 0 10 24 12.1 24 19 30.919.4* 3.2* 0.00G 999.9 10 725107 4780 2/272/2006 18.	725107	7 4780	2/20/2006	22.1	24	3.9	9 24	1019.1	24	4 9999.	.9	0	10	24			12	18.1 32.0	* 10.4*	0.001	999.9	0
725107 4780 2/23/2006 30.4 24 24.2 24 1012.7 23 999.9 0 7 24 1 24 8.9 999.9 42.1 21 0.00H 999.9 10000 725107 4780 2/24/2006 30.4 23 117 23 1010.3 20 999.9 0 7.9 23 12.8 23 23.9 35.9 33.8* 24.8* 0.00A 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/25/2006 16.5 23 4.1 23 1016.1 20 999.9 0 8.8 23 11.4 23 21.2* 20.00G 999.9 1000 725107 4780 2/26/2006 16.1 23 40.1 23 999.9 0 10 24 12.1 24 19 30.919.4* 3.2* 0.00G 999.9 10 725107 4780 3/1/2006 18.1 23 0.7 23 1009.1	725107	7 4780	2/21/2006	24.9	24	11.4	4 24	1013.9) 24	4 9999.	.9	0	9.9	24	4.2	24	13	21	37.9	15.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107 4780 2/23/2006 30.4 24 24.2 24 1012.7 23 999.9 0 7.5 24 1 24 8.9 999.9 42.1 21 0.00H 999.9 10000 725107 4780 2/24/2006 30.4 23 117 23 1010.3 20 999.9 0 7.9 23 12.8 23 23.9 35.9 33.8* 24.8* 0.00A 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/25/2006 16.5 23 4.1 23 1016.1 20 999.9 0 8.8 23 11.4 23 21.2* 20.0A 999.9 1000 725107 4780 2/26/2006 16.1 23 40.1 23 999.9 0 10 24 12.1 24 19 30.919.4* 3.2* 0.00G 999.9 10 725107 4780 3/1/2006 18.1 23 0.7 23 1009.7	725107	7 4780	2/22/2006	30.7	23	15.8	3 23	3 1016.8	3 2	3 9999.	.9	0	10	23	3.8	23	8.9	16.9 39.2	* 19.4*	0.001	999.9	0
725107 4780 2/25/2006 20.3 23 4.4 23 1021.5 20 999.9 0 7.3 23 4.6 23 14 21 27 12 0.02A 999.9 101000 725107 4780 2/26/2006 16.5 23 4.1 23 1016.1 20 999.9 0 8.8 23 11.4 23 21 27 21.2* 8.6* 0.05G 999.9 1000 725107 4780 2/27/2006 12 24 -7.5 24 1012.8 24 999.9 0 10 24 12.1 24 19 30.9 19.4* 3.2* 0.00G 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/28/2006 18.1 23 2.7 23 1008.7 23 999.9 0 10 23 7.8 23 15 22 30.2* 10.4* 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/2/2006 23.5 24	725107	7 4780	2/23/2006	30.4			2 24	1012.7			.9	0	7	24	1					21 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107 4780 2/26/2006 16.5 23 4.1 23 1016.1 20 999.9 0 8.8 23 11.4 23 21 27 21.2* 8.6* 0.05G 999.9 1000 725107 4780 2/28/2006 12 24 -7.5 24 1012.8 24 999.9 0 10 24 12.1 24 19 30.9 19.4* 3.2* 0.00G 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/28/2006 18.1 23 -0.7 23 1009.1 23 999.9 0 10 23 11.5 23 25.1 34 25 12 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/1/2006 27.5 24 9.7 24 1005.8 24 9999.9 0 10 24 5.6 24 13 22 30.0 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/3/2006 23.5 24 <t< td=""><td>725107</td><td>7 4780</td><td>2/24/2006</td><td>30.4</td><td>23</td><td>17</td><td>7 23</td><td>3 1010.3</td><td>3 20</td><td>9999.</td><td>.9</td><td>0</td><td>7.9</td><td>23</td><td>12.8</td><td>23</td><td>23.9</td><td>35.9 33.8</td><td>* 24.8*</td><td>0.00A</td><td>999.9</td><td>0</td></t<>	725107	7 4780	2/24/2006	30.4	23	17	7 23	3 1010.3	3 20	9999.	.9	0	7.9	23	12.8	23	23.9	35.9 33.8	* 24.8*	0.00A	999.9	0
725107 4780 2/27/2006 12 24 -7.5 24 101.8 24 999.9 0 10 24 12.1 24 19 30.9 19.4* 3.2* 0.00G 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/28/2006 18.1 23 -0.7 23 1009.1 23 9999.9 0 10 23 11.5 23 25.1 34 25 12 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/1/2006 21.4 23 2.7 23 1008.7 23 9999.9 0 10 23 7.8 23 15 22 30.2* 10.4* 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/2/2006 27.5 24 9.7 24 1005.8 24 9999.9 0 10 24 5.6 24 13 22 33.8* 21.2* 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/4/2006 25.7 23 7.9 <td>725107</td> <td>7 4780</td> <td>2/25/2006</td> <td>20.3</td> <td>23</td> <td>4.4</td> <td>4 23</td> <td>3 1021.5</td> <td>5 20</td> <td>9999.</td> <td>.9</td> <td>0</td> <td>7.3</td> <td>23</td> <td>4.6</td> <td>23</td> <td>14</td> <td>21</td> <td>27</td> <td>12 0.02A</td> <td>999.9</td> <td>101000</td>	725107	7 4780	2/25/2006	20.3	23	4.4	4 23	3 1021.5	5 20	9999.	.9	0	7.3	23	4.6	23	14	21	27	12 0.02A	999.9	101000
725107 4780 2/28/2006 18.1 23 -0.7 23 1009.1 23 999.9 0 10 23 11.5 23 25.1 34 25 12 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/1/2006 21.4 23 2.7 23 1008.7 23 999.9 0 10 23 7.8 23 15 22 30.2* 10.4* 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/2/2006 27.5 24 9.7 24 1005.8 24 9999.9 0 10 24 5.6 24 13 22 33.8* 21.2* 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/3/2006 23.5 24 4.3 24 1006.2 24 9999.9 0 10 24 12.5 24 21 29.9 32 16 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/5/2006 32.5 23 103.5	725107	7 4780	2/26/2006	16.5	23	4.1	1 23	3 1016.1	20	9999.	.9	0	8.8	23	11.4	23	21	27 21.2	* 8.6*	0.05G	999.9	1000
725107 4780 3/1/2006 21.4 23 2.7 23 1008.7 23 9999.9 0 10 23 7.8 23 15 22 30.2* 10.4* 0.00l 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/2/2006 27.5 24 9.7 24 1005.8 24 9999.9 0 10 24 5.6 24 13 22 33.8* 21.2* 0.00l 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/3/2006 23.5 24 4.3 24 1006.2 24 9999.9 0 10 24 12.5 24 21 29.9 32 16 0.00l 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/4/2006 25.7 23 7.9 23 1007.5 23 9999.9 0 10 23 12.3 23 19 26 36 17.1 0.00l 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/5/2006 32.5 23 12.3 23 1013.5 23 9999.9 0 10 23 12.3 23 15.9 26 42.8* 24.8* 0.00l 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/6/2006 30.8 24 11.6 24 1014.8 24 9999.9 0 10 24 5.5 24 12 18.1 41 18 0.00l 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/7/2006 29.8 24 15.3 24 1018.8 24 9999.9 0 10 24 1.8 24 5.1 999.9 42.8* 17.6* 0.00l 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/8/2006 32.5 24 12.8 24 1019.5 24 9999.9 0 10 24 1.8 24 5.1 999.9 42.8* 17.6* 0.00l 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/8/2006 35.4 23 23.5 23 1017.5 21 999.9 0 10 24 1.5 24 5.1 999.9 42.8* 17.6* 0.00l 999.9 10000 725107 4780 3/9/2006 35.4 23 23.5 23 1017.5 21 999.9 0 10 24 1.5 24 5.1 999.9 48 21 0.00l 999.9 10000 725107 4780 3/9/2006 35.4 23 23.5 23 1017.5 21 999.9 0 10 24 1.5 24 5.1 999.9 48 21 0.00l 999.9 10000 725107 4780 3/9/2006 35.4 23 23.5 23 1017.5 21 999.9 0 5.9 24 4.6 24 19 34 68 34 0.03B 999.9 111000	725107	7 4780	2/27/2006	12	24	-7.5	5 24	1012.8	3 24	4 9999.	.9	0	10	24	12.1	24	19	30.9 19.4	* 3.2*	0.00G	999.9	0
725107 4780 3/2/2006 27.5 24 9.7 24 1005.8 24 999.9 0 10 24 5.6 24 13 22 33.8* 21.2* 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/3/2006 23.5 24 4.3 24 1006.2 24 9999.9 0 10 24 12.5 24 21 29.9 32 16 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/4/2006 25.7 23 7.9 23 1007.5 23 999.9 0 10 23 12.3 23 19.9 26 36 17.1 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/5/2006 32.5 23 1013.5 23 999.9 0 10 23 9.8 23 15.9 26 42.8* 24.8* 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/7/2006 29.8 24 1018.8 24 9999.9<	725107	7 4780	2/28/2006	18.1	23	-0.7	7 23	1009.1	23	3 9999.	.9	0	10	23	11.5	23	25.1	34	25	12 0.00I	999.9	0
725107 4780 3/3/2006 23.5 24 4.3 24 1006.2 24 9999.9 0 10 24 12.5 24 21 29.9 32 16 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/4/2006 25.7 23 7.9 23 1007.5 23 999.9 0 10 23 12.3 23 19 26 36 17.1 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/5/2006 32.5 23 12.3 23 1999.9 0 10 23 9.8 23 15.9 26 42.8* 24.8* 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/6/2006 30.8 24 11.6 24 1014.8 24 9999.9 0 10 24 5.5 24 12 18.1 41 18 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/7/2006 29.8 24 1018.8 24 9999.9 0 10 24 1.8 24 5.1 999.9 48.8 21 0.001 </td <td>725107</td> <td>7 4780</td> <td>3/1/2006</td> <td>21.4</td> <td>23</td> <td>2.7</td> <td>7 23</td> <td>3 1008.7</td> <td>2</td> <td>3 9999.</td> <td>.9</td> <td>0</td> <td>10</td> <td>23</td> <td>7.8</td> <td>23</td> <td>15</td> <td>22 30.2</td> <td>* 10.4*</td> <td>0.001</td> <td>999.9</td> <td>0</td>	725107	7 4780	3/1/2006	21.4	23	2.7	7 23	3 1008.7	2	3 9999.	.9	0	10	23	7.8	23	15	22 30.2	* 10.4*	0.001	999.9	0
725107 4780 3/4/2006 25.7 23 7.9 23 1007.5 23 9999.9 0 10 23 12.3 23 19 26 36 17.1 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/5/2006 32.5 23 12.3 23 1013.5 23 9999.9 0 10 23 9.8 23 15.9 26 42.8* 24.8* 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/6/2006 30.8 24 11.6 24 1014.8 24 9999.9 0 10 24 5.5 24 12 18.1 41 18 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/7/2006 29.8 24 15.3 24 1018.8 24 9999.9 0 10 24 1.8 24 5.1 999.9 42.8* 17.6* 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/8/2006 35.4 23 23.5 23 1017.5 21 999.9 0 <	725107	7 4780	3/2/2006	27.5	24	9.7	7 24	1005.8	3 24	4 9999.	.9	0	10	24	5.6	24	13	22 33.8	* 21.2*	0.001	999.9	0
725107 4780 3/5/2006 32.5 23 12.3 23 1013.5 23 9999.9 0 10 23 9.8 23 15.9 26 42.8* 24.8* 0.00l 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/6/2006 30.8 24 11.6 24 1014.8 24 9999.9 0 10 24 5.5 24 12 18.1 41 18 0.00l 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/7/2006 29.8 24 15.3 24 1018.8 24 9999.9 0 10 24 1.8 24 5.1 999.9 42.8* 17.6* 0.00l 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/8/2006 32.5 24 12.8 24 1019.5 24 9999.9 0 10 24 1.5 24 5.1 999.9 48 21 0.00l 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/9/2006 35.4 23 23.5 23 1017.5 21 9999.9 0 10 23 2.2 23 9.9 999.9 41 30 0.00H 999.9 10000 725107 4780 3/10/2006 45.6 24 38.5 24 1007 16 9999.9 0 5.9 24 4.6 24 19 34 68 34 0.03B 999.9 111000	725107	7 4780	3/3/2006	23.5	24	4.3	3 24	1006.2	2 2	4 9999.	.9	0	10	24	12.5	24	21	29.9	32	16 0.00I	999.9	0
725107 4780 3/6/2006 30.8 24 11.6 24 1014.8 24 9999.9 0 10 24 5.5 24 12 18.1 41 18 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/7/2006 29.8 24 15.3 24 1018.8 24 9999.9 0 10 24 1.8 24 5.1 999.9 42.8* 17.6* 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/8/2006 32.5 24 12.8 24 1019.5 24 9999.9 0 10 24 1.5 24 5.1 999.9 48 21 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/9/2006 35.4 23 23.5 23 1017.5 21 9999.9 0 10 23 2.2 23 9.9 999.9 41 30 0.00H 999.9 10000 725107 4780 3/10/2006 45.6 24 38.5 24 1007 16 9999.9 0 5.9 24 4.6 24 19 34 68 34 0.03B 999.9 111000	725107	4780	3/4/2006	25.7	23	7.9	9 23	3 1007.5	5 25	3 9999.	.9	0	10	23	12.3	23	19	26	36	17.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107 4780 3/7/2006 29.8 24 15.3 24 1018.8 24 9999.9 0 10 24 1.8 24 5.1 999.9 42.8* 17.6* 0.00l 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/8/2006 32.5 24 12.8 24 1019.5 24 9999.9 0 10 24 1.5 24 5.1 999.9 48 21 0.00l 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/9/2006 35.4 23 23.5 23 1017.5 21 9999.9 0 10 23 2.2 23 9.9 999.9 41 30 0.00H 999.9 10000 725107 4780 3/10/2006 45.6 24 38.5 24 1007 16 999.9 0 5.9 24 4.6 24 19 34 68 34 0.03B 999.9 111000	725107	7 4780	3/5/2006	32.5	23	12.3	3 23	3 1013.5	5 2	3 9999.	.9	0	10	23	9.8	23	15.9	26 42.8	* 24.8*	0.001	999.9	0
725107 4780 3/8/2006 32.5 24 12.8 24 1019.5 24 9999.9 0 10 24 1.5 24 5.1 999.9 48 21 0.00I 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/9/2006 35.4 23 23.5 23 1017.5 21 9999.9 0 10 23 2.2 23 9.9 999.9 41 30 0.00H 999.9 10000 725107 4780 3/10/2006 45.6 24 38.5 24 1007 16 9999.9 0 5.9 24 4.6 24 19 34 68 34 0.03B 999.9 111000	725107	4780	3/6/2006	30.8	24	11.6	5 24	1014.8	3 24	4 9999.	.9	0	10	24	5.5	24	12	18.1	41	18 0.00I	999.9	0
725107 4780 3/8/2006 32.5 24 12.8 24 1019.5 24 9999.9 0 10 24 1.5 24 5.1 999.9 48 21 0.00I 999.9 0 725107 4780 3/9/2006 35.4 23 23.5 23 1017.5 21 9999.9 0 10 23 2.2 23 9.9 999.9 41 30 0.00H 999.9 10000 725107 4780 3/10/2006 45.6 24 38.5 24 1007 16 9999.9 0 5.9 24 4.6 24 19 34 68 34 0.03B 999.9 111000	725107	7 4780	3/7/2006	29.8	24	15.3	3 24	1018.8	3 24	4 9999.	.9	0	10	24	1.8	24	5.1	999.9 42.8	* 17.6*	0.001	999.9	0
725107 4780 3/9/2006 35.4 23 23.5 23 1017.5 21 9999.9 0 10 23 2.2 23 9.9 999.9 41 30 0.00H 999.9 10000 725107 4780 3/10/2006 45.6 24 38.5 24 1007 16 9999.9 0 5.9 24 4.6 24 19 34 68 34 0.03B 999.9 111000	725107	7 4780	3/8/2006	32.5	24	12.8	3 24	1019.5	5 24	4 9999.	.9	0	10	24			5.1	999.9	48	21 0.001	999.9	0
725107 4780 3/10/2006 45.6 24 38.5 24 1007 16 9999.9 0 5.9 24 4.6 24 19 34 68 34 0.03B 999.9 111000	725107	7 4780						3 1017.5	5 2·	1 9999.	.9	0									999.9	10000
	725107	7 4780		45.6				1007	10	6 9999.	.9	0	5.9	24	4.6	24	19	34	68	34 0.03B	999.9	
	725107	4780	3/11/2006	48.5	24	29.7	7 24	1017.6	5 24	4 9999.	.9	0	10	24	10.5	24	22	27	63	36 0.00I	999.9	0

STN	WBAN	YEARMOCT	ГЕМР (COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	CC	DUNT V	VDSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST MA	AX MI	IN PRO	CP SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	7 4780	3/12/2006	39.5	24	30.8	24	1021.4	1 2	3 9999.9	9	0	9.8	24	3	24	15.9	23.9	59	26.1 0.00	A 999.9	0
725107	7 4780	3/13/2006	47.1	24	44.7	24	1012.6	5 1	9999.9	9	0	6.4	24	3.3	24	. 7	999.9 51	.8* 39	9.2* 0.04	A 999.9	10000
725107	7 4780	3/14/2006	47.7	24	40.9	24	995.9	9 1:	2 9999.9	9	0	4.1	24	5.9	24	. 22	2 33 55	.4* 44	l.6* 0.37	'B 999.9	110010
725107	7 4780	3/15/2006	35.1	23	18.1	23	1000) 2	2 9999.9	9	0	9.1	23	14.6	23	27	7 36.9	39.9	33.1 0.00)H 999.9	1000
725107	7 4780	3/16/2006	33.1	22	14.9	22	1010) 2	1 9999.9	9	0	9.6	22	12.2	22	19	28.9	42.1	28 0.00)H 999.9	1000
725107	7 4780	3/17/2006	30.5	24	10.6	24	1014.4	1 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	23	9.5	24	. 19	23.9	39	21.9 0.00	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	3/18/2006	26.4	24	7.6	24	1012.8	3 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	9.6	24	15.9	25.1 35	.6* 17	7.6* 0.00	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	3/19/2006	27.4	24	10.5	24	1011.7	7 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	8.6	24	. 15	5 20	33.1	19.9 0.00	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	3/20/2006	26.3	24	8.6	24	1014.2	2 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	10.4	24	22	28.9	33.1	17.1 0.00)I 999.9	0
725107	7 4780	3/21/2006	30.2	24	9.5	24	1009.3	3 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	9.3	24	. 15	23.9 46	5.4* 19	0.00	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	3/22/2006	34.1	24	18.5	24	1007.8	3 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	7.1	24	. 13	3 20	39.9	26.1 0.00)I 999.9	0
725107	7 4780	3/23/2006	39.3	23	22	23	1015.3	3 2	3 9999.9	9	0	10	23	8.1	23	13	3 16.9	54	27 0.00)I 999.9	0
725107	7 4780	3/24/2006	42.3	24	28.8	24	1019.4	1 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.1	24	. 7	999.9	46.9	37 0.00)H 999.9	10000
725107	7 4780	3/25/2006	37.2	24	26.6	24	1016.4	1 2	1 9999.9	9	0	10	24	4.5	24	8.8	15.9 44	.6* 26	6.6* 0.00)I 999.9	0
725107	7 4780	3/26/2006	41.2	24	24.4	24	1012.1	1 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	7.6	24	. 15	23.9	50	33.1 0.00	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	3/27/2006	43.3	24	17.6	24	1016.4	1 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	8.3	24	. 13	3 22	55.9	28.9 0.00)I 999.9	0
725107	7 4780	3/28/2006	42.5	24	18.9	24	1022.2	2 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.4	24	9.9	999.9	57	24.1 0.00)I 999.9	0
725107	7 4780	3/29/2006	46	24	20.1	24	1022.4	1 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	2.8	24	8.8	9 14 64	.4* 28	3.4* 0.00)I 999.9	0
725107	7 4780	3/30/2006	51	24	19	24	1024.3	3 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.1	24	9.9	999.9	68	30.9 0.00)I 999.9	0
725107	7 4780	3/31/2006	54	23	30.4	23	1021.8	3 2	3 9999.9	9	0	10	23	4.9	23	14	1 22 73	3.4*	5.6* 0.00)I 999.9	0
725107	7 4780	4/1/2006	57.3	24	43.1	24	1009.5	5 2	3 9999.9	9	0	9.6	24	7.3	24	2′	36.9	73	48 0.10	B 999.9	10010
725107	7 4780	4/2/2006	52	24	26.6	24	1011.6	5 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	12.6	24	2′	l 27	61	42.1 0.00)I 999.9	0
725107	7 4780	4/3/2006	42.7	24	19.7	24	1016.8	3 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.7	24	13	3 19	59	28.9 0.01	A 999.9	10000
725107	7 4780	4/4/2006	41	24	36.7	24	1002.8	3 2	0 9999.9	9	0	7.3	24	7.6	24	18.1	27	46	35.1 0.81	G 999.9	11000
725107	7 4780	4/5/2006	35.2	24	28.3	24	1004.7	7 1	7 9999.9	9	0	8.1	24	4.7	24	. 12	19 39	.2* 30	0.25	5G 999.9	11000
725107	7 4780	4/6/2006	39.1	24	25.5	24	1007.9	2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	7.9	24	18.1	22 50	.0* 28	3.4* 0.14	IG 999.9	0
725107	7 4780	4/7/2006	43.9	24	33.6	24	1008.8	3 2	2 9999.9	9	0	9.4	24	5.7	24	16.9	23.9	57.9	28 0.00	OG 999.9	10000
725107	7 4780	4/8/2006	46.5	24	34.3	24	1006	5 2	1 9999.9	9	0	9.3	24	7.4	24	. 12	20 55	39	0.14	IG 999.9	10000
725107	7 4780	4/9/2006	41	24	21.2	24	1017.7	7 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.8	24	11.1	16.9	57	28 0.00	OG 999.9	0
725107	7 4780	4/10/2006	44.4	23	23.9	23	1022	2 2	3 9999.9	9	0	10	23	3.9	23	9.9	9 18.1	64	28.9 0.00)I 999.9	0
725107	7 4780	4/11/2006	51	24	25.2				4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	3	24	8.9		66.9	33.1 0.00		
725107	7 4780	4/12/2006	52.7	24	30.9	24	1027.6	5 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	5	24	. 14	22.9 71	.6* 33	3.8* 0.00)I 999.9	0
725107	7 4780	4/13/2006	59.4	24	43.4	24	1017.7	7 2	1 9999.9	9	0	10	24	9	24	18.1	28.9	73.9	53.1 0.08	BD 999.9	10010
725107	7 4780	4/14/2006	57.3	24	39.5	24	1010.8	3 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.8	24			73.9	41 0.00)I 999.9	
725107	7 4780	4/15/2006	61.5	24	46.9	24	999.5	5 2	1 9999.9	9	0	9	24	7.9	24	16.9		5.2* 53	3.6* 0.03	8G 999.9	10010
725107	7 4780	4/16/2006	53.6	24	32	24	1002.8	3 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	14.2	24	. 21	1 29.9	63	45 0.00	G 999.9	0
725107	7 4780	4/17/2006	48	24	33	24	1008.2	2 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	6.8	24	. 14		60.1	35.1 0.00)I 999.9	0
725107	7 4780	4/18/2006	54.2	24	36.2	24	1010.3	3 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	9.3	24	16.9	25.1 69	.8* 46	6.4* 0.00)H 999.9	10000
725107	7 4780	4/19/2006	59.3	24	32.8	24	1008.5	5 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	9.4	24	22	2 32.1	73	48 0.00)I 999.9	0
725107		4/20/2006	64.5	24	23.1	24					0	9.9	24	9.1	24		3 23.9	77	48.9 0.00		
725107		4/21/2006	49.8	24	32.4						0	10	24	4	24			60.1	37.9 0.00		
725107		4/22/2006	43.1	24	21.5						0	10	24	3.3	24			52	34 0.01		
725107	7 4780	4/23/2006	41.4	24	35.9	24	1022.6	5 2	2 9999.9	9	0	9.2	24	2.9	24	. 7	999.9 46	39	9.2* 0.08	3G 999.9	10000

STN	WBAN	YEARMOCT	ГЕМР (COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	COU	NT WDS	SP COUN	NT	MXSPD	GUST MAX	MIN	PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780	4/24/2006	42.6	24	39.9	24	1012.2	2 20	9999.9)	0	7.4	24	3.9	24	8	999.9 48.2	* 39.2*	0.66G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/25/2006	52	24	41.1	24	1006.3	3 22	9999.9)	0	9.8	24	7	24	21	27	68	42.1 0.01G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/26/2006	46.4	24	22.5	24	1011.2	2 24	4 9999.9)	0	10	24	6	24	16.9	26 60.8	* 30.2*	° 0.04G	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/27/2006	51.6	24	29.9	24	1010.1	1 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	4.5	24	9.9	14	68	37 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/28/2006	49.6	24	23	24	1021.5	5 24	4 9999.9)	0	10	24	5.1	24	11.1	15	62.1	33.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/29/2006	49.5	24	20.8	24	1030.2	2 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	5.4	24	8.9	15	64	37 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/30/2006	51	24	22.5	24	1031	1 24	4 9999.9)	0	10	24	4.5	24	9.9	18.1	69.1	30 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/1/2006	49.9	24	25.6	24	1029.8	3 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	5.4	24	14	21	62.1	35.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/2/2006	46.3	23	39.5	23	1020.3	3 17	7 9999.9)	0	6.8	23	7.4	23	12	22	51.1	44.1 0.07B	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/3/2006	48.1	24	45.7	24	1012.7	7 14	4 9999.9)	0	4.7	24	4.9	24	8.9	999.9 51.8	* 44.6*	° 0.58D	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/4/2006	60.9	23	51.3	23	1009.9) 2°	1 9999.9)	0	9.6	23	3.8	23	7	999.9 73.4	* 46.4*	° 0.01A	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/5/2006	67.1	24	44	. 24	1005.8	3 24	4 9999.9)	0	10	24	6.4	24	14	20 78.8	* 53.6*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/6/2006	61.4	24	39.5	24	1007.5	5 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	5.8	24	15.9	25.1	71.1	50 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/7/2006	53	24	29.8	24	1017	7 24	4 9999.9)	0	10	24	6	24	14	22	66	36 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/8/2006	52.9	24	32.9	24	1022.1	1 24	4 9999.9)	0	10	24	3.9	24	9.9	14 66.2	* 37.4*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/9/2006	50.9	24	34.4	. 24	1019.1	1 2	1 9999.9)	0	8.8	24	5.2	24	9.9	20	59	44.1 0.32A	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/10/2006	48.3	14	45.8	14	1014.1	1 9	9999.9)	0	5.7	14	7.2	14	9.9	19 50.0°	* 48.2*	0.20B	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/11/2006	52.5	24	50.7	24	1014.3	3 15	5 9999.9)	0	4.5	24	3.6	24	7	999.9	55	50 0.14G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/12/2006	48.2	24	47.3	24	1014	4 17	7 9999.9)	0	2.1	24	3.6	24	7	15 51.8	* 46.4*	0.08G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/13/2006	48.2	21	46.3	21	1016	5 17	7 9999.9)	0	6.4	21	5.5	21	8.9	20 50.0	* 44.6*	1.03G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/14/2006	46	24	43.5	24	1019.6	5 12	9999.9)	0	4.2	24	6	24	8.9	18.1 46.4	* 44.6*	1.57G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/15/2006	46.9	24	44.8	24	1019.2	2 10	9999.9)	0	3.4	24	3.8	24	8	999.9 48.2	* 44.6*	1.08G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/16/2006	50.5	22	48.4	. 22	1007.1	1 16	9999.9)	0	5.2	22	3.4	22	12	15.9 57.2	* 46.4*	° 0.46G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/17/2006	57.7	23	46.6	23	1000) 23	9999.9)	0	9.8	23	5.6	23	12	18.1 68.0°	* 46.4*	0.86G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/18/2006	61.9	24	48.9	24	998	3 20	9999.9)	0	7.2	24	4.6	24	15	22.9 75.2	* 46.4*	° 0.02G	999.9	100000
725107	4780	5/19/2006	55.6	24	49.1	24	999) 20	9999.9)	0	7	24	4.9	24	9.9	22.9	68	50 0.12G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/20/2006	54.6	24	44.6	24	1000.9	9 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	8.5	24	15	20 62.6	* 48.2*	° 0.69G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/21/2006	53.8	24	40.6	24	1002.6	5 22	9999.9)	0	9.7	24	6.4	24	28	41 62.6	* 44.6*	0.00G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	5/22/2006	51	24	36.5	24	1004.8	3 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	13.1	24	19	26	63	41 0.28G	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/23/2006	50.1	23	36.4	23	3 1011.4	1 23	9999.9)	0	10	23	10	23	16.9	23.9	62.1	42.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/24/2006	57.5	24	38.2	24	1013.1	1 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	8	24	15.9	21	71.1	46 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/25/2006	60.9	24	41.6	24	1012.1	1 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	3.7	24	11.1	19	81	42.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/26/2006	68.4	24	52.8	24	1005.7	7 23	9999.9)	0	9.3	24	4.2	24	9.9	999.9 80.6	* 57.2*	0.09B	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/27/2006	71.3	24	60.3	24	1005.7	7 23	9999.9)	0	7.8	24	4	24	9.9	999.9	81	62.1 0.01A	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/28/2006	68.9	24	51.8	24	1018.5	5 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	3	24	7	999.9	82.9	53.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/29/2006	73.2	24	59.1	24	1018.2	2 24	9999.9)	0	9.8	24	4	24	9.9	15	86	62.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/30/2006	70.1	24	58.5	24	1020.2	2 24	4 9999.9)	0	9.3	24	4.5	24	9.9	15	80.1	61 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/31/2006	66.8	24	55.9	24	1021.8	3 2	1 9999.9)	0	9.1	24	4.2	24	11.1	14	86	55 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/1/2006	75	24	62.8	24	1014.9	9 24	9999.9)	0	9.5	24	4.3	24	9.9	999.9	86	64.9 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/2/2006	67.8	24	63.7	24	1012.2	2 15	5 9999.9)	0	7	24	3.4	24	8	999.9 75.2	* 60.8*	° 0.05G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	6/3/2006	56.2	24	53.8	24	1010) 12	9999.9)	0	7	24	3.8	24	8.9	16.9	61	53.1 0.69G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	6/4/2006	56.1	24	51.7	24	1007.4	1 15	5 9999.9)	0	8.7	24	7.2	24	11.1	20 62.6	* 53.6*	1.26G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/5/2006	59.7	24	52.2	24	1010.8	3 22	9999.9)	0	10	24	3.5	24	8.9	999.9 64.4	* 55.4*	0.00G	999.9	0

STN	WBAN	YEARMOET	EMP	COUNT	DEWP	COUNT S	LP (COUNT S	TP	COUNT VI	ISIB	COUNT	WDSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST	MAX	MIN	PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780	6/6/2006	63.9	24	4 54.	.4 24	1016	22	9999.9	0	10	24	2.4	24	1	7 999	.9	73	53.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/7/2006	56.8	24	4 53.	.3 24	1013.7	16	9999.9	0	6.9	24	5.4	24	1 1	3 22	.9 64.4	53.6	* 0.32G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/8/2006	55.5	24	4 53.	.1 24	1007.6	12	9999.9	0	6	24	4.1	24	4 8.9	9 18	.1 60.8	51.8	* 1.68G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/9/2006	60.5	24	4 56.	.2 24	1006.3	13	9999.9	0	8.9	24	1.8	24	4	8 999	.9 66.2	55.4	* 0.14G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/10/2006	58.2	24	4 5	55 24	997.6	18	9999.9	0	8.4	24	5.5	24	1 1	5 23	.9 60.8	53.6	* 0.43G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/11/2006	59.1	24	4 47.	.6 24	1001	24	9999.9	0	10	24	12.4	24	18.	1 23	.9 69.8	51.8	* 0.31G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/12/2006	66	24	4 52.	.3 24	1009.3	24	9999.9	0	10	24	6.1	24	1 1:	3 15	.9	79	55 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/13/2006	69.9	24	4 5	66 24	1013.4	24	9999.9	0	10	24	2.1	24	1	7 999	.9 82.4	59.0	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/14/2006	67.5	24	4 59.	.7 24	1015.3	21	9999.9	0	9.5	24	2.4	24	1 2:	2 29	.9	78.1	59 1.51B	999.9	110010
725107	4780	6/15/2006	67.5	24	4 54.	.5 24	1010.4	20	9999.9	0	9.6	24	6.9	24	1 1	4 22	.9 77.0	60.8	* 0.18B	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/16/2006	71.2	24	4 50.	.5 24	1017	24	9999.9	0	10	24	5.3	24	4 8.9	9 15	.9	84	59 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/17/2006	69.9	24	4 55.	.6 24	1018.6	24	9999.9	0	10	24	3.8	24	9.9	9 2	20	80.1	59 0.05A	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/18/2006	76.6	24	4 62.	.9 24	1016.1	24	9999.9	0	9.6	24	3.2	24	1	8 999	.9 91.4	62.6	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/19/2006	80.9	24	4 6	5 24	1011.7	24	9999.9	0	6.6	24	5.5	24	1 1	5 2	21	91.9	70 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/20/2006	75.1	24	4 63.	.1 24	1009.9	24	9999.9	0	9.6	24	4.9	24	4 1 ₁	4 1	19	84.9	64.9 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/21/2006	69.1	24	4 54.	.7 24	1016.4	24	9999.9	0	10	24	3.5	24	4	8 999	.9	82	55.9 0.03G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/22/2006	72.6	24	4 59.	.8 24	1017.4	24	9999.9	0	9.9	24	4.2	24	4 9.9	9 18	.1 82.4	60.8	* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/23/2006	74.2	24	4 66.	.6 24	1016.1	22	9999.9	0	5.6	24	2.6	24	4 32.	1 3	39	87.1	66 0.72A	999.9	10010
725107	4780	6/24/2006	68.2	24	4 65.	.1 24	1019.1	13	9999.9	0	6.9	24	1.7	24	1 1:	3 999	.9	72	66 2.02G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/25/2006	67.9	24	4 63.	.8 24	1021.6	18	9999.9	0	8.2	24	2.3	24	4	8 999	.9 71.6	66.2	* 0.19G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/26/2006	71.4	24	4 65.	.3 24	1021.5	19	9999.9	0	7.4	24	4.2	24	4 1	4 2	21	81	66 0.79G	999.9	110000
725107	4780	6/27/2006	75.3	24	4 64.	.4 24	1023.5	24	9999.9	0	9.9	24	7.6	24	15.9	9 23	.9 84.2	66.2	* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/28/2006	72.5	24	4 67.	.5 24	1020.4	12	9999.9	0	8.3	24	6.3	24	4 1:	2 18	.1 77.0	69.8	* 0.28C	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/29/2006	73.7	24	4 6	8 24	1016.3	20	9999.9	0	7.3	24	3.8	24	4 1:	2 2	21 80.6	66.2	* 0.11A	999.9	10010
725107	4780	6/30/2006	71.8	24	4 60.	.1 24	1012.4	22	9999.9	0	7.5	24	5.6	24	4 1 ₁	4 1	19	80.1	64 0.01A	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/1/2006	70.7	24	4 54.	.6 24	1017.6	24	9999.9	0	10	24	5.2	24	4 1:	2 1	19	82.9	57.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/2/2006	75.9	24	4 62.	.8 24	1014.1	22	9999.9	0	8.1	24	7.5	24	4 1:	2 2	21 84.2	69.8	* 0.01B	999.9	10010
725107	4780	7/3/2006	78.9	24	4 60.	.1 24	1014.9	24	9999.9	0	9.9	24	5.8	24	4 1:	2 2	20	87.1	69.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/4/2006	76.1	24	4 65.	.4 24	1013.4	24	9999.9	0	8.5	24	3.6	24	4	8 999	.9	84.9	66.9 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/5/2006	75.2	24	4 60.	.8 24	1011.4	24	9999.9	0	8.8	24	6.1	24	4 9.9	9 1	14	79	71.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/6/2006	69.4	24	4 56.	.5 24	1015.2	24	9999.9	0	10	24	3.7	24	11.	1 1	14 78.8	62.6	* 0.01G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/7/2006	69.4	24	4 54.	.2 24	1021.3	24	9999.9	0	10	24	4.3	24	4 8.9	9 999	.9	82.9	55.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/8/2006	71.3	24	4 58.	.5 24	1022.9	24	9999.9	0	10	24	3.1	24	4 5.	1 999	.9	82	59 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/9/2006	74.4	24	4 60.	.9 24	1016.7	24	9999.9	0	9.9	24	4	24	11.	1 1	15	86	62.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/10/2006	74.3	24	4 59.	.8 24	1016.7	24	9999.9	0	9.5	24	5.2	24	4 9.9	9 16	.9	84.9	61 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/11/2006	73.6	22	2 65.	.5 22	1018.7	16	9999.9	0	7.2	22	4.3	22	2 8.9	9 16	.9	82.9	66 0.10B	999.9	10010
725107	4780	7/12/2006	72	23	3 66.	.3 23	1018.5	22	9999.9	0	6.7	23	1.8	23	3	8 999	.9	79	66 0.02A	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/13/2006	71.1	24	4 67.	.4 24	1011.7	15	9999.9	0	7.5	24	3.7	24	1 11.	1 16	.9 75.2	66.2	* 0.26C	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/14/2006	76	24	4 64.	.9 24	1014.7	24	9999.9	0	9.7	24	4.3	24	1	8 999	.9 89.6	64.4	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/15/2006	77.1	24	4 67.	.6 24	1013.6	24	9999.9	0	10	24	3.3	24	1	7 999	.9	87.1	69.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/16/2006	80.4	24	4 67.	.4 24	1013.3	24	9999.9	0	9.6	24	3.5	24	4 8.9	9 999	.9	91.9	70 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/17/2006	81	24	4 68.	.3 24	1013.4	24	9999.9	0	10	24	3	24	4 8.9	9 999	.9 93.2	68.0	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/18/2006	83.3	24	4 6	8 24	1012.7	24	9999.9	0	9	24	4.9	24	1 11.	1 15	.9	93.9	71.1 0.001	999.9	0

STN	WBAN	YEARMOCT	ГЕМР	COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	COL	JNT WDSI	P COUN	IT N	MXSPD (GUST MAX	K MIN	PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780	7/19/2006	76.3	24	4 61.7	7 24	1020.8	3 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	4.9	24	8	999.9 82.4	* 69.8	3* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/20/2006	68.9	24	4 59.6	5 24	1023.1	1 22	9999.9)	0	10	24	2.6	24	7	999.9	79	57 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/21/2006	76.2	24	4 67.3	3 24	1013.2	2 22	9999.9)	0	8.5	24	5	24	9.9	14 87.8	8* 68.0)* 0.02G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	7/22/2006	72.1	23	3 68.9	9 23	1009.8	3 17	7 9999.9)	0	5.8	23	2.2	23	8.9	18.1	81	68 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/23/2006	72.4	24	4 64.9) 24	1009.2	2 18	9999.9)	0	9	24	5.2	24	9.9	14	75.9	68 0.52G	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/24/2006	70.6	24	4 56.8	3 24	1014.6	5 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	4	24	8	14	84	57.9 0.06G	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/25/2006	75.1	24	4 61.5	5 24	1016.7	7 24	9999.9)	0	9.8	24	4.9	24	12	19	87.1	61 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/26/2006	77.4	24	4 64.7	7 24	1014.6	5 24	9999.9)	0	9.1	24	3.7	24	9.9	999.9	88	66 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/27/2006	79.3	24	4 67.6	5 24	1013.9) 24	9999.9)	0	7.5	24	5.5	24	13	20	90	68 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/28/2006	80.9	20	0 69.2	2 20	1012.5	5 19	9999.9)	0	9.1	20	6.5	20	12	20 89.6	5* 75.2	2* 0.001	999.9	10
725107	4780	7/29/2006	78.4	20	0 65.5	5 20	1009.7	7 20	9999.9)	0	10	20	7.7	20	13	21 89.6	5* 66.2	2* 0.19G	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/30/2006	78.7	24	4 62.6	5 24	1008.2	2 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	6	24	9.9	15.9	88	71.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/31/2006	73.8	24	4 59.4	1 24	1011.4	1 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	3.2	24	7	999.9	89.1	57 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/1/2006	83.7	24	4 69.4	1 24	1010.4	1 24	9999.9)	0	9.5	24	5.1	24	12	15.9	96.1	75.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/2/2006	88.2	24	4 70.3	3 24	1008.1	l 24	9999.9)	0	7.5	24	8.4	24	12	20 100.	.4* 80.6	6* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/3/2006	84.7	24	4 69.1	l 24	1006.2	2 24	9999.9)	0	8.9	24	8.1	24	16.9	26 93.2	2* 73.4	l* 0.00l	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/4/2006	71.5	24	4 63.4	1 24	1010) 23	9999.9)	0	9.5	24	2.4	24	15	23.9 82.4	* 64.4	l* 0.81B	999.9	110000
725107	4780	8/5/2006	75.6	24	4 60.1	l 24	1015.9) 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	6	24	11.1	16.9	84	64.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/6/2006	68.2	24	4 54.8	3 24	1023.6	5 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	3.1	24	8	14	82	54 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/7/2006	75.3	24	4 64.6	5 24	1017.6	5 21	9999.9)	0	9	24	6.1	24	12	20	86	68 0.09G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	8/8/2006	75.1	24	4 60.9) 24	1014.2	2 23	9999.9)	0	8.7	24	8	24	14	20	81	66.9 0.18G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	8/9/2006	68.9	23	3 50.5	5 23	3 1019	9 23	9999.9)	0	10	23	3.6	23	6	999.9	82	55.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/10/2006	69.9	24	4 56.5	5 24	1012.4	1 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	3.6	24	9.9	15.9	84	57 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/11/2006	66.3	24	4 49.2	2 24	1011.9) 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	7.1	24	15.9	21 75.2	2* 53.6	6* 0.02G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	8/12/2006	62.9	24	4 43.5	5 24	1016	5 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	7.2	24	14	22.9	75	51.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/13/2006	62.7	24	4 44.2	2 24	1016.9	9 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	6	24	14	20	75.9	48 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/14/2006	68.2	24	4 53.8	3 24	1014.4	1 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	5.2	24	11.1	19	84	53.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/15/2006	73.8	24	4 61.8	3 24	1009.4	1 24	9999.9)	0	9.3	24	5.8	24	12	16.9 80.6	5* 69.8	8* 0.15G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	8/16/2006	71.2	24	4 55.4	1 24	1017.6	5 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	5.1	24	11.1	15	84	57.9 0.02G	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/17/2006	70.1	24	4 56	5 24	1023.4	1 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	1.4	24	6	999.9	84	55.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/18/2006	71.6	24	4 58.3	3 24	1022.6	5 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	3.1	24	9.9	999.9	84	61 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/19/2006	73	24	4 59.1	l 24	1017.2	2 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	4.5	24	8	999.9	84.9	62.1 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	8/20/2006	71.2	24	4 66	5 24	1009.6	5 18	9999.9)	0	8.3	24	4.5	24	11.1	999.9	79	66 0.75G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	8/21/2006	68	24	4 60.6	5 24	1012.8	3 19	9999.9)	0	8.9	24	6.2	24	13	20 73.4	* 62.6	6* 0.53G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	8/22/2006	68.7	24	4 55.7	7 24	1016.4	1 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	4.3	24	9.9	16.9	82.9	55.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/23/2006	70.2	24	4 57.6	5 24	1014.8	3 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	3.6	24	12	19	81	61 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/24/2006	65.5	24	4 51.9) 24	1016.4	1 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	2.6	24	5.1	999.9	73.9	59 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/25/2006	61	24	4 56.7	7 24	1018.8	3 14	9999.9)	0	8.7	24	2.5	24	5.1	999.9	66.9	59 0.60G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	8/26/2006	64	24	4 55.6	5 24	1023.2	2 19	9999.9)	0	10	24	2.6	24	7	999.9 73.4	* 57.2	2* 0.32G	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/27/2006	58	24	4 53.8	3 24	1025.4	1 19	9999.9)	0	9.2	24	2.8	24	8.9	999.9	64.9	53.1 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	8/28/2006	59.8	24	4 55.9	9 24	1016	5 22			0	8.6	24	2.9	24	5.1	999.9 69.8	53.6		999.9	10000
725107		8/29/2006	60.9	24	4 57.9	9 24	1013	3 15	5 9999.9)	0	8.4	24	2.6	24	6	999.9	66.9	57.9 0.15G	999.9	10000
725107		8/30/2006	61.2				1013.7	7 (0	9.2	14	0	14	2.9	999.9 64.4			999.9	0

STN	WBAN YEAR	RMOCTEMP	COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	COU	NT WDS	P COU	NT	MXSPD	GUST	MAX	MIN	PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780 8/31/2	2006 69.2	2 9	49	9	9999.9)	0 9999.	9	0	10	9	4.9	8	7	999.9)	73.9	62.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 9/1/2	2006 61.2	2 23	51.9	23	1027	2	0 9999.	9	0	10	23	2.7	23	8.9	999.9	71.6*	51.8*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 9/2/2	2006 60.4	1 24	54.2	24	1028	1	8 9999.	9	0	10	24	5.1	24	11.1	19	64.4*	57.2*	0.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780 9/3/2	2006 60.9	9 24	57.9	24	1022.8	1	1 9999.	9	0	4.9	24	4.2	24	9.9	15	64.4*	57.2*	0.69G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 9/4/2	2006 65.3	3 24	57.2	24	1015.7	2	0 9999.	9	0	10	24	5.6	24	15	20)	73	59 0.65G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 9/5/2	2006 63.7	7 24	55.6	24	1017.3	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	4	24	7	999.9)	71.1	55.9 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 9/6/2	2006 65.3	3 24	57.1	24	1013.8	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	3.9	24	8.9	999.9	73.4*	60.8*	0.03G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 9/7/2	2006 65.7	7 24	56.9	24	1017.6	2	3 9999.	9	0	10	24	2.5	24	5.1	999.9	75.2*	57.2*	0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 9/8/	2006 66.6	5 24	57.1	24	1017.9	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	2.5	24	8.9	999.9	78.8*	55.4*	0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780 9/9/2	2006 68.9	9 24	58.9	24	1015.8	2	2 9999.	9	0	8.9	24	2.6	24	22	28.9	82.4*	59.0*	0.01G	999.9	10010
725107	4780 9/10/2	2006 60.6	5 24	49.2	24	1021.5	2	2 9999.	9	0	9.8	24	4.5	24	13	15.9)	66.9	51.1 0.21G	999.9	0
725107	4780 9/11/2	2006 55.2	2 24	40.6	24	1028.7	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	4.2	24	8.9	15	64.4*	46.4*	0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 9/12/2	2006 53.4	1 24	39.8	24	1026.2	. 2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	3.2	24	9.9	999.9	66.2*	39.2*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 9/13/2	2006 54.6	5 24	46.3	24	1020	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	2.6	24	8	999.9)	64.9	44.1 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780 9/14/2	2006 59.9	9 24	55.9	24	1018.2	2	2 9999.	9	0	8.9	24	2.3	24	7	999.9	66.2*	55.4*	0.41C	999.9	10000
725107	4780 9/15/2	2006 64.5	5 24	60.2	24	1019.5	2	1 9999.	9	0	9.2	24	2.8	24	8	999.9	71.6*	60.8*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 9/16/2	2006 65.2	2 24	57.7	24	1019.3	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	2.3	24	6	999.9)	79	53.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 9/17/2	2006 65.8	3 24	57.4	24	1015.1	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	1.4	24	6	999.9	80.6*	53.6*	0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780 9/18/2	2006 68.2	2 24	59.4	24	1011.8	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	3.4	24	9.9	15	;	81	53.1 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780 9/19/2	2006 69.5	5 24	61.6	24	1007.8	2	2 9999.	9	0	8.1	24	4.7	24	11.1	15	;	81	60.1 0.01G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 9/20/2	2006 64.6	5 24	52	24	1003.9	2	1 9999.	9	0	8.9	24	7.3	24	14	16.9	71.6*	55.4*	0.23G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 9/21/2	2006 56.2	2 24	39.2	24	1013.3	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	9.4	24	15.9	21	64.4*	46.4*	0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 9/22/2	2006 56	5 24	42.3	24	1021.6	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	5.3	24	9.9	15	;	69.1	44.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 9/23/2	2006 61.5	5 24	55.1	24	1014.7	1	9 9999.	9	0	8.4	24	5	24	8.9	14	69.8*	57.2*	0.18C	999.9	10000
725107	4780 9/24/	2006 69.5	5 24	62.2	24	1003.6	2	3 9999.	9	0	7.9	24	6.4	24	18.1	36.9	78.8*	62.6*	0.09B	999.9	10000
725107	4780 9/25/2	2006 59.9	9 24	48.6	24	1006.3	2	2 9999.	9	0	10	24	4.4	24	11.1	16.9)	66.9	51.1 0.01A	999.9	0
725107	4780 9/26/2	2006 56.3	3 24	44	24	1012.3	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	5.4	24	16.9	22	2	69.1	43 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 9/27/2	2006 55.3	3 24	43.4	24	1017.6	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	3	24	8	999.9	69.8*	41.0*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 9/28/2	2006 57.3	3 24	48	24	1014.1	2	3 9999.	9	0	8.9	21	3.9	24	13	19	71.6*	44.6*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 9/29/2	2006 58.8	3 24	52.8	24	1007.5	1	4 9999.	9	0	7.2	24	4.5	24	15.9	25.1	64.4*	51.8*	0.32B	999.9	10000
725107	4780 9/30/2	2006 51.4	1 24	38.3	24	1019.7	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	3.6	24	8.9	999.9)	64	37 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 10/1/2	2006 53.4	1 24	49.8	24	1020.7	2	0 9999.	9	0	8.4	24	1.6	24	7	999.9)	55.9	50 0.67C	999.9	10000
725107	4780 10/2/2	2006 56	5 24	47.9	24	1017.7	2	1 9999.	9	0	9.9	24	5.6	24	13	18.1		66	50 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 10/3/2	2006 57.6	5 24	48.7	24	1020.7	2	4 9999.	9	0	9.2	24	2.5	24	11.1	14		75.9	43 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780 10/4/2	2006 65.6	5 24	56.9	24	1017.4	. 2	1 9999.	9	0	8.2	24	4	24	12	15.9	78.8*	51.8*	0.01G	999.9	110000
725107	4780 10/5/2	2006 57.8	3 24	44.9	24	1018.5	2	2 9999.	9	0	9.8	24	9.7	24	16.9	26	69.8*	46.4*	0.02G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 10/6/2	2006 48.5	5 24	35.2	24	1030.3	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	4.5	24	8.9	19)	57	41 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 10/7/2	2006 48.8	3 24	38.8	24	1031.5	2	3 9999.	9	0	10	24	4	24	9.9	999.9	60.8*	39.2*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 10/8/	2006 52	2 24	37.8	24	1026.6	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	1.2	24	6	999.9)	73.9	37 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 10/9/2	2006 59.9	9 24	46.8	24	1019.3	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	4.2	24	11.1	15	;	79	44.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 ####	#### 57.4	1 24	47.8	24	1017.5	2	4 9999.	9	0	9.8	24	2.4	24	6	999.9)	68	48 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 ####	#### 53.1	1 24	47.2	24	1018.3	2	4 9999.	9	0	9.5	24	2.6	24	8	999.9)	59	46 0.02A	999.9	10000
725107	4780 ####	#### 60.4	1 24	56.1	24	1001.4	. 1	6 9999.	9	0	7.1	24	4.1	24	12	15.9	66.2*	55.4*	2.06G	999.9	10000

STN	WBAN YI	EARMOCTE	MP C	OUNT I	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	CC	DUNT W	/DSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST	MAX	MIN	PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780 #	######	48.6	24	30	24	1008.5	24	9999.	9	0	10	24	6.2	24	15	22.9	9	60.1	36 0.02G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 #	######	43.5	24	27.4	24	1010	24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	4.2	24	18.1	29.9	9	59	28.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 #	######	45.8	24	29.7	24	1014.7	24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	8	24	12	16.9	9 55.4*	39.2	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 #	######	44.8	24	30.6	24	1024.4	24	9999.	9	0	10	24	2.2	24	6	999.9	9 59.0*	33.8	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 #	######	43.2	24	38.2	24	1025.1	23	9999.	9	0	9.1	24	1.9	24	6	999.9	9 53.6*	35.6	* 0.26A	999.9	10000
725107	4780 #	######	54.5	24	49.2	24	1011.1	16	9999.	9	0	7.2	24	4.3	24	11.1	15.9	9	69.1	46.9 0.59G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 #	######	57.3	24	48.3	24	1010	23	9999.	9	0	10	24	2.5	24	8	999.9	9 66.2*	51.8	* 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780 #	######	58.7	24	55.6	24	1002.4	14	9999.	9	0	4.9	24	5.8	24	22.9	36.9	9 62.6*	48.2	* 0.07G	999.9	10010
725107	4780 #	######	45.5	21	28.4	21	1008	20	9999.	9	0	10	21	11.8	21	18.1	29.9	9	54	39 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 #	######	44.1	24	30.4	24	1015	24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	3.5	24	8.9	999.9	9	55.9	30 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780 #	######	48.1	24	40.7	24	1004.1	20	9999.	9	0	8.4	24	4	24	11.1	19	9 53.6*	44.6	* 0.02G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 #	######	44.4	24	32.2	24	1002.7	24	9999.	9	0	10	24	7.8	24	14	18.	1	48.9	41 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780 #	######	44.5	24	31.9	24	1006.6	23	9999.	9	0	9.7	24	10.1	24	18.1	2	7	53.1	39 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 #	######	43	23	29.4	23	1015	23	9999.	9	0	10	23	8.7	23	14	22	2	48.9	37.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 #	######	40	24	26.9	24	1020.1	24	9999.	9	0	10	24	2.7	24	7	999.9	9	54	28 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 #	######	48.6	23	45.2	23	1005.7	14	9999.	9	0	5.6	23	6.4	23	18.1	30.9	9 62.6*	37.4	* 0.57G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 #	######	46.4	24	28.2	24	992.6	24	9999.	9	0	10	24	14.1	24	22.9	37.9	9 51.8*	44.6	* 1.61G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 #	######	48.7	24	24.8	24	1009.5	24	9999.	9	0	10	24	12.6	24	21	32.	1	55.9	42.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 #	######	49	24	34.6	24	1013.9	24	9999.	9	0	10	24	2.3	24	13	2	1	73	33.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 1	1/1/2006	58.4	24	43.1	24	1012.9	23	9999.	9	0	9.1	24	4.7	24	9.9	16.9	9	66	48 0.05G	999.9	110000
725107	4780 1	1/2/2006	45.1	23	34.7	23	1013.6	2	1 9999.	9	0	9.2	23	4.1	23	12	999.9	9 50.0*	35.6	* 0.07G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 1	1/3/2006	35.8	24	23.7	24	1020.6	24	9999.	9	0	10	24	5.5	24	15	2	1 44.6*	26.6	* 0.21G	999.9	0
725107	4780 1	1/4/2006	36	24	22.8	24	1029.3	24	9999.	9	0	10	24	5	24	12	15.9	9	46.9	28.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 1	1/5/2006	37.1	24	23.6	24	1033.2	24	9999.	9	0	10	24	2.7	24	8	999.9	9 46.4*	26.6	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 1	1/6/2006	41.8	24	26.8	24	1029.7	24	9999.	9	0	10	24	1.3	24	6	999.9	9	57.9	28 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 1	1/7/2006	41.5	24	33	24	1026.2	24	9999.	9	0	9	24	2.7	24	9.9	14	4 57.2*	30.2	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 1	1/8/2006	50.4	24	47.8	24	1012.9	18	9999.	9	0	4.5	24	0.8	24	6	999.9	9 55.4*	48.2	* 0.17G	999.9	10000
725107		1/9/2006	58.6	24	52.5	24	998.4	18	9999.	9	0	7	24	5.5	24	12	999.9	9	69.1	53.1 2.03G	999.9	10000
725107		######	54.4	24	40.6	24	1007.4	24			0	10	24	7.3	24	15.9	2	1 60.8*	44.6	* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 #	######	48	24	39.2	24	1016	24	9999.	9	0	10	24	3.9	24	11.1	19	9	64.9	34 0.001	999.9	0
725107		######	54.6	24	51.9							4.5	24	3.2	24			9 57.2*	51.8		999.9	10000
725107		######	48.5	24	46.6							2.9	24	5.4	24			9	53.1	46 1.15G	999.9	10000
725107		######	51.6	23	48.9						0	6.2	23	4.3	23				55.9	50 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107		######	53.5	24	49.6	24			7 9999.	9	0	7	24	1.6	24	8	999.9	9 60.8*	44.6		999.9	100000
725107		######	58.3	24	55.9	24						4.5	24	2.3	24			0 66.2*	55.4		999.9	10000
725107		######	64.2	19	56.1	19					0	8.5	19	10.6	19			7 66.2*	60.8		999.9	10000
725107		######	43.6	20	33.3						0	10	20	3	20			9 50.0*	35.6		999.9	0
725107		######	41.4	24	31.8						0	10	24	3.2	24				46	36 0.001	999.9	0
725107		#######	39.1	24	25.9			23			0	10	24	6.1	24			9 42.8*	33.8		999.9	0
725107		#######	32.2	24	20.6						0	10	24	2.7	24		999.9		43	23 0.001	999.9	0
725107		######	32.8	24	25.2						0	10	24	2.8	24		999.9		43	23 0.001	999.9	0
725107		#######	38.4	24	28.5			22				9.6	24	6.9	24			9 42.8*	35.6		999.9	10000
725107	4780 #	#######	44.2	24	28.7	24	1018.6	2	1 9999.	9	0	9.3	24	6.2	24	14	. 20	0 57.2*	33.8	* 0.81G	999.9	10000

STN	WBAN	YEARMOD	TEMP	COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	COL	JNT WD	OSP C	OUNT	MXSPD	GUST MAX	MIN	PRCP	SNDP F	RSHTT
725107	4780	########	35.2	24	26.2	24	1029) 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	2.1	24	4 6	999.9	48	26.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	39.9	23			1026.7	7 21	9999.9	9	0	8.7	23	2.5	23	3 8	999.9 57.2*	28.4*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	50.7	24	39.7	24	1024.8	3 24	9999.9	9	0	9.6	24	2.7	24	4 8.9	999.9 64.4*	37.4*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	44.8	24	39.9	24	1028	3 19	9999.9	9	0	6.7	24	3.7	24	4 8	999.9 53.6*	37.4*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	39.5	21	37.7	21	1030.8	3 15	9999.9	9	0	5.3	21	1.6	2	1 7	999.9 48.2*	37.4*	0.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	62.3	12	54.2	. 12	1018.7	7 8	9999.9	9	0	9.8	12	8.3	12	2 15.9	23.9 64.4*	57.2*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	12/1/2006	63.9	23	56.9	23	1009.3	3 22	9999.9	9	0	9.7	23	9.2	23	3 15.9	27 66.2*	60.8*	0.10C	999.9	10000
725107	4780	12/2/2006	48.4	24	31.4	. 24	1011.7	7 22	9999.9	9	0	10	24	13.9	24	4 25.1	36.9	66.9	37.9 0.20G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	12/3/2006	37.6	24	20.1	24	1026.7	7 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	6.2	24	4 18.1	23.9 46.4*	28.4*	0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	12/4/2006	35.4	24	20.1	24	1017.6	5 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	8.5	24	4 20	29.9	39	30 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780	12/5/2006	27.4	24	14.3	24	1021.2	2 24	9999.9	9	0	9.7	24	4	24	4 11.1	16.9	34	21 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	4780	12/6/2006	27.9	22	17.5	22	1026.2	2 22	9999.9	9	0	9.9	22	3.6	22	2 12	25.1 39.2*	17.6*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	12/7/2006	43.4	24	31.5	24	1013.4	1 24	9999.9	9	0	9.8	24	4.6	24	4 13	3 15	52	34 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	12/8/2006	23.8	24	9.7	24	1013.9) 23	9999.9	9	0	9.4	24	14.7	24	4 22.9	32.1	41	17.1 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	4780	12/9/2006	28.1	24	13.2	24	1023.5	5 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	5	24	4 9.9	15.9 37.4*	19.4*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	39.8	24	15.7	24	1021.6	5 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	5.1	24	4 9.9	16.9 50.0*	33.8*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	34.7	23	26.3	23	1027	7 23	9999.9	9	0	9.9	23	1.6	23	3 8	999.9	46.9	26.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	33.5	23	26.7	23	1036.3	3 21	9999.	9	0	9.1	23	1.2	23	3 6	999.9	44.1	24.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	39.1	24	34.2	24	1029.1	18	9999.9	9	0	8.3	24	1.5	24	4 7	999.9	48	30 0.11A	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	46.8	24	39	24	1016.2	2 14	9999.9	9	0	7.7	24	4.2	24	4 8.9	999.9 57.2*	33.8*	99.99	999.9	111000
725107	4780	########	46.6	24	40.5	24	1008.1	18	9999.9	9	0	7.3	24	4	24	4 8.9	15.9	53.1	37 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	43.8	24	33.8	24	1011.7	7 23	9999.9	9	0	8.6	24	7.5	24	4 18.1	25.1 50.0*	35.6*	0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	42	24	28.5	24	1017.8	3 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.2	24	4 8	3 14	54	30 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	48.6	24	33.3	24	1015.3	3 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.8	24	4 8.9) 15	54	41 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	36.8	24	18.6	24	1021.5	5 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	6.6	24	4 16.9	23.9	44.1	27 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	30.3	24	20.5	24	1027.3	3 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.2	24	4 8.9	999.9 41.0*	19.4*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	41.3	24	18.7	24	1022	2 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	6	24	4 16.9	23.9 51.8*	35.6*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	33.1	23	22	23	1029.4	1 23	9999.9	9	0	10	23	1.6	23	3 7	999.9	42.1	21 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	41.6	24	38.7	24	1015.2	2 13	9999.9	9	0	4.9	24	2.6	24	4 9.9	21	50	36 0.55G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	44.8	24	30.3	24	1010.1	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	9.1	24	4 21	36.9	48.9	39.9 0.24G	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	39	24	26.3	24	1020.7	7 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	2.9	24	4 8	999.9	46	27 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	39.8	24	36.6	24	1004.2	2 15	9999.9	9	0	5.6	24	1.8	24	4 5.1	999.9 46.4*	35.6*	0.63G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	37.5	24	27.7	24	1005.2	2 21	9999.	9	0	9.7	24	8.2	24	4 15	5 19	44.1	33.1 0.02G	999.9	1000
725107	4780	########	35.4	24	22.8	24	1023	3 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	5.9	24	4 13	3 20 42.8*	28.4*	0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	28.3	24	14	24	1035.6	5 24	9999.9	9	0	9	24	4.8	24	4 13	3 18.1	34	23 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	27.4	21	14.5	21	1034.4	1 20	9999.9	9	0	10	21	2.4	2	1 8.9	999.9	36	19.9 0.01A	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	30.9	24	19.1	24	1028.9) 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	5.7	24	4 13	16.9	39.9	24.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	1/1/2007	31.2	24	27.9	24	1022.1	13	9999.9	9	0	5.4	24	0.7	24	4 4.1	999.9 35.6*	24.8*	0.21G	999.9	111000
725107	4780	1/2/2007	39.4	24	28.8	24	1011.4	1 20	9999.9	9	0	8.7	24	8.3	24	4 18.1	28.9 44.6*	35.6*	0.53G	999.9	10000
725107			36.3	23					9999.9	9	0	10	23	3.5	23	3 11.1		51.1	23 0.04G	999.9	0
725107			45.7	24		24				•	0	10	24	3	24	4 8		55.9	33.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107			53.7	24							0	10	24	5.7	24					999.9	10000
725107	4780	1/6/2007	61.8	24	55.3	24	1004.5	5 19	9999.9	9	0	9.2	24	7.9	24	4 15.9	25.1 69.8*	55.4*	0.05G	999.9	10000

STN	WBAN	YEARMOD	TEMP	COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	C	N TNUC	VDSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST M	AX MI	N PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780	1/7/2007	45.3	24	27.3	24	1020	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	7.7	24	20	33 5	5.4* 37	.4* 0.16G	999.9	0
725107	4780	1/8/2007	40.7	24	35.2	24	1008	20	9999.9	9	0	7.5	24	3.7	24	13	3 18.1	46.9	37.9 0.37G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	1/9/2007	36.6	24	19.9	24	1005.4	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	9	24	14	25.1	42.1	32 0.44G	999.9	0
725107	4780	1/10/2007	30.1	24	13.9	24	1013.1	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	8.6	24	21	28.9	36	24.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	1/11/2007	24.4	23	8	23	1031.8	22	9999.9	9	0	10	23	6.6	23	15.9	25.1 3	3.8* 15	.8* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	1/12/2007	38.5	24	22.1	24	1026.6	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	7	24	14	23.9 4	30 30	.2* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	1/13/2007	42.1	24	34.8	24	1020.9	23	9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.2	24	12	999.9 5	1.8* 33	.8* 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	1/14/2007	32.7	24	28.3	24	1026.4	15	9999.9	9	0	5.5	24	1.7	24	5.1	999.9 3	7.4* 30	.2* 0.01G	999.9	110000
725107	4780	1/15/2007	32.9	24	30	24	1019.4	15	9999.9	9	0	6	24	2	24	7	999.9	34	30 0.26G	999.9	110000
725107	4780	1/16/2007	30.9	24	23.9	24	1010.6	18	9999.9	9	0	8.4	24	7.2	24	15	22 3	9.2* 21	.2* 0.55G	999.9	111000
725107	4780	1/17/2007	13.2	24	-0.8	24	1032.5	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	9.2	24	15.9	22.9	21	5 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	1/18/2007	19.1	22	9.6	22	1037.3	2	9999.9	9	0	10	22	3.1	22	11.1	18.1	34	9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	1/19/2007	32.6	24	27.6	24	1007.3	17	7 9999.9	9	0	6.7	24	5.4	24	14	21 3	7.4* 28	.4* 0.10G	999.9	101000
725107	4780	1/20/2007	26	24	13.3	24	1006.6	22	9999.9	9	0	8.9	24	13	24	22.9	32.1	32	17.1 0.00G	999.9	1000
725107	4780	1/21/2007	15.7	24	-2.1	24	1023.6	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	9.3	24	15	5 25.1 2	4.8* 10	.4* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	1/22/2007	20.2	24	. 6	24	1017.4	24	9999.9	9	0	9.3	24	1.8	24	8	999.9	23	18 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	4780	1/23/2007	23.7	22	15.1	22	1009.8	2	9999.9	9	0	8.4	22	2.6	22	8	999.9	34	16 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	4780	1/24/2007	28.4	22	16.5	22	1012.3	22	9999.9	9	0	10	22	5.6	22		19	37.9	17.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	1/25/2007	21.3	24	7.8	24	1010.4	2	9999.9	9	0	10	24	5.5	24	14	21 2	3.4* 12	.2* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	1/26/2007	5.9	23	-11.4	23	1010.7	23	9999.9	9	0	10	23	11.1	23	20	29.9 1	2.2* -0.	4* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	1/27/2007	11.4	24		. 24	1010.7	24	9999.9	9	0	9.1	24	4.2	24	11.1	16.9 2	4.8* 3.2	2* 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	4780	1/28/2007	27.6	24	. 17	. 24	1004.4	24	9999.9	9	0	8.6	24	3	24	11.1	999.9	37.9	15.1 0.01G	999.9	1000
725107	4780	1/29/2007	23	24	. 6	5 24	1006.4	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	8.5	24	15	5 25.1	32	14 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	1/30/2007	20	24	4.4	. 24	1012.9	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	4.9	24	15		28.9	12 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	1/31/2007	19.8	24	7.1	24	1012.9	24	9999.9	9	0	9.4	24	4.5	24	18.1	25.1 3	0.2* 8.6	5* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	2/1/2007	25.1	24	9.7	. 24	1017	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	4.3	24	9.9	16.9 3	5.6* 15	.8* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	2/2/2007	26.8	23	19.2	23	1009.3	23	9999.9	9	0	9.2	23	1.3	23	4.1		37	18 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	2/3/2007	27.3	24	15.1	24	1006.6	18	9999.9	9	0	7	24	8.6	24	22.9	34 3	3.8* 21	.2* 0.15G	999.9	111000
725107	4780	2/4/2007	18.1	23	-5	23	1013.5	23	9999.9	9	0	10	23	7.9	23	15	5 22	23	12.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	2/5/2007	10.2	23	-9.9	23	1013.8	23	9999.9	9	0	10	23	11.1	23	22.9	37.9	16	5 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	2/6/2007	15.8	23	-1.7	23	1015	23	9999.9	9	0	10	23	12.7	23	18.1	28	23	12 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	2/7/2007	13.6	24	-3.4	. 24	1012	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	9.6	24	16.9	26 2	1.2* 5.0	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	2/8/2007	17.3	24	. 2	24	1008.6	23	9999.9	9	0	9.7	24	7.4	24	18.1	28.9	25	10.9 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	4780	2/9/2007	20.4	23	3.2	23	1007.2	23	9999.9	9	0	10	23	10.3	23	16.9	26	26.1	15.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	2/10/2007	19.9	24	4.8	24	1012.7	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	5.5	24	14	22	32	9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	2/11/2007	23.4	23	6.1	23	1019.7	23	9999.9	9	0	10	23	3.3	23	8.9	999.9	48	7 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	2/12/2007	36.6	11	5.8	11	1018.8	1	9999.9	9	0	10	11	4.6	11	15.9	23.9	45	19 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	2/13/2007	18	10	-12.5	10	9999.9	(9999.9	9	0	10	10	7.9	10	12	999.9 2	1.2* 10	.4* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	2/14/2007	15.8	24	6.6	24	1007.6	10	9999.9	9	0	3	24	7.5	24	15	22 23	3.0* 10	.4* 0.21G	999.9	101000
725107		2/15/2007	14.2	24			998.1	19	9999.9	9	0	5.5	24	17.4	24	28.9			s* 0.76G	999.9	101000
725107	4780	2/16/2007	16.3	24	0.5	24	1001.4	24	9999.9	9	0	9.9	24	13.3	24	21	35 2	4.8* 8.6	s* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107		2/17/2007	24.6	24				24			0	10	24	9.5	24			34	18 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	2/18/2007	25.5	16	11.3	16	1003.1	16	9999.9	9	0	9.7	16	7.1	16			30.9	12.9 0.00A	999.9	0

STN	WBAN YE	ARMOCTEM	1P C	OUNT [DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	C	OUNT \	WDSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST MAX	X MIN	PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780 2/1	9/2007	13.1	23	-6.7	23	1010.3	3 23	9999.9	9	0	10	23	14.5	23	19	28.9 23.0	* 3.2*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 2/2	0/2007	28.5	24	9	24	1009.3	3 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.5	24	8.9	999.9	46	14 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 2/2	1/2007	34.5	23	22.8	23	1006.8	3 23	9999.9	9	0	9.2	23	4.5	23	14	21 42.8	* 26.6*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 2/2	2/2007	27.8	23	19.3	23	1009.3	3 23	9999.9	9	0	9.4	23	1.7	23	7	999.9 39.2	* 17.6*	99.9	9 999.9	10000
725107	4780 2/2	3/2007	29.8	24	20.5	24	1005.8	3 16	9999.9	9	0	5.8	24	9.2	24	22.9	34 33.8	* 23.0*	0.17G	999.9	1000
725107	4780 2/2	4/2007	20.7	24	4.8	24	1012.4	1 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	12.7	24	20	26 33.8	* 10.4*	0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 2/2	5/2007	29.4	22	12.2	22	1018	3 22	9999.9	9	0	10	22	7.1	22	13	20 42.8	* 19.4*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 2/2	6/2007	30.2	24	19.3	24	1011.4	1 18	9999.9	9	0	8.4	24	3.1	24	8	999.9	35.1	26.1 0.03B	999.9	1000
725107	4780 2/2	7/2007	32.8	23	25.2	23	1012.6	6 2°	1 9999.9	9	0	9	23	0.9	23	5.1	999.9 39.2	* 28.4*	0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	4780 2/2	8/2007	35.8	22	23.7	22	1015.8	3 22	9999.9	9	0	10	22	3.8	22	8.9	15.9 44.6	* 26.6*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 3/	1/2007	30.4	24	9.3	24	1020.7	7 24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.1	24	7	999.9	41	18 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 3/	2/2007	34.3	24	27.8	24	1014.1	12	9999.9	9	0	4.8	24	4.5	24	9.9	15 37.4	* 28.4*	0.45G	999.9	111000
725107	4780 3/	3/2007	36.8	24	28.1	24	1003.3	3 20	9999.9	9	0	7.2	24	3.7	24	18.1	23.9 53.6	* 24.8*	1.38G	999.9	110000
725107	4780 3/	4/2007	33	24	21.6	24	1001.9) 24	4 9999.9	9	0	9.7	24	8.7	24	16.9	28	37	28 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 3/	5/2007	28.9	23	14.4	23	1003.9) 2'	1 9999.9	9	0	9.6	23	10.9	23	23.9	39	36	25 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	4780 3/	6/2007	10.7	23	-8.6	23	1015.9) 22	2 9999.9	9	0	9.7	23	18.3	23	25.1	42 24.8	* 1.4*	0.00H	999.9	1000
725107		7/2007	9.9	24	-11.4	24					0	10	24	7.4	24	14	_	* 1.4*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 3/	8/2007	14	22	-2.3	22	1020.2	2 22	2 9999.9	9	0	10	22	8.4	22	25.1	36.9	23	5 0.001	999.9	0
725107		9/2007	14.2	23	-9.9	23					0	10	23	5.9	23	12			0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 3/1	0/2007	33.7	24	21.4	24			3 9999.9	9	0	10	24	6.5		13	22.9	48.9	21.9 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 3/1	1/2007	43.8	22	33	22	1019.9) 22	2 9999.9	9	0	8.7	22	7.9	22	16.9	22	50	37 0.30G	999.9	10000
725107			41.1	24	20.7	24					0	10	24	4.3	24	11.1		54	28 0.00G	999.9	0
725107			43.6	23	26	23	1020.1	23			0	10	23	3.1	23		18.1 59.0		0.001	999.9	0
725107			54.7	24	38	24						9.4	24	5.6				72	35.1 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107			48	24	42.5	24						7.2	24	4.5				63	39 0.04G	999.9	10000
725107			28.3	23	13.8	23						7.1	23	7.6					0.09G	999.9	101000
725107			25.6	21	20.8	21					0	4.4	21	9.7	21	15			1.33G	999.9	111000
725107			26	20	10.8	20						9.7	20	12.3					0.02G	999.9	1000
725107			30.8	20	10.5	20						9.7	20	7.9				37.9	23 0.00G	999.9	1000
725107			36.3	24	21.3	24					0	9.1	24	11.4				39.9	30 0.04G	999.9	11000
725107			26.8	24	-0.6	24					0	10	24	5.9					0.00G	999.9	0
725107			43.7	23	31.8	23					0	10	23	8.9					0.001	999.9	0
725107			51.3	24	34	24						9.3	23	8.5					0.01G	999.9	10000
725107			40	23	23.9	23					0	10	23	3.1	23					999.9	0
725107			38.2	23	31.3	23						8.1	23	2.5				46.9	32 0.31G	999.9	11000
725107			36.3	24	30.9	24						8.8	24	3.2				45	27 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107			51	24	43.3	24						9.3	24	4.9					0.15G	999.9	10000
725107			48.4	24	26.6	24					_	9.9	24	10					0.01G	999.9	0
725107			40.4	23	4	23					0	10	23	15					0.00G	999.9	0
725107			44.5	24	11.1	24					0	10	24	8.9				59 * 33.0*	28 0.001	999.9	0
725107			43.7	23	8.8	23					0	10	23	6	_				0.001	999.9	0
725107		1/2007	41.9	21	13.1	21					0	10	21	4.2				60.1	26.1 0.00A	999.9	40000
725107	4780 4/	2/2007	38.8	24	35.6	24	1017.7	7 17	7 9999.9	ð	0	5.6	24	3.8	24	11.1	16.9	50	37 0.23G	999.9	10000

STN	WBAN	YEARMOD	TEMP	COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	COU	NT W	DSP CO	UNT	MXSPD	GUST MAX	MIN	I PRCP	SNDP F	RSHTT
725107	4780	4/3/2007	38.9	23	36.5	23	1021.2	2 15	9999.9	9	0	6.1	23	3.3	23	8	999.9 41.0*	37.4	1* 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/4/2007	34.5	24	30.1	24	1018.2	2 18	9999.9	9	0	7.7	24	4.3	24	12	18.1	37	33.1 0.01G	999.9	11000
725107	4780	4/5/2007	34.2	23	26.7	23	1002.3	3 18	9999.9	9	0	7.3	23	9.6	23	19	26 37.4*	30.2	2* 1.08G	999.9	111000
725107	4780	4/6/2007	29.4	23	14.2	23	1005.4	1 23	9999.9)	0	10	23	10.1	23	16.9	28	35.1	24.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/7/2007	32.3	24	14.1	24	1005.2	2 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	5.5	24	11.1	16.9	39.9	23 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/8/2007	31.7	22	13.9	22	1005.9) 22	9999.9)	0	10	22	10	22	21	28	39.9	25 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/9/2007	37.5	22	19.5	22	1010) 22	9999.9)	0	10	22	12.1	22	18.1	26	46.9	32 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/10/2007	36.8	24	20.5	24	1014.3	3 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	8.1	24	13	21	43	32 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/11/2007	39.8	23	20.8	23	1020.2	2 23	9999.9	9	0	10	23	3.2	23	7	999.9 51.8*	24.8	3* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/12/2007	38.3	23	28.2	23	1018.2	2 17	9999.9)	0	7.8	23	5	23	11.1	19 42.8*	33.8	3* 0.20A	999.9	11000
725107	4780	4/13/2007	38.3	24	30.1	24	1005.2	2 21	9999.9	9	0	9.8	24	8	24	16.9	28	46.9	33.1 0.90G	999.9	1000
725107	4780	4/14/2007	42.2	24	28.5	24	1012.3	3 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	8.6	24	15	20	50	35.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/15/2007	36	24	31.1	24	1014.6	5 17	9999.9	9	0	6.8	24	2.6	24	8.9	15	45	32 1.25C	999.9	11000
725107	4780	4/16/2007	45	24	41.2	24	988.8	3 10	9999.9)	0	5.7	24	9.9	24	19	35.9 50.0*	37.4	1* 3.16G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/17/2007	38.8	24	35.4	24	997.6	3 18	9999.9)	0	5.6	24	9.9	24	14	22.9 42.8*	35.6	6* 0.39G	999.9	11000
725107	4780	4/18/2007	40.6	24	37	24	1007.9) 14	9999.9)	0	5.2	24	7.1	24	13	21 44.6*	37.4	1* 0.44G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/19/2007	47.6	23	30.8	23	1013.1	20	9999.9)	0	8.4	23	5.8	23	12	22 60.8*	39.2	2* 0.05G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/20/2007	51.1	24	20.1	24	1017.3	3 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	5.2	24	12	18.1 69.8*	30.2	2* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/21/2007	56.4	23	26.3	23	1018.3	3 23	9999.9)	0	10	23	5.9	23	15	21	73.9	35.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/22/2007	58.9	23	27.9	23	1021.2	2 23	9999.9	9	0	10	23	3	23	8	15 75.2*	37.4	1* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/23/2007	69.5	24	30.9	24	1015.7	7 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	7.6	24	16.9	27	86	48 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/24/2007	66.9	23	40.6	23	1009.7	7 23	9999.9	9	0	10	23	9.9	23	15	25.1 73.4*	62.6	6* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/25/2007	49	24	33	24	1018.1	23	9999.9	9	0	9.6	24	2.8	24	8	999.9	59	39.9 0.15B	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/26/2007	49.4	22	31.1	22	1020.9) 21	9999.9	9	0	9	22	3.8	22	9.9	15.9	64	33.1 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/27/2007	47.5	24	41.4	24	1016.4	19	9999.9	9	0	7.1	24	3.7	24	8	14	57.9	44.1 0.52G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/28/2007	54.5	24	45.7	24	1007.1	17	9999.9	9	0	6.9	24	3.8	24	9.9	15	71.1	44.1 0.07G	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/29/2007	52.5	24	47.7	24	1007.2	2 20	9999.9	9	0	7.7	24	1.9	24	6	999.9	60.1	50 0.01G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/30/2007	55.1	23	42.4	23	1005.9) 21	9999.9	9	0	6.9	23	6.7	23	21	33	71.1	44.1 0.06G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/1/2007	55.7	24	27.7	24	1012.2	2 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	8.6	24	13	19	69.1	43 0.03G	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/2/2007	54.8	21	35.7	21	1011.7	7 21	9999.9	9	0	9.8	21	4.9	21	15.9	25.1 64.4*	46.4	1* 0.11G	999.9	10000
725107	4780		62.4	10	15.8	10	1020) 10	9999.9	9	0	10	10	14.1	10	19		66	50 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/4/2007	52.6	23	23.7	23	1021.6	5 22	9999.9	9	0	10	23	10.2	23	20	29.9 64.4*	35.6	6* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107			52.9	24		24	1020.1				0	10	24	6.4	24	15		66.9	36 0.00I	999.9	0
725107			50.6	24		24			9999.9		0	10	24	8.1	24			59	44.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107			52.3	23		23	1030.5				0	10	23	2.7	23			35.6		999.9	0
725107			63.2	24			1022.3				0	9.9	24	5.1	24	11.1		81	46 0.00I	999.9	0
725107			71.4	24		24	1017.3		9999.9		0	10	24	5.2	24			89.1	55.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107		5/10/2007	73.9	23	58.1	23	1014.5		9999.9		0	10	23	4.5	23	15		62.6		999.9	10010
725107		5/11/2007	68.1	23			1011.6				0	9.4	23	2.8	23		999.9 75.2*	60.8		999.9	10010
725107		5/12/2007	63.5	23			1014.3			9	0	10	23	5.8	23			73	54 0.00I	999.9	0
725107		5/13/2007	55.3	23			1018.6				0	10	23	7.3	23			44.6		999.9	0
725107		5/14/2007	55.9	23			1022.7				0	10	23	6.2	23			72	37 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/15/2007	64.2	24	40.3	24	1012.6	§ 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	7.7	24	15	21	82.9	54 0.01B	999.9	10000

STN	WBAN	YEARMOD	ТЕМР С	COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	СО	UNT W	DSP (COUNT	MXSPD	GUST M	MII MII	N PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780	5/16/2007	59.8	24	55.4	24	1006.3	12	2 9999.	9	0	4.6	24	4.7	24	21	27 7	3.4* 46.	4* 0.14G	999.9	110010
725107	4780	5/17/2007	47.1	24	43.6	24	1018.6	17	7 9999.	9	0	8.2	24	2.9	24	5.1	999.9	50	45 1.72G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/18/2007	44	24	39.1	24	1024.3	14	4 9999.	9	0	9.8	24	5.5	24	9.9	15.9	48.9	42.1 0.06G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/19/2007	47.4	24	44.2	24	1015.6	1;	3 9999.	9	0	4.4	24	4.6	24	8.9	14 5	5.4* 42.	8* 0.53G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/20/2007	55.5	24	52.3	24	1006.3	17	7 9999.	9	0	7	24	3.3	24	15.9	25.1 6	4.4* 51.	8* 0.31G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	5/21/2007	56	24	42.6	24	1014.9	22	2 9999.	9	0	10	24	7.4	24	14	20	64.9	48 0.86G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/22/2007	57	24	34.6	24	1025.6	24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	2.2	24	6	14 7	1.6* 39.	2* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/23/2007	59.9	23	42.8	23	1029.4	23	3 9999.	9	0	10	23	2.9	23	9.9	14	77	44.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/24/2007	69.4	24	50.4	24	1026.8	24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	3	24	9.9	14 8	9.6* 51.	8* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/25/2007	78.3	23	52.8	23	1020.3	23	3 9999.	9	0	9	23	6.4	23	11.1	15	91.9	64.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/26/2007	75.7	23	51	23	1017.1	23	3 9999.	9	0	8.5	23	7.5	23	13	20 8	4.2* 68.	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/27/2007	68.9	23	48.6	23	1020.5	23	3 9999.	9	0	10	23	3.3	23	13	16.9 8	0.6* 60.	8* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/28/2007	69.3	23	51.5	23	1017.5	23	3 9999.	9	0	9.7	23	5.9	23	15	22 8	2.4* 59.	0.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/29/2007	64.9	24	44.5	24	1021.2	24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	7.2	24	13	20	78.1	50 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/30/2007	66.7	23	45.9	23	1021.7	23	3 9999.	9	0	9.9	23	3.1	23	8.9	999.9 8	2.4* 51.	8* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/31/2007	65.8	24	55.6	24	1020.2	22	2 9999.	9	0	9.5	24	2.5	24	6	999.9	78.1	60.1 0.07G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	6/1/2007	69.8	23	58.1	23	1016.1	19	9999.	9	0	8.4	23	5.6	23	18.1	23.9 8	9.6* 59.	0* 0.13G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	6/2/2007	73.8	23	61.2	23	1012.8	23	3 9999.	9	0	6.7	23	4	23	7	999.9 8	7.8* 64.	4* 0.06G	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/3/2007	64.3	24	59.5	24	1011.1	12	2 9999.	9	0	3.8	24	2.6	24	7	999.9	81	53.1 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/4/2007	53.4	24	50.9	24	1005.7	1	1 9999.	9	0	3.3	24	5.1	24	8.9	15	59	50 0.32G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/5/2007	63.6	19	57.7	19	998.1	12	2 9999.	9	0	7.9	19	2.7	19	13		81	55 0.70G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	6/14/2007	59.8	9	48.4	. 9	9999.9	(9999.	9	0	10	9	5.5	9	8	999.9	61	57 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/15/2007	60.4	24	48.5	24	1019.2	20	9999.	9	0	9.4	24	3.9	24	8.9	999.9	75	46.9 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/16/2007	66.6	24	53.4	. 24	1015.4	23	3 9999.	9	0	10	24	3.7	24	15	20	81	53.1 0.00I	999.9	10
725107	4780	6/17/2007	72.1	23	58.5	23	1011.3	23	3 9999.	9	0	10	23	5.9	23	12	16.9	84.9	62.1 99.99	999.9	10000
725107		6/18/2007	70.4	23	52.3	23					0	10	23	3.5	23	9.9		82	55 0.00A	999.9	0
725107		6/19/2007	72.7	24	57		1016.9	24			0	10	24	3.9	24	13		86	62.1 0.00I	999.9	
725107		6/20/2007	72.1	23	59.5	23					0	9.2	23	4.5	23	11.1	22	79	66.9 0.07B	999.9	
725107		6/21/2007	68.2	24	51						0	10	24	6.6	24	13				999.9	
725107		6/22/2007	61.9	24	52.6	24		22			0	9.6	24	9.3	24	18.1				999.9	
725107		6/23/2007	59.9	21	44.3			2			0	10	21	9.6	21	16.9		1.6* 51.		999.9	
725107		6/24/2007	63.8	24	44.6			24			0	10	24	5.9	24			77	51.1 0.00G	999.9	
725107		6/25/2007	73.8	24	55.9			24			0	10	24	4.3	24			88	60.1 0.00I	999.9	
725107		6/26/2007	79.5	23	62.8			23			0	8.5	23	4.6	23					999.9	
725107		6/27/2007	84.5	24	66.9						0	5.5	24	6.5	24		22.9	93.9	75 0.00H	999.9	
725107		6/28/2007	79.8	24	65.4						0	8.9	24	5.5	24	13		89.1	73 0.00A	999.9	
725107		6/29/2007	69.8	24	47.2						0	10	24	6.8	24			82	62.1 0.00I	999.9	
725107		6/30/2007	67	24	47.6						0	10	24	6.2	24					999.9	
725107		7/1/2007	62.8	24	46.3						0	10	24	6.4	24			71.1	52 0.03G	999.9	
725107			60.4	23	44.6						0	9.8	23	7.6	23	15.9				999.9	
725107			65.2	24	44.8						0	10	24	4	24	8		79	52 0.02G	999.9	
725107			65.4	24	52.2						0	10	24	4.3	24			79	53.1 0.00G	999.9	
725107	4780	7/5/2007	70.6	24	62.3	24	1013.2	16	9999.	9	0	8.2	24	6.6	24	11.1	20	84.9	62.1 0.69G	999.9	10010

STN	WBAN	YEARMOD	TEMP (COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	COUNT	WDSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST MAX	MIN	PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780	7/6/2007	71.9	24	62.6	24	1009.2	23	9999.9) (0 7	.5 2	4 4.	2 24	9.9	16.9	84	66 0.34G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	7/7/2007	69.9	24	56.4	24	1010.4	. 24	9999.9) (0	10 2	4 5.	6 24	1 14	1 22	81	59 0.04G	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/8/2007	74.8	24	59.2	24	1008.1	23	9999.9) (0 9	.3 2	4 5.	5 24	4 13	3 21	88	66 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/9/2007	68.9	24	63.7	24	1012.3	15	9999.9) (0 7	.5 2	4 3.	2 24	16.9	27 84.2	* 62.6*	* 0.55G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	7/10/2007	73.1	24	66.4	24	1013.7	' 18	9999.9) (0 5	.4 2	4 3.	6 24	4 8	3 20 87.8	* 64.4*	* 0.16G	999.9	100000
725107	4780	7/11/2007	75.6	24	67.7	24	1010.4	. 18	9999.9) (0	7 2	4 5.	4 24	18.1	22.9 84.2	* 66.2*	* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/12/2007	73.4	24	59.2	24	1008.3	20	9999.9) (0 9	.7 2	4 6.	1 24	9.9	9 18.1	81	64 0.10G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/13/2007	69.3	24	53.6	24	1011.7	23	9999.9) (0 9	.7 2	4 4.	4 24	4 13	3 20 82.4	* 55.4*	* 0.00G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	7/14/2007	69.3	23	55.3	23	1013.5	23	9999.9) (0 9	.9 2	3 2.	9 23	8.9	9 15	82	57.9 0.14G	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/15/2007	73	24	62.8	24	1010.4	- 20	9999.9) (0 7	.7 2	4 6.	3 24	4 23.9	33 87.8	* 64.4*	* 0.00G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	7/16/2007	71.8	24	57.1	24	1013.6	23	9999.9) (0 8	.9 2	4 3.	7 24	4 8	999.9 82.4	* 62.6*	* 0.63G	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/17/2007	71.8	23	54.9	23	1016.6	23	9999.9) (0 .	10 2	3 2.	7 23	3 7	7 999.9	84.9	62.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/18/2007	69.4	24	63.1	24	1016.1	19	9999.9) (0 6	.6 2	4	2 24	4 8	999.9 73.4	* 66.2*	* 0.02G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/19/2007	69.9	24	65.4	24	1008.6	13	9999.9) (0 5	.1 2	4 2.	1 24	4 7	7 999.9 75.2	* 62.6*	* 0.15G	999.9	110000
725107	4780	7/20/2007	72.7	24	62.9	24	1005.2	! 18	9999.9) (0 5	.8 2	4 5.	5 24	1 14	1 22	81	68 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/21/2007	68.7	23	54.4	23	1014.2	23	9999.9) (0 ,	10 2	3 6.	7 23	3 14	19	80.1	59 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/22/2007	70.5	24	52.5	24	1021.4	. 24	9999.9) (0	10 2	4 4.	4 24	9.9	999.9	82	55.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/23/2007	63.2	24	57.6	24	1022.6	20	9999.9) (8 0	.6 2	4 4.	2 24	4 8.9	15 66.2	* 55.4*	* 0.07B	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/24/2007	68.2	24	60.8	24	1018.7	' 18	9999.9) (0 7	.3 2	3 3.	4 23	8.9	999.9	79	62.1 0.06B	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/25/2007	74.3	24	60.3	24	1021	23	9999.9) (0 9	.7 2	4 3.	6 24	4 8.9	14	86	60.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/26/2007	77.8	24	61.6	24	1020.4	. 24	9999.9) (0 ,	10 2	4 3.	1 24	4 7	7 999.9	89.1	64.9 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/27/2007	79.8	24	64.9	24	1014.9	24	9999.9) (0 9	.9 2	4 4.	1 24	4 9.9	15 89.6	* 71.6*	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/28/2007	74.7	24	67.6	24	1011.9	15	9999.9) (0 9	.6 2	4 3.	5 24	11.1	999.9 80.6	* 69.8*	* 1.26B	999.9	110010
725107	4780	7/29/2007	75.6	24	66.1	24	1013.2	22	9999.9) (0	8 2	4	3 24	1 14	23.9	86	68 1.49A	999.9	10010
725107	4780	7/30/2007	72.8	24	67	24	1014.3	19	9999.9) (0	8 2	4 1.	4 24	4 8.9	999.9	81	68 0.04B	999.9	10
725107	4780	7/31/2007	75.8	24	63.6	24	1013.7	24	9999.9) (0 7	.7 2	4 2.	1 24	4 6	999.9	86	66 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/1/2007	76.3	24	62.9	24	1013.8	3 24	9999.9) (0	10 2	4 2.	6 24	4 6	999.9 87.8	* 64.4*	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/2/2007	78.6	24	65.4	24	1015.3	24	9999.9) (0	10 2	4 2.	4 24	4 7	7 999.9 91.4	* 66.2*	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/3/2007	81.1	24	67.2	24	1014.2	23	9999.9) (0	8 2	4 3.	8 24	1 19	9 27	93	69.1 0.00I	999.9	10
725107	4780	8/4/2007	77.2	23	62.5	23	1013.2	. 21	9999.9) (0 7	.5 2	3 4.	5 23	9.9	9 15.9	88	68 0.13G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	8/5/2007	71.3	24	50.4	24	1016.5	24	9999.9) (0	10 2	4 5.	2 24	1 12	15.9 80.6	* 57.2*	* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/6/2007	68.9	24	62.5	24	1013	18	9999.9) (0 8	.4 2	4 4.	2 24	11.1	16.9	79	57 0.21B	999.9	10010
725107	4780	8/7/2007	75.9	24	66.6	24	1011.6	20	9999.9) (0 6	.2 2	4 1.	6 24	4 8	999.9 84.2	* 66.2*	* 0.01A	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/8/2007	78.1	24	69.8	24	1006.7	19	9999.9) (0	7 2	4 6.	8 24	1 15	22 89.6	* 71.6*	* 0.54G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	8/9/2007	70.8	24	56.4	24	1012.3	24	9999.9) (0 '	10 2	4 3.	8 24	4 7	7 999.9 78.8	* 59.0*	* 0.03G	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/10/2007	63.8	24	53.1	24	1014.6	5 24	9999.9) (0 .	10 2	4 2.	5 24	4 8	999.9 71.6	* 57.2*	* 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	8/11/2007	65.2	24	52.2	24	1014.4	. 24	9999.9) (0	10 2	4	4 24	4 9.9	15 84.2	* 48.2*	* 0.10G	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/12/2007	73.3	24	59.5	24	1016.2	24	9999.9) (0 .	10 2	4 3.	2 24	4 8.9	999.9 84.2	* 60.8*	* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107		8/13/2007	72.9	24	63.7	24	1010.6	22	9999.9) (0 9	.7 2		2 24	1 12	2 33	82.9	66 0.01G	999.9	10010
725107		8/14/2007	65.5	24	51.9	24	1012.9	24	9999.9) (0 .	10 2	4 3.	8 24	4 8	999.9	77	53.1 0.23G	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/15/2007	67.8	24	55.6	24	1012.1	24	9999.9) (0 '	10 2	4 4.	4 24	1 13	3 20 82.4	* 53.6*	* 0.01G	999.9	0
725107		8/16/2007	74.3	24	58.3								4 5.				86	62.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/17/2007	75	23	59.1	23	1009.7	23	9999.9) (0 8	.4 2	3 4.	4 23	9.9	20 82.4	* 71.6*	* 0.001	999.9	0

STN	WBAN	YEARMOCT	EMP C	COUNT I	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	C	OUNT W	VDSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST	MAX	(MI	IN PRCI	P SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780	8/18/2007	63.3	24	48.3	24	1013.8	3 2	3 9999.	9	0	9.8	24	9.7	24	2	1 2	8.9 71.6	* 53	3.6* 0.120	999.9	10010
725107	7 4780	8/19/2007	59.2	24	46.1	24	1021.	7 2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	2.5	24		8 99	9.9	72	48 0.010	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/20/2007	58	24	46.4	24	1022.8	3 2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	2.8	24	. (6 99	9.9	70	46 0.000	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	8/21/2007	59	24	47.7	24	1024.4	4 2	4 9999.	9	0	9.8	24	3	24		7 99	9.9 69.8	* 46	6.4*	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	8/22/2007	57.4	24	46.7	24	1024.4	4 2	3 9999.	9	0	10	24	3.5	24		8 99	9.9	70	46 0.000	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/23/2007	65.9	24	55.7	24	1022.9	9 2	3 9999.	9	0	10	24	2.8	24		7 99	9.9	73.9	60.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/24/2007	76.5	24	65.1	24	1015.4	4 2	0 9999.	9	0	9.4	24	5.8	24	8.9	9 1	5.9	88	66.9 0.00E	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/25/2007	81.3	23	70.7	23	3 1010.8	3 2	2 9999.	9	0	5.5	23	4.8	23	9.9	9 1	8.1 93.2	* 73	3.4* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	8/26/2007	78.4	23	65.7	23	3 1011.8	3 2	3 9999.	9	0	8.3	23	5.6	23	8.9	9 99	9.9 82.4	* 73	3.4* 0.00H	l 999.9	10000
725107	4780	8/27/2007	71.6	24	57.7	24	1020.2	2 2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	2.7	24	,	7 99	9.9 84.2	* 60	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/29/2007	74.9	21	57.3	21	1019.4	4 2	1 9999.	9	0	10	21	3.2	21		8 99	9.9 87.8	* 60	0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	8/30/2007	76.5	24	62	24	1015.3	3 2	4 9999.	9	0	9.1	24	3.4	24	ļ ;	8 99	9.9	89.1	63 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/31/2007	72.7	24	62.1	24	1014.8	3 2	2 9999.	9	0	8.8	24	4.8	24	9.9	9	15 82.4	* 62	2.6* 0.00 <i>A</i>	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	9/1/2007	67.5	24	47	24	1018.	7 2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	7.7	24	15.9	9	20	75.9	53.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	9/2/2007	61.5	22	41.2	22	2 1024.4	4 2	2 9999.	9	0	10	22	3.2	22	<u>.</u>	7 99	9.9 78.8	* 46	6.4* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/3/2007	69.1	24	51.8	24	1017.4	4 2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	4.9	24	15.9	9 2:	2.9	84.9	53.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/4/2007	65.3	14	55.3	14	1013.4	4 1	4 9999.	9	0	9.6	14	2.6	14	11.	1 1	5.9	77	57.9 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/5/2007	59.5	22	40.6	22	1019.9	9 2	2 9999.	9	0	10	22	3.1	22	9.9	9	15 75.2	* 44	.6* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/6/2007	63.2	22	51.4	22	1025.	1 2	2 9999.	9	0	10	22	4.3	22	2 11.	1 1	8.1	79	48.9 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/7/2007	77	22	62.3	22	1020.8	3 2	1 9999.	9	0	9.8	22	5.1	22	2 8.9	9 99	9.9	91.9	66 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/8/2007	79.2	23	66.4	23	3 101	7 2	0 9999.	9	0	8.7	23	5.7	23	3 2	8 3	6.9	93.9	71.1 0.22	999.9	10010
725107	7 4780	9/9/2007	68.8	24	64.8	24	1018.4	4 1	8 9999.	9	0	7.7	24	2.9	24	ļ. (6 99	9.9	77	59 0.21	999.9	10010
725107	7 4780	9/10/2007	59.5	24	56.8	24	1017.9	9 1	8 9999.	9	0	5.2	24	1.5	24	ļ. (6 99	9.9	63	57 0.430	999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/11/2007	60.9	24	57.8	24	1010.3	3 1	3 9999.	9	0	6.2	24	1.6	24	9.9	9 99	9.9 62.6	* 59	0.200	999.9	10000
725107	7 4780	9/12/2007	64.6	24	50.5	24	1008.6	6 2	3 9999.	9	0	10	24	8	24	16.9	9	27	73	57.9 1.010	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/13/2007	60.3	24	46.8	24	1021.9	9 2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	2.4	24	ļ. (6 99	9.9	73	48 0.000	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	9/14/2007	60.7	24	49.7	24	1021.	7 2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	4.2	24	1:	5	19	75.9	45 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/15/2007	61.7	24	54	24	1013.4	4 2	0 9999.	9	0	9.4	24	5.8	24	15.9	9	28 64.4	* 55	5.4* 0.180	999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/16/2007	51.5	24	40.1	24	1023.9	9 2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	2.1	24	ļ (6 99	9.9 62.6	* 39	0.090		0
725107	4780	9/17/2007	51.8	23	40.5	23	3 1030) 2	3 9999.	9	0	10	23	2.4	23	3	6 99	9.9	66	37.9 0.000	999.9	0
725107		9/18/2007	52.6	24	40.5	24	1030.	7 2			0	10	24	2.3	24	,		9.9	68	37.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/19/2007	54.7	24	41	24	1027.	1 2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	1.7	24	ļ. (6 99	9.9	73.9	37.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/20/2007	63.1	22	51.1	22	1021.2	2 2	2 9999.	9	0	10	22	1.6	22	2 5.	1 99	9.9	82.9	44.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/21/2007	67.6	24	57.3	24	1021.	5 2	4 9999.	9	0	7.2	24	2.7	24	ļ (6 99	9.9	81	54 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/22/2007	66.8	24	58.6	24	1018.	7 1	9 9999.	9	0	7	24	3.4	24	11.	1 1	5.9 80.6	* 55	5.4* 0.010	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/23/2007	68.8	24	49.4	24	1018.2	2 2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	6.1	24	1:	2	19	78.1	54 0.000	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/24/2007	63.4	24	47.2	24	1022	2 2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	3.4	24	9.9	9 99	9.9	80.1	46.9 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/25/2007	66.4	22	51.1	22	1018.	1 2	2 9999.	9	0	10	21	2.6	22	2 8.9	9 1	5.9	84.9	50 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/26/2007	76.4	24	61.2	24	1013.9	9 2	4 9999.	9	0	9.4	24	3.3		11.		15	91	64 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/27/2007	75.5	24	64.6	24	1014.	5 2	3 9999.	9	0	7	24	3.7	24	1:	2 1	8.1	86	64.9 0.00I	999.9	0
725107		9/28/2007	70.7	22	60.4	22	1009.2	2 1	9 9999.	9	0	10	22	6	22			6.9	75	61 0.00H	l 999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/29/2007	62.8	24	46.3	24	1019.9	9 2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	7.8	24	1-	4	22	73.9	55 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/30/2007	54.4	24	44.1	24	1032.	7 2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	2.1	24			9.9	66.9	43 0.001	999.9	0

STN	WBAN YEARMOCT	EMP CO	OUNT DE	EWP CO	DUNT SL	Р	COUNT	STP	COUNT V	ISIB C	COUNT	WDSP C	COUNT M	IXSPD G	SUST MA	AX MIN	PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780 10/1/2007	55.2	24	46.2	24	1033.5	21	9999.9	0	10	24	2.6	24	8.9	14	66.9	43 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 10/2/2007	56.1	24	46.1	24	1029.5	20	9999.9	0	10	24	2.9	24	9.9	999.9	73	39.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 10/3/2007	62	24	56.3	24	1022.6	17	9999.9	0	7.4	24	3	24	11.1	15	77	52 9	9.99 999.9	110000
725107	4780 10/4/2007	71.8	24	59.2	24	1020.8	22	9999.9	0	9.8	24	3.2	24	11.1	18.1 82	.4* 62.6	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 10/5/2007	68	24	55.9	24	1024.5	24	9999.9	0	9.8	24	2.6	24	8	999.9	87.1	53.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 10/6/2007	73.2	24	61.8	24	1020.5	23	9999.9	0	7.6	24	3.2	24	7	999.9 84	.2* 60.8	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 10/7/2007	63.7	23	56.9	23	1016.4	17	9999.9	0	9.5	23	4.6	23	14	27 75	.2* 53.6	* 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780 10/8/2007	55.4	24	51.7	24	1014.3	19	9999.9	0	9.2	24	1.9	24	15	999.9 60	.8* 51.8	* 0.22G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 10/9/2007	57.7	24	47.5	24	1011.5	23	9999.9	0	9.1	24	4.2	24	9.9	22.9	64	51.1 0.17G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 #######	53.9	23	50.2	23	1010.8	18	9999.9	0	8.8	23	3.7	23	7	999.9 57	.2* 51.8	* 0.11G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 #######	56	24	53.1	24	1007.9	12	9999.9	0	5.4	24	2.7	24	6	999.9	57.9	55 0.02G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 #######	55	24	50.7	24	999.1	14	9999.9	0	7.5	24	6.7	24	16.9	27	59	48 0.62G	999.9	10010
725107	4780 #######	46.9	24	34.1	24	1010.7	24	9999.9	0	10	24	4.6	24	11.1	16.9	59	34 0.22G	999.9	0
725107		49.6	24	36.1	24	1014.4	24	9999.9	0	10	24	5.4	24	15	21	59	39.9 0.00G		0
725107		46.7	23	36.1	23	1019.7	23	9999.9	0	10	23	4	23	11.1	18.1 60			999.9	0
725107	4780 #######	49.5	24	37.8	24	1020.6		9999.9	0	9.9	24	2.9	24	8.9	999.9	64	37 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 #######	50.5	23	40.2	23	1020.3	23	9999.9	0	10	23	2.1	23	5.1	999.9	71.1	36 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 #######	58.1	20	52.7	20	1014.6		9999.9	0	5	20	2	20	8	999.9	75.9	48 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 #######	63	24	59.8	24	1011.7	15	9999.9	0	3.3	24	1.9	24	11.1	22	71.1	59 0.24B	999.9	10000
725107		65.4	24	57.1	24	1003.2	21	9999.9	0	8.8	24	6.3	24	20	37.9	70	59 0.99G		10000
725107		59.7	24	44.9	24	1016.3		9999.9	0	9.9	24	4.1	24	9.9	999.9 73	.4* 44.6			0
725107		66.4	23	45.5	23	1020.8		9999.9	0	10	23	4.4	23	9.9	22.9	81	48 0.001	999.9	0
725107		68.4	23	56.2	23	1011.9		9999.9	0	10	23	8.9	23	19	34	77	59 0.001	999.9	0
725107		58.1	24	53.1	24	1011.2		9999.9	0	9.5	24	2.9	24	9.9	23.9 73	.4* 53.6			10000
725107		51.3	24	42.2	24	1025.8		9999.9	0	10	24	2.8	24	6	999.9	59	43 0.08G		10000
725107		45.4	24	36.9	24	1033.5		9999.9	0	10	24	3	24	8.9	999.9	60.1	33.1 0.02G		0
725107		55.1	24	51.7	24	1020.1	17	9999.9	0	6.5	24	2.5	24	15.9	28 69				10000
725107		52	24	35.5	24	1020.4	24	9999.9	0	10	24	8.9	24	19	28	64	37.9 0.30G		10000
725107		36.7	24	22.2	24	1029.9		9999.9	0	10	24	3.2	24	11.1	15.9	48.9	25 0.00G		0
725107		45.3	24	31.5	24	1027.3		9999.9	0	10	24	4.6	24	11.1	15	61	28 0.001	999.9	0
725107		48	24	37.7	24	1026.9		9999.9	0	9.5	24	3.7	24	11.1	20 64			999.9	0
725107		56	24	43.8	24	1016.7	22	9999.9	0	10	24	8.8	24	15	22.9 62			999.9	0
725107		41.1	24	28.5	24	1027.1	24	9999.9	0	10	24	2.3	24	8.9	999.9	54	28 0.001	999.9	0
725107		41.7	24	34.6	24	1019.2		9999.9	0	9.1	24	7.3	24	14	23.9 46			999.9	10000
725107		45.3	24	24.3	24	1006		9999.9	0	10	24	8.8	24	15.9	23.9 55			999.9	0
725107		43	24	29.5	24	1014.9		9999.9	0	10	24	1.5	24	5.1	999.9	55.9	33.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107		44.3	23	39.5	23	1009.6		9999.9	0	7.8	23	2.6	23	14	22	51.1	35.1 0.22G		10000
725107		39.4	24	27.8	24	1012.6		9999.9	0	9.5	24	6.1	24	18.1	22.9	48	30 0.55G		0
725107		33.1	22	22.4	22	1012.0		9999.9	0	10	22		22	12	999.9	42.1	23 0.00G		0
725107		33.1	24	25.6	24	1022		9999.9	0	9.9	24	1.8	24	6	999.9 42			999.9	0
725107		36.5	24	23.0	24	1020.2		9999.9	0	10	24	6.6	24	13	19	43	32 0.001	999.9	0
725107		32.6	24	16.8	24	1020.2		9999.9	0	10	24	5.3	24	13	16.9	45 45	21.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107		33	23	20.7	23	1022.0		9999.9	0	10	23		23	7	999.9	45 45	21 0.001	999.9	0
123101	- 100 ########	33	23	20.1	23	1023	22	3333.3	U	10	23	1.3	23	,	333.3	70	Z1 0.001	555.5	U

STN	WBAN YEA	RMOCTEM	P C	COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	CC	DUNT V	VDSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST N	лах м	IIN PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780 ###	#####	46.7	24	37.6	5 24	1013.	7 2	1 9999.	.9	0	8.4	24	4.1	24	11.1	18.1	57.9	37.9 0.09G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 ###	#####	41.5	24	33.9	24	1013.	3 2	1 9999.	.9	0	8.3	24	4.1	24	14	22 6	0.8* 20	6.6* 0.02G	999.9	100000
725107	4780 ###	#####	54.1	23	50.2	23	3 1001.2	2 1	9 9999.	.9	0	6.1	23	7.7	23	15.9	20	62.1	42.1 0.02G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 ###	#####	40.9	24	30.4	. 24	997.	1 2	2 9999.	.9	0	9.9	24	13.4	24	20	32.1	46	35.1 0.54G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 ###	#####	33.2	22	17.2	. 22	2 1012	2 2	2 9999.	.9	0	10	22	8.4	22	18.1	28.9	39.9	30 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780 ###	#####	32.8	24	18.1	24	1026.	7 2	4 9999.	.9	0	10	24	1.7	24	7	999.9	44.1	23 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 ###	#####	30.4	22	19.2	. 22	2 1033.6	6 2	2 9999.	.9	0	10	22	3.3	22	7	999.9	37	23 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 ###	#####	29.8	24	24.5	5 24	1026	5 1	7 9999.	.9	0	6.4	24	1.2	24	6	999.9	34	23 0.09B	999.9	101000
725107	4780 ###	#####	33.5	24	31.8	24	1018.8	3 1	5 9999.	.9	0	3.5	24	0.7	24	5.1	999.9 3	37.4* 20	6.6* 0.00H	999.9	110000
725107	4780 ###	#####	40.5	24	39.1	24	1011.	1 1	6 9999.	.9	0	1.3	24	0.5	24	14	23.9 5	55.4* 3	5.6* 0.00H	999.9	11000
725107	4780 ###	#####	36.6	24	22	24	1014.4	4 2	3 9999.	.9	0	10	24	12.7	24	21	30.9	55.9	28 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780 ###	#####	25.3	24	7.4	. 24	1027.9	9 2	4 9999.	.9	0	10	24	5.8	24	14	19	35.1	17.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 ###	#####	32.2	19	13.5	19	1025.8	3 1	9999.	.9	0	10	19	4.1	19	9.9	15.9	46	19 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 ###	#####	40.5	21	33.2	. 21	1021.0	6 1	3 9999.	.9	0	6.1	21	2.1	21	6	14	43	26.1 0.03G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 ###	#####	49.1	24	40	24	1009.	1 1	8 9999.	.9	0	7.6	24	7.5	24	16.9	28 6	32.6*	9.2* 0.60G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 ###	#####	35.5	24	22	24	1024.	7 2	4 9999.	.9	0	10	24	5.9	24	12	19	42.1	28 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 ###	#####	36.7	24	29.1	24	1020.2	2 2	3 9999.	.9	0	9.9	24	3.5	24	13	3 21	48	28 0.01A	999.9	10000
725107	4780 ###	#####	35.7	24	16.2	24	1018.6	6 2	3 9999.	.9	0	9.7	24	8.5	24	15	22.9	44.1	30 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 12/1	/2007	28.2	21	6.5	21	1023.6	6 2	1 9999.	.9	0	10	21	12.9	21	23.9	36.9 3	35.6* 17	7.6* 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780 12/2	2/2007	19.9	24	-0.6	24	1030.6	6 2	4 9999.	.9	0	9.4	24	5.5	24	13	18.1 2	24.8* 1	5.8* 0.01A	999.9	1000
725107	4780 12/3	3/2007	27	24	23.3	24	1007.	1 1	5 9999.	.9	0	4.1	24	4.3	24	18.1	27	34	21 0.44G	999.9	111000
725107	4780 12/4	/2007	22.9	23	11.9	23	996.	1 2	1 9999.	.9	0	9.1	23	11.9	23	16.9	26 3	30.2*	7.6* 0.08G	999.9	1000
725107	4780 12/5	/2007	23.3	24	12.9	24	1005.3	3 2	4 9999.	.9	0	10	24	5.5	24	9.9	999.9	30	15.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 12/6	5/2007	21.7	24	8.9	24	1017.	7 2	4 9999.	.9	0	10	24	5.3	24	13	3 20	30	12 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 12/7	/2007	20	24	13.8	24	1027.	7 2	2 9999.	.9	0	8.9	24	1.9	24	9.9	16.9	34	8.1 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	4780 12/8	3/2007	28.7	24	21	24	1022.	7 2	3 9999.	.9	0	7.8	24	2.5	24	12	22.9	41	19 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 12/9	/2007	27.6	24	19.1	24	1029.	7 2	4 9999.	.9	0	9.6	24	1.8	24	7	999.9 3	33.8*	7.6* 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780 ###	#####	28.2	24	24.7	24	1025.9	9 1	9 9999.	.9	0	7.1	24	2	24	6	999.9	32	24.1 0.08G	999.9	111000
725107	4780 ###	#####	24.7	24	20.6	24	1027.4	4 2	1 9999.	.9	0	7.7	24	2.3	24	8	999.9	34	15.1 0.01G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 ###	#####	39.5	24	30.3	24	1011.	5 2	2 9999.	.9	0	8.6	24	10.5	24	19	33	44.1	33.1 0.06G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 ###	#####	23.8	24	12.8	24	1024.8	3 2	3 9999.	.9	0	7.3	24	2.8	24	8	999.9	34	19 0.00G	999.9	1000
725107	4780 ###	#####	26.2	24	20.2	24	1017.3	3 1	6 9999.	.9	0	6.8	24	3.1	24	9.9	15 3	37.4* 1	5.8* 0.71G	999.9	1000
725107	4780 ###	#####	22.4	24	5	24	1028.9	9 2	4 9999.	.9	0	10	24	7.1	24	14	19	36	14 0.04G	999.9	0
725107	4780 ###	#####	17.8	24	9.7	24	1018.9	9 1	7 9999.	.9	0	4.6	24	5.3	24	13	19 3	30.2* 12	2.2* 0.27G	999.9	111000
725107	4780 ###	#####	22.7	24	11	24	998.6	6 2	1 9999.	.9	0	8.6	24	13.9	24	22	2 34	33.1	14 0.55G	999.9	101000
725107	4780 ###	#####	11.6	24	3.7	24	1023.4	4 2	3 9999.	.9	0	9.5	24	1.8	24	7	999.9	32	-6 0.00G	999.9	101000
725107	4780 ###	#####	19	24	14.5	24	1025.9	9 2	2 9999.	.9	0	7	24	1.1	24	2.9	999.9	32	9 0.02A	999.9	1000
725107	4780 ###	#####	31	24	27.2	24	1019.9	9 1	4 9999.	.9	0	2.6	24	3.4	24	3	999.9 3	33.8* 28	8.4* 0.12G	999.9	1000
725107		####	25	24	20.4	. 24						8.2	24	4.7	24	8	999.9 3		9.4* 0.06G	999.9	1000
725107		####	26.9	24	21.6							9.9	24	0.4				30.9	24.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107		####	31.5	24	28.9							4.6	24	0.1	24				0.2* 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107			39.5	24	25.1						0	8.4	24	7.4				55.9	33.1 0.23G	999.9	110000
725107	7 4780 ###	####	34.2	24	21.6	5 24	1018.	7 2	4 9999.	.9	0	10	24	5.2	24	13	19	41	24.1 0.00G	999.9	0

STN	WBAN YE	ARMOCTEMP	COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	CC	OUNT WI	DSP (COUNT	MXSPD	GUST	MAX	MIN	PRCP	SNDP F	FRSHTT
725107	7 4780 ##	##### 2	6.5 2	24 19.	.9 24	1023.8	23	9999.9)	0	9.1	24	1.7	24	7	999.9	39	.9	12.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 ##	##### 3	3.6 2	24 28.	.6 24	1018.7	19	9999.9)	0	7.6	24	3.3	24	8	999.9	35	.1	32 0.08G	999.9	111000
725107	⁷ 4780 ##	##### 3	4.4 2	24 29.	.2 24	1023.8	20	9999.9)	0	6.8	24	1.8	24	8	3 14	. 4	13	26.1 0.16G	999.9	100000
725107	⁷ 4780 ##	##### 3	7.3 2	24 31.	.6 24	1018	18	9999.9)	0	7.2	24	2.9	24	9.9	15.9) 4	18	32 0.17G	999.9	10000
725107	7 4780 ##	##### 3	2.4 2	24 22.	.2 24	4 1019.1	24	9999.9)	0	9.9	24	0.9	24	5.1	999.9	39.2*	19.4	* 0.04G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 ##	##### 3	3.5 2	24 28.	.2 24	1012.6	15	9999.9)	0	5.4	24	5.5	24	18.1	28.9	37	.9	30 0.58G	999.9	111000
725107	7 4780 1	/1/2008	24 2	24 20.	.5 24	1017	17	9999.9)	0	5.8	24	2.3	24	7	999.9) (34	12.9 0.02G	999.9	111000
725107	7 4780 1	/2/2008 2	3.4 2	24 16.	.3 24	1008.4	. 17	9999.9)	0	8.1	24	7.4	24	18.1	25.1	(32	14 0.30G	999.9	100000
725107	7 4780 1	/3/2008	5.3 2	23 -7.	.7 23	3 1029.7	23	9999.9)	0	10	23	11	23	15.9	22.9	,	14	1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 1	/4/2008 1	2.8 2	24 -0.	.6 24	1032.8	3 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	5.1	24	9.9) 14	28	.9	-0.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 1	/5/2008 2	9.6 2	24 12.	.6 24	1027.1	24	9999.9)	0	10	24	2.7	24	6	999.9	39.2*	21.2	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 1	/6/2008	37 2	24 26.	.8 24	1022.1	24	9999.9)	0	9.8	24	1.3	24	6	999.9	46	.9	28 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 1	/7/2008 3	3.8 2	24 33.	.4 24	1022.1	21	9999.9)	0	6.7	24	0.7	24	8	999.9) !	54	27 99.99	999.9	110000
725107	7 4780 1	/8/2008 4	7.8 2	24 39.	.4 24	1018.8	23	9999.9)	0	7.8	24	3.1	24	9.9	15	5 (66	32 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 1	/9/2008 5	1.7 2	24 41.	.6 24	1009.6	18	9999.9)	0	8.8	24	9.1	24	23.9	34		59	41 0.02A	999.9	110000
725107	7 4780 1/ ⁻	10/2008 4	1.4 2	24 22.	.8 24	4 1016.9	24	9999.9)	0	10	24	6.3	24	15	28.9) !	50	33.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 1/ ⁻	11/2008 3	4.5 2	24 30.	.7 24	4 1014.5	17	9999.9)	0	6.7	24	1	24	8	999.9	37	.9	30 0.25G	999.9	10010
725107	7 4780 1/°	12/2008 3	6.5 2	24 29.	.6 24	4 1013.8	18	9999.9)	0	6.5	24	3.8	24	12	18.1	44.6*	28.4	* 0.71G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 1/°	13/2008 3	2.1 2	24 23.	.7 24	1022.5	24	9999.9)	0	10	24	3	24	7	999.9) 4	11	23 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 1/°	14/2008 3	0.6 2	24 25.	.1 24	1014.5	18	9999.9)	0	5.9	24	5.3	24	13	18.1	(36	28 0.18G	999.9	111000
725107	7 4780 1/°	15/2008 2	7.4 2	24 21.	.6 24	1007.6	15	9999.9)	0	8.4	24	2.3	24	8	999.9	33.8*	19.4	* 0.23G	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780 1/°	16/2008 2	4.8 2	23 10.	.5 23	3 1017.7	23	9999.9)	0	10	23	8.5	23	15.9	25.1	(32	15.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 1/°	17/2008 1	9.3 2	24 8.	.7 24	1027.9	23	9999.9)	0	9.9	24	2	24	8	999.9	30.2*	8.6*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 1/°	18/2008 3	3.4 2	24 24.	.9 24	4 1012.3	14	9999.9)	0	6.3	24	5.1	24	16.9	27	,	13	26.1 0.39G	999.9	111000
725107	4780 1/	19/2008 2	3.2 2	24 10.	.6 24	4 1015.6	24	9999.9)	0	10	24	5	24	13	3 20	35	.1	18 0.11G	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/2	20/2008 2	3.6 2	24 6.	.2 24	1014.3	24	9999.9)	0	10	24	9.7	24	15	23.9	32.0*	15.8	* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/2	21/2008 1	5.2 2	22 -1.	.5 22	2 1033.1	22	9999.9)	0	10	22	5.3	22	9.9	22	2 21.2*	10.4	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/2	22/2008 1	9.5 2	24 9.	.8 24	1028.5	22	9999.9)	0	9.4	24	4.8	24	16.9	27	37.4*	6.8*	0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	4780 1/2	23/2008	31 2	24 15.	.1 24	1012.5	23	9999.9)	0	10	24	7.2	24	14	22	35.6*	24.8	* 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	4780 1/2	24/2008 2	2.8 2	24 8.	.7 24	1016.7	24	9999.9)	0	10	24	3.6	24	8	999.9	28	.9	12 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/2	25/2008 1	3.9 2	24 5.	.5 24	1021.4	. 24	9999.9)	0	10	24	6.2	24	15	23.9	28.4*	8.6*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/2	26/2008 2	1.1 2	24 9.	.6 24	1023.4	. 24	9999.9)	0	9.9	24	2.2	24	6	999.9	30	.9	8.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/2	27/2008 2	5.6 2	24 18.	.2 24	1021.7	17	9999.9)	0	6.2	24	3.7	24	11.1	22	2 28	.9	21.9 0.07C	999.9	1000
725107	4780 1/2	28/2008 2	4.9 2	24 13.	.1 24	1016.1	24	9999.9)	0	10	24	7.7	24	12	18.1	39.2*	8.6*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/2	29/2008 3	0.8 2	24 14.	.7 24	1010.8	24	9999.9)	0	10	24	3.3	24	11.1	999.9) 4	13	19 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/3	30/2008	36 2	24 27.	.8 24	1003.8	20	9999.9)	0	6.8	24	4.2	24	27	36.9	44.6*	30.2	* 0.05G	999.9	11000
725107	4780 1/3	31/2008 2	7.2 2	24 8.	.7 24	1028	24	9999.9)	0	10	24	4.5	24	8.9	14	ļ ;	34	19 0.07G	999.9	0
725107	4780 2	2/1/2008 2	7.7 2	24 1	9 24	1034.7	19	9999.9)	0	8.4	24	2.9	24	8.9	15.9	33.8*	21.2	* 0.00G	999.9	11000
725107	4780 2	2/2/2008 3	7.4 2	23 28.	.8 23	3 1013	20	9999.9)	0	9.3	23	10.2	23	22.9	35.9	42	.1	33.1 1.37G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 2	2/3/2008 3	6.7 2	24 25.	.1 24	1021.8	23	9999.9)	0	10	24	3	24	8	3 15	5 4	13	30.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 2	2/4/2008 3.	2.5 2	24 23.	.9 24	1027.2	24	9999.9)	0	8.6	24	1.3	24	4.1	999.9	39.2*	26.6	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 2	2/5/2008 3	4.7 2	24 30.	.2 24	1017.5	18	9999.9)	0	5.1	24	2	24	8.9	999.9	37.4*	32.0	* 0.22G	999.9	11000
725107	4780 2	2/6/2008 3	6.4 2	24 34.	.7 24	1006.5	15	9999.9)	0	3.4	24	1.6	24	7	999.9	39	.9	32 0.45G	999.9	11000

STN	WBAN	YEARMOD T	TEMP C	OUNT D	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	Γ VISIB	C	OUNT V	VDSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST MAX	(MIN	PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780	2/7/2008	31.4	24	27.5	24	1008.9	9	7 999	99.9	0	5.3	24	4.2	24	1 8	999.9 35.6	26.6*	1.49G	999.9	111010
725107	4780	2/8/2008	27.3	24	23	24	1016	6 1	6 999	99.9	0	6.2	24	1.6	24	5.	1 999.9 30.2	* 24.8*	0.04G	999.9	101000
725107	4780	2/9/2008	25.6	21	21.6	21	1017.	1 1	9 999	99.9	0	7.1	21	2.9	21		999.9 35.6	* 15.8*	0.03G	999.9	111000
725107	4780	2/10/2008	31.1	12	27.5	12	2 1002.2	2	4 999	99.9	0	4	12	5.2	12	2 2	2 32.1	37.9	21.9 0.16G	999.9	111000
725107	4780	2/11/2008	14.2	20	-1.2	20	1014.5	5 2	0 999	99.9	0	10	20	14.7	20) 2	1 33	24.1	8.1 0.07G	999.9	0
725107	4780	2/12/2008	17.6	24	3.5	24	1026.7	7 2	4 999	99.9	0	10	24	5.9	24	1:	2 21 26.6	* 8.6*	0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	2/13/2008	27.9	24	24.9	24	1013.9	9	5 999	99.9	0	2.4	24	1.8	24	1 8.9	999.9 35.6	* 21.2*	0.92G	999.9	111000
725107	4780	2/14/2008	32.8	24	22.5	24	1009.	1 2	3 999	99.9	0	9.8	24	10.7	24	1 19	9 27 37.4	* 26.6*	0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	2/15/2008	33.7	22	19.7	22	2 1015.8	8 2	2 999	99.9	0	10	22	6.9	22	2 15.9	9 28 42.8	* 26.6*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	2/16/2008	22.4	24	4.6	24	1023.7	7 2	4 999	99.9	0	10	24	9.4	24	16.9	9 25.1	34	15.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	2/17/2008	22.5	24	13.6	24	1025.7	7 2	3 999	99.9	0	10	24	4.2	24	1:	3 19 37.4	* 10.4*	0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	2/18/2008	44.7	24	42.6	24	1003.2	2 1	3 999	99.9	0	5.4	24	4.2	24	1:	3 19 57.2	* 33.8*	0.34G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	2/19/2008	36.4	24	25	24	1004.5	5 2	2 999	99.9	0	9	24	8.1	24	1 14	4 22 44.6	* 28.4*	0.46G	999.9	111000
725107	4780	2/20/2008	24.2	24	9.1	24	1014.9	9 2	3 999	99.9	0	9.3	24	8.9	24	18.	1 28.9	30	19 0.00G	999.9	1000
725107	4780	2/21/2008	20.9	24	3.9	24	1024.9	9 2	4 999	99.9	0	10	24	6.9	24	1 14	4 22 28.4	* 12.2*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	2/22/2008	21.5	24	13.4	24	1026.	1 1	5 999	99.9	0	5.2	24	1.8	24	1	7 999.9 26.6	* 19.4*	0.35C	999.9	101000
725107	4780	2/23/2008	25.7	24	17.8	24	1013	3 1	7 999	99.9	0	8.6	24	3.5	24	1.8	999.9 33.8	* 12.2*	0.08B	999.9	1000
725107	4780	2/24/2008	24.3	24	12.2	24	1017.4	4 2	4 999	99.9	0	10	24	4.8	24	1.8	9 14	37.9	7 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	2/25/2008	32.2	24	15.9	24	1012.4	4 2	4 999	99.9	0	9.5	24	2.8	24	1 8	3 999.9	46	14 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	2/26/2008	30.1	24	21.8	24	1009.2	2 2	2 999	99.9	0	7.1	24	1.4	24	9.9	999.9	39.9	19.9 0.22A	999.9	101000
725107	4780	2/27/2008	33.3	24	27.8	24	993.3	3 1	7 999	99.9	0	9.1	24	6.4	24	1 1	4 19 35.6	* 26.6*	0.76G	999.9	11000
725107	4780	2/28/2008	21	24	10.1	24	1012.2	2 1	9 999	99.9	0	7	24	10.2	24	1 1	4 20	27	16 0.00G	999.9	1000
725107	4780	2/29/2008	13.8	24	-0.6	24	1031.3	3 2	4 999	99.9	0	10	24	4	24	1.8	999.9	25	1.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	3/1/2008	26.4	24	19.6	24	1016.	5 1	5 999	99.9	0	4.7	24	5.2	24	1 1	4 26 37.4	* 19.4*	0.24G	999.9	111000
725107	4780	3/2/2008	29.4	24	13.2	24	1016.9	9 2	4 999	99.9	0	10	24	12.8	24	19	9 26	36	21.9 0.16G	999.9	0
725107	4780	3/3/2008	30.1	24	16.4	24	1023.3	3 2	4 999	99.9	0	10	24	3.9	24	1:	2 19	48.9	10 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	3/4/2008	46.8	24	39	24	1013.4	4 2	0 999	99.9	0	9	24	7.6	24	1:	5 23.9 53.6	* 37.4*	0.29A	999.9	10000
725107	4780	3/5/2008	37.9	24	34.3	24	1007.8	8 1	4 999	99.9	0	5.7	24	4.2	24	1:	5 26	50	35.1 1.01G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	3/6/2008	36.8	24	21.5	24	1019	9 2	4 999	99.9	0	10	24	4.3	24	11.	1 22.9	48.9	30 0.30G	999.9	0
725107	4780	3/7/2008	34.1	24	26.6	24	1025.	1 2	3 999	99.9	0	9.8	24	3	24	1 8	999.9 44.6	* 24.8*	0.00G	999.9	0
725107			36.4	24	33.9					99.9	0	6.6	24	3				37.9	34 0.45G	999.9	110000
725107	4780	3/9/2008	34.1	24	18.8	24	1006.5	5 2	2 999	99.9	0	9.5	24	14.1	24	22.9	9 35 48.2	28.4*	1.07G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	3/10/2008	27.4	24	7.5	24	1024.6	6 2	4 999	99.9	0	10	24	8.7	24	1 1	5 22 35.6			999.9	0
725107	4780	3/11/2008	29.8	24	9.2	24	1019.8	8 2	4 999	99.9	0	10	24	4.2	24	9.9	9 15.9 41.0	* 17.6*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	3/12/2008	35.3	24	27.3	24	1006.2	2 1	9 999	99.9	0	8.1	24	5.6		1 20	25.1	43	28.9 0.02G	999.9	11000
725107	4780	3/13/2008	33.3	24	9.7	24	1013.4	4 2	4 999	99.9	0	10	24	7.4	24	1:	2 15.9 42.8			999.9	10000
725107	4780	3/14/2008	37.7	24	25.6	24	1011.3	3 2	3 999	99.9	0	9.9	24	2	24	1 (999.9 48.2	26.6*	0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	3/15/2008	36.8	24	32.2	24	1 1008.	1 2	0 999	99.9	0	7.4	24	5.1	24	9.9		41	33.1 0.24G	999.9	11000
725107		3/16/2008	37.7	24	29.5	24				99.9	0	10	24	2.4		11.		* 33.8*		999.9	10000
725107		3/17/2008	34.4	24	12.5					99.9	0	10	24	12.9				43	25 0.00G	999.9	0
725107		3/18/2008	32.6	24	7.4					99.9	0	10	24	2.5			7 999.9	46	19 0.00I	999.9	0
725107		3/19/2008	34.7	18	25.5					99.9	0	7.8	18	3.5			7 999.9	42.1	32 0.03G	999.9	111000
725107	4780	3/20/2008	38.4	24	32.8	24	1 997.5	5 1	7 999	99.9	0	8.3	24	7.9	24	1 20	29.9	43	35.1 0.78G	999.9	10000

STN	WBAN	YEARMOD:	TEMP	COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	CC	DUNT V	VDSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST MA	X MIN	PRCP	SNDP F	FRSHTT
725107	4780	3/21/2008	32	2	3 13.8	8 23	3 1006.8	22	9999.9) (0	9.6	23	18.1	23	27	40	39	26.1 0.00G	999.9	1000
725107	4780	3/22/2008	33.3	2	4 5.7	7 24	4 1010.2	. 24	9999.9) (0	10	24	10.9	24	16.9	28.9 44.6	S* 24.8	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	3/23/2008	32.8	2	2 3.8	8 22	2 1017.3	22	9999.9) (0	10	22	7.9	22	14	20 42.8	3* 24.8	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	3/24/2008	32.1	2	4 9.8	8 24	4 1023.9	24	9999.9) (0	10	24	2.8	24	11.1	999.9 46.4	l* 19.4	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	3/25/2008	31.9	2	4 9.4	4 24	4 1024.6	24	9999.9) (0	10	24	4	24	12	999.9 44.6	6* 23.0	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	3/26/2008	43.1	2	4 2	7 24	4 1014.6	21	9999.9) (0	9.3	24	11.2	24	21	30.9	55	33.1 0.00H	999.9	11000
725107	4780	3/27/2008	40.7	2	3 18.9	9 23	3 1017.4	23	9999.9) (0	10	23	5.6	23	11.1	18.1	51.1	25 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	3/28/2008	36	2	4 30	0 24	4 1013.8	15	9999.9) (0	6.4	24	2.6	24	7	999.9 44.6	S* 32.0	* 0.45G	999.9	111000
725107	4780	3/29/2008	29.8	2	4 19	9 24	4 1024.3	20	9999.9) (0	9.6	24	8.4	24	22	29.9	34	21.9 0.25G	999.9	1000
725107	4780	3/30/2008	31.9	2	4 8.4	4 24	4 1036.8	24	9999.9) (0	10	24	3.6	24	8.9	999.9	46	19.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	3/31/2008	33.6	2	4 27.	1 24	4 1035.2	23	9999.9) (0	9.4	24	2.9	24	8.9	999.9	45	23 0.18B	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/1/2008	56.7	2	4 50.3	3 24	4 1013.6	21	9999.9) (0	8.6	24	9.4	24	14	25.1 62.6	6* 44.6	* 0.10D	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/2/2008	43.7	2	4 21.	7 2	4 1016.8	23	9999.9) (0	9.7	24	16.3	24	22.9	37.9 62.6	S* 33.8	* 0.16G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	4/3/2008	38.8	2	4 8.6	6 24	4 1030	24	9999.9) (0	10	24	6.9	24	13	19 51.8	3* 26.6	* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/4/2008	39.3	2	4 28	8 24	4 1019.2	. 19	9999.9) (0	6.5	24	3.6	24	8.9	999.9 44.6	S* 33.8	* 0.14G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/5/2008	43	2	4 37.	1 24	4 1012.3	20	9999.9) (0	8.5	24	3.7	24	13	19 53.6	S* 37.4	* 0.46G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/6/2008	39.1	2	4 33.2	2 2	4 1025.7	19	9999.9) (0	9.4	24	4.4	24	8.9	15	48	36 0.02G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/7/2008	39.9	2	4 30.4	4 24	4 1030.3	21	9999.9) (0	9.6	24	7.6	24	14	19 46.4	l* 33.8	* 0.05G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/8/2008	41.3	2	1 25.	7 2 [.]	1 1029.9	19	9999.9) (0	10	21	4.5	21	8	999.9	57	28.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/9/2008	43.3	2	4 29.4	4 24	4 1026	24	9999.9) (0	10	24	3.8	24	9.9	14 62.6	S* 28.4	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/10/2008	57.2	2	4 3	7 24	4 1018.5	23	9999.9) (0	10	24	7.6	24	15.9	25.1	69.1	48 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/11/2008	44.5	2	4 31.8	8 24	4 1017.8	23	9999.9) (0	10	24	1.8	24	6	999.9	57.9	35.1 0.04B	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/12/2008	54.5	2	43.9	9 24	4 1002.3	18	9999.9) (0	8.9	24	4.9	24	11.1	20 73.4	l* 42.8	* 0.39G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	4/13/2008	46.5	2	4 32.2	2 24	4 1003	22	9999.9) (0	10	24	7	24	15	22.9	64	39.9 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/14/2008	41.5	2	4 2	1 24	4 1012	24	9999.9) (0	10	24	8.9	24	14	21	53.1	32 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/15/2008	42.8	2	4 17.	5 24	4 1019.8	24	9999.9) (0	10	24	4.7	24	11.1	18.1	59	26.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/16/2008	48.4	. 24	4 20	0 24	4 1023.7	24	9999.9) (0	10	24	3.8	24	9.9	14	66.9	28 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/17/2008	53.7	2	4 24.4	4 24	4 1021.6	24	9999.9) (0	10	24	3.4	24	8.9	999.9	71.1	33.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/18/2008	58.8	2	4 26.2	2 24	4 1015.9	24	9999.9) (0	9.8	24	3.3	24	8.9	999.9	81	34 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/19/2008	60	2	4 34.	5 24	4 1017.7	24	9999.9) (0	10	24	4.2	24	13	16.9	78.1	43 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/20/2008	54.1	2	4 37.8	8 24	4 1023.8	24	9999.9) (0	9.8	24	3.4	24	9.9	15 69.8	39.2	.* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/21/2008	54.5	2	4 38.3	3 24	4 1027	21	9999.9) (0	9	24	2.7	24	7	999.9	71.1	42.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/22/2008	58.9	2	4 34.	5 24	4 1025.4	. 24	9999.9) (0	10	24	2.6	24	9.9	999.9	77	39.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/23/2008	68.8	2	4 40	0 24	4 1019.5	24	9999.9) (0	10	24	4.8	24	9.9	19	84	53.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/24/2008	66.7	2	4 34.7	7 24	4 1018.3	24	9999.9) (0	10	24	9.3	24	18.1	30.9	75.9	55.9 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/25/2008	57	2	4 26.	1 24	4 1020.5	24	9999.9) (0	10	24	4.6	24	9.9	16.9	77	37 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/26/2008	52.2	2	4 32.0	6 24	4 1022.4	. 24	9999.9) (0	10	24	3.8	24	11.1	16.9	63	37.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/27/2008	48.6	2	4 36	6 24	4 1024.1	21	9999.9) (0	10	24	2.4	24	7	999.9 53.6	6* 44.6	* 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/28/2008	44.9	2	40.9	9 24	4 1019.2	16	9999.9) (0	6.8	24	3.1	24	8	999.9 48.2	2* 42.8	* 0.02G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/29/2008	47.8	2	44.	1 24	4 1005.4	. 17	7 9999.9) (0	7.8	24	5.9	24	18.1	25.1	52	44.1 1.92G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/30/2008	44.1	2	4 26.	1 24	4 1013.9	24	9999.9) (0	10	24	8.7	24	15	19	52	37 0.37G	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/1/2008	44.6	2	4 22.	7 24	4 1021.2	24	9999.9) (0	10	24	3.7	24	13	20	61	28.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/2/2008	45.6	2	4 36.	5 24	4 1021	20	9999.9) (0	9.5	24	2.1	24	4.1	999.9	53.1	41 0.02G	999.9	10000

STN	WBAN	YEARMOD T	TEMP (COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	COUNT	WDSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST	MAX	MIN	PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780	5/3/2008	44.4	24	40.5	24	1022	20	9999.9) (0 7	.3 2	4 2.9	24	. 7	999.9	46.9		42.1 0.18G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/4/2008	46.6	24	42.3	24	1017	17	9999.9) (0	6 2	4 3	24	. 6	999.9	55.9		42.1 0.20G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/5/2008	54.3	21	36.3	21	1017.3	19	9999.9) (0	9 2	1 3.5	21	8.9	999.9	71.1		35.1 0.03G	999.9	100000
725107	4780	5/6/2008	59.6	24	34.9	24	1014.2	24	9999.9) (0 ′	10 2	4 3.1	24	. 12	18.1	77		41 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/7/2008	62.8	24	30.9	24	1012.2	24	9999.9) (0 ′	10 2	4 5.5	24	11.1	19	75.9		46.9 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/8/2008	65.2	24	44.4	24	1003.8	24	9999.9) (0 9	.5 2	4 8	24	18.1	29.9	77.0*	55.4*	* 0.03G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/9/2008	53.1	24	38.7	24	1009.1	24	9999.9) (0 9	.9 2	4 4.7	24	11.1	15	66		46 0.01G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/10/2008	53	24	39.2	24	1006.2	23	9999.9) (0 ′	10 2	4 5.4	. 24	11.1	18.1	66.2*	44.6*	* 0.08G	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/11/2008	51.5	24	35.1	24	1011.7	24	9999.9) (0 ′	10 2	4 3.7	24	. 12	15.9	66.9		37 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/12/2008	48.6	24	32.8	24	1010.1	24	9999.9) (0 ′	10 2	4 5.1	24	. 13	26	54		39.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/13/2008	55.2	23	30.8	23	1015.2	23	9999.9) (0 ′	10 2	3 7.7	23	13	3 21	69.8*	39.2*	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/14/2008	56	24	34	. 24	1018.2	24	9999.9) (0 ′	10 2	4 3.3	24	9.9	999.9	73.4*	37.4*	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/15/2008	57.3	24	39.1	24	1014.6	24	9999.9) (0 ′	10 2	4 3	24	. 8	999.9	66.2*	48.2*	* 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/16/2008	53.8	23	44.3	23	1010.1	23	9999.9) (0 9	.7 2	3 2.7	23	8.9	999.9	62.1		44.1 0.27A	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/17/2008	58.3	24	40.5	24	997.8	24	9999.9) (0 9	.6 2	4 7.1	24	. 15	22.9	73.9		48 0.75G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/18/2008	59	24	42.7	24	995.7	24	9999.9) (0 ′	10 2	4 6.5	24	. 12	19	68		53.1 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/19/2008	51.4	24	35.4	. 24	994.5	24	9999.9) (0 ′	10 2	4 9.9	24	. 20	29.9	57.9		44.1 0.04G	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/20/2008	53.5	24	33.9	24	999.5	24	9999.9) (0 ′	10 2	4 6.5	24	. 15	23.9	66		42.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/21/2008	56.5	22	39	22	995.9	22	9999.9) (0 ′	10 2	2 6	22	13	3 26	66.2*	46.4*	* 0.00B	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/22/2008	51.6	24	39.9	24	1000.1	24	9999.9) (0 9	.8 2	4 5.5	24	. 12	18.1	60.1		46 0.11B	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/23/2008	56.2	24	39.4	. 24	1005.8	24	9999.9) (0 ′	10 2	4 10.9	24	. 22	30.9	69.8*	44.6*	* 0.00B	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/24/2008	58.8	24	38.1	24	1011.1	24	9999.9) (0 ′	10 2	4 9.5	24	. 15	23.9	70		46.9 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/25/2008	62.5	24	34.2	24	1015.9	24	9999.9) (0 ′	10 2	4 4.8	24	8.9	15.9	78.8*	46.4*	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/26/2008	65.9	24	43.3	24	1013.2	24	9999.9) (0 ′	10 2	4 6	24	. 14	23.9	82		48 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/27/2008	72	24	57.6	24	1008.4	23	9999.9) (0 9	.6 2	4 6.2	24	22.9	40	84.2*	64.4*	* 0.46A	999.9	10010
725107	4780	5/28/2008	57.6	24	32.3	24	1019.1	24	9999.9) (0 ′	10 2	4 9.7	24	15.9	22.9	72		46.9 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/29/2008	60	24	33.8	24	1017.6	24	9999.9) (0 ′	10 2	4 7.6	24	. 14	23.9	77		43 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/30/2008	65.2	24	37.5	24	1017.8	24	9999.9) (0 ′	10 2	4 5.1	24	. 12	18.1	79		50 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/31/2008	67.1	24	54.7	24	1010.6	19	9999.9) (0 9	.1 2	4 5.3	24	12	20	75.9		59 0.08B	999.9	10010
725107	4780	6/1/2008	67.8	24	52.9	24	1004.8	24	9999.9) (0 ′	10 2	4 8	24	16.9	22.9	78.8*	57.2*	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/2/2008	65.5	24	46.4	24	1009.3	24	9999.9) (0 ′	10 2	4 5.7	24	. 14	20	77.0*	53.6*	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/3/2008	70.2	24	47.3	24	1012.8	24	9999.9) (0 ′	10 2	4 4.6	24	12	18.1	84		53.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/4/2008	62.1	24	54.5	24	1012.7	18	9999.9) (0 6	.4 2	4 2.9	24	. 7	999.9	77		57 0.04G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/5/2008	58.5	23	54.5	23	1017.1	19	9999.9) (0 7	.8 2	3 4.4	23	7	999.9	60.8*	55.4*	* 0.33G	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/6/2008	58.6	24	54.4	24	1021.8	15	9999.9) (0	8 2	4 3.6	24	. 7	999.9	62.6*	55.4*	* 0.15G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/7/2008	74	23	62.5	23	1016.3	21	9999.9) (8 0	.4 2	3 3.4	23	15.9	27	93.2*	60.8*	* 0.01G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	6/8/2008	81.3	24	67.2	24	1010.8	24	9999.9) (0 9	.3 2	4 6.2	24	15	19	93.9		70 0.08G	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/9/2008	83.8	24	66.7	24	1008.8	24	9999.9) (0 9	.9 2	4 6	24	. 15	5 21	96.8*	73.4*	* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/10/2008	83.4	24	66.3	24	1010.8	24	9999.9) (0	8 2	4 3.7	24	11.1	15.9	99		68 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/11/2008	76.9	22	57.9	22	1013.7	20	9999.9) (0 9	.5 2	2 7.5	22	27	46	88		68 0.14G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	6/12/2008	70.9	22	46.5	22	1021.3	22	9999.9) (0 1	10 2	2 6.2	22	15.9	21	80.1		57 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/13/2008	66.7	24	41.9	24	1024	24	9999.9) (0 ′	10 2	4 2.9	24	. 8	999.9	84		48 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/14/2008	72.4	24	56.5	24	1016.5	24	9999.9) (0 ′	10 2	4 2.5	24	. 6	999.9	84.9		63 0.01A	999.9	10000

STN	WBAN '	YEARMODT	EMP C	COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	СО	UNT W	/DSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST MAX	MIN	PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780	6/15/2008	61.2	24	55.2	2 24	1012.1	18	9999.9	9	0	8.5	24	3.3	24	6	999.9	72	57 0.73G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/16/2008	62.8	24	57.5	5 24	1009.9	16	9999.9	9	0	7.2	24	4.9	24	11.1	999.9	72	59 0.02G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	6/17/2008	65.3	24	55	5 24	1005.9	23	9999.9	9	0	9.6	24	4.7	24	14	21	75	57 0.43G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/18/2008	62.3	24	46.8	3 24	1006.7	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	5.4	24	8	999.9 71.6*	51.8	* 0.08G	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/19/2008	65.1	24	49.8	3 24	1010.4	. 24	9999.9	9	0	9.8	24	3.5	24	8	999.9 73.4*	53.6	o.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/20/2008	67.6	24	51.4	24	1014.5	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.2	24	12	20	77	59 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/21/2008	69.3	24	53.4	24	1016.6	24	9999.9	9	0	9.2	24	3.6	24	8.9	15.9	82	57 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/22/2008	68.6	21	59.2	21	1015.9	19	9999.9	9	0	7.3	21	4.4	21	12	18.1 80.6*	57.2	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/23/2008	67.6	24	63	3 24	1015.3	16	9999.9	9	0	7.9	24	3.2	24	8.9	999.9 71.6*	64.4	* 0.46C	999.9	10010
725107	4780	6/24/2008	67.6	24	59.7	24	1014.2	16	9999.9	9	0	7	24	3.9	24	32.1	43.9	79	57 0.51B	999.9	110010
725107	4780	6/25/2008	69.2	24	54.1	24	1018.9	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	6.5	24	11.1	16.9	82	57.9 0.00l	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/26/2008	67.1	23	58.1	23	1013.5	23	9999.9	9	0	9.7	23	2.4	23	8.9	15	75.9	55.9 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/27/2008	73.8	24	64.2	2 24	1009.6	23	9999.9	9	0	8	24	2.5	24	9.9	999.9 84.2*	64.4	* 0.01B	999.9	10010
725107	4780	6/28/2008	67.3	23	63.5	5 23	1011.9	20	9999.9	9	0	4.9	23	2.5	23	6	999.9	77	62.1 0.01A	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/29/2008	66	21	61	21	1011.1	13	9999.9	9	0	4.2	21	2.2	21	26	42 80.6*	59.0)* 0.11G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	6/30/2008	74	22	64.6	5 22	1006.4	. 18	9999.9	9	0	8.9	22	3.3	22	11.1	15.9 82.4*	66.2	e* 0.00G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	7/1/2008	73.7	24	61.9) 24	1010.2	23	9999.9	9	0	9.2	24	3.4	24	12	16.9 84.2*	62.6	s* 0.01G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	7/2/2008	71	24	62.5	5 24	1014	22	9999.9	9	0	8.3	24	2.6	24	15	5 21	82	64 0.00G	999.9	110010
725107	4780	7/3/2008	71.8	24	59.5	5 24	1013.1	23	9999.9	9	0	9.1	24	5	24	16.9	27 86.0*	57.2	.* 0.74G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	7/4/2008	66.7	24	61.3	3 24	1016.7	19	9999.9	9	0	8.1	24	2.9	24	7	999.9 71.6*	60.8	s* 0.54G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/5/2008	67.2	24	62.1	24	1017.9	20	9999.9	9	0	6.8	24	1.8	24	7	999.9	72	64 0.14G	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/6/2008	71.6	24	63.1	24	1018.3	20	9999.9	9	0	7.2	24	2.7	24	8.9	999.9 80.6*	60.8	o.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/7/2008	76.7	24	65.7	' 24	1017.5	24	9999.9	9	0	6.9	24	3.3	24	8	999.9	86	66.9 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/8/2008	79.6	24	68.2	2 24	1013.7	22	9999.9	9	0	7.7	24	4.5	24	12	15.9	89.1	71.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/9/2008	80.5	24	68.2	2 24	1008.7	23	9999.9	9	0	8.3	24	7.1	24	15.9	22 89.6*	71.6	5* 0.03A	999.9	10
725107	4780	7/10/2008	75.3	24	60						0	9.4	24	7.1	24	14		81	69.1 0.35G	999.9	10010
725107		7/11/2008	70.8	24	55.4		1017.8	24			0	10	24	3.8	24	7	999.9	82	57.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107		7/12/2008	73.6	24	62.1						0	10	24	4.2	24			82.9	64 0.00I	999.9	0
725107		7/13/2008	75.6	24	60.5						0	10	24	9.8	24					999.9	0
725107		7/14/2008	74.2	24	62.8						0	9.9	24	3.7	24	11.1		69.8		999.9	10000
725107		7/15/2008	72.9	24	56.5						0	10	24	2.8	24			86	59 0.00I	999.9	0
725107		7/16/2008	73.8	24	53.8						0	10	24	3.3	24			88	57 0.00I	999.9	0
725107		7/17/2008	77	23	58						0	10	23	3.7	23					999.9	0
725107		7/18/2008	76.9	23	63.5						0	10	23	2.6	23			91	64 0.00I	999.9	0
725107		7/19/2008	78.9	24	63.3						0	8.8	24	5.5	24					999.9	10010
725107		7/20/2008	78.1	24	67.3						0	5.5	24	2.9	24			90	73 0.13B	999.9	10010
725107		7/21/2008	73.9	24	67.4						0	6.6	24	3.7	24			82.9	68 0.47G	999.9	10010
725107		7/22/2008	71.2	24	63.9						0	9.5	24	3.1	24			80.1	64 0.14G	999.9	10000
725107		7/23/2008	67.4	24	63.7						0	8.4	24	2.6	24		999.9	71.1	64 0.41G	999.9	10010
725107		7/24/2008	69.1	24	65.5						0	7.8	24	4.5	24					999.9	110010
725107		7/25/2008	73.8	24	60.5						0	8.4	24	4.2	24					999.9	110000
725107		7/26/2008	72.5	24	58.9						0	10	24	3.2	24			84.9	60.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/27/2008	70.3	24	60.9) 24	1010.7	19	9999.9	9	0	8.3	24	6.3	24	15	5 22	79	64 0.27G	999.9	10010

STN	WBAN	YEARMOD	TEMP C	OUNT D	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	COUNT	WDSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST MA	X MIN	PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780	7/28/2008	71.8	24	60.7	24	1010.3	22	9999.9	0	9.9	24	3.8	24	9.9	16.9	82.9	62.1 0.59G	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/29/2008	74.8	24	61.2	24	1010.7	24	9999.9	0	9	24	5.8	24	11.1	18.1	84.9	64 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/30/2008	73.1	24	59.7	24	1010.4	24	9999.9	0	10	24	2	24	7	999.9 82.	4* 60.8	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/31/2008	75	24	65.7	24	1004.1	22	9999.9	0	7.3	24	3.6	24	11.1	14 86.	0* 66.2	° 0.03G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	8/1/2008	75.4	24	62.4	24	1004.4	24	9999.9	0	9.7	24	4.3	24	8.9	999.9	84.9	64.9 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/2/2008	70.5	24	63.4	24	1006.8	21	9999.9	0	9.3	24	2.1	24	15.9	21 78.	8* 64.4	0.00G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	8/3/2008	70.9	24	62.9	24	1007.5	17	9999.9	0	8.7	24	3.9	24	14	21 80.	6* 64.4	° 0.10G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	8/4/2008	71.8	24	60.4	24	1010.9	24	9999.9	0	9.9	24	6.6	24	9.9	19 82.	4* 62.6	° 0.10G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	8/5/2008	69.1	24	60.7	24	1014.9	20	9999.9	0	10	24	3.4	24	7	999.9 75.	2* 64.4	° 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/6/2008	65.1	24	61.1	24	1012.1	17	9999.9	0	9.2	24	5.9	24	11.1	20 69.	8* 62.6	0.20G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	8/7/2008	66.7	24	62.1	24	1008.6	19	9999.9	0	9.1	24	2.5	24	8.9	999.9	73.9	64 0.46G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	8/8/2008	66.9	24	60.1	24	1004.9	15	9999.9	0	8.8	24	1.5	24	8	999.9 77.	0* 60.8	° 0.47G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	8/9/2008	66.7	24	56.5	24	1008.4	23	9999.9	0	10	24	2.6	24	8	999.9	80.1	55.9 0.03G	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/10/2008	66.3	24	58.9	24	1012.4	19	9999.9	0	9	24	2.8	24	15.9	21 78.	8* 57.2	° 0.01G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	8/11/2008	64.1	24	60.3	24	1011.3	17	9999.9	0	8.8	24	2.6	24	9.9	999.9 66.	2* 60.8	1.84G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	8/12/2008	65.2	24	57.8	24	1006.4	20	9999.9	0	9.4	24	4.7	24	9.9	15	73.9	60.1 0.11G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	8/13/2008	66.6	24	55.8	24	1009.3	24	9999.9	0	10	24	3	24	8	999.9	79	55.9 0.38G	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/14/2008	67.6	24	59.2	24	1009.3	22	9999.9	0	9.3	24	2.3	24	19	28.9 78.	8* 59.0	° 0.01G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	8/15/2008	68.5	24	58.3	24	1014.5	23	9999.9	0	9.8	24	2.5	24	18.1	23.9	79	59 0.00G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	8/16/2008	68.9	24	59	24	1013.7	21	9999.9	0	9.1	24	2.6	24	13	22	80.1	62.1 0.06C	999.9	10010
725107	4780	8/17/2008	70.9	24	56.8	24	1012.2	24	9999.9	0	10	24	6.1	24	11.1	20 82.	4* 62.6	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/19/2008	69.6	24	59.7	24	1012.3	20	9999.9	0	8.4	24	6.3	24	14	20 75.	2* 60.8	0.32G	999.9	110010
725107	4780	8/20/2008	60.3	24	45.7	24	1020.8	24	9999.9	0	10	24	5.7	24	12	18.1	73	46.9 0.02G	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/21/2008	65.6	24	51.2	24	1024.3	24	9999.9	0	10	24	2.9	24	8	999.9	81	52 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/22/2008	70.3	24	57	24	1027.2	24	9999.9	0	10	24	2.5	24	7	999.9 84.	2* 55.4	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/23/2008	70.7	24	56.6	24	1026.4	24	9999.9	0	10	24	2.2	24	8.9	999.9	82	59 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/24/2008	70.5	24	58.4	24	1018.7	20	9999.9	0	10	24	3.4	24	8.9	999.9	82	57.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/25/2008	72.6	24	61.2	24	1010.8	21	9999.9	0	9.9	24	4.2	24	14	19	84	64 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/26/2008	63.1	24	46.1	24	1015.9	24	9999.9	0	10	24	7.8	24	15	21	75	50 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/27/2008	63.6	24	47.4	24	1019.5	24	9999.9	0	10	24	2.5	24	7	999.9 78.	8* 48.2	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/28/2008	66.5	24	54.2	24	1019	24	9999.9	0	10	24	2.9	24	7	999.9	79	55 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/29/2008	66.3	24	55	24	1017.2	24	9999.9	0	10	24	3.1	24	5.1	999.9	79	53.1 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/30/2008	70.9	24	62.3	24	1015.9	20	9999.9	0	9.5	24	3.5	24	9.9	999.9 78.	8* 64.4	° 0.11G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	8/31/2008	70.9	24	55.1	24	1018.1	24	9999.9	0	9.7	24	7.2	24	15	22	81	61 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/1/2008	68.6	24	48.6	24	1020	24	9999.9	0	10	24	7.8	24	16.9	27	84	55.9 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/2/2008	68.2	24	53.2	24	1017.8	24	9999.9	0	10	24	3.7	24	9.9	14	82.9	55.9 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/3/2008	68.4	24	55	24	1014.7	24	9999.9	0	10	24	2.9	24	8	999.9	81	55.9 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/4/2008	73.9	24	60	24	1013.8	24	9999.9	0	10	24	3.8	24	9.9	15	89.1	60.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107		9/5/2008	75.5	23	63.2	23	1018.1	23	9999.9	0	7.7	23	3.8	23	13	19	89.1	63 0.00I	999.9	0
725107			74.1	22	68.1	22	1014.7	15	9999.9	0	8.6	22	2.6	22	15		84	66.9 0.19G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/7/2008	71.3	24	60.5	24	1010.8	15	9999.9	0	7.9	24	10.7	24	18.1			3.67G	999.9	10000
725107			66.4	24	53.7	24					_	24	5.1	24					999.9	0
725107	4780	9/9/2008	64.3	24	58.6	24	1016.9	21	9999.9	0	9.5	24	3.4	24	9.9	16.9	71.1	57 0.48B	999.9	10010

STN	WBAN	YEARMOCT	ГЕМР С	COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	СО	UNT W	/DSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST	MAX	IIM	N PRO	P SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780	9/10/2008	60.7	24	48.7	24	1021.6	24	9999.9	9 (0	10	24	4.3	24	9.9	999.	9	69.1	51.1 0.01	3 999.9	0
725107	4780	9/11/2008	56.4	24	44.8	24	1028.8	24	9999.9	9 (0	10	24	2	24	5.1	999.	9 69.8*	42.	8* 0.00	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/12/2008	58.8	24	53.4	. 24	1022.6	23	9999.9	9 (0	10	24	3.4	24	8.9) 16.	9	66.9	50 0.09	3 999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/13/2008	68.4	24	62.6	24	1013.6	14	9999.9	9 (0	10	24	2.2	24	7	999.	9 78.8*	60.	8* 0.03	٩ 999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/14/2008	69.6	24	66.8	24	1010.1	18	9999.9	9 (0	7.4	24	4.9	24	11.1	1	4	77	66 0.40	G 999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/15/2008	75.5	23	63.5	23	1003.5	22	9999.9	9 (0	9.2	23	11.2	23	19	28.	9	79	68 0.11	G 999.9	0
725107	4780	9/16/2008	61	24	52	24	1019.3	24	9999.9	9 (0	10	24	2.4	24	7	999.	9 66.2*	51.	8* 0.00	G 999.9	0
725107	4780	9/17/2008	60.2	23	50.2	23	1020.9	23	9999.9	9 (0	10	23	2	23	7	999.	9	73	48 0.01	G 999.9	0
725107	4780	9/18/2008	59.4	24	45.3	24	1021.7	24	9999.9	9 (0	10	24	5.9	24	13	3 1	9	68	52 0.00	G 999.9	0
725107	4780	9/19/2008	50.4	24	38.9	24	1032.4	24	9999.9	9 (0	10	24	4.2	24	7	999.	9	61	41 0.00	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/20/2008	50.4	24	41.8	24	1028.3	24	9999.9	9 (0	10	24	2.9	24	7	999.	9	66.9	37 0.00	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/21/2008	60.3	24	51.6	24	1022.7	23	9999.9	9 (0	9.6	24	1.8	24	7	999.	9	80.1	44.1 0.21	٩ 999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/22/2008	59	24	53.7	24	1029.3	22	9999.9	9 (0	9.8	24	3.4	24	7	7 999.	9	66	53.1 0.00	٩ 999.9	0
725107	4780	9/23/2008	49.2	17	44.4	. 17	7 1033.2	17	7 9999.9	9 (0	10	17	1.3	17	4.1	999.	9 62.6*	42.	8* 0.01	G 999.9	0
725107	4780	9/24/2008	54.9	24	47.8	24	1031.7	24	9999.9	9 (0	10	24	1.4	24	7	7 999.	9	69.1	43 0.00	G 999.9	0
725107	4780	9/25/2008	54.2	24	46.6	24	1033.2	24	9999.9	9 (0	9.8	24	1.9	24	8	999.	9	64.9	44.1 0.00	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/26/2008	56.6	24	54.1	24	1031	15	9999.9	9 (0	6.8	24	4.8	24	8	999.	9 60.8*	50.	0.05	G 999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/27/2008	62.1	23	61.5	23	3 1021.3	13	9999.9	9 (0	5.2	23	2	23	6	999.	9	64.9	60.1 1.39	G 999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/28/2008	67.5	19	65.3	19	1012.3	11	1 9999.9	9 (0	6.7	19	1.2	19	5.1	999.	9	75.9	64 0.63	G 999.9	110000
725107	4780	9/29/2008	66.3	24	60.8	24	1012.6	24	9999.9	9 (0	9.8	24	4.1	24	8.9	999.	9 71.6*	60.	8* 0.13	G 999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/30/2008	61.6	24	57.1	24	1013.6	15	5 9999.9	9 (0	9.2	24	2.3	24	8	999.	9	64.9	59 0.00	G 999.9	10000
725107	4780	10/1/2008	61.6	24	58.1	24	1005.1	14	9999.9	9 (0	8.3	24	2.9	24	8	999.	9 66.2*	57.	2* 0.67	G 999.9	10000
725107	4780	10/2/2008	57.8	24	48.9	24	1000.7	24	9999.9	9 (0	9.7	24	6	24	16.9) 2	6 62.6*	51.	8* 0.03	G 999.9	10000
725107	4780	10/3/2008	51.5	24	40.6	24	1010.1	24	9999.9	9 (0	10	24	7.9	24	13	3 1	9	59	44.1 0.01	G 999.9	10000
725107	4780	10/4/2008	48.6	24	37.3	24	1020.2	24	9999.9	9 (0	10	24	5.5	24	15	23.	9 62.6*	35.	6* 0.00	G 999.9	0
725107	4780	10/5/2008	48.8	24	41.5	5 24	1025.2	24	9999.9	9 (0	10	24	2.4	24	7	999.	9	61	37 0.00	999.9	0
725107	4780	10/6/2008	48.7	24	39.4	. 24	1026.2	24	9999.9	9 (0	10	24	4.3	24	15	5 2	1	59	41 0.00	٩ 999.9	0
725107	4780	10/7/2008	49.3	24	31.8	24	1025.9	24	9999.9	9 (0	10	24	6.2	24	12			66.9	36 0.00	999.9	0
725107		10/8/2008	52	24	36	5 24	1020.6	24			0	10	24	1.7	24	8	999.	9	70	36 0.00		
725107	4780	10/9/2008	62.2	24	52	24	1012.8	23	9999.9	9 (0	9.9	24	6	24	15	5 2	2	73	55 0.08	G 999.9	10000
725107		########	56.9	24	44.2						0	9.6	24	3.3	24			9 71.6*	42.			
725107		########	54.9	24	43.2			24			0	10	24	2	24				70	39.9 0.00		
725107		########	54.2	24	42.5			24			0	10	24	1.9	24		999.		72	39 0.00		
725107		#######	55.7	24	46.3		1027.6			9 (0	10	24	2.5	24		999.		66.9	46.9 0.00		
725107		#######	56.2	24	49.9						0	10	24	4.5	24			5 62.6*				
725107		#######	58.7	24	48.3							8.6	24	2.8	24				68	45 0.00		
725107		#######	56.9	23	53.5						0	7.3	23	3.1	23			2	68	46 0.01		
725107		#######	50.9	24	38.1						0	10	24	6.9	24			1 59.0*	42.			
725107		########	40.8	24	29.5			24			0	10	24	3.8	24			4	55	30 0.00		
725107		#######	39.3	24	27						0	10	24	5.6	24			9	50	30 0.00		
725107		#######	39.7	24	24.8						0	10	24	3.5	24			9 60.8*				
725107		#######	46.2	24	35.7						0	10	24	1.4	24				59	35.1 0.01		
725107	4780	########	44.2	24	38	3 24	1017.8	19	9999.9	9 (0	10	24	8.4	24	13	3 1	9 46.4*	39.	2* 0.03	G 999.9	10000

STN	WBAN	YEARMOD	TEMP	COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	COUN	NT W	DSP CO	JNT	MXSPD	GUST MAX	MIN	PRCP	SNDP F	RSHTT
725107	4780	########	40.3	24	1 28.6	6 24	1036.	1 2:	2 9999.	9	0	10	24	3.5	24	8	999.9 51.8*	32.0*	0.02G	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	41.1	24	1 22.7	7 24	1032.	5 24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	1.8	24	8	999.9	64	25 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	49.1	24	41.7	7 24	1024.4	4 2:	2 9999.	9	0	10	24	4.7	24	18.1	29.9 64.4*	39.2*	0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	#######	58.3	24	49.	1 24	1009.2	2 20	9999.	9	0	8.3	24	7.9	24	18.1	27 64.4*	46.4*	1.19G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	#######	50.6	24	41.4	4 24	1012.4	4 24	4 9999.	9	0	9.8	24	8.0	24	4.1	999.9	68	37.9 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780	#######	48.3	24	44.	1 24	999.9	9 18	9999.	9	0	9.1	24	4.6	24	15	22	55.9	44.1 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	39.4	24	1 29.1	1 24	999.3	3 24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	10.5	24	15.9	28 44.6*	37.4*	0.37G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	36.6	21	I 23.4	4 21	1021.	7 2	1 9999.	9	0	10	21	5.7	21	13	22	45	26.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	40.4	24	1 26	6 24	1027.2	2 2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	3.3	24	11.1	19	63	23 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	11/1/2008	49.1	24	4 33	3 24	1022.	1 24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	4	24	14	19	59	35.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	11/2/2008	34.1	24	19.9	9 24	1032.	1 24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	2.4	24	11.1	999.9 46.4*	24.8*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	11/3/2008	36	24	1 28.8	3 24	1034.2	2 2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	1.8	24	8.9	14 53.6*	21.2*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	11/4/2008	51.5	24	44.	1 24	1028.3	3 2	1 9999.	9	0	8.2	24	3.5	24	8.9	999.9 66.2*	35.6*	99.99	999.9	111000
725107	4780	11/5/2008	53.8	24	48.8	3 24	1024.8	3 24	4 9999.	9	0	8.2	24	1.4	24	5.1	999.9 64.4*	44.6*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	11/6/2008	56.5	24	1 54.6	6 24	1020) 1 ⁻	1 9999.	9	0	5.7	24	5.2	24	11.1	15.9 60.8*	55.4*	0.17G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	11/7/2008	58.3	24	1 56	6 24	1013.4	4 2:	2 9999.	9	0	7.3	24	2.6	24	7	999.9 60.8*	55.4*	0.48G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	11/8/2008	58.9	24			1006.9	9 1:	3 9999.	9	0	7.5	24	4.4	24	8	999.9	64	57 0.01G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	11/9/2008	52.9	24			1 1004.3	3 2	2 9999.	9	0	8.9	24	5.9	24	15	22 57.2*	48.2*	0.11G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	45.5	24							0	10	24	5.4	24		20	51.1	39 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	39.9	24							0	10	24	6.5	24		20	46.9	34 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	39.6	24							0	10	24	2.9	24		999.9	46.9	30 0.001	999.9	0
725107		########	36.8	24							0	10	24	0.7	24		999.9	45	30 0.04B	999.9	10000
725107		########	48	24							0	4.7	24	0.6	24		999.9 57.2*	41.0*	0.18G	999.9	110000
725107		########	56.7	24							0	3.6	24	2.4	24		20	66.9	53.1 0.09G	999.9	110000
725107		########	54.4	24							0	9.9	24	12.1	24	22	33	68	42.1 0.45G	999.9	10000
725107		########	38.9	24							0	10	24	7	24		22	45	30 0.00G	999.9	0
725107		########	30	24							0	10	24	4.7	24		19	37.9	21.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107		#######	26.1	24							0	10	24	11.4	24		25.1 32.0*	21.2*	0.001	999.9	0
725107		########	25.2	24							0	10	24	7.3	24		19 33.8*	19.4*	0.001	999.9	0
725107		########	23.9								0	10	24	5.2	24			12.2*		999.9	0
725107		########	21.7	24							0	10	24	11.4	24		29.9 26.6*	17.6*	0.001	999.9	0
725107		########	23.3	24							0	10	24	8.6	24		25.1	32	18 0.001	999.9	0
725107		########	29.6	23							0	10	23	3.3	23			19.4*	0.001	999.9	0
725107		#######	42.4	24							0	6.3	24	4.7	24		15.9 48.2*	33.8*	0.55G	999.9	10000
725107		########	36.2	24							0	9.6	24	4.4	24			44.1	27 1.00G	999.9	0
725107		########	32.7	24							0	8	24	2.5	24		999.9	44.1	24.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107		########	31.9	24							0	8.5	24	1.2	24		15	45	25 0.04A	999.9	111000
725107		########	35.6	24							0	9.6	24	4.5	24		20	43	26.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107		########	27.8	24							0	8.9	24	0.8	24		999.9 35.6*	19.4*	0.22B	999.9	111000
725107		12/1/2008	41.7	24							0	6.5	24	4.2	24		19	55.9	35.1 0.76G	999.9	10000
725107		12/2/2008	41.2	24						_	0	10	24	7.3	24			46.9	30 0.01G	999.9	U
725107		12/3/2008	32.1	24							0	10	24	2.8	24		999.9 44.6*	21.2*	0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	12/4/2008	39.6	24	1 27.3	3 24	1017.6	5 2 ₄	4 9999.	y	0	10	24	5.1	24	12	19 48.2*	26.6*	0.00H	999.9	10000

STN	WBAN YEARMOCTE	EMP C	COUNT DE	EWP C	OUNT S	LP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	COUN	NT W	/DSP	COUNT	MXS	SPD G	UST MAX	MIN	PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780 12/5/2008	34.2	24	18.7	24	1020.2	24	9999.9	0	1	0	24	7		24	13	18.1 42.8*	28.4*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 12/6/2008	26.7	24	14.5	24	1020.8	24	9999.9	9 0	1	0	24	3	3 2	24	8	999.9 35.6*	17.6*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 12/7/2008	30.1	24	22.2	24	1006.3	20	9999.9	9 0	7.	.8	24	4.9) 2	24	19	33	34	25 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	4780 12/8/2008	17.1	24	-3.3	24	1020.9	24	9999.9	9 0	1	0	24	13.2	! 2	24	21	35.9	27	10 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 12/9/2008	24	24	13.3	24	1030.2	23	9999.9	9 0	9.	.6	24	3.3	3 2	24	7	999.9 48.2*	10.4*	0.00H	999.9	11000
725107	4780 #######	55.8	24	50.9	24	1014.8	17	9999.9	9 0	7.	.7	24	11.5	5 2	24	20	30.9 60.8*	46.4*	0.06G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 #######	35.3	24	31.6	24	1018.7	17	9999.9	9 0	7.	.2	24	4.5	5 2	24	8	999.9	46.9	32 0.55G	999.9	111000
725107	4780 #######	32.5	7	28.1	7	9999.9	C	9999.9	9 0	6.	.9	7	6.9)	7	11.1	19 33.8*	32.0*	0.00G	999.9	110000
725107	4780 #######	25.8	24	16	24	1020.3	22	9999.9	9 0	1	0	24	8	3	24	12	22.9	33.1	19 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 #######	25.5	24	18.4	24	1032.3	24	9999.9	9 0	1	0	24	3.1	4	24	12	15	39.9	17.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 #######	49.6	24	42.4	24	1025.4	22	9999.9	0	1	0	24	8.5	5 2	24	14	22.9	62.1	36 0.01C	999.9	10000
725107	4780 #######	41.9	23	28.3	23	1027.8	21	9999.9	9 0	1	0	23	8	3	23	18.1	30.9	59	30 0.04G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 #######	26.7	24	21.1	24	1026.2	11	9999.9	0	4.	.4	24	3.2	. 2	24	8.9	999.9 30.2*	24.8*	0.30G	999.9	111000
725107	4780 #######	28.5	24	23.9	24	1023.7	22	9999.9	0	7.	.6	24	3	3	24	9.9	15.9 37.4*	19.4*	0.12G	999.9	0
725107	4780 #######	21.2	24	17.1	24	1023.7	22	9999.9	0	4.	.9	24	2.5	5 2	24	12	18.1 26.6*	15.8*	0.00G	999.9	101000
725107	4780 #######	13.8	24	9	24	1020.6	13	9999.9	0	2.	.8	24	7.1	2	24	14	25.1 17.6*	10.4*	0.50G	999.9	101000
725107	4780 #######	15.1	24	10.7	24	1015.4	19	9999.9	0	4.	.4	24	5.7	, ,	24	16.9	23.9 19.4*	12.2*	0.05G	999.9	101000
725107	4780 #######	18	24	6.7	24	1002.6	20	9999.9	0	7.	.8	24	15.5	5 2	24	23.9	34 24.8*	12.2*	0.54G	999.9	100000
725107	4780 #######	15	24	1.9	24	1031.8	24	9999.9	0	1	0	24	4.2	. 2	24	12	18.1	28	-7.1 0.00G	999.9	1000
725107	4780 #######	33.7	24	25.8	24	1026.3	21	9999.9	0	8.	.7	24	6.8	3	24	13	20	46.9	23 0.02G	999.9	11000
725107	4780 #######	43	24	30.1	24	1014.4	23	9999.9	0	9.	.5	24	16.3	3	24	25.1	39	55	28.9 0.45G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 #######	26.9	24	17.2	24	1034.3	24	9999.9	0	1	0	24	2.5	5 2	24	7	999.9 33.8*	19.4*	0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 #######	36.3	24	30.7	24	1027.5	18	9999.9	0	8.	.8	24	2.2	. 2	24	8	999.9 44.6*	30.2*	0.01G	999.9	111000
725107	4780 #######	50.4	24	46.2	24	1011.6	16	9999.9	0	8.	.1	24	7.6	5 2	24	15.9	27	61	36 0.16G	999.9	0
725107	4780 #######	38.8	24	25.9	24	1011.3	24	9999.9	0	1	0	24	10.4		24	22.9	35	57	34 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 #######	33.8	24	18.6	24	1004.8	23	9999.9	0	9.	.6	24	10.9) 2	24	22	35.9 37.4*	30.2*	0.01G	999.9	1000
725107	4780 #######	21.4	24	10.7	24	1007.2	21	9999.9	0	6.	.1	24	6.2	? 2	24	21	30.9 28.4*	12.2*	0.00G	999.9	101000
725107	4780 1/1/2009	8.8	24	-6.7	24	1015.8	24	9999.9	0	9.	.3	24	14.1	2	24	22	34 17.6*	3.2*	0.19G	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/2/2009	17.6	24	5.4	24	1015.1	24	9999.9	9 0	1	0	24	3.7	, ,	24	11.1	20 30.2*	8.6*	0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/3/2009	25.5	24	14.7	24	1008.1	23	9999.9	9 0		9	24	8.4	1	24	21	28	32	12 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	4780 1/4/2009	24.9	24	9.3	24	1013.9	24	9999.9	9 0	1	0	24	10.6	5 2	24	16.9	25.1 33.8*	17.6*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/5/2009	31.9	24	22.5	24	1012.3	22	9999.9	9 0	1	0	24	4	. 2	24	12	18.1 37.4*	24.8*	0.03G	999.9	11000
725107		26.7	24	13.3	24	1016	24	9999.9	9 0	9.	.9	24	4	. 2	24	12	23.9	35.1	14 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/7/2009	29.6	24	25	24	1002.8	17	9999.9	9 0	5.	.2	24	2.8	3	24	7	999.9 33.8*	26.6*	0.28G	999.9	111000
725107	4780 1/8/2009	32	24	26.8	24	991	14	9999.9	9 0		8	24	7.6	5 2	24	15	26	36	28 0.90G	999.9	111000
725107	4780 1/9/2009	20.9	24	10.4	24	1007.6	24	9999.9	9 0	1	0	24	9) 2	24	16.9	23.9 26.6*	15.8*	0.02G	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/10/2009	17.4	24	6	24	1022.8	24	9999.9	9 0	1	0	24	6.9) 2	24	12	14 21.2*	12.2*	0.00G	999.9	
725107	4780 1/11/2009	21.1	24	16.5	24	1014	11	9999.9	9 0	4.	.8	24	4.4		24	9.9	15 28.4*	17.6*	0.38G	999.9	111000
725107	4780 1/12/2009	19.8	24	11.8	24	1018.6	23	9999.9	9 0	9.	.8	24	5.1	2	24	15.9	22	27	9 0.06G	999.9	0
725107		19.3	24	13.9	24	1021.5				9.	.3	24	2.1		24	6	999.9 32.0*		0.00 G	999.9	0
725107		20.1	24	5.9	24	1011.6						24	9.3		24	20	29.9 32.0*			999.9	0
725107		10.5	24	-4.7	24	1022.9						24	2.4		24	8.9	999.9	16	3 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/16/2009	3.9	24	-7.2	24	1029	24	9999.9	0	1	0	24	4.1	2	24	12	16.9 14.0*	-7.6*	0.001	999.9	0

Part	STN	WBAN	YEARMOD T	TEMP (COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	CC	DUNT W	/DSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST	MAX	(MIN	N PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
Page	725107	4780	1/17/2009	7.8	24	-7.6	5 24	1031.6	24	9999.	9	0	10	24	3.2	24	8.9	999	.9 17.6	* -5.8	3* 0.00I	999.9	0
Page	725107	4780	1/18/2009	15.3	24	9.7	7 24	1021.5	16	9999.	9	0	5.3	24	1	24	5.1	999	.9	23	9 0.06G	999.9	101000
Page	725107	4780	1/19/2009	22.8	24	18.5	5 24	1004.6	1:	5 9999.	9	0	5.1	24	1	24	7	999	.9	34	6.1 0.36G	999.9	101000
Page	725107	4780	1/20/2009	23.3	24	1 17	7 24	1003.9	24	9999.	9	0	9	24	3.6	24	8.9	999	.9	28.9	16 0.02G	999.9	0
Page	725107	4780	1/21/2009	13.3	24	3.3	3 24	1008.8	24	9999.	9	0	9.8	24	4.4	24	11.1	15	.9	25	-2 0.00G	999.9	0
Page	725107	4780	1/22/2009	23.7	24	11.5	5 24	1011	24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	6.6	24	15.9) 2	22	34	16 0.00A	999.9	0
Profile Prof	725107	4780	1/23/2009	31.6	24	1 20.9	9 24	1014.9	24	4 9999.	9	0	9.3	24	3.7	24	8.9	999	.9 39.2 ⁹	* 24.8	8* 0.00I	999.9	0
Part	725107	4780	1/24/2009	31.5	24	16.4	4 24	1009.5	24	9999.	9	0	10	24	10.2	24	20	28	.9	41	17.1 0.00I	999.9	0
Part	725107	4780	1/25/2009	12	24	-2.9	9 24	1024	24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	5.2	24	9.9	16	.9	21.9	-2.9 0.00A	999.9	0
Profice Prof	725107	4780	1/26/2009	13.8	24	1 0.2	2 24	1028.1	24	9999.	9	0	9.9	24	2.9	24		999	.9	25	-0.9 0.001	999.9	0
T25107 A780 1/28/2009 29.4 24 21.8 24 100.5 21 8989.9 0 8.7 24 7.3 24 23.9 98.9 33.1 61 0.00G 99.9 0 0 725107 A780 1/31/209 21.5 24 10.2 24 100.8 24 8989.9 0 8.7 24 3.2 24 8.8 898.9 33.1 61 0.00G 99.9 1000 725107 A780 1/31/209 24.6 24 11.7 24 1013 24 8989.9 0 8.5 24 18.8 24 11.1 999.9 42.8 15.8 0.00I 999.9 0 0 725107 A780 2/27/2009 24.6 24 11.7 24 1013 24 8989.9 0 8.5 24 18.8 24 7 899.9 4.6 0.00I 999.9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	725107	4780	1/27/2009	15.3	24	4.6	5 24	1029.9	24	9999.	9	0	9	24	3	24	12	999	.9	28	3.9 0.001	999.9	0
Property Property	725107	4780	1/28/2009	21	24	15.8	3 24	1027.9	12	9999.	9	0	5.1	24	1.1	24	7	999	.9 33.8	* 15.8	8* 0.05G	999.9	111000
T25107	725107	4780	1/29/2009	29.4	24	1 21.8	3 24	1006.5	2	1 9999.	9	0	9.7	24	7.3	24	23.9) 3	35.6	* 24.8	8* 1.13G	999.9	10000
Page	725107	4780	1/30/2009	19.9	24	14.8	3 24	1012.2	24	9999.	9	0	8.7	24	3.2	24	8.9	999	.9	33.1	6.1 0.00G	999.9	0
Property Property	725107	4780	1/31/2009	21.5	24	10.2	2 24	1009.8	24	9999.	9	0	9.3	24	8.7	24	19) 2	26	27	17.1 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	725107	4780	2/1/2009	24.6	24	11.7	7 24	1013	24	9999.	9	0	10	24	3.6	24	11.1	999	.9 42.8	* 15.8	8* 0.00I	999.9	0
T25107	725107	4780	2/2/2009	29.4	24	1 21.9	9 24	1014.2	24	9999.	9	0	8.5	24	1.8	24	7	999	.9	46.9	15.1 0.001	999.9	0
T25107	725107	4780	2/3/2009	31.3	24	22.3	3 24	1012.7	18	9999.	9	0	7.7	24	7.2	24	14	. 2	20	39	26.1 0.05C	999.9	1000
T25107	725107	4780	2/4/2009	19.6	24	1 7.4	4 24	1012.4	22	9999.	9	0	8.4	24	7.6	24	11.1	999	.9	26.1	9 0.01B	999.9	1000
Testor T	725107	4780			24	-3.7	7 24		24			0		24									
725107 4780 2/7/2009 23.8 24 9.7 24 1025.5 24 999.9 0 10 24 4 24 9.9 20 42.8* 8.6* 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/8/2009 31 24 15.1 24 1023.8 24 999.9 0 10 24 14.1 24 20 34 48.9 37 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/9/2009 31 24 15.1 24 1023.8 24 999.9 0 10 24 1.8 24 7 999.9 35.6* 19.4* 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/11/2009 43 23 33.6 23 1013.6 23 999.9 0 7.8 23 8.2 23 99.5 7.2* 30.2* 0.001 999.9 0 7.8 23 8.2 23 35.6 50 31.1056 999.9	725107	4780	2/6/2009	14.5	24	1 -0.6	6 24	1027.1	24	9999.	9	0	10	24	4.3	24	9.9	999	.9	27	5 0.001	999.9	0
725107 4780 2/9/2009 31 24 15.1 24 1023.8 24 999.9 0 10 24 7.8 24 15 22 37.9 19.9 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/11/2009 43 23 33.6 23 1013.6 23 999.9 0 9.9 23 4.3 23 8 999.9 57.2* 30.2* 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/11/2009 40.9 23 34.5 23 991.5 20 9999.9 0 7.8 23 8.2 23 8.99.9 57.2* 30.2* 0.001 999.9 110000 725107 4780 2/14/2009 33.2 23 106.9 23 999.9 0 10 23 15.1 23 19.9 27 41 28 0.01G 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/14/2009 31.2 24 103.2 24<	725107	4780	2/7/2009	23.8	24	9.7	7 24	1025.5	24	9999.	9	0	10	24		24	9.9) 2	20 42.8	* 8.6	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107 4780 2/10/2009 27 24 16.5 24 1027.2 24 999.9 0 10 24 1.8 24 7 999.9 35.6* 19.4* 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/11/2009 43 23 33.6 23 1013.6 23 999.9 0 9.9 23 4.3 23 8 999.9 57.2* 30.2* 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/12/2009 40.9 23 34.5 23 991.5 20 9999.9 0 7.8 23 8.2 23 18.5 23 1002.9 22 9999.9 0 7.8 23 8.2 23 9.0 33.1 0.156 999.9 10 725107 4780 2/14/2009 28.8 23 100.8 23 1009.9 0 10 24 8.4 24 13 25.1 39.9 21 0.00G 999.9	725107	4780	2/8/2009	45.1	24	1 30) 24	1010.8	24	9999.	9	0	10	24	14.1	24	20) 3	34	48.9	37 0.001	999.9	0
725107 4780 2/11/2009 43 23 33.6 23 1013.6 23 999.9 0 9.9 23 4.3 23 8 999.9 57.2* 30.2* 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/12/2009 40.9 23 34.5 23 991.5 20 9999.9 0 7.8 23 8.2 23 28 35.9 50 33.1 0.15G 999.9 110000 725107 4780 2/14/2009 33.2 23 18.5 23 1002.9 22 9999.9 0 10 23 15.1 23 19 27 41 28.01G 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/14/2009 31.2 24 13.9 24 1013.2 24 9999.9 0 10 24 8.4 24 13 21 41 23 0.001 999.9 3 17.1 0.000 999.9 0 10	725107	4780	2/9/2009	31	24	15. ⁻	1 24	1023.8	24	9999.	9	0	10	24	7.8	24	15	5 2	22	37.9	19.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107 4780 2/12/2009 40.9 23 34.5 23 991.5 20 999.9 0 7.8 23 8.2 23 28 35.9 50 33.1 0.15G 999.9 110000 725107 4780 2/13/2009 33.2 23 18.5 23 1002.9 22 9999.9 0 10 23 15.1 23 19 27 41 28 0.01G 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/14/2009 28.8 23 9.6 23 1009.8 23 999.9 0 10 23 11.3 23 15.9 25.1 39.9 21 0.00G 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/15/2009 31.2 24 1013.2 24 9999.9 0 10 24 8.4 24 13 21 41 23 0.001 999.9 0 10 24 2.9 24 8 999.9	725107	4780	2/10/2009	27	24	16.5	5 24	1027.2	24	9999.	9	0	10	24	1.8	24	7	999	.9 35.6	* 19.4	4* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107 4780 2/12/2009 40.9 23 34.5 23 991.5 20 999.9 0 7.8 23 8.2 23 28 35.9 50 33.1 0.15G 999.9 110000 725107 4780 2/13/2009 33.2 23 18.5 23 1002.9 22 9999.9 0 10 23 15.1 23 19 27 41 28 0.01G 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/14/2009 28.8 23 9.6 23 1009.8 23 999.9 0 10 23 11.3 23 15.9 25.1 39.9 21 0.00G 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/15/2009 31.2 24 1013.2 24 999.9 0 10 24 8.4 24 13 21 41 23 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/17/2009 27.7 2	725107	4780	2/11/2009	43	23	33.6	5 23	3 1013.6	23	9999.	9	0	9.9	23	4.3	23		999	.9 57.2	* 30.2	2* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107 4780 2/14/2009 28.8 23 9.6 23 1009.8 23 999.9 0 10 23 11.3 23 15.9 25.1 39.9 21 0.00G 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/15/2009 31.2 24 13.9 24 1013.2 24 9999.9 0 10 24 8.4 24 13 21 41 23 0.00I 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/16/2009 27.9 24 16.2 24 1019.4 24 9999.9 0 10 24 2.9 24 8 999.9 39 17.1 0.00I 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/18/2009 26 24 18.4 24 1018.9 21 9999.9 0 8.9 24 4 4 24 15.9 21 39.9 14 0.04A 999.9 1000 725107 4780	725107	4780	2/12/2009	40.9			5 23	991.5	20	9999.	9	0						35	.9	50	33.1 0.15G		110000
725107 4780 2/15/2009 31.2 24 13.9 24 1013.2 24 999.9 0 10 24 8.4 24 13 21 41 23 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/16/2009 27.9 24 16.2 24 1019.4 24 999.9 0 10 24 2.9 24 8 999.9 39 17.1 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/17/2009 27.7 24 15.1 24 1022.5 24 999.9 0 10 24 3.7 24 9.9 14 37.9 16 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/18/2009 26 24 18.4 24 1018.9 21 999.9 0 8.9 24 4 24 15.9 21 39.9 14 0.04A 999.9 1000 725107 4780 2/19/2009 36 24 13.3 24 994.8 13 9999.9 0 8.7 24 4.7 24 15 19 44.6* 30.2* 0.36G </td <td>725107</td> <td>4780</td> <td>2/13/2009</td> <td>33.2</td> <td>23</td> <td>3 18.5</td> <td>5 23</td> <td>3 1002.9</td> <td>22</td> <td>9999.</td> <td>9</td> <td>0</td> <td>10</td> <td>23</td> <td>15.1</td> <td>23</td> <td>19</td> <td>) 2</td> <td>27</td> <td>41</td> <td>28 0.01G</td> <td>999.9</td> <td>0</td>	725107	4780	2/13/2009	33.2	23	3 18.5	5 23	3 1002.9	22	9999.	9	0	10	23	15.1	23	19) 2	27	41	28 0.01G	999.9	0
725107 4780 2/16/2009 27.9 24 16.2 24 1019.4 24 999.9 0 10 24 2.9 24 8 999.9 39 17.1 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/17/2009 27.7 24 15.1 24 102.5 24 999.9 0 10 24 3.7 24 9.9 14 37.9 16 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/18/2009 26 24 18.4 24 1018.9 21 999.9 0 8.9 24 4 24 15.9 21 39.9 14 0.04A 999.9 1000 725107 4780 2/19/2009 36 24 31.5 24 999.8 13 9999.9 0 8.7 24 4.7 24 15 19 44.6* 30.2* 0.36G 999.9 11000 725107 4780 2/20/2009 24 12.9 24 1015.4 24 9999.9 0 10 24 <	725107	4780	2/14/2009	28.8	23	9.6	5 23	3 1009.8	23	9999.	9	0	10	23	11.3	23	15.9	25	.1	39.9	21 0.00G	999.9	0
725107 4780 2/17/2009 27.7 24 15.1 24 102.5 24 999.9 0 10 24 3.7 24 9.9 14 37.9 16 0.001 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/18/2009 26 24 18.4 24 1018.9 21 9999.9 0 8.9 24 4 24 15.9 21 39.9 14 0.04A 999.9 100 725107 4780 2/19/2009 36 24 31.5 24 994.8 13 9999.9 0 5.8 24 4.7 24 15 19 44.6* 30.2* 0.36G 999.9 11000 725107 4780 2/20/2009 24.9 24 13.3 24 999.4 21 999.9 0 8.7 24 12.5 24 19 32.1 35.6* 19.4* 0.01G 999.9 11000 725107 4780 2/21/2009 29 24 1015.4 24 999.9 0 7.8 24 15.1 24 19 26 37 24.1 0	725107	4780	2/15/2009	31.2	24	13.9	9 24	1013.2	24	9999.	9	0	10	24	8.4	24	13	3 2	21	41	23 0.001	999.9	0
725107 4780 2/18/2009 26 24 18.4 24 1018.9 21 9999.9 0 8.9 24 4 24 15.9 21 39.9 14 0.04A 999.9 1000 725107 4780 2/19/2009 36 24 31.5 24 994.8 13 9999.9 0 5.8 24 4.7 24 15 19 44.6* 30.2* 0.36G 999.9 11000 725107 4780 2/20/2009 24.9 24 13.3 24 999.4 21 9999.9 0 8.7 24 12.5 24 19 32.1 35.6* 19.4* 0.01G 999.9 11000 725107 4780 2/21/2009 29 24 12.9 24 1015.4 24 999.9 0 7.8 24 1.1 24 19 26 37 24.1 0.00G 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/23/2009 28.8 24 24 1018.6 23 9999.9 0 7.8 24 0	725107	4780	2/16/2009	27.9	24	16.2	2 24	1019.4	24	9999.	9	0	10	24	2.9	24		999	.9	39	17.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107 4780 2/19/2009 36 24 31.5 24 994.8 13 9999.9 0 5.8 24 4.7 24 15 19 44.6* 30.2* 0.36G 999.9 11000 725107 4780 2/20/2009 24.9 24 13.3 24 999.4 21 999.9 0 8.7 24 12.5 24 19 32.1 35.6* 19.4* 0.01G 999.9 11000 725107 4780 2/21/2009 29 24 12.9 24 1015.4 24 999.9 0 10 24 11.1 24 19 26 37 24.1 0.00G 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/22/2009 28.8 24 24 24 1018.6 23 9999.9 0 7.8 24 0.5 24 5.1 999.9 37.9 21 0.54B 999.9 11000 725107 4780 2/23/2009 28.8 24 20.2 24 1008.7 20 9999.9 0 8.5 24 15.1 24 22.9 35 34 <td>725107</td> <td>4780</td> <td>2/17/2009</td> <td></td> <td>24</td> <td>15.⁻</td> <td>1 24</td> <td>1022.5</td> <td>24</td> <td>9999.</td> <td>9</td> <td>0</td> <td>10</td> <td>24</td> <td></td> <td>24</td> <td>9.9</td> <td>) 1</td> <td>4</td> <td>37.9</td> <td>16 0.001</td> <td>999.9</td> <td>0</td>	725107	4780	2/17/2009		24	15. ⁻	1 24	1022.5	24	9999.	9	0	10	24		24	9.9) 1	4	37.9	16 0.001	999.9	0
725107 4780 2/20/2009 24.9 24 13.3 24 999.4 21 9999.9 0 8.7 24 12.5 24 19 32.1 35.6* 19.4* 0.01G 999.9 11000 725107 4780 2/21/2009 29 24 12.9 24 1015.4 24 9999.9 0 10 24 11.1 24 19 26 37 24.1 0.00G 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/22/2009 28.8 24 24 1018.6 23 9999.9 0 7.8 24 0.5 24 5.1 999.9 37.9 21 0.54B 999.9 11000 725107 4780 2/23/2009 28.8 24 20.2 24 1008.7 20 9999.9 0 8.5 24 15.1 24 22.9 35 34 23 0.06B 999.9 11000	725107	4780	2/18/2009	26	24	18.4	4 24	1018.9	2	1 9999.	9	0	8.9	24	4	24	15.9) 2	21	39.9	14 0.04A	999.9	1000
725107 4780 2/21/2009 29 24 12.9 24 1015.4 24 9999.9 0 10 24 11.1 24 19 26 37 24.1 0.00G 999.9 0 725107 4780 2/22/2009 28.8 24 24 1018.6 23 9999.9 0 7.8 24 5.1 999.9 37.9 21 0.54B 999.9 11000 725107 4780 2/23/2009 28.8 24 20.2 24 1008.7 20 9999.9 0 8.5 24 15.1 24 22.9 35 34 23 0.06B 999.9 11000	725107	4780	2/19/2009	36	24	31.5	5 24	994.8	1;	9999.	9	0	5.8	24	4.7	24	15	5 1	9 44.6	* 30.2	2* 0.36G	999.9	11000
725107 4780 2/22/2009 28.8 24 24 24 1018.6 23 9999.9 0 7.8 24 0.5 24 5.1 999.9 37.9 21 0.54B 999.9 11000 725107 4780 2/23/2009 28.8 24 20.2 24 1008.7 20 9999.9 0 8.5 24 15.1 24 22.9 35 34 23 0.06B 999.9 11000	725107	4780	2/20/2009	24.9	24	13.3	3 24	999.4	2	1 9999.	9	0	8.7	24	12.5	24	19	32	.1 35.6	* 19.4	4* 0.01G	999.9	11000
725107 4780 2/23/2009 28.8 24 20.2 24 1008.7 20 9999.9 0 8.5 24 15.1 24 22.9 35 34 23 0.06B 999.9 11000	725107	4780	2/21/2009	29	24	12.9	9 24	1015.4	24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	11.1	24	19) 2	26	37	24.1 0.00G	999.9	0
	725107	4780	2/22/2009	28.8	24	1 24	4 24	1018.6	23	9999.	9	0	7.8	24	0.5	24	5.1	999	.9	37.9	21 0.54B	999.9	11000
725407 4790 2/24/2000 22.7 24 0.7 24 40204 24 00000 0 40 0.4 40.0 0.4 40.0 0.2 0.2 0.4 40.0 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2	725107	4780	2/23/2009	28.8	24	1 20.2	2 24	1008.7	20	9999.	9	0	8.5	24	15.1	24	22.9) 3	35	34	23 0.06B	999.9	11000
725107 4780 2/24/2009 23.7 24 9.7 24 1020.1 24 9999.9 0 10 24 12.2 24 16.9 22 33.8* 17.6* 0.00l 999.9 0	725107	4780	2/24/2009	23.7	24	9.7	7 24	1020.1	24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	12.2	24	16.9) 2	22 33.8	* 17.0	6* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107 4780 2/25/2009 25.6 24 10.1 24 1029.4 24 9999.9 0 10 24 2.8 24 6 999.9 37.9 16 0.00l 999.9 0	725107	4780	2/25/2009	25.6	24	10.	1 24	1029.4	24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	2.8	24	. 6	999	.9	37.9	16 0.001	999.9	0
725107 4780 2/26/2009 33.3 24 21.9 24 1027.2 24 9999.9 0 10 24 3.6 24 8.9 999.9 44.6* 23.0* 0.00l 999.9 0	725107	4780	2/26/2009	33.3	24	1 21.9	9 24	1027.2	24	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	3.6	24	8.9	999	.9 44.6	* 23.0	0.001	999.9	0
725107 4780 2/27/2009 39.8 24 33.6 24 1020 22 9999.9 0 8.5 24 6.2 24 18.1 32.1 59.0* 24.8* 0.00H 999.9 10000	725107	4780	2/27/2009	39.8	24	33.6	6 24	1020	22	9999.	9	0	8.5	24	6.2	24	18.1	32	.1 59.0	* 24.8	8* 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107 4780 2/28/2009 40.9 24 29.3 24 1018.5 18 9999.9 0 9.4 24 10.8 24 18.1 26 53.1 30 0.41G 999.9 10000	725107	4780	2/28/2009	40.9	24	1 29.3	3 24	1018.5	18	9999.	9	0	9.4	24	10.8	24	18.1	2	26	53.1	30 0.41G	999.9	10000

STN	WBAN	YEARMOCT	ГЕМР (COUNT [DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	CO	UNT	WDSP	COUNT	MXS	SPD G	UST MAX	MIN	PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780	3/1/2009	24.4	23	10.1	23	1023.6	19	9999.9) (0	8.9	23	4.9)	23	8.9	15.9 30.2	* 21.2°	0.00G	999.9	1000
725107	4780	3/2/2009	21.6	14	17.1	14	1012.6	8	9999.9) (0	2	14	8.8	3	14	13	19 24.8	* 19.4	° 0.51G	999.9	1000
725107	4780	3/3/2009	17.7	24	3	24	1017.2	24	9999.9) (0	9.8	24	11.2	2	24	15	22	25	10 0.09G	999.9	1000
725107	4780	3/4/2009	16.5	21	-1.4	21	1025.4	21	9999.9) (0	10	21	6.3	3	21	12	21	30.9	6.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	3/5/2009	26.7	20	9.5	20	1028.6	20	9999.9) (0	10	20	3.1		20	8	999.9	39.9	7 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	3/6/2009	40	24	25.7	24	1020	24	9999.9) (0	10	24	5.7	7	24	13	21	52	26.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780		48.4	24	31.9	24	1014.8	24	9999.9) (0	10	24	4.6	6	24	11.1	15.9	57.9	37 0.001	999.9	0
725107			47.2	24	37.4	24	1011.4		9999.9		0	8.6	24	6		24	15	23.9	55.9	39 0.07G	999.9	10000
725107			35.8	24	29	24	1016					6.2	24	3.4		24	8.9	999.9 44.6			999.9	111000
725107		3/10/2009	32.1	23	24.4	23	1027.3		9999.9		0	7.8	22	1.5		22	6	999.9 42.8			999.9	100000
725107		3/11/2009	41.5	24	38	24	1019.2	18	9999.9		0	7.3	24	5.5		24	11.1	15.9	52	34 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107		3/12/2009	34.9	18	12.2	18	1025.1	18			0	10	18	12.4		18	19	32.1 50.0			999.9	0
725107		3/13/2009	28.2	24	5	24	1032.6		9999.9		0	10	24	4.5		24	7	15	37.9	19.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107		3/14/2009	36.3	24	16.8	24	1025.3		9999.9		0	10	24	3.9		24	11.1	18.1	51.1	24.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107		3/15/2009	42.3	24	20.8	24	1021.8		9999.9			9.2	24	1.7		24	7	14	59	24.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107		3/16/2009	37.1	24	25.2	24	1027.4		9999.9		0	10	24	4.4		24	8	14	45	27 0.001	999.9	0
725107		3/17/2009	37.5	24	26.3	24	1026.8		9999.9		0	9.8	24	2.1		24	6	999.9 51.8			999.9	0
725107		3/18/2009	45.6	24	30.7	24	1020.3		9999.9		0	10	24	5.4		24	14	21 62.6			999.9	0
725107		3/19/2009	46.1	24	34.7	24	1016.4		9999.9		0	10	24	5.1		24	8.9	15.9 53.6			999.9	10000
725107		3/20/2009	36.1	24	15.6	24	1024.2		9999.9		0	10	24	5		24	8.9	999.9	44.1	28 0.001	999.9	0
725107		3/21/2009	32.4	24	9.2	24	1031.7		9999.9		0	10	24	1.7		24	6	999.9 48.2			999.9	0
725107		3/22/2009	37.6	24	17.2	24	1025.2		9999.9		0	10	24	6.2		24	15	22	48.9	27 0.00A	999.9	0
725107		3/23/2009	27.9	24	3.3	24	1025.1	24	9999.9		0	10	24	11.2		24	20	27	36	19 0.001	999.9	0
725107		3/24/2009	32.2	24	10.4	24	1027.9		9999.9		0	10	24	11.2		24	21	27	46.9	21 0.001	999.9	0
725107		3/25/2009	37.1	24	15.3	24	1028.7	24	9999.9		0	10	24	3.3		24	8	999.9 55.4			999.9	0
725107		3/26/2009	38.4	24	22.9	24	1020.1	24	9999.9		0	10	24	2.7		24	9.9	15.9	53.1	26.1 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107		3/27/2009	47.4	24	38	24	1013.5		9999.9		0	8.8	24	3		24	7	14 62.6			999.9	10000
725107		3/28/2009	47.8	24	38.6	24	1016.7	20	9999.9		0	8.4	24	2.5		24	8	999.9 62.6			999.9	0
725107		3/29/2009	41.1	24	38.7	24	1007.6					4.8	24	4.1		24	/	14	48	39 0.11G	999.9	10000
725107		3/30/2009	41.2	24	37.6	24	998.7					8.3	24	7		24	16.9	22	45	35.1 0.62G	999.9	10000
725107		3/31/2009	45	24	30.5	24	1017.2		9999.9		0	10	24	7		24	14	15.9	55.9	35.1 0.17G	999.9	0
725107			40.8	24	31.1	24	1024		9999.9			9.9	24	4.5		24	11.1	14	48	34 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107			48.9	24	42.7	24	1017.8		9999.9		0	8	24	4.1		24	12	999.9	63	39.9 0.10G	999.9	10000
725107			51	24	48.9	24	1008.5		9999.9		0	5.7	24	3.6		24	9.9	999.9	54	48 0.00G	999.9	10010
725107			47.3	24	39.4	24	991.6		9999.9		0	8.2	24	9.4		24	21	30.9 53.6			999.9	110000
725107			45.7	24	30.6	24	1001.9		9999.9		0	10	24	12.4		24	19	28	57	37.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107			40.4	24	34.7	24	1005.8				0	8.4	24	4.1		24	9.9	999.9 46.4			999.9	10000
725107			42.9	24	35.9	24	990.3				0	10	24	6.6		24	13	22.9 44.6			999.9	10000
725107			38.4	24	20.6	24	1000.5		9999.9		0	10	24	8.4		24	16.9	23.9	45	33.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107			46.2	23	22.9	23	1008.1	23	9999.9		0	10	23	7.7		23	15	26	60.1	35.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107		4/10/2009	47.4	24	27.8	24	1015.6		9999.9		0	10	24	4.7		24	14	26	63	34 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107		4/11/2009	43.5	24	40.5	24	1013.7		9999.9		0	6.8	24	3.9		24	9.9	15.9	51.1	39 0.32G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/12/2009	37.1	24	19.3	24	1015.2	23	9999.9) (0	9.5	24	12.4	ŀ	24	20	28	41	33.1 0.19G	999.9	0

STN	WBAN	YEARMOD:	TEMP (COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	CC	UNT \	NDSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST N	MAX I	MIN	PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780	4/13/2009	40.1	24	4 15.	1 24	1017.1	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	12.4	24	18.1	26 5	53.6*	32.0*	0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/14/2009	46.3	24	4 20.	4 24	1017.6	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	3.1	24	11.1	15	61		32 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/15/2009	45.4	24	1 2	3 24	1019.1	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	5.7	24	14	20 5	55.4*	33.8*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/16/2009	45.4	24	19.	2 24	1024.8	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	4.7	24	9.9	15.9	61		28.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/17/2009	52	24	4 24.	6 24	1021.8	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	6.4	24	13	21	70		35.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/18/2009	57.4	24	4 29.	1 24	1013.8	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	6.4	24	15	19	64.9		48.9 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/19/2009	50.7	24	4 30.	2 24	1017.9	2:	2 9999.	9	0	10	24	6.1	24	14	. 19 5	57.2*	39.2*	0.02G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/20/2009	41.8	24	4 25.	2 24	1024.2	2:	2 9999.	9	0	10	24	5.3	24	16.9	23.9 5	3.6*	30.2*	0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/21/2009	45.5	24	4	3 24	1014.4	- 1	4 9999.	9	0	4.4	24	4.7	24		16.9	50		42.1 1.01G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/22/2009	52.4	24	4	5 24	1004.9	2	0 9999.	9	0	7.3	24	3.2	24	11.1	999.9 6	62.6*	44.6*	0.51G	999.9	110000
725107	4780	4/23/2009	48.3	24	4 36.	7 24	1005.6	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	11.9	24	19	28.9	55.9		42.1 0.15G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	4/24/2009	54.2	24	4 32.	1 24	1021	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	6.5	24	12	! 19	72		41 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/25/2009	70.2	24	40.	7 24	1020.6	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	5.1	24	14	. 19 8	39.6*	53.6*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/26/2009	76.2	24	52.	8 24	1020.3	3 2	3 9999.	9	0	10	24	7.1	24	14	22.9	84.9		60.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/27/2009	67.1	24	46.	2 24	1027.4	. 2	1 9999.	9	0	10	24	4.9	24	9.9	15	84.9		55 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/28/2009	78.9	24	49.	9 24	1019	2	3 9999.	9	0	10	24	8	24	18.1	35	93.9		60.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/29/2009	57.5	24	4 25.	4 24	1029.3	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	7.1	24	16.9	27	75		44.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	4/30/2009	55.5	24	1 2	8 24	1029.2	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	5.7	24	16.9	22	71.1		39 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/1/2009	61	24	52.	5 24	1014.3	2	2 9999.	9	0	9.3	24	9.2	24	13	25.1	70		53.1 0.02D	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/2/2009	62	24	44.	8 24	1009.3	3 2	3 9999.	9	0	10	24	7.2	24	14	. 22	68		54 0.05G	999.9	10000
725107	4780		53.3	24	4 3	7 24			4 9999.	9	0	10	24	2.5		. 6		63		41 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/4/2009	58.4	24	42.	7 24	1017.8	2	3 9999.	9	0	10	24	3.5	24	6	999.9	68		48.9 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/5/2009	53.2	24	4	8 24	1 1021.6	1	8 9999.	9	0	7.6	24	3.9	24	9.9	15.9 6	60.8*	48.2*	0.08G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/6/2009	53.8	24	46.	1 24	1018.2	! 1	5 9999.	9	0	8.8	24	2.6	24	7	999.9	68		46 0.83G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/7/2009	58.5	24	4 53.	5 24	1010.9	2	0 9999.	9	0	7.9	24	3.3	24	9.9	999.9 7	73.4*	51.8*	0.95G	999.9	10010
725107	4780		62.5	24							0	7.6	24	4	24	13		75.9		46 0.13G	999.9	
725107			67.2	24	4 56.	6 24					0	9	24	6.7	24	26	43.9	75		60.1 0.00G	999.9	
725107		5/10/2009	59.6	24							0	9.7	24	12.1			30.9 6		53.6*	0.40G	999.9	
725107		5/11/2009	54.7	24							0	10	24	7.2	24	14		66.9		46 0.01G	999.9	
725107		5/12/2009	55.2	24	4 37.	4 24					0	10	24	4.1		15			44.6*	0.00G	999.9	
725107		5/13/2009	55.6	23		8 23					0	10	23	3.8				71.1		39 0.001	999.9	
725107		5/14/2009	56.3	24							0	9.4	24	9					44.6*	0.08B	999.9	
725107		5/15/2009	64.9	24							0	9.9	24	4.8				79		57 0.03A	999.9	
725107		5/16/2009	62.3	24							0	10	24	5.3				75		50 0.001	999.9	
725107		5/17/2009	60.1	24							0	9.3	24	7.9				66		53.1 0.37G	999.9	
725107		5/18/2009	50.1	24							0	10	24	4.4	24	11.1	999.9 5	55.4*	44.6*	0.03G	999.9	
725107		5/19/2009	55.4	24							0	10	24	4.4				72		39 0.00G	999.9	
725107		5/20/2009	66.7	24							0	10	24	4.2				82.9		46.9 0.00I	999.9	
725107		5/21/2009	75.4	24							0	10	24	5.8					57.2*	0.00A	999.9	
725107		5/22/2009	76.9	24							0	10	24	7.8					60.8*	0.001	999.9	
725107		5/23/2009	63.3	23							0	10	23	4	23			79		55.9 0.001	999.9	
725107		5/24/2009	65.4	24							0	9.8	24	4.2				81		53.1 0.10G	999.9	
725107	4780	5/25/2009	68.3	24	44.	6 24	1015.1	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	6.2	24	11.1	20	78.1		51.1 0.00G	999.9	0

STN	WBAN	YEARMOD:	TEMP	COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	СО	UNT W	/DSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST N	MIN XAI	N PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780	5/26/2009	54.1	24	4 31.2	2 24	1024.9	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	5.5	24	9.9	15	69.1	39 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/27/2009	49.9	24	44.7	7 24	1021.7	16	9999.9	9	0	7.8	24	4.4	24	8	999.9	57.9	45 0.11G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/28/2009	48.1	24	46.4	4 24	1015.8	17	7 9999.9	9	0	4.7	24	3.8	24	6	999.9	50	46 0.38G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/29/2009	53.3	24	50.2	2 24	1009.5	20	9999.9	9	0	6.1	24	2.4	24	6	999.9 6	6.2* 48.	2* 0.06G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/30/2009	67.1	24	53.3	3 24	1004.6	23	9999.9	9	0	9.8	24	5.9	24	18.1	26	75.9	59 0.23G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/31/2009	60.4	24	43.9	9 24	1006.8	23	9999.9	9	0	10	24	5.3	24	20	36.9	78.1	44.1 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/1/2009	54.7	24	32.6	6 24	1016.1	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	6.4	24	14	22.9	71.1	36 0.06G	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/2/2009	67.8	24	4 47	7 24	1013.7	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	4.8	24	8.9	18.1 7	8.8* 57.	2* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/3/2009	61.9	24	44.4	4 24	1015.6	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.9	24	8.9	999.9	73	50 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/4/2009	65.3	24	44.7	7 24	1015	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.3	24	8.9	999.9	75.9	57 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/5/2009	61.3	24	50.6	6 24	1015.6	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	2.9	24	8	999.9	69.1	54 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/6/2009	63.7	24	50.6	6 24	1012.7	20	9999.9	9	0	10	24	4.5	24	11.1	16.9 8	0.6* 53.	6* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/7/2009	68.6	24	46	6 24	1014.4	. 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	5.6	24	12	16.9	82	59 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/8/2009	66.3	24	46.6	6 24	1015.8	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.3	24	6	999.9	79	55 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/9/2009	59.4	24	50.5	5 24	1016.1	23	9999.9	9	0	9.3	24	4.7	24	12	999.9	71.1	53.1 0.27B	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/10/2009	55.6	24	52.6	6 24	1015.8	17	7 9999.9	9	0	7.5	24	2.8	24	5.1	999.9 6	0.8* 51.	8* 0.02A	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/11/2009	57	24	1 54. ⁻	1 24	1015.8	17	7 9999.9	9	0	7.7	24	2.3	24	6	999.9 6	0.8* 53.	6* 0.01G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/12/2009	62.3	24	4 57. ₄	4 24	1008.5	14	9999.9	9	0	7.5	24	1.1	24	5.1	999.9 7	8.8* 55.	4* 1.50G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/13/2009	68	24	1 56.4	4 24	1012.6	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.3	24	8.9	999.9 7	8.8* 55.	4* 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/14/2009	61.7	24	1 56.9	9 24	1015.2	17	7 9999.9	9	0	8	24	3.3	24	11.1	999.9	71.1	57 1.47G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/15/2009	59	24	1 54	4 24	1018.8	20	9999.9	9	0	9.5	24	2.6	24	7	999.9 6	4.4* 55.	4* 0.17G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/16/2009	59.7	24	4 50.4	4 24	1024	. 18	9999.9	9	0	9.7	24	3.2	24	8	999.9	71.1	53.1 0.12G	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/17/2009	61.1	24	45.5	5 24	1024.3	23	9999.9	9	0	10	24	4.5	24	14	18.1	75	46 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/18/2009	58.5	24	52.8	3 24	1019.7	1 1 1	9999.9	9	0	8.6	24	3.8	24	11.1	15.9	66.9	51.1 0.35B	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/19/2009	66.2	24	4 63.3	3 24	1009	1:	9999.9	9	0	5.7	24	3.7	24	8.9	999.9 7	3.4* 62.	6* 1.01G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/20/2009	68.6	24	4 61.5	5 24	1004.9	20	9999.9	9	0	9.7	24	2	24	7	999.9	77	57.9 0.05G	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/21/2009	64.5	24	4 61.6	6 24	1001.8	1.	1 9999.9	9	0	6.7	24	5	24	8.9	14 6	8.0* 62.	6* 0.06G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/22/2009	63	24	4 60. ⁻	1 24	1004.3	16	9999.9	9	0	6.3	24	8.2	24	12	20	66	61 0.30G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/23/2009	65.6	24	1 59.8	3 24	1006.4	. 19	9999.9	9	0	9.8	24	5.4	24	8	999.9 6	9.8* 62.	6* 0.14G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/24/2009	64.5	24	4 62.3	3 24	1008.7	. (9999.9	9	0	6.1	24	5.6	24	8.9	16.9	68	62.1 0.23G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/25/2009	69.5	24	4 63	3 24	1008.7	13	9999.9	9	0	7.7	24	2.7	24	7	999.9 7	8.8* 62.	6* 0.15G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/26/2009	71.8	23	3 64.4	4 23	1005.4	23	9999.9	9	0	9.7	23	4.2	23	11.1	15	80.1	66 0.07G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	6/27/2009	68.6	16	61.7	7 16	1005.3	14	9999.9	9	0	10	16	3.3	16	8.9	999.9 8	0.6* 64.	4* 0.02G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	6/29/2009	69.4	24	1 63.4	4 24	998	18	9999.9	9	0	8.9	24	2.4	24	8	999.9	80.1	64 0.31G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/30/2009	65.2	24	4 62.2	2 24	1003.6	1 1	5 9999.9	9	0	7.8	24	3	24	8	999.9	75	62.1 0.16G	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/1/2009	61.2	24	1 59.6	6 24	1009.6	12	9999.9	9	0	4.9	24	3.3	24	9.9	15.9	64	59 0.41G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	7/2/2009	60.1	24	1 58.6	6 24	1011	14	9999.9	9	0	5	24	3.3	24	8	999.9 6	2.6* 57.	2* 0.00G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	7/3/2009	66.1	24	1 59	9 24	1009.1	16	9999.9	9	0	8	24	2.9	24	8.9	999.9	80.1	57 2.02G	999.9	0
725107		7/4/2009	69.2	24	56.2	2 24	1007.8	23	9999.9	9	0	10	24	9.4	24	16.9	28 7	5.2* 62.	6* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/5/2009	67.9	24	50. ²	1 24	1009.1	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	8.9	24	15.9	25.1	79	57 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/6/2009	68.9	24	52.3	3 24	1008.4	. 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	2.5	24	7	999.9	82	54 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/7/2009	62.3	24	1 58	3 24	1008.6	16	9999.9	9	0	8.9	24	2.6	24	9.9	15.9 7	1.6* 57.	2* 0.11G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	7/8/2009	63.2	24	f 59. ²	1 24	1012.6	;	9999.9	9	0	9	24	2.5	24	11.1	18.1	72	59 0.35G	999.9	110000

STN	WBAN	YEARMOCT	EMP	COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	COL	JNT W	VDSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST	MAX	MI	N P	RCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780	7/9/2009	60.3	24	52.9	24	1 1022.7	7 1	8 9999	.9	0	9.5	24	4.2	24	7	999	9.9	69.1	55 0	.17G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/10/2009	64.2	24	51.2	24	1 1026	3 2	4 9999	.9	0	9.9	24	3.3	24	8.9	999	9.9	78.1	50 0	.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/11/2009	68.2	24	55.8	24	1 1021.2	2 2	4 9999	.9	0	10	24	5.2	24	14		20 80.6*	57.	.2* 0	.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/12/2009	70.4	24	55.7	. 24	1012.2	2 2	1 9999	.9	0	9.6	24	6.8	24	12	. 16	6.9 78.8*	62	.6* 0	.23G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	7/13/2009	67	24	46.3	24	1011.3	3 2	4 9999	.9	0	10	24	7.9	24	15.9) :	22	77	54 0	.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/14/2009	67.2	24	46.4	. 24	1014.9	9 2	4 9999	.9	0	10	24	5.4	24	12	2 2	20	75.9	55.9 0	.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/15/2009	67.9	24	50.7	24	1017.8	3 2	4 9999	.9	0	10	24	5.4	24	12	18	3.1	82	54 0	.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/16/2009	71.4	24	60.9	24	1011.3	3 2	4 9999	.9	0	9.9	24	3.8	24	11.1	2	20 80.6*	60	.8* 0	.00B	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/17/2009	76.1	24	61.5	24	1009.1	1 2	4 9999	.9	0	9.8	24	3.3	24	8.9		14	88	62.1 0	.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/18/2009	73.2	24	64.7	24	1007.9	9 1	7 9999	.9	0	8.1	24	2.7	24	8	3 16	6.9 84.2*	66	.2* 0	.23G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	7/19/2009	70.9	23	55.5	23	3 1015.3	3 2	3 9999	.9	0	10	23	4.9	23	14	:	20 80.6*	59.	.0* 0	.15G	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/20/2009	70.2	24	57.6	24	1022	2 2	4 9999	.9	0	10	24	1.8	24	8	999	9.9	82	57 0	.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/21/2009	64.8	24	61.3	24	1023.8	3 1	5 9999	.9	0	7.7	24	1.6	24	6	999	9.9 71.6*	62	.6* 0	.10G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/22/2009	67.9	24	61.5	24	1020.8	3 1	9 9999	.9	0	8.5	24	2.8	24	7	999	9.9	80.1	62.1 0	.63G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/23/2009	67.3	24	63.1	24	1019.8	3 1	9 9999	.9	0	9.3	24	3.1	24	8.9	,	15	77	62.1 0	.01G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/24/2009	65.5	24	59.9	24	1012.5	5 1	8 9999	.9	0	7.4	24	6.9	24	14	:	20	73.9	60.1 2	.63G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/25/2009	72.6	23	61.7	23	3 1013.3	3 2	1 9999	.9	0	10	23	4	23	9.9	18	3.1	82.9	62.1 0	.11G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/26/2009	75	23	67.4	23	3 1013.1	1 2	0 9999	.9	0	8.8	23	5.8	23	13	3	19	84.9	68 0	.02G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	7/27/2009	76.9	24	67.7	24	1012.9	9 2	3 9999	.9	0	8.3	24	5.3	24	14	18	3.1	86	68 0	.13G	999.9	110000
725107	4780	7/28/2009	77.5	24	64.2	24	1013.8	3 2	4 9999	.9	0	9.4	24	4.3	24	8	999	9.9	88	66.9 0	.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/29/2009	77.5	24	69.9	24	1012.3	3 2	2 9999	.9	0	7.5	24	5.1	24	11.1	15	5.9 84.2*	69	.8* 0	.26A	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/30/2009	77.3	24	68.7	24	1008.9	9 2	0 9999	.9	0	9	24	4.7	24	11.1	18	3.1 86.0*	7 1.	.6* 0	.19C	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/31/2009	69.1	24	62.8	24	1012.7	7 1	9 9999	.9	0	7.9	24	3.1	24	14	;	22	78.1	62.1 0	.93B	999.9	10000
725107	4780	8/1/2009	73.3	24	62.7	24	1016.1	1 2	4 9999	.9	0	9.9	24	3.5	24	8	999	9.9	84.9	62.1 0	.02B	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/2/2009	70.3	24	64.8	24	1015.7	7 2	1 9999	.9	0	8.6	24	4.1	24	13	3 16	3.9 77.0	62	.6* 0	.00B	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/3/2009	74.4	24	64.1	24	1013.9	9 2	3 9999	.9	0	9.2	24	2.1	24	8	999	9.9	82.9	64 0	.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/4/2009	72.5	24	61.5	24	1015	5 2	4 9999	.9	0	10	24	3	24	8.9	999	9.9 84.2*	60	.8* 0	.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/5/2009	76.3	22	66	22	2 1011	1 2	0 9999	.9	0	8	21	5.4	22	8	3	19 84.2*	[*] 71.	.6* 0	.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/6/2009	69.8	24	55.6	24	1013.6	3 2	3 9999	.9	0	10	24	2.8	24	8.9	999	9.9	80.1	57.9 0	.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/7/2009	69	24	51.3	24	1014.7	7 2	4 9999	.9	0	10	24	7.9	24	18.1	22	2.9	80.1	57 0	.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/8/2009	64.5	24	47.1	24	1022.3	3 2	4 9999	.9	0	10	24	3.9	24	8.9	,	15	77	53.1 0	.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/9/2009	64	24	53.8	24	1020.7	7 2	4 9999	.9	0	10	24	3.9	24	11.1	18	3.1	73.9	52 0	.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/10/2009	75.6	24	65.8	24	1011.6	6 2	3 9999	.9	0	9.7	24	4.3	24	12	2 15	5.9 86.0*	66	.2* 0	.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	8/11/2009	79.2	24	68.7	24	1009	9 2	2 9999	.9	0	10	24	3.2	24	8	}	15	88	72 0	.00H	999.9	10010
725107	4780	8/12/2009	70.5	24	65.2	24	1015.4	4 2	1 9999	.9	0	9.5	24	2.4	24	6	999	9.9	77	66 0	.04G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	8/13/2009	67.9	24	63	24	1020.2	2 1	7 9999	.9	0	9.2	24	3.7	24	8	999	9.9	72	66 0	.10G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	8/14/2009	70.8	24	61.6	24	1021.4	4 2	4 9999	.9	0	9.3	24	1.6	24	7	999	9.9	87.1	55.9 0	.03G	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/15/2009	77.2	24	63.1	24	1020.9	9 2	4 9999	.9	0	10	24	2.8	24	11.1	16	6.9	91.9	64 0	.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/16/2009	79.9	24	65.6	24	1020.7	7 2	4 9999	.9	0	9.5	24	2.5	24	5.1	999	9.9	93.9	69.1 0	.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/17/2009	81.4	24	67.8	3 24	1020.3	3 2	4 9999	.9	0	7.5	24	4.1	24	11.1	15	5.9	93	72 0	.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/18/2009	82	24	66.3	3 24	1017	7 2	4 9999	.9	0	7.6	24	4.2	24	9.9	18	3.1	93.9	72 0	.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/19/2009	81.6	24	66	24	1013.2	2 2	4 9999	.9	0	10	24	4.9	24	8.9	999	9.9 89.6*	73	.4* 0	.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	8/20/2009	77.4	24	67.2	24	1014.7	7 2	4 9999	.9	0	8.9	24	3.1	24	8	999	9.9 89.6*	66	.2* 0	.001	999.9	0

STN	WBAN YEARM	IOC TEMP	COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	COL	JNT	WDSP	COUNT	. M)	XSPD G	SUST MA	AX MIN	N PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	7 4780 8/21/20	009 81.4	4 24	72.4	24	1012.8	3 1	9999.9	9 (0	7.6	24	1 7.	5	24	15.9	26 91	.4* 73.	4* 0.28A	999.9	10010
725107	7 4780 8/22/20	009 76.9	9 24	72	24	1012.9) 1	8 9999.9) (0	8.5	24	1 2.	.5	24	8	16.9	86	73 0.37D	999.9	10010
725107	7 4780 8/23/20	009 77.4	4 24	68.8	24	1009	2	2 9999.9) (0	10	24	4.	.5	24	9.9	14	87.1	71.1 0.02A	999.9	10000
725107	7 4780 8/24/20	009 75.9	9 24	67.4	24	1015.2	2 1	9999.9) (0	9.4	24	1 3.	.1	24	8	999.9	84.9	69.1 0.14G	999.9	110010
725107	7 4780 8/25/20	009 73.	5 24	62.5	24	1019.2	2 2	4 9999.9) (0	10	24	1 2.	.8	24	7	999.9 84	.2* 62.	6* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 8/26/20	009 73.9	9 24	63	24	1014	2	4 9999.9) (0	10	24	1 5.	.9	24	15.9	22	86	64 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 8/27/20	009 60	₅ 24	48.6	24	1017.9) 2	4 9999.9) (0	10	24	4.	.1	24	9.9	19	77	51.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 8/28/20	009 63.	1 24	51.7	24	1022.1	2	4 9999.9) (0	9.9	24	1 3.	4	24	7	999.9 71	.6* 55.	4* 0.10A	999.9	10000
725107	7 4780 8/29/20	009 57.4	4 24	55.2	24	1014.1	1	3 9999.9) (0	5.5	24	1 5.	.1	24	13	19 62	.6* 55.	4* 1.15G	999.9	10000
725107	7 4780 8/30/20	009 64	4 24	56.8	24	1011.3	3 1	7 9999.9) (0	10	24	1 3.	.3	24	9.9	999.9	80.1	55 0.46G	999.9	10000
725107	7 4780 8/31/20	009 64.3	3 24	52.2	24	1017.5	5 2	4 9999.9) (0	10	24	l 6.	.1	24	11.1	18.1	72	54 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 9/1/20	009 59.2	2 23	46.6	23	1024.5	5 2	3 9999.9) (0	10	23	3 2.	4	23	6	999.9 73	.4* 46.	4* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 9/2/20	009 62.6	5 24	50.2	24	1025.6	5 2	4 9999.9) (0	10	24	1 2.	6	24	8.9	999.9	77	48 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 9/3/20	009 66.7	7 24	55.9	24	1021.6	5 2	4 9999.9) (0	10	24	1 2.	6	24	8.9	999.9	81	55 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 9/4/20	009 68.	1 24	57.9	24	1017.4	2	4 9999.9) (0	10	24	1 2.	2	24	6	999.9	82.9	53.1 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 9/5/20	009 69.4	4 24	57.9	24	1019.5	5 2	4 9999.9) (0	9.9	24	3.	4	24	8.9	999.9	82.9	57 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 9/6/20	009 60.8	3 24	47.2	24	1028	3 2	4 9999.9) (0	10	24	4.	4	24	8	999.9	68	50 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 9/7/20	009 58	3 24	49.2	24	1026.7	2	4 9999.9) (0	10	24	1.	6	24	6	999.9	72	46 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 9/8/20	009 64.7	7 24	55.1	24	1020) 2	4 9999.9) (0	9.9	24	1 2.	.1	24	6	999.9	78.1	52 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 9/9/20	009 64.6	5 23	51.7	23	1021.9) 2	3 9999.9) (0	10	23	3 4.	4	23	11.1	16.9 71	.6* 57.	2* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 9/10/20	009 55.9	9 24	46.4	24	1030.9) 2	3 9999.9) (0	10	24	4.	3	24	8.9	18.1	68	44.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 9/11/20	009 55.2	2 23	50.5	23	1028.7	7 1	9999.9) (0	9.8	23	3 4.	.1	23	8	999.9 60	.8* 50.	0* 0.01A	999.9	10000
725107	7 4780 9/12/20	009 60.4	4 24	58.5	24	1019.1	1-	4 9999.9) (0	4.4	24	4.	.1	24	8	999.9	64.9	57 0.24G	999.9	10000
725107	7 4780 9/13/20	009 68.3	3 24	60.3	24	1011.7	2	2 9999.9) (0	9.7	24	4.	.1	24	9.9	999.9 80	.6* 62.	6* 0.35G	999.9	10000
725107	7 4780 9/14/20	009 63.2	2 24	51.9	24	1011.8	3 2	4 9999.9) (0	10	24	4.	5	24	8.9	15	75.9	53.1 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 9/15/20	009 60	5 23	52.4	23	1012	2 2	3 9999.9) (0	10	23	5.	5	23	13	22	78.1	57 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 9/16/20	009 57.6	3 24	49.8	24	1023.7	2	3 9999.9) (0	10	24	4.	4	24	9.9	14	63	51.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 9/17/20	009 54.4	4 24	46.2	24	1026.2	2 2	4 9999.9) (0	10	24	3.	6	24	7	999.9	62.1	48 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 9/18/20	009 58.9	9 24	49.2	24	1015.5	5 2	4 9999.9) (0	10	24	ł 6.	2	24	19	27	73.9	46.9 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 9/19/20	009 56.	1 24	39.2	24	1020.8	3 2	4 9999.9) (0	10	24	ł 6.	.7	24	13	16.9	68	42.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 9/20/20	009 54.7	7 24	41.3	24	1026.3	3 2	4 9999.9) (0	10	24	1 2.	.7	24	7	999.9 73	.4* 39.	2* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 9/21/20	009 60.3	3 24	46.9	24	1025.8	3 2	4 9999.9) (0	10	24	1.	.8	24	8	999.9	78.1	45 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 9/22/20	009 64.	1 24	57.1	24	1025.2	2 2	3 9999.9) (0	10	24	4.	.1	24	12	18.1 75	.2* 51.	8* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 9/23/20	009 72.	1 24	62.7	24	1020.1	2	4 9999.9) (0	10	24	1 5.	4	24	12	22	81	64.9 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 9/24/20	009 72.	7 24	59.7	24	1014.9) 2	3 9999.9) (0	10	24	1 5.	7	24	12	20	79	60.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 9/25/20	009 56.4	4 24	43	24	1021.8	3 2	4 9999.9) (0	10	24	1 6.	5	24	15	22.9	64.9	46 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 9/26/20	009 50.	1 24	38.8	24	1027.2	2 2	4 9999.9) (0	10	24	1	4	24	9.9	999.9 64	.4* 37.	4* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 9/27/20	009 55.2	2 24	51.5	24	1016.1	1.	2 9999.9) (0	6.4	24	1 2.	.5	24	8	999.9	64.9	50 0.24G	999.9	10000
725107	7 4780 9/28/20	009 65.7	7 24	57.1	24	998.9	2	0 9999.9) (0	8.7	24	1 6.	.1	24	15	20	75.9	57 0.19G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 9/29/20	009 60.	5 24	51.5	24	999.4	1:	9999.9) (0	9.2	24	1 5.	.5	24	12	20	66.9	51.1 0.12G	999.9	110000
725107	7 4780 9/30/20	009 54.3	3 24	44.4	24	1005.8	3 2	4 9999.9) (0	10	24	1 7.	.5	24	13	18.1	61	48 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 10/1/20	009 46.5	5 24	37.2	24	1013.9	2	4 9999.9) (0	10	24	1	4	24	12	18.1 53	.6* 35.	6* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 10/2/20	009 50.	1 24	39	24	1017.1	2	4 9999.9) (0	10	24	1 2.	9	24	8	999.9	61	37.9 0.001	999.9	0

STN	WBAN	YEARMOCT	ГЕМР (COUNT [DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	CC	OUNT V	VDSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST N	MAX MI	N PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780	10/3/2009	54.4	24	51.6	24	1016.	1 1	9999.9	9	0	8.2	24	0.9	24	5.1	999.9 6	50.8* 51	.8* 0.06G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	10/4/2009	62.2	24	56.5	24	1011.4	4 1	8 9999.9	9	0	6.9	24	1.4	24		999.9	73.9	55 0.40G	999.9	110000
725107	4780	10/5/2009	57.7	24	47.1	24	1010.5	5 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	7	24	13	3 22.9	66	51.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	10/6/2009	55.9	24	43.2	24	1012.	1 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	5.4	24	13	3 15.9 6	66.2* 48	.2* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	10/7/2009	55.9	24	48.9	24	1001.7	7 1	8 9999.9	9	0	8.5	24	7.8	24	22.9	35.9	66.9	48.9 0.31G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	10/8/2009	56	24	40.4	24	1010.8	3 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	10.7	24	18.1	27	63	51.1 0.26G	999.9	0
725107	4780	10/9/2009	52.8	24	48.4	24	1015.6	5 1	9999.9	9	0	8.8	24	1.6	24	12	2 19	60.1	46 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	#######	58	24	51.2	24	1010.4	4 1	4 9999.9	9	0	6.4	24	6	24	19	28 6	S2.6* 46	.4* 0.22G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	47.4	21	34.1	21	1019.9	9 2	1 9999.9	9	0	10	21	6.4	21	18.1	26	59	34 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	44.4	24	26.8	24	1026.8	3 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.9	24	. 7	7 999.9	55	30.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	46.6	24	38.3	24	1018.6	3 2	2 9999.9	9	0	9.4	24	4.9	24	16.9	22.9 5	3.6* 42	.8* 0.13G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	########	40.8	24	29.9	24	1021.7	7 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	4.7	24	12	16.9	51.1	30 0.10G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	#######	35.1	24	25.8	24	1021.	1 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	1.9	24	5.1	999.9 4	12.8* 28	.4* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	#######	38.9	24	27.4	24	1016.	5 2	1 9999.9	9	0	9	24	6.8	24	11.1	16.9 4	16.4* 33	.8* 0.01G	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780	#######	40	24	28.7	24	1020.3	3 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.9	24	9.9	15.9	51.1	28.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	#######	39.7	24	34.2	24	102	1 2	3 9999.9	9	0	9	24	7.3	24	13	3 20	44.1	35.1 0.53C	999.9	11000
725107	7 4780	#######	41.9	24	30.4	24	1019.2	2 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	5	24	11.1	999.9 5	55.4* 30	.2* 0.01A	999.9	10000
725107	7 4780	#######	44.8	24	33.6	24	1019.2	2 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	3	24	9.9	9 15	66.9	28.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	#######	57.4	24	43.4	24	1020.8	3 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	4.1	24	8.9	999.9	71.1	45 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	########	58.8	23	45.1	23	1014.7	7 2	3 9999.9	9	0	9	23	2.1	23	9.9	15.9	73.9	48 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	########	47.2	24	33.7	24	1020.7	7 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	7.7	24	15.9) 22	69.1	37 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	#######	45.9	24	43.8	24	1016.7	7 1	5 9999.9	9	0	6	24	1.3	24	5.1	999.9 5	39.6*	.2* 0.42G	999.9	10000
725107	7 4780	#######	58.8	24	47.1	24	1012.	1 2	2 9999.9	9	0	9.4	24	7.7	24	. 14	1 20 6	66.2* 48	.2* 0.72G	999.9	10000
725107	7 4780	#######	46.1	24	34	24	1025.2	2 2	4 9999.9	9	0	9.9	24	1.4	24	7	7 999.9 6	32.6*	.0* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	#######	41.2	24	37.7	24	1025.2	2 1	9999.9	9	0	9.3	24	1.1	24	5.1	999.9	48.9	32 0.05A	999.9	10000
725107	7 4780	#######	47	24	45.4	24	1018.6	5 1	5 9999.9	9	0	5.4	24	5	24	11.1	1 21 5	50.0* 44	.6* 0.31G	999.9	10000
725107	7 4780	#######	46.6	24	38.4	24	1024.	5 2	3 9999.9	9	0	9.2	24	4.7	24	9.9	16.9	55	39.9 0.85G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	#######	49.3	23	39	23	1026.	1 2	2 9999.9	9	0	10	23	3.7	23	11.1	999.9 5	55.4* 46	.4* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	#######	58.3	24	52	24	1014	4 2	0 9999.9	9	0	9.5	24	9	24	16.9	9 27 7	71.6* 48	.2* 0.03B	999.9	10000
725107	7 4780	11/1/2009	55.3	24	42.5	24	1015.9	9 2	4 9999.9	9	0	9.4	24	7.4	24	20	28.9	68	44.1 0.13G	999.9	10000
725107	7 4780	11/2/2009	42.2	23	34.2	23	1025	5 2	3 9999.9	9	0	10	23	3.4	23		999.9 5	51.8* 33	.8* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	11/3/2009	43.6	23	35.7	23	1018	3 2	3 9999.9	9	0	10	23	3.1	23		999.9	57.9	30 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	11/4/2009	43	24	26.2	24	1022.7	7 2	3 9999.9	9	0	10	24	4.7	24	9.9	9 15	50	30 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	11/5/2009	40	24	30.2	24	1022	2 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	1.2	24	4.1	999.9	45	37 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	7 4780	11/6/2009	39.9	24	29.4	24	1018.9	9 2	3 9999.9	9	0	10	24	6.9	24	. 14	23.9 4	18.2* 33		999.9	0
725107	7 4780	11/7/2009	35.3	24	24.5	24	1024.3	3 2	4 9999.9	9	0	9.9	24	1.7	24		999.9	50	24.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	11/8/2009	50.8	24	34.2	24	1021.6	6 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.6	24	9.9	9 18.1	68	34 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	11/9/2009	48.6	24	32.3	24	1027.6	5 2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.5	24	11.1	18.1	71.1	30 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	#######	58.8	24	42.5	24	1023.7	7 2	4 9999.9	9	0	9.8	24	3.1	24		999.9	64.9	50 0.001	999.9	0
725107		#######	48.4	24	31.3	24					0	10	24	4.5	24			54	39 0.001	999.9	0
725107		#######	41.8	24	30.6	24					0	10	24	4	24					999.9	0
725107		#######	43.2	23	34.7	23					0	10	23	6.2				51.1	39 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	########	48.5	24	44.3	24	1020.2	2 1	4 9999.9	9	0	5.1	24	6.5	24	8.9	9 15 5	53.6* 46	.4* 0.12G	999.9	10000

STN	WBAN `	YEARMOCTI	EMP (COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	С	OUNT W	/DSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST	MAX	MIN	PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	7 4780	#######	55.1	24	53.7	24	1012.8	17	7 9999.9	9	0	6.4	24	1.9	24	5.1	999.9	64.4*	51.8*	* 2.05G	999.9	110000
725107	7 4780	#######	50.2	23	41.2	23	3 1014.8	2′	9999.9	9	0	7.7	23	3.7	23	12	18.1	ا	59	42.1 0.05G	999.9	100000
725107	7 4780	#######	41.2	23	25	23	3 1024	23	9999.9	9	0	10	23	3.4	23	8.9	999.9) !	52	28.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	#######	35.8	24	29	24	1032.2	23	9999.9	9	0	9.9	24	2.7	24	6	999.9	51.8*	24.8*	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	#######	42.6	23	36.1	23	1029	22	9999.9	9	0	9.3	23	2.2	23	7	999.9) (31	28 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	#######	52.6	24	45.7	24	1016.1	16	9999.9	9	0	7.8	24	4.4	24	18.1	27	7 64	.9	46 0.24G	999.9	10000
725107	7 4780	#######	49.2	24	37.4	. 24	1015.9	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	5.1	24	11.1	999.9) !	59	41 0.60G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	#######	41.4	24	34.2	24	1025.7	24	9999.9	9	0	8.9	24	2.8	24	8.9	999.9) !	52	28.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	#######	41.5	24	35.7	24	1032.6	20	9999.9	9	0	9.8	24	3.6	24	7	999.9) 4	45	33.1 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	#######	44.7	24	42	24	1025.6	19	9999.9	9	0	7	24	4.6	24	7	999.9) !	50	42.1 0.04G	999.9	10000
725107	7 4780	#######	47.1	24	44.8	24	1020.5	13	9999.9	9	0	5.3	24	2.5	24	6	999.9	9 48	.9	43 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	7 4780	#######	46.4	24	44.6	24	1013.4	20	9999.9	9	0	5.6	24	0.7	24	5.1	999.9	9 50.0*	42.8*	* 0.06G	999.9	110000
725107	7 4780	#######	45.1	24	41.7	24	998.7	17	7 9999.9	9	0	8.9	24	7.1	24	21	29.9	46.4*	42.8*	* 0.02G	999.9	10000
725107	7 4780	#######	44.8	24	32.2	24	992.3	23	9999.9	9	0	10	24	17.2	24	26	42	2 !	52	39 0.42G	999.9	10000
725107	7 4780	#######	44.2	24	30.9	24	1008.5	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	5.4	24	12	21	ا :	52	35.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	#######	41.4	24	37.3	24	1003.7	24	9999.9	9	0	9	24	2.4	24	7	999.9) ;	52	32 0.11B	999.9	10000
725107	7 4780	12/1/2009	36.4	24	25.2	24	1010.6	23	9999.9	9	0	10	24	4.9	24	8.9	999.9) 4	43	28.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	12/2/2009	36.3	24	29.1	24	1019.9	24	9999.9	9	0	9.5	24	1	24	7	999.9) :	52	24.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	12/3/2009	56.4	24	47.2	24	1001.3	18	9999.9	9	0	7.7	24	7.1	24	19	32.1	(68	42.1 0.80G	999.9	10000
725107	7 4780	12/4/2009	46.2	23	32.4	23	3 1014.4	23	9999.9	9	0	10	23	6	23	22.9	32.1	ا	59	33.1 0.04G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	12/5/2009	35.9	24	30.1	24	1020.3	20	9999.9	9	0	8.7	24	3.5	24	9.9	999.9	39	.9	32 0.00G	999.9	11000
725107	7 4780	12/6/2009	31.9	24	24.2	24	1018.4	18	9999.9	9	0	7.9	24	8.3	24	13	3 20	35	.1	26.1 0.25G	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780	12/7/2009	31	23	21	23	3 1024.8	23	9999.9	9	0	10	23	2.7	23	11.1	19	37	.9	21.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	12/8/2009	31.3	24	22.6	24	1023.2	24	9999.9	9	0	9.9	24	4.8	24	13	16.9	39	.9	25 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	12/9/2009	30.6	24	26.7	24	1017.3	15	9999.9	9	0	5	24	3	24	8.9	19	37	.9	24.1 0.20G	999.9	11010
725107	7 4780	#######	37.9	24	27.6	24	995.6	2′	1 9999.9	9	0	8.7	24	8.2	24	15.9	28.9) 4	43	32 1.30G	999.9	110000
725107	7 4780	#######	24.9	24	5.5	24	1010.2	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	12.4	24	19	28	33	.1	19.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	#######	23.4	24	7.2	24	1026.3	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	9	24	16.9	23.9	30.2*	19.4*	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	#######	24.3	23	17.6	23	3 1027.8	20	9999.9	9	0	8.3	23	1.7	23	8	999.9	37	.9	10 0.34A	999.9	11000
725107	7 4780	#######	36.7	24	31.5	24	1016.5	19	9999.9	9	0	8.1	24	2.7	24	8.9	999.9) 4	43	28.9 0.15A	999.9	10000
725107	7 4780	#######	39	24	34	. 24	1011.9	18	9999.9	9	0	9.5	24	3.2	24	12	20) 4	48	33.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	#######	30.5	24	15.7	24	1017.4	24	9999.9	9	0	9.8	24	12.5	24	19	28	39	.9	24.1 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780	#######	18.1	24	3	24	1020.8	23	9999.9	9	0	9.7	24	14	24	20	29.9) :	27	12 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780	#######	13.7	24	-4.8	24	1023.2	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	8	24	11.1	19) :	25	6.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	#######	19	24	-2.4	. 24	1014.1	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.8	24	8	999.9	26.6*	12.2*	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	#######	23.1	24	9	24	1003.8	19	9999.9	9	0	7.3	24	10.1	24	15.9	23.9	26.6*	19.4*	* 0.04C	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780	#######	24	24	6.7	24	1006.1	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	13.2	24	20	34	1 :	32	18 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	#######	22.7	24	2.3	24	1012.7	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	11.6	24	18.1	26	3 28.4*	17.6*	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	#######	17.3	24	3.9	24	1018.1	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	8.1	24	15	5 21	24	.1	10 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	#######	28.7	23	19.5	23	3 1024.9	19	9999.9	9	0	10	23	6.8	23	12	. 15	5 41.0*	15.8*	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	#######	26.4	24	22.3	3 24	1031.3	22	9999.9	9	0	9.3	24	1.1	24	4.1	999.9	35.6*	17.6*	* 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780	#######	30.7	24	27.9	24	1030.9	19	9999.9	9	0	7.2	24	2.8	24	6	999.9	33.8*	30.2*	* 0.01D	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780	#######	40.2	24	38	3 24	1013.3	17	7 9999.9	9	0	3.3	24	2.1	24	14	18.1	48	.9	33.1 0.64G	999.9	110000

STN	WBAN YEAR	MOCTEMP	COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	COUNT	ΓW	/DSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST MA	1IM XA	N PRCP	SNDP F	RSHTT
725107	4780 ####	#### 29.	6 2	24 25.	6 2	4 1004.7	2	1 9999.	9 (0	8.3	24	3.9	24	19	30.9 37	.4* 24.	8* 0.47G	999.9	11000
725107	4780 ####	#### 20.	9 2	24 7.	3 2	4 1004.9	24	4 9999.	9 (0	10	24	16.4	24	26	39 28	.4* 10.	4* 0.10G	999.9	0
725107	4780 ####	#### 14.	8 2	24 -2.	3 2	4 1026.2	2	4 9999.	9 (0	10	24	6.1	24	15	22.9 26	.6* 6.8	* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 ####	#### 23.	2 2	24 1	8 2	4 1024.5	2	2 9999.	9 (0	8	24	0.2	24	4.1	999.9	28	18 0.11B	999.9	1000
725107	4780 1/1/	2010 28.	9 2	24 24.	2 2	4 1014.2	· 1	7 9999.	9 (0	8.3	24	0.7	24	5.1	999.9	34	23 0.11G	999.9	1000
725107	4780 1/2/	2010 29.	5 2	24 25.	2 2	4 1001.9	1:	3 9999.	9 (0	3.3	24	7.2	24	16.9	23.9 33	.8* 24.	8* 0.12G	999.9	1000
725107	4780 1/3/	2010 19.	3 2	24 11.	7 2	4 992.1	1;	3 9999.	9 (0	4.6	24	16.6	24	27	36.9 24	.8* 14.	0* 0.06G	999.9	1000
725107	4780 1/4/	2010 26.	1 2	24 17.	2 2	4 999.1	2	4 9999.	9 (0	9.8	24	12.4	24	15.9	21	32	21 0.00G	999.9	1000
725107	4780 1/5/	2010 26.	3 2	24 16.	9 2	4 1002.5	2	4 9999.	9 (0	9.8	24	8.3	24	12	18.1	32	21.9 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	4780 1/6/	2010 25.	2 2	24 1	5 2	4 1002.3	2	2 9999.	9 (0	10	24	10	24	19	25.1 30	.2* 21.	2* 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/7/	2010 29.	3 2	24 16.	8 2	4 1005.9	24	4 9999.	9 (0	10	24	11	24	18.1	27	37.9	24.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/8/	2010 2	5 2	23 16.	4 2	3 1006.9	1	7 9999.	9 (0	9	23	4.3	23	9.9	999.9	30.9	19 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	4780 1/9/	2010 21.	1 2	24 7.	4 2	4 1012.7	24	4 9999.	9 (0	9.5	24	10	24	15.9	23.9	27	16 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	4780 1/10/	2010 1	6 2	24 -4.	4 2	4 1020.8	24	4 9999.	9 (0	10	24	6.5	24	13	19	27	6.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/11/	2010 18.	9 2	23 9.	1 2	3 1017.9	2	3 9999.	9 (0	9.8	23	3.6	23	13	19 33	.8* 3.2	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/12/	2010 26.	2 2	24 1	5 2	4 1015	24	4 9999.	9 (0	10	24	7.8	24	18.1	26	32	19 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/13/	2010 18.	6 2	24 2.	4 2	4 1018.6	24	4 9999.	9 (0	10	24	9.4	24	15	20	27	12 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	4780 1/14/	2010 28.	6 2	24 19.	2 2	4 1022.7	24	4 9999.	9 (0	10	24	3.6	24	7	999.9 35	.6* 24.	8* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/15/	2010 34.	5 2	24.	7 2	4 1018.3	24	4 9999.	9 (0	9.9	24	5.1	24	13	22	45	24.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/16/	2010 37.	4 2	24 26.	2 2	4 1018.6	24	4 9999.	9 (0	10	24	5.4	24	11.1	16.9	46.9	26.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/17/	2010 31.	6 2	24 2	6 2	4 1020	24	4 9999.	9 (0	8.1	24	2	24	6	999.9	39.9	24.1 0.01A	999.9	10000
725107	4780 1/18/	2010 33.	1 2	24 3	0 2	4 1008	1	1 9999.	9 (0	5.5	24	7	24	13	22 35	.6* 28.	4* 0.93G	999.9	11000
725107	4780 1/19/	2010 31.	7 2	24 29.	8 2	4 1014	- 10	0 9999.	9 (0	5.3	24	1.7	24	6	999.9	34	28.9 0.03G	999.9	1000
725107	4780 1/20/	2010 32.	8 2	24 28.	7 2	4 1011.3	18	8 9999.	9 (0	6	24	3.4	24	14	999.9 37	.4* 21.	2* 0.18G	999.9	101000
725107	4780 1/21/	2010 29.	2 2	24 20.	5 2	4 1019.8	24	4 9999.	9 (0	10	24	4.2	24	9.9	999.9	39.9	17.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/22/	2010 25.	7 2	22 17.	4 2	2 1017.7	2:	2 9999.	9 (0	10	21	3	22	11.1	14	39	14 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/23/	2010 22.	6 2	24 12.	7 2	4 1023.2	2	3 9999.	9 (0	9.9	24	2.4	24	6	999.9 39	.2* 10.	4* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/24/	2010 25.	6 2	24 18.	4 2	4 1023.5	2	3 9999.	9 (0	10	24	1.7	24	8.9	999.9 39	.2* 15.		999.9	0
725107	4780 1/25/	2010 40.	8 2	24 4	0 2	4 1006.2	! 10	6 9999.	9 (0	2.6	24	4.8	24	18.1	28	55	33.1 0.04G	999.9	110000
725107	4780 1/26/	2010 41.	4 2	24 31.	5 2	4 998.4	. 22	2 9999.	9 (0	9.7	24	6.6	24	15.9	22	53.1	34 0.97G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 1/27/	2010 34.	3 2	24 20.	4 2	4 1011.9	2	4 9999.	9 (0	10	24	6.5	24	13	18.1 39	.2* 30.	2* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/28/	2010 27.	4 2	24 22.	1 2	4 1017	1	7 9999.	9 (0	7.8	24	3.5	24	26	35.9	34	19.9 0.03B	999.9	1000
725107	4780 1/29/	2010 15.	5 2	24 -5.	5 2	4 1016.4	. 24	4 9999.	9 (0	10	24	16.7	24	27	42.9	26.1	10 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780 1/30/	2010 1	1 2	24 -7.	3 2	4 1020.9	2	4 9999.	9 (0	10	24	9.1	24	13	26	23	3 0.001	999.9	0
725107					0 2					0	10	24	5.4	24			28.9	7 0.001	999.9	0
725107		2010 24.	4 2	24 5.	9 2			4 9999.	9 (0	10	24	6.5	24	15.9		32	19 0.00I	999.9	0
725107		2010 23.		24 9.						0		24	2	24		999.9	30.9	12 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 2/3/	2010 25.	1 2	24 18.	4 2	4 1018.2	20	0 9999.	9 (0	7.4	24	1.6	24	9.9	999.9	32	19 0.02G	999.9	1000
725107		2010 24.	9 2	24 8.	2 2	4 1021.1	24	4 9999.	9 (0	10	24	7.8	24	16.9		32	15.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107		2010 25.			9 2					0		24	6.3	24			34	15.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107		2010 21.		24 3.	5 2					0		24	6.3	24	9.9		28.9	17.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107		2010 19.		24 4.						0		24	10.1	24					999.9	0
725107	4780 2/8/	2010 24.	1 2	24 8.	8 2	4 1008.6	5 24	4 9999.	9 (0	10	24	12.2	24	20	26	32	18 0.00I	999.9	0

STN	WBAN	YEARMOD	TEMP	COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	C	TNUC	WDSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST	MAX	MIN	N PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	7 4780	2/9/2010	27.1	24	12	2 24	1013.4	2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	8.8	24	. 15	5 25	.1 39.2*	19.	4* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	2/10/2010	30.1	24	22.6	5 24	1004.3	1	7 9999.	9	0	7.2	24	4	24	. 13	3 2	21 33.8*	28.	4* 0.02B	999.9	1000
725107	4780	2/11/2010	32.8	24	19.5	5 24	995.3	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	10.8	24	16.9) 22	.9 39.2*	26.	6* 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780	2/12/2010	29.2	24	6.9) 24	1005	2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	10.1	24	. 19) 2	22 37.4*	19.	4* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	2/13/2010	27.2	24	7.8	3 24	1000.4	2	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	7.9	24	. 15	5	19	36	17.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	2/14/2010	30.4	24	15	5 24	994.9	24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	11.3	24	18.1	1 2	26	39.9	21.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	2/15/2010	33.5	24	18.4	1 24	1002.7	24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	10.8	24	21	1 2	27	39	30 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	2/16/2010	28.6	24	24.3	3 24	1002.3	1:	3 9999.	9	0	4.4	24	3.5	24	15	5 23	.9	30.9	23 0.03G	999.9	1000
725107	4780	2/17/2010	29.4	24	21.5	5 24	996.7	20	9999.9	9	0	8.5	24	6.5	24	13	3	19 35.6*	17.	6* 0.27G	999.9	1000
725107	4780	2/18/2010	35	24	24.3	3 24	995.1	24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	9.3	24	15.9) 2	26	44.1	30 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	2/19/2010	35.1	21	20.9	9 21	999.9	2	1 9999.	9	0	10	21	12.6	21	20) 2	28	41	30 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	2/20/2010	37.9	24	24.6	5 24	1008.8	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	10.6	24	16.9			48	28.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	2/21/2010	34	24	20.6	5 24	1009.8	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	9.8	24	18.1	1 2	27 39.2*	24.	8* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	2/22/2010	35.4	24	21.4	1 24	1012.8	2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	7.1	24	. 13	3 ′	19 46.4*	26.	6* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	2/23/2010	33.7	24	- 28	3 24	1015	19	9999.9	9	0	9.7	24	3.7	24	9.9) '	15 37.4*	28.	4* 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	4780	2/24/2010	35.3	24	33.4	1 24	1012.2	1;	3 9999.	9	0	2	24	3.2	24	. 7	7 999	.9 39.2*	33.	8* 0.85G	999.9	11000
725107	4780	2/25/2010	39.5	24	37.9) 24	999.7	1	1 9999.	9	0	3.5	24	4.2	24	11.1	15	.9	43	37 1.49G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	2/26/2010	37.8	24	33.	l 24	988.2	1	5 9999.9	9	0	6.7	24	10.1	24	15.9) 2	28	45	33.1 2.14G	999.9	11000
725107	4780	2/27/2010	33.9	24	30) 24	1 999		9999.	9	0	5.8	24	2	24	. 8	999	.9	37.9	28.9 0.41G	999.9	111000
725107	4780	2/28/2010	33.1	24	27.6	5 24	1003.7	19	9999.	9	0	8.1	24	2.8	24		999	.9 37.4*	26.	6* 0.02G	999.9	0
725107	4780		38.6	24	29.5	5 24	1000.1	23	3 9999.	9	0	9.4	24	12		18.1	25	.1	46	34 0.02G	999.9	11000
725107	4780	3/2/2010	40.6	24	28.6	5 24	1010.8	24	4 9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.6	24	11.1	999	.9	48	33.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	3/3/2010	35.1	23	28.7	7 23	3 1007.8	1:	5 9999.9	9	0	8	23	4.1	23	9.9	9 16	.9	42.1	30 0.03B	999.9	1000
725107	4780	3/4/2010	37.3	24	25.7	7 24	1003.4	2:	2 9999.	9	0	10	24	9	24	. 13	3 2	21	41	34 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	3/5/2010	38.8	24	19.6	5 24	1012.4	24	4 9999.9	9	0	9.9	24	7.7	24	13	3 2	20 48.2*	33.	8* 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	4780		39.3	24	12.9) 24					0	10	24	6.4	24			21	55	26.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107			43.2	24	18.9) 24		24			0	10	24	7	24	13			57	28.9 0.00I	999.9	0
725107			46.6	24	24.9) 24		24			0	10	24	9.1	24			.9 57.2*	37.		999.9	0
725107			42.4	24			_	24			0	10	24	7.1	24	16.9		21	51.1	28 0.00I	999.9	0
725107		3/10/2010	37.1	24							0	10	24	0.9	24	. 6	999	.9 55.4*	21.		999.9	0
725107		3/11/2010	37.5	24							0	9.8	24	1.5					45	28.9 0.07B	999.9	10000
725107		3/12/2010	40.2	24							0	10	24	3.6				15 46.4*	37.		999.9	0
725107		3/13/2010	36.8	24							0	8.6	24	5.6					39.9	33.1 0.25B	999.9	10000
725107		3/14/2010	40	24							0	3.5	24	8.4	24			.9 42.8*	35.		999.9	10000
725107		3/15/2010	40.2	24					3 9999.		0	3.9	24	9.4	24			28 42.8*	37.		999.9	10000
725107		3/16/2010	45.1	24							0	10	24	5.6					59	35.1 0.76G	999.9	10000
725107		3/17/2010	46.3	24				24			0	10	24	4.5				.9 64.4*	28.		999.9	0
725107		3/18/2010	49	23							0	10	23	5.6			9 25	.1	64.9	30 0.001	999.9	0
725107		3/19/2010	52.7	24							0	10	24	3.6				19	70	35.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107		3/20/2010	53.2	24							0	10	24	4.6				20 71.6*	33.		999.9	0
725107		3/21/2010	49.1	24							0	10	24	3.8					60.1	41 0.00I	999.9	0
725107		3/22/2010	41.9	24							0	7.5	24	1.4	24			.9 44.6*	39.		999.9	10000
725107	4780	3/23/2010	42	24	39.	l 24	1 1005.6	14	4 9999.9	9	0	6.1	24	6	24	11.1	18	.1 44.6*	39.	2* 1.22G	999.9	10000

STN	WBAN YEARMOETI	EMP (COUNT DE	WP C	COUNT S	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT \	/ISIB (COUNT	WDSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST MA	X MIN	I PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780 3/24/2010	44.1	24	33.3	24	1001.2	22	9999.9	0	9.4	24	13.7	24	21	33	52	37 0.53G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 3/25/2010	48.4	24	24.4	24	1012.2	24	9999.9	0	10	24	5.6	24	. 12	21	64	30 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 3/26/2010	41.1	24	22.2	24	1009.5	23	9999.9	0	9.9	24	9	24	20	27	57	33.1 0.13G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 3/27/2010	31	24	2.7	24	1026.5	24	9999.9	0	10	24	5.2	24	11.1	999.9	43	19.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 3/28/2010	36.8	24	22.7	24	1028.3	24	9999.9	0	10	24	7.1	24	15.9	21	50	28 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 3/29/2010	48.5	23	45.3	23	1015.2	16	9999.9	0	7.1	23	6.6	23	12	22 55.	4* 42.8	3* 0.34G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 3/30/2010	46.5	24	43.8	24	1006.3	13	9999.9	0	4	24	7.3	24	. 14	22.9 51.	8* 42.8	3* 1.20G	999.9	110000
725107	4780 3/31/2010	47.4	24	44.5	24	1005	12	9999.9	0	4.8	24	6.2	24	11.1	20	48.9	46 2.32G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 4/1/2010	50.9	24	44.1	24	1017.9	19	9999.9	0	9.5	24	3.7	24	8.9	999.9 64.	4* 44.6	6* 0.07G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 4/2/2010	54.8	24	43.1	24	1021.2	24	9999.9	0	9	24	3.4	24	11.1	999.9	75.9	37 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 4/3/2010	61.1	24	43.5	24	1019.4	24	9999.9	0	10	24	3.8	24	12	16.9	81	43 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 4/4/2010	63.7	24	39.1	24	1017.3	24	9999.9	0	10	24	7.1	24	. 15	21 73.	4* 51.8	3* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 4/5/2010	60.8	24	32.8	24	1018.2	24	9999.9	0	10	24	6.5	24	16.9	27	75.9	39.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 4/6/2010	57.2	24	44.1	24	1012.8	24	9999.9	0	10	24	2.4	24	5.1	999.9	66.9	44.1 0.01B	999.9	10000
725107	4780 4/7/2010	63.9	24	46	24	1004.8	22	9999.9	0	8.4	24	4	24	. 12	22.9 89.	6* 42.8	3* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 4/8/2010	61.6	24	50.1	24	1007.8	23	9999.9	0	10	24	5.6	24	13	21 71.	6* 51.8	3* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 4/9/2010	48.2	24	45.7	24	1005.8	14	9999.9	0	5	24	3.8	24	13	20	52	46 0.02G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 4/10/2010	46.3	24	25.9	24	1013.5	24	9999.9	0	10	24	12.2	24	. 19	27	57.9	39 0.54G	999.9	0
725107	4780 4/11/2010	53.5	24	29.2	24	1019.6	24	9999.9	0	10	24	6.3	24	16.9	28.9	68	35.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 4/12/2010	49.5	24	28.1	24	1025	24	9999.9	0	10	24	6.3	24	. 14	21	60.1	35.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 4/13/2010	45.8	24	25.4	24	1031.1	24	9999.9	0	10	24	2.7	24	. 6	999.9 59.	0* 30.2	2* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 4/14/2010	52.1	23	23	23	1030.8	23	9999.9	0	10	23	5.8	23	14	22.9 66.	2* 37.4	l* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 4/15/2010	53.5	24	24.2	24	1024	24	9999.9	0	10	24	7.4	24	. 14	22 64.	4* 42.8	3* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 4/16/2010	42	24	34.3	24	1020.8	21	9999.9	0	9.8	24	4.3	24	11.1	999.9	48	36 0.12G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 4/17/2010	40.7	24	37.3	24	1008.1	14	9999.9	0	6.6	24	3	24	. 8	999.9	43	37.9 0.29G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 4/18/2010	43.5	24	36.4	24	1009.2	20	9999.9	0	9.3	24	3.8	24	11.1	19 53.	6* 33.8	3* 0.13G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 4/19/2010	47.7	24	33.8	24	1011.6	24	9999.9	0	10	24	7.5	24	16.9	26	60.1	33.1 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780 4/20/2010	55.6	24	34	24	1012.6	24	9999.9	0	10	24	6.4	24	. 13	22.9	70	44.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 4/21/2010	55.2	24	32.8	24	1009.5	24	9999.9	0	10	24	4.7	24	. 14	22	71.1	37.9 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780 4/22/2010	57.9	24	39.6	24	1005.2	23	9999.9	0	9.7	24	3.1	24	. 12	18.1	72	45 0.00B	999.9	0
725107	4780 4/23/2010	54.1	24	33.7	24	1007.6	24	9999.9	0	10	24	8.3	24	. 14	19 62.	6* 44.6	S* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 4/24/2010	55.3	24	25.3	24	1015.7	24	9999.9	0	10	24	5.3	24	13	15.9	71.1	37.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 4/25/2010	57.6	24	37.2	24	1005.9	24	9999.9	0	10	24	5.3	24	11.1	16.9	64	51.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 4/26/2010	54.6	24	43.2	24	996.1	23	9999.9	0	10	24	3.4	24	11.1	999.9 60.	8* 48.2	2* 0.00A	999.9	0
725107		48.3	24	42.6	24	992.9		9999.9	0	9.1	24	3.4	24	13	25.1	54	41 0.02G	999.9	
725107	4780 4/28/2010	39.7	24	30.9	24	995.6	21	9999.9	0	10	24	9.6	24	. 19	27 44.	6* 35.6	6* 0.18G	999.9	10000
725107		48.9	24	22.2	24	1003.3	24	9999.9	0	10	24	11	24	28.9	36.9	60.1	34 0.01G	999.9	
725107	4780 4/30/2010	52.9	24	25.9	24	1007.5	24	9999.9	0	10	24	6.7	24	21	28	75	32 0.00G	999.9	0
725107		66.4	24	40	24	1009.4	24	9999.9	0	10	24	2.9			999.9	88	48.9 0.00I	999.9	
725107		75	23	52.3	23	1008.5	23	9999.9	0	10	23		23		15	93	62.1 0.001	999.9	
725107		76.4	24	62	24	1003.4	23	9999.9	0	10	24		24		33	84	66 0.06C	999.9	
725107		65.5	24	47.5	24	1006.6		9999.9	0	9.7	24				43.9	79	50 0.35A	999.9	
725107	4780 5/5/2010	62.5	24	43.9	24	1011.2	24	9999.9	0	10	24	4.1	24	11.1	19	80.1	46 0.001	999.9	0

STN	WBAN	YEARMOD	TEMP (COUNT [DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	C	OUNT '	WDSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST	MAX M	IIN PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780	5/6/2010	66.5	24	45.7	24	1006.2	2 2	4 9999.	.9	0	9.8	24	9.5	24	22.9	33	75.9	55 0.03A	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/7/2010	60.3	24	32.9	24	1011.	5 2	4 9999.	.9	0	10	24	8.6	24	18.1	33	72	45 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/8/2010	51.9	24	45.6	24	1003.2	2 18	8 9999.	.9	0	8.1	24	3.2	24	. 14	29.9	59.0* 4	6.4* 0.41G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	5/9/2010	46.5	24	30.4	24	1005.	1 2	4 9999.	.9	0	10	24	15.6	24	22.9	35	54	39 0.56G	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/10/2010	46.6	24	22.1	24	1018.3	3 2	4 9999.	.9	0	10	24	12.4	24	. 19	9 26	57.9	37 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/11/2010	45.9	24	24.9	24	1027.9	9 2	4 9999.	.9	0	10	24	3.4	24	. 15	5 20	61	30 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/12/2010	48.7	24	35.8	24	1024.	1 2:	2 9999.	.9	0	10	24	3.3	24	8.9	999.9	55	44.1 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/13/2010	52.6	24	31.5	24	1024.	1 2	4 9999.	.9	0	10	24	4.4	24	9.9	14	69.1	34 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/14/2010	58.2	24	47.5	24	1018.9	9 2	1 9999.	.9	0	9.6	24	2.5	24		999.9	75.2* 4	8.2* 0.06G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/15/2010	63.2	24	48.1	24	1013.3	3 2	3 9999.	.9	0	9.4	24	8.9	24	. 19	26	71.6* 4	6.4* 0.10G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/16/2010	62.4	24	37.9	24	1018.	1 2	4 9999.	.9	0	10	24	8.2	24	16.9	26	73.9	48 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/17/2010	63.4	23	29.5	23	1020.3	3 2	3 9999.	.9	0	10	23	5.7	23	11.1	15.9	77.0* 4	8.2* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/18/2010	56.9	24	41	24	1020.2	2 2	4 9999.	.9	0	9.9	23	3.2	23	9.9			46 0.08A	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/19/2010	52.5	24	50.2	24	1013	3 1	0 9999.	.9	0	4	24	5.6	24	8.9	15.9	57.2* 4	8.2* 1.10D	999.9	10000
725107	4780	5/20/2010	66.3	24	51.3	24	1011.8	3 2	3 9999.	.9	0	9.6	24	5.4	24	13	3 20	84.9	50 0.01A	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/21/2010	67.2	24	50.7	24	1019.3	3 2	4 9999.	.9	0	10	24	4.8	24	. 12	2 15.9	78.8* 5	3.6* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/22/2010	63.6	24	50.1	24	1024.9	9 2			0	10	24	3.3	24				51.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	5/23/2010	66.1	22	56.3	22	1025.5	5 19	9 9999.	.9	0	9.8	22	4.1	22	8.9	999.9	77	60.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107		5/24/2010	70.3	24	57.3	24					0	9.3	24	2.4		8.9			54 0.00I	999.9	0
725107		5/25/2010	77.5	24	61.6	24	1021.2	2 2	4 9999.	.9	0	10	24	2.8	24		999.9	91.4* 6	4.4* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107		5/26/2010	83.2	24	62.8	24					0	10	24	6.9		. 12			68 0.00I	999.9	0
725107		5/27/2010	68.4	24	56.1	24	1010.4	4 2			0	9.6	24	3.8		16.9			7.2* 0.29G	999.9	10010
725107		5/28/2010	65.9	24	47.5	24					0	10	24	4.6		11.1			51.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107		5/29/2010	66.6	24	57.4	24					0	9.6	24	2.8					57 0.15B	999.9	10000
725107		5/30/2010	71.1	24	57	24					0	9.4	24	7.6					62.1 0.09A	999.9	10000
725107		5/31/2010	70.3	24	50.2	24					0	9.7	24	6			_		55.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107			70.3	23	59.7	23					0	9.2	23	3.4					61 0.00H	999.9	10010
725107			72.2	24	57.6	24					0	9.4	24	3.4					57 0.17G	999.9	100000
725107			74.1	24	63.4	24					0	9.7	24	6.8					4.4* 0.00G	999.9	10010
725107		6/4/2010	73.2	24	60.8						0	10	24	2.7					61 0.35G		
725107			75.7	24	65.8	24					0	9.2	24	4.9					68 0.40G	999.9	10010
725107			71.1	23	62.8	23					0	9.6	23	4.2					6.2* 0.08G	999.9	10000
725107			62.9	24	45.5	24					0	10	24	9.3					51.1 0.11G	999.9	0
725107			61	24	42.4	24					0	10	24	6.9					8.2* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107			58.8	24	44.5	24					0	9.9	24	4.5					46.9 0.09A	999.9	10000
725107		6/10/2010	56.2	24	53.4	24					0	7	24	3.9			999.9		53.1 0.20G	999.9	10000
725107		6/11/2010	60.3	24	54.3	24					0	8.4	24	2.7			999.9		5.4* 0.34G	999.9	10000
725107		6/12/2010	63.4	24	58.5	24					0	8.8	24	2.4			7 999.9		59 0.01G	999.9	10000
725107		6/13/2010	61.5	24	58.9	24					0	7	24	3.9			999.9		59 0.34G	999.9	10000
725107		6/14/2010	67.6	24	58.5	24					0	9.5	24	2.4					60.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107		6/15/2010	68.4	24	51.4	24					0	10	24	4.6					52 0.00A	999.9	10000
725107		6/16/2010	62.6	24	50.9	24					0	10	24	3.3					50 0.05A	999.9	10000
725107	4/80	6/17/2010	67.2	24	58.5	24	1009.	1 2	1 9999.	.9	0	8.9	24	7	24	16.9	9 26	75	62.1 0.16G	999.9	110000

STN	WBAN	YEARMOCT	EMP	COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT S	STP	COUNT	VISIB	COI	UNT V	VDSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST	MAX	MIN	N PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780	6/18/2010	73.1	24	4 55.	.3 24	1016.3	24	9999.9	0		10	24	4.4	24	4	8 999	.9	89.1	57.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/19/2010	74.8	24	4 57.	.1 24	1017.3	24	9999.9	0		10	24	5.4	24	4 1	2 18	.1	86	60.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/20/2010	77.3	24	4 64.	.8 24	1011.3	24	9999.9	0		10	24	4.9	24	4 11.	1 '	15	88	68 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/21/2010	77.5	24	4 60.	.9 24	1013.7	24	9999.9	0		10	24	5.3	24	4 11.	1 2	20	88	66 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/22/2010	71.4	24	4 5	66 24	1019.6	24	9999.9	0		10	24	3	24	4	7 999	.9 82.4*	59.0	O* 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/23/2010	75.1	24	4 64.	.4 24	1013.2	21	9999.9	0	8	3.9	24	5.4	24	4 1.	2 16	.9 82.4*	66.2	2* 0.51G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/24/2010	76.5	24	4 65.	.7 24	1006.9	23	9999.9	0	ç	9.6	24	4.5	24	4 2	8 43	.9	91	64 0.00G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	6/25/2010	73.8	24	4 55.	.9 24	1013	24	9999.9	0		10	24	4	24	4	8 999	.9 84.2*	60.8	8* 0.35G	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/26/2010	72.5	24	4 58.	.9 24	1012.8	24	9999.9	0		10	24	3.8	24	4 9.	9 ′	14	82.9	62.1 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	6/27/2010	72.8	24	4 61.	.5 24	1008.4	24	9999.9	0	ç	9.9	24	2	24	4	7 999	.9 80.6*	62.6	6* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/28/2010	77.8	24	4 68.	.5 24	1001.7	21	9999.9	0	7	7.7	24	3.7	24	4 9.	9 2	21	89.1	69.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/29/2010	78.2	24	4 63.	.3 24	1005.9	24	9999.9	0		10	24	7.3	24	4 1	5 2	21	84.9	73 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	6/30/2010	67.3	24	4 44.	.4 24	1015.5	24	9999.9	0		10	24	8.8	24	4 16.	9 22	.9 75.2*	55.4	4* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/1/2010	64.6	24	4 45.	.4 24	1018.4	24	9999.9	0		10	24	8.5	24	4 1	9 25	.1	73.9	54 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/2/2010	68.1	24	4 47.	.2 24	1021	24	9999.9	0		10	24	7.4	24	4 1	5 ′	19	82	55 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/3/2010	72.9	24	4 52.	.5 24	1019	24	9999.9	0		10	24	4	24	4 1	2	14	89.1	57 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/4/2010	80.5	24	4 56.	.7 24	1013.9	24	9999.9	0		10	24	6.3	24	4 11.	1 2	20	90	73 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/5/2010	82.6	24	4 56.	.8 24	1013.3	24	9999.9	0		10	24	3.7	24	4 9.	9 -	14 98.6*	62.6	6* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/6/2010	89.5	24	4 67.	.4 24	1014.7	24	9999.9	0	g	9.9	24	6.1	24	4 1	3	19 100.4	* 78.8	3* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/7/2010	85	23	3 69.	.6 23	1016.3	23	9999.9	0	9	9.4	23	1.9	23	3	8 999	.9 96.8*	73.4	4* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/8/2010	82.4	23	3 68.	.5 23	1017.5	21	9999.9	0	8	3.7	23	5.9	23	3 11.	1 15	.9 91.4*	73.4	4* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/9/2010	81.2	24	4 66.	.2 24	1015.5	21	9999.9	0		10	24	6.5	24	4 1	4 2	21	91.9	72 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/10/2010	76.7	24	4 69.	.5 24	1010.8	20	9999.9	0	Ş	9.5	24	5.3	24	4 1	2 15	.9	84.9	71.1 0.62B	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/11/2010	77.5	24	4 66.	.1 24	1010.7	24	9999.9	0	Ş	9.9	24	3.7	24	4 8.	9 15	.9	89.1	66 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/12/2010	78.3	24	4 6	66 24	1012.4	19	9999.9	0	Ş	9.9	24	4.8	24	4 1	5 22	.9	91	70 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/13/2010	78.9	24	4 67.	.6 24	1014.9	24	9999.9	0	Ş	9.5	24	6.2	24	4 1	2 18	.1 89.6*	71.6	6* 0.03A	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/14/2010	74.6	24	4 71.	.7 24	1013.3	17	9999.9	0	8	3.8	24	2.9	24	4	8 15	.9 78.8*	71.6	6* 0.32G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/15/2010	74.1	24	4 66.	.6 24	1017.6	17	9999.9	0	7	7.9	24	3.3	24	4	8 999	.9	84.9	66 0.26G	999.9	100000
725107	4780	7/16/2010	78	24	4 68.	.1 24	1013.9	20	9999.9	0	8	3.7	24	4.7	24	4 1	3 32	.1 91.4*	66.2	2* 0.00G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	7/17/2010	80.2	24	4 66.	.9 24	1009.9	24	9999.9	0	9	9.2	24	5	24	4 11.	1 '	19 91.4*	71.6	6* 0.37G	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/18/2010	80.4	24	4 60.	.9 24	1009.1	24	9999.9	0		10	24	9	24	18.	1 25	.1	88	71.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/19/2010	77.6	24	4 62.	.1 24	1010.4	23	9999.9	0	9	9.6	24	5.5	24	4 1	3 2	21	88	66 0.52A	999.9	10010
725107	4780	7/20/2010	74.7	24	4 66.	.2 24	1012.8	22	9999.9	0	9	9.2	24	3.5	24	1 1	4 2	22	82.9	68 1.86G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	7/21/2010	75.6	24	4 64.	.9 24	1013.2	24	9999.9	0		10	24	3.2	24	4 9.	9 18	.1	89.1	64 0.01G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/22/2010	73.6	24	4 60.	.4 24	1010.6	23	9999.9	0	9	9.7	24	9.1	24	4 18.	1 2	26 82.4*	62.6	6* 0.24G	999.9	10010
725107	4780	7/23/2010	69.2	24	4 61.	.9 24	1016	20	9999.9	0	9	9.1	24	2.6	24	4	6 ′	14	77	62.1 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/24/2010	76.6	24	4 69.	.1 24	1010	20	9999.9	0	9	9.2	24	2.6	24	4 9.	9 999	.9 87.8*	66.2	2* 0.61G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	7/25/2010	80.4	24	4 67.	.9 24	1007.2	24	9999.9	0		10	24	7.6	24	4 1	5 23	.9	87.1	73 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/26/2010	72.1	24	4 53.	.5 24	1012.1	24	9999.9	0		10	24	8.7	24	4 18.	1 2	27	84	60.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/27/2010	73.7	23	3 54.	.6 23	1016.1	23	9999.9	0		10	23	5.2	23	3 1	5 ′	19 89.6*	57.2	2* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/28/2010	76.1	24	4 62.	.4 24	1015.3	24	9999.9	0		10	24	4.9	24	4 1	5 2	22	89.1	62.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/29/2010	80.7	24	4 63.	.9 24	1009.4	24	9999.9	0	9	9.8	24	8	24	4 1	2 ′	19	89.1	75 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780	7/30/2010	70.8	23	3 51.	.4 23	1012.4	23	9999.9	0		10	23	4.5	23	3 9.	9 ′	15	81	55 0.00G	999.9	0

STN	WBAN YEARMOD	TEMP (COUNT [DEWP (COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	C	DUNT W	/DSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST	MAX	MIN	PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	7 4780 7/31/2010	67.6	24	49	24	1014.9	9 2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	2.7	24	11.	1 999	.9 78.8*	53.6	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 8/1/2010	67.7	24	55.1	24	1017.9	9 2	3 9999.	9	0	10	24	2.3	24	9.	9 15	.9	82	55 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 8/2/2010	72.7	24	58.7	24	1020.2	2 2	3 9999.	9	0	10	24	4	24	9.	9 999	.9	84	59 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 8/3/2010	76.2	24	63.1	24	1017.9	9 2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	6.8	24	1:	2 18	.1	86	69.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 8/4/2010	80.8	23	67.9	23	1011.3	3 2:	2 9999.	9	0	10	23	7	23	3 1	4 2	21	91.9	73 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780 8/5/2010	79.8	24	71.8	24	1004.4	4 2:	2 9999.	9	0	8.3	24	4	24	1-	4 2	22	90	73 0.20A	999.9	10010
725107	4780 8/6/2010	77.3	24	59.3	24	1003.4	4 2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	8.6	24	1	9 2	27	86	70 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 8/7/2010	67.4	22	46.4	22	1012.7	7 2:	2 9999.	9	0	10	22	3.9	22	2 11.	1 1	14 78.8*	53.6	* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 8/8/2010	69.3	24	57.7	24	1016.7	7 2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	3.6	24	11.	1 2	20	88	55 0.09A	999.9	10000
725107	4780 8/9/2010	80.5	24	65.2	24	1014.8	3 2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	5.6	24	1:	3 15	.9	93	73 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 8/10/2010	80.2	24	66.9	24	1012.2	2 2	4 9999.	9	0	9.5	24	3.5	24	9.	9 999	.9 91.4*	71.6	* 0.11G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 8/11/2010	77.7	24	62.2	24	1011.4	4 2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	2.8	24	9.	9 999	.9 87.8*	69.8	* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 8/12/2010	71.6	24	57.4	24	1013.7	7 2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	2.7	24	8.	9 999	.9	82	62.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 8/13/2010	70.7	24	58.5	24	1018.6	5 18	8 9999.	9	0	9	24	2.7	24	ļ '	7 999	.9 80.6*	62.6	* 0.27G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 8/14/2010	68.7	24	51.6	24	1020.8	3 2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	3.3	24	9.	9 999	.9 82.4*	55.4	* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 8/15/2010	70.9	24	55	24	1019.3	3 2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	5.7	24	11.	1 999	.9	79	61 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 8/16/2010	71.4	24	66.1	24	1015.3	3 1	6 9999.	9	0	9.6	24	5.9	24	1	3 1	15 78.8*	64.4	* 0.06G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 8/17/2010	77.6	24	63.3	24	1014.9	9 2:	2 9999.	9	0	7.4	24	3.4	24	1	3 16	.9 87.8*	66.2	* 0.04G	999.9	100000
725107	4780 8/18/2010	73.8	24	55.7	24	1017.6	6 2 ₄	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	3.2	24	8.	9 999	.9 86.0*	60.8	* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 8/19/2010	76	24	58.2	24	1012.9	9 2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	2.2	24	8.	9 999	.9	90	61 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 8/20/2010	75.8	23	54.9	23	1012	2 2	3 9999.	9	0	10	23	7.3	23	15.	9 2	21 84.2*	66.2	* 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780 8/21/2010	66.6	24	49.4	24	1018.2	2 2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	2.3	24		7 999	.9	81	50 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 8/22/2010	68.4	24	62.1	24	1017.7	7 1	8 9999.	9	0	9.3	24	3.4	24	9.	9 15	.9	73.9	64 0.34B	999.9	10000
725107	4780 8/23/2010	63	24	60	24	1016.8	3 1	5 9999.	9	0	7.4	24	5.9	24	9.	9 22	.9 64.4*	60.8	* 0.88G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 8/24/2010	63.9	23	58.5	23	1018.5	5 1	4 9999.	9	0	8.2	23	6.7	23	3 11.	1 15	.9 69.8*	62.6	* 0.13G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 8/25/2010	63.7	24	61.5	24	1012.7	7 1	7 9999.	9	0	5.3	24	6.9	24	1:	3 2	20 69.8*	60.8	* 0.68G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 8/26/2010	71.2	24	60.1	24	1011.2	2 2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	6	24	1.	4 2	20 80.6*	60.8	* 0.33G	999.9	0
725107		67.3	24	51.2	24					0	10	24	7.3				20 78.8*	57.2		999.9	
725107		67.1	23	52	23					0	10	23	3.7	23	3	8 999	.9 82.4*	51.8		999.9	
725107		71.4	18	56.8	18					0	10	18	3.6	18	8.			93.9	59 0.001	999.9	
725107		77.8	23	56.8	23					0	10	23	4.1	23			15	93	60.1 0.00I	999.9	
725107		84.9	17	64.7	17					0	9.9	17	4.8				.9 96.8*			999.9	
725107		80.8	23	64.9	23					0	9	23	3.3					93.9	66 0.00I	999.9	
725107		83.7	24	64.3	24						9.1	24	5.3					95	71.1 0.00l	999.9	
725107		78.7	24	66.5	24						9.3	24	2.6					87.1	69.1 0.00H	999.9	
725107		75.6	24	61.2	24						9.5	24	9.2					82	69.1 0.07G	999.9	
725107		64.8	24	45.9	24					0	10	24	7.8				21	73.9	55 0.00G	999.9	
725107		63	24	45.8	24					0	10	24	3.8					78.1	48 0.00I	999.9	
725107		73.3	24	57.5	24					0	10	24	5.1	24			.1 87.8*			999.9	
725107		74.3	23	61.1	23						9.8	23	7.4	23			22	82.9	69.1 0.07G	999.9	
725107		63.9	24	51.2	24					0	10	24	8.4	24				73	59 0.01G	999.9	
725107		62.4	24	48.7	24					0	10	24	8.5				22 68.0* . -			999.9	
725107	4780 9/11/2010	65	24	47.9	24	1014.4	4 2	4 9999.	9	0	10	24	4.9	24	8.	9 1	15	77	53.1 0.00l	999.9	0

STN	WBAN	YEARMOD.	TEMP	COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	СО	UNT WE	OSP C	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST	MAX	X MIN	N PRCP	SNDP F	RSHTT
725107	4780	9/12/2010	57.5	24	49.7	7 24	1019.6	5 22	9999.9	9	0	10	24	2.1	2	4 8	.9 999	9.9	64.9	50 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/13/2010	59.8	24	4 52.7	7 24	1016.6	3 20	9999.9	9	0	9.6	24	2.7	2	4 8	.9 999	9.9	72	55 0.57B	999.9	10010
725107	4780	9/14/2010	63.6	24	4 53.4	4 24	1011.4	19	9999.9	9	0	8.9	24	5.7	2	4 1	4	20	73.9	55.9 0.57A	999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/15/2010	58.8	24	43.6	6 24	1015.3	3 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	7.7	2	4 1	5 2	2.9	69.1	48.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/16/2010	56.8	24	46.1	1 24	1018.6	5 24	9999.9	9	0	9.8	24	4.6	2	4 1	3	21	72	42.1 0.09A	999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/17/2010	64.8	24	4 59.2	2 24	1012.1	19	9999.9	9	0	9.4	24	5.3	2	:4 1	3 18	8.1	70	60.1 0.33G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/18/2010	61.2	24	52.5	5 24	1022.5	5 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	1.5	2	4	6 999	9.9	68	57 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/19/2010	63.1	23	3 54.1	1 23	1019.7	23	9999.9	9	0	9.9	23	1.8	2	3	6 999	9.9 77.0)* 48	2* 0.01G	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/20/2010	62.5	24	46.2	2 24	1015.6	24	9999.9	9	0	9.7	24	6	2	4 1	4 2	2.9	70	51.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/21/2010	57.4	24	4 38.6	6 24	1020	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	4.5	2	4 1	2	14	72	41 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/22/2010	71.2	24	4 54.1	1 24	1014.8	3 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	5.7	2	4 1	3	19	86	62.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/23/2010	69.3	24	4 53.9	9 24	1020.4	24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	3.6	2	4 8	.9 999	9.9	79	55.9 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/24/2010	71.8	24	4 59.1	1 24	1017.8	3 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	5.7	2	4 8	.9	14	88	59 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/25/2010	78.4	24	4 61.6	6 24	1008.1	24	9999.9	9	0	9.3	24	8.3	2	4 1	3	21	84.9	68 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/26/2010	60.9	24	4 51.6	6 24	1017.7	23	9999.9	9	0	9.8	24	3.4	2	4 8	.9 1	5.9 71.6	S* 51.	8* 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	4780	9/27/2010	56.1	24	4 54.6	6 24	1022	2 16	9999.9	9	0	3.4	24	4	2	4	8 999	9.9	57.9	55 0.06G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	9/28/2010	62.5	24	4 61.2	2 24	1012.6	15	9999.9	9	0	4.8	24	1.6	2	4 9	.9 1	5.9 73.4	1* 57.	2* 0.39G	999.9	110000
725107		9/29/2010	72.9	23							0	9.4	23	4.6	2	3 9		5.9 80.6	62.		999.9	10000
725107		9/30/2010	68.8	24							0	8.5	24	3.4				20	77	63 0.03G	999.9	10000
725107		10/1/2010	69.3	24			1005.2	2 15			0	8.2	24	9.4	2	4 2	21 28	8.9 77.0			999.9	10000
725107		10/2/2010	57.9	24			1010.6	5 24	9999.9	9	0	9.9	24	7	2	4 11	.1	20	64.9	48.9 1.50G	999.9	10000
725107	4780	10/3/2010	48.6	24	4 39.2	2 24	1021.8	3 24	9999.9	9	0	10	24	2.8	2	4	8 999		60.1	37 0.00G	999.9	0
725107		10/4/2010	53.6	24							0	10	24	5.9	2	.4 1		2.9	61	48 0.05G	999.9	10000
725107		10/5/2010	54.6	24			1019.5	5 20	9999.9	9	0	7.4	24	4.9	2	•		15 57.2			999.9	10000
725107		10/6/2010	54	24					9999.9	9	0	5.7	24	4.8	2	4 8		8.1 55.4			999.9	10000
725107		10/7/2010	55.2	24			1001.3	3 20	9999.9	9	0	9.5	24	5.8	2	4 15		3.9	66	50 0.89G	999.9	10000
725107		10/8/2010	58.7	24		3 24	1008	3 24			0	10	24	6.8	2	:4 1		22 73.4			999.9	0
725107		10/9/2010	55	24							0	10	24	5.9				9.9 66.2			999.9	0
725107		########	46.7	22							0	10	22	2.6		2 8		5.9 66.2			999.9	0
725107		########	54.2								0	10	24	4.4				6.9 69.8			999.9	0
725107		########	53.2								0	10	23	2.4		3 11			63	46 0.05G	999.9	10000
725107		########	47.8	24							0	10	24	2.6		4		9.9 64.4			999.9	0
725107		########	46.6								0	10	24	2.3		4		9.9 59.0			999.9	0
725107		########	48.4	24							0	8	24	11.7				0.9 53.6			999.9	10000
725107		########	48.5								0	10	24	13.4				35	57	42.1 0.27G	999.9	10000
725107		########	50.7	24							0	10	24	6.8		4 15		28 64.4			999.9	0
725107		########	46.2								0	9.8	24	5				21	59	34 0.001	999.9	0
725107		########	45.1	24							0	10	24	4.2				14	57.9	34 0.001	999.9	0
725107		########	46.9	20							0	9.9	20	2.4		8 0.		14	61	33.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107		########	43.6								0	8.2	24	4.5				33	57	32 0.03B	999.9	10000
725107		########	42.4	24						-	0	10	24	8.4		4 15		5.1	48	35.1 0.00l	999.9	0
725107		########	44.4	24							0	10	24	6.5				3.9 57.2			999.9	0
725107	4780	########	44.4	24	4 35.5	5 24	1021.7	' 23	9999.9	9	0	10	24	1.7	2	4	6 999	9.9 51.8	37.	4* 0.01C	999.9	10000

STN	WBAN YEARMOCTE	EMP C	OUNT DE	EWP C	OUNT SLF	•	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	COUN	T W	VDSP	COUNT	MXS	SPD G	UST MAX	(MIN	PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	4780 #######	48.4	24	44.1	24	1016.2	20	9999.9	0	7	.5	24	0.7	2	24	2.9	999.9 57.2	* 42.8*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 #######	62.7	24	55.9	24	1011.2	20	9999.9	0	7	.5	24	2.5	2	24	13	999.9 75.2	* 51.8*	0.02G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 #######	68.8	24	65.1	24	1011.2	16	9999.9	0	8	.8	24	6.6	2	24	9.9	16.9	73.9	64 0.06G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 #######	62.3	24	50.2	24	1008.6	18	9999.9	9 0	6	.8	24	4.2	2	24	15	23.9	73.9	46 0.42G	999.9	100000
725107	4780 #######	50.4	24	38.2	24	1011.3	24	9999.9	0	9	.9	24	8.1	2	24	15	22.9	61	43 0.00G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 #######	45.1	24	30.1	24	1013.1	24	9999.9	0	1	10	24	6.1	2	24	13	21 53.6	* 30.2*	0.03G	999.9	0
725107	4780 #######	49.1	24	30.1	24	1007.3	24	9999.9	0	1	10	24	9.5	2	24	20	28 53.6	* 37.4*	0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 11/1/2010	38.6	24	24	24	1022.6	24	9999.9	0	1	10	24	7.7	2	24	16.9	22.9	50	27 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 11/2/2010	42.6	24	26	24	1028.8	24	9999.9	0	1	10	24	6.1	2	24	11.1	15.9 50.0°	* 35.6*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 11/3/2010	35.3	24	25.5	24	1024.4	24	9999.9	0	1	10	24	2	2	24	8	999.9 51.8	* 24.8*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 11/4/2010	37.3	23	34.5	23	1013	16	9999.9	0	6	.5	23	2.3	2	23	8	15 48.2°	* 28.4*	0.48B	999.9	10000
725107	4780 11/5/2010	48.9	24	45.5	24	998.5	16	9999.9	0	7	.1	24	3.7	2	24	11.1	18.1 57.2°	* 46.4*	1.27G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 11/6/2010	42.5	23	35.4	23	1016.5	23	9999.9	0	1	10	23	3.4	2	23	9.9	15	50	37 0.23G	999.9	0
725107	4780 11/7/2010	40.8	24	28.7	24	1022.5	24	9999.9	0	1	10	24	7.4	2	24	14	18.1	46	35.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 11/8/2010	41.2	24	34.1	24	1002.8	18	9999.9	0	7	.2	24	12	2	24	16.9	28	46.9	35.1 0.37G	999.9	11000
725107	4780 11/9/2010	48	24	42.4	24	1008.9	22	9999.9	0	9	.4	24	9.4	2	24	15	20	54	44.1 0.10G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 #######	48.8	24	38.9	24	1017.5	21	9999.9	0	7	.6	24	6.4	2	24	11.1	28	57	39.9 0.14G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 #######	43.5	23	20.7	23	1028.5	23	9999.9	0	1	10	23	4.5	2	23	9.9	14	57	34 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 #######	42.4	23	18.4	23	1031.2	23	9999.9	0	1	10	23	3.2	2	22	8	999.9	61	28 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 #######	43.9	24	28.2	24	1024.6	24	9999.9	0	1	10	24	2	2	24	5.1	999.9	66	28.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 #######	41.3	24	33.7	24	1021.4	23	9999.9	0	1	10	24	2.8	2	24	7	999.9	54	28.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 #######	47.5	24	41.3	24	1019.3	22	9999.9	0	1	10	24	0.4	2	24	4.1	999.9 51.8	* 44.6*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 #######	49.5	24	45.8	24	1018.3	19	9999.9	0	8	.1	24	8.0	2	24	4.1	999.9	54	46 0.06G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 #######	52	24	46.4	24	1004.4	18	9999.9	0	7	.4	24	4.8	2	24	13	28 62.6	* 48.2*	1.07G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 #######	47.7	24	29.1	24	1010.7	24	9999.9	0	1	10	24	10.7	2	24	20	28.9	54	41 0.14G	999.9	0
725107	4780 #######	36.3	24	24.9	24	1020.1	24	9999.9	0	1	10	24	4	2	24	13	18.1 44.6	* 28.4*	0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 #######	38.7	24	25.6	24	1018	24	9999.9	0	1	10	24	6.4	2	24	22.9	30.9 53.6	* 26.6*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 #######	33.6	24	18.6	24	1030.6	24	9999.9	0	1	10	24	3.7	2	24	8	999.9	45	25 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 #######	39.6	24	32.9	24	1029.2	22	9999.9	9 0	1	10	24	1.8	2	24	8.9	999.9 55.4	* 28.4*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 #######	54	24	47	24	1012.9	23	9999.9	0	8	.3	24	2	2	24	7	999.9	62.1	42.1 0.00H	999.9	10000
725107	4780 #######	44.3	24	19.2	24	1013.2	24	9999.9	0	1	10	24	14.4	2	24	23.9	30.9 55.4	* 37.4*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 #######	32.7	24	3.9	24	1019.9	24	9999.9	9 0	1	10	24	6.5	2	24	14	29.9	39	21 0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 #######	37.4	24	24.6	24	1005.6	23	9999.9	0	8	.6	24	4.5	2	24	14	26	46	33.1 0.21G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 #######	34	24	20.9	24	1003.5	24	9999.9	9 0	1	10	24	6.4	2	24	15.9	25.1	41	25 0.06G	999.9	0
725107	4780 #######	33.3	24	16.2	24	1021.5	24	9999.9	0	1	10	24	5.8	2	24	12	19	45	23 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 #######	36.2	23	25.5	23	1032.6	23	9999.9	0	1	10	23	1	2	23	5.1	999.9 46.4	* 24.8*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 #######	35.8	24	29.2	24	1032.8	23	9999.9	0	9	.7	24	2.4	2	24	11.1	999.9 48.2	* 24.8*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 12/1/2010	47.8	24	44.2	24	1019.9	17	9999.9	0	7	.3	24	6.2	2	24	16.9	26	55.9	41 0.03G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 12/2/2010	41.1	24	31.2	24	1013.5	19	9999.9	0	9	.1	24	8.5	2	24	14	21 57.2	* 33.8*	0.99G	999.9	10000
725107	4780 12/3/2010	34.6	24	23.1	23	1014.9	23	9999.9	0	1	10	23	6.8	2	24	14	18.1	39.9	30 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	4780 12/4/2010	34.6	22	20.1	22	1007	22	9999.9	0	1	10	22	10	2	22	13	19 39.2	* 30.2*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 12/5/2010	30.7	24	17.1	24	1001.4	22	9999.9	0	1	10	24	8.5	2	24	13	19 35.6	* 26.6*	0.001	999.9	0
725107	4780 12/6/2010	26.4	24	14.2	24	995.2	24	9999.9	0	1	10	24	8.4	2	24	18.1	28.9 32.0	* 21.2*	0.00A	999.9	0

STN	WBAN YEA	RMOCTEMP	COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT	STP	COUNT	VISIB	COUNT	WDSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST N	IIM XAN	N PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	7 4780 12/7	7/2010 28.	9 24	13.6	24	993.9) 24	4 9999.9) () 1	0 24	8.5	24	16.9	23.9	35.1	26.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 12/8	3/2010 26.	9 24	9.7	24	1005.5	5 24	4 9999.9) () 1	0 24	9.9	24	- 20	28.9	32	24.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 12/9	9/2010 21.	2 24	6	24	1018.9) 24	4 9999.9) () 1	0 24	7.3	24	. 15	5 19	27	15.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 ####	##### 16.	3 24	3.4	24	1029.3	3 24	4 9999.9) () 1	0 24	2.4	24	. 7	7 999.9	25	6.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 ###	##### 30.	6 24	20.4	24	1024.7	7 2	4 9999.9) (9.	4 24	1.8	24	. 7	7 999.9	45	21 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780 ###	##### 33.	7 24	31.2	24	1019.9) 14	4 9999.9) () 4.	8 24	2.6	24	. 14	1 19	52	19.9 1.41C	999.9	11000
725107	7 4780 ###	##### 48.	7 22	45.6	22	985.9) 1:	2 9999.9) (7.	5 22	6.7	22	! 19	26 5	5.4* 41.	.0* 0.02C	999.9	110000
725107	7 4780 ###	##### 26.	5 24	17.8	24	992.6	5 2 ⁻	1 9999.9) () 1	0 24	9.6	24	15.9	20 3	7.4* 19.	.4* 0.07G	999.9	10000
725107	7 4780 ####	##### 17.	7 24	4.1	24	1001.6	5 24	4 9999.9) () 1	0 24	11.1	24	. 19	23.9	19.9	15.1 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 ####	##### 2	3 24	11.8	24	1007	7 2	2 9999.9) (9.	8 24	4	24	8.9	15.9 3	2.0* 15.	.8* 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780 ####	##### 22.	8 24	13.1	24	1010.2	2 2	4 9999.9) () 1	0 24	3.9	24	. 14	1 20	34	12 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 ####	##### 27.	2 23	17.3	23	1017.9) 2:	3 9999.9) () 1	0 23	1.7	23	7	999.9	39	16 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 ####	##### 25.	1 24	17.4	24	1017.6	5 24	4 9999.9) (9.	4 24	2	24	5.1	999.9	34	15.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 ####	##### 25.	6 23	15.8	23	1010.9) 2:	3 9999.9) () 1	0 23	6.9	23	13	3 19 3	0.2* 19.	.4* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 ####	##### 30.	3 24	20.4	24	1006.1	1 20	9999.9) (8.	5 24	11.6	24	. 14	23.9	37.9	26.1 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780 ####	##### 33.	3 24	24.6	24	1006.5	5 2	1 9999.9) (8.	4 24	9.5	24	. 13	3 22	41	30 0.01A	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780 ####	##### 32.	5 24	24.3	24	1004.8	3 2	2 9999.9) ()	9 24	11.8	24	. 15	23.9 3	37.4 * 30 .	.2* 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780 ####	##### 29.	9 24	17.1	24	1013.5	5 24	4 9999.9) () 1	0 24	9	24	13	3 18.1	37.9	24.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 ####	##### 25.	3 24	13.2	24	1015.4	1 2	4 9999.9) () 1	0 24	3.1	24	9.9	999.9	34	19 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 ####	##### 23.	8 24	15.2	24	1013.5	5 20	9999.9) (7.	8 24	5.4	24	. 15	5 22.9	27	21 0.03C	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780 ####	##### 2	5 24	18.5	24	988.5	5 1 ⁻	1 9999.9) (2.	3 24	18	24	23.9	36.9 3	0.2* 17.	.6* 0.14G	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780 ####	##### 23.	1 24	4	24	1000.8	3 24	4 9999.9) (9.	5 24	16.1	24	- 26	6 40 3	3.8* 15.	.8* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 ####	##### 31.	2 24	19	24	1011.4	1 2	4 9999.9) () 1	0 24	8.7	24	15.9	22	37.9	21.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 ####	##### 28.	9 24	18.5	24	1020.2	2 2	4 9999.9) (9.	8 24	1.4	24	. 7	7 999.9	46	12.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 ####	##### 36.	5 24	25.6	24	1019.4	1 2	4 9999.9) (9.	7 24	2.2	24		999.9 5	1.8* 24.	.8* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 1/1	/2011 44.	6 24	35.9	24	1017.7	7 2	4 9999.9) (9.	2 24	2.5	24	. 6	999.9	61	33.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 1/2	2/2011 45.	1 24	39.9	24	1012.7	7 20	9999.9) (7.	1 24	2	24		999.9	51.1	39 0.00H	999.9	110000
725107	7 4780 1/3	3/2011 32.	2 24	14.4	24	1014.6	5 24	4 9999.9) () 1	0 24	11.5	24	18.1	32.1	43	26.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 1/4	1/2011 2	7 24	14.3	24	1014.4	1 2	4 9999.9) (9.	9 24	2.6	24		3 15.9	39	17.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 1/5	5/2011 26.	4 24	15.3	24	1007.1	l 24	4 9999.9) (9.	8 24	3.8	24	. 14	1 21	39	17.1 0.001	999.9	0
725107		5/2011 23.	2 24	9.5	24	1006.2	2 2	4 9999.9) () 1	0 24	1.8	24	9.9	999.9	32	14 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 1/7	7/2011 21.	9 24	13.3	24	1001.5	5 22	2 9999.9) () 1	0 24	3.2	24	. (999.9 3	0.2* 14.	.0* 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 1/8	3/2011 26.	8 24	17.6	24	997.4	1 2	4 9999.9) (9.	1 24	4	24	. 7	999.9	28.9	24.1 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780 1/9	9/2011 29.	4 24	18.5	24	1001.4	1 2:	3 9999.9) (9.	8 24	10.8	24	16.9	9 25.1	34	26.1 0.01G	999.9	1000
725107			7 24	11.3	24) 1	0 24	11.3						999.9	0
725107			3 24	11.9	24					-		4	24	. 12		30.9	15.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107		2/2011 26.	8 24	20.9	24			9999.9) () 4.	1 24	9.8	24	. 2′	29.9 2	8.4* 24.	.8* 0.49G	999.9	101000
725107			8 24	15	24) 1	0 24	11.4	24	. 19				999.9	1000
725107	7 4780 1/14	1/2011 16.	2 24	7.3	24	1023.7	7 2	4 9999.9) () 1	0 24	4.8	24	8.9	999.9 2	4.8* 5.0)* 0.00G	999.9	0
725107				5.7	24					-		2.5						999.9	1000
725107				16	24					-		8.5				32	23 0.00H	999.9	1000
725107				0.3	24) 1		5.1	24			24.1	5 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780 1/18	3/2011 16.	7 24	10.6	24	1022.3	3 20	9999.9	9 0)	5 24	1.2	24	5.1	999.9 3	6.8	8* 0.06G	999.9	11000

STN	WBAN	YEARMOCT	TEMP	COUNT	DEWP	COUNT	SLP	COUNT S	STP	COUNT	VISIB	COUNT	WDSP	COUNT	MXSPD	GUST	MAX	MIN	PRCP	SNDP	FRSHTT
725107	7 4780	1/19/2011	35.5	24	32.1	24	1003.2	17	9999.9	C	7.	7 24	5.1	24	4 8.9	999.9		39	30 0.68G	999.9	10000
725107	7 4780	1/20/2011	26.7	24	17.9	24	1013.3	23	9999.9	C	9.4	1 24	7.5	24	1 12	2 19		34	21 0.02G	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780	1/21/2011	23.2	24	16.1	24	1004.8	16	9999.9	C	5.8	3 24	5.8	3 24	18.1	29.9	28.4*	19.4	* 0.18G	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780	1/22/2011	18.3	24	6.4	24	1010.2	24	9999.9	C) 10) 24	6.6	24	1 15	23.9	24.8*	12.2	* 0.11G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	1/23/2011	8.5	24	-0.1	24	1013.1	24	9999.9	C	9.4	1 24	6.4	24	15.9	25.1	:	21.9	-4 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	1/24/2011	3	19	-13.4	19	1027.4	19	9999.9	C) 10) 19	7.3	3 19	9 12	18.1		12	-7.1 0.00I	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	1/25/2011	12.4	22	5.8	22	1024.2	15	9999.9	C	6.0	5 22	2 1.2	2 22	2 7	999.9		32	-5.1 0.02G	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780	1/26/2011	16.4	24	12.9	24	1018.8	16	9999.9	C) !	5 24	1 2.3	3 24	4 6	999.9		28.9	5 0.00G	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780	1/27/2011	28.5	24	20.1	24	1004.2	17	9999.9	C	5.5	5 24	9.5	5 24	15.9	22.9		34	24.1 0.43G	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780	1/28/2011	24	21	16.7	21	1010.3	20	9999.9	C	9.4	! 21	2.7	2	1 7	999.9	37.4*	17.6	* 0.00G	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780	1/29/2011	25.6	24	19.3	24	1011.7	22	9999.9	C	6.9) 24	1.9	24	4 7	999.9		36	15.1 0.00A	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	1/30/2011	24.5	24	15.6	24	1016.6	23	9999.9	C	9.4	1 24	3.8	3 24	1 15	5 21		34	10 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	1/31/2011	15.7	24	2.4	24	1028.1	24	9999.9	C	9.0	5 24	3.3	24	4 8.9	999.9		25	-0.9 0.001	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	2/1/2011	13.5	24	6.6	24	1030.9	19	9999.9	C	5.7	7 24	1.4	24	4 7	999.9	19.4*	3.2*	0.49B	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780	2/2/2011	19.8	24	15.8	24	1017.3	9	9999.9	C	2.9) 24	4.6	24	4 8.9) 15		21.9	19 0.76D	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780	2/3/2011	19.2	24	11.5	24	1019.3	22	9999.9	C	8.6	5 24	4.4	24	11.1	14		28	7 0.02C	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780	2/4/2011	20.7	24	5.3	24	1021.6	24	9999.9	C	9.0	5 24	5.2	2 24	1 12	2 20	;	35.1	0 0.03G	999.9	1000
725107	7 4780	2/5/2011	21.9	24	15.6	24	1014.8	21	9999.9	C	8.4	1 24	1.4	24	1 7	999.9	35.6*	6.8*	0.00G	999.9	11000
725107	7 4780	2/6/2011	36.3	24	28.8	24	1004.7	18	9999.9	C	8.2	2 24	7.5	5 24	4 22.9	33		41	30 0.26G	999.9	11000
725107	7 4780	2/7/2011	31.9	24	25.2	24	1015.6	24	9999.9	C	8.9	5 24	1.8	3 24	4 7	999.9		41	21.9 0.00G	999.9	0
725107	7 4780	2/8/2011	33	24	27.7	24	1004.2	13	9999.9	C	5.5	5 24	6.6	5 24	4 20	30.9	37.4*	19.4	* 0.15G	999.9	11000

APPENDIX C

dataCompilationCombined-v2010.6.21.1 Kurtis Jensen

EPA .		-	•		-		_		
Outcrop	Feature	Feature	Strike	Strike	<u>Dip</u>	Dip	Plunge	Plunge	
<u>#</u>	Number	<u>Type</u>	Length	<u>AZ</u>	Direction	_	_	<u>AZ</u>	<u>Comment</u>
3	26-1	Foliation		235	325	72			
3	26-2	Lineation					52	245	Top up
3	27-1	Joint		353	83	53			Series of smooth, open joints.
3	27-2	Joint		340	70	63			
3	28-1	Joint		347	77	83			A/A. Smooth.
3	29-1	Joint		329	59	79			A/A. Smooth.
3	30-1	Joint		327	57	77			Parallel to 27-1
3	31-1	Joint		330	60	67			A/A
3	32-1	Joint		347	77	62			A/A. Parallel to 27-1.
3	33-1	Joint		71	161	67			Smooth
3	34-1	Joint		288	17	82			Smooth. Open
3	35-1	Joint		132	222	60			Smooth.
3	36-1	Joint		89	179	49			Rough surface
3	37-1	Joint	4'	72	162	68			Smooth.
3	38-1	Joint	3'	110	200	43			Rough
3	39-1	Joint		10	100	12			
3	40-1	Joint		90	180	24			Weakly developed.
3	41-1	Joint		15	105	12			
3	42-1	Joint		342	72	14			
3	43-1	Joint		70	160	83			Rough
3	44-1	Joint	4'	70	160	83			A/A. Open
3	45-1	Joint	3'	65	155	50			Rough.
3	46-1		2'+	305	35	75			Rough
3	47-1	Joint	1'	70	160	62			Rough
3	48-1	Joint	1'	69	159	68			Smooth.

Outcrop #	Feature Number	Feature Type	Strike Length	Strike AZ	<u>Dip</u> Direction		Plunge Angle	Plunge <u>AZ</u>	<u>Comment</u>
3	49-1	Joint		75		63			A/A
3	50-1	Joint		62		51			Rough
3	51-1	Joint		75	165	57			A/A
3	52-1	Foliation		200	290	52			Same location (1)
3	52-2	Lineation					266	52	Same location (2)
3	52-3	Joint		140	230	60			Same location (3). Fracture intersection.
3	53-1	Joint		335		53			Rounded
3	54-1	Foliation		203	293	47			
3	55-1	Joint	10'	295	25	67			Smooth.
3	55-2	Joint	10'	279	9	63			A/A.
3	56-1	Joint		82		67			
3	56-2	Joint	3-4'	67	157	57			A/A.
3	57-1	Foliation		197	287	47			
3	58-1	Lineation					335	37	Intersection of 3 fractures
3	59-1	Joint	20'+	137	227	67			Smooth. Open.
3	59-2	Joint		137	227	67			A/A. Planar
3	60-1	Joint	1'	287	17	70			Smooth
3A	1	Joint	3'	42	132	42			Weak. Rough
3A	2a	Foliation	3'	27		58			
3A	2b	Foliation	3'	195	285	52			
3A	3	Joint	5'	75	165	50			
3A	4	Joint		65	155	71			zone of parallel joints
3A	5	Joint		70	160	73			zone of parallel joints
3A	6a	Joint	3'	205	295	57			Parallel to foliation
3A	6b	Joint	10'+	130	220	64			High angle.
3A	7	Joint	10'+	131	221	67			
3A	8	Joint		66	156	67	_	_	zone of parallel joints

Outcrop #	Feature Number	Feature Type	Strike Length	Strike AZ	<u>Dip</u> Direction		Plunge Angle	Plunge AZ	<u>Comment</u>
3A	9a	Joint	10'+	226	316	24			Joint
3A	9b	Joint	10'+	132	222	67			High angle.
3A	10a	Joint		136	226	67			
3A	10b	Joint		138	228	78			
3A	11a	Joint	10'+	75	165	58			significant tightly-spaced fracture set
3A	11b	Joint	10'+	77	167	67			significant tightly-spaced fracture set
14	303a	Joint		60	150	70			
14	303b	Joint		112	202	85			
14	305	Foliation		210	300	50			
14	306a	Joint		25	115	90			
14	306b	Joint		190	280	67			
14	308	Joint		25	115	90			
14	309	Joint		262	352	65			
14	314	Joint		67	157	79			
14	316	Joint		290	20	87			
14	317	Joint		50	140	90			
14	318	Joint		125	215	72			
14	321	Joint		240	330	86			
14	322	Joint		292	22	79			
14	323	Joint	3-5'	72	162	90			Smooth. Planar
14	324	Joint		115	205	86			
14	326	Joint		120	210	88			
13	206-1a	Joint	50'+	65	155	66			Planar. Rough
13	206-1b	Joint	30'+	330	60	20			Dip slope above 206-1. Extends to OC 14
20	484	Joint	25'	40	130	30			Dip slope.
20	478	Joint	25'	34	124	37			
20	480	Joint	8'+	227	317	82			steep dipping structure defines SE outcrop face.

Outcrop #	Feature Number	Feature Type	Strike Length	Strike AZ	<u>Dip</u> Direction		Plunge Angle	Plunge <u>AZ</u>	<u>Comment</u>
20	482	Joint	8'+	227	317	74			
20	483	Joint	10'+	0	90	82			major structure bounds ENE outcrop face.
20	485a	Joint	10'+	150	240	88			steep dipping structure defines NNE outcrop face.
20	485b	Joint		3	93	78			coarse-grained gneiss
20	486	Joint		5	95	86			coarse-grained gneiss
20A	1a	Joint	3'+	90	180	39			Weak
20A	1b	Joint	5'+	75	165	87			
20A	2a	Joint	5'+	132	222	62			
20A	2b	Joint	3-5'	245	335	74			
27	4a	Joint	15'+	165	255	63			
27	4b	Joint	5'	265	355	76			
27	5a	Joint	15'+	155	245	63			
27	5b	Joint	5'	275	5	84			
27	6a	Joint	5'	265	355	86			Same feature.
27	6b	Joint	5'	265	355	84			
27	6c	Joint	5'	272	2	86			
27	6d	Joint	8'	265	355	58			moderate dip
27	7	Joint	5'	267	357	86			
27	8	Joint	5'	352	82	66			
27	9	Joint		65	155	62			
27 27	10a	Joint		75	165	52			
27	10b-a	Joint	5'	388	118	88			
27	10b-b	Joint	5'	90	180	47			
27	10b-c	Joint	5'	275	5	88			
27	11	Joint	20'	215	305	57			Rough. Dip-slope
27	12a	Joint	15'+	220	310	56			Large surface. Rough. Open.
27	12b	Joint	15'+	135	225	77			

Outcrop #	<u>Feature</u> Number	Feature Type	Strike Length	Strike AZ	<u>Dip</u> Direction		Plunge Angle	<u>Plunge</u> AZ	<u>Comment</u>
							Angic	AL	
27	13	Joint	15'+	218	308	58			
27	14	Joint	5'	228	318	75			High angle set.
27	15	Joint	30'+	156	246	66			Planar. Rough.
27	16a	Joint	30'+	158	248	66			Parallel set.
27	16b	Joint	30'+	320	50	88			
27	16c	Joint	30'+	152	242	62			
27	17	Joint	20'+	47	137	36			Planar. Rough. Prominent SE-facing set
27	18a	Joint		317	47	56			large crack at intersecting joint sets
27	18b	Joint		312	42	83			
27	18c	Joint		277	7	82			
27	18d	Joint		308	38	64			
27	19a	Joint	10'+	7	97	24			Planar. Smooth.
27 27	19b	Joint	3'+	90	180	80			Planar. Rough.
27	20a	Joint	5'+	240	330	65			Planar.
27	20b	Joint	5'+	85	175	85			Planar. Rough.
27	21	Joint	10'	55	145	20			Planar. Smooth. Dip surface parallel to 19
27	22	Joint	10'+	205	295	63			Rough.
27	23	Joint	10'+	219	309	72			Same feature as previous. Feature is open joint.
27	24a	Joint	10'+	355	85	62			Intersection of two sets. Planar
27	24b	Joint	10'+	132	222	66			Planar. Rough
27	25	Joint	10'+	130	220	67			Same feature as previous
27	26	Joint	10'+	45	135	31			Planar. Smooth. Open.
27	27	Joint	5'+	125	215	77			High angle. Smooth. Wavy
27	28	Joint		270	0	90			rotated block?
27	29	Joint		80	170	85			rotated block?
27	30								Not mapped; rotated block
27	31								Not mapped; rotated block

Outcrop #	<u>Feature</u> Number	Feature Type	Strike Length	Strike AZ	<u>Dip</u> Direction		Plunge Angle	Plunge AZ	<u>Comment</u>
27	32a	Joint	5'	260		90			High angle
27	32b-a	Joint	5'	82		90			Intersection of 2 steep sets. Rough. Spread about 2' apart
27	32b-b	Joint	3'	70	160	48			intersection of 2 steep sets. Rough, spread about 2 apart
27	33	Joint	5'	220	310	66			Open. Planar. Smooth
27	34a	Joint	5'+	225	315	56			Rough
27	34b	Joint	5'+	142	232	62			Kough
27	35a	Joint	10'	134	224	65			Large. Open. Planar. Rough
27	35b	Joint	3'	80	170	49			Large. Open. Francis. Rough
27	35c	Joint	3'	216	306	46			
27	36	Joint		218	308	18			Tightly spread series. 2-4" apart. Over 3' interval
27	37	Joint		261	351	86			Parallel set.
27	38	Joint	3'	15	105	38			Weak. Low angle. Rough
27	39a	Joint	10'	168	258	62			Smooth. Planar
27	39b	Joint	5'	82	172	68			Spread about 1" apart. Parallel set
27N	40	Joint	5'+	123	213	63			Smooth. Planar. Open
27N	41	Joint	5-10'	35	125	53			Face. Planar. Rough. Open. Possible foliation
27N	42	Joint	5-10'+	165	255	70			Open. Planar. Rough
27N	43	Joint		25	115	28			Sheeting fracture
27N	44a	Joint	5'	240	330	64			Smooth. Planar. Open. Outcrop face
27N	44b	Joint	5'	261	351	60			Planar. Smooth
27N	45	Joint	5-10'	195	285	64			Planar. Smooth. Open
27N	46a	Joint	5'	72	162	75			Open. Rough. Sub-planar
27N	46b	Joint	5'	85	175	85			
27N	47a	Joint	3-5'	122	212	71			Zone of NW striking fractures. 2-3' thick
27N	47b	Joint	3-5'	123	213	64			
27N	48	Joint	3-5'	220	310	67			Planar. Rough. Partially open
27N	49	Joint	5-10'	116	206	68			Planar. Smooth. Open

Outcrop #	Feature Number	Feature Type	Strike Length	Strike AZ	<u>Dip</u> Direction		Plunge Angle	Plunge <u>AZ</u>	<u>Comment</u>
27N	50a	Joint	10-20'+	172	262	54			Primary face. Zone of intersection. 2 main features. Planar.
									Open
27N	50b	Joint	10'+	119	209	65			Secondary feature. Smooth. Planar. Transitions to feature
									#35 on S side of outcrop
27N	51	Joint		122	212	76			Similar to 50. Open.
27N	52	Joint	10'+	220	310	58			Smooth. Planar. Open
27N	53	Joint	5-10'+	138	228	64			Open. Planar. Smooth
27N	54	Joint	5'+	227	317	52			Rough. Open. Parallel to foliation
27N	55a	Joint		27	117	52			Intersection of 2 widely-spaced but significant fracture sets
27N	55b	Joint		123	213	72			Intersection of 2 widely-spaced but significant fracture sets
27N	56a	Joint	10'+	25	115	48			Sheeting joint
27N	56b	Joint	5'+	110	200	74			5' from previous. Spacing about 5'
27N	56c	Joint	20'	222	312	51			Between 55 & 56. Sub-planar. Open. Rough. Sub-parallel to
									foliation
27N	57	Joint	3'	221	311	54			Set parallel or sub-parallel to foliation. Minor set parallel to
									OC face. Rough. Not open
27N	58	Joint	3-5'	128	218	62			Sub-parallel. Planar. Smooth. Open?
27N	59	Joint	10'+	132	222	60			Same feature as 63. Open. Planar. Smooth
27N	60	Joint	5'	265	355	47			Rough face. May not be a natural feature
27N	61	Joint	5'+	199	289	54			Open. Planar. Smooth. Set parallel to sheared quartz vein.
									Vein material is discontinuous
27N	62	Joint	5'+	334	64	47			Face. Rough. Open. Sub-planar
27N	63	Joint	10'+	132	222	53			Same as 59. Planar. Open
27N	64	Joint	10'+	18	108	29			Open. Planar. Rough
27N	65a	Joint	5'	135	225	62			Zone of intersecting fractures. Planar. Smooth. Open
27N	65b	Joint	10'	135	225	59			Similar feature. Open. Smooth. Planar
27N	66a	Joint		55	145	26			Face. Same features as others

Outcrop #	Feature Number	Feature Type	Strike Length	Strike AZ	<u>Dip</u> Direction		Plunge Angle	Plunge AZ	<u>Comment</u>
27N	66b	Joint	3-5'	142	232	64			Planar. Smooth. Partially open
27N	66c	Joint	10'+	219	309	68			Significant set. Spaced 2'+ apart
27N	67a	Joint		46	136	36			2' thick bands
27N	67b	Joint		320	50	68			Structures 6" apart
27N	68	Joint		49	139	36			Same face joint as 67. Parallel to face joint at 70, 71, etc Sheeting joint
27N	69a	Joint		52	142	30			Same fracture sets as 70
27N	69b	Joint		140	230	64			
27N	69c	Joint		90	180	68			
27N	70a	Joint		36	126	31			Fracture zone. 2 intersecting sets
27N	70b	Joint	3-5'+	138	228	62			Zone 2' thick. Fractures are 2-4"
27N	70c	Joint	5-10'	100	190	72			Open. Undulating but smooth
27N	71	Joint		18	108	32			Exposed at 69, 70, 71, and 72
27N	72a	Joint	10'+	306	36	38			conjugate to NW-trending set?
27N	72b	Joint	10'+	20	110	34			sheeting joint
27N	73a	Joint	30'+	7	97	23			Major. Forms outcrop face. Planar. Open. Smooth to rough
27N	73b	Joint	10'+	45	135	47			2-3' wide zone. Tightly spaced fractures 1-4" apart. Open.
									Planar. Sub-planar. Smooth to rough
27N	74a	Joint	5'+	121	211	70			intersection of sheeting joing with NW-trending Hi-angle jt.
27N	74b	Joint	5'	36	126	32			subplanar, rough, open.
27N	75	Joint	5-10'	131	221	63			Planar. Rough. Open? #50 transitions into this one
27N	76	Joint	5'+	242	332	48			Smooth. Sub-planar. Open. Intersection of other 2 joints
27N	77	Joint	10'+	124	214	74			Planar. Smooth. Open
27N	78	Joint	3'	50	140	27			Irregular. Sub-planar. Open
27N	79	Joint	3'	225	315	68			Planar. Slightly open. Sub-parallel to foliation
27N	80	Joint	3'	5	95	29			Same as 78. Irregular. Sub-planar. Open?

Outcrop #	Feature Number	Feature Type	Strike Length	Strike AZ	<u>Dip</u> <u>Direction</u>		Plunge Angle	Plunge <u>AZ</u>	<u>Comment</u>
27N	81	Joint	20'+	129	219	63			Same feature as 55. Large. Open. Planar
27N	82a	Joint	10'	135	225	60			Intersection of 2 minor joints. Sub-planar. Open
27N	82b	Joint	5'	228	318	63			Open. Parallel to foliation?
30B	1	Joint	3'	68	158	53			Open. Planar. Smooth. BB not sure is bonafide OC
30B	2	Joint	3'+	146	236	63			Planar. Smooth. Open
30B	3a	Joint	3'	352	82	56			Open. 2'+ zone. 3-4" intervals
30B	3b	Joint		65	155	90			
30B	3c	Joint		25	115	61			Spaced 6" apart. Possibly foliation
30B	5a	Joint	5-10'+	185	275	47			Open. Rough. Planar.
30B	5b	Joint	5-10'+	186	276	55			
30B	6	Joint	3'	327	57	52			Open. Planar. Smooth
30B	8	Joint	2'	83	173	53			Open. Planar. Zone spaced 1-4" apart
30B	9a	Joint	3-5'	15	105	32			Sheeting joint. Open
30B	9b	Joint	5'	130	220	67			Open
30B	10	Joint	5'+	232	322	61			Open. Rough. Planar
30B	11	Joint	3'	90	180	43			Planar. Smooth. Tight
30B	12a	Joint	3-5'	45	135	54			Planar. Smooth. Open?
30B	12b	Joint	2'	5	95	30			Planar. Smooth. Tight
30B	12c	Joint	5-10'	25	115	20			Face. Open. Defines top of OC
30B	13	Joint	3'	137	227	62			Planar. Rough. Open?
30B	14	Joint	5'+	232	322	66			Planar. Smooth. Open. Parallel to 10 & 12. Zone from 10 -
									14. At least 5 joints parallel. Spaced 3' to 2.5' apart
30B	15	Joint	3-5'	123	213	68			Planar. Open
30B	16	Joint	5-10'	182	272	61			Face. Extends discontinuously to N end of outcrop
30B	17	Joint		202	292	65			Open.
30B	18	Joint	5-10'+	90	180	44			Open. Planar. Forms small saddle

Outcrop #	Feature Number	Feature Type	Strike Length	Strike AZ	<u>Dip</u> Direction		Plunge Angle	Plunge AZ	<u>Comment</u>
30B	19	Joint	5-10'	215	305	62			Open. Planar. Smooth. Several parallel joints 2-6" apart
									over 2' zone
30B	20	Joint		48	138	28			
30B	21	Joint	2'	144	234	73			Smooth. Planar. Tight
30B	22	Foliation		222	312	58			
30B	23	Joint	5'+	222	312	53			Long. Smooth. Planar. Parallel to foliation
30B	24	Joint	2'	125	215	83			Smooth. Planar. Tight
30B	25	Joint	5'+	315	45	58			Smooth. Planar. Open
30B	26a	Joint	3'	140	230	77			Open.
30B	26b	Joint	3'	52	142	53			Planar. Smooth
30B	27	Joint	3'+	20	110	64			
30B	28	Joint	10-15'+	223	313	57			Face. Smooth. Planar. Open
30B	29a	Joint		80	170	54			Spaced 2-6" apart
30B	29b	Joint		140	230	75			0.5-1.5' apart
30B	29c	Joint		15	105	32			Top of outcrop
30B	30	Joint	5'	129	219	32			Planar. Smooth. Open?
30B	31	Joint		32	122	65			Parallel to features at 35, 36, 38. Planar. Smooth. Tight?
30B	32	Joint		89	179	25			Parallel 30
30B	33	Joint		29	119	53			Small joint. Spaced 2-8" apart on average. Like others. Short SL
30B	34	Joint	5'+	126	216	70			More significant. Open. Planar. Smooth
30B	35	Joint		38	128	51			Small joint. Spaced 2-8" apart on average. Similar to previous. Same attributes
30B	36	Joint		25	115	34			Small joint. Spaced 2-8" apart on average. Similar. Same features
30B	37	Joint	2'	120	210	82			
30B	38	Joint		25	115	45			Small joint. Spaced 2-8" apart on average. More of same

Outcrop #	Feature Number	Feature Type	Strike Length	Strike AZ	<u>Dip</u> Direction		Plunge Angle	Plunge <u>AZ</u>	<u>Comment</u>
30B	39	Joint	5'	15	105	50			Sheeting fracture. Sub-parallel to top of OC. Spacing 2-6"
									apart. Open
30B	40	Joint	5'+	60	150	65			Planar. Smooth. Open
30B	41	Joint	5-10'+	195	285	68			Open. Smooth. Planar
30B	42	Joint	5'+	138	228	62			Smooth. Planar. Open?
30B	43	Joint	3-5'	10	100	44			Sheeting. Sub-parallel to top of outcrop
30B	44	Joint	3'+	123	213	84			42, 44, 45 are parallel fractures. 2-3'+ zone of parallel
									fractures, about 6" apart. Irregular. Planar. Open
30B	45	Joint	2-3'	132	222	63			Planar. Rough. Parallel to 44
30B	46	Joint	3'+	250	340	56			Planar fracture. Sub-planar. Rough. Not open
30B	47a	Joint	5'+	76	166	53			Planar. Open. Smooth to rough
30B	47b	Joint	3'	245	335	48			Planar. Open
Q1	1a	Joint	4'	15	105	86			Rough. (Note Q1 may not be in-situ; boulder?)
Q1	1b	Foliation	4'	318	48	82			
Q1	2	Joint		303	33	80			
Q1	3	Joint		67	157	25			
Q1	4	Joint	3'+	350	80	72			
Q5	6d	Joint	3'+	87	177	53			Smooth. Open
Q3	1	Foliation		40	130	56			Doesn't seem to be open
Q3	2a	Joint	5-8'+	313	43	67			Steep. (Note Q3 probably in-situ. possible boulder)
Q3	2b	Joint	5-8'+	325	55	85			
Q3 Q3 Q3 Q3	2c	Joint	5-8'+	310	40	80			
Q3	2d	Joint	5-8'+	305	35	86			
Q3	3a	Joint		270	0	25			Low angle
Q3	3b	Joint		35	125	52			
Q3A	a	Joint	3'+	69	159	70			
Q3A	b	Joint	1'	25	115	76			

APPENDIX C

Outcrop #	Feature Number	Feature Type	Strike Length	Strike AZ	<u>Dip</u> Direction		Plunge Angle	Plunge AZ	<u>Comment</u>
Q3A	c	Joint	3'+	311	41	58			
Q4	1	Foliation	5'+	210	300	50			Open.
Q4	2	Joint		77	167	37			
Q4	3	Joint	5'+	320	50	65			Rough
Q4	4	Joint	3-4'+	265	355	47			Rough
Q5	1	Joint	8'+	17	107	42			Low angle. Rough. (Note Q5 may not be in-situ; boulder?)
Q5	2	Joint		40	130	70			Shear zone.
Q5	3	Joint		116	206	46			Low angle. Rough
Q5	4	Joint		194	284	82			High angle
Q5	5	Joint		6	96	87			High angle. Parallel to 4
Q5	6a	Joint	8'+	341	71	47			Smooth
Q5	6b	Joint	8'+	330	60	50	_	_	
Q5	6c	Joint	6'+	207	297	53			Smooth. Appears open

Surface Radiation Survey at the Shepley's Hill Remediation Site, Devens, Massachusettes

J. R. Giles, L. G. Roybal, C. P. Oertel Idaho National Laboratory, Idaho Falls, ID

Introduction

Technical support was requested from the Idaho National Laboratory for ongoing environmental remediation activities at the Shepley's Hill remediation site, near Devens, MA. The formal request was made by the U.S. EPA, Region 1 office in Boston, MA. The technical support was requested for the purposes of conducting several radiation surveys using a portable backpack sodium iodide spectroscopy (BaSIS) system with real-time measurement and integrated GIS capabilities.

Shepley's Hill Site Description and Objective

The current application involves using the BaSIS system to support an ongoing bedrock mapping project at an approximately 100-acre granitic bedrock upland area adjacent to the Shepley's Hill landfill. A detailed survey of this area was completed using the BaSIS system, with consisting of detailed maps indicating areas of elevated radiation, and contour plots of radiation intensity.

The fracture networks in the bedrock that underlie Shepley's Hill and the adjacent landfill are the conduits for subsurface contaminant transport. As such, the U.S. EPA, Region 1 is conducting a detailed bedrock structural mapping program to identify the locations of the subsurface fracture zones. This study has included 2-dimensional resistivity profiling, high-resolution topographic mapping, and borehole geophysics.

In a search for non-invasive methods of identifying bedrock fractures, it was hypothesized that naturally occurring radioactive radon gas preferentially follows the bedrock fractures. As such, it is expected that radon concentrations, and subsequently the decay products, occur in higher concentrations above these fractures. The decay products of radon (Rn-222) include several gamma-ray emitting radionuclides. The radioactive decay chain is shown in Figure 1. These decay products emit gamma-rays that can be detected with the NaI detector in the BaSIS. Based on this, the primary objective of the radiation measurements at Shepley's Hill was to determine whether or not the locations of bedrock fractures could be identified due to the

This data and information presented in this report will be correlated with other data sets currently being collected by EPA Region 1, including detailed bedrock structural mapping, 2-dimensional resistivity profiling, and high-resolution topographic mapping (e.g., LiDAR). It is expected that discrete areas of elevated radiation may correlate with bedrock fracture zones, mapped or unmapped. The information will provide critical input toward developing a conceptual site model (CSM) for bedrock ground water flow at the site.

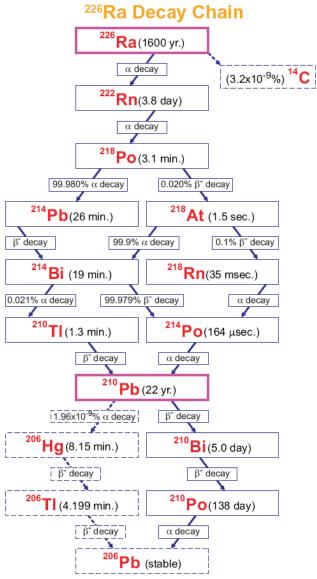


Figure 1. Radon-222 decay chain, starting with Ra-226.

Equipment Description

The backpack sodium iodide spectroscopy (BaSIS) technology was developed at the Idaho National Laboratory for use at radiologically contaminated Cold War era legacy sites. These sites included the Fernald facility (Fernald, OH); Mound (Miamisburg, OH); East Tennessee Technology Park (Oak Ridge, TN). The system architecture has also been fully integrated into the soil remediation activities that are ongoing at the Idaho National Laboratory as part of the Idaho Cleanup Project.

The BaSIS system is comprised of commercial off-the-shelf equipment including a 3 in. \times 5 in. sodium iodide (NaI) radiation detector, multichannel analyzer, real-time differential corrected global positioning system, and a control computer and wireless display. Figure 2 shows the BaSIS and system operator in the field at the Shepley's Hill site. The radiation signatures measured by the NaI detector and the position data received by the GPS system are integrated in the control computer through software written by the INL. The wireless display provides the user interface to the BaSIS software controls.



Figure 2. BaSIS system and operator conducting NORM radiation survey at Shepley's Hill site. Note: The radiation detector is to the left of operator.

The BaSIS software used at Shepley's Hill is customizable, and was configured specifically for deployment at this site. Figure 3 shows the main BaSIS control screen as configured for the work at Shepley's Hill. As seen on the main screen, the operator has an indication of the states of health of the radiation measurement system and the GPS. From the main screen, the operator has the option to collect background data prior to beginning a survey, as well as select the radiation survey mode (i.e. scan or point-and-shoot).

In the field, the BaSIS is generally used to provide 100% coverage of the surveyed area. Typically, the BaSIS is carried over the ground in a fashion similar to mowing the lawn, where there is a small amount of overlap in the field of view from one transect/path to the next. When the BaSIS is operated in *scan* mode, the system continuously collects both radiological and position data every 10-seconds, or other short time interval as specified by the user. As the user traverses the area, data are collected and stored until the survey is terminated by the user. This allows large areas to be surveyed in a minimal amount of time. As shown in Figure 4, the BaSIS display provides the user with a graphic display of the surveyed area, with a "breadcrumb" dropped at the center of each measurement location. The typical survey rate is 1.5 ft/s. With a detector field of view of 20 ft., and a count time of 10 seconds, the pixel size for a single data point is approximately 20 ft. wide by 35 ft. long. When the BaSIS is operated in *point-and-shoot* mode, the system is held stationary for a preset time while a single gamma-ray spectrum is collected. This longer count time provides a higher degree of sensitivity, accuracy and precision in the radiological measurement than the 10-second scan measurements. *Point-and-shoot* mode is used to investigate

anomalies identified during the large area survey. The pixel size of the *point-and-shoot* data point is a 20-ft. diameter circle, nominally, the field of view of the detector.

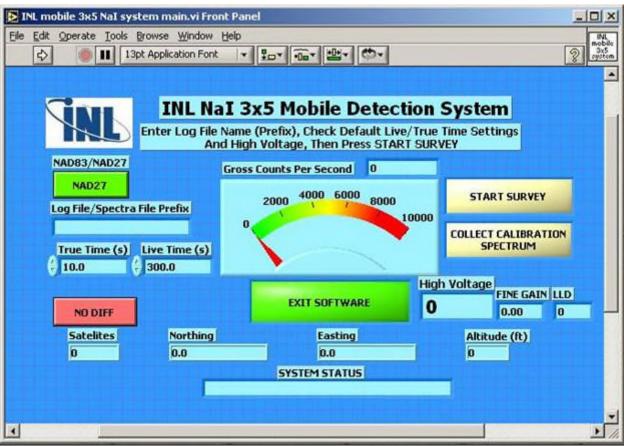


Figure 3. Main screen for control of INL BaSIS system.

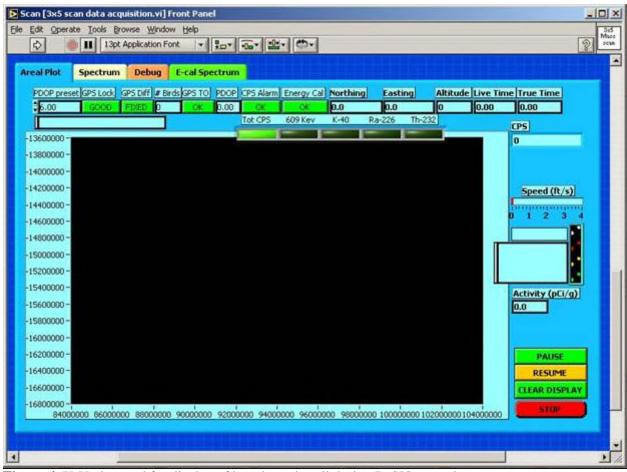


Figure 4. X-Y plot used for display of breadcrumb trail during BaSIS operations.

Shepley's Hill Site – Radiation Survey Methods

The Shepley's Hill site and surrounding area identified by the EPA technical assistance request encompasses roughly 100 acres. Due to the large expanse of the area of interest, and the fact that the area is heavily wooded (thus requiring backpack deployment of the radiation survey system), it was determined that specific areas of interest should be identified and prioritized by EPA Region 1 personnel to ensure that the primary areas of interest were surveyed during the week-long field deployment. As such, there were four target areas initially identified for the survey. These areas are identified in this report as follows: 1) Fracture Area, 2) Shepley's Hill, 3) Red Cove, and 4) Landfill Vents. The fracture area is an area identified by EPA Region 1 with known locations of fracture zones, and was given the highest priority and the highest survey density. The remainder of Shepley's Hill was given the next highest priority, followed by locations near Red Cove, and the vent pipes on the landfill cover adjacent to Shepley's Hill.

System Configuration

Configuration of the instrumentation for the Shepley's Hill survey provided information regarding the natural occurring radioactive material signatures as measured by the BaSIS system. As shown in Figure 4, the system was calibrated and configured to display, in real time, measured activities for potassium-40 (K-40), radium-226 (Ra-226), and thorium-232 (Th-232). The BaSIS system was calibrated against a field-portable high-purity germanium gamma-ray spectroscopy system with traceability to the National Institute for Standards and Technology (NIST). Also included in the data output were the total gross

count rate of the system, and the count rate for the 609-keV gamma-ray emitted by bismuth-214 (Bi-214). (As shown in Figure 1, Bi-214 is in the Ra-226 decay chain.) The count time for each measurement made in the scan mode was set to 10 seconds, real time, and the count time for each measurement made in the point and shoot mode was 60 seconds live time. The data from each survey performed were stored in a *.log file on the BaSIS computer to allow for subsequent mapping and archival of data.

Radiation Surveys

Based on the prioritization of the areas to be surveyed and discussions with the Shepley's Hill site hydrologist, a combination of scan and point-and-shoot surveys were performed. Prior to deploying the BaSIS at the site, a large portion of the number one priority area, identified as the Fracture Area, was gridded and flagged to guide the survey. A 50-ft. grid was established extending 400 ft. north and 350 ft. west from the point of origin as shown in Figure 5. (Need Figure 5 from Bill or Gordon) This grid was surveyed with the BaSIS in both point-and-shoot and scan modes. Portions of this grid were on the landfill cover (including the point of origin) and, most of these points were not included in the point-and-shoot survey. The point-and-shoot data were collected at the 50-ft. grid nodes, while the scan data were collected along the east-west and north south grid lines. This original grid was expanded to the north during the site survey, and the spatial resolution in this expanded portion of the grid was increased to 25-ft. grid spacing. (See Figures 6a through 6d.)

The remainder of the Shepley's Hill area was given the next priority, and was surveyed with the BaSIS system in the scan mode. (See Figures 7a through 7d.) This portion of the survey work was completed by walking east-west transects across the hill with 100 ft. between transects. As time allowed later in the survey, north-south transects were surveyed along the eastern portion of Shepley's Hill.

The next two areas that were surveyed with the BaSIS system included Red Cove and numerous vents across the surface of the landfill adjacent to Shepley's Hill. These areas are shown in Figures 8a through 8d. A scan survey was performed near red cove. This survey was performed due to the high concentrations of arsenic that have been measured in water samples from Red Cove. It is hypothesized that the bedrock fracture network that underlies the landfill carries contaminated groundwater to the Red Cove area. Point-and-shoot measurements were made at six landfill vents in the northern portion of the landfill cover. These landfill vents provide a direct conduit for transport of radon gas from the subsurface to the atmosphere.

Results and Discussion

Upon completion of the radiation surveys at the Shepley's Hill site, the data were archived for post processing and further analysis. The analysis comprised of plotting the radioactivity data on high-resolution satellite imagery, and comparing the detailed post plots with existing geologic data including the locations of rock outcrops. Figure 6a through 6d show the total gross count rate, K-40 gross count rate, Ra-226 gross count rate, and Th-232 gross count rate, respectively, from the point-and-shoot data collected in the Fracture Area. Also included on each of these maps are the locations of rock outcrops. The rock outcrop data was displayed allow comparison of the locations of radiological anomalies (i.e., high count rate data) with the locations of known rock outcrops. As can be seen from this set of maps, the higher count rates correspond relatively well with the locations of the known rock outcrops.



Figure 6a. Gross count rate data collected in point-and-shoot mode at the known fracture area at Shepley's Hill.

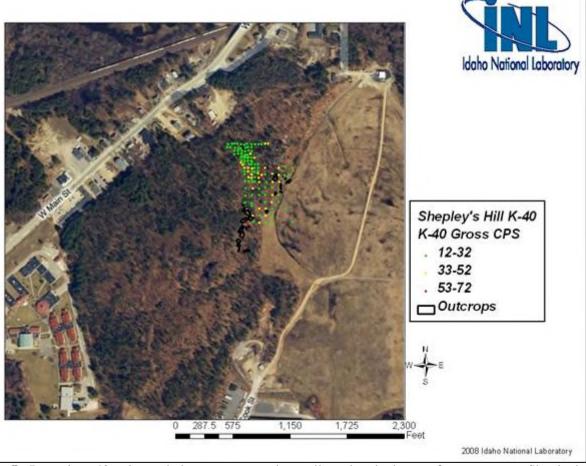


Figure 6b. Potassium-40 point-and-shoot count rate data collected at the known fracture area at Shepley's Hill.

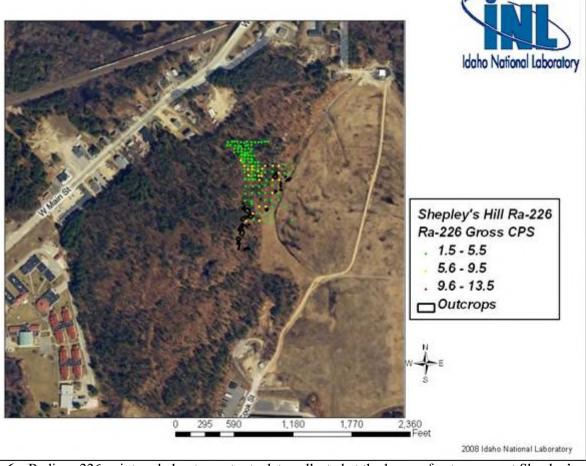


Figure 6c. Radium-226 point-and-shoot count rate data collected at the known fracture area at Shepley's Hill.

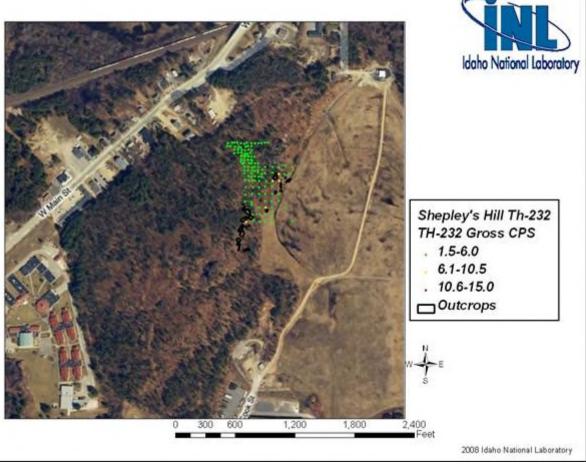


Figure 6d. Thorium-232 point-and-shoot count rate data collected at the known fracture area at Shepley's Hill.

The scan data covered a considerably larger area, and encompassed the known fracture area at Shepley's Hill. Similar to the point-and-shoot data collected on the grid in the fracture area, the radiological data from the scan data set were also broken into the gross count rate and individual NORM components as shown in Figures 7a through 7d. These data sets also show the rock outcrop data. Due to the higher density of data collection points, it is more clearly depicted in the scan data sets that the areas with elevated NORM (i.e. higher count rates) correlate to the surface rock outcrops. It is plausible from these images that not all of the rock outcrops on Shepley's Hill were mapped prior to the BaSIS surveys, and that the elevated count rate data from these data sets correlate to unmapped surface rock outcrops. This is also supported by the data from two grab samples that were collected and analyzed using high resolution gamma-ray spectroscopy at the Idaho National Laboratory. Two grab samples were collected, one of soil material, and one of pulverized rock material present at the Shepley's Hill site. These samples were counted for 60,000 seconds, and the NORM components were calculated. These data are shown in Table 1.

Table 1. NORM data from Shepley's Hill soil and rock materials.

Radionuclide	Soil Concentration (pCi/g)	Rock Concentration (pCi/g)
K-40	25.8	34.3
Ra-226	0.76	1.6
Th-232	2.8	2.0

As shown in the table, the K-40 and Ra-226 are present at relatively higher activity levels in the rock materials than in the soil material. These concentrations are consistent with those reported by the United Nations Scientific Committee on the Effects of Atomic Radiation (UNSCEAR). The average K-40, Ra-226 and Th-232 concentrations, as reported by UNSCEAR, found in igneous rocks are 22 pCi/g, 1.3 pCi/g, and 1.3 pCi/g, respectively. (UNSCEAR 1958).

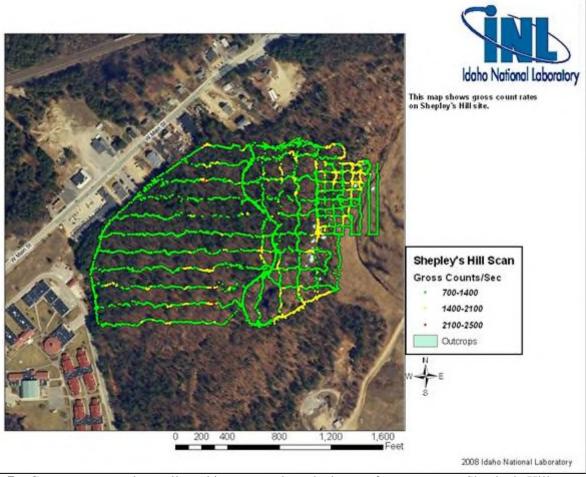


Figure 7a. Gross count rate data collected in scan mode at the known fracture area at Shepley's Hill.

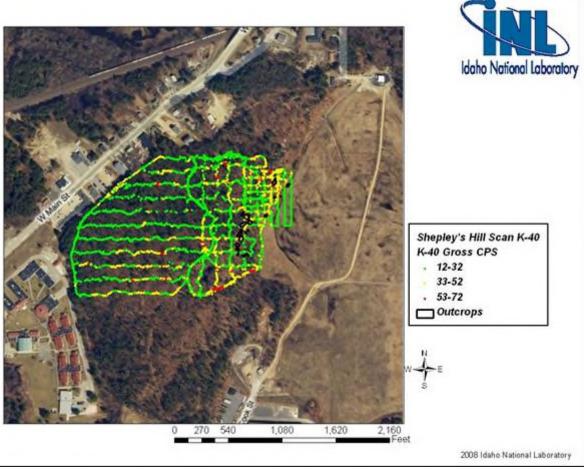


Figure 7b. Potassium-40 scan count rate data collected at the known fracture area at Shepley's Hill.

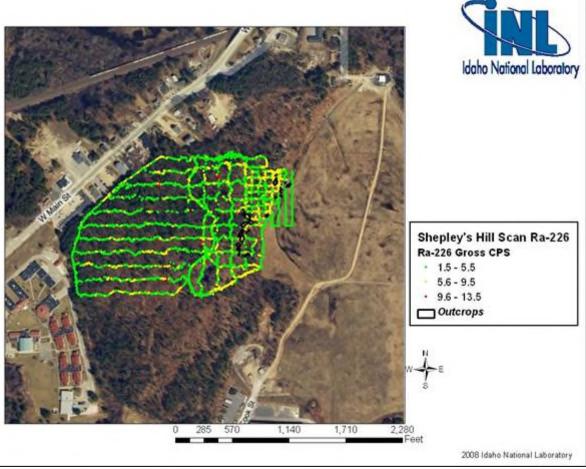


Figure 7c. Radium-226 scan count rate data collected at the known fracture area at Shepley's Hill.

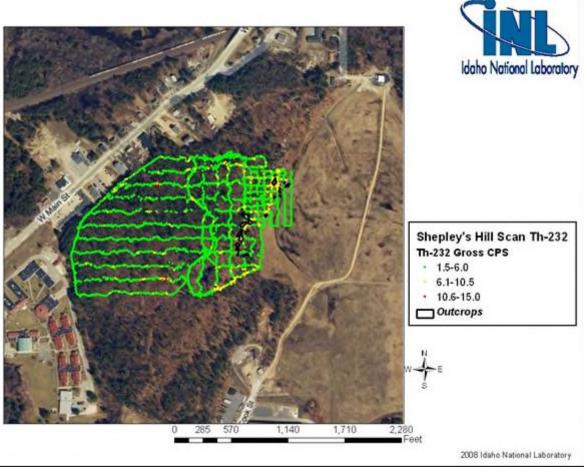


Figure 7d. Thorium-232 scan count rate data collected at the known fracture area at Shepley's Hill.

Figures 8a through 8d show the radiation survey results from the Red Cove area and the landfill vents. This data set does not show the marked variation in NORM activities as was observed in the Shepley's Hill data sets. This is primarily attributed to the lack of rock outcrops in the Red Cove and on the landfill cover. The only variations apparent in this data set are some moderately elevated K-40 count rates in the Red Cove area.

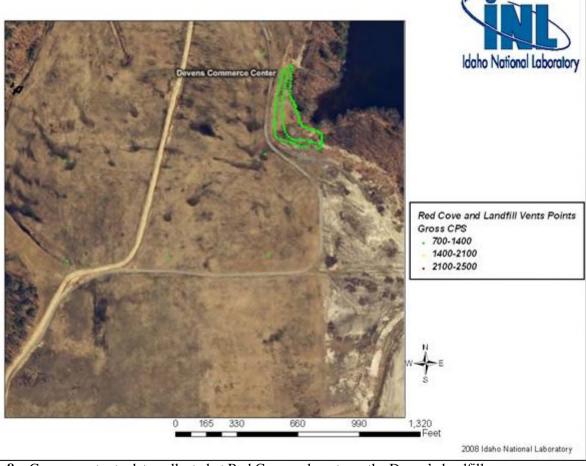


Figure 8a. Gross count rate data collected at Red Cove and vents on the Deven's landfill cover.



Figure 8b. K-40 gross count rate data collected at Red Cove and vents on the Deven's landfill cover.

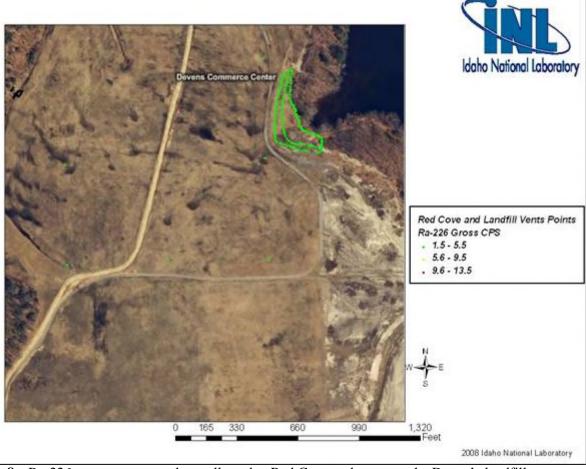


Figure 8c. Ra-226 gross count rate data collected at Red Cove and vents on the Deven's landfill cover.

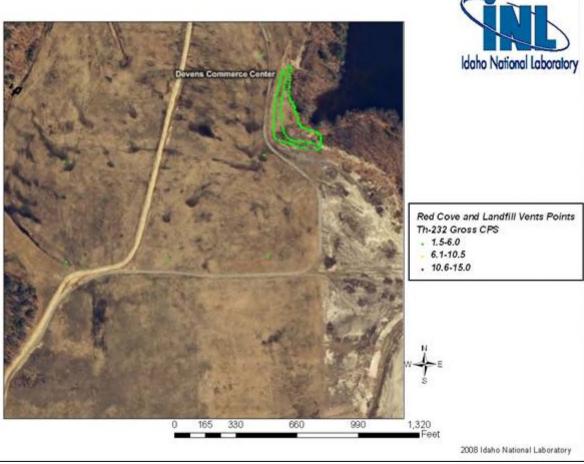


Figure 8d. Th-232 gross count rate data collected at Red Cove and vents on the Deven's landfill cover.

Conclusions

A radiation survey of NORM was conducted at the Shepley's Hill site and at the adjacent Red Cove and Deven's landfill cover area. The purpose of the survey was to determine whether or not subsurface fractures could be located due to elevated radioactivity readings, primarily from the decay of radon-222, that is thought to be in elevated concentrations above the fracture sets.

Although the BaSIS radiation surveys conducted in this study seem to have depicted the locations of surface rock outcrops, this does not rule out the potential for elevated concentrations of radon (specifically Rn-222) to be present in the soils above the subsurface fractures. Mazur et al., Swakoń et al., and İnceöz et al. have shown that elevated Rn-222 soil concentrations can be correlated to the locations of subsurface fractures. (Mazur 1999; Swakoń 2005; and İnceöz 2006). These studies used CR-39 particle track detectors. These radiation detectors are used to directly measure the alpha particles emitted during the decay of Rn-222. In these studies, it was shown conclusively that elevated Rn-222 concentrations existed in soils above subsurface fractures. The primary reason for the effectiveness of these Cr-39 detectors in measuring Rn-222 concentrations is that they are typically deployed for a minimum of 10 days. Measurements lasting this length of time will overcome the shortfalls associated with the short measurement times associated with direct surface measurements using gamma-ray spectrometers such as that used in the BaSIS system. Radon concentrations in soil, and the subsequent emanation rate of radon into soil gas, are affected by numerous factors including Ra-226 concentrations in the soil and rock matrix, soil moisture, fracture density in rock formations, barometric pressure, and the 3.8 day radioactive

half-life of Rn-222. All of these factors affect the transport of Rn-222 gas through the rock/soil matrix. Due to the complexity of Rn-222 emanation into soil gas, and the subsequent soil gas transport mechanisms, short duration measurements can be ineffective in measuring Rn-222. The CR-39 particle track detectors provide a method that is not hindered by short-term fluctuations in barometric pressure and soil moisture content.

As such, it is proposed that a more detailed study of the Rn-222 concentration in soils at Shepley's Hill be conducted using CR-39 particle track detectors. As with the studies in Poland and Turkey, this may be a more effective means for locating subsurface fractures using a minimally invasive, proven technique.

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GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY FOR FRACTURES SHEPLEY'S HILL LANDFILL FORMER FORT DEVENS AYER, MASSACHUSETTS

Prepared for:

Gannett Fleming, Inc. 199 Wells Avenue, Suite 210 Newton, Massachusetts 02459

Prepared by:

Hager GeoScience, Inc. 596 Main Street Woburn, Massachusetts 01801

File 2007100 September 2007

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

In August of 2007 Hager GeoScience, Inc. (HGI) contracted with Gannett Fleming, Inc. (Gannett) to perform a geophysical investigation at the Shepley's Hill Landfill (former Fort Devens) in Ayer, Massachusetts. The objective of the investigation was to map bedrock fractures and fracture networks. Previous studies and field observations had determined that the primary fracture orientation is northwest-southeast, with a secondary north-south/northeast-southwest orientation.

The survey objective was met using resistivity (RES) and low-frequency ground penetrating radar (GPR) investigative techniques. Data were acquired along four GPR traverses and two resistivity lines, totaling more than 2,000 linear feet. Dry soil and rock conditions at the time of the survey created a highly resistive environment that affected the resistivity data quality, but provided excellent conditions for GPR. Thus the use of both resistivity and GPR provided a cost-effective distribution of reconnaissance-level bedrock fracture information.

Bedrock fracture profiles were constructed using both the resistivity and GPR data points. Fracture locations based on the resistivity data correlate well with those identified from GPR. Bedrock fractures along the north-south profiles show a predominant southerly apparent dip, with an apparent secondary dip in the northerly direction. Fractures identified along the east-west profiles show a predominant easterly apparent dip.

1.0 INTRODUCTION AND APPROACH

In August of 2007 Hager GeoScience, Inc. (HGI) was contracted by Gannett Fleming, Inc. (Gannett) to perform a geophysical investigation at the Shepley's Hill Landfill (former Fort Devens) in Ayer, Massachusetts. The objective of the investigation was to map bedrock fractures and fracture networks. Previous studies and field observations had determined a primary northwest-southeast fracture orientation, with a secondary north-south/northeast-southwest orientation.

The objective of the investigation was met using resistivity (RES) and low-frequency ground penetrating radar (GPR) investigative techniques. The resistivity surveys provided the baseline data on bedrock fracture locations. A 200-MHz GPR antenna was used to expand the spatial distribution of bedrock fracture information, as well as to constrain the resistivity interpretation.

HGI performed a site walkover with Gannett representatives on September 5th, prior to beginning the fieldwork. At that time small trees and brush were cleared from the proposed survey lines and the final line locations determined. Also at that time, EPA and Gannett approved HGI's suggestion to collect GPR data, as time permitted, to increase the distribution of reconnaissance-level bedrock fracture information.

2.0 DATA ACQUISITION

HGI personnel collected the geophysical data on September 6th, 2007. Data were acquired along two RES and four GPR lines, totaling more than 2,000 linear feet. Because of the dry soil and rock conditions at the time of the survey, a saltwater solution was added around the base of the electrodes to improve electrical contact between the survey electrodes and the sandy soil. A second battery was added to boost the current in areas of poor coupling. Two of the GPR lines overlapping the resistivity lines provided quality control and data redundancy. Plate 1, an AutoCAD plot overlaid on a base map provided by Gannett, shows the locations of the geophysical survey lines. Section discusses the geophysical techniques and their limitations.

Survey control is a major issue in the accurate placement of geophysical data. HGI acquired GPS data during the survey for the start and end points of all the survey lines, using a GPS system with sub-meter accuracy. Gannett also provided GPS data points that were used to verify the accurate placement of the geophysical lines.

2.1 Resistivity Survey

The objective of electrical resistivity surveys is to determine the subsurface resistivity distribution from surface-based measurements. Resistivity data are collected using a combination of electrode pairs acting as source and receiver electrodes between which

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voltage is measured. Various arrays of electrodes are possible, such as the Wenner and Schlumberger configurations. From these readings, the true resistivity of the subsurface is modeled and subsequently related to site stratigraphy based on the variation of physical parameters such as soil or rock mineral and fluid content and porosity.

The resistivity survey was performed using an AGI SuperSting® R8 IP resistivity unit with 8-channel Swift dual mode automatic multi-electrode cable and an acquisition array of 56 electrodes. The resistivity survey geometry was designed to optimize the depth of investigation while maintaining the ability to resolve bedrock fractures. An electrode test was conducted prior to each survey to determine the electrode coupling with the soil. High tip resistance on both lines was improved by adding saltwater (in significant volume at some locations) around the electrodes. A second battery pack was also added to boost the transmitted energy.

Two resistivity profiles were acquired, totaling 825 linear feet. The survey method used for each line was selected to optimize the depth of investigation. Resistivity Line 1 (RL1) was aligned south-north and was 550 feet in length. Data were collected using a dipole-dipole array with an electrode spacing of 10 feet. Resistivity Line 2 (RL2) was aligned east-west and was 275 feet in length. Data were collected using a Wenner array with an electrode spacing of 5 feet. The profiles were oriented perpendicular to one another to map fractures in both orientations and intersected where shown on Plate 1.

2.2 GPR Survey

The GPR method is amenable to the interrogation and mapping of discontinuous subsurface interfaces, such as changes in stratigraphy, bedrock, and fractures. GPR data were collected as two-way travel time, in which measurements are made of the time for the input radar wave pulse to travel to a subsurface discontinuity and reflect back to the antenna at the ground surface. Depths to discontinuous interfaces were calculated from the recorded two-way travel-time data using radar propagation velocities obtained by migration velocity analysis.

Ground penetrating radar data were collected using a Geophysical Survey Systems, Inc. (GSSI) SIR System 3000 digital ground penetrating radar system with 400- and 200-MHz antennas. A survey wheel encoder provided horizontal distance control. Data were recorded with the acquisition time window set at 160 and 350 nanoseconds (ns), respectively, which provided an average signal penetration of 20 to 50 feet. The GPR data were displayed on a color monitor for immediate visual inspection and quality control and simultaneously recorded on the system's flash memory for later processing and interpretation.

The GPR investigation goals were to: a) add spatial coverage and detail in identifying bedrock fractures in the study area and b) constrain the interpretation of the resistivity data.

3.0 DATA REDUCTION

Following the field data collection, the GPR and RES data were downloaded to a PC at the HGI office. The data were archived, processed, and analyzed using the following proprietary software:

- RES: GeoTomo's Res2DINV® V.3.55.99 inversion software
- GPR: GSSI's RADAN for Windows NT® with Structural and Stratigraphic Interactive Interpretation Module®
- GPR Modeling: Surfer® 8.0
- Graphic Presentations: AutoCAD® 2000

3.1 Electrical Resistivity Survey

Following data acquisition, resistivity data were downloaded from the SuperSting® to a PC for processing with Res2DINV® modeling software. Data analysis was restricted to data points showing less than a 4 to 5% fluctuation between successive iterations. In addition, strong outliers were eliminated to generate more accurate models. The final model for RL1 was characterized by a 5% root mean square (R.M.S.) error, and the final model for RL2 was characterized by a 24% R.M.S. error. The higher error in RL2 is attributed to the number of data points used in modeling the Wenner array. Several data points were filtered due to poor soil conditions and greater elevation change.

A maximum depth of 140 feet was achieved along RL1, and a maximum of 35 feet along RL2 (after anomalous deeper readings were eliminated from the data pool). Plates 3 and 4 show the model profiles for the two resistivity lines.

3.2 Ground Penetrating Radar Survey

Bedrock fractures along the GPR traverses were determined using GPR reflections that arose due to the backscattering of the input GPR wave from discontinuous interfaces. Band-pass and/or spatial FFT filters, horizontal smoothing, background removal, and gain adjustments were performed as essential processing steps.

Two-way travel times to the tops of GPR reflectors were then picked and entered into an ASCII file according to file number. Site- and unit-specific GPR propagation velocities were estimated using migration techniques and estimates based on experience. GPR travel-time data were then converted into the depth domain using these velocity estimates. The converted points were then mapped to establish the top of bedrock and the locations of apparent fractures.

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The data resolution depth limit for the 200-MHz antenna system, which produced the best results at this site, was approximately 40 to 50 feet. The data acquired and processed from the 200-MHz survey were used to create the bedrock fracture profiles.

Possible larger-aperture fractures were also identified by assessing amplitude variations and the widths of apparent fracture anomalies in the GPR records. Plates 5 and 6 contain the fracture profiles from the GPR data analysis.

4.0 RESULTS

4.1 Conclusions

Plate 2 shows the location and *apparent dip direction* of the major fracture areas. Areas outlined in magenta correspond to fractures found in both the resistivity and GPR profiles, and those outlined in orange correspond to fractures found with one method only.

Plates 3 and 4 show the RL1 and RL2 resistivity model profiles. Possible fractures are outlined in magenta and orange. These are areas of low resistivity, possibly caused by clay- or water-filled fractures in the bedrock. Areas outlined in magenta correspond to fracture anomalies also found in the GPR profiles.

Plates 5 and 6 show the GPR fracture profiles. The approximate top of bedrock is outlined in blue. Possible fractures (showing *apparent dip angles*) are plotted in both red and green; green-colored fractures are those with larger apparent apertures. Figures 1-5 are radargrams showing fractures as high-amplitude linear features. On the gray-scale radargrams, red dots represent the picks made for the fracture mapping and blue dots those for the bedrock surface.

The data show that there is good correlation between the general resistivity fracture locations and the detailed GPR fracture images. Slight variations in fracture zone depths from the two methods can be attributed to the less accurate depth calculations from the resistivity inversion modeling, as well as the highly resistive surface soil.

The north-south GPR profiles show predominant southerly apparent bedrock fracture dips, with a secondary apparent dip in the northerly direction. The east-west profiles articulate a predominant easterly apparent dip.

Geophysical logging of available and future boreholes will provide additional spatial bedrock fracture data, as well as fracture flow information.

5.0 THE GEOPHYSICAL TECHNIQUES

5.1 Ground Penetrating Radar

5.1.1 Description of the Method

The principle of ground penetrating radar (GPR) is the same as that of weather or police radar, except that GPR transmits electromagnetic energy into the ground, which is reflected back to the surface from interfaces between materials with contrasting electrical (dielectric and conductivity) properties. The greater the contrast between two materials in the subsurface, the stronger the reflection observed on the GPR record. The depth of GPR signal penetration depends on the properties of the subsurface materials and the frequency of the antenna used to collect radar data. The lower the antenna frequency used, the deeper the signal penetration, but the lower the signal resolution.

We collect GPR data using a Geophysical Survey Systems SIR System 2 or 2000 digital ground penetrating radar unit, which consists of a computer connected to a transmit/receive antenna. Radar data are collected in point, continuous, or survey wheel mode while moving the antenna across the ground. Data are displayed in color on the computer monitor and simultaneously recorded on the unit's hard drive for later processing and interpretation using proprietary RADAN for Windows® software. Hard copies of the data may be printed in the field on a thermal printer.

5.1.2 Data Analysis and Interpretation

The horizontal scale of the GPR record shows distance along the survey traverse. In the continuous data collection mode, the horizontal scale on each GPR record is determined by the antenna speed. When a survey wheel is used, as at this site, the GPR record is automatically marked at specified intervals along the survey line. The vertical scale of the radar records is determined by the recording interval. The recording interval represents the maximum two-way travel time in which data are recorded. The conversion of two-way travel time to depth depends on the propagation velocity of the GPR signal, which is site specific. In the absence of site-specific subsurface information about stratigraphy, we estimate propagation velocities from handbook values and experience at similar sites.

The size, shape, and amplitude of GPR reflections are used to interpret GPR data. Metal objects such as USTs and utilities produce reflections with high amplitude and distinctive hyperbolic shapes in GPR records when traverses are made perpendicular to their long axes. Clay or concrete pipes and boulders may produce radar signatures of similar shape but lower amplitude. The boundaries between saturated and unsaturated materials, sand and clay, and bedrock and overburden, generally also produce strong reflections.

5.1.3 Limitations of the Method

GPR signal penetration is site specific, determined by the dielectric properties of local soil and fill materials. GPR signals propagate well in resistive materials such as sand and gravel; however, soils containing clay, ash- or cinder-laden fill, or fill saturated with brackish or otherwise conductive groundwater cause GPR signal attenuation and loss of target resolution (i.e., limited detection of small objects). Concrete containing rebar or mesh also inhibits signal penetration.

Interpreted depths of objects detected using GPR are based on on-site calibration, handbook values, and/or estimated GPR signal propagation velocities from similar sites. GPR velocities and depth estimates may vary if the medium of investigation or soil water content is not uniform throughout the site. (Electromagnetic waves do not travel as fast through water as air, so the distance to a reflector below the water table may appear farther than in actuality.)

Utilities are interpreted on the basis of reflectors of similar size and depth that show a linear trend, but GPR cannot unambiguously determine that all such reflectors are related. Fiberglass USTs or utilities composed of plastic or clay may be difficult to detect, as well as objects underneath reinforced concrete pads.

Changes in the speed at which the GPR antenna is moved between stations causes slight variations in distance interpolations, and hence in interpreted object positions.

The GPR antenna produces a cone-shaped signal pattern that emanates approximately 45 degrees from horizontal fore and aft of the antenna. Therefore, buried objects may be detected before the antenna is located directly over them, and GPR anomalies may appear larger than actual target dimensions.

GPR is an interpretive method, based on the subjective identification of reflection patterns that may not uniquely identify a subsurface target. Borings, test pits, or site utility plans must verify the results.

5.2 Resistivity

5.2.1 Description of the Method

The purpose of an electrical resistivity survey is to acquire electrical measurements made at the surface of the earth to be used in inferring the subsurface resistivity profile. A typical survey involves two metal rods used as conduits through which an electric current is driven into the ground. This current subsequently propagates through the earth in a manner described by Ohm's Law. At any given point, the resulting potential difference (i.e. voltage) between a different pair of electrodes may be measured and used to generate a resistivity reading. In situations where a similar source and receiver geometry is moved

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along the surface at regular intervals, an apparent resistivity profile may be generated from the measurements.

When the subsurface consists of a single layer of homogeneous material, the resulting potential differences of a resistivity profile are straightforward to model. However, in situations where vertical or lateral changes in the resistivity distribution exist (such as electrically better or poorer conduction layers), the potential field will be distorted away from that produced by a homogeneous resistivity distribution. In most cases, though, it is these variations in the resistivity distribution that are sought since they are usually related to variations in geological parameters such as a layers' mineral and fluid content, and porosity.

One of the difficulties of the resistivity method is that the resistivity distribution is almost always not known in advance, and resistivity profiles calculated from the acquired data are inherently non-unique and require additional regularization such as seeking the smoothest model. In addition, this calculation must remove from the data set the effects of acquisition geometry and the varying amount of current introduced into the ground. This calculation procedure, termed inversion, involves the construction a resistivity model that best approximates real subsurface conditions. Generally, the inversion procedure is as follows: i) an initial trial resistivity model is assumed; ii) the acquisition geometry is recreated, and Ohm's Law is used to estimate the resistivity measurements through the trial model; iii) a measure of the difference between estimated and observed resistivity data sets is obtained; iv) the trial model is adjusted to better account for the observed data; and v) steps ii) through iv) are repeated until the data estimated through the trial model converges to the field data. The final resistivity model is taken to be the best approximation of subsurface resistivity.

We collect resistivity data using an AGI SuperSting® R8 IP resistivity unit consisting of a programmable control instrument and switching box duo connected to an array of electrodes via individually addressed "smart" cables. Unlike conventional manual resistivity surveys, the switching box enables source and receiver electrodes to be changed automatically, thus greatly reducing acquisition time. Data are saved in the solid-state memory of the Swift unit during acquisition, and then transferred to a PC for processing and interpretation using GeoTomo's RES2DINV/RES3DINV® inversion modeling software.

5.2.2 Data Analysis and Interpretation

The horizontal scale of the inverted resistivity record corresponds to the overall length of the resistivity array. The vertical scale of the resistivity records is determined by a combination of factors including electrode spacing, configuration type, and overall length, as well as environmental variables such as electrode ground coupling and the resistivity distribution itself. Resistivity inversion results are presented in contoured

format with 'cooler' and 'warmer' colors representing more conductive and resistive bodies, respectively.

Since types of agglutinated material (i.e. silty clays) generally have variable and overlapping ranges of resistivity values, it is not possible to uniquely attribute observed resistivity anomalies to geology without additional information. However, in situations where data from drillers' logs is available, site stratigraphy and modeled resistivity values may be correlated locally, which permits lateral mapping of observed stratigraphic units.

5.2.3 Limitations of the Method

Resistivity values are influenced by proximity to coupled in-ground metal objects, such as fences, vehicles, or buildings.

The shape and amplitude of resistivity anomalies do not uniquely describe a buried object or material, and may be influenced by the orientation of survey lines to this buried object(s).

Dry and highly resistive, near-surface soils provide weak electrical coupling with the source electrodes and distort the flow path of electromagnetic energy. Accordingly, less current may be transmitted into the ground, and as a result the readings are noisier and resistivity anomalies may be mispositioned.

Since types of agglutinated material generally have variable and overlapping ranges of resistivity values, it is not possible to uniquely attribute observed resistivity anomalies to geology without additional information.

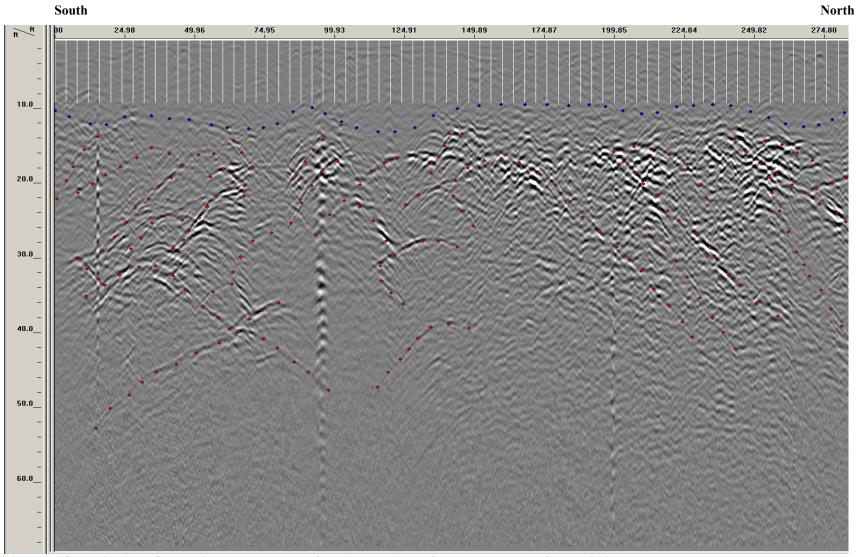


Figure 1. GPR Line 1 profile showing the bedrock surface (blue dots) and fractures (red dots) found within the bedrock.

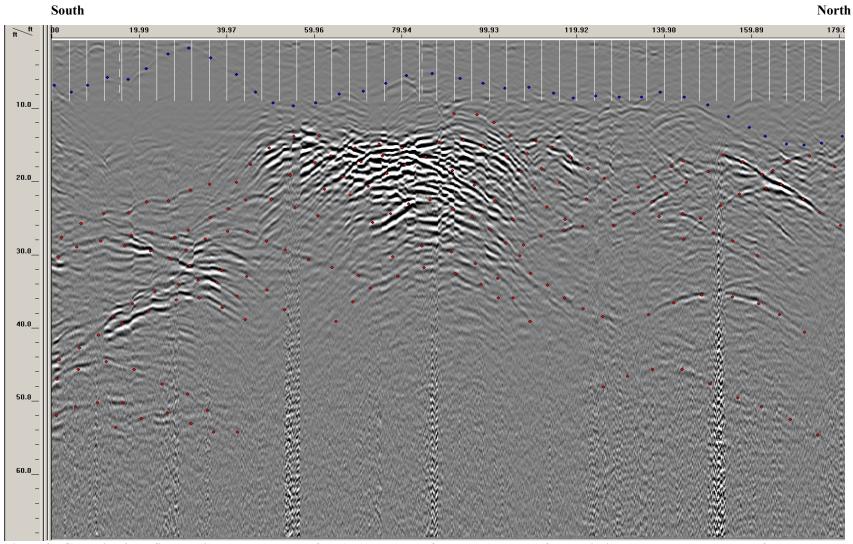


Figure 2. GPR Line 2 profile showing the bedrock surface (blue dots) and fractures (red dots) found within the bedrock. Note large fracture network in the middle of the profile.

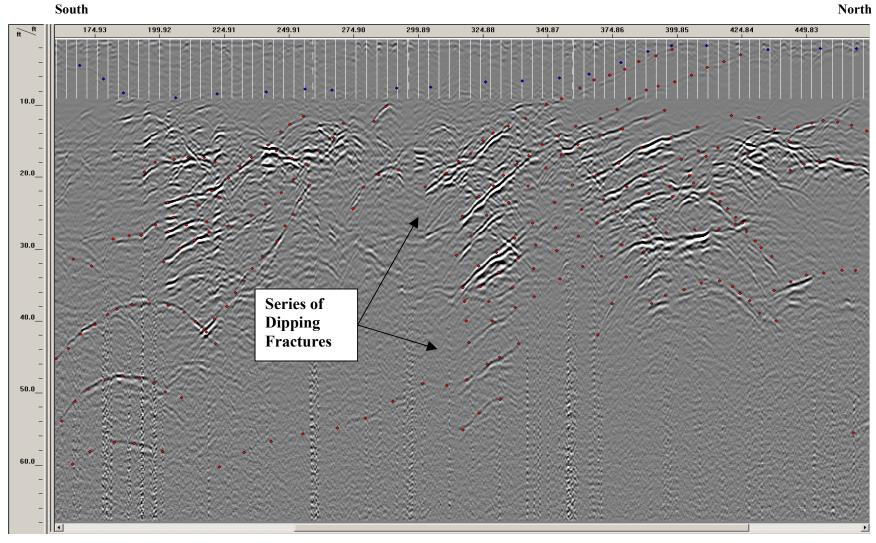


Figure 3. GPR Line 3 profile showing the bedrock surface (blue dots) and fractures (red dots) found within the bedrock. Note series of dipping fractures at the north end of the profile.

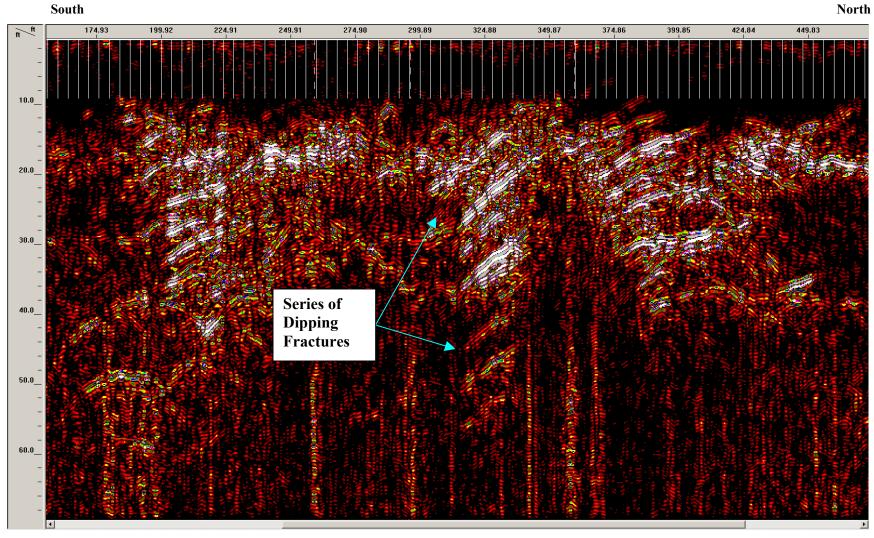


Figure 4. GPR Line 3 color profile showing fractures found within the bedrock. Note series of dipping fractures at the north end of the profile.

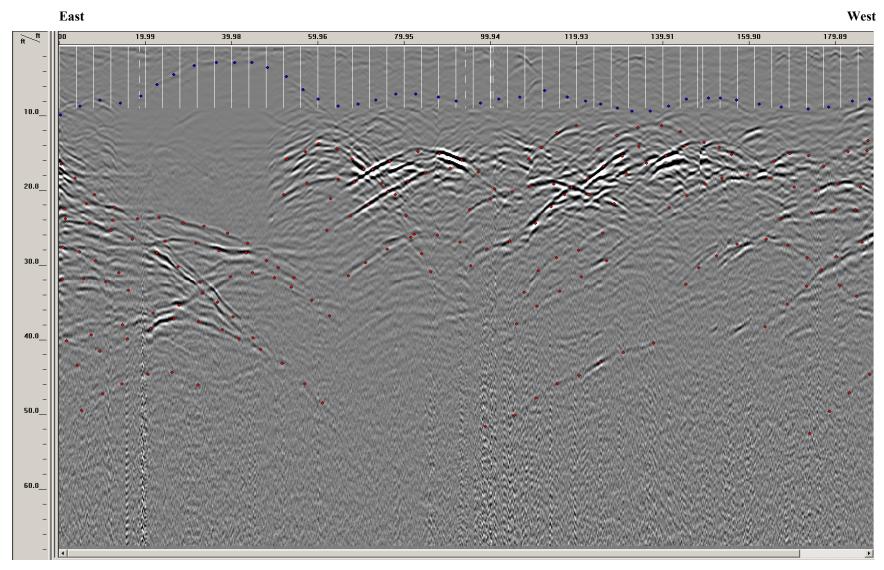
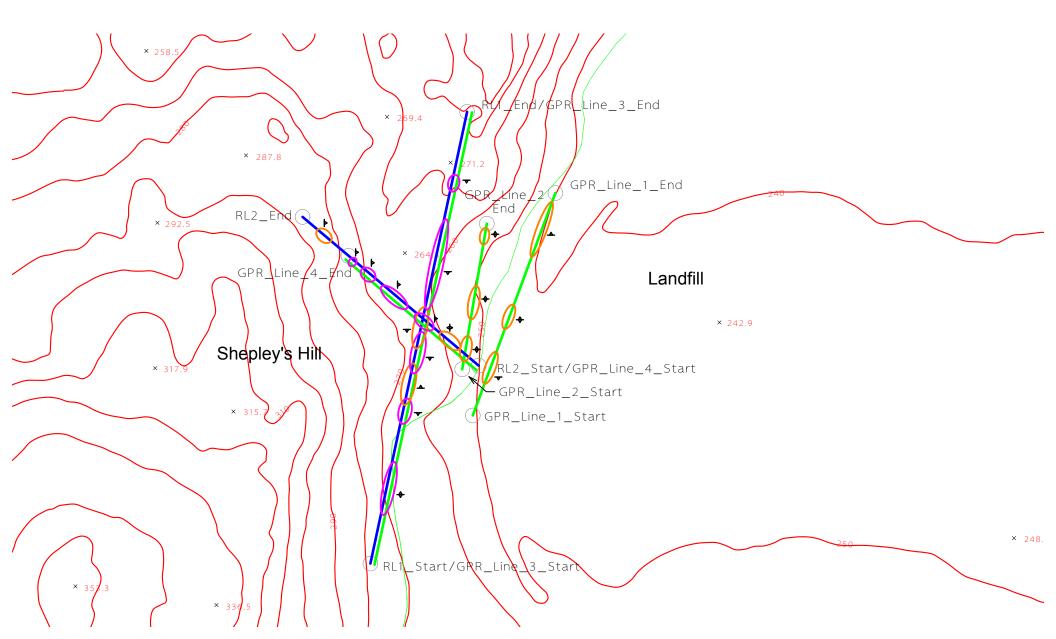
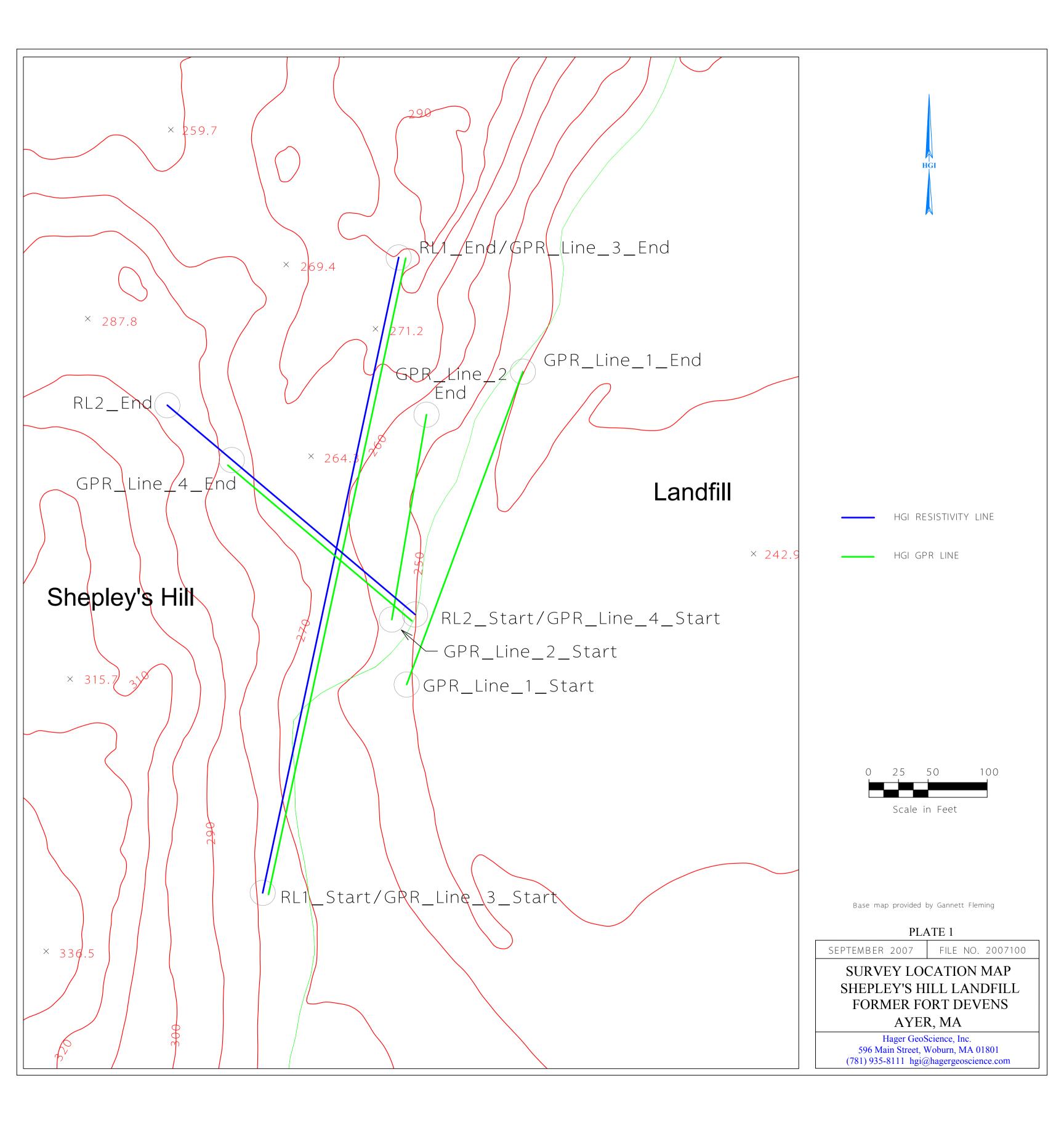
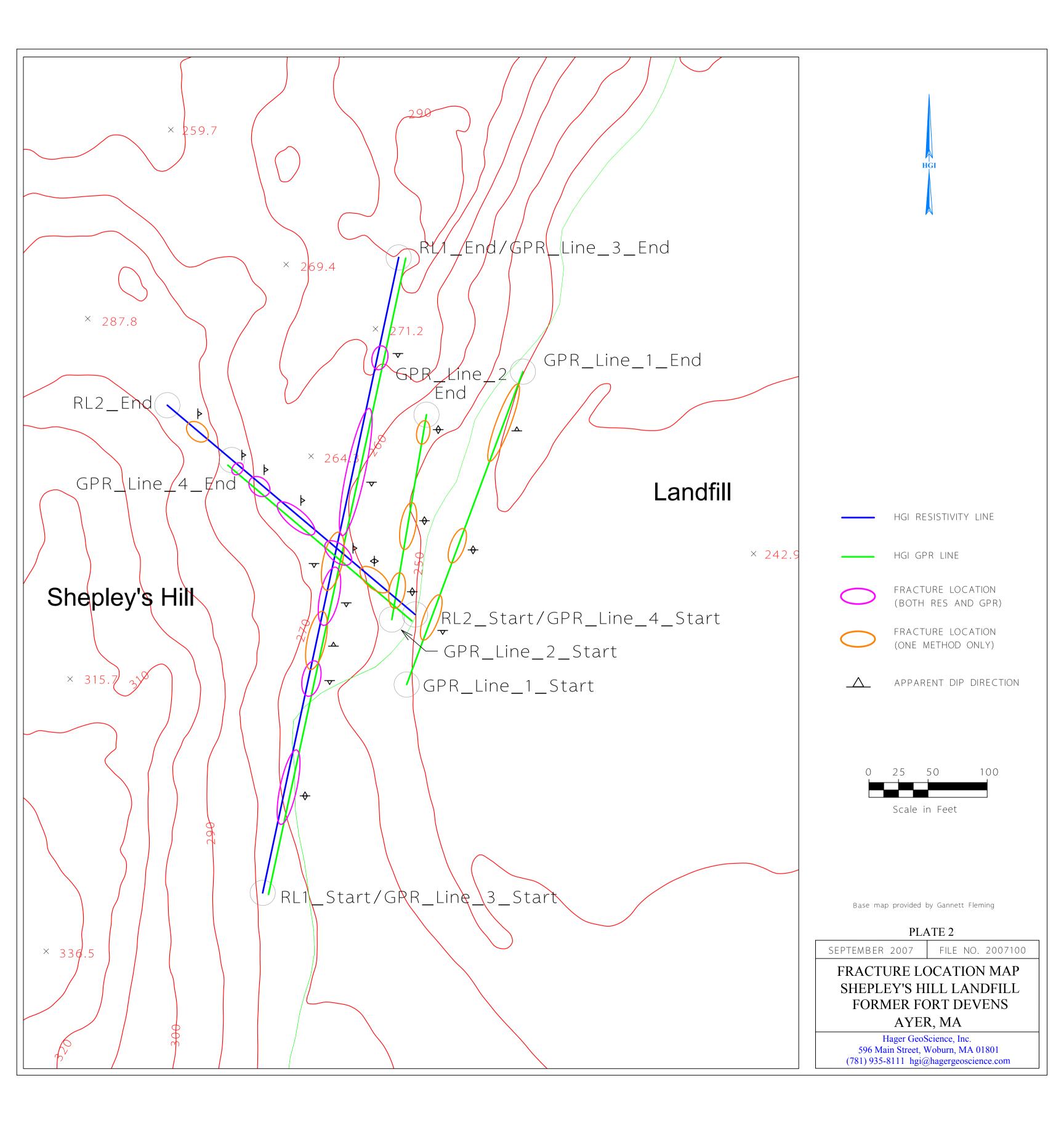
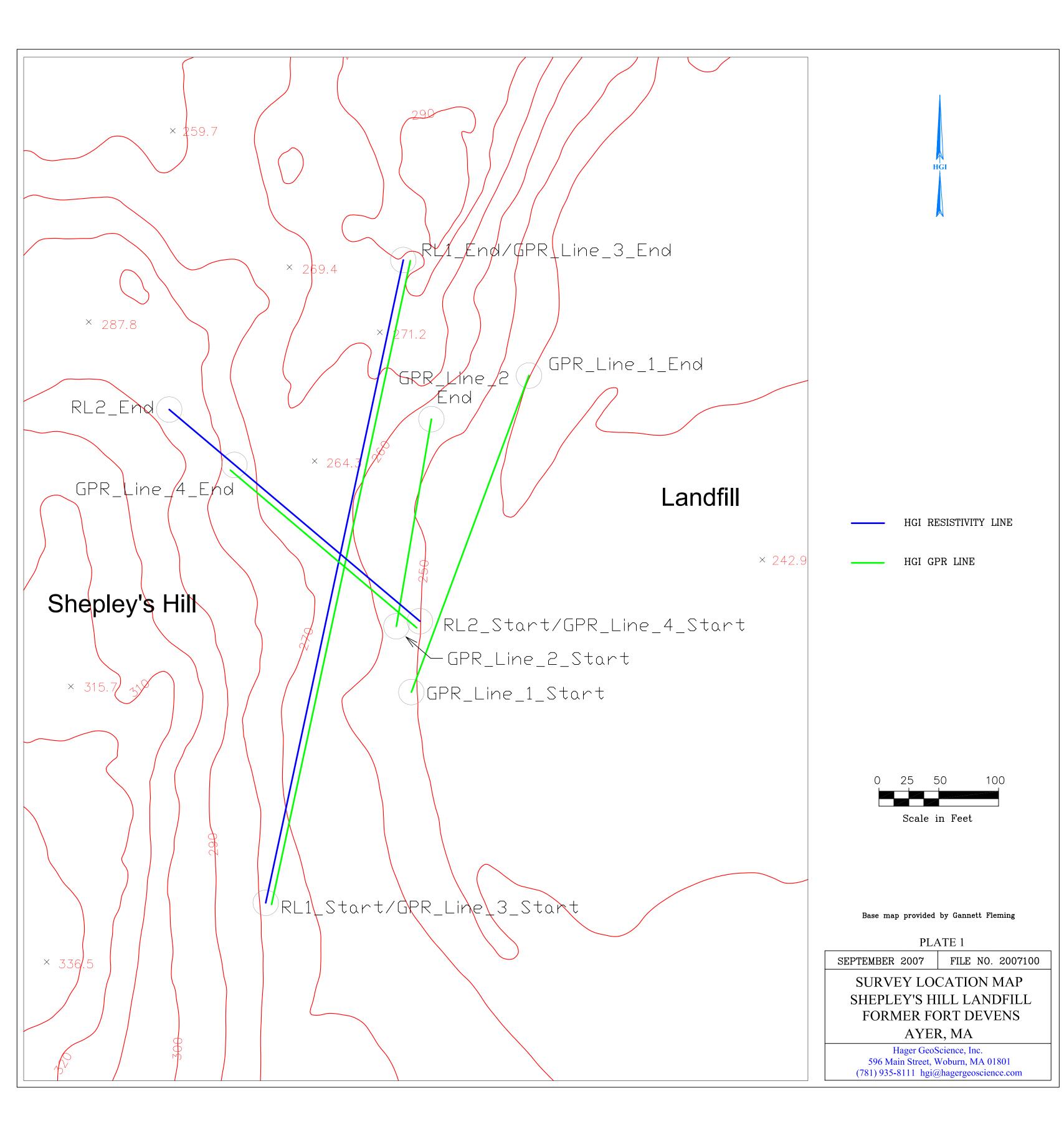


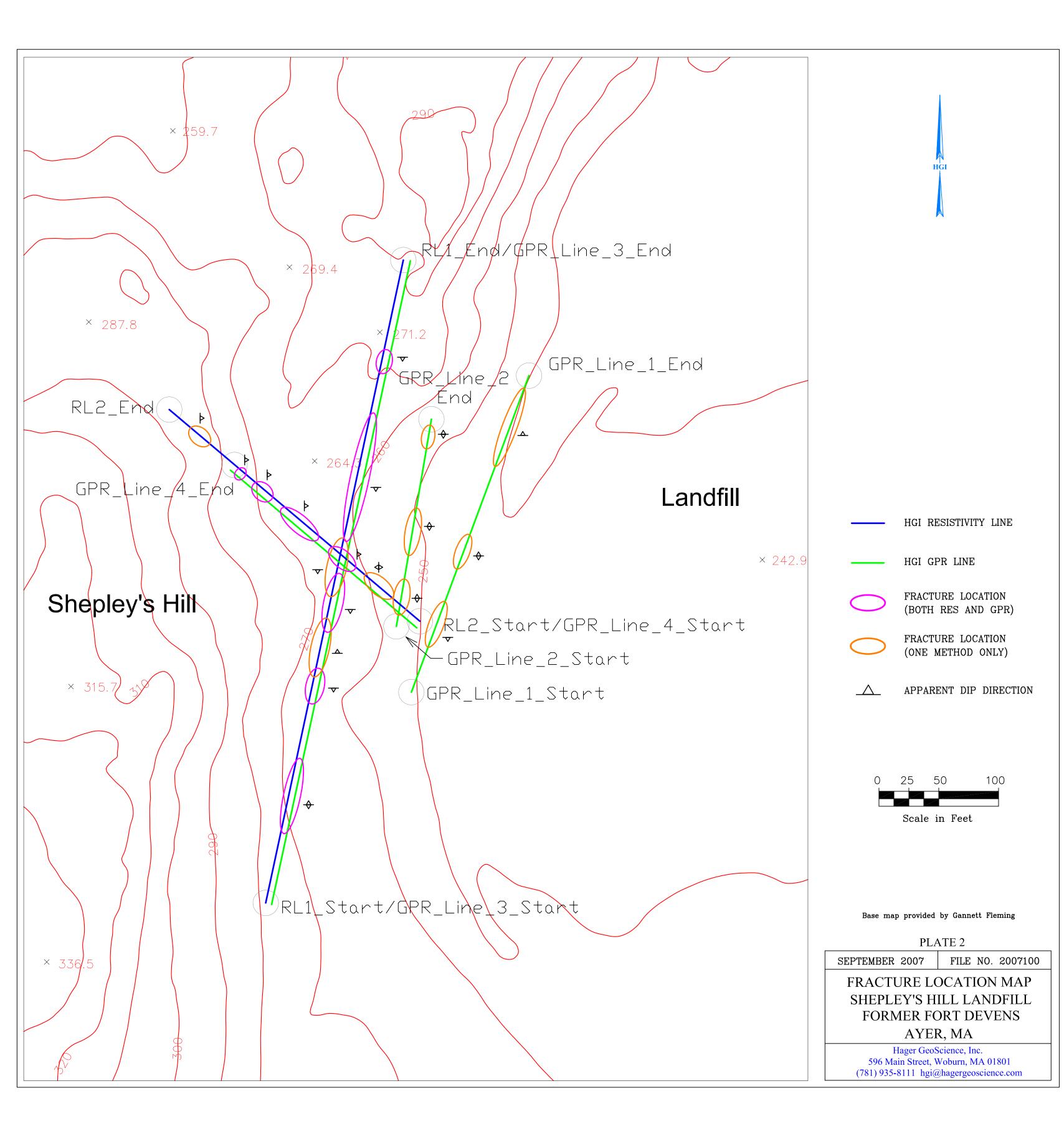
Figure 5. GPR Line 4 profile showing the bedrock surface (blue dots) and fractures (red dots) found within the bedrock.

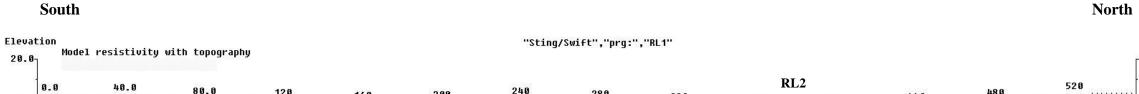


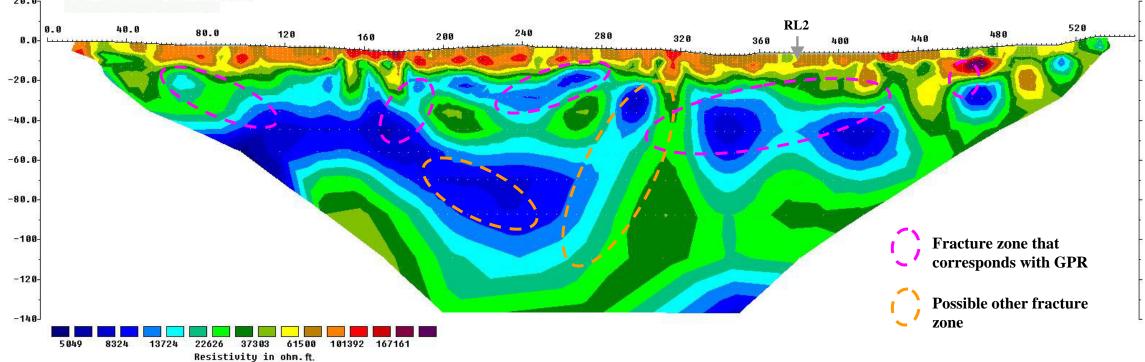












Horizontal scale is 6.90 pixels per unit spacing Vertical exaggeration in model section display = 1.00 First electrode is located at 0.0 ft. Last electrode is located at 550.0 ft.

PLATE 3. Resistivity profile RL1 showing possible fractured bedrock locations. Arrow at the top of the profile denotes where RL2 crosses in the east-west direction.

Unit Electrode Spacing = 2.50 ft.

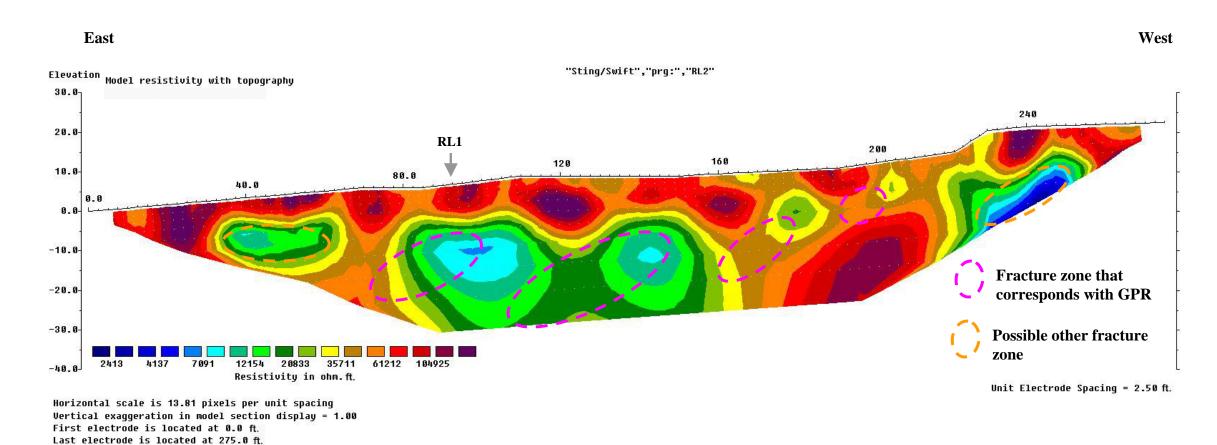
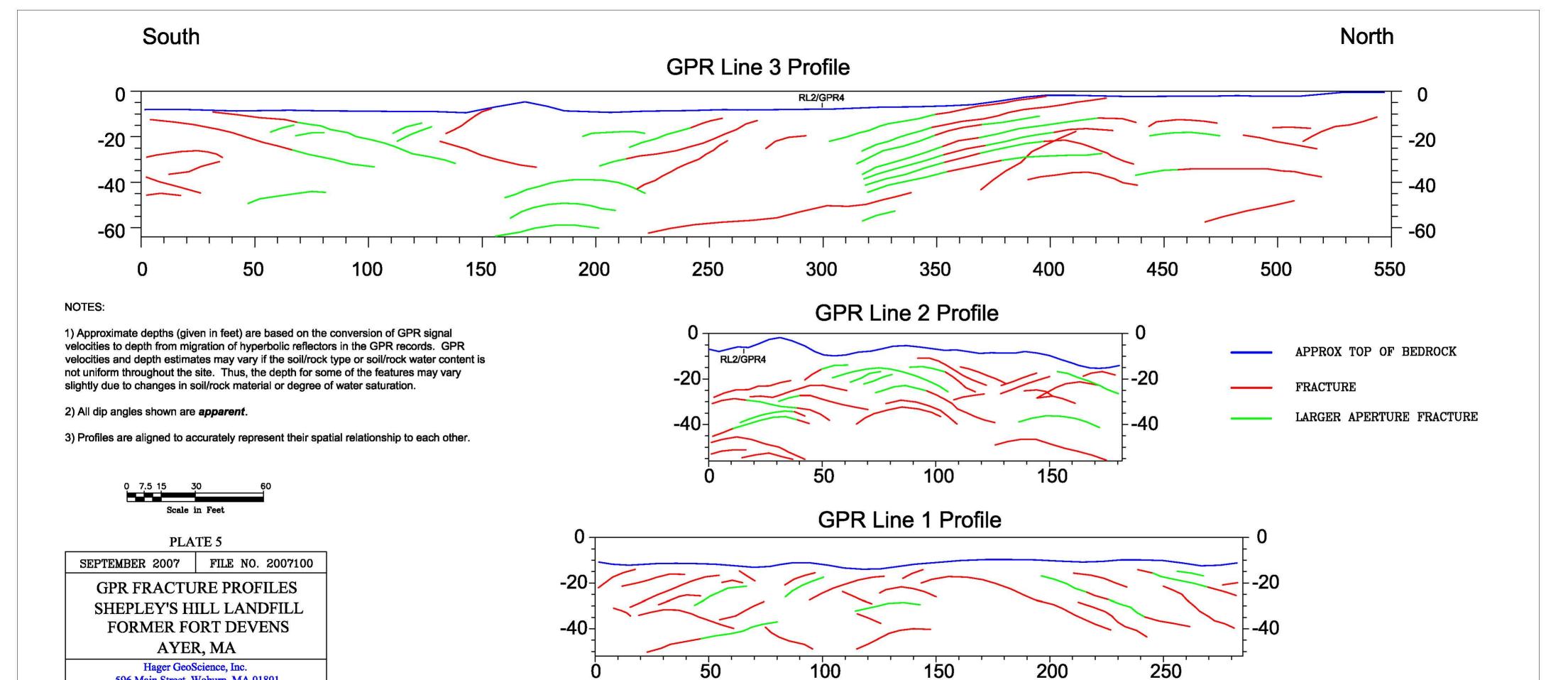


PLATE 4. Resistivity profile RL2 showing possible fractured bedrock locations. Arrow at the top of the profile denotes where RL1 crosses in the south-north direction.



596 Main Street, Woburn, MA 01801 (781) 935-8111 hgi@hagergeoscience.com

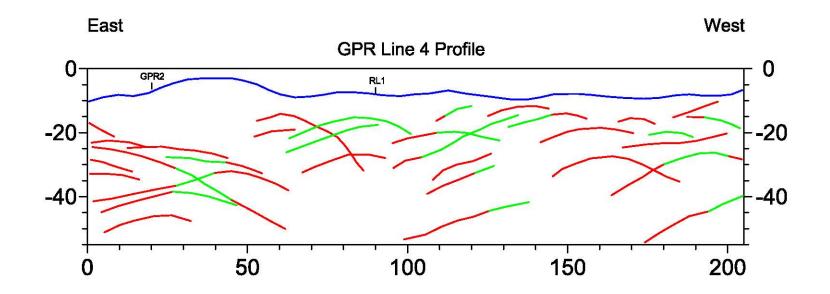




PLATE 6

SEPTEMBER 2007 FILE NO. 2007100

GPR FRACTURE PROFILE
SHEPLEY'S HILL LANDFILL
FORMER FORT DEVENS
AYER, MA

Hager GeoScience, Inc.
596 Main Street, Woburn, MA 01801
(781) 935-8111 hgi@hagergeoscience.com

NOTES:

- Approximate depths (given in feet) are based on the conversion of GPR signal velocities to depth from migration of hyperbolic reflectors in the GPR records. GPR velocities and depth estimates may vary if the soil/rock type or soil/rock water content is not uniform throughout the site. Thus, the depth for some of the features may vary slightly due to changes in soil/rock material or degree of water saturation.
- 2) All dip angles shown are apparent.
- 3) Profiles are aligned to accurately represent their spatial relationship to each other.

February 6, 2006 Bedrock Drilling at SHL

Sunny v. cold, 20's

~ 8:00 WCB onsite; DM/CS (G-F); Maine Drilling Blasting: Kevin Falvey(DH)/Scott Fitzgerald(driller)[mob. equipment to SHL]

9:30 rig (Atlas COPCO ROC D7) mobilized to 3A-2, start drilling...

3A-2 is vertical hole; TD = 50

Also planned for this area:

3A-1, Incl=80 deg, AZ= N33W, TD=50'

3-1, Incl=60 deg., S18E, TD=50'

3-2, vertical, TD=50'

9:45 drilled pilot hole @ 3A-2, 4.5'deep, 6" Diam., for 5" PVC csg.

D/C offsite for cmt.

10:20 6" pilot drilled to 3.5' for 3A-1

10:45; Move to 3-1 (50 deg, S18E) ..drilled 6" pilot hole to 4.5' deep

11:00 setting up @ 3-2 (vertical)..6" set @ 6' (?)

Moved to Q4-2; attempted to drill 6" socket...unsuccessful, OB> 11.5 thick; BR not encountered.....

12:20 Moved rig (2nd attempt at Q4-2?)....Drilled 6" socket to 8' BGS

3 attempts made at Q4-2...at all locn's TOR> 11.5', abandoned location....

Moved to Q4-1 (~ 25' S of Q4-2)...TOR@7.5'..drilled to 11'...backfilled hole to 9.5 ft. in prep. For grout....

Note: CS installed 4' PVC csg and grout at: 3-1, 3-2, 3A-1, 3A-2...In each case, used ~ 2.5 gall. Grout to each hole (~ 50lb. sack cmt.)..csg seated 1-1.5' into grout...

Remaining annular space backfilled with cuttings...

3:09...installed (2) 6" sockets @ Outcrop 20...

20-2 (southernmost); 6" socket installed to 3.5' bgs...

20-1 (northernmost; ~ 4' N of 20-2); socket installed to 4' bgs.....

Note; plan of attack changed at this OC...original plan called for One hole, 70=td, AZ=due east, incl=70 deg.)...

Current plan: 20-1 (vertical hole to 70'bgs); 20-2; vertical hole to 25' bgs...

 \sim 3:45....@ outcrop 27-30B area...original plan to install one vertical hole to 55'bgs.. Installed 2 pilot holes:

27-30B-1; 5' socket installed to 4' bgs. Vertical...(new plan will be to drill this hole to 60'bgs..

27-30B-2; 5' socket installed to 4' bgs. Vertical...(new plan will be to drill this hole to 20'bgs.. (~ 5' S of 27-30B-1)

~ 4:00 @ 27-2 loc'n on SE flank of Outcrop 27.....4.2' socket (6" diam) installed.....AZ=~N40E, incl=59 deg...

27-1; not drilled....rig breaks down @4:15.....

Note; small stream flowing at S. end of OC est. flow at ~1-2 gpm...rig had to cross this stream to get to OC 27 area...slight difficulty due to flowing water.....

Off site at 5:15 DM/CS/BB

February 8, 2008 (Friday) BR Drilling at SHL

Weather ? (heavy rain anticipated)

7:30 WCB on site...driller (S.Fitzgerald).....working on rig...rig won't start....

9:40; mechanic on site.....

11:30 rig spotted on Q5-2 (working)original plan (az=N33E, incl=60deg., TD=50) New plan: az=N28E, incl=65 deg., td=55' [unable to achieve N33E due to fear of slope failure)...drillers inclinometer measures 65 deg., brunton (65 deg.)....

11:40; K Falvey on site....

11:45 Q5-2....6" pilot drilled to ~5' bgs....

12:05 Q5-1 spotted....[original plan= AZ=S33W, incl=60deg, td=55'),

New plan: AZ=S33W, incl=75 deg., TD=55'

Brunton incl=76 deg.

Drillers inclinometer = 74 deg.

Attempted to drill pilot for "Q5-3"

AZ=S25W, Incl=76 deg., but dirt too deep, ~ drilled 8'+ of wet soil...relocate...

2:30 ..Q5-3, ("Q5A-1") re-drilling on boulder (?) at Q5A

AZ=305; angle=68 deg (brunton)....drilllers inclinometer....~67-72 deg....

Drilling like area is on a boulder...ground vibrating over a broad area....

Drilled through boulder at 5'bgs....hole advanced to 10', but not in rock....will have to abandon this location....

Extremely soft ground.....DM/CS (G-F) cut additional trees in order to get drill out of woods for fear it won't start on Monday.....

Ground is very soft in low spots....+small valleys seen to have > amt of overburden than anticipated...

Heavy rain from wed eve. Seen to be discharging to gs...(gw discharge)....ponds in depressions and running water in streams (which I have never seen before)...

Pow-wow with drillerssuggests will need blast matts or some other means of getting drill to loc'ns as long as these soft conditions exists...plan is to drill 5 "hi and dry" holes on Monday, then 're-group'......

February 11, 2008 (Monday) BR Drilling at SHL

12 deg. F., sunny, lt-mod. Breeze

WCB on site @ 8:15, drillers on-site, involved in getting their pickup truck unstuck (which had again been driven onto the wet cap....)

Set up on Outcrop 3/3A to drill out those holes...plan is to drill the following:

3-1: AZ=S18E, Incl=60, TD=50 3-2, vert., TD=50' 3A-1, AZ=N33W, Incl=80 deg., TD=50' 3A-2, vert., TD=50'

9:00...set up on 3A-2, start drilling.. Rough boring log as follows:

3A-2 (Chip Log)

17' bgs – gray granite chips, 2-3 mm crystalline texture, unweathered

21' bgs - A/A

29' bgs - A/A

32' bgs – water table encountered..hole making lots of water...

9:20 (drill at ~ 34')

32-34' bgs - "Soft Seam"**

36 'bgs – granite chips with some evidence of weathering...orange stain (FeOx)..granite matrix is darker..(medium dark gray)...manganese oxide?

Driller remarks that rocks continue to be softer until 53' bgs where hole again makes dust (indicating relatively un-fractured/un-weathered material)

53' bgs – sample @ 53' is a mix of lt-med. Gray granite with 20-30% orange Fe-Ox chips.....

9:30 Hole drilled to 55' bgs (driller suggested over-drilling by 5' to insure that hole stays open of 50'...)

Driller plumbs hole with weight ... TD= 55.5'

3A-1 (Chip Log)

7' bgs – lt.-med. Gray granite, un-weathered..

12' bgs – A/A, but one oxidized chip...(thin fracture ?)

19 'bgs – lt.-med. Gray granite, un-weathered...

32' bgs - A/A, trace orange weathering...driller mentions water coming into hole @ \sim 33-35' bgs...

36' bgs; medium gray granite..no evidence of weathering observed, but chips are flakey in character, suggesting that they are well foliated and/or sheared....

43' bgs – medium dark gray granite...un-weathered, but trace to 10% quartz vein chipsone chip up to 10 mm....

Note: driller able to control the hole w/o using added water, suggesting that the seam (33-35') is only significant zone....However, driller also remarks that rocks are softer beneath fracture zone...(last sample@ 55' shows considerable FeOX on chips..)

55' bgs – lt.-med. Gray granite with abundant (~10-20%) FeOX chips....

10:11 – hole finished...TD (unconfirmed) ~ 55'

10:30; Brian Keefe (MD&B supervisor) on site....DF/BB discussed logistical matters with him...BK will provide additional estimates to G-F for:

- to bring D330 excavator and blast mattes to site...
- use mini 'commando' rig to probe depth to rock @ series of proposed boreholes at edge of cap ('CAP-' series..)
- possible install casings with separate 6" (rig?)

BK unlikely to work out details tonight...

While we were talking, SF drills Q4-1 to ~ 57'

Q4-1 (no chip log)

Driller remarks that fracture @ 37' has lots of water coming into the hole...hole remained wet until TD despite no added water....

<u>20-1</u>

11:00 - start drilling @ 20-1 (vert., td ~ 70')

11:30 - 20-1 drilled to 70', driller thinks hole is dry...he used rig water to mist entire time in order to suppress dust

42-43' bgs – brown weathered seam

TD measured at 70'3" (WCB)

20-2

11:35 start drilling at 20-2 (~ 4' S. of 20-1)

12:00 drilled to TD; TD= 25.5' (WCB)

Driller remarked change from brown to gray rocks at ~ 14' (similar to 20-1), but cuttings remained somewhat weathered at greater depths...(see C. Stein notes for additional details)

12:00-12:15; break to call dave/ginny

<u>3-1</u>

12:30-13:10 drilled 3-1 to TD; (see c. stein notes for details..); WCB measured azimuth at S17E and inclination at 58 deg. (brunton)

<u>3-2</u>

13:15-13:55; drilled 3-2 to TD (vertical hole). (see c. stein notes for details..);

CS Offsite/DM On-site...

Site Walkover with DM (1st step in re-prioritizing drilling prior to 'phase 2')

Boring ID	Azimuth	Inclination	TD	Notes
Bornig ID	7 IZIIIGUI	(degrees	(As-	11065
		from	built)	
		horizontal)	Feet	
		liorizonati)	bgs	
3-1	S18E	58	- 282	
3-2		90	66	
3A-1	N33W	80		
3A-2		90		
Q4-1		90		
Q4-2		90		Eliminate? Overburden>10'
Q4-3				Overburden>10' (3 attempts)
Q5-1	S33W	75	55	Csg. Installed(loose)
Q5-2	N28E	65	55	_
20-1		90	70'3"	
20-2		90	25'6"	
27-1	Due S	60	65	No casing, not drilled
27-2	N40E	59	70'	PVC Csg. installed
27_30B-1		90	55	PVC Csg. installed
27_30B-2		90	25	PVC Csg. installed
CAP-1A		90	30	_
CAP-1B		90	50	
CAP-2A		90	35	d.g. from small surface water pool
CAP-2B		90	55	d.g. from small surface water pool

CAP-3		90	40	
BR-1-1		90	30	
14-1	S25E	70	80	
14-2		90	60	Eliminate? Relocated to old road??

CLS additions to BB field notes, bedrock drilling project, SHL 02/11/2008

Hole 20-1

This hole is angled into a steep rock face; is located on the west side of the N-S geophysical line near the quarry outcrop.

First sieve sample: from about 6 ft bgs – looks like fracture material (mixture of dark gray and orange rock chips)

10 ft: dark gray homogeneous, med-fine grained granite, trace Fe oxide, qtz veining

15-16 ft: rock changed color, from brown (above) to gray (below 16 ft)

21 ft: mostly qtz, more Fe oxide than at 10 ft; feldspar evident

25 ft: flaky, feldspar? Trace Fe oxide, not significant

26 ft: dark gray, veining (gtz); large chunks – gneiss? Slight foliation

38 ft: dark gray, white (qtz, feldspar), no visible Fe oxide

42-43 ft: weathered seam; color change from gray to brown

45 ft: light gray sheared granite, flaky (up to ~ 1 cm); little evidence of Fe oxide; high qtz content

52 ft: medium gray, no Fe oxide, cuttings relatively fine (no large chunks)

60 ft: much like 52 ft, large chunks, qtz with dark veins

64 ft: like 52 ft and 60 ft; sharp flakes

70 ft: trace Fe oxide (fine-grained, soluble – mud?), fine-grained, medium-light gray granite gneiss

No water was encountered in this hole at the time of drilling but water level was measured on 2/12 (notes appended)

Hole 20-2

8 ft: Fe oxide, gray medium-coarse grained granite, looks like 20-1 6 ft sample.

~14 ft: transition to harder gray rock.

21 ft: weathered, Fe oxide, flaky

25 ft: looks like sample from 21 ft – Fe oxide, medium-light gray granite, red-brown chunks are lumps of mud. Mud may be from surface? Driller indicated TD is 35 ft, not 25.

No water was encountered in this hole at the time of drilling but water level was measured on 2/12 (notes appended)

Plumbed holes (measured with tape):

20-1: 70.3 ft (wet mid-40s)

20-2: 25 ft 10 in (not 36 ft)

Hole 3-1

This is in the first outcrop at access point. Had some difficulty setting up to do the angled hole.

Note: water in valley near pin flags on edge of the landfill; large pool of v. clear water, no ice at all despite cold (8° F this AM in NH, maybe 15° F at site).

8 ft: uniform light-medium gray fine-grained granite, trace Fe oxide but not much.

17 ft: Fe oxide, more qtz, some light-medium gray granite

22 ft: dark gray v. fine-grained, no Fe oxide

30-33 ft: soft brown seam – cuttings look like sawdust. Full of Fe oxide on qtz, more qtz, less granite in chips

35 ft: groundwater coming in. Fe oxide, less qtz than 30-33 ft, more gray granite, submm veinlets of Fe oxide in qtz

45 ft: still in groundwater; cuttings like 35 ft, lots of Fe oxide, gray granite, v. fine-grained fragments, sub-mm qtz veinlets

55 ft: back into light-medium gray v. fine-grained granite; trace Fe oxide, trace qtz stringers.

TD = 52 ft (measured with tape)

Hole 3-2

*see BB notes for previous samples from this hole

18 ft: medium-gray v. fine-grained granite, no Fe oxide

22 ft: looks like 18 ft

28 ft: looks like 18 ft and 22 ft

31 ft: hit groundwater

34 ft: medium-light gray v. fine-grained granite; bigger chunks than above, slight trace Fe oxide

42 ft: medium gray granite, sub-mm qtz veinlets, big chunks

50 ft: trace Fe oxide, med gray fine-grained granite with sub-mm qtz, some 2-3 mm

56 ft: more Fe oxide, qtz-feldspar, large fragments, 1-2 cm, blocky

60 ft: large fragments, medium-light gray granite; qtz with abundant Fe oxide; groundwater in hole

66 ft: more competent – less Fe oxide

From CLS field notes, 2/12/2008:

Results are given as depth to water (DTW) with respect to the top of casing (TOC; I made reference marks where I measured), but the snow and accumulated cuttings and mud preclude any accurate estimate of stick-up length at the present time. I also installed caps on all of these; when the snow melts we will attempt to repair the top of 3-1 so that it can be capped more securely.

Q4-1: DTW = 4.10° TOC ~ 4" above mud

3A-2: DTW = 20.37'
TOC ~ 1.5' above mud

3A-1: DTW = 23.35

TOC ~ 1' above ground?

3-2: DTW = 24.01'

 $TOC \sim 0.5$ ' above mud

3-1: DTW = 8.38' below mark on casing TOC sunk in mud, broken; bucket over casing

20-1A: DTW = 23.02' **Note: this is Hole 20-1, using BB's notation (above) TOC ~ 8" above mud (this is the deep hole at this location, 70' 3")

20-1B: DTW = 12.53' **Note: this is Hole 20-2, using BB's notation (above); will correct this on the caps at next opportunity.

TOC in mud (shallow hole at this location, 25' 6")

I also gauged 29X: DTW = 23.56

March 11, 2008 (Tuesday)

sunny, above freezing..

site walkover with GL/CS/DM to check cap condition, boring status, etc. and to collect water level and TD info. At drilled Bedrock holes at Shepley's hill...

ruts in 'access road' on southern part of cap do not appear to be too bad, but will require repair...much work to be done in woods to remove/chip slash piles, add gravel to ruts created by drilling rig, additional tree clearing, etc..

3:45 pm, begin collecting water levels...note small surface water pool in downslope portion of main 'valley' present...

Borehole ID	Time	Depth to	Measuring	TD (feet)	Notes
		water (ft.)	point		
3-2	3:52	22.72	Lo-pt (pvc)	57.8	
3-1	3:54	20.73	Hi-pt (pvc)	48.05	Angle hole; needs colar repair/digging
3A-1	3:56	22.01	Lo-pt. (pvc)	52.38	Angle hole
3A-2	3:58	19.09	Lo-pt. (pvc)	55.04	Vert.
Q4-1	4:00	3.27	Hi-pt (pvc)	40.34	
20-1	4:07	11.62	lo-pt (pvc)	67.74	Vert.

20-2	4:09	9.3	Hi-pt (pvc)	25.45	Vert.
20 2	1.07	7.3	In-pt (pvc)	23.13	V CI t.

Continuation of SHL Bedrock Drilling Project – notes from September 17-19, 2008

Drillers (Maine Drilling & Blasting): Bruce Dugan and Ken Mahoney (ass't)

Wed. 9/17 Set casings:

Q4-2

10:29 AM: first casing set in hole near ground bees, south of Q4-1. This is Q4-2. 8.5 ft of soil, hole drilled to 11 ft.

27-1

10:37 AM: at location 27-1 (top of rock), drilled 3 ft plus a few inches into rock, approximately 1 ft stick-up. Hole is angled (60°); casing set at 10:56 AM.

Using a little more than $\sim 1/2$ bag grout per hole – brought 4 but will need more.

Q4-3 (abandoned)

11:00 AM: on location Q4-3. Went through 11 ft soil; backed up (toward hill) ~10 ft, try again. Found > 11 ft soil at 2^{nd} location. Backed up another 10 ft (toward hill, near 27-1 location) with same result, too much soil (> 11 ft). Fourth attempt – moved ~20 ft to south of 3^{rd} location. Hit rock but is only ~ 1 ft into rock. 10 ft soil, 1 ft rock but was a boulder; Bruce drilled through. Fifth attempt: moved east and south, back toward Q4-1.

Hose on drill rig broke ~11:30.

Back up at 2:37 PM. Drill was on boulder – abandoned location.

BR1-1 (abandoned)

3:07 PM: On location BR1-1. First attempt: no rock, > 11 ft soil. Stepped up on bedrock (?) south of EPA well #9. Began 2^{nd} attempt at 3:32. Started on rock. Went \sim 7 ft into rock and through! Went \sim 3 ft into soil, still no bedrock. Abandoned location.

CAP-3

3:57 PM: Started CAP-3. Hit rock at 6 ft; went 3 ft into bedrock. Had trouble getting casing into hole – finally used drill to push. Stick-up ~ 1 ft. Done at 4:15 PM.

CAP-4

4:18 PM: On location CAP-4. Rock at ~9 ft; went 1.5-2 ft into BR. Bruce says top of BR was "soft" – maybe went 1.5 ft into solid rock.

CAP-2B

4:40 PM: On location CAP-2B. Hit rock at 3 ft but went through. Hit solid rock at 8 ft, drilled to 11.5 ft. Will use 13 ft of casing; 1.5 ft stick-up.

5:30 PM: started location BR1-1 (note: 3rd attempt for this hole). Hit rock deep – maybe 9 ft or so. Ken says is "ratty" hole – lots of cuttings – will make it difficult to insert casing. Went through rock – decided to abandon hole at 5:57 PM.

CAP-1B

6:01 PM: Location CAP-1B. Hit rock at 7 ft; got soft ~10.5 ft. Will set casing anyway and drill through it tomorrow.

Bruce will be on-site at 6:15 AM; start drilling at 7:00 AM.

Thursday, 9/18/08

Started drilling at 8:00 AM.

27-30B-2:

color change at 16-16.5 ft, from lt gray to tr. reddish-brown. Bagged 16-16.5 ft sample. TD = 20 ft.

27-30B-1:

8:14 AM. Stick-up ~1.5 ft. Standing water in casing – took a minute to clear before starting drill.

Upper 5 ft = fine-gr. gray granite, qtz veins, uniform, no Fe oxid.

- 21-22 ft: hit Fe-oxid.; heavy Fe ox staining (20% BB's estimate) on fine gr. gray granite, fine qtz veins.
- 31 ft: another Fe ox zone color change but no change in drill pressure "smooth" transition. Not as much Fe oxide (5%, BB). Hit water ~ 31 ft.

~42 ft: More water; color change to tan/lt gray; chips much finer. Hole is gushing! Higher percent oxidation below 31 ft. Chips sharp, elongate, up to few cm. Lots of water – some Fe ox. but not as much as at 21-22 ft. Smpl at 51 ft.

At 57 ft water is tan/brown. Hole is making 5-10 gpm (BB estimate). Hole TD will be 55 ft. TD (meas. after steels are out) = 58 ft (more, so hole can be cleaned out). Water still murky so final TD may be ~55 ft (Ken M.).

27-2:

TD to be 70 ft. Casing is full of water. Started drilling 9:12 AM.

First rod – cuttings uniform lt-med gray, med-coarse angular.

Mid-2nd rod – tr. Fe oxide, slight color change ~15 ft; minor oxid., possible slickensides.

23 ft – seam, got softer and drill sped up but no color change. Much finer-grained but uniform lt gray. Somewhere ~ 23 ft – water, but only trace.

BB's notes: Hole self-healed – back to harder material (fine powder, lt gray).

38 ft – color change to tan fine-gr mat'l, slight clumping (moisture) chips show ~50% Fe ox.

R. Herman on site conducting PID/dust/LEL monitoring. Color change at 38 ft (tan).

Significant fracture at \sim 53-54 ft. Significant water produced at fracture, \leq 5 gpm est. Chips have flaky qtz, vein mat'l up to 2 cm.

Driller advanced hole to ~74 ft to allow for settling of chips. No significant drilling change beneath 53-54 ft.

DFM's notes:

10:10 AM – driller measured TD at 73 ft bgs.

27-1:

Drill moved to location 10:20 AM, increased target depth to ~75 ft.

9-9.5 ft: Oxidation; color change to tan, fine grained ~50% oxidized mat'l in sieve.

15 ft – color change, ~50% oxidized – coarser fragments.

15-21 ft stayed brownish-tan. 25 ft – seam; tan and gray material; coarse, rounded particles; min. 50% oxidized.

25-33 ft – softer rock, faster drilling.

38-40 ft – soft seam / fractured; larger fragments, more angular.

47-48 ft color change – browner, finer grained – sand size; >50% Fe ox; back oxidized material. May be seeing small sulfide particles.

60-60.5 ft – color change, from tan and gray to gray-brown.

Total depth 77 ft plus (near 80 ft) cuttings are damp but no "gusher"! Drillers measured 80 ft TD. Water in hole at ~50 ft.

Q5-2 (NNE orientation):

Rig on location 11:35 AM. Casing angle ~68°. Start depth (existing PVC casing) about 4 ft.

13 ft – color change – brown; cuttings moist, ~10% Fe-ox.

16 ft – color change – brown/tan, ~20% Fe ox; chips angular, < 1 cm.

32 ft – color change – finer chips, $\sim 10\%$ Fe ox; trace sulfide?

38 ft – color change to tan. > 50% Fe ox; significant fracture zone; qtz micro-veinlets w/sulfide mineralization(?).

44-55 ft gray-tan, ~50% Fe ox; flaky chips up to a few mm (5?) in length; weathered, mineralized veinlets as above (?).

Driller records 58 ft TD; tape is wet from 40 ft down at this time.

Q5-1 (SSW orientation):

Moved at 12:05 PM. ~6 ft through casing to start into rock.

~8 ft color change; ~30% Fe-ox; tabular veinlets (?).

19 ft color change, moisture; fine-grained chips; veinlets (tabular chips); 20% Fe ox; trace sulfide (?).

23 ft – color change; v fine-grained chips < 2 mm; 20% Fe-ox; tabular veinlets.

24 ft change to brown; larger chips up to ~1 cm; matrix is fine-grained; trace sulfides (?); 50% Fe-ox.

Continues to \sim 30 ft; chips smaller at 30 ft (2-4 mm); to 50% Fe ox. Continuing brownish to \sim 40 ft; coarser chips to \sim 1 cm; > 50% Fe ox.

45 ft – brownish zone; 50% Fe-ox; blocky chips ~5 mm. (~27 ft to 42 ft continuous brownish).

50 ft - ~20% Fe-ox; med. chips max ~15 mm; angular.

55 ft – distinct color change – brown; > 50% Fe-ox; chips mostly < 5 mm.

BB's notes:

12:35 Hole advanced to ~60 ft bgs TOH. Driller attempts to sound TD but hole extremely "mudded up"

~13:00 Hole cleaned to ~53 ft. TD sounded at 53 ft

CAP-1B:

Set up at 13:25. 0-17 ft tan. Sample at 17 ft is flaky, vfg > 50% oxidized, < 2mm pieces, mat'l [unreadable]

17-23 ft gray

28 ft color change to tan

28-29 ft soft seam; sample at 28 ft is ~20-30% vfg; flaky oxidized mat'l \leq 2 mm; gray unwx chunks, angular \leq 15 mm

38-43 ft tan zone; washed sample at 39 ft. 30+% Fe-ox; thin platy pieces \leq 2 mm; gray unoxidized pieces \sim \leq 15 mm

50 ft color change; washed sample > 50% brown oxidized thin flakes \leq 2 mm but occasionally elongated to ~4 mm on long [unreadable] maat'l is \uparrow qz [unreadable] veining?

Drilled to 55 ft +/- hole, soft seam 50 ft-TD TD = 55 ft

More CLS notes:

<u>CAP2-B</u>:

Set up at 1:55 PM. Target depth = 55 ft. Immediately hit water – dark gray slurry – grout? Grout not set – added ~1/2 bag fast-setting concrete mixed with water-stop cement. Bruce mixed, added water and air to force slurry into annulus around casing. At 3:17, seems to have worked. Driller felt it best to let cement set overnight, drill in the morning.

<u>CAP2-B</u>: Started drilling 7:20 AM. Color change at 38 ft. Was homogeneous lt gray, large angular chips (1-2 cm) then darker gray, fine-grained – same over next ~10 ft, then back to pea-size chips, lt gray.

 \sim 50 ft – v fine almost powder; color change (lt tan-gray). When sample was washed, most went through sieve. Tr. Fe-ox on remaining fragments.

Last 5 ft uniform lt gray, chips ~1 cm. Drilled 28 ft Thurs. 9/18; when drilling started Fri. AM, there was water in the hole.

Drilled to 57 ft.

CAP-4:

Set up at 8:00 AM. Went 10 ft through grout into rock. Uniform v. lt gray, large chips (up to several cm).

Seam at 16 ft – hit water.

Color change at 23 ft to tan; Fe-ox ~10%.

27 ft: v. brown, <u>wet</u> – back into gray, dry (~30 ft). 27 ft sample (washed) had >50% Feox. chips ~5 mm or less (finer grained than above)

31 ft: gray, more water at 31 ft. Finer chips – few mm; fine grained gray granite.

44 ft: color change; <10% Fe-ox. Angular chips 1-2 cm, equidimensional.

Notes: casing pulled free when drill was withdrawn. Went back in to clean hole – <u>lots</u> of water – hit at 20 ft when Bruce put the drill string back in. Huge slurry mess at 32 ft. Tried to blow debris from bottom of hole – very wet. Casing still loose. Driller says "not a good hole" – thinks the seam at 27 ft (?) is washing into hole. With water, pieces are large (> 5 cm), some v. heavily oxidized. Sample bagged as "debris from cleanout." TD = 38 ft (measured) after drilling to 50 ft, at 8:40 AM.

<u>CAP-3</u>:

Set up at 8:49 AM. Changed bits. Rock is at 6 ft, 3 ft drilled into rock. Casing is 10 ft long. Took some time to align rod/bit with casing. Started drilling at 9:05. Grout – dk gray, v. fine but looks dry.

9 ft: first contact with rock.

13 ft: sample; upper rock – tr. Fe-ox, <10%; sm. flakes (few mm), gray granite.

15 ft: color change to lt. tan; sample shows Fe ox (more than seen at 13 ft) ~20% (BB); top of rock is fractured (BB).

~21 ft: color change, larger fragments, angular, <2 cm; 40-50% Fe-ox. dk gray granite flakes.

23 ft: color change, dk gray, wet, finer-grained. Angular, qtz 2-3 mm, up to 1 cm; ~20% Fe-ox.

More water below 23 ft.

28 ft: sample; flaky chips, uniform 5-6 mm, no Fe-ox, gray granite.

~29 ft: back into lt gray, fine-grained (powder).

~33 ft: dk gray (moisture?)

36 ft: color change to brown, uniform brown. Heavy Fe-ox., fine-grained; lots of Fe-ox-stained material. 36-43 ft: composite sample; mix of qtz and gray granite, Fe-ox. > 50%. Platy, flakes, sm (<1-2 mm) grains.

43 ft: unweathered rock.

Drilled to 54 ft; last two ft were solid rock (lt gray, uniform)

Measured TD = 54 ft. Azimuth ~N60E.

Q4-2:

Set up at 9:57. Target depth = 50 ft. Soil thickness = 8.5 ft. Started drilling 10:03. Into grout at ~ 8 ft (?).

11 ft: rock; heavy Fe-ox in top of rock, fine-grained, red-brown.

15 ft: soft rock (not a seam); lt tan, v. fine-gr (powder). Ground vibration – Bruce thinks might be a boulder.

24 ft: still soft seam, lt tan, fine-gr, thin flakes – Fe-ox <10%; gneissic granite.

30 ft: fine powder, lt gray and tan, less Fe-ox than 24 ft.

34 ft: tan-brown color change. Can see Fe-ox rind on chips, few mm thick. Small flakes, gr size up to few mm - cm.

44 ft: more tan/brown, fine-grained gray granite flakes; qtz (up to ~cm). After 44 ft sample, wet – lots of water; soupy mud slurry. Bit came up caked with mud.

Drilled to 56 ft; measured TD = 53 ft at 10:37.

Driller tried to flush out – said it was "a lot of sand and water" – tried repeatedly until water was fairly clear. Drill left the hill at 10:45.

Water Levels (measured after driller left site):

Well ID	Time meas.	TD*	Water Level*
27-30B-2	11:13	22.2	dry
27-30B-1	11:15	59.2	19.24
27-2	11:19	>67.5	24.34
27-1	11:22	>67.6	18.64
Q5-1	11:26	55.2	9.86
Q5-2	11:28	58.9	11.20
CAP-1B	11:32	59.5	35.14
CAP-2B	11:35	56.45	55.93
CAP-4	11:37	29.7	10.56
CAP-3	11:41	41.6	16.28
Q4-2	11:47	~56	13.40

^{*}ft below top of casing at mark



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Region 1 New England Office of Environmental Measurement and Evaluation

Office of Environmental Measurement and Evaluation 11 Technology Drive, North Chelmsford, MA 01863

Memorandum

Date: July 28, 2008 Subj: Devens/landfill Ayer, MA

From: Daniel Granz, EIA
To: Bill Brandon, HBT

On June 4-5, July 1,3,28, 2008 Dan Granz, Angel Gill, Zach Spera, and Lisa Thuot of USEPA Investigations & Analysis Unit visited the Devens site in Ayer, MA to conduct soil borings and install monitoring wells. There were 3 transects of borings and wells done on the up gradient side of Shepley's Landfill. The borings were done to determine the shallow "bedrock" depths and monitoring wells were placed where there was a possibility of determining ground water elevations during wet times of the year. The soil borings and monitoring wells were done with a Geo Probe unit. All wells have 2 foot screens with 2 foot bentonite seals above them, and are in locked protective casings. All locations were located by GPS.

The following table summarizes the field data

Location	Total depth (bgs)	Depth to water (bgs)	Description
Tier 1 lower			
1	11' 1"	-	Fine to medium sand with iron staining
MW1	8.58'	No water 7/3/08, 8.38' 7/28/08	-
2	5'4"	-	-
2-1	6' 0"	-	Medium sand
3	2'1"	-	-
4	5'11"	-	Fine and medium sand, wet
MW4-1	5.72'	5.40' 7/3/08, 5.41' 7/28/08	Medium sand
5	12' 4"	-	-
6	2' 6"	-	-
7	8' 2"	_	-
MW7	8.98'	8.60' 7/3/08, 8.63' 7/28/08	-
8	4' 11"	-	-
9 .	11' 0"		-
MW9	9.65	9.30' 7/3/08, 9.30' 7/28/08	-
10	3' 2"	-	-
11	12' 0"	-	-
MW11-A	6.18'	No water 7/3/08, no water 7/28/08	-
12	4' 8"	-	Fine sand
13	9' 8"	-	Brown fine sand
14	11' 0"	-	Brown fine sand
MW14	7.14'	No water, 7/3/08, (0.10' wet mud on	-
		probe) 7/28/08	·
15	2' 0"	-	Brown & yellow fine sand
Tier 3 upper			
16	11' 3"	-	Fine sand
MW16	7.18'	No data 7/3/08, No water 7/28/08	-
17	11' 2"	-	Brown sand
18	2' 0"	-	•
19	6' 6"	-	-
20	11' 0"	-	-
21	6' 8"	-	-
22	7' 9"	-	-
MW22	6.70'	No data 7/3/08, No water 7/28/08	-

Devens Superfund Site GPS Data: U.S. EPA Well Installation June/July 2008

Longitude	Latitude	Location	GPS Date	Elevation (m)	Horiz. Precision (m)
-71.599760	42.554403	MW 1	7/28/2008	78.34	0.55
-71.599717	42.554574	MW4-1	7/28/2008	76.67	0.92
-71.599691	42.554671	MW 7	7/28/2008	79.21	0.72
-71.599563	42.554788	MW-9	7/28/2008	73.48	0.55
-71.599910	42.554487	MW-11-A	7/28/2008	77.82	0.72
-71.599919	42.554570	MW-14	7/28/2008	80.21	0.87
-71.600156	42.554509	MW-16	7/28/2008	85.54	1.01
-71.600093	42.554777	MW-22	7/28/2008	83.03	1.09
-71.599743	42.554463	Loc 2	6/9/2008	75.54	0.60
-71.599717	42.554497	Loc 2-1	6/9/2008	77.81	0.93
-71.599710	42.554519	Loc 3	6/9/2008	74.34	0.69
-71.599727	42.554553	Loc 4-1	6/9/2008	77.19	0.86
-71.599643	42.554590	Loc 5	6/9/2008	77.32	1.50
-71.599609	42.554645	Loc 6	6/9/2008	77.47	1.49
-71.599596	42.554701	Loc 8	6/9/2008	78.65	0.98
-71.599539	42.554855	Loc 10	6/9/2008	71.85	1.01
-71.599923	42.554455	Loc 11	6/9/2008	80.41	0.73
-71.599912	42.554496	Loc 12	6/9/2008	79.20	1.17
-71.599909	42.554545	Loc 13	6/9/2008	78.91	1.06
-71.599853	42.554618	Loc 15	6/9/2008	83.77	1.49
-71.600148	42.554559	Loc 17	7/28/2008	79.66	0.90
-71.600134	42.554580	Loc 18	7/28/2008	83.75	0.74
-71.600126	42.554647	Loc 19	7/28/2008	79.22	0.78
-71.600115	42.554662	Loc 20	7/28/2008	83.59	1.05
-71.600113	42.554720	Loc 21	7/28/2008	79.00	0.95

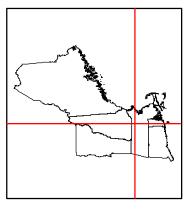
Loc 10 WW-9 Loc 8 Poc 6 Loc 5 MW 7 Loc 3 e-Loc 2 DWM ? Loc 4-1 Loc 15 Log 12 MW-14 Loc 11 MW-22 Loc 20 Loc 21 Loc 18 MW-16 Loc 19 Loc 17

Devens Superfund Site Ayer, MA

USEPA Well Installation: June/July 2008 Well and Soil Boring Locations

Legend:

Well & Soil Boring Locations



Albers Equal Area Projection



Created by EPA New England GIS Center August 4, 2008

MapTracker ID: 4319

BOREHOLE GEOPHYSICAL LOGGING FORMER DEVENS LANDFILL AYER, MASSACHUSETTS

Prepared for:

Gannett Fleming, Inc.

199 Wells Avenue, Suite 210 Newton, Massachusetts 02459

Prepared by:

Hager GeoScience, Inc.

596 Main Street

Woburn, Massachusetts 01801

File 2008133 January, 2008

1.0 INTRODUCTION

In August 2007, Hager GeoScience, Inc. (HGI) was contracted by Gannett Fleming, Inc. (GF) to provide geophysical services at the former Devens Landfill in Ayer, Massachusetts. The first phase of the work, a resistivity and GPR survey to map bedrock fractures, was completed in September 2007 (Geophysical Survey for Fractures, Shepley's Hill Landfill, Former Fort Devens, Ayer, Massachusetts). The second phase, geophysical borehole logging, was to follow several months thereafter. Due to difficulties in implementing the drilling program, the borings were not ready for logging until more than a year later (October 2008).

The goal of the borehole logging was to characterize a fractured-bedrock aquifer in support of environmental investigations at the landfill. Fieldwork was performed between October 29th and November 13th, 2008.

Ten well pairs were designated for logging by GF. The wells were divided into two groups, each assigned a specific logging suite. Group A wells were assigned caliper, acoustic televiewer (ATV), heat-pulse flow-meter (HPFM), natural gamma, fluid resistivity, and fluid temperature logs. Group B wells were assigned caliper, natural gamma, fluid resistivity, and fluid temperature logs. The table below lists the two groups and some of their attributes. The table is modified from one provided by GF.

Well ID/Group	OB (ft)	BR casing [1] (ft)	stickup [3] (ft)	W.L. [2] (ft below TOC)	TD	Open hole in rock	water-filled hole
A							
27-2	0	2.5	3	24.82	73.00	19.32	48.18
27-1	0	3	2	19.20	80.00	14.20	60.80
Q5-1	0	3	2	10.27	55.21	5.27	44.94
Q5-2	0	2.5	2	10.85	58.51	6.35	47.66
CAP-1B	7	3.5	2	13.28	58.11	0.78	44.83
CAP-2B	8	3.5	2	13.00	58.71	-0.50	45.71
20-1	0	2.5	1	23.61	70.30	20.11	46.69
3-2	0	2.5	1.5	30.75	59.32	26.75	28.57
Q4-1	7.5	2	0.5	12.67	51.11	2.67	38.44
27-30B-1 [4]	0	2.5	3	19.66	59.26	14.16	39.60
				TOTAL	623.53	TOTAL	445.42
В							
27-30B-2	0	2.5	3	21.13	22.21	15.63	1.08
CAP-4	9	1.5	2	10.39	13.81	-2.11	3.42
CAP-3	6	3	2	15.24	40.91	4.24	25.67
Q4-2	8.5	2.5	1.5	14.26	53.41	1.76	39.15
20-2	0	2.5	0.5	18.03	25.31	15.03	7.28
3-1	0	2.5	1.5	30.77	49.18	26.77	18.41
3-2	0	2.5	1.5	30.75	59.32	26.75	28.57
3A-1	0	2.5	1.5	30.37	52.21	26.37	21.84
3A-2 [4]	0	2.5	1.5	27.14	55.01	23.14	27.87

^[1] est. 2.5 for most holes; some not recorded

^[2] from top of casing; most recent measurement: 10/23/2

^[3] approximate

^[4] lower priorities

The wells were reported to be three- and four-inch diameter holes completed with PVC casing. Six of the wells were also reported to be inclined wells. Access to the wells was minimal, consisting of obstructed trails within wooded areas. Geophysical borehole logging was performed from HGI's Polaris all-terrain quad (Figure 1).



Figure 1 – Borehole logging setup using HGI's all-terrain vehicle (quad)

2.0 DATA ACQUISITION

The table below shows the logging completed for well groups A and B. Problems encountered in several wells prevented the completion of loggings suites for some of the wells. These problems are too numerous to detail, but can be summarized as severely deviated/kinked boreholes, poor casing design and alignment with the borehole, and variable borehole diameters affecting centralizer and HPFM diverter applications. The effects of these problems are reflected in damaged equipment and extended field time, as well as incomplete well suites in the table below and in the quality of ATV data and HPFM results. Deviation plots included in Appendix D illustrate the well deviations.

Well			Natural			
ID/Group	Caliper	Fluid T&R	Gamma	ATV	HPFM	Deviation
A						
27-2	X	X	X	X	X [2]	[1]
27-1	X	X	X	X [2]	3	X
Q5-1	X	X	X	O [4]	X	X
Q5-2	X	X	X	O [2] [4]	O [4]	X
CAP-1B	X	X	X	X	X	[1]
CAP-2B	X	X	X	O [2]	X	[1]
20-1	X	X	X	X	X	X
3-2	X	X	X	X	X	X
Q4-1	X	X	X	X	X	[1]
27-30B-1 [4]	X	X	X	X [2]	X	X
Well			Natural			
ID/Group	Caliper	Fluid T&R	Gamma			Deviation
В						
27-30B-2	X	X	X			X
CAP-4	X	X	X			O
CAP-3	X	X	X			X
Q4-2	X	X	X			X
20-2	X	X	X			X
3-1	X	X	X			X
3A-1	X	X	X			X
3A-2 [4]	X	X	X			X

- [1] Deviation tool not used. Deviation plot from ATV log.
- [2] Obstruction or hole restriction...centralizer/diverter reduced or eliminated
- [3] Poor hole conditions prevented Ambient HPFM measurements
- [4] Unable to get ATV/HPFM below casing or specific depth

Logging Program

To log the holes, HGI used a Mount Sopris Instruments 5MCA-1000 MGXII Matrix logger and MSI 4MXA-1000 winch and the following probes: MSI 2PEA-1000 polyelectric with MSI 2SFA-1000 fluid temperature and resistivity; MSI 2CAA-1000 three-arm caliper; MSI 2PGA-1000 poly-gamma; Advanced Logic Technologies Abi40 acoustic televiewer (ATV); and MSI HFP-2293 Heat Pulse Flow Meter (HPFM).

A computer housed on the HGI quad controlled the system. An HGI geologist monitored the logs in real time during data acquisition and recorded hardware and software settings as well as data anomalies on field-data acquisition forms. Raw data from the logging runs were stored digitally on the computer for later analysis and plotting.

The logs and logging sequence used on this project are briefly described below.

1) Caliper Probe

Caliper logs record borehole diameter using a simple three-arm measuring system. Changes in borehole diameter are related to well construction, such as casing or drilling-bit size, and to fracturing or breakout along the borehole wall. Because borehole diameter commonly affects log response, the caliper log is useful in the analysis of other geophysical logs. Caliper data are also combined with acoustic televiewer data to produce 3-D "virtual cores." The hearty caliper tool is usually run first in order to assess the suitability of the borehole for more sensitive and expensive tools. The sampling interval was 0.04 feet at a logging rate of approximately 16 feet per minute. The caliper probe was calibrated according to manufacturer's specifications on-site before each run.

2) Polyelectric Probe

The polyelectric probe is a combination tool that measures various electrical properties, temperature, and natural gamma content of the bedrock and borehole fluid. Fluid resistivity and fluid temperature components of the polyelectric probe were used for this project.

Fluid Temperature/Resistivity Probe:

Fluid temperature logs record water temperature with depth in the borehole. These logs are useful for delineating water-bearing zones and identifying vertical flow in the borehole between zones of differing hydraulic head penetrated by wells. Borehole flow between zones is indicated by temperature gradients that are less than the regional geothermal gradient, which is about 1 degree Fahrenheit per 100 feet of depth.

Fluid resistivity logs measure the electric resistivity of water in the borehole. Changes in fluid resistivity reflect differences in the concentration of dissolved solids in water. Fluid resistivity logs are useful for delineating water-bearing zones and, possibly, contaminants in the borehole.

The sample interval for the poly-electric logging was 0.1 ft. at a logging rate of approximately 7 feet per minute.

3) Gamma Probe:

Natural gamma is useful to determine the presence and location of clay-filled fractures. These logs record the amount of natural gamma radiation emitted by the rocks surrounding the borehole. The most significant naturally occurring sources of gamma radiation are potassium-40

and daughter products of the uranium- and thorium-decay series. Shales and clay-filled fractures commonly emit relatively high gamma radiation because they include weathering products of potassium feldspar and mica and tend to concentrate uranium and thorium by ion absorption and exchange.

The natural gamma probe can be run independently or in combination as a polyelectric probe. It was run independently for this project in order to obtain data as close as possible to the bottom of the hole. The sample interval for the gamma probe was .05 feet.

4) Acoustic Televiewer (ATV) Probe

Using high frequency acoustic energy, the **acoustic televiewer** measures the acoustic impedance of the borehole wall and the two-way travel time of the transmitted signals. Major differences in travel time and reflection amplitudes from background values are seen as anomalous features. Borehole deviation data, recorded from a three-component magnetometer and two accelerometers, are used to provide the corrected orientation and shape of the imaged features. As a result, it is possible to calculate the dip direction and dip angle of imaged planar features. Discontinuities imaged with the ATV include open or filled fractures, foliation, mineralization, weathered zones, and other rock fabric.

The sample interval used for ATV logging was 0.01-foot. A scan time of 1250 µsec was used with a sample rate of 288 measurements per revolution. The logging rate was approximately 6 feet per minute. Logging tools and cable were cleaned after each run with a clean water rinse.

5) Heat Pulse Flow Meter Probe

The heat-pulse flow meter (HPFM) log is usually run under ambient and stressed conditions at predetermined depth intervals or at intervals selected on-site after a preliminary review of the previous log data. The tool contains a thermistor, for generating a pulse of heat into the water, and two temperature sensors for measuring the direction and magnitude of the pulse of heated water in the borehole. Diverters are used to channel the heated water flow past the sensors for measurement. The HPFM measures the direction and rate of induced low vertical flow in the borehole. The HPFM probe is designed to resolve flow rates from approximately 0.02 to 1.0 gal/min. Accurate measurements require sufficient time between readings for the area around the tool to stabilize. At least three readings, each lasting up to 15 seconds, are recorded per interval to obtain a reasonable average measurement. The HPFM log is run under ambient and stressed well conditions to provide data for quantitative flow analyses. In certain circumstances, such as with very small open-hole intervals and wells with very low or very high well recharge rates, reasonable pump rates cannot be maintained for measuring flow under stressed-well conditions. In such cases, testing can be performed to obtain the relative productivity of the exposed fractures.

5) Deviation Probe

The 2DVA-1000 system reports borehole inclination, bearing, true vertical depth, northing, and easting. These parameters are calculated in real time using the quantities measured by the probe.

A three-axis magnetometer and a three-axis accelerometer measure the magnetic field and acceleration in three different directions, that is, along three orthogonal axes.

These measurements are temperature corrected by a down-hole microprocessor. The values are transmitted to the surface for processing.

A sampling interval of 0.2 feet and logging rate of 12 feet per minute were used for the 2DVA-1000 deviation probe measurements.

3.0 DATA REDUCTION

Despite the short interval in many of the boreholes, considerable effort was necessary to process and compile the log data into useable form. One hundred and three (103) separate log runs were made in eighteen (18) boreholes under difficult access and borehole conditions. These data were reduced to forty separate logs for the eighteen boreholes.

Borehole logging data were processed as graphical logs using WELLCAD for Windows© software system and Excel spreadsheets. Logs are combined to allow for more efficient graphical log analysis (Appendix A). Log data are shown as linear or logarithmic graphs to manifest the log data ranges and highlight readings that depart from baseline and background values. Field logging depths were referenced to the top of casing and adjusted to ground surface for log presentation.

Log processing techniques were employed in order to extract some fracture data from decentralized intervals. Image data were normalized and smoothed to enhance the quality of the images for structure analysis.

Structure logs identifying notable discontinuities from ATV image data were constructed using WELLCAD. Borehole image and deviation logs were rotated from magnetic north to account for a site-specific 14.98-degree west magnetic declination. Structural data are, therefore, relative to true north. The structure (discontinuity) data were used to calculate dip direction and dip angle (Appendix B, Tables 1-9), which were then used to construct stereonet and rose projections shown on the logs and in Appendix C. The stereonets are southern hemisphere equal-area Schmidt projections showing *dip direction (azimuth) and dip angle*. The rose diagrams for each borehole project the percentage of the total data.

Relative apertures of the imaged discontinuities in the three boreholes have been interpreted and included in Tables 1-9 of Appendix B and as color-coded poles on the stereonet projections on the logs and in Appendix C. The ranking system is based on caliper, acoustic amplitude, and acoustic travel time logs. The ranking index is subjective and attempts to qualitatively characterize the individual discontinuities. Red (code 105), green (code 106), blue (code 107), and magenta (code 110) colors represent wide, moderate, small, and tight fracture aperture, respectively. Cyan (code 108) represents veins, foliation and/or cleavage measurements.

File 2008133 Page 7

Borehole deviation data obtained from deviation or ATV logs are shown as bull's eye and 3-D cylindrical projection plots in Appendix D. The deviation logs and projections show the borehole tilt, azimuth of deviation, and the total vertical depth of the borehole path. The deviation plots can be viewed on the WellCAD logs with the WellCAD reader.

4.0 RESULTS

Included in this report are the borehole geophysical logs (Appendix A), structure data in the form of tables (Appendix B), stereonets and rose diagrams (Appendix C), and deviation plots (Appendix D). A detailed log analysis is required to understand the log-data relationships that may exist in the data presented herein and that may relate to groundwater flow and bedrock fractures. Some general observations are presented below.

Structure data from all but two boreholes indicate predominant dip directions to the southeast, south, and northwest. Wells 27-1 and 27-2 show predominant dip directions of southeast and northeast, respectively.

HPFM data suggest that the most active fractures are located within the first 50 feet (Appendix A). Anomalous downward ambient flow was observed near the bottom in Well 20-1A.

Natural gamma logs reveal baseline shifts and individual kicks that relate to changes in rock composition or condition and the nature of some fracture fillings.

5.0 LIMITATIONS OF ATV DATA

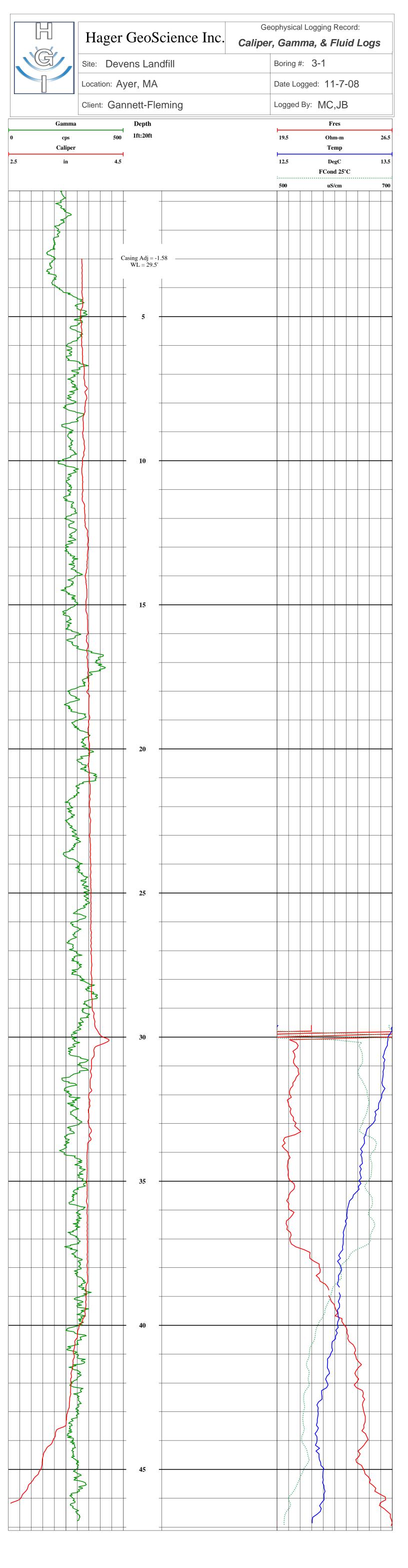
The ATV must be properly centered in the borehole to provide clear images. Eccentricity of the ATV tool in the borehole will produce an asymmetrical pattern of the acoustic wave front emanating from the tool, thereby making it difficult to establish a uniform background amplitude and travel-time log of the reflected energy against which the anomalous reflections can be discerned. Borehole tilt and small borehole diameters both degrade data quality.

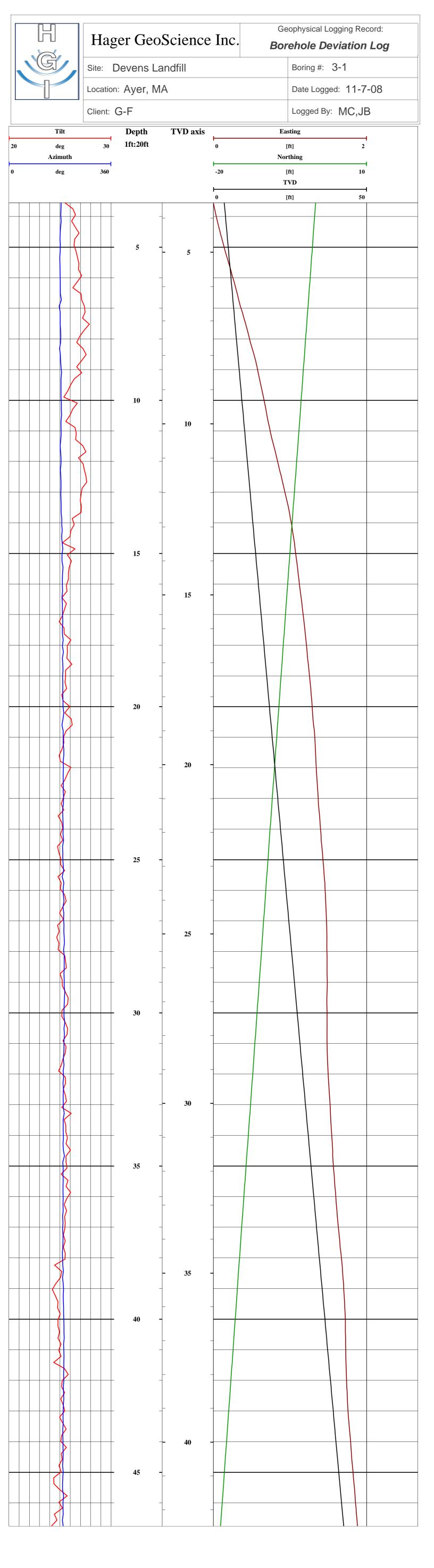
ATV features or discontinuities may represent open or filled fractures, foliation, and mineralized or weathered zones. Interpreting the type of feature present from the ATV log requires using other logs or core data, if available. For open fractures imaged in the ATV log, the width of the feature does not represent the true aperture. A portion of the acoustic energy hitting the fracture surface is diffracted. The recorded arrivals of these diffractions will appear on the log above and below the normal position of the fracture edges as lower-amplitude arrivals with longer travel times. Subtle changes in amplitude within each discontinuity can be used to approximate the true aperture; however, the measurement is approximate and should be designated as "apparent aperture."

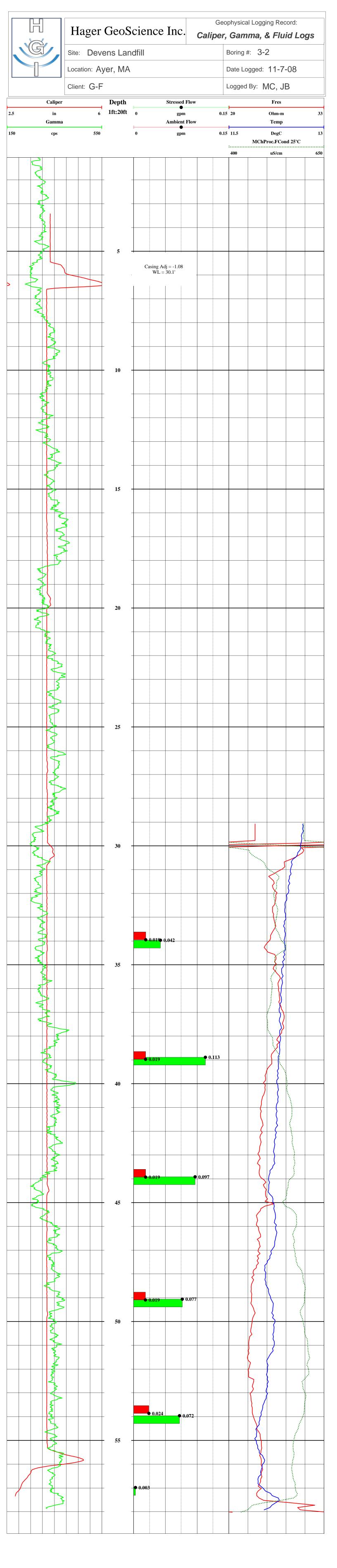
APPENDICES

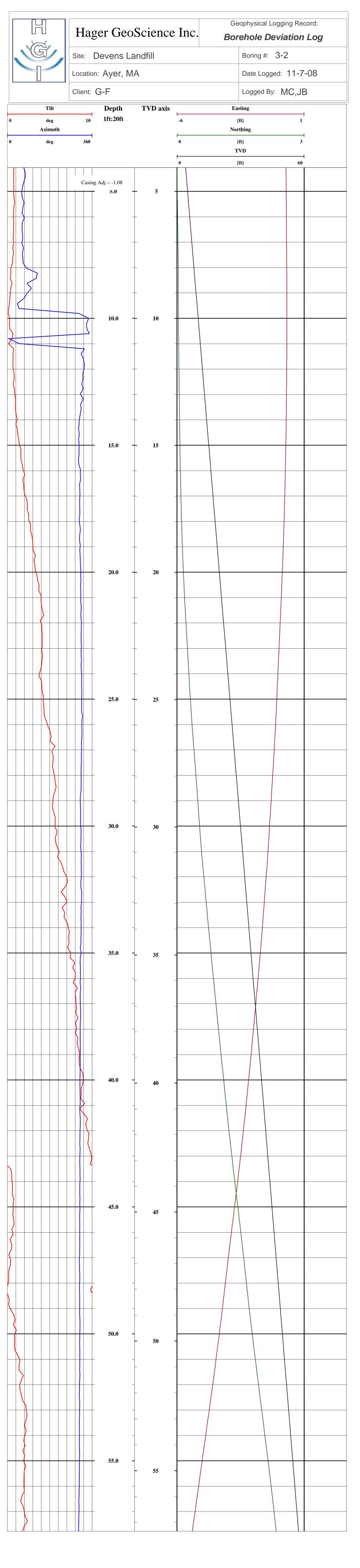
A through D

APPENDIX A. REPORT WELL LOGS









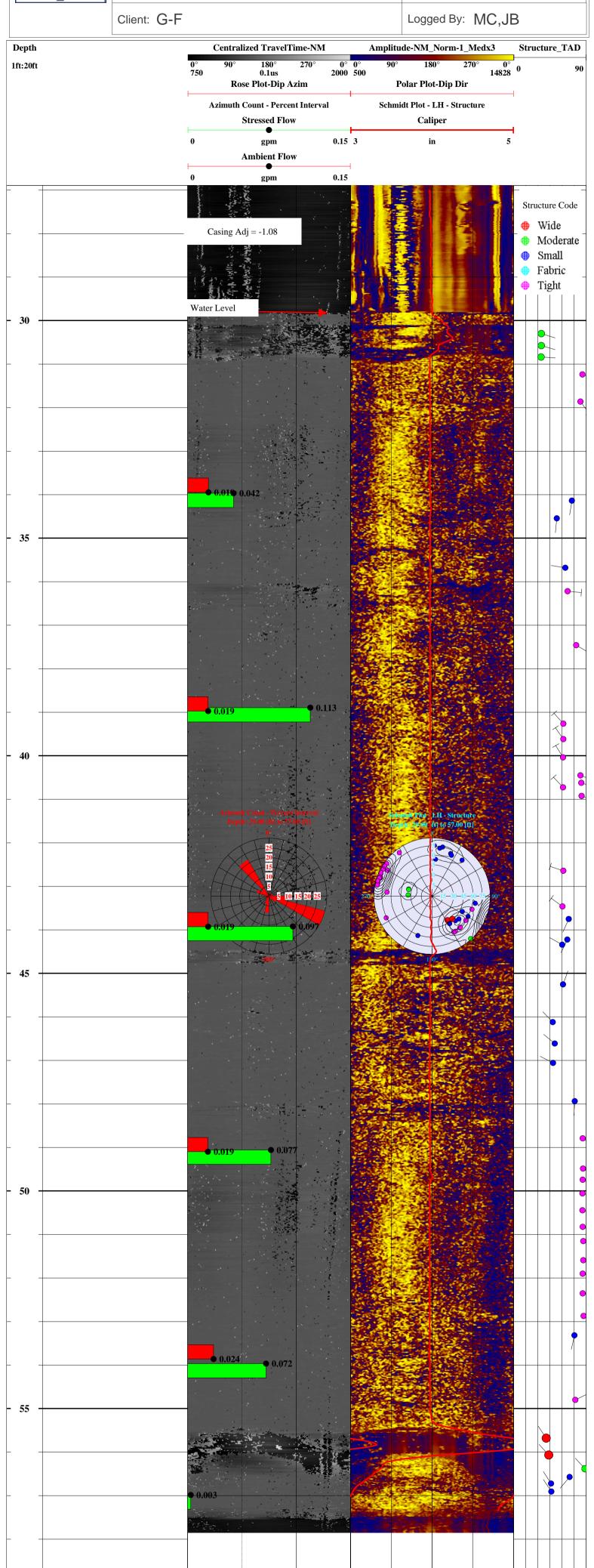


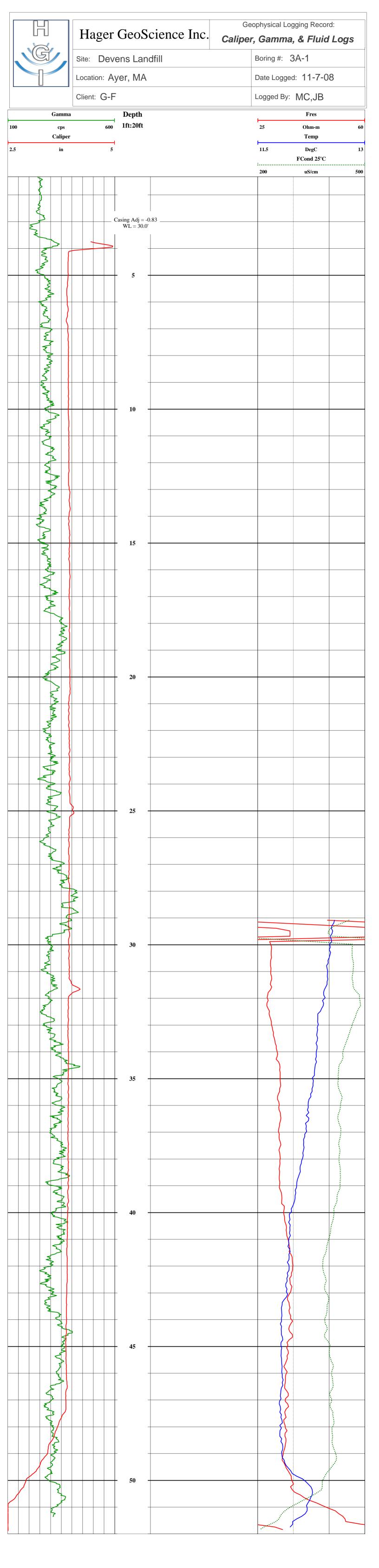
Geophysical Logging Record:

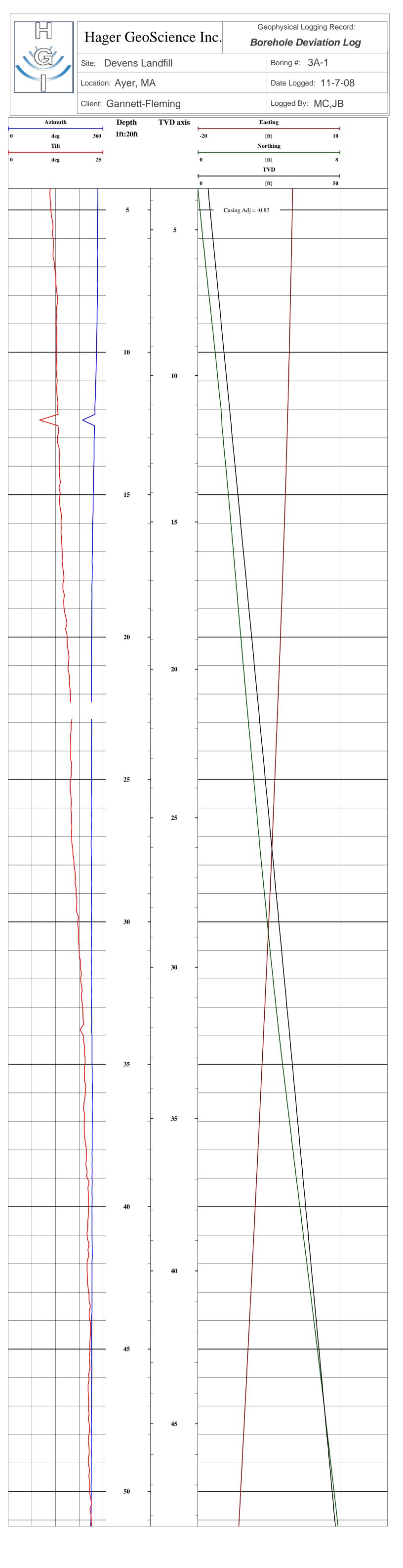
Image & Structure Logs

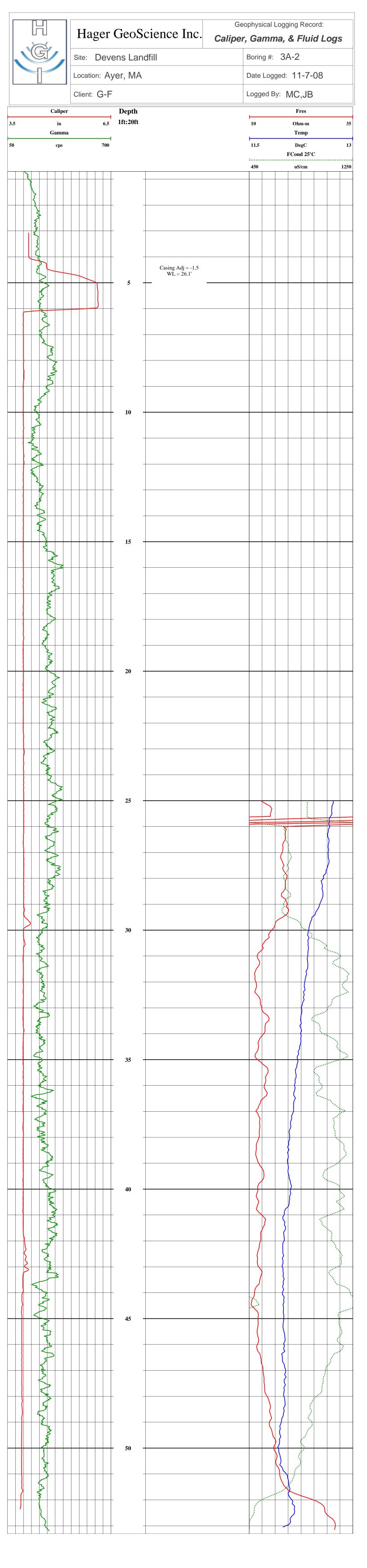
Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: 3-2

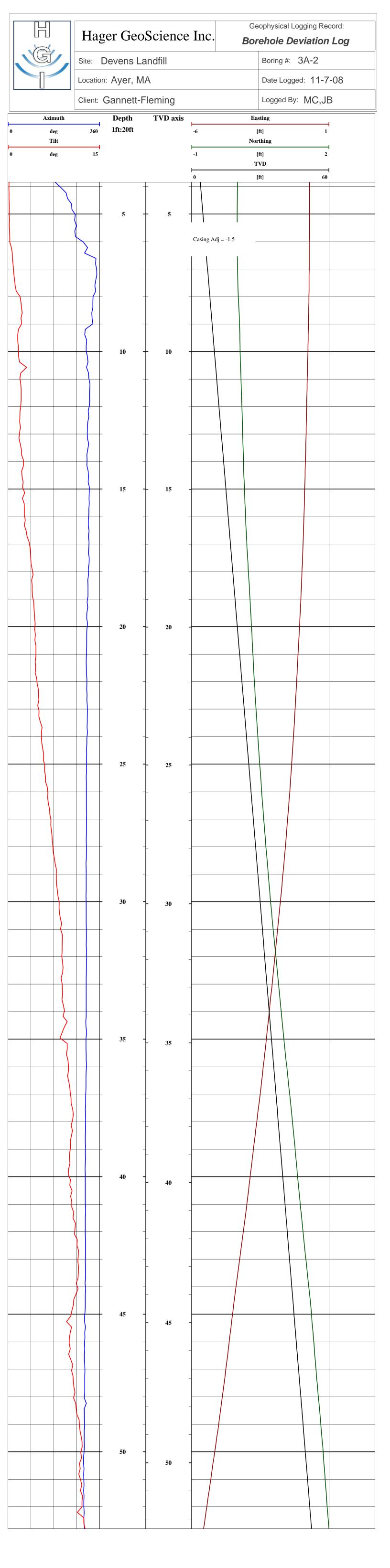
Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 11-7-08

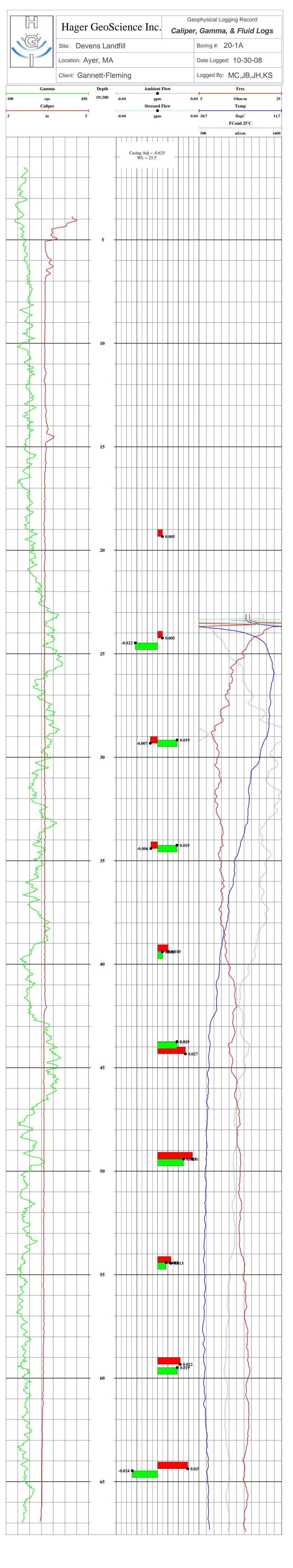


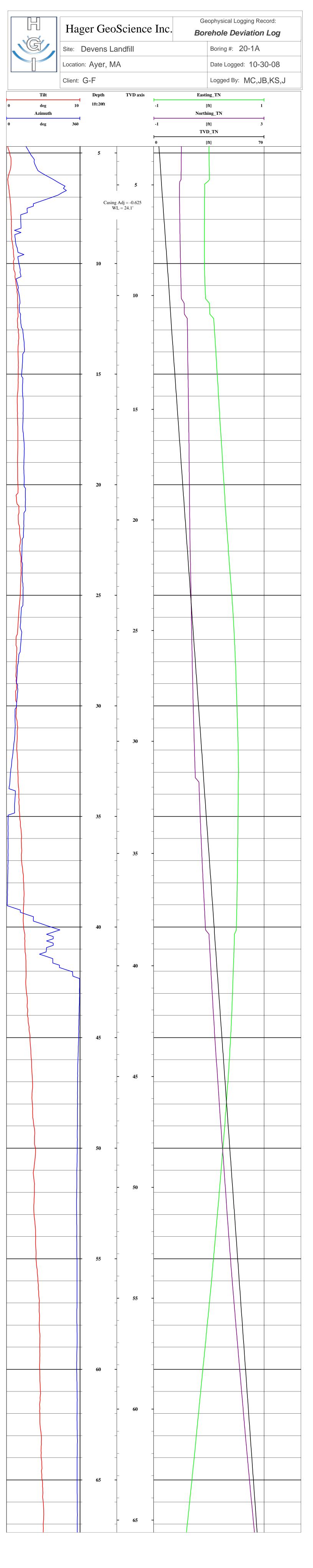


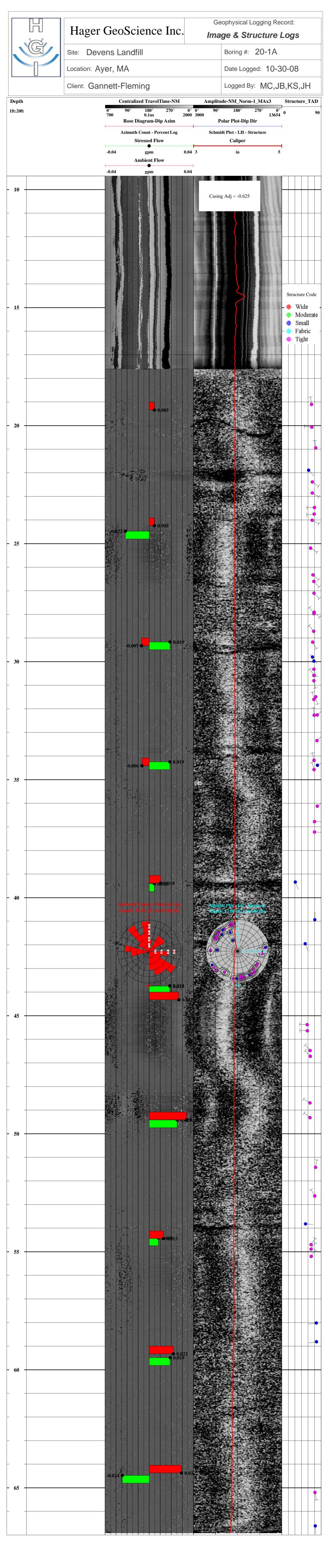














Geophysical Logging Record:

Caliper, Gamma, & Fluid Logs

Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: 20-2

Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 11-13-08

Caliper 3 in 4.5				Depth 1ft:20ft				Fres 15 Ohm-m 20						
	Gamma						<u> </u>			Tool.)		
	cps		500					10.2		DegC FCond 25'C				10.
							800		uS/cm				9(
3				-										
1				_										
	3				Casing Adj W.L. = 23.	= -0.3 1'								
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Geophysical Logging Record:

Borehole Deviation Log

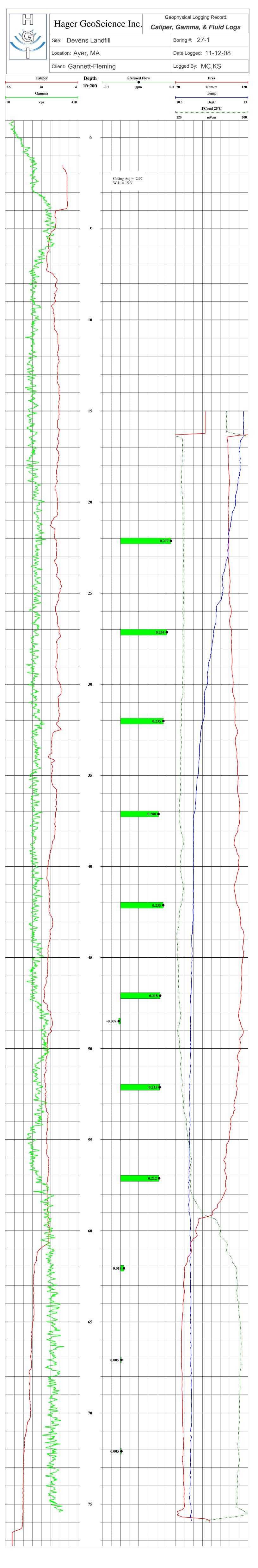
Boring #: 20-2

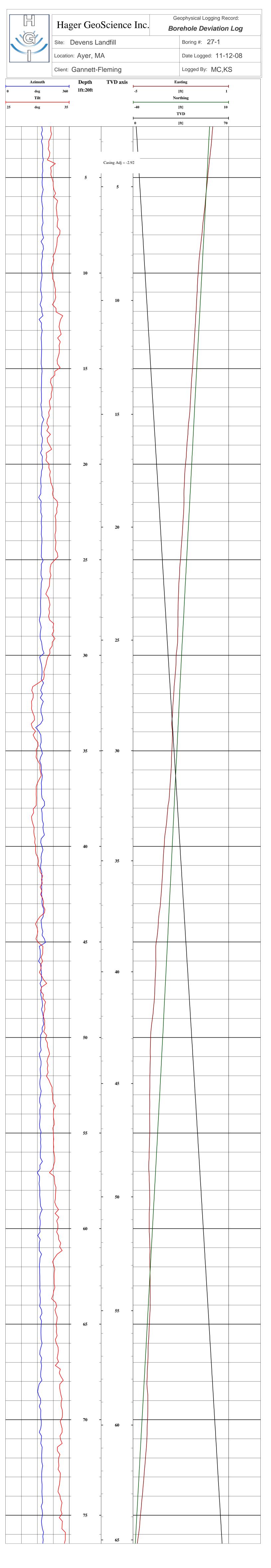
Site: Devens Landfill

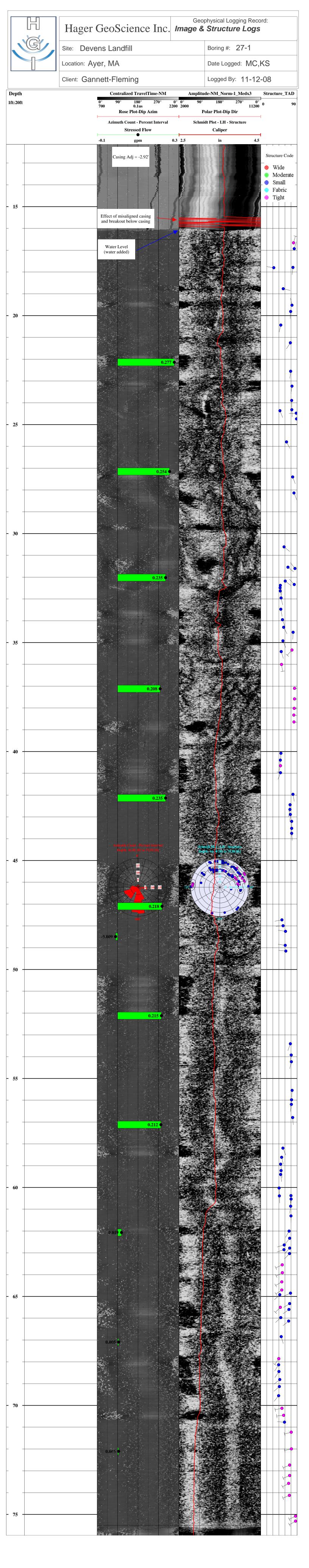
Date Logged: 11-13-08

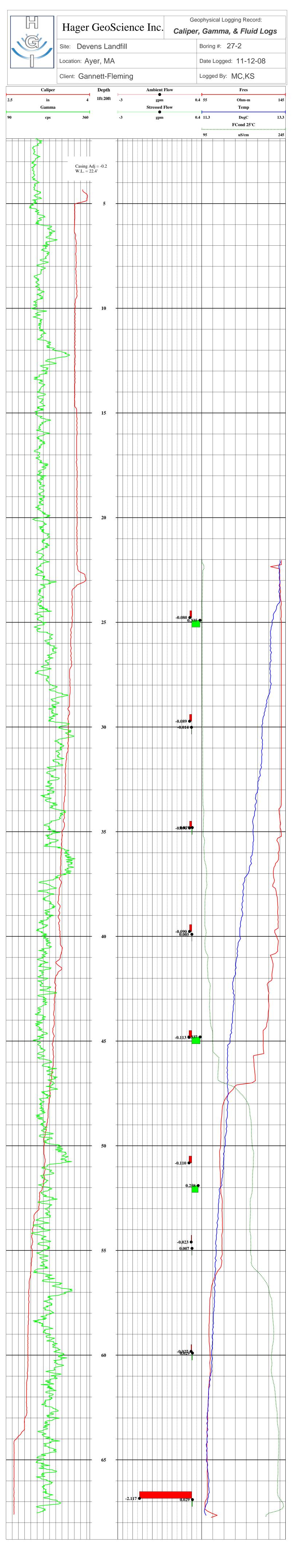
Location: Ayer, MA

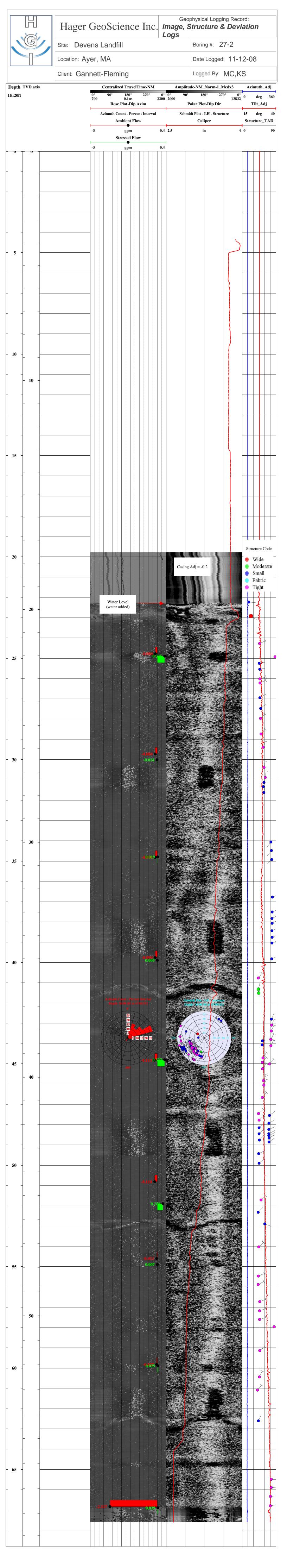
Client: Gannett-Fleming ${\sf Logged\ By:\ MC, KS, JH}$ Depth TVD axis Azimuth **Easting** 1ft:20ft 360 deg [ft] 0.6 Tilt Northing -0.05 0.01 deg [ft] TVD **30** [ft] Casing Adj = -0.3**10 10 15** 15 **20** 20

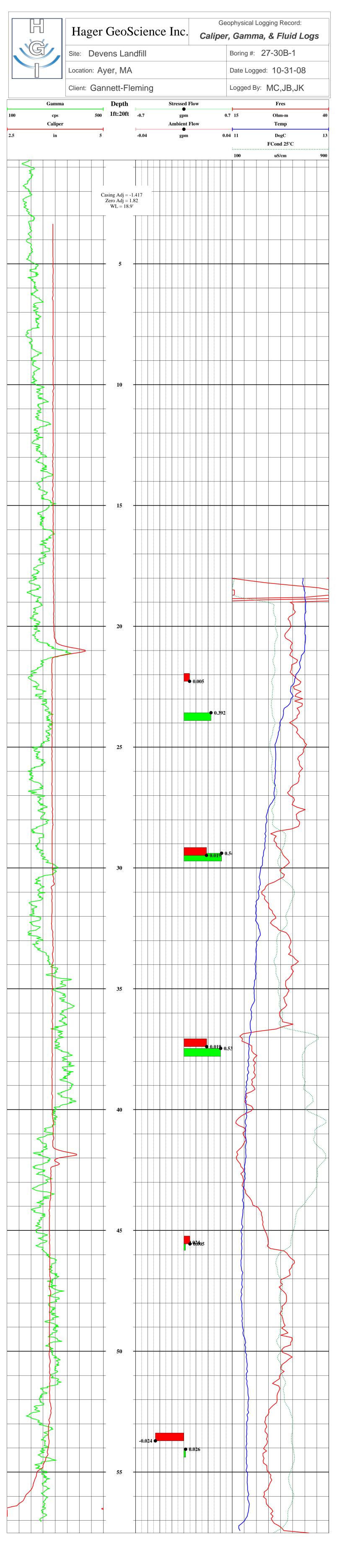


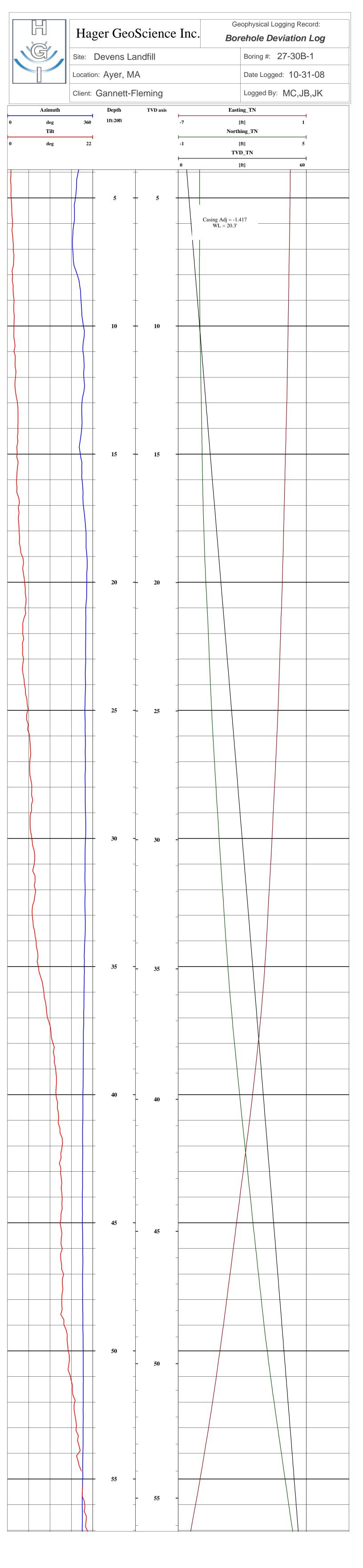


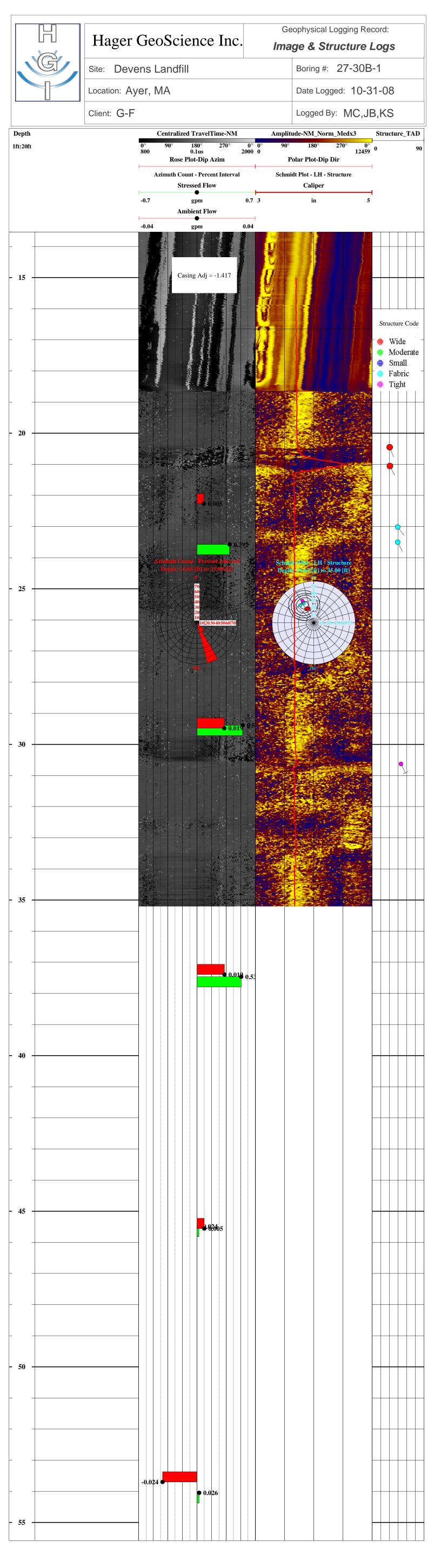














Geophysical Logging Record:

Caliper, Gamma, & Fluid Log

Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: 27-30B-2

Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 11-13-08

	Caliper		Depth		Fres						
3 in 5 Gamma				18	Ohm-m Temp	14					
)	cps	3	50	11.5	DegC FCond 25'C						
T 2 1				95	uS/cm	760					
	3		0								
	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N										
	2	Ca W	sing Adj = -2.5' .L. = 18.7'								
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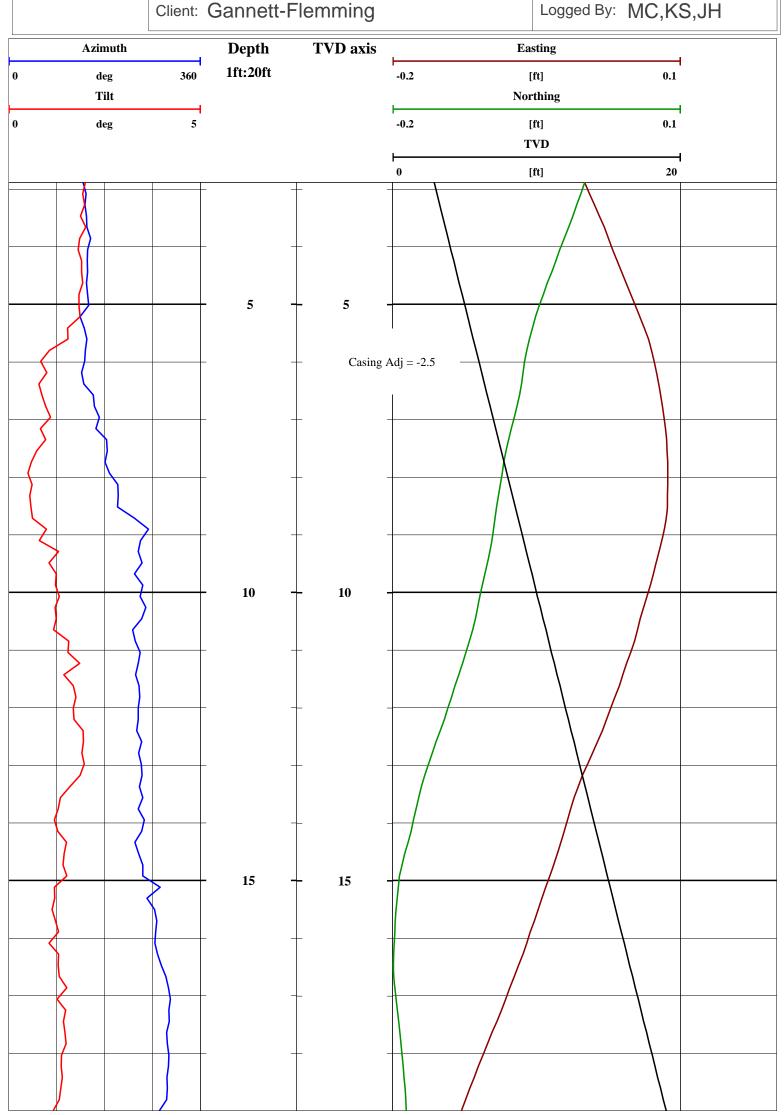
Geophysical Logging Record:

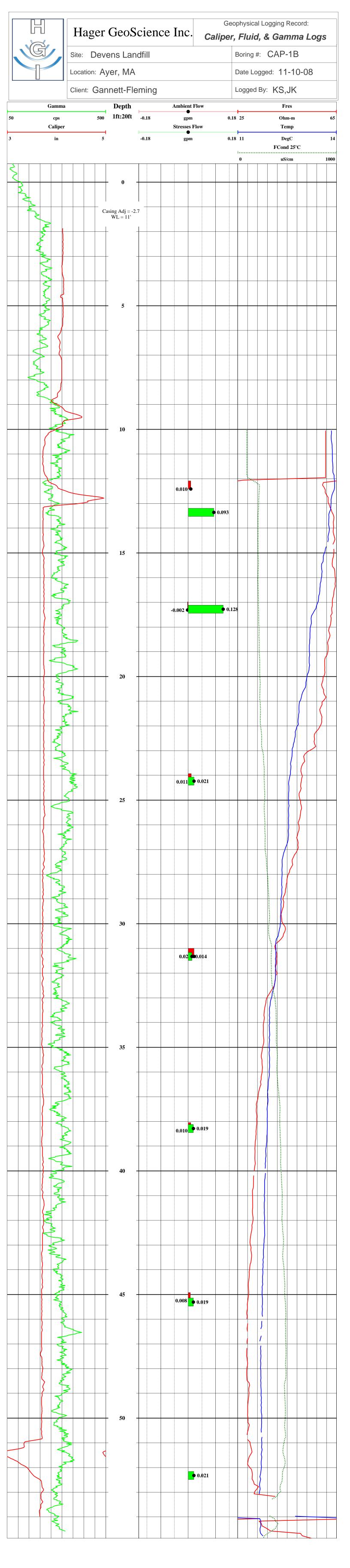
Borehole Deviation Log

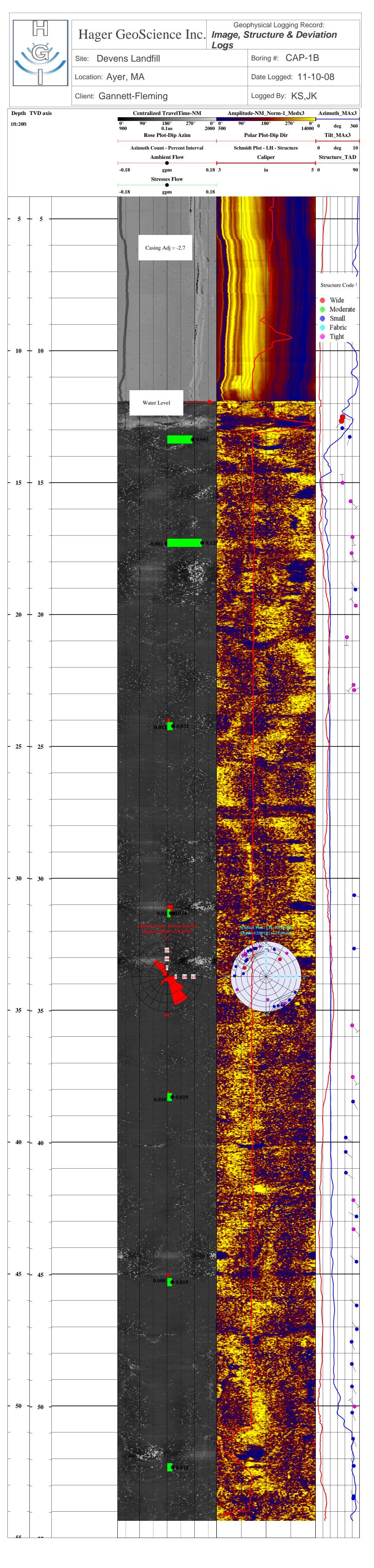
Site: **Devens Landfill** Boring #: 27-30B-2

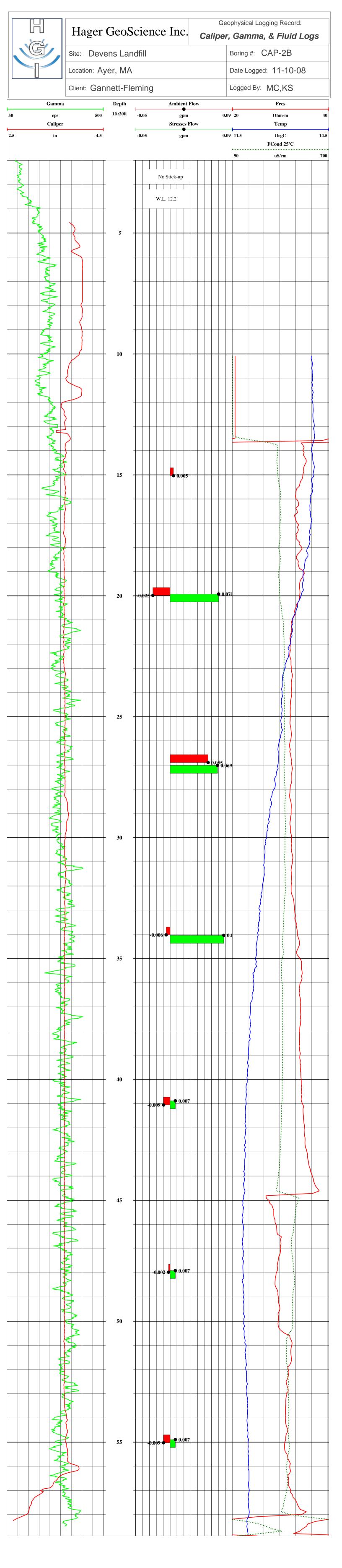
Location: Ayer, MA

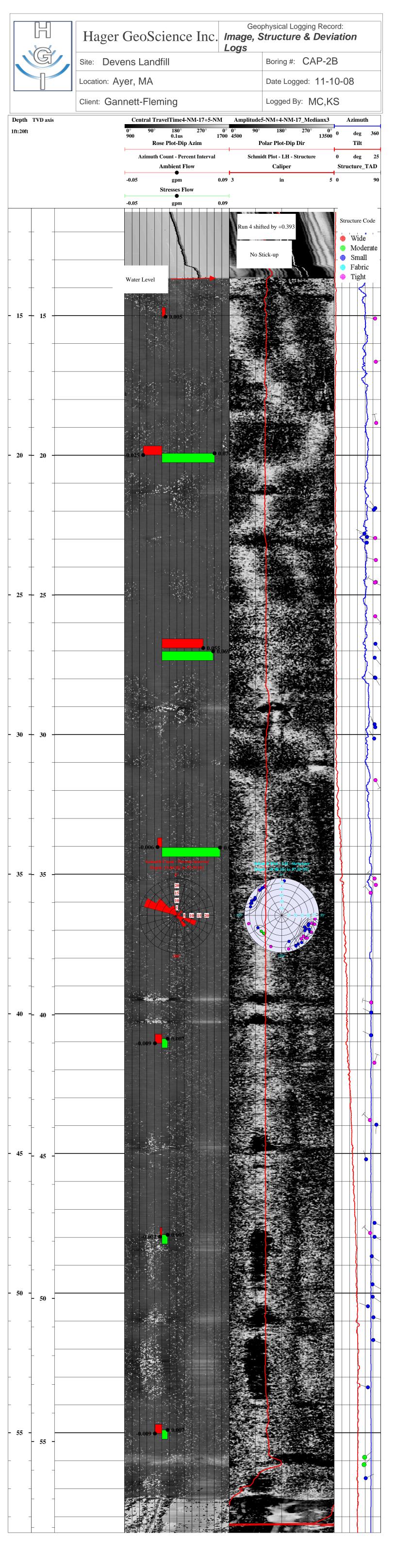
Date Logged: 11-13-08

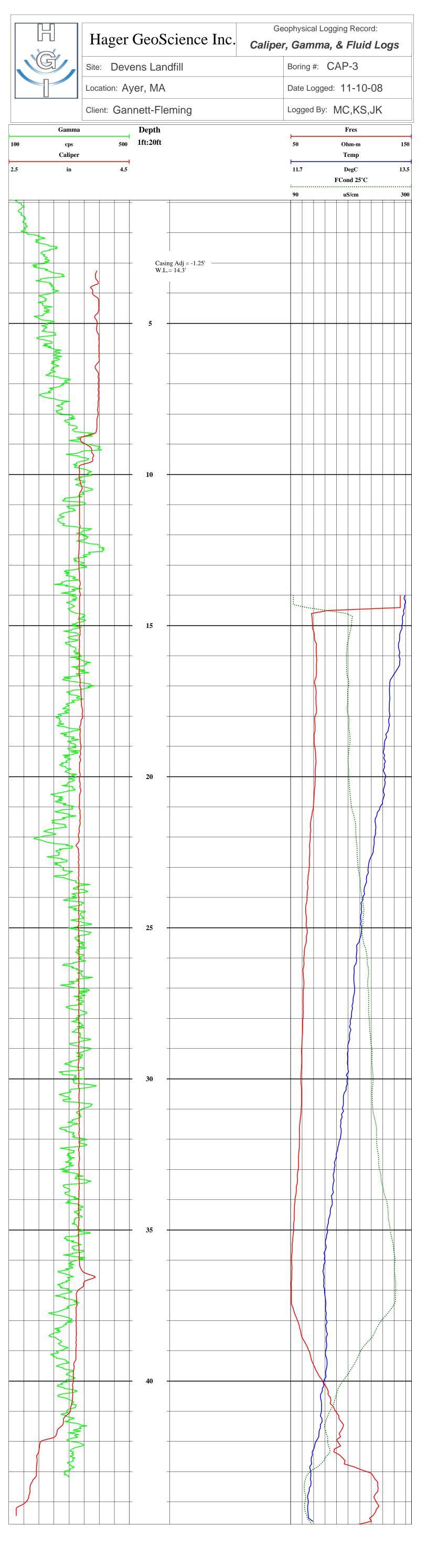














Geophysical Logging Record:

Borehole Deviation Log

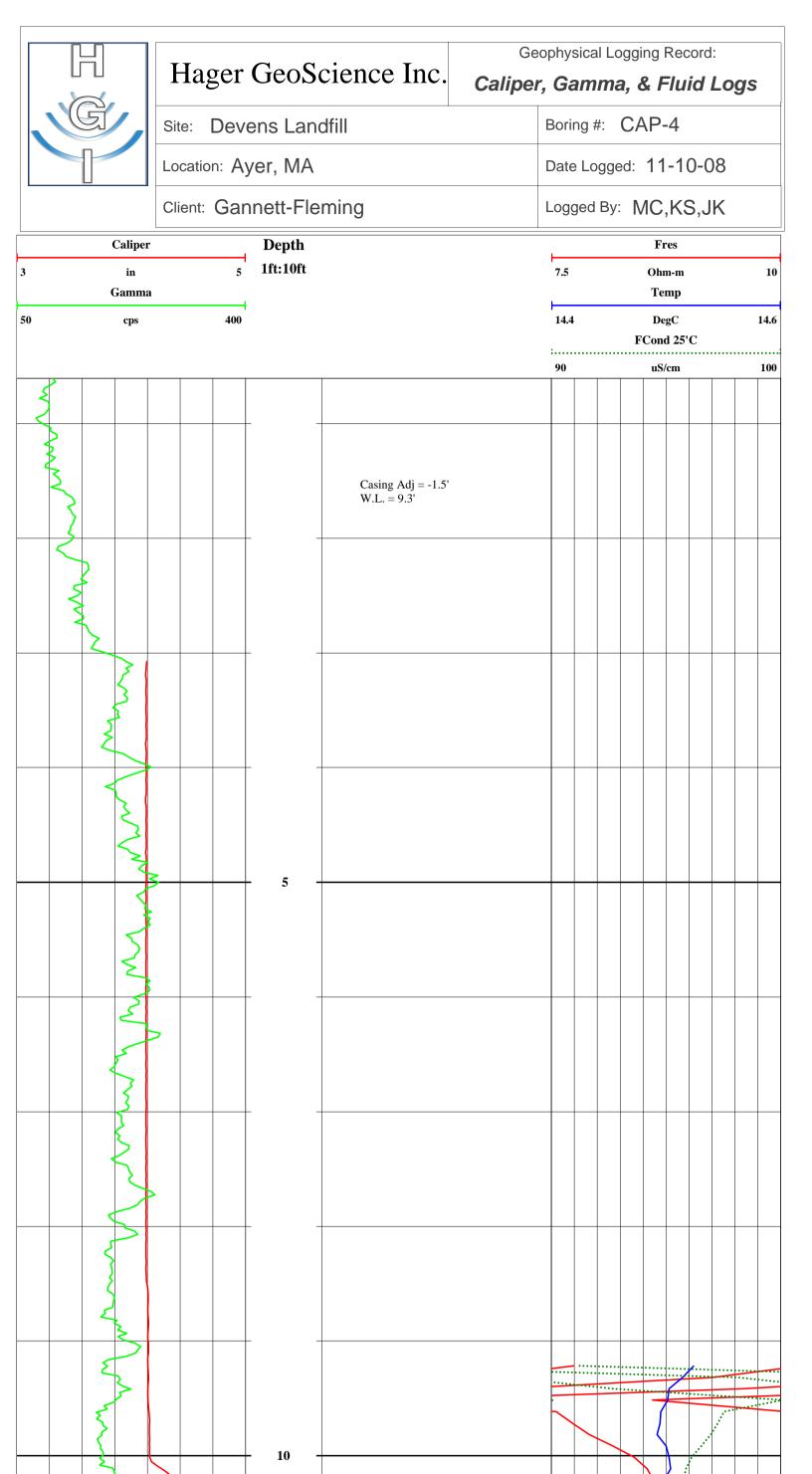
Site: Devens Landfill

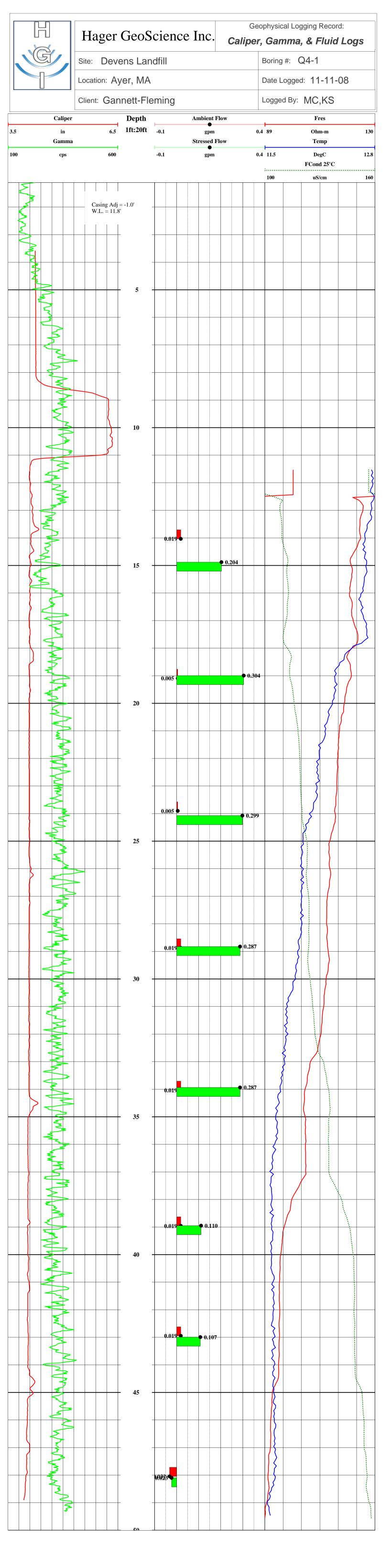
Boring #: CAP-3

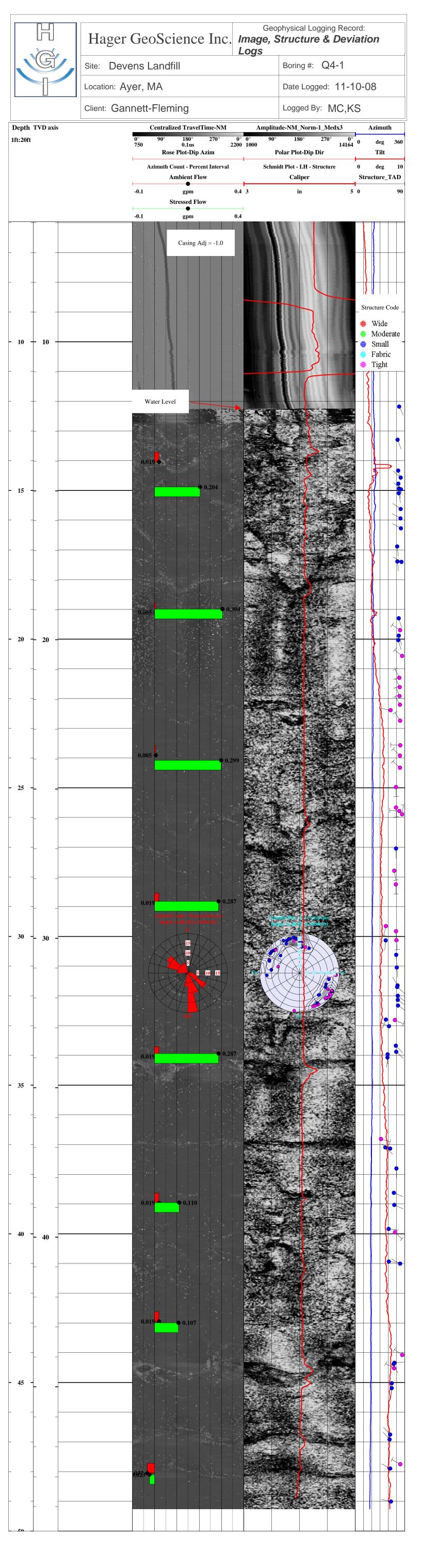
Location: Ayer, MA

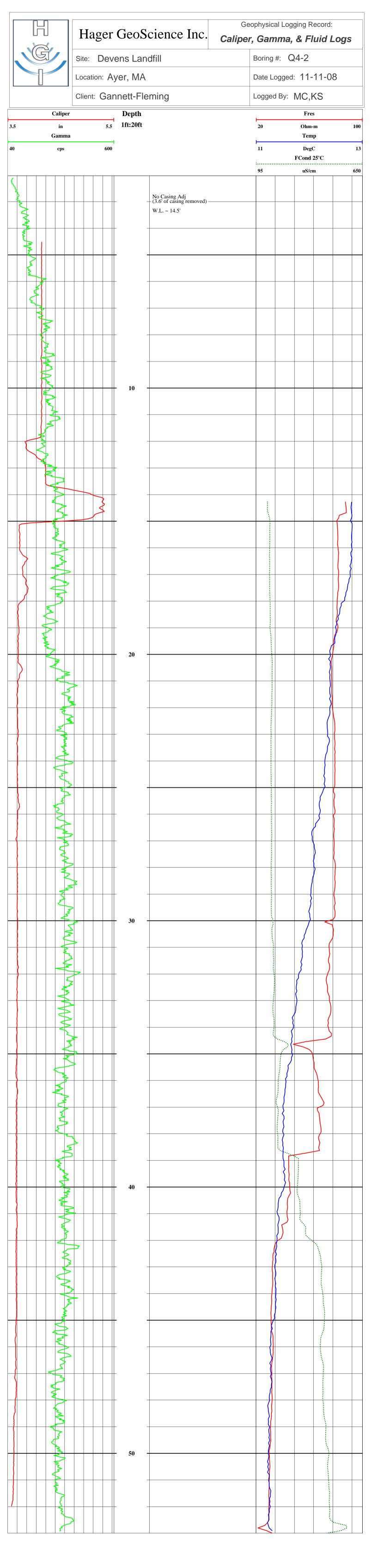
Date Logged: 11-10-08

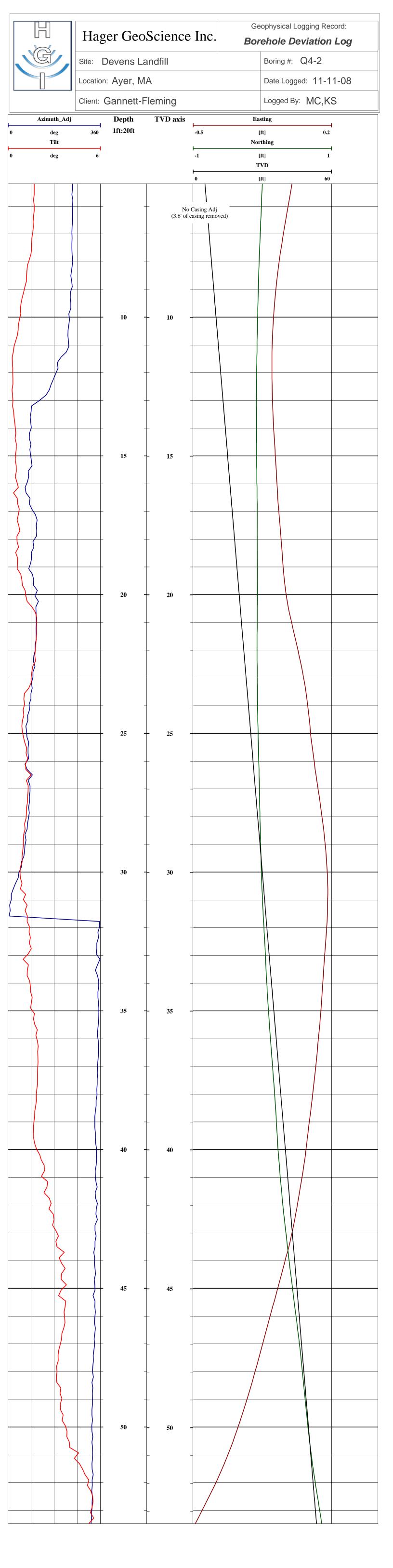
		Gannett-F	leming	Logged By: MC,KS,JK					
Tilt deg	5	Depth 1ft:20ft	TVD axis	-0.6 [ft] 0.1					
Azimuth 0 deg	360			-0.6 [ft] 0.1					
				TVD 0 [ft] 50					
		5 -	- 5						
		- -	_ Casing Ad	j = -1.25					
	>	10 -	- 10						
		. 15 -	- 15						
		_	_						
		. 20 -	- 20						
			-						
		25 -	- 25						
			-						
			- 30						
		- - - -							
		35 -	- 35						
		- 40 -	- 40						
		-	-						

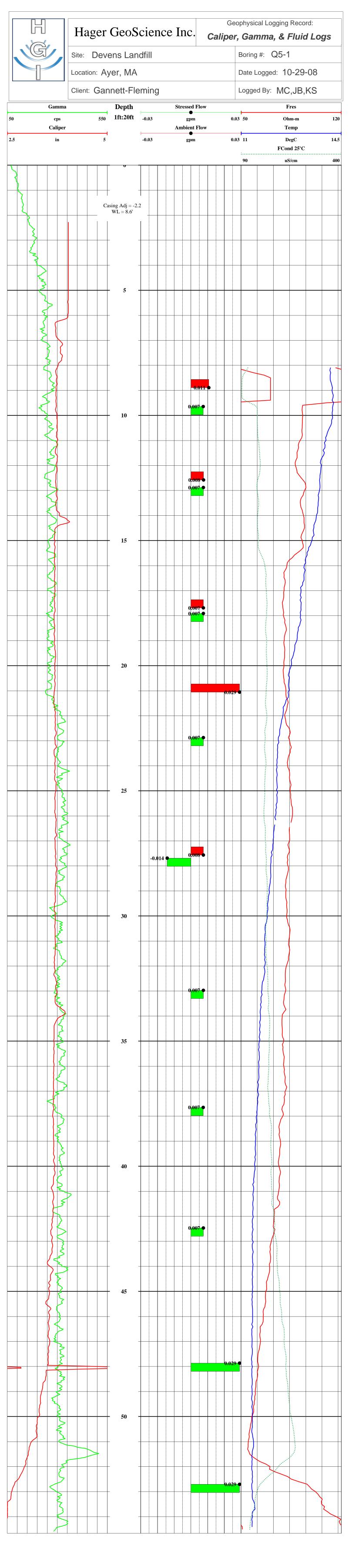


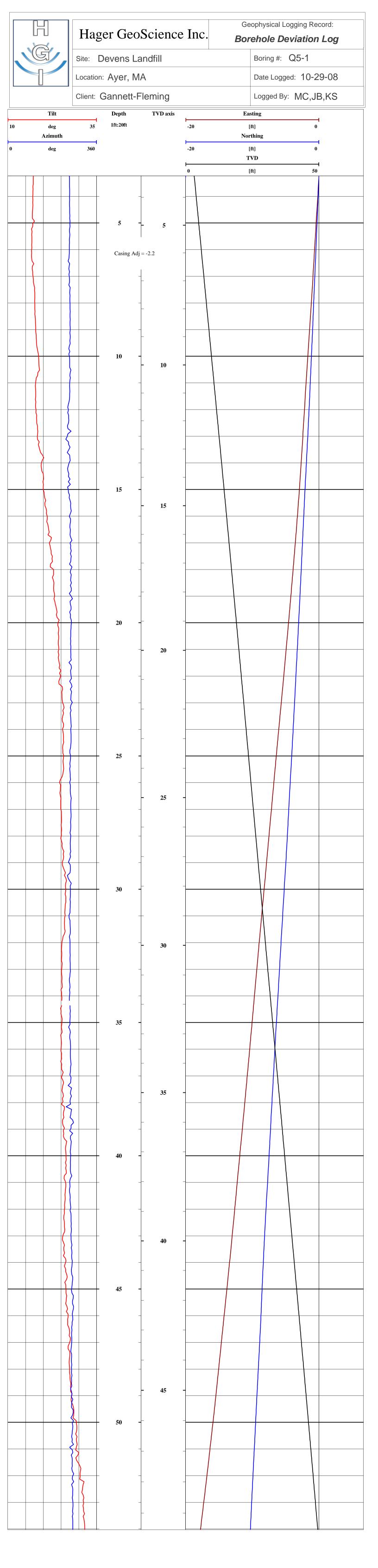


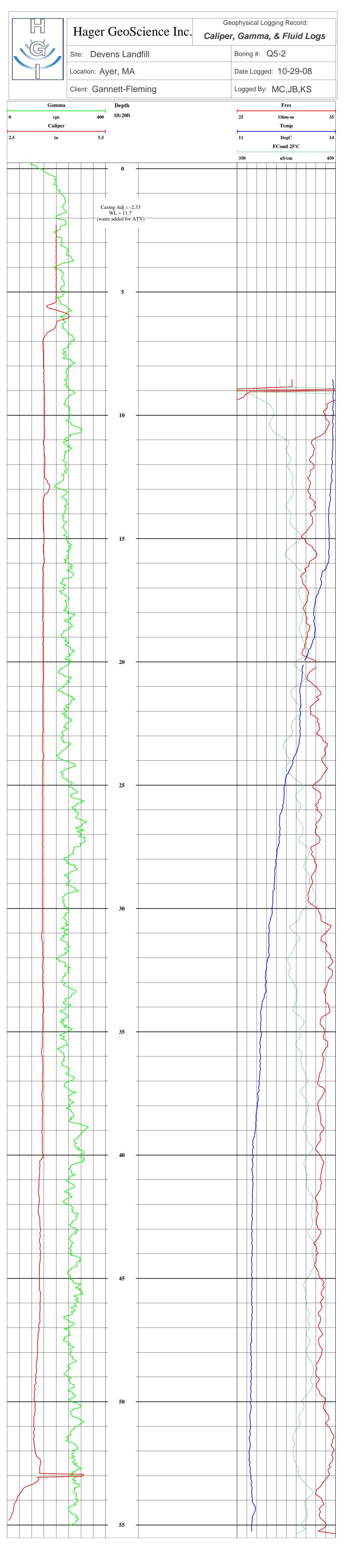


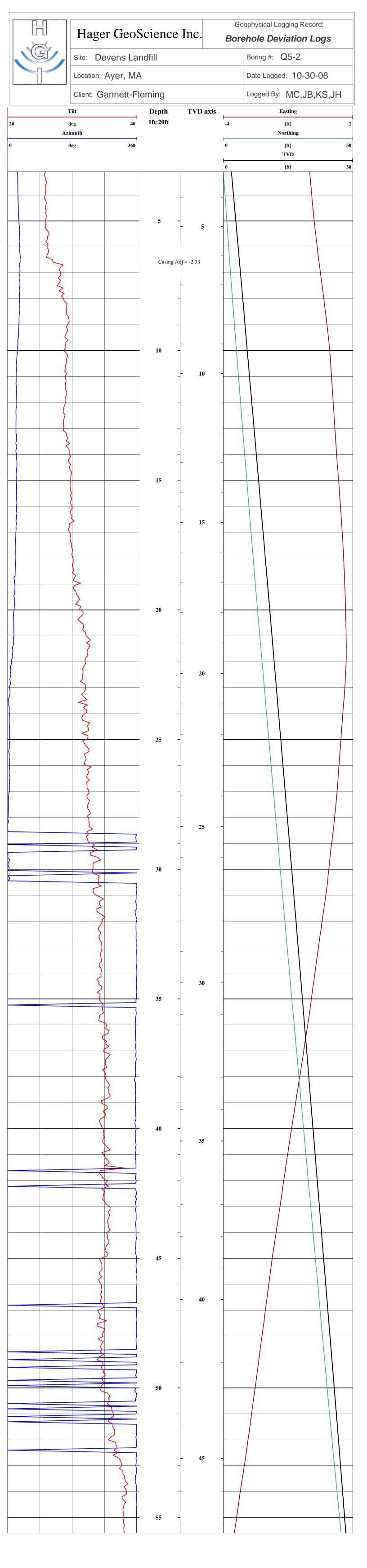












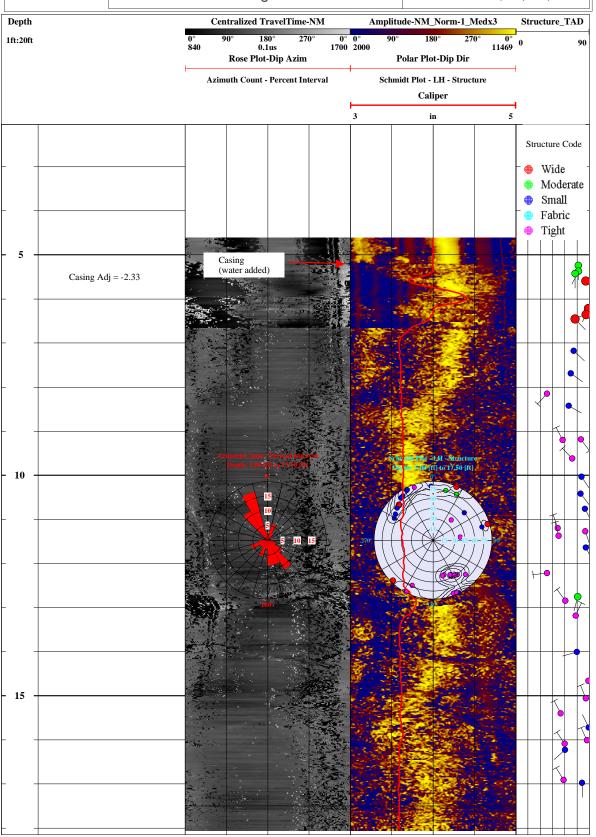


Geophysical Logging Record:

Image & Structure Logs

Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: Q5-2

Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 10-30-08



APPENDIX B.

STRUCTURE TABLES

Table 1 Well 3-2 Structure Data

			Apparent			Azimuth	Strike	Dip	Strike
Depth	True Dip	True Dip	Apparent	Code	Code	Strike	Direction	Direction	Direction
(ft bgl)	Azimuth	Angle	Code	Desc.	Color	(RHR)	(RHR)	Quadrant	Quadrant
30.3	107.2	34.7	106	Moderate	Green	17.2	NE	SE	NE
30.6	107.2	34.6	106	Moderate	Green	15.6	NE NE	SE	NE NE
30.8	93.0	34.1	106	Moderate	Green	3.0	NE	SE	NE
31.2	109.7	85.5	110	Tight	Magenta	19.7	NE	SE	NE
31.9	142.8	83.1	110	Tight	Magenta	52.8	NE	SE	NE
34.1	189.2	72.3	107	Small	Blue	99.2	SE	SW	NW
34.5	185.5	53.5	107	Small	Blue	95.5	SE	SW	NW
35.7	279.5	64.4	107	Small	Blue	189.5	SW	NW	NE
36.2	95.4	67.1	110	Tight	Magenta	5.4	NE	SE	NE NE
37.5	119.9	77.7	110		Magenta	29.9	NE NE	SE	NE NE
39.3	318.6	61.7	110	Tight Tight	Magenta	228.6	SW	NW	NE NE
39.6	326.3	62.0	110		Magenta	236.3	SW	NW	NE NE
40.0	328.9	61.5	110	Tight	_	238.9	SW	NW	NE NE
40.0 40.5	328.9 110.0	83.2	110	Tight	Magenta Magenta	238.9	S W NE	SE	NE NE
40.5		84.0	110	Tight	_	19.1	NE NE	SE SE	NE NE
	109.1			Tight	Magenta	227.6	SW	NW	NE NE
40.7	317.6	61.6	110	Tight	Magenta	20.1	S W NE	SE	NE NE
40.9	110.1	84.4	110	Tight	Magenta	198.3	SW	SE NW	NE NE
42.6	288.3	61.7	110	Tight	Magenta				
43.5	305.9	60.7	110	Tight	Magenta	215.9	SW	NW	NE
43.8	203.7	68.7	107	Small	Blue	113.7	SE	SW	NW
44.2	205.4	67.0	107	Small	Blue	115.4	SE	SW	NW
44.3	299.4	60.5	107	Small	Blue	209.4	SW	NW	NE
45.3	20.0	61.6	107	Small	Blue	290.0	NW	NE	NW
46.1	316.4	48.8	107	Small	Blue	226.4	SW	NW	NE
46.6	310.2	51.1	107	Small	Blue	220.2	SW	NW	NE
47.1	297.1	49.0	107	Small	Blue	207.1	SW	NW	NE
47.9	182.9	76.1	107	Small	Blue	92.9	SE	SW	NW
48.8	125.7	86.0	110	Tight	Magenta	35.7	NE	SE	NE
49.5	122.4	86.3	110	Tight	Magenta	32.4	NE	SE	NE
49.7	119.0	85.8	110	Tight	Magenta	29.0	NE	SE	NE
50.1	109.3	85.7	110	Tight	Magenta	19.3	NE	SE	NE
50.4	109.2	85.7	110	Tight	Magenta	19.2	NE	SE	NE
50.8	113.6	86.0	110	Tight	Magenta	23.6	NE	SE	NE
51.2	114.8	86.8	110	Tight	Magenta	24.8	NE	SE	NE
51.6	105.9	86.5	110	Tight	Magenta	15.9	NE	SE	NE
51.9	103.7	85.8	110	Tight	Magenta	13.7	NE	SE	NE
52.4	101.6	85.8	110	Tight	Magenta	11.6	NE	SE	NE
52.9	106.0	87.1	110	Tight	Magenta	16.0	NE	SE	NE
53.3	192.4	75.5	107	Small	Blue	102.4	SE	SW	NW
54.8	64.8	76.7	110	Tight	Magenta	334.8	NW	NE	NW
55.7	327.2	40.6	105	Large	Red	237.2	SW	NW	NE
56.1	318.3	43.7	105	Large	Red	228.3	SW	NW	NE
56.4	317.8	88.8	106	Moderate	Green	227.8	SW	NW	NE
56.6	219.9	69.5	107	Small	Blue	129.9	SE	SW	NW
56.7	327.7	46.7	107	Small	Blue	237.7	SW	NW	NE
56.9	326.9	47.0	107	Small	Blue	236.9	SW	NW	NE

Table 2 Well 20-1A Structure Data

				icture Dat					
			Apparent			Azimuth	Strike	Dip	Strike
Depth	True Dip	True Dip	Aperture	Code	Code	Strike	Direction	Direction	Direction
(ft bgl)	Azimuth	Angle	Code	Desc.	Color	(RHR)	(RHR)	Quadrant	Quadrant
19.1	351.6	68.1	110	Tight	Magenta	261.6	SW	NW	NE
20.1	275.7	69.0	110	Tight	Magenta	185.7	sw	NW	NE
21.0	353.4	77.7	110	Tight	Magenta	263.4	sw	NW	NE
21.9	136.3	61.5	107	Small	Blue	46.3	NE	SE	NE
22.4	123.3	70.1	110	Tight	Magenta	33.3	NE	SE	NE
22.9	119.6	69.8	110	Tight	Magenta	29.6	NE	SE	NE
23.5	270.5	74.8	110	Tight	Magenta	180.5	sw	NW	NE
23.8	265.5	74.2	110	Tight	Magenta	175.5	SE	SW	NW
24.0	117.0	69.6	110	Tight	Magenta	27.0	NE	SE	NE
25.2	122.5	66.2	110	Tight	Magenta	32.5	NE	SE	NE
26.3	129.8	71.5	110	Tight	Magenta	39.8	NE	SE	NE
26.6	136.1	73.4	110	Tight	Magenta	46.1	NE	SE	NE
27.1	134.8	73.8	110	Tight	Magenta	44.8	NE	SE	NE
27.9	132.3	74.3	110	Tight	Magenta	42.3	NE	SE	NE
28.0	326.3	73.4	110	Tight	Magenta	236.3	SW	NW	NE
28.7	320.6	73.3	110	Tight	Magenta	230.6	SW	NW	NE
29.2	148.7	70.8	110	Tight	Magenta	58.7	NE	SE	NE
29.8	144.9	70.5	107	Small	Blue	54.9	NE	SE	NE
30.0	333.3	73.6	107	Small	Blue	243.3	SW	NW	NE
30.3	162.4	73.5	110	Tight	Magenta	72.4	NE	SE	NE
30.6	328.3	73.4	110	Tight	Magenta	238.3	SW	NW	NE
30.8	168.6	73.6	110	Tight	Magenta	78.6	NE	SE	NE
31.5	165.0	77.7	110	Tight	Magenta	75.0	NE	SE	NE
31.6	349.7	73.6	110	Tight	Magenta	259.7	SW	NW	NE
32.3	48.3	81.2	110	Tight	Magenta	318.3	NW	NE	NW
32.3	353.5	74.1	110	Tight	Magenta	263.5	SW	NW	NE
33.4	47.9	80.6	110	Tight	Magenta	317.9	NW	NE	NW
34.2	348.5	73.9	110	Tight	Magenta	258.5	SW	NW	NE
34.4	61.7	81.5	107	Small	Blue	331.7	NW	NE	NW
34.6	344.6	73.9	110	Tight	Magenta	254.6	SW	NW	NE
36.1	55.5	81.3	110	Tight	Magenta	325.5	NW	NE	NW
36.8	90.9	74.8	110	Tight	Magenta	0.9	NE	SE	NE
37.2	92.4	75.0	110	Tight	Magenta	2.4	NE	SE	NE
39.3	157.3	31.0	107	Small	Blue	67.3	NE	SE	NE
40.9	2.1	75.8	107	Small	Blue	272.1	NW	NE	NW
42.0	157.9	53.6	107	Small	Blue	67.9	NE	SE	NE
45.4	273.7	58.3	110	Tight	Magenta	183.7	SW	NW	NE
45.6	271.9	58.8	110	Tight	Magenta	181.9	SW	NW	NE
46.5	318.8	65.1	110	Tight	Magenta	228.8	SW	NW	NE
46.7	318.8	65.2	110	Tight	Magenta	228.8	SW	NW	NE
48.7	301.7	64.5	110	Tight	Magenta	211.7	SW	NW	NE NE
49.3	308.5	64.7	110	Tight	Magenta	211.7	SW	NW	NE NE
51.4	9.3	77.5	110	Tight	Magenta	279.3	NW	NE	NW NW
52.6	330.3	77.5 75.6	110	Tight	Magenta	240.3	SW	NW	NE
53.8	93.5	75.6 54.4	107	Small	Blue	3.5	NE	SE	NE NE
53.6 54.7	93.5 32.6	54.4 67.0	1107	Tight	Magenta	302.6	NE NW	NE	NE NW
54.7 54.9	32.0	67.0	110	Tight	Magenta	302.0	NW NW	NE NE	NW NW
54.9 55.2	32.0	67.2 67.4	110		Magenta	302.0	NW NW	NE NE	NW NW
55.2 58.0	32.0 262.2	79.1	107	Tight Small	Blue	172.2	SE	SW	NW NW
58.0 58.8	262.2 262.1	79.1 79.6	107	Small	Blue	172.2	SE SE	SW SW	NW NW
65.2	169.5	79.6 75.9	1107		Magenta	79.5	NE	SW SE	NE NE
				Tight	_	85.2		SE SE	NE NE
66.6	175.2	76.6	107	Small	Blue	03.2	NE	SE	NE

Table 3 Well 27-1 Structure Data

				1	П				
			Apparent			Azimuth	Strike	Dip	Strike
Depth	True Dip	True Dip	Aperture	Code	Code	Strike	Direction	Direction	Direction
(ft bgl)	Azimuth	Angle	Code	Desc.	Color	(RHR)	(RHR)	Quadrant	Quadrant
16.7	16.4	81.4	110	Tight	Magenta	286.4	NW	NE	NW
16.9	17.3	83.3	107	Small	Blue	287.3	NW	NE	NW
17.8	186.4	80.0	107	Small	Blue	96.4	SE	SW	NW
17.8	279.4	32.3	107	Small	Blue	189.4	SW	NW	NE
18.8	103.4	55.7	107	Small	Blue	13.4	NE	SE	NE
19.5	349.1	77.5	107	Small	Blue	259.1	SW	NW	NE
19.8	184.3	74.4	107	Small	Blue	94.3	SE	SW	NW
20.4	193.1	49.9	107	Small	Blue	103.1	SE	SW	NW
21.3	213.8	73.7	107	Small	Blue	123.8	SE	SW	NW
22.6	186.4	74.2	107	Small	Blue	96.4	SE	SW	NW
23.2	187.7	77.4	107	Small	Blue	97.7	SE	SW	NW
23.9	179.2	76.7	107	Small	Blue	89.2	NE	SE	NE
24.3	176.2	77.0	107	Small	Blue	86.2	NE	SE	NE
24.4	158.1	47.5	107	Small	Blue	68.1	NE	SE	NE
24.5	268.0	88.1	107	Small	Blue	178.0	SE	SW	NW
24.7	91.1	88.6	107	Small	Blue	1.1	NE	SE	NE
25.8	152.3	63.9	107	Small	Blue	62.3	NE	SE	NE
27.4	159.3	79.4	107	Small	Blue	69.3	NE	SE	NE
28.1	157.3	82.4	107	Small	Blue	67.3	NE	SE	NE
30.6	128.6	57.9	107	Small	Blue	38.6	NE	SE	NE
31.5	128.8	67.6	107	Small	Blue	38.8	NE	SE	NE
31.6	322.4	85.0	107	Small	Blue	232.4	SW	NW	NE
32.2	128.2	60.9	107	Small	Blue	38.2	NE	SE	NE
32.3	317.9	83.3	107	Small	Blue	227.9	SW	NW	NE
32.4	168.5	48.8	107	Small	Blue	78.5	NE	SE	NE
32.5	166.8	48.2	107	Small	Blue	76.8	NE	SE	NE
32.6	169.0	48.4	107	Small	Blue	79.0	NE	SE	NE
33.0	167.8	50.5	107	Small	Blue	77.8	NE	SE	NE
33.5	169.1	49.9	107	Small	Blue	79.1	NE	SE	NE
34.0	159.9	54.1	107	Small	Blue	69.9	NE	SE	NE
34.3	152.0	57.0	107	Small	Blue	62.0	NE	SE	NE
34.5	183.0	80.3	107	Small	Blue	93.0	SE	SW	NW
34.9	157.4	55.2	107	Small	Blue	67.4	NE	SE	NE
35.3	221.6	77.4	110	Tight	Magenta	131.6	SE	SW	NW
35.4	162.0	50.8	107	Small	Blue	72.0	NE	SE	NE
36.0	170.2	51.6	110	Tight	Magenta	80.2	NE	SE	NE
37.1	94.3	83.9	110	Tight	Magenta	4.3	NE	SE	NE
37.6	93.2	84.0	110	Tight	Magenta	3.2	NE	SE	NE
38.0	97.6	83.1	110	Tight	Magenta	7.6	NE	SE	NE
38.3	97.7	82.1	110	Tight	Magenta	7.7	NE	SE	NE
38.6	96.4	82.5	110	Tight	Magenta	6.4	NE	SE	NE
40.1	181.7	50.2	107	Small	Blue	91.7	SE	SW	NW
40.4	187.1	48.7	107	Small	Blue	97.1	SE	SW	NW
40.7	196.1	49.0	110	Tight	Magenta	106.1	SE	SW	NW
41.0	200.8	49.0	107	Small	Blue	110.8	SE	SW	NW
42.0	169.5	80.0	107	Small	Blue	79.5	NE	SE	NE
42.4	187.7	72.8	107	Small	Blue	97.7	SE	SW	NW
42.7	189.4	72.4	107	Small	Blue	99.4	SE	SW	NW
42.9	184.3	73.4	107	Small	Blue	94.3	SE	SW	NW

Table 3 Well 27-1 Structure Data

						T			
			Apparent			Azimuth	Strike	Dip	Strike
Depth	True Dip	True Dip	Aperture	Code	Code	Strike	Direction	Direction	Direction
(ft bgl)	Azimuth	Angle	Code	Desc.	Color	(RHR)	(RHR)	Quadrant	Quadrant
43.2	178.5	76.6	107	Small	Blue	88.5	NE	SE	NE
43.5	176.0	76.8	107	Small	Blue	86.0	NE	SE	NE
43.8	175.9	76.6	107	Small	Blue	85.9	NE	SE	NE
47.7	260.5	52.5	107	Small	Blue	170.5	SE	SW	NW
48.0	265.6	55.5	107	Small	Blue	175.6	SE	SW	NW
48.3	279.0	61.6	107	Small	Blue	189.0	\mathbf{SW}	NW	NE
48.9	279.1	60.6	107	Small	Blue	189.1	sw	NW	NE
49.2	276.1	62.3	107	Small	Blue	186.1	\mathbf{SW}	NW	NE
53.4	199.9	73.5	107	Small	Blue	109.9	SE	SW	NW
53.9	188.9	75.6	107	Small	Blue	98.9	SE	SW	NW
54.2	193.7	75.9	107	Small	Blue	103.7	SE	SW	NW
55.5	183.1	77.9	107	Small	Blue	93.1	SE	SW	NW
56.0	186.5	76.3	107	Small	Blue	96.5	SE	SW	NW
56.2	187.6	76.0	107	Small	Blue	97.6	SE	SW	NW
56.8	175.7	79.4	107	Small	Blue	85.7	NE	SE	NE
58.2	157.3	55.0	107	Small	Blue	67.3	NE	SE	NE
58.6	165.6	51.9	107	Small	Blue	75.6	NE	SE	NE
58.9	171.1	49.6	107	Small	Blue	81.1	NE	SE	NE
59.2	171.6	50.4	107	Small	Blue	81.6	NE	SE	NE
59.4	172.4	49.6	107	Small	Blue	82.4	NE	SE	NE
60.0	179.2	45.5	107	Small	Blue	89.2	NE	SE	NE
60.4	183.3	74.9	107	Small	Blue	93.3	SE	SW	NW
60.4	176.7	46.3	107	Small	Blue	86.7	NE	SE	NE
60.5	183.6	75.4	107	Small	Blue	93.6	SE	SW	NW
60.9	187.3	74.4	107	Small	Blue	97.3	SE	SW	NW
61.3	178.5	74.4 75.0	107	Small	Blue	88.5	NE	SE SE	NE
62.0	210.0	70.2	107	Small	Blue	120.0	SE	SW	NW
		70.2 71.9			Blue	120.0	SE SE	SW SW	NW NW
62.3	218.0	71.9 58.4	107	Small	Blue	128.0	SE SE	SW SW	NW NW
62.6	254.2		107	Small					
62.8	221.9	71.9	107	Small	Blue	131.9	SE	SW	NW
62.9	251.9	57.4	107	Small	Blue	161.9	SE	SW	NW
63.0	223.3	71.5	107	Small	Blue	133.3	SE	SW	NW
63.6	245.1	53.3	110	Tight	Magenta	155.1	SE	SW	NW
63.9	242.2	53.8	110	Tight	Magenta	152.2	SE	SW	NW
64.3	239.7	52.2	110	Tight	Magenta	149.7	SE	SW	NW
64.7	236.0	52.1	110	Tight	Magenta	146.0	SE	SW	NW
64.9	246.5	74.0	107	Small	Blue	156.5	SE	SW	NW
64.9	227.7	47.4	107	Small	Blue	137.7	SE	SW	NW
65.3	237.9	71.8	107	Small	Blue	147.9	SE	SW	NW
65.5	224.7	48.6	110	Tight	Magenta	134.7	SE	SW	NW
65.6	234.1	70.1	107	Small	Blue	144.1	SE	SW	NW
66.0	227.4	49.9	107	Small	Blue	137.4	SE	SW	NW
66.1	230.3	69.3	107	Small	Blue	140.3	SE	SW	NW
66.8	163.4	50.7	107	Small	Blue	73.4	NE	SE	NE
67.9	214.1	44.9	110	Tight	Magenta	124.1	SE	SW	NW
68.1	213.1	44.4	107	Small	Blue	123.1	SE	SW	NW
68.4	213.0	45.1	107	Small	Blue	123.0	SE	SW	NW
68.8	231.4	47.5	107	Small	Blue	141.4	SE	SW	NW
69.1	229.2	46.4	107	Small	Blue	139.2	SE	SW	NW

Table 3 Well 27-1 Structure Data

Depth (ft bgl)	True Dip Azimuth	True Dip Angle	Apparent Aperture Code	Code Desc.	Code Color	Azimuth Strike (RHR)	Strike Direction (RHR)	Dip Direction Quadrant	Strike Direction Quadrant
69.6	219.6	44.5	107	Small	Blue	129.6	SE	SW	NW
70.1	258.5	52.5	110	Tight	Magenta	168.5	SE	SW	NW
70.5	263.9	56.7	110	Tight	Magenta	173.9	SE	SW	NW
70.8	273.6	59.1	107	Small	Blue	183.6	SW	NW	NE
71.2	253.9	75.5	110	Tight	Magenta	163.9	SE	SW	NW
72.0	256.4	76.0	110	Tight	Magenta	166.4	SE	SW	NW
72.7	248.1	71.7	110	Tight	Magenta	158.1	SE	SW	NW
73.2	248.0	71.9	110	Tight	Magenta	158.0	SE	SW	NW
73.6	240.6	69.2	110	Tight	Magenta	150.6	SE	SW	NW
74.1	248.1	71.1	110	Tight	Magenta	158.1	SE	SW	NW
75.1	243.1	86.3	110	Tight	Magenta	153.1	SE	SW	NW
75.3	239.7	86.2	110	Tight	Magenta	149.7	SE	SW	NW

Table 4 Well 27-2 Structure Data

					1	T	~		~
.	m 5.		Apparent	G 1	G 1	Azimuth	Strike	Dip	Strike
Depth	True Dip	True Dip	Aperture	Code	Code	Strike	Direction	Direction	Direction
(ft bgl)	Azimuth	Angle	Code	Desc.	Color	(RHR)	(RHR)	Quadrant	Quadrant
22.2	94.3	17.9	107	Small	Blue	4.3	NE	SE	NE
22.9	122.2	23.4	105	Large	Red	32.2	NE	SE	NE
24.3	65.4	46.7	110	Tight	Magenta	335.4	NW	NE	NW
24.9	117.4	87.8	110	Tight	Magenta	27.4	NE	SE	NE
25.3	78.1	45.7	107	Small	Blue	348.1	NW	NE	NW
25.6	77.3	47.0	107	Small	Blue	347.3	NW	NE	NW
26.0	71.8	47.2	110	Tight	Magenta	341.8	NW	NE	NW
26.2	64.8	47.7	110	Tight	Magenta	334.8	NW	NE	NW
27.0	58.5	47.5	107	Small	Blue	328.5	NW	NE	NW
27.5	48.9	49.3	107	Small	Blue	318.9	NW	NE	NW
28.0	47.1	49.0	110	Tight	Magenta	317.1	NW	NE	NW
28.7	39.4	50.6	110	Tight	Magenta	309.4	NW	NE	NW
29.4	20.1	56.0	110	Tight	Magenta	290.1	NW	NE	NW
30.4	10.7	58.3	110	Tight	Magenta	280.7	NW	NE	NW
30.9	7.3	61.8	110	Tight	Magenta	277.3	NW	NE	NW
31.1	11.4	58.4	107	Small	Blue	281.4	NW	NE	NW
31.3	15.1	56.6	107	Small	Blue	285.1	NW	NE	NW
31.6	7.8	57.9	107	Small	Blue	277.8	NW	NE	NW
34.1	217.9	76.7	107	Small	Blue	127.9	SE	SW	NW
34.5	217.4	78.1	107	Small	Blue	127.4	SE	SW	NW
34.9	217.4	78.8	107	Small	Blue	134.7	SE	SW	NW
3 4 .9 36.8	69.3	76.6 80.7	107	Small	Blue	339.3	SE NW	NE	NW
37.5	68.1	80.0	107	Small	Blue	338.1	NW	NE	NW
37.8	61.4	79.6	107	Small	Blue	331.4	NW	NE	NW
38.1	60.8	79.8	107	Small	Blue	330.8	NW	NE	NW
38.4	63.2	79.7	107	Small	Blue	333.2	NW	NE	NW
38.8	66.8	79.8	107	Small	Blue	336.8	NW	NE	NW
39.0	65.6	79.7	107	Small	Blue	335.6	NW	NE	NW
39.8	65.6	78.8	107	Small	Blue	335.6	NW	NE	NW
40.8	38.0	43.2	110	Tight	Magenta	308.0	NW	NE	NW
41.3	13.3	43.5	106	Moderate	Green	283.3	NW	NE	NW
41.5	12.3	44.0	106	Moderate	Green	282.3	NW	NE	NW
42.8	25.3	78.1	107	Small	Blue	295.3	NW	NE	NW
43.1	24.7	78.5	110	Tight	Magenta	294.7	NW	NE	NW
43.4	24.6	77.9	110	Tight	Magenta	294.6	NW	NE	NW
43.8	28.1	76.5	110	Tight	Magenta	298.1	NW	NE	NW
43.9	26.0	53.9	107	Small	Blue	296.0	NW	NE	NW
44.1	27.1	53.3	107	Small	Blue	297.1	NW	NE	NW
44.1	26.8	76.6	110	Tight	Magenta	296.8	NW	NE	NW
44.7	32.6	55.5	110	Tight	Magenta	302.6	NW	NE	NW
44.9	37.4	54.1	110	Tight	Magenta	307.4	NW	NE	NW
45.0	43.2	72.7	110	Tight	Magenta	313.2	NW	NE	NW
45.2	36.0	54.3	110	Tight	Magenta	306.0	NW	NE	NW
45.8	25.9	56.9	110	Tight	Magenta	295.9	NW	NE	NW
46.1	23.3	57.9	110	Tight	Magenta	293.3	NW	NE	NW
46.7	39.0	53.9	110	Tight	Magenta	309.0	NW	NE	NW
47.5	48.9	43.9	110	Tight	Magenta	318.9	NW	NE	NW
47.6	53.6	72.8	107	Small	Blue	323.6	NW	NE	NW
47.8	48.2	45.3	110	Tight	Magenta	318.2	NW	NE	NW
41.0	40.2	45.5	110	rigrit	wayema	310.2	IN AA	INE	IN AA

Table 4 Well 27-2 Structure Data

Depth (ft bgl)	True Dip Azimuth	True Dip Angle	Apparent Aperture Code	Code Desc.	Code Color	Azimuth Strike (RHR)	Strike Direction (RHR)	Dip Direction Quadrant	Strike Direction Quadrant
47.9	60.6	71.3	107	Small	Blue	330.6	NW	NE	NW
48.2	49.9	45.0	107	Small	Blue	319.9	NW	NE	NW
48.2	66.5	71.0	107	Small	Blue	336.5	NW	NE	NW
48.4	62.6	71.1	107	Small	Blue	332.6	NW	NE	NW
48.5	46.4	45.3	107	Small	Blue	316.4	NW	NE	NW
48.5	63.9	70.9	107	Small	Blue	333.9	NW	NE	NW
48.7	60.0	71.8	107	Small	Blue	330.0	NW	NE	NW
48.8	44.8	45.8	107	Small	Blue	314.8	NW	NE	NW
48.9	54.8	71.9	107	Small	Blue	324.8	NW	NE	NW
49.4	63.5	44.1	107	Small	Blue	333.5	NW	NE	NW
49.9	49.6	45.1	107	Small	Blue	319.6	NW	NE	NW
51.7	48.8	50.6	110	Tight	Magenta	318.8	NW	NE	NW
52.3	44.3	42.9	107	Small	Blue	314.3	NW	NE	NW
52.9	110.1	60.3	107	Small	Blue	20.1	NE	SE	NE
54.0	48.0	44.4	110	Tight	Magenta	318.0	NW	NE	NW
55.5	67.3	43.0	110	Tight	Magenta	337.3	NW	NE	NW
55.9	62.7	42.8	110	Tight	Magenta	332.7	NW	NE	NW
56.7	69.0	46.8	110	Tight	Magenta	339.0	NW	NE	NW
57.2	70.8	46.5	110	Tight	Magenta	340.8	NW	NE	NW
57.6	73.5	46.6	110	Tight	Magenta	343.5	NW	NE	NW
58.0	73.2	85.3	110	Tight	Magenta	343.2	NW	NE	NW
59.1	53.6	47.0	110	Tight	Magenta	323.6	NW	NE	NW
60.4	25.1	46.1	110	Tight	Magenta	295.1	NW	NE	NW
61.1	39.6	40.9	110	Tight	Magenta	309.6	NW	NE	NW
62.6	25.9	43.5	107	Small	Blue	295.9	NW	NE	NW
65.5	93.6	77.9	110	Tight	Magenta	3.6	NE	SE	NE
65.9	93.2	77.8	110	Tight	Magenta	3.2	NE	SE	NE
66.3	83.7	75.5	110	Tight	Magenta	353.7	NW	NE	NW
66.8	81.3	75.3	110	Tight	Magenta	351.3	NW	NE	NW

			Apparent			Azimuth	Strike	Dip	Strike
Depth (ft bgl)	True Dip Azimuth	True Dip Angle	Aperture Code	Code Desc.	Code Color	Strike (RHR)	Direction (RHR)	Direction Ouadrant	Direction Ouadrant
20.5	157.8	30.7	105	Large	Red	67.8	NE	SE	NE
21.1	152.9	31.0	105	Large	Red	62.9	NE	SE	NE
23.0	142.3	44.6	108	Vein	Cyan	52.3	NE	SE	NE NE
23.5	152.9	44.4	108	Vein	Cvan	62.9	NE	SE	NE
30.6	153.0	50.0	110	Tight	Magenta	63.0	NE	SE	NE

Table 6 CAP-1B Structure Data

			Apparent			Azimuth	Strike	Dip	Strike
Depth	True Dip	True Dip	Aperture	Code	Code	Strike	Direction	Direction	Direction
(ft bgl)	Azimuth	Angle	Code	Desc.	Color	(RHR)	(RHR)	Quadrant	Quadrant
12.5	111.9	55.6	105	Large	Red	21.9	NE	SE	NE
12.7	218.6	53.2	105	Large	Red	128.6	SE	SW	NW
12.9	97.5	54.8	107	Small	Blue	7.5	NE	SE	NE
13.3	196.8	70.0	107	Small	Blue	106.8	SE	\mathbf{SW}	NW
15.0	355.5	55.5	110	Tight	Magenta	265.5	\mathbf{SW}	NW	NE
15.7	136.7	71.7	110	Tight	Magenta	46.7	NE	SE	NE
17.1	168.3	75.7	110	Tight	Magenta	78.3	NE	SE	NE
17.7	158.9	74.0	110	Tight	Magenta	68.9	NE	SE	NE
19.1	330.8	81.8	107	Small	Blue	240.8	sw	NW	NE
19.7	324.6	82.5	110	Tight	Magenta	234.6	sw	NW	NE
20.9	182.7	64.2	110	Tight	Magenta	92.7	SE	SW	NW
22.7	221.7	77.8	110	Tight	Magenta	131.7	SE	SW	NW
22.9	65.3	79.3	110	Tight	Magenta	335.3	NW	NE	NW
30.6	108.4	79.0	107	Small	Blue	18.4	NE	SE	NE
32.7	91.4	78.7	107	Small	Blue	1.4	NE	SE	NE
35.6	137.0	74.9	110	Tight	Magenta	47.0	NE	SE	NE
37.5	149.8	75.9	110	Tight	Magenta	59.8	NE	SE	NE
38.5	149.9	76.8	107	Small	Blue	59.9	NE	SE	NE
39.8	127.4	61.7	107	Small	Blue	37.4	NE	SE	NE
40.4	132.0	61.9	107	Small	Blue	42.0	NE	SE	NE
41.2	129.4	62.1	107	Small	Blue	39.4	NE	SE	NE
42.2	138.3	77.5	110	Tight	Magenta	48.3	NE	SE	NE
42.8	298.3	84.0	107	Small	Blue	208.3	SW	NW	NE
43.3	133.3	77.9	110	Tight	Magenta	43.3	NE	SE	NE
44.5	315.2	83.9	107	Small	Blue	225.2	\mathbf{SW}	NW	NE
46.2	314.7	84.2	107	Small	Blue	224.7	\mathbf{SW}	NW	NE
47.1	328.4	84.6	107	Small	Blue	238.4	\mathbf{SW}	NW	NE
47.6	160.7	73.9	107	Small	Blue	70.7	NE	SE	NE
48.4	152.1	74.1	107	Small	Blue	62.1	NE	SE	NE
49.3	150.8	74.5	107	Small	Blue	60.8	NE	SE	NE
50.0	328.5	79.9	110	Tight	Magenta	238.5	\mathbf{SW}	NW	NE
50.3	157.1	74.8	107	Small	Blue	67.1	NE	SE	NE
51.2	155.9	76.5	107	Small	Blue	65.9	NE	SE	NE
52.3	337.3	78.6	107	Small	Blue	247.3	\mathbf{SW}	NW	NE
53.4	144.8	77.7	107	Small	Blue	54.8	NE	SE	NE
53.5	344.9	77.2	107	Small	Blue	254.9	SW	NW	NE

Table 7 CAP-2B Structure Data

Depth '	True Dip	True Dip	Apparent Aperture	Code	Code	Azimuth Strike	Strike Direction	Dip Direction	Strike Direction
(ft bgl)	Azimuth	Angle	Code	Desc.	Color	(RHR)	(RHR)	Quadrant	Quadrant
15.1	276.2	79.2	110	Tight	Magenta	186.2	SW	NW	NE
16.7	75.9	80.5	110	Tight	Magenta	345.9	NW	NE	NW
18.8	348.0	81.2	110	Tight	Magenta	258.0	SW	NW	NE
21.9	323.5	79.4	107	Small	Blue	233.5	SW	NW	NE
22.0	300.1	76.6	107	Small	Blue	210.1	SW	NW	NE
22.8	297.0	58.7	107	Small	Blue	207.0	SW	NW	NE
22.9	298.8	63.6	107	Small	Blue	208.8	SW	NW	NE
23.0	285.2	79.5	110	Tight	Magenta	195.2	SW	NW	NE
23.1	303.6	63.3	107	Small	Blue	213.6	SW	NW	NE
23.8	285.0	80.7	110	Tight	Magenta	195.0 209.6	SW	NW	NE NE
24.5 24.6	299.6 115.8	80.7 78.8	110 110	Tight Tight	Magenta	25.8	SW NE	NW SE	NE NE
25.8	138.3	76.6 79.5	110	Tight	Magenta Magenta	48.3	NE NE	SE SE	NE NE
26.8	144.5	79.5 79.9	107	Small	Blue	54.5	NE NE	SE	NE NE
27.3	139.7	78.5	107	Small	Blue	49.7	NE	SE	NE
28.0	148.2	78.9	107	Small	Blue	58.2	NE	SE	NE
28.0	311.4	79.9	107	Small	Blue	221.4	SW	NW	NE
29.6	334.9	78.3	107	Small	Blue	244.9	SW	NW	NE
29.7	334.8	79.7	107	Small	Blue	244.8	SW	NW	NE
30.1	329.8	77.6	107	Small	Blue	239.8	SW	NW	NE
31.6	150.8	80.0	110	Tight	Magenta	60.8	NE	SE	NE
35.2	313.5	78.0	110	Tight	Magenta	223.5	SW	NW	NE
35.4	311.3	80.5	110	Tight	Magenta	221.3	SW	NW	NE
35.7	320.2	70.8	110	Tight	Magenta	230.2	SW	NW	NE
39.6	285.1	71.7	110	Tight	Magenta	195.1	SW	NW	NE
40.0	296.7	71.8	107	Small	Blue	206.7	SW	NW	NE
40.8	296.7	71.5	107	Small	Blue	206.7	SW	NW	NE
41.8	19.3	77.8	110	Tight	Magenta	289.3	NW	NE	NW
43.8	313.6	69.4	110	Tight	Magenta	223.6	SW	NW	NE
44.0	184.3	81.8	107	Small	Blue	94.3	SE	SW	NW
45.2	344.3	61.7	107	Small	Blue	254.3	SW	NW	NE
47.5	111.2	78.2	107	Small	Blue	21.2	NE	SE	NE
47.8	314.2	69.8	110	Tight	Magenta	224.2	SW	NW	NE
48.0	115.9	78.2	107	Small	Blue	25.9	NE	SE	NE
48.7	122.3	72.8	107	Small	Blue	32.3	NE	SE	NE
49.7	119.5	74.2	107	Small	Blue	29.5	NE	SE	NE
50.1	123.9	74.6	107	Small	Blue	33.9	NE	SE	NE
50.5	290.9	65.4	107	Small	Blue	200.9	SW	NW	NE
50.9	105.5	75.9	107	Small	Blue	15.5	NE NE	SE	NE NE
51.7	112.3	75.6	107	Small	Blue	22.3	NE	SE	NE NE
53.4	287.4	65.5 50.1	107	Small	Blue	197.4	SW	NW NE	NE NW
55.9 56.1	51.9 45.2	59.1 57.8	106 106	Moderate Moderate	Green	321.9 315.2	NW NW	NE NE	NW NW
56.6	45.2 62.5	61.2	106	Small	Green Blue	332.5	NW NW	NE NE	NW NW

Table 8 Q4-1 Structure Data

			Apparent			Azimuth	Strike	Dip	Strike
Depth	True Dip	True Dip	Aperture	Code	Code	Strike	Direction	Direction	Direction
(ft bgl)	Azimuth	Angle	Code	Desc.	Color	(RHR)	(RHR)	Quadrant	Quadrant
12.2	153.7	80.0	107	Small	Blue	63.7	NE	SE	NE
13.3	158.5	76.9	107	Small	Blue	68.5	NE	SE	NE
14.3	164.5	78.2	107	Small	Blue	74.5	NE	SE	NE
14.6	311.0	82.8	107	Small	Blue	221.0	SW	NW	NE
14.8	162.2	78.7	107	Small	Blue	72.2	NE	SE	NE
14.9	171.3	79.4	107	Small	Blue	81.3	NE	SE	NE
15.0	313.4	83.0	107	Small	Blue	223.4	SW	NW	NE
15.1	170.0	79.2	107	Small	Blue	80.0	NE	SE	NE
15.6	305.3	82.7	107	Small	Blue	215.3	SW	NW	NE
15.9	299.9	82.4	107	Small	Blue	209.9	SW	NW	NE
16.3	298.5	83.2	107	Small	Blue	208.5	SW	NW	NE
16.9	173.7	76.3	107	Small	Blue	83.7	NE	SE	NE
17.4	174.7	76.7	107	Small	Blue	84.7	NE	SE	NE
17.4	299.7	84.2	107	Small	Blue	209.7	SW	NW	NE
19.3	162.5	79.4	107	Small	Blue	72.5	NE	SE	NE
19.7	304.6	81.6	110	Tight	Magenta	214.6	SW	NW	NE
19.9	162.2	79.2	107	Small	Blue	72.2	NE	SE	NE
20.0	162.4	78.1	107	Small	Blue	72.4	NE	SE	NE
20.6	309.6	85.1	110	Tight	Magenta	219.6	SW	NW	NE
21.3	334.4	80.2	110	Tight	Magenta	244.4	SW	NW	NE
21.6	334.8	81.0	110	Tight	Magenta	244.8	SW	NW	NE
21.9	338.1	80.5	110	Tight	Magenta	248.1	SW	NW	NE
22.2	330.9	81.5	110	Tight	Magenta	240.9	SW	NW	NE
22.4	280.5	64.5	110	Tight	Magenta	190.5	SW	NW	NE
22.8	328.1	81.6	110	Tight	Magenta	238.1	SW	NW	NE
23.6	273.4	82.0	110	Tight	Magenta	183.4	SW	NW	NE
23.9	314.6	81.4	110	Tight	Magenta	224.6	SW	NW	NE
24.3	314.0	81.3	110	Tight	Magenta	222.3	SW	NW	NE
2 4 .3 25.0	178.1	74.2	110	Tight	Magenta	88.1	NE	SE	NE NE
25.0 25.7	176.1	74.2 74.2	110	Tight	-	86.6	NE NE	SE SE	NE NE
				-	Magenta	183.8	SW	SE NW	
25.8	273.8	80.3	110	Tight	Magenta				NE
25.9	8.2	85.3	110	Tight	Magenta	278.2	NW	NE	NW
27.0	179.3	74.1	107	Small	Blue	89.3	NE	SE	NE
27.8	169.7	70.9	110	Tight	Magenta	79.7	NE NE	SE	NE
28.3	179.4	74.0	110	Tight	Magenta	89.4	NE	SE	NE
29.7	192.9	55.8	110	Tight	Magenta	102.9	SE	SW	NW
29.8	176.9	74.2	110	Tight	Magenta	86.9	NE	SE	NE
30.1	174.3	74.9	110	Tight	Magenta	84.3	NE	SE	NE
30.1	185.3	55.5	107	Small	Blue	95.3	SE	SW	NW
30.6	176.9	74.6	107	Small	Blue	86.9	NE	SE	NE
31.0	174.3	75.8	107	Small	Blue	84.3	NE	SE	NE
31.7	329.6	77.0	107	Small	Blue	239.6	SW	NW	NE
31.7	130.1	76.4	107	Small	Blue	40.1	NE	SE	NE
32.0	127.1	77.5	107	Small	Blue	37.1	NE	SE	NE
32.1	124.3	77.2	107	Small	Blue	34.3	NE	SE	NE
32.3	123.6	77.7	107	Small	Blue	33.6	NE	SE	NE
32.8	201.3	56.0	107	Small	Blue	111.3	SE	SW	NW
32.8	113.8	72.1	110	Tight	Magenta	23.8	NE	SE	NE
33.0	293.0	61.6	107	Small	Blue	203.0	SW	NW	NE

Table 8 Q4-1 Structure Data

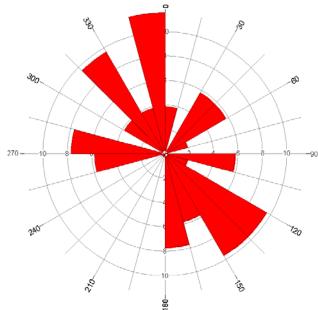
D 41	T. D.	T. D.	Apparent	G . 1.	Cal	Azimuth	Strike	Dip	Strike
Depth (ft bgl)	True Dip Azimuth	True Dip Angle	Aperture Code	Code Desc.	Code Color	Strike (RHR)	Direction (RHR)	Direction Quadrant	Direction Quadrant
33.7	134.9	73.8	107	Small	Blue	44.9	NE	SE	NE
33.9	134.9	73.6 74.4	107	Small	Blue	41.6	NE NE	SE	NE NE
34.0	179.7	59.0	107	Small	Blue	89.7	NE NE	SE	NE NE
34.0	183.6	58.8	107	Small	Blue	93.6	SE	SW	NW
36.8	106.5	47.0	1107	Tight	Magenta	16.5	NE	SE SE	NE
37.1	132.4	54.7	107	Small	Blue	42.4	NE NE	SE	NE NE
37.1	297.9	63.5	107	Small	Blue	207.9	SW	NW	NE NE
37.1	297.9 179.7	75.0	107	Small	Blue	89.7	NE	SE	NE NE
	111.6	75.0 70.2	_		Blue	21.6	NE NE	SE SE	NE NE
38.6			107	Small		1 -			
39.0	112.5	71.2	107	Small	Blue	22.5	NE	SE	NE
39.8	96.8	60.8	107	Small	Blue	6.8	NE	SE	NE
40.0	134.1	72.3	110	Tight	Magenta	44.1	NE	SE	NE
40.9	96.0	61.2	107	Small	Blue	6.0	NE	SE	NE
41.0	300.1	81.6	107	Small	Blue	210.1	SW	NW	NE
44.1	304.6	85.6	110	Tight	Magenta	214.6	SW	NW	NE
44.3	85.6	71.5	107	Small	Blue	355.6	NW	NE	NW
44.4	155.5	70.0	107	Small	Blue	65.5	NE	SE	NE
44.5	299.7	70.5	110	Tight	Magenta	209.7	SW	NW	NE
45.0	181.0	66.3	107	Small	Blue	91.0	SE	SW	NW
45.2	183.6	66.6	107	Small	Blue	93.6	SE	SW	NW
46.8	317.6	63.7	107	Small	Blue	227.6	\mathbf{SW}	NW	NE
46.9	319.0	62.6	107	Small	Blue	229.0	SW	NW	NE
47.8	298.9	82.0	110	Tight	Magenta	208.9	SW	NW	NE
47.9	298.8	63.7	107	Small	Blue	208.8	SW	NW	NE
49.0	282.5	64.9	107	Small	Blue	192.5	SW	NW	NE

Table 9 Well Q5-2 Structure Data

			Apparent			Azimuth	Strike	Dip	Strike
Depth (ft	True Dip	True Dip	Aperture	Code	Code	Strike	Direction	Direction	Direction
bgl)	Azimuth	Angle	Code	Desc.	Color	(RHR)	(RHR)	Quadrant	Quadrant
5.2	179.3	76.8	106	Moderate	Green	89.3	NE	SE	NE
5.4	207.1	77.0	106	Moderate	Green	117.1	SE	\mathbf{SW}	NW
5.4	179.8	72.7	106	Moderate	Green	89.8	NE	SE	NE
5.6	45.0	86.1	105	Large	Red	315.0	NW	NE	NW
6.2	203.9	89.1	105	Large	Red	113.9	SE	\mathbf{SW}	NW
6.4	253.4	86.3	105	Large	Red	163.4	SE	SW	NW
6.5	136.4	72.7	105	Large	Red	46.4	NE	SE	NE
7.2	132.0	70.9	107	Small	Blue	42.0	NE	SE	NE
7.7	125.1	67.4	107	Small	Blue	35.1	NE	SE	NE
8.2	221.9	38.5	110	Tight	Magenta	131.9	SE	SW	NW
8.4	119.5	64.9	107	Small	Blue	29.5	NE	SE	NE
9.2	143.2	79.8	110	Tight	Magenta	53.2	NE	SE	NE
9.2	332.8	57.6	110	Tight	Magenta	242.8	SW	NW	NE
9.6	316.4	69.1	110	Tight	Magenta	226.4	\mathbf{SW}	NW	NE
10.0	145.8	80.5	107	Small	Blue	55.8	NE	SE	NE
10.4	142.4	79.5	107	Small	Blue	52.4	NE	SE	NE
10.8	152.1	85.0	107	Small	Blue	62.1	NE	SE	NE
11.2	342.2	51.7	110	Tight	Magenta	252.2	\mathbf{SW}	NW	NE
11.3	160.3	85.1	110	Tight	Magenta	70.3	NE	SE	NE
11.4	345.0	52.8	110	Tight	Magenta	255.0	\mathbf{SW}	NW	NE
11.6	153.0	86.0	107	Small	Blue	63.0	NE	SE	NE
12.2	262.9	38.4	110	Tight	Magenta	172.9	SE	\mathbf{SW}	NW
12.8	194.5	76.1	106	Moderate	Green	104.5	SE	SW	NW
12.9	324.7	60.9	110	Tight	Magenta	234.7	\mathbf{SW}	NW	NE
13.2	24.8	73.5	110	Tight	Magenta	294.8	NW	NE	NW
14.0	254.7	75.0	107	Small	Blue	164.7	SE	\mathbf{SW}	NW
14.7	27.5	89.2	110	Tight	Magenta	297.5	NW	NE	NW
15.1	338.9	85.8	110	Tight	Magenta	248.9	SW	NW	NE
15.4	333.4	55.1	110	Tight	Magenta	243.4	\mathbf{SW}	NW	NE
15.7	334.0	89.6	107	Small	Blue	244.0	SW	NW	NE
16.0	335.9	87.3	110	Tight	Magenta	245.9	SW	NW	NE
16.1	327.0	59.9	110	Tight	Magenta	237.0	SW	NW	NE
16.2	228.6	60.4	107	Small	Blue	138.6	SE	SW	NW
16.9	328.8	58.7	110	Tight	Magenta	238.8	SW	NW	NE
17.0	177.8	81.2	107	Small	Blue	87.8	NE	SE	NE

APPENDIX C.

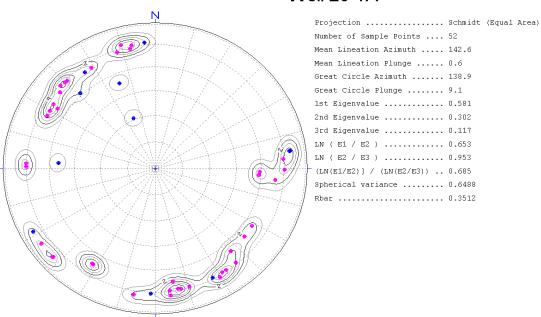
ROSE DIAGRAMS AND STEREONETS



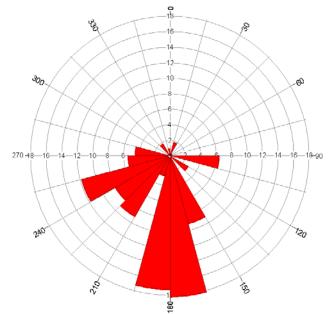
Well 20-1A

Calculation Method \dots	Frequency
Class Interval	15 Degrees
Length Filtering	Deactivated
Azimuth Filtering \dots	Deactivated
Data Type	Unidirectional
Population	52
Maximum Percentage	11.5 Percent
Mean Percentage	6.3 Percent
Standard Deviation \dots	2.85 Percent
Vector Mean	38.08 Degrees
Confidence Interval \dots	82.89 Degrees
R-mag	0.13

Well 20-1A



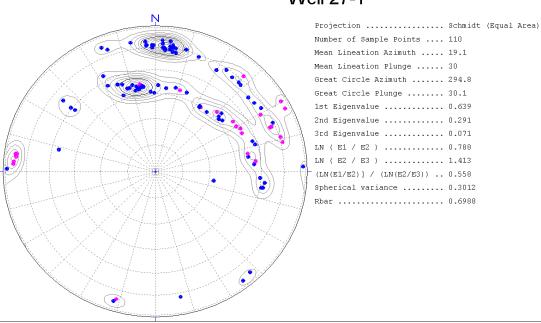
Devens Landfill Polar Plot Diagram - Dip Azimuth & Angle Large Apperture Moderate Apperture Small Apperture Tight Apperture Rock Fabric Bedding Hager GeoScience, Inc.



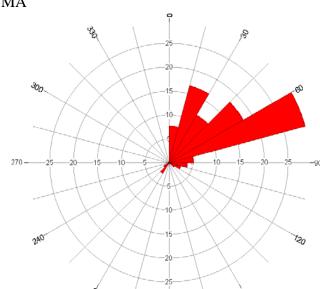
Well 27-1

Calculation Method ... Frequency
Class Interval ... 15 Degrees
Length Filtering ... Deactivated
Azimuth Filtering ... Deactivated
Data Type ... Unidirectional
Population ... 110
Maximum Percentage ... 18.2 Percent
Mean Percentage ... 7.1 Percent
Standard Deviation ... 5.55 Percent
Vector Mean ... 199.58 Degrees
Confidence Interval ... 9.89 Degrees
R-mag ... 0.66

Well 27-1



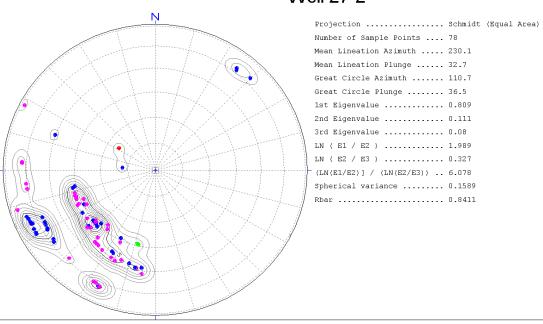
Devens Landfill Polar Plot Diagram - Dip Azimuth & Angle Large Apperture Moderate Apperture Small Apperture Tight Apperture Rock Fabric Bedding Hager GeoScience, Inc.



Well 27-2

Calculation Method ... Frequency
Class Interval ... 15 Degrees
Length Filtering ... Deactivated
Azimuth Filtering ... Deactivated
Data Type ... Unidirectional
Population ... 78
Maximum Percentage ... 29.5 Percent
Mean Percentage ... 9.1 Percent
Standard Deviation ... 9 Percent
Vector Mean ... 52.21 Degrees
Confidence Interval ... 7.66 Degrees
R-mag ... 0.83

Well 27-2



Devens Landfill Polar Plot Diagram - Dip Azimuth & Angle

Large Apperture

Moderate Apperture

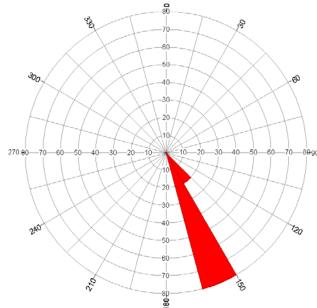
Small Apperture

Tight Apperture

Rock Fabric

Hager GeoScience, Inc.

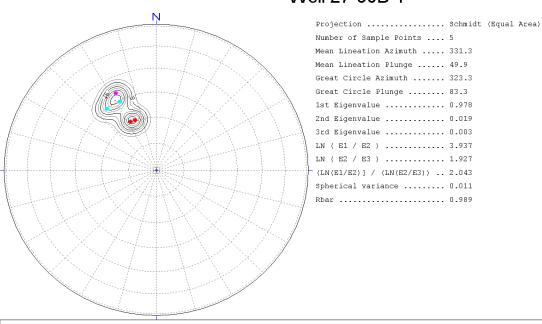
Bedding



Well 27-30B-1

Calculation Method \dots	Frequency
Class Interval	15 Degrees
Length Filtering	Deactivated
Azimuth Filtering \dots	Deactivated
Data Type	Unidirectional
Population	5
Maximum Percentage	80 Percent
Mean Percentage	50 Percent
Standard Deviation \dots	42.43 Percent
Vector Mean	151.81 Degrees
Confidence Interval \dots	7.1 Degrees
R-mag	1

Well 27-30B-1

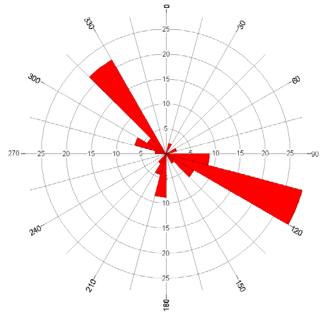


Devens Landfill

Polar Plot Diagram - Dip Azimuth & Angle

- Large Apperture

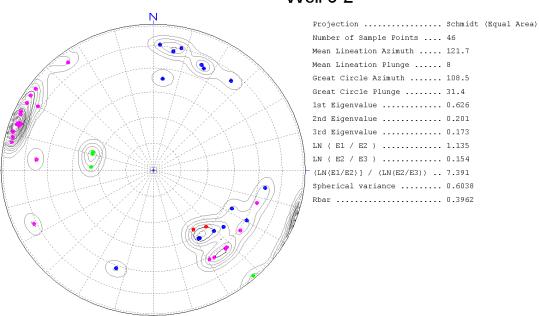
 Moderate Apperture
- Small Apperture
 Tight Apperture
- Rock Fabric
- Bedding



Well 3-2

Calculation Method ... Frequency
Class Interval ... 15 Degrees
Length Filtering ... Deactivated
Azimuth Filtering ... Deactivated
Data Type ... Unidirectional
Population ... 46
Maximum Percentage ... 28.3 Percent
Mean Percentage ... 7.7 Percent
Standard Deviation ... 8.16 Percent
Vector Mean ... 105.98 Degrees
Confidence Interval ... 72.14 Degrees
R-mag ... 0.16

Well 3-2



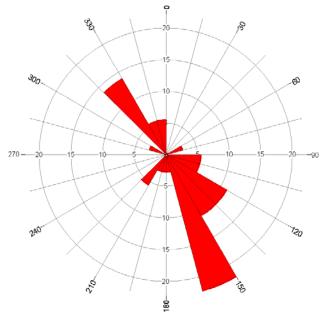
Devens Landfill

Polar Plot Diagram - Dip Azimuth & Angle

- Large Apperture

 Moderate Apperture
- Small Apperture
- Tight Apperture

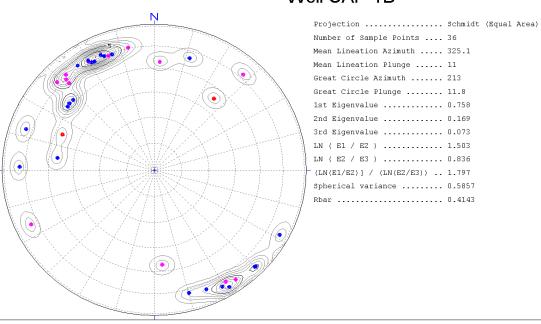
 Rock Fabric
- Bedding



Well CAP-1B

Calculation Method ... Frequency
Class Interval ... 15 Degrees
Length Filtering ... Deactivated
Azimuth Filtering ... Unidirectional
Population ... 36
Maximum Percentage ... 22.2 Percent
Mean Percentage ... 7.1 Percent
Standard Deviation ... 5.63 Percent
Vector Mean ... 142.54 Degrees
Confidence Interval ... 38.76 Degrees
R-mag ... 0.33

Well CAP-1B



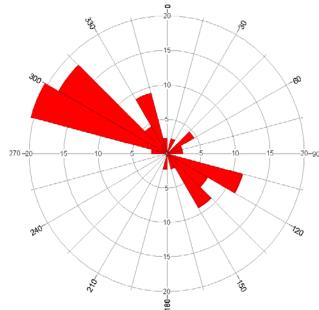
Devens Landfill

Polar Plot Diagram - Dip Azimuth & Angle

- Large Apperture

 Moderate Apperture
 - Small Apperture
- Tight Apperture

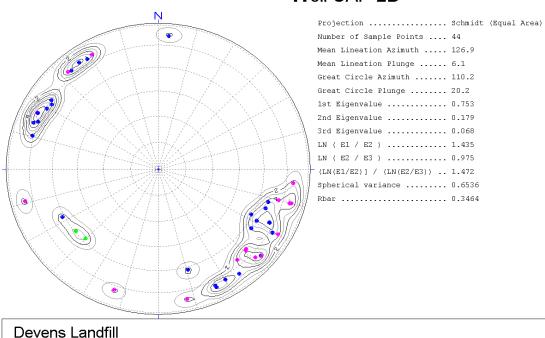
 Rock Fabric
- Bedding



Well CAP-2B

Calculation Method ... Frequency
Class Interval ... 15 Degrees
Length Filtering ... Deactivated
Azimuth Filtering ... Deactivated
Data Type ... Unidirectional
Population ... 44
Maximum Percentage ... 20.5 Percent
Mean Percentage ... 6.7 Percent
Standard Deviation ... 5.98 Percent
Vector Mean ... 331.24 Degrees
Confidence Interval ... 50.99 Degrees
R-mag ... 0.23

Well CAP-2B

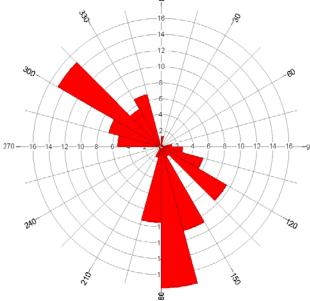


Polar Plot Diagram - Dip Azimuth & Angle Large Apperture

Moderate Apperture
Small Apperture
Tight Apperture
Rock Fabric

Bedding



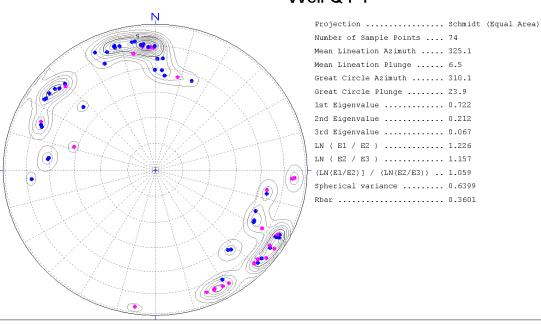


Well Q4-1

Class Interval	15 Degrees
Length Filtering	Deactivated
Azimuth Filtering \dots	Deactivated
Data Type	Unidirectiona
Population	74
Maximum Percentage	17.6 Percent
Mean Percentage	6.7 Percent
Standard Deviation	5.02 Percent
Vector Mean	199.3 Degrees
Confidence Interval \dots	36.46 Degrees
R-mag	0.25
	Length Filtering Azimuth Filtering Data Type Population Maximum Percentage Mean Percentage Standard Deviation Vector Mean Confidence Interval

Calculation Method Frequency

Well Q4-1



Devens Landfill

Polar Plot Diagram - Dip Azimuth & Angle

Large Apperture

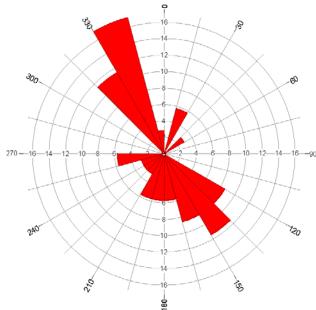
Moderate Apperture

Small Apperture

Tight Apperture

Rock Fabric

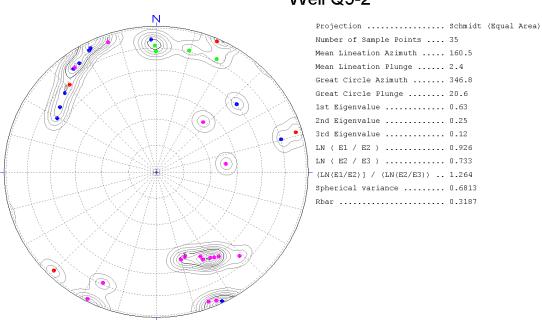
Bedding



Well Q5-2

Calculation Method	rrequency
Class Interval	15 Degrees
Length Filtering	Deactivated
Azimuth Filtering	Deactivated
Data Type	Unidirectional
Population	35
Maximum Percentage	17.1 Percent
Mean Percentage	6.7 Percent
Standard Deviation	4.14 Percent
Vector Mean	218.9 Degrees
Confidence Interval	111.56 Degrees
R-mag	0.12

Well Q5-2



Devens Landfill

Polar Plot Diagram - Dip Azimuth & Angle

- Large Apperture

 Moderate Apperture
- Small Apperture
- Tight Apperture Rock Fabric
- Bedding

APPENDIX D. DEVIATION PLOTS

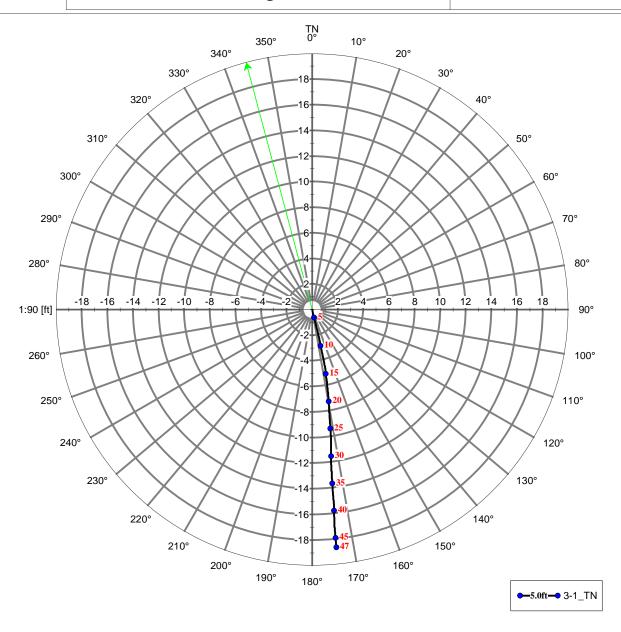


Geophysical Logging Record:

Bull's Eye Deviation Plot

Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: 3-1

Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 11-7-08



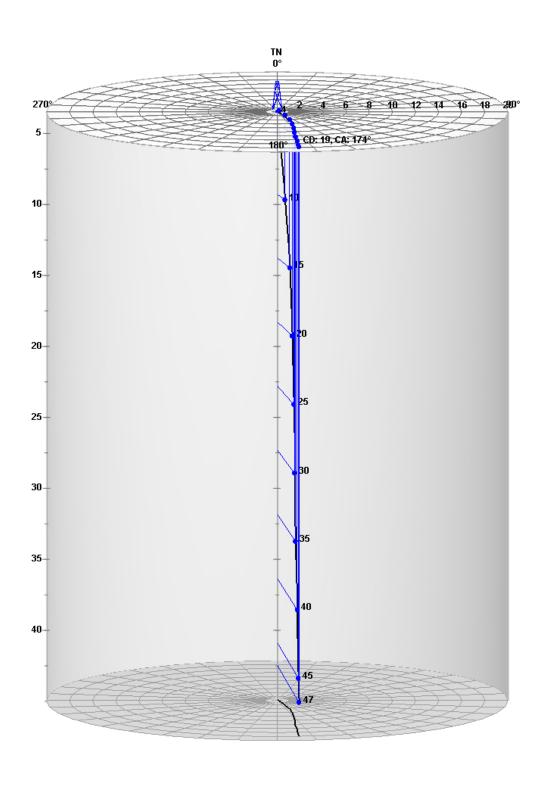


Geophysical Logging Record:

3D Cylinder Deviation Log

Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: 3-1

Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 11-7-08



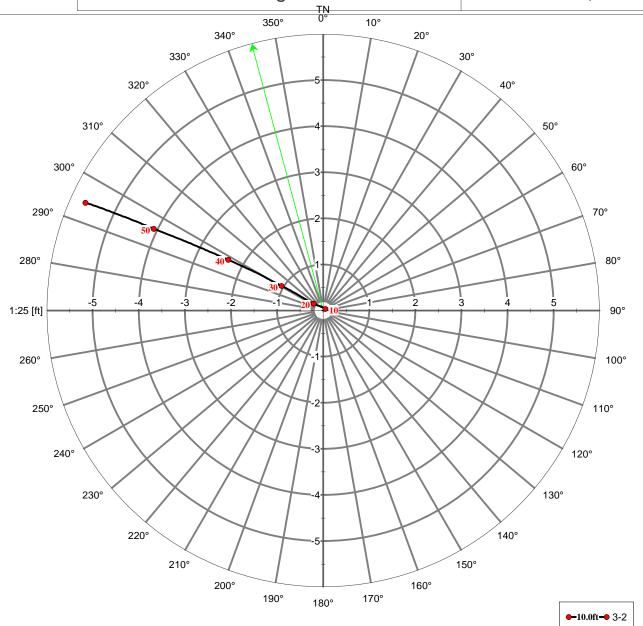


Geophysical Logging Record:

Bull's Eye Deviation Plot

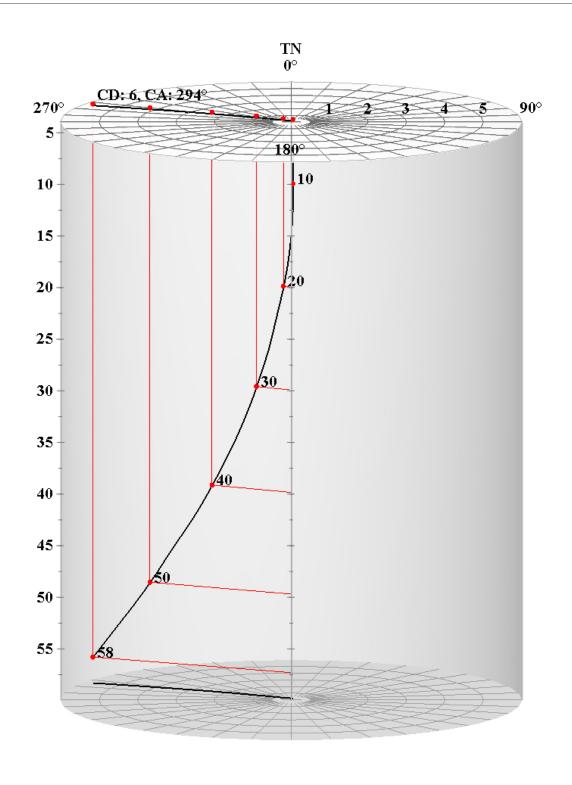
Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: 3-2

Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 11-7-08





Hager GeoScience Inc.	Geophysical Logging Record: 3D Cylinder Deviation Plot		
Site: Devens Landfill	Boring #: 3-2		
Location: Ayer, MA	Date Logged: 11-7-08		
Client: Gannett-Fleming	Logged By: MC,JB		



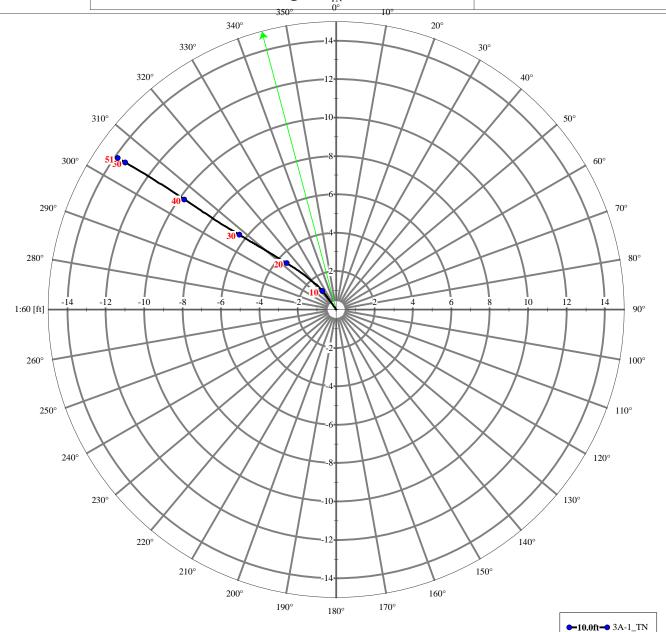


Geophysical Logging Record:

Bull's Eye Deviation Plot

Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: 3A-1

Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 11-7-08



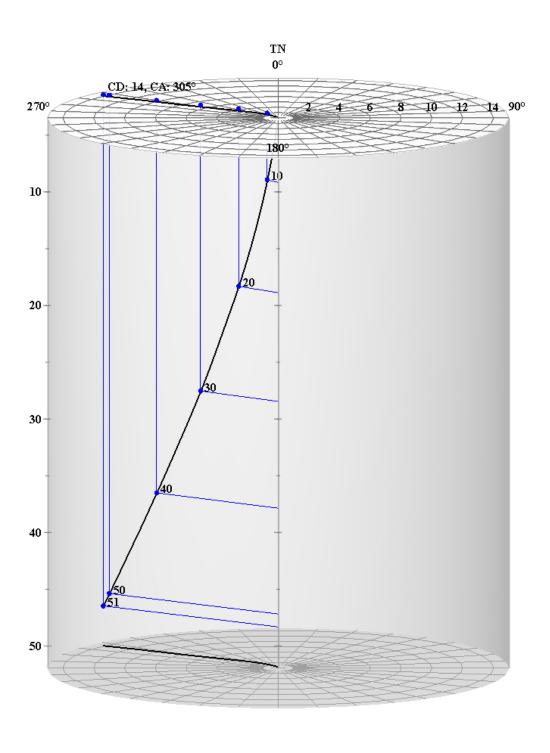


Geophysical Logging Record:

3D Cylinder Deviation Plot

Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: 3A-1

Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 11-7-08



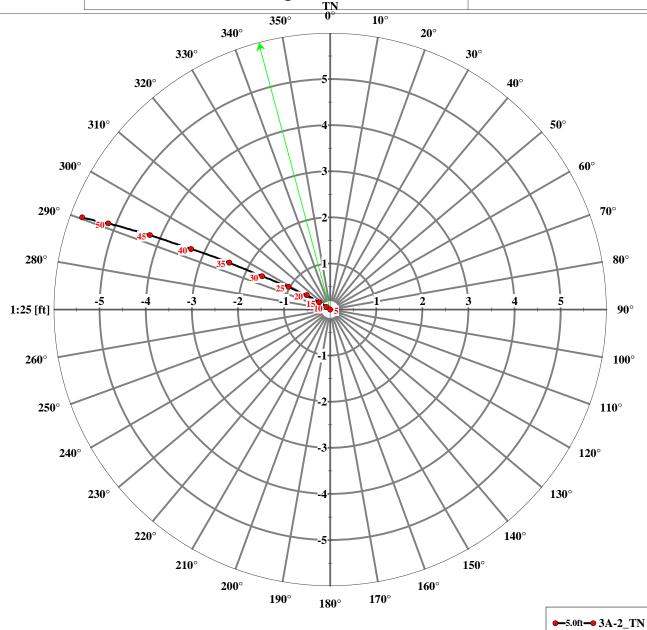


Geophysical Logging Record:

Bull's Eye Deviation Plot

Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: 3A-2

Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 11-7-08



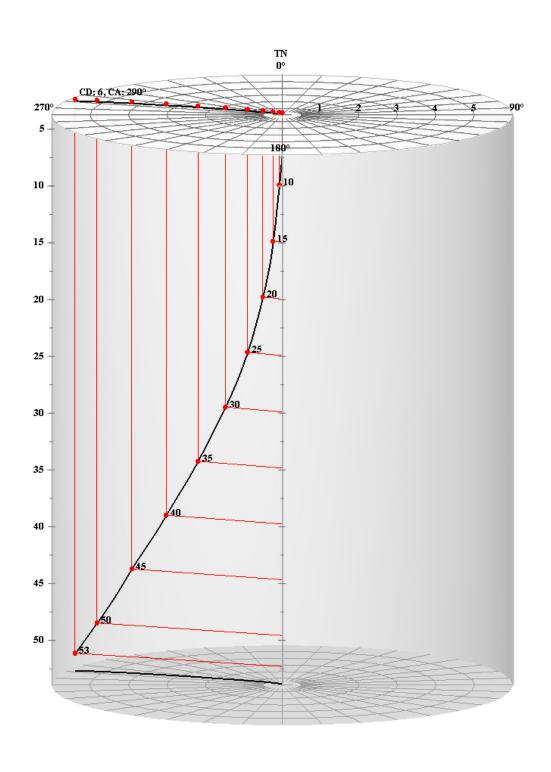


Geophysical Logging Record:

3D Cylinder Deviation Plot

Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: 3A-2

Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 11-7-08



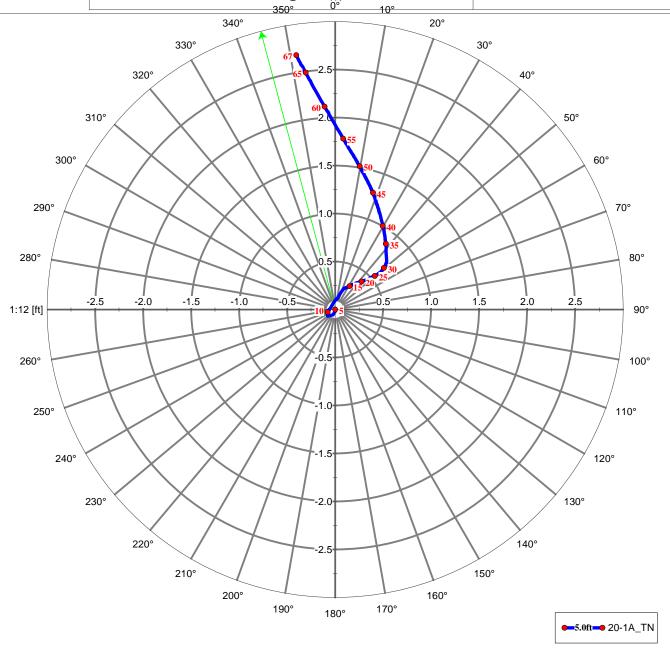


Geophysical Logging Record:

Bull's Eye Deviation Plot

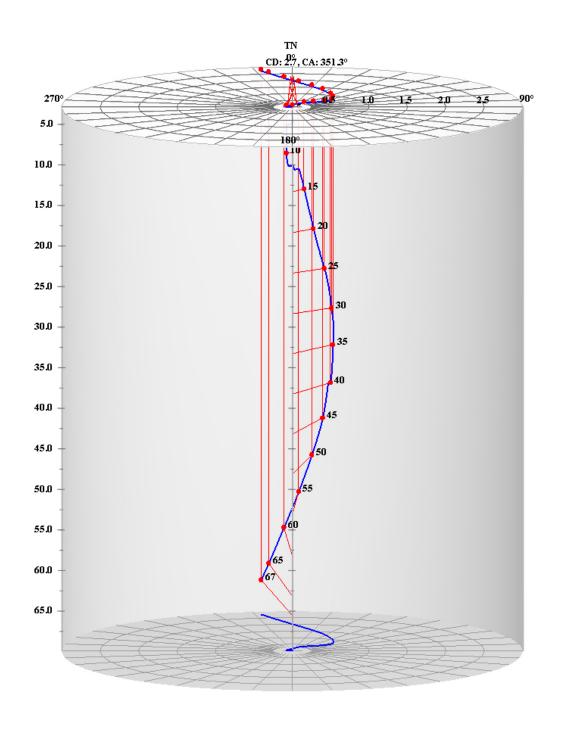
Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: 20-1A

Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 10-30-08





	Geophysical Logging Record:		
Hager GeoScience Inc.	3D Cylinder Deviation Plot		
Site: Devens Landfill	Boring #: 20-1A		
Location: Ayer, MA	Date Logged: 10-30-08		
Client: Gannett-Fleming	Logged By: MC,JB,KS,JK		





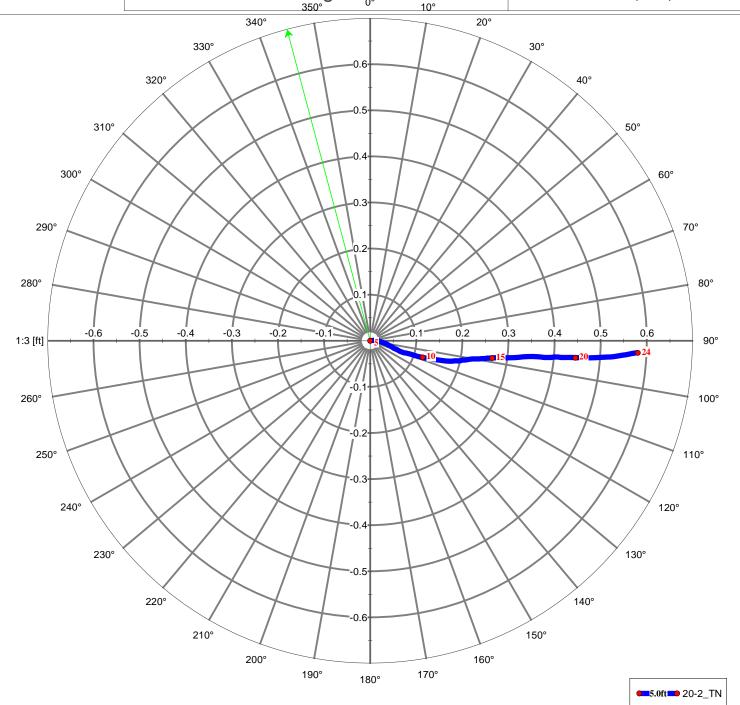
Geophysical Logging Record:

Bull's Eye Deviation Plot

Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: 20-2

Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 11-13-08

Client: Gannett-Fleming TN Logged By: MC,KS,JH





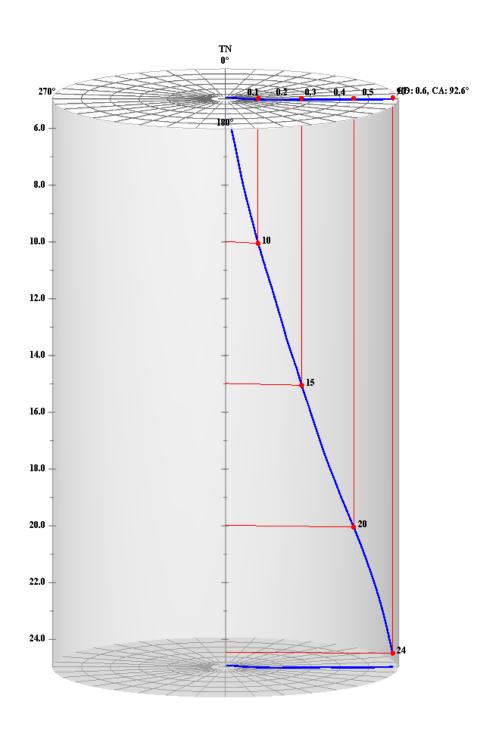
Geophysical Logging Record:

3D Cylinder Deviation Plot

Date Logged: 11-16-08

Devens Landfill Boring #: 20-2 Site: Location: Ayer, MA

Logged By: MC,KS,JH Client: Gannett-Fleming





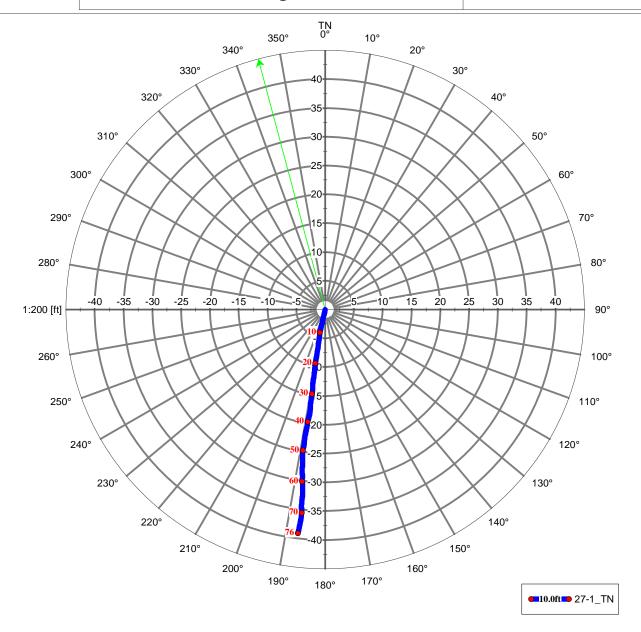
Geophysical Logging Record:

Bull's Eye Deviation Plot

Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: 27-1

Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 11-12-08

Client: Gannett-Fleming Logged By: MC,KS





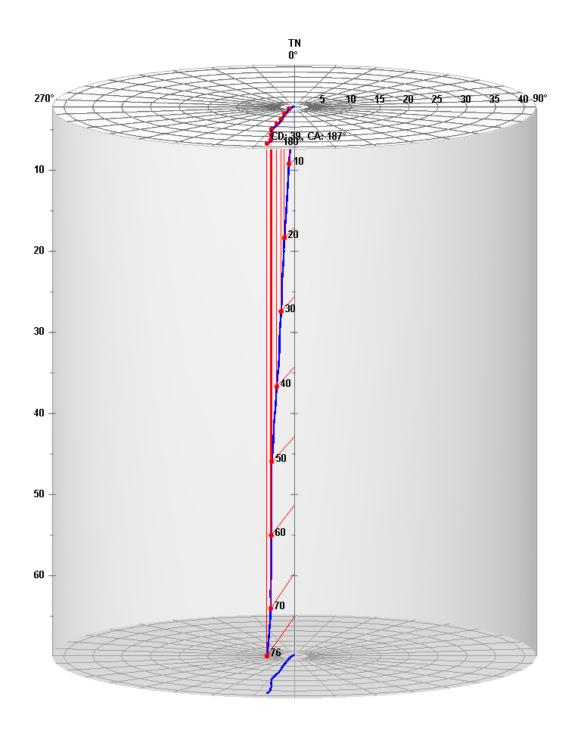
Geophysical Logging Record:

3D Cylinder Deviation Plot

Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: 27-1

Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 11-12-08

Client: Gannett-Fleming Logged By: MC,KS





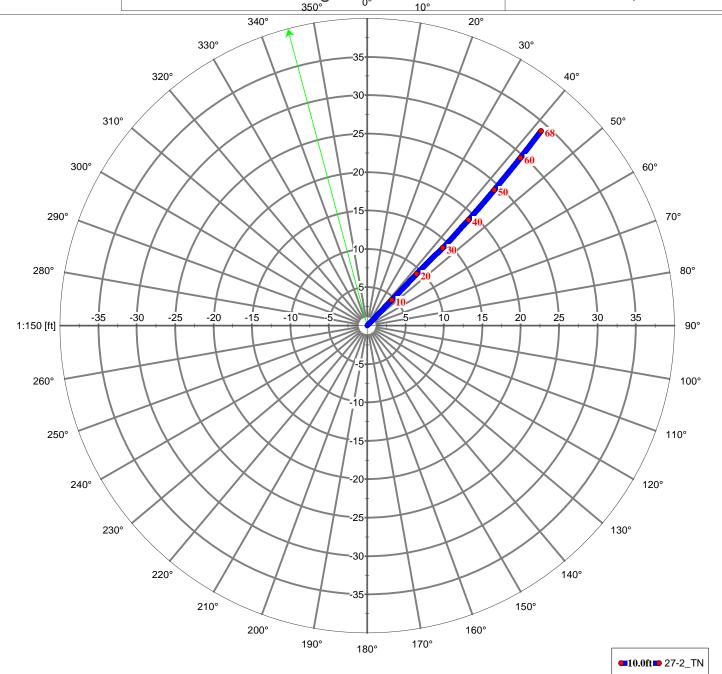
Geophysical Logging Record:

Bull;s Eye Deviation Plot

Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: 27-2

Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 11-12-08

Client: Gannett-Fleming TN Logged By: MC,KS





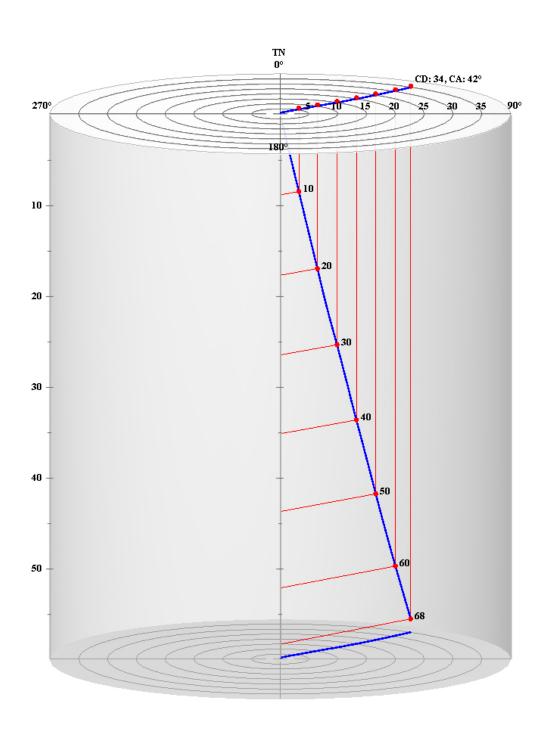
Geophysical Logging Record:

3D Cylinder Deviation Plot

Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: 27-2

Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 11-12-08

Client: Gannett-Fleming Logged By: MC,KS





1:2 [ft]

Hager GeoScience Inc.

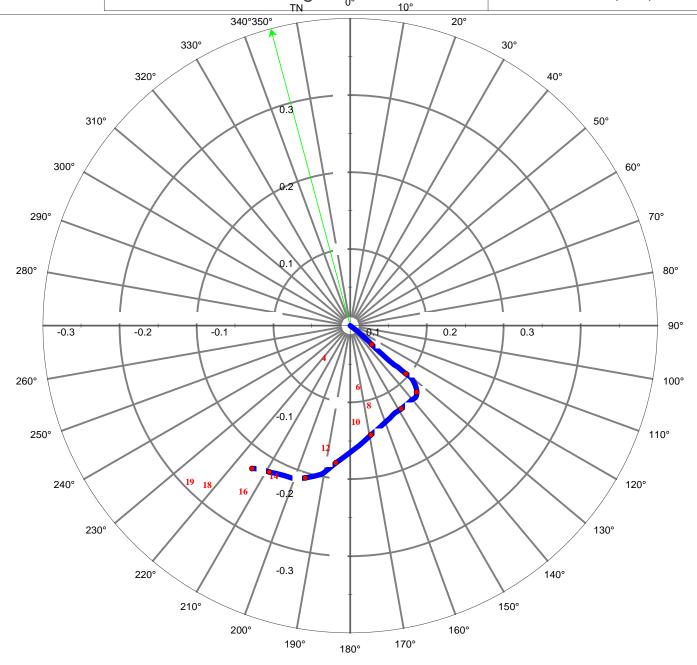
Geophysical Logging Record:

Bull's Eye Deviation Plot

Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: 27-30B-2

Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 11-13-08

Client: Gannett-Fleming Logged By: MC,KS,JH





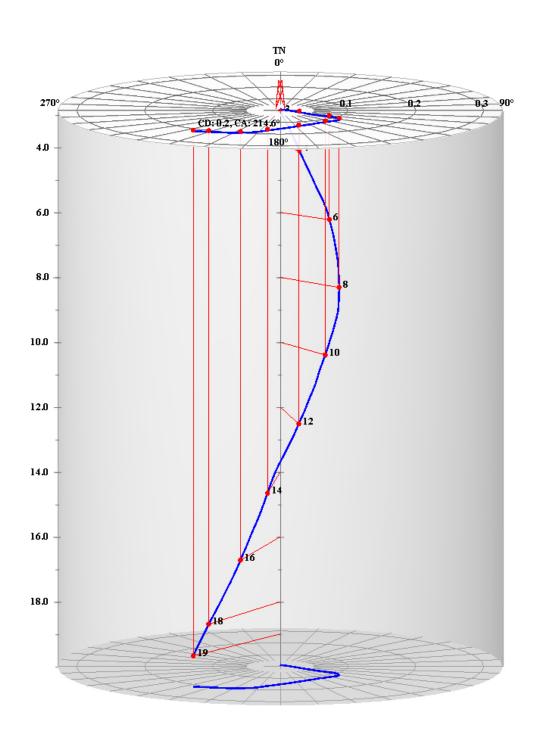
Geophysical Logging Record:

3D Cylinder Deviation Plot

Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: 27-30B-2

Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 11-13-08

Client: Gannett-Fleming Logged By: MC,KS,JH





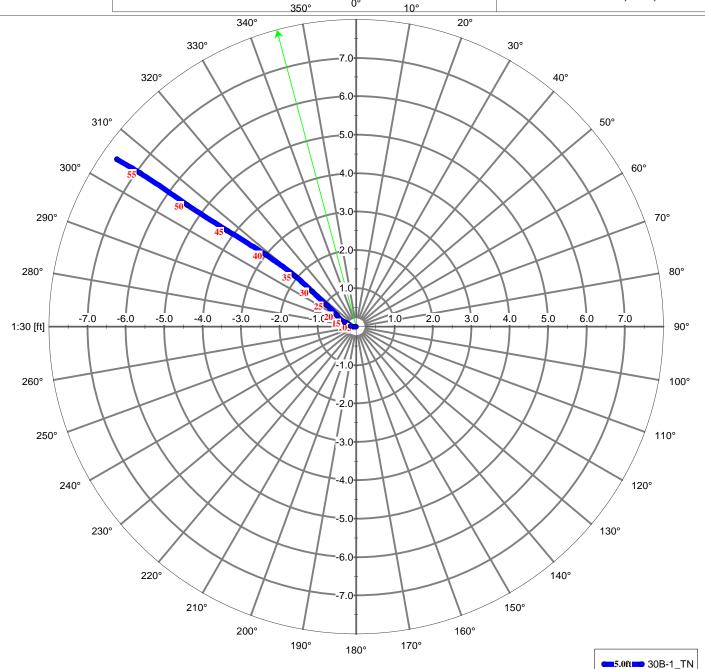
Geophysical Logging Record:

Bull's Eye Deviation Log

Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: 27-30B-1

Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 10-31-08

Client: G-F Logged By: MC,JB,JK





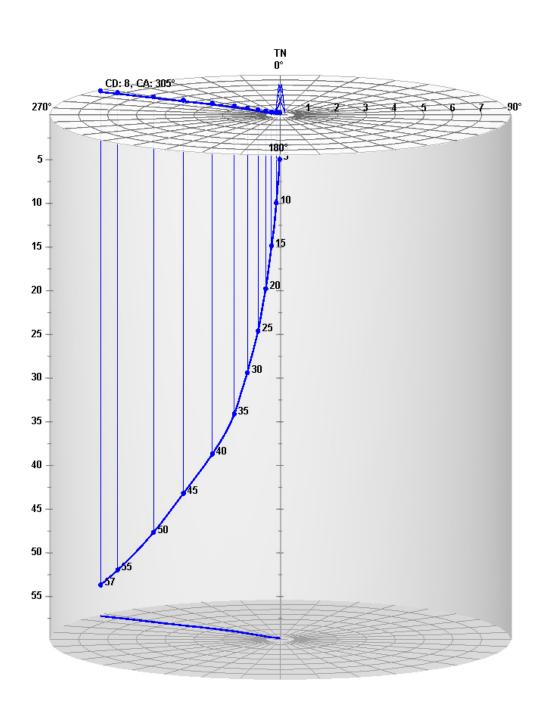
Geophysical Logging Record:

3D Cylinder Deviation Log

Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: 27-30B-1

Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 10-31-08

Client: G-F Logged By: MC,JB,JK





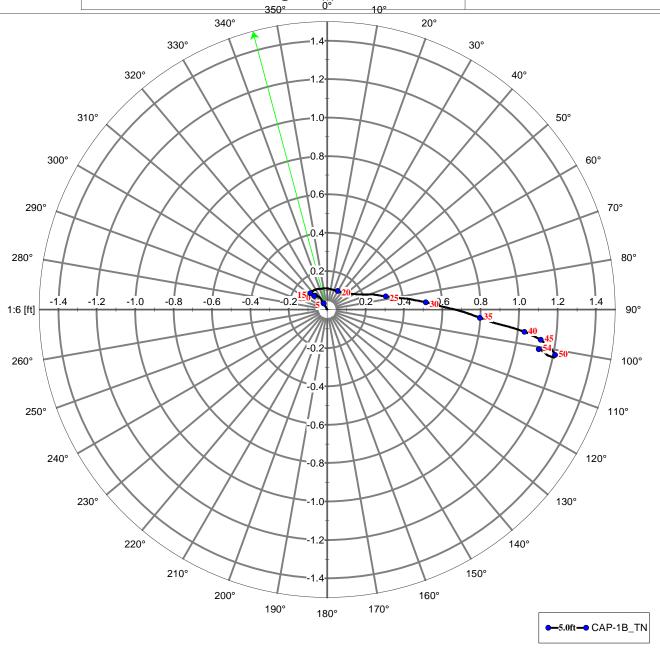
Geophysical Logging Record:

Bull's Eye Deviation Plot

Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: CAP-1B

Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 11-10-08

Client: Gannett-Fleming TN Logged By: KS,JK





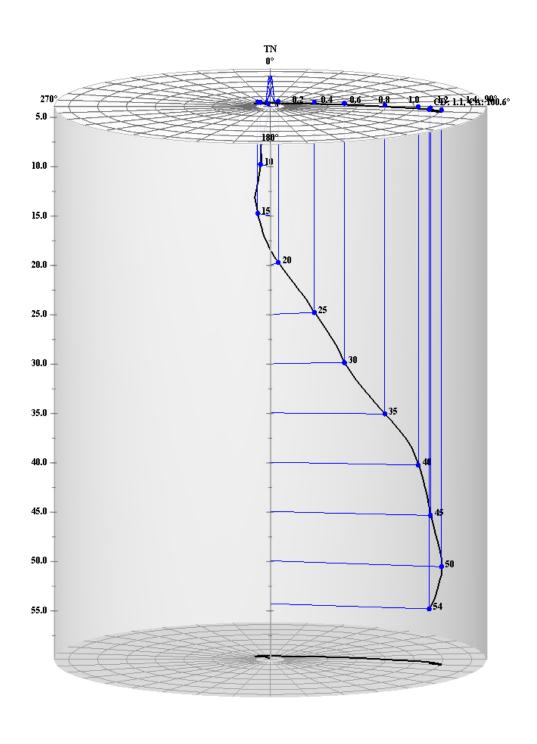
Geophysical Logging Record:

3D Cylinder Deviation Plot

Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: CAP-1B

Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 11-10-08

Client: Gannett-Fleming Logged By: KS,JK





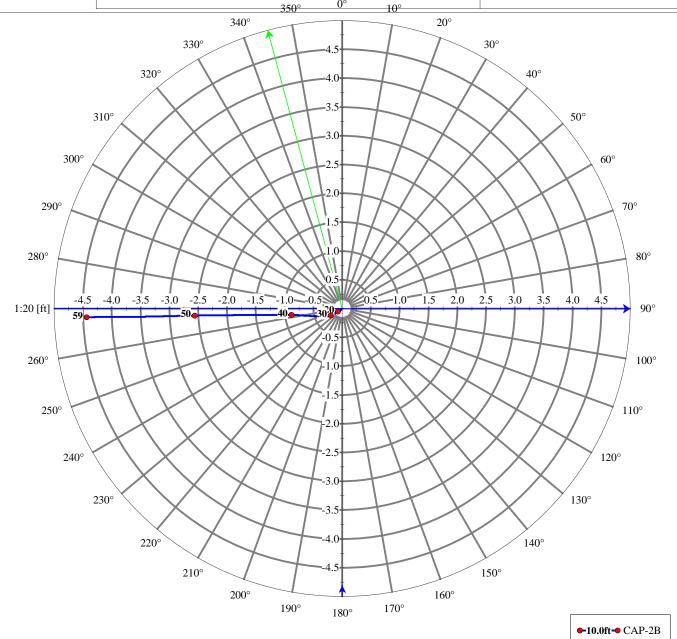
Geophysical Logging Record:

Bull's Eye Deviation Plot

Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: CAP-2B

Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 11-10-08

Client: Gannett-Fleming TN Logged By: MC,KS





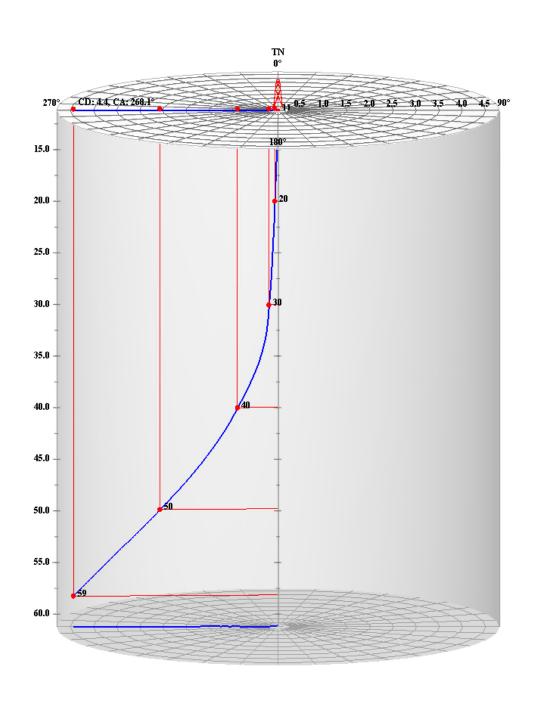
Geophysical Logging Record:

3D Cylinder Deviation Plot

Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: CAP-2B

Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 11-10-08

Client: Gannett-Fleming Logged By: MC,KS





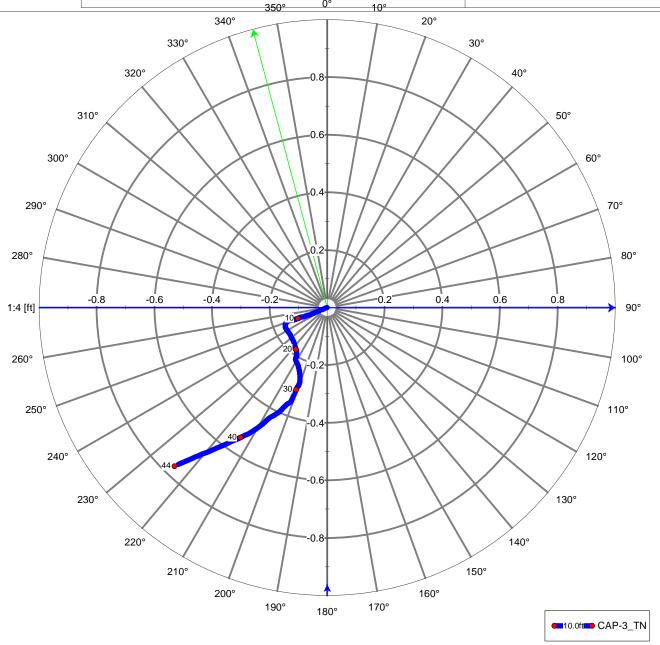
Geophysical Logging Record:

Bull's Eye Deviation Plot

Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: CAP-3

Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 11-10-08

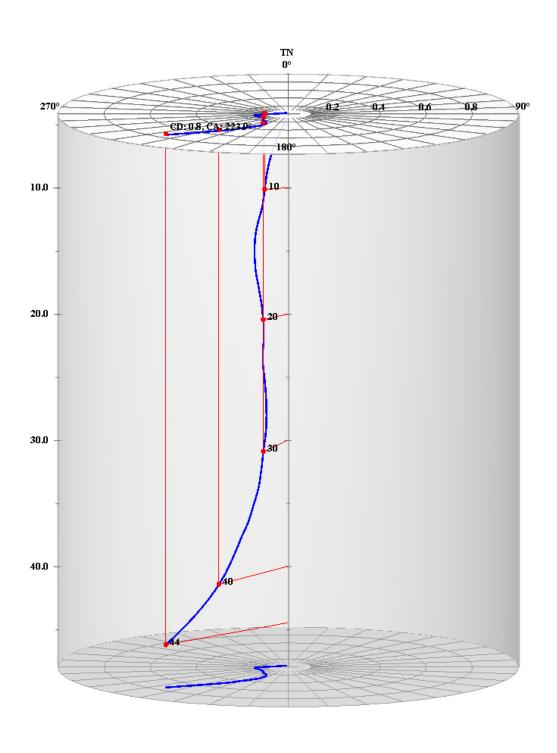
Client: Gannett-Fleming TN Logged By: MC,KS,JK





	Geophysical Logging Record:		
Hager GeoScience Inc.	3D Cylinder Deviation Plot		
Site: Devens Landfill	Boring #: CAP-3		
Location: Ayer, MA	Date Logged: 11-10-08		

Client: Gannett-Fleming Logged By: MC,KS,JK





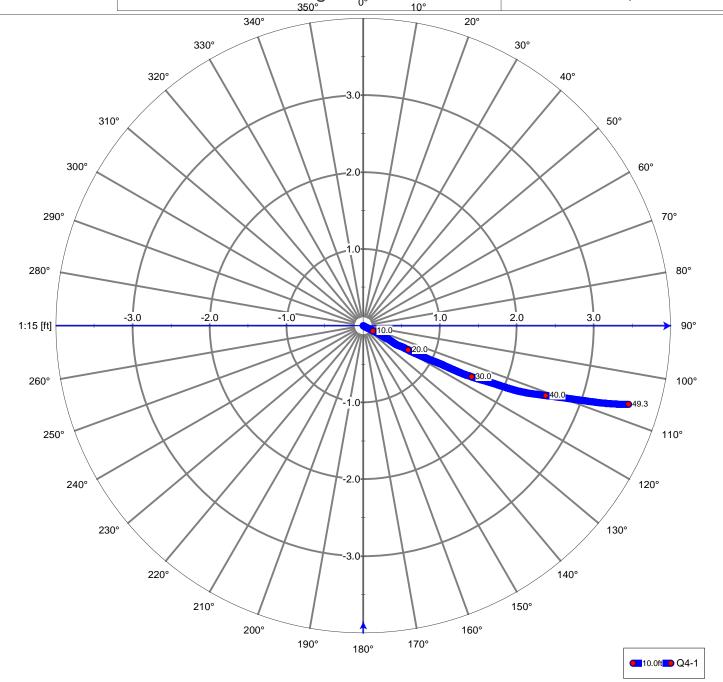
Geophysical Logging Record:

Bull's Eye Deviation Plot

Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: Q4-1

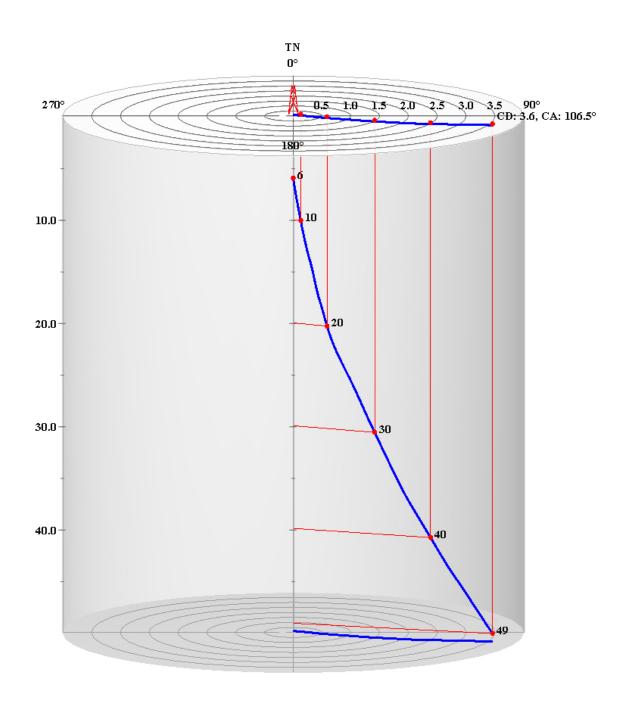
Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 11-10-08

Client: Gannett-Fleming TN Logged By: MC,KS





Hager GeoScience Inc.	Geophysical Logging Record: 3D cylinder Deviation Plot	
Site: Devens Landfill	Boring #: Q4-1	
Location: Ayer, MA	Date Logged: 11-10-08	
Client: Gannett-Fleming	Logged By: MC,KS	





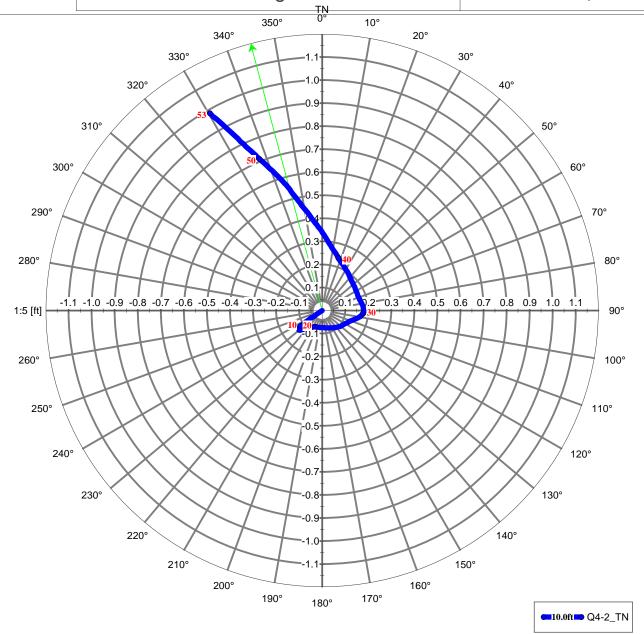
Geophysical Logging Record:

Bull's Eye Deviation Plot

Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: Q4-2

Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 11-11-08

Client: Gannett-Fleming Logged By: MC,KS





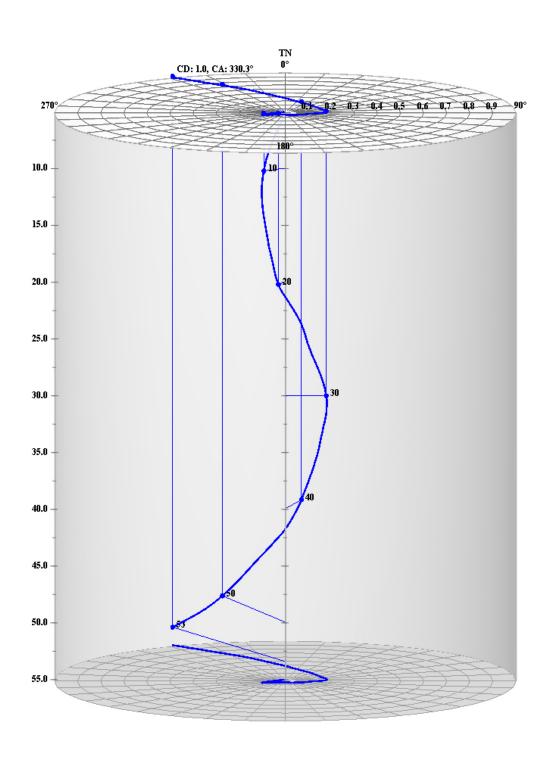
Geophysical Logging Record:

3D Cylinder Deviation Plot

Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: Q4-2

Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 11-11-08

Client: Gannett-Fleming Logged By: MC,KS





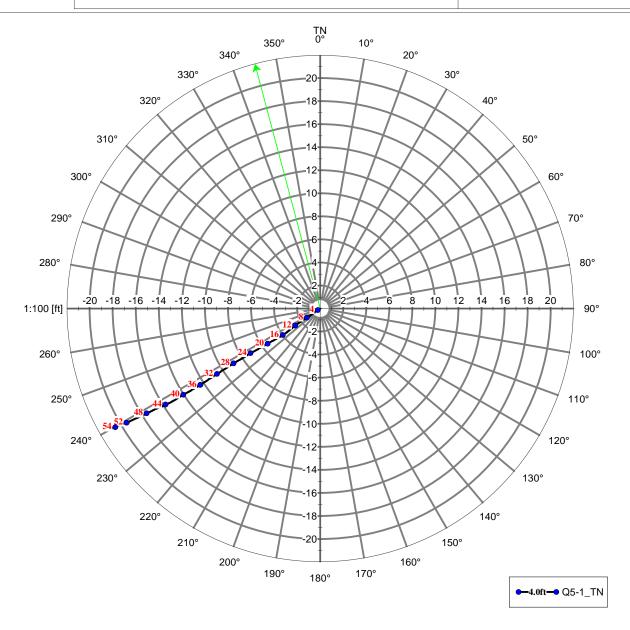
Geophysical Logging Record:

Bull's Eye Deviation Plot

Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: Q5-1

Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 10-29-08

Client: Gannett-Fleming Logged By: MC,JB,KS





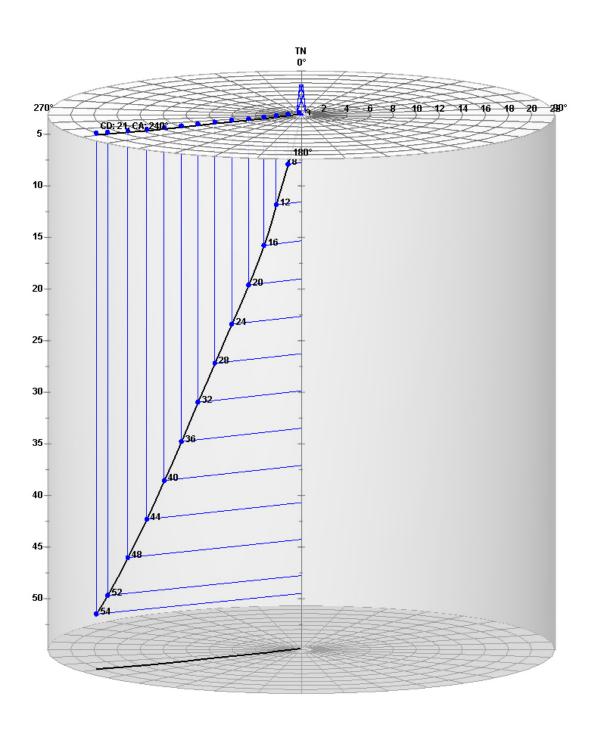
Geophysical Logging Record:

3D Cylinder Deviation Plot

Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: Q5-1

Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 10-29-08

Client: Gannett-Fleming Logged By: MC,JB,KS





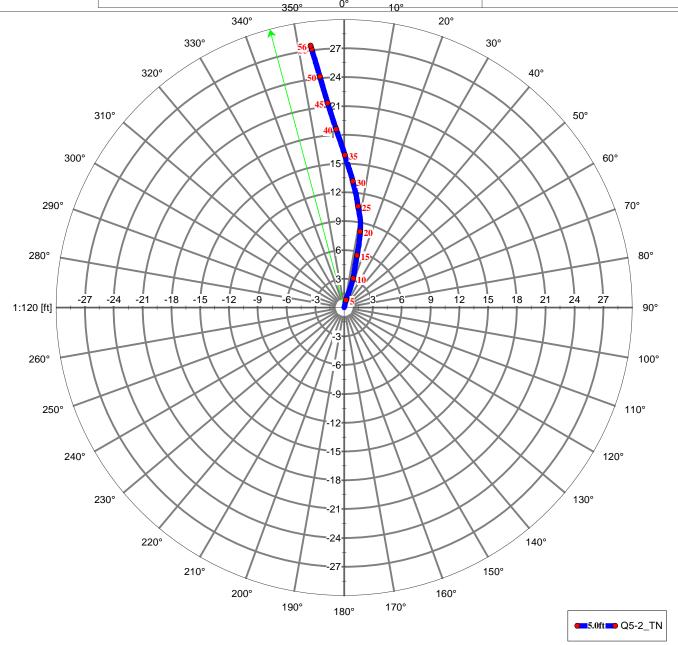
Geophysical Logging Record:

Bull's Eye Deviation Plot

Site: Devens Landfill Boring #: Q5-2

Location: Ayer, MA Date Logged: 10-30-08

Client: Gannett-Fleming Logged By: MC,JB,KS,JH





Geophysical Logging Record:

3D Cylinder Deviation Plot

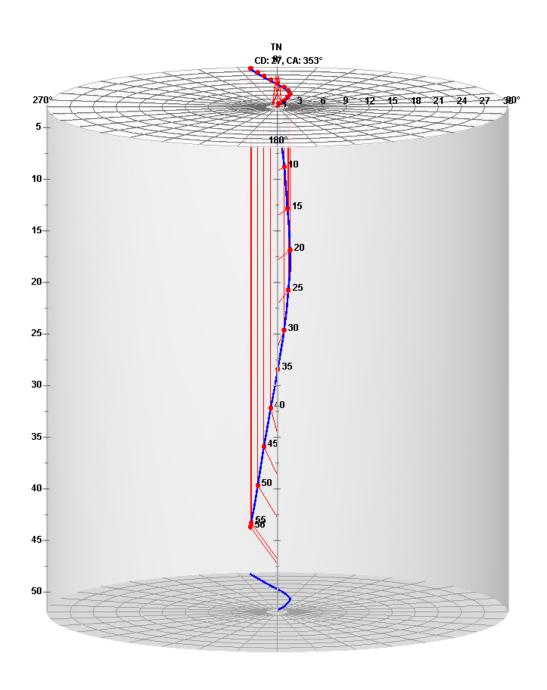
Site: Devens Landfill

Boring #: Q5-2

Location: Ayer, MA

Date Logged: 10-30-08

Client: Gannett-Fleming Logged By: MC,JB,KS,JH



SDMS REPOSITORY TARGET SHEET

US EPA New England Superfund Document Management System / RCRA Document Management System Native Files Target Sheet

SDMS Document ID #:_507276				
Site Name: _Fort Devens				
File Type(s) Attached (examples: Excel file or .jpg):				
.xls_				
Document Type this Target Sheet Represents:				
[] Map [] Photograph [] Graph/Chart				
[] Video [] Compact Disc [X] Other (Specify below)				
Description or Comments: Excel Spreadsheets that consist of Appendix I: Pressure transducer data				
To view the attached files, open the "Attachment Panel" by clicking the paper clip - in the left side panel of this window.				
** Please note to view attachments the software corresponding with the specified file type is necessary. **				
For any additional assistance please contact the EPA New England Office of Site Remediation and Restoration Records and Information Center-Telephone (617) 918 1440				

SDMS REPOSITORY TARGET SHEET

US EPA New England Superfund Document Management System / RCRA Document Management System Native Files Target Sheet

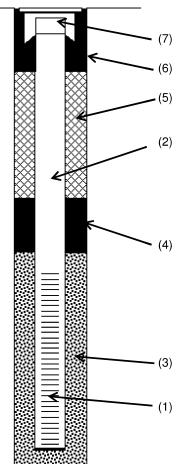
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Site Name: _Fort Devens				
File Type(s) Attached (examples: Excel file or .jpg):				
xls_				
Document Type this Target Sheet Represents:				
[] Map [] Photograph [] Graph/Chart				
[] Video [] Compact Disc [X] Other (Specify below)				
Description or Comments: Excel Spreadsheets that consist of Appendix J: Slug Tests				
To view the attached files, open the "Attachment Panel" by clicking the paper clip - in the left side panel of this window.				
** Please note to view attachments the software corresponding with the specified file type is necessary. **				
For any additional assistance please contact the EPA New England Office of Site Remediation and Restoration Records and Information Center-Telephone (617) 918 1440				

MONITORING WELL CONSTRUCTION LOG **▲**Gannett Fleming U.S. EPA Region I Client/Project Focused Bedrock Investigation 199 Wells Ave Suite 210 Well ID: 3-2 Shepley's Hill Landfill Newton, Massachusetts 45624.003 Well Permit #: Project #: none Site Location: Former Fort Devens, Ayer, Massachusetts MW Installed on: 9/24/2009 Drilling Co.: Maine Drilling and Blasting Borehole Installed on: 2/11/2008 Water Encountered at: Drilling Foreman: Bruce Dugan NA Drilling Method: Purged well with Waterra Pump Percussion Drilled Development Method: MW Contractor: Geosearch, Inc./Jason Jalutkevicz Top of Inner Casing Elev.: Logged By: Dave McTique-GF/Bill Brandon-EPA Height of Stick-Up: 1 ft. Total Depth: 59' 3" below top of 4" casing Inclination/Borehole Diameter: Vertical/4" Borehole 1). Screen Type: Sch. 40 PVC Slotted Length: 5 feet Slot Size: 0.010 slot screen Screen Interval: 54 to 59 feet bgs 2). Solid Pipe Type: Sch. 40 PVC

3). Type of Backfill Around Screen: No. 2 Grade Sand Depth to Top of Sand: 50 feet bgs 4). Type of Seal (if installed): Bentonite Depth to Top of Seal: 47.5 feet bgs 5). Type of Backfill: No. 2 Grade Sand How Installed: Hand Packed *46.5 feet bgs Depth to Top of Backfill: 6). Type of Surface Seal (if installed): None 7). Protective Casing: None Locking Internal Plug: **Expansion Plug** Key No.: NA 8). Concrete Seal: None

Solid Pipe Length:

Pipe & Screen Diameter:



General Remarks: There is no overburden at this location. The hole was advanced directly into the bedrock outcrop.

The casing was placed 2.5 feet into the socket in top of rock.

*There is no grout/backfill in the annulus from 46.5 feet bgs to surface.

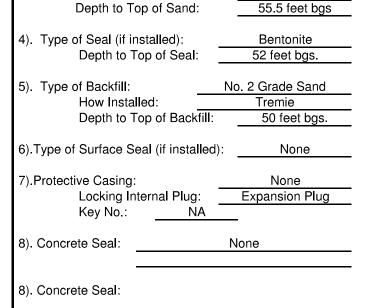
The target screen interval was 52 to 57 feet bgs, however the well settled two feet during development.

54 feet

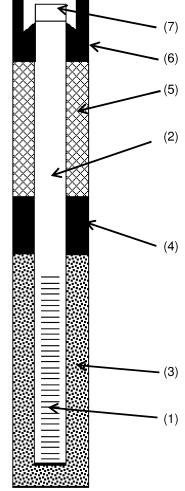
1.5" ID

MONITORING WELL CONSTRUCTION LOG Gannett Fleming U.S. EPA Region I Client/Project Focused Bedrock Investigation Well ID: 27-1 (single) 199 Wells Ave Suite 210 Shepley's Hill Landfill Newton, Massachusetts Well Permit #: Project #: 45624.003 none Site Location: Former Fort Devens, Ayer, Massachusetts MW Installed on: 9/23/2009 Drilling Co.: Maine Drilling and Blasting Borehole Installed on: 9/18/2008 Drilling Foreman: Bruce Dugan Water Encountered at: NA Drilling Method: Percussion Drilled Development Method: Purged well with Waterra Pump Geosearch, Inc./Jason Jalutkevicz Top of Inner Casing Elev : MW Contractor: Logged By: Dave McTigue-GF/Bill Brandon-EPA Height of Stick-Up: 3 feet 79' 1.5" below top of 4" casing Inclination/Borehole Diameter: 60 degree angle/3.5" Borehole Total Depth: 1). Screen Type: Sch. 40 PVC Slotted Length: 5 feet Slot Size: 0.010 slot screen Screen Interval: 58.25 to 63.25 feet bgs. 2). Solid Pipe Type: Sch. 40 PVC Solid Pipe Length: 58.25 feet 1.5" ID Pipe & Screen Diameter:

No. 2 Grade Sand



3). Type of Backfill Around Screen:



General Remarks: There is no overburden at this location. The hole was advanced directly into the bedrock outcrop.

The casing in the bedrock is placed 2.5 feet into the socket in the top of rock.

Note that the above depths are measured along the boring; they are not true depths (vertical) below ground surface because of angled hole. The bottom of the well screen is 63.25 feet bgs. Underlying the bottom of the well is sand fill extending to the borehole bottom.

The target interval for the well screen was 62.5 to 57.5 feet bgs; however the well settled 0.75 feet during well development.

Client/Project

U.S. EPA Region I Focused Bedrock Investigation Shepley's Hill Landfill

Well ID: 20-1



199 Wells Ave Suite 210 Newton, Massachusetts

Project #:	45624.003	Well Permit # :	none
Site Location:	Former Fort Devens, Ayer, Massachusetts	MW Installed on:	9/24/2009
Drilling Co.:	Maine Drilling and Blasting	Borehole Installed on:	2/11/2008
Drilling Foreman:	Bruce Dugan	Water Encountered at:	NA
Drilling Method:	Percussion Drilled	Development Method:	Purged well with Waterra Pump
MW Contractor:	Geosearch, Inc./Jason Jalutkevicz	Top of Inner Casing Elev.:	
Logged By:	Dave McTigue-GF/Bill Brandon-EPA	Height of Stick-Up:	8 inches
Total Depth:	69 ft. below top of 4" casing	Inclination/Borehole Diameter	: Vertical/4" Borehole

1). Screen Type: Sch. 40 PVC
Slotted Length: 15 feet
Slot Size: 0.010 slot screen
Screen Interval: 40 to 55 feet bgs

2). Solid Pipe Type:
Solid Pipe Length:
40 feet
Pipe & Screen Diameter:
1.5" ID

3). Type of Backfill Around Screen:

Depth to Top of Sand:

No. 2 Grade Sand

38 feet bgs

4). Type of Seal (if installed): Bentonite
Depth to Top of Seal: 35 feet bgs

5). Type of Backfill:

How Installed:

Depth to Top of Backfill:

* Grout installed from 33 ft bgs to surface

6). Type of Surface Seal (if installed): None

7).Protective Casing:

Locking Internal Plug:

Key No.:

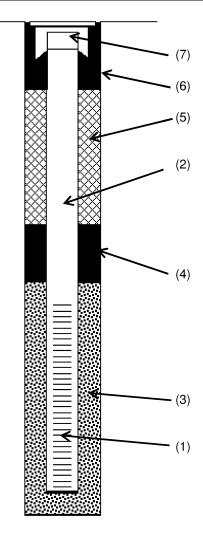
NA

None

Expansion Plug

8). Concrete Seal: None

8). Concrete Seal:



General Remarks: There is no overburden at this location. The hole was advanced directly into the bedrock outcrop.

The casing was placed 2.5 feet into the socket in the top of rock.

The bottom of the well screen is 55 feet bgs. Underlying the bottom of the well is sand fill extending to the borehole bottom.

MONITORING WELL CONSTRUCTION LOG 🖲 Gannett Fleming U.S. EPA Region I Client/Project Focused Bedrock Investigation Well ID: Q4-1 199 Wells Ave Suite 210 Shepley's Hill Landfill Newton, Massachusetts Well Permit #: Project #: 45624.003 none Site Location: Former Fort Devens, Ayer, Massachusetts MW Installed on: 9/25/2009 Drilling Co.: Maine Drilling and Blasting Borehole Installed on: 2/11/2008 Drilling Foreman: Bruce Dugan Water Encountered at: NA Percussion Drilled Development Method: Purged well with Waterra Pump Drilling Method: MW Contractor: Geosearch, Inc./Jason Jalutkevicz Top of Inner Casing Elev.: 2' 3" Logged By: Dave McTique-GF/Bill Brandon-EPA Height of Stick-Up: Vertical/4" Borehole Total Depth: 50.8 feet below top of 4" casing Inclination/Borehole Diameter: 1). Screen Type: Sch. 40 PVC Slotted Length: 10 feet Slot Size: 0.010 slot screen 30 to 40 feet bgs. Screen Interval: 2). Solid Pipe Type: Sch. 40 PVC Solid Pipe Length: 30 feet Pipe & Screen Diameter: 1.5" ID 3). Type of Backfill Around Screen: No. 2 Grade Sand Depth to Top of Sand: 28 feet bgs. 4). Type of Seal (if installed): **Bentonite** Depth to Top of Seal: 24 feet bgs. 5). Type of Backfill: No. 2 Grade Sand How Installed: Hand Packed (4)Depth to Top of Backfill: 22 feet bgs. *grout installed from 22' bgs to surface 6). Type of Surface Seal (if installed): None 7). Protective Casing: None Locking Internal Plug: Expansion Plug Key No.: NA (3)8). Concrete Seal: None (1)8). Concrete Seal: **General Remarks:** The casing was placed 2 feet into the socket of the top of rock. A bentonite seal was also installed below the well screen from 44 ft bgs to the bottom of the borehole.

Client/Project

U.S. EPA Region I
Focused Bedrock Investigation
Shepley's Hill Landfill

Well ID: CH-1(well pair) Shallow Well



199 Wells Ave Suite 210 Newton, Massachusetts

Project #:	45624.003	Well Permit # :	none
Site Location:	Former Fort Devens, Ayer, Massachusetts	MW Installed on:	10/7/2009
Drilling Co.:	Geosearch, Inc.	Borehole Installed on:	9/28/2009 to 10/06/09
Drilling Foreman:	Jason Jalutkevicz	Water Encountered at:	NA
Drilling Method:	Rock Core	Development Method:	Purged well with Waterra Pump
MW Contractor:	Geosearch, Inc.	Top of Inner Casing Elev.:	
Logged By:	Dave McTigue-GF/Bill Brandon-EPA	Height of Stick-Up:	3 feet
Total Depth:	151 feet bgs	Inclination/Borehole Diameter	: Vertical/3.875" Borehole

1). Screen Type:
Slotted Length:
Slot Size:
Deep Screen Interval:
Sch. 40 PVC
10 feet
0.010 slot screen
36 to 41 feet bgs.

2). Solid Pipe Type: Sch. 40 PVC
Solid Pipe Length: 36 feet
Deep Pipe/Screen Diameter: 1" ID

3). Type of Backfill Around Screen:

Depth to Top of Sand:

No. 2 Grade Sand

33 feet bgs.

4). Type of Seal (if installed): Bentonite
Depth to Top of Seal: 18 feet bgs.

5). Type of Backfill: Grout

How Installed: Hand Packed

Depth to Top of Backfill: surface.

6). Type of Surface Seal (if installed): Concrete

7).Protective Casing:

Locking Internal Plug:

Key No.:

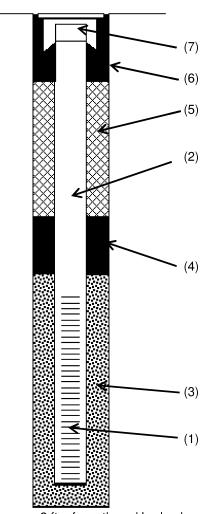
NA

Aluminum Road Box

Expansion Plug

Expansion Plug

8). Concrete Seal:



General Remarks: There is approx. 16 ft. of overburden at this location and approx.2 ft. of weathered bedrock.

The outer casing was driven to 17 feet bgs. HW wireline core was 2.5" diameter

18 ft bgs to surfac	ce -	grout		
33 to 18 ft bgs	-	bentonite		
46 to 33 ft bgs	-	sand	101 to 78 ft bgs -	sand
54 to 46 ft bgs	-	bentonite	104 to 101 ft bgs -	- bentonite
60 to 54 ft bgs	-	sand	108 to 104 ft bgs -	sand
62 to 60 ft bgs	-	bentonite	113 to 108 ft bgs -	bentonite
65 to 62 ft bgs	-	sand	120 to 113 ft bgs -	sand
68 to 65 ft bgs	-	bentonite	129 to 120 ft bgs -	bentonite
71 to 68 ft bgs	-	sand	147 to 129 ft bgs -	sand
78 to 71 ft bgs	-	bentonite	bottom to 147 ft bgs	s - bentonite

Client/Project

U.S. EPA Region I
Focused Bedrock Investigation
Shepley's Hill Landfill

Well ID: CH-1(well pair)
Deep Well

ĞGannett Fleming

199 Wells Ave Suite 210 Newton, Massachusetts

Project #:	45624.003	Well Permit # :	none
Site Location:	Former Fort Devens, Ayer, Massachusetts	MW Installed on:	10/7/2009
Drilling Co.:	Geosearch, Inc.	Borehole Installed on:	9/28/2009 to 10/06/09
Drilling Foreman:	Jason Jalutkevicz	Water Encountered at:	NA
Drilling Method:	Rock Core	Development Method:	Purged well with Waterra Pump
MW Contractor:	Geosearch, Inc.	Top of Inner Casing Elev.:	
Logged By:	Dave McTigue-GF/Bill Brandon-EPA	Height of Stick-Up:	3 feet
Total Depth:	151 feet bgs	Inclination/Borehole Diameter	: Vertical/3.875" Borehole

1). Screen Type:

Slotted Length:
Slot Size:
Deep Screen Interval:

Sch. 40 PVC

10 feet

0.010 slot screen

85 to 95 feet bgs.

2). Solid Pipe Type: Sch. 40 PVC
Solid Pipe Length: 85 feet
Deep Pipe/Screen Diameter: 1.5" ID

3). Type of Backfill Around Screen:

Depth to Top of Sand:

No. 2 Grade Sand
78 feet bgs.

4). Type of Seal (if installed): Bentonite
Depth to Top of Seal: 71 feet bgs.

5). Type of Backfill:

How Installed:

Depth to Top of Backfill:

No. 2 Grade Sand

Hand Packed

68 feet bgs.

6). Type of Surface Seal (if installed): Concrete

7).Protective Casing:

Locking Internal Plug:

Key No.:

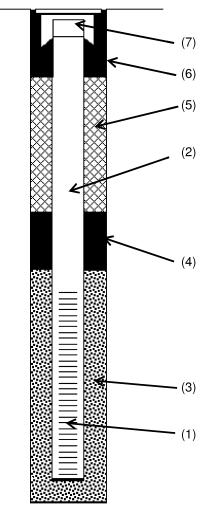
NA

Aluminum Road Box

Expansion Plug

8). Concrete Seal:

The outer casing was driven to 17 feet bgs. HW wireline core was 2.5" diameter



General Remarks: There is approx. 16 ft. of overburden at this location and approx.2 ft. of weathered bedrock.

18 ft bgs to surfac	ν -	grout			
	,0				
33 to 18 ft bgs	-	bentonite			
46 to 33 ft bgs	-	sand	101 to 78 ft bgs -	- sand	
54 to 46 ft bgs	-	bentonite	104 to 101 ft bgs -	- bentonite	
60 to 54 ft bgs	-	sand	108 to 104 ft bgs -	- sand	
62 to 60 ft bgs	-	bentonite	113 to 108 ft bgs -	- bentonite	
65 to 62 ft bgs	-	sand	120 to 113 ft bgs -	- sand	
68 to 65 ft bgs	-	bentonite	129 to 120 ft bgs -	- bentonite	
71 to 68 ft bgs	-	sand	147 to 129 ft bgs -	- sand	
78 to 71 ft bgs	-	bentonite	bottom to 147 ft bgs	s - bentonite	

Client/Project

U.S. EPA Region I
Focused Bedrock Investigation
Shepley's Hill Landfill

Well ID: 27-30B-1



199 Wells Ave Suite 210 Newton, Massachusetts

Project #:	45624.003	Well Permit # :	none
Site Location:	Former Fort Devens, Ayer, Massachusetts	MW Installed on:	9/24/2009
Drilling Co.:	Maine Drilling and Blasting	Borehole Installed on:	9/18/2008
Drilling Foreman:	Bruce Dugan	Water Encountered at:	NA
Drilling Method:	Percussion Drilled	Development Method:	Purged well with Waterra Pump
MW Contractor:	Geosearch, Inc./Jason Jalutkevicz	Top of Inner Casing Elev.:	
Logged By:	Dave McTigue-GF/Bill Brandon-EPA	Height of Stick-Up:	1' 4"
Total Depth:	59' 3.5" below top of 4" casing	Inclination/Borehole Diameter	: Vertical/3.5" Borehole

1). Screen Type: Sch. 40 PVC

Slotted Length: 10 feet

Slot Size: 0.010 slot screen

Screen Interval: 35 to 45 feet bgs.

2). Solid Pipe Type: Sch. 40 PVC
Solid Pipe Length: 35 feet
Pipe & Screen Diameter: 1.5" ID

3). Type of Backfill Around Screen:

Depth to Top of Sand:

No. 2 Grade Sand

33 feet bgs.

4). Type of Seal (if installed): Bentonite
Depth to Top of Seal: 29 feet bgs.

5). Type of Backfill:

How Installed:

Depth to Top of Backfill:

*grout installed from 22' bgs to surface

6). Type of Surface Seal (if installed): None

7).Protective Casing:

Locking Internal Plug:

Key No.:

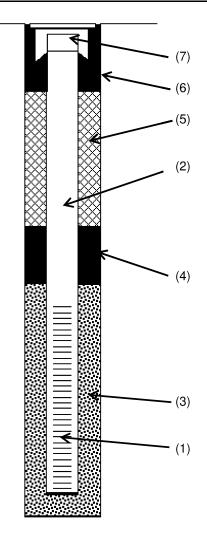
NA

None

Expansion Plug

8). Concrete Seal: None

8). Concrete Seal:



General Remarks: There is no overburden at this location. The hole was advanced directly into the bedrock outcrop.

The casing was placed 2.5 feet into the socket of the top of rock.

There is no fill (sand/grout) in the annulus from the surface to 27 feet bgs, it is open hole.

A bentonite seal was also placed under the well screen from 48 to 52 feet bgs and sand fill from 52 feet bgs to the bottom of the boring.

Client/Project

U.S. EPA Region I Focused Bedrock Investigation Shepley's Hill Landfill

Well ID: Q5-1



199 Wells Ave Suite 210 Newton, Massachusetts

Project #:	45624.003	Well Permit # :	none
Site Location:	Former Fort Devens, Ayer, Massachusetts	MW Installed on:	9/24/2009
Drilling Co.:	Maine Drilling and Blasting	Borehole Installed on:	9/18/2008
Drilling Foreman:	Bruce Dugan	Water Encountered at:	NA
Drilling Method:	Percussion Drilled	Development Method:	Purged well with Waterra Pump
MW Contractor:	Geosearch, Inc./Jason Jalutkevicz	Top of Inner Casing Elev.:	
Logged By:	Dave McTigue-GF/Bill Brandon-EPA	Height of Stick-Up:	2' 4"
Total Depth:	55' 5" below top of 4" casing	Inclination/Borehole Diamete	er: 75 degree angle/3.5" Borehole

1). Screen Type: Sch. 40 PVC

Slotted Length: 5 feet

Slot Size: 0.010 slot screen

Screen Interval: 47 to 52 feet bgs.

2). Solid Pipe Type: Sch. 40 PVC
Solid Pipe Length: 47 feet
Pipe & Screen Diameter: 1.5" ID

3). Type of Backfill Around Screen:

Depth to Top of Sand:

No. 2 Grade Sand

45 feet bgs.

4). Type of Seal (if installed): Bentonite
Depth to Top of Seal: 41 feet bgs.

5). Type of Backfill:

How Installed:

Depth to Top of Backfill:

39 feet bgs.

6).Type of Surface Seal (if installed): None

7).Protective Casing:

Locking Internal Plug:

Key No.:

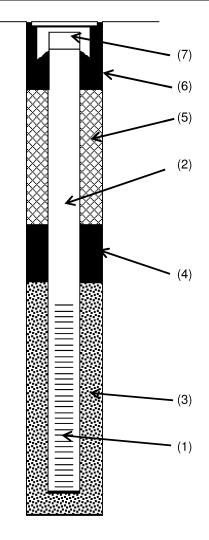
NA

None

Expansion Plug

8). Concrete Seal: None

8). Concrete Seal:



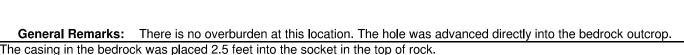
General Remarks: There is no overburden at this location. The hole was advanced directly into the bedrock outcrop.

The casing was placed 3 feet into the socket in the top of rock.

Note that the above depths are measured along the boring; they are not true depths (vertical) below ground surface because of angled hole. The bottom of the well screen is 52 feet bgs. Underlying the bottom of the well is sand fill extending to the bottom of the borehole.

There is no fill (sand/grout) in the annulus from the surface to 39 feet bgs, it is open hole.

MONITORING WELL CONSTRUCTION LOG **്∆**Gannett Fleming U.S. EPA Region I Client/Project Focused Bedrock Investigation Well ID: 27-2 199 Wells Ave Suite 210 Shepley's Hill Landfill Newton, Massachusetts 45624.003 Well Permit #: Project #: none Former Fort Devens, Ayer, Massachusetts Site Location: MW Installed on: 9/23/2009 Drilling Co.: Maine Drilling and Blasting 9/18/2008 Borehole Installed on: Drilling Foreman: Bruce Dugan Water Encountered at: NA Drilling Method: Percussion Drilled Development Method: Purged well with Waterra Pump MW Contractor: Geosearch, Inc./Jason Jalutkevicz Top of Inner Casing Elev.: Dave McTigue-GF/Bill Brandon-EPA 2' 5" Logged By: Height of Stick-Up: Inclination/Borehole Diameter: 60 degree angle/3.5" Borehole Total Depth: 71.6' below top of 4" casing 1). Screen Type: Sch. 40 PVC Slotted Length: 10 feet Slot Size: 0.010 slot screen Screen Interval: 58 to 68 feet bgs. 2). Solid Pipe Type: Sch. 40 PVC Solid Pipe Length: 58 feet Pipe & Screen Diameter: 1.5" ID 3). Type of Backfill Around Screen: No. 2 Grade Sand (2)Depth to Top of Sand: 56 feet bgs. 4). Type of Seal (if installed): Bentonite Depth to Top of Seal: 52 feet bgs. 5). Type of Backfill: No. 2 Grade Sand How Installed: Tremie (4)Depth to Top of Backfill: 50 feet bgs. 6). Type of Surface Seal (if installed): None



(3)

(1)

None

Expansion Plug

None

7). Protective Casing:

8). Concrete Seal:

8). Concrete Seal:

Key No.:

Locking Internal Plug:

Note that the above depths are measured along the boring; they are not true depths (vertical) below ground surface because of angled hole. The bottom of the well screen is 68 feet bgs. Underlying the bottom of the well is sand fill extending to the borehole bottom.

MONITORING WELL CONSTRUCTION LOG

Client/Project

U.S. EPA Region I
Focused Bedrock Investigation
Shepley's Hill Landfill

Well ID: CAP-2B

Gannett Fleming
199 Wells Ave Suite 210

199 Wells Ave Suite 210 Newton, Massachusetts

		I I	
Project #:	45624.003	Well Permit # :	none
Site Location:	Former Fort Devens, Ayer, Massachusetts	MW Installed on:	9/24/2009
Drilling Co.:	Maine Drilling and Blasting	Borehole Installed on:	9/18/2008
Drilling Foreman:	Bruce Dugan	Water Encountered at:	NA
Drilling Method:	Percussion Drilled	Development Method:	Purged well with Waterra Pump
MW Contractor:	Geosearch, Inc./Jason Jalutkevicz	Top of Inner Casing Elev.:	
Logged By:	Dave McTigue-GF/Bill Brandon-EPA	Height of Stick-Up:	2 ft.
Total Depth:	59 ft. below top of 4" casing	Inclination/Borehole Diameter	: Vertical/3.5" Borehole

1). Screen Type: Sch. 40 PVC

Slotted Length: 5 feet

Slot Size: 0.010 slot screen

Screen Interval: 52 to 57 feet bgs.

2). Solid Pipe Type: Sch. 40 PVC
Solid Pipe Length: 52 feet
Pipe & Screen Diameter: 1.25" ID

3). Type of Backfill Around Screen:

Depth to Top of Sand:

No. 2 Grade Sand

50 feet bgs

4). Type of Seal (if installed): Bentonite
Depth to Top of Seal: 45 feet bgs

5). Type of Backfill:

How Installed:

Depth to Top of Backfill:

No. 2 Grade Sand

Hand Packed

*44 feet bgs

6). Type of Surface Seal (if installed): None

7).Protective Casing:

Locking Internal Plug:

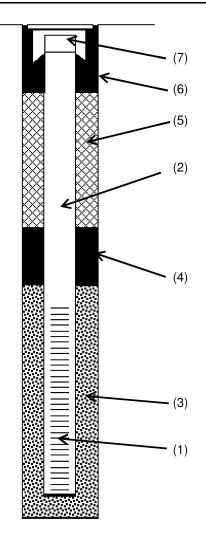
Key No.:

NA

None

Expansion Plug

8). Concrete Seal: None



General Remarks: Overburden at this location (depth to top of rock) was 8 feet below ground surface. A well pair was planned for this location, however the shallow well couldn't be inserted due to a blockage in annulus.

The casing was placed 3 feet into the socket in top of rock.

*The annulus from surface to 44' bgs was not backfilled, it was left as an open borehole. A blockage felt at 29.67 ft. bgs.

EPA Regio	on: 1			Gar	nnett Fleming	
Location: SHL		PC		Hole: ``		
Project: Bedrock Investigation		ROCK CORE EVALUATION LOG				
surface elevation:		<u> </u>		elevation top of rock:	Page:	
core size a					evaluation date:	
core evalu						
Comments	s: Chel	msford	d Grant	te IDe	d by J. Kopera	
					Descriptive Log: type(s) of roc	~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Run#	1	(ft bgs)	% Core	RQD	texture, mineralogy, bedding, de	
	from	to	Recovery	(%)	fractures, weathering, additiona	
1	18	22	82.5	57.5	weathered gtz-fel	spar-musc
					granite	
			-		18.3' frx@30'; cl	ose to foliation;
					heavy oxide stai	
					18.5' frx sub-horiz	contal: heavy
					oxide;	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
					18.0-18.6 healed	Nan-110 1
					frx	ion - verten
					18.8-19.1 heavily	fractured, broken
					Zone; heavy black	
					foliation-parall	
				,	19.1 sub-horiz. fr,	e; heavily
					oxidized; weath	ering pervasive
					on microtrx at	varibus moderatch
					dipping orientat	ions
					19.4' est, 30° dip;	foliation obliderate
					19.8' 200 dip; sub-	
					parvasive weather	ing loxidation
					along foliation pl	anes
					19.8-20.1 highly &	proken zone;
					on shallow and st intersection of	reeply dipping frx;
					Intersection of	firx sets

20.1-20.8 70+ frx; strike

Similar to foliation, but cuting
across more steeply; wide

(~0.1' either side) weathered,
reddish zone along frx

PA Region: 1	Gannet
ocation: SHL	ROCK CORE E

Hole:

Page:

surface elevation:

Project: Bedrock Investigation

core size and type: core evaluated by: elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

Comments	•			
Run#	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments
1 (contid)				21.1 10 frx; strike normal to foliation; intersects steep frx described above; 21.4 mechanical break; staining from steep-dipping frx similar to above;
2	22 to 26	87.5	32.5	slightly coarser-grained; sheared gtz-musc-plag granite; perusive network of fine veinlets filled w/ black (Mn?)
				22.25 shallow dipping frx; weathered; secondary gtz on frx surface; ~10° dip; strike normal to foliation; dip direction 270° from foliation dip;
				22.55 sub-parallel to previous; ~20 dip; oxidation 22.8-23 very heavy, bright orange
				powdery oxide; some thin calcite vein on fix surface; 22.7-23 cm coarse-grained band sub-parallel to foliation; weathering band into rock parallel to frx

PA Region: 1	Gannett
ocation: SHL	ROCK CORE EV

Hole:

Page: 3

Project: Bedrock Investigation surface elevation:

core size and type: core evaluated by: elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

				Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock color grain size
Run#	Depth (ft bgs)	% Core	RQD	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of
IXUII#	from to	Recovery	(%)	fractures, weathering, additional comments
	110111 10	recovery	(70)	iradiares, weathering, additional comments
2 (contid)		,		23.6-23.9 broken zone; sub-horiza
	,			frx.; heavy oxidation penetrates NO.1' either side of frx;
	`			23,9 30 frx; strikes roughly parallel
				to foliation, cutting across at shallower dip than foliation
				24.3 intersection of steep and sub-
				horiz, frx, with oxidation;
·	•			steep strike // to foliation; shallow 24.3-24.8 cross- cutting black
				veinlets;
				24.8 sub-parallel fix to previous,
				10° dip; heavy NO.1 oxidation rind around frx;
		,		25.1 mechanical break
				25.3 sub-horizontal frx;
				intersecting with steep fox;
				"bleached" Zone outside oxide
				band; broken some
				25.55 20° dip near perpendicular to
				foliation; dips to SE; dead-end north frx with oxide
	faction		1	1
	frx cuts into	next run		25.45-26.55 steep frx 75° dip; NW strike; heavy oxidation; ~0.05 ft reaction zone

EPA Region:	1	
Location: SH		

Project: Bedrock Investigation

Gannett Fleming ROCK CORE EVALUATION LOG

Hole:

Page: 4

surface elevation:

core size and type:

elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

core evaluated by:

Comments	S:			
Run #	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments
2 (contid)	****		(13)	several sub-parallel frx, adjacent to big steep one
3	26 + 29.3	100	(00	28.1 20° dip; some Fe-oxidation Carbonate on frx. surface; N-S strik W dipping 28.7-29.3 Steep-dipping classed frx; "bleached" reaction zone either side <1 cm
4	29.3 to 36	100	95.5	29.3 30° dip (180° from foliation dip) dip to SE; Smooth joint; exidation front visible 29.3 - 29.7 steep frx cross-culting; 80°; dipping to SSE; closed frx with exidation
	·			29.7 22° dip to SE; strike similar to foliation; existation, smooth frx surface 30.7 major frx; heavy exidation/
	·		·	weathering; 22° dip to SE; yellow-orange Fe-ox; black Mn-o 33 machine break 33.9 - 34.4 machine break following foliation; 67° dip

EPA Region	n: 1	1	Gai	nnett Fleming		
Location: SHL		ROCK CORE EVALUATION LOG Hole:				
Project: Bedrock Investigation				Page: 5		
surface elev		11		elevation top of rock:		
core size ar	nd type:			evaluation date:		
core evalua						
Comments:						
Run#	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments		
4(cont'd.)				34.4-34.7 65° foliation-parallel frx, trace oxidation		
				34.7-36 healed frx roughly perpendicular to foliation		
i i	·			35.3 irregular oxidation front following frx at various orientations		
		.*		35.5-35.8 two thin gtz veiblets; 40° dip to SE; strike similar to foliation		
				36 mechanital break		
5	36 to 41	100	88%	3.3-foot intact core above very longe frx; 36.3 ft 20 dip gtz veir let		

36.8 ft 30° dip qte veinlet

37.4 ft 40° dip gte veillet

(strike parallel to foliation, dip to SE (I to foliation))

a few foliation - parallel qtz veinlets ~ 1.8 ft aport;

PA Region: 1	Gannett Fleming
ocation: SHL	ROCK CORE EVALUATION LOG

Hole:

Page: 6

Project: Bedrock Investigation surface elevation:

core size and type: core evaluated by: elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

Run#	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments
5 (contid)				39.3 very large frx w/ deep weathered 30ne either side; red-brown Fe-ox band ~ 0.1-ft wide; ~0.15 ft "bleached" zone outside that; 22° dip to SE(?); Strike // to foliation, dip opposite; THIS IS LIKELY THE PRACTURE THAT TOOK THE DRILLING WATER 40 two thin gtz stringers
				40.35 machine break on veinlet 40.6 machine break on veinlet 41 machine break on veinlet 30° dip
6	41 2 43.7	100	100	42.4 large frx; 0.05-ft weathered Fe-ox zone; some calcite on frx surface; strike // to foliation, dip opposite, 30; similar to large feature above 43.0 machine break; near horiz; calcite on plane (plane of weakness) 43.7 machine break

PA Region: 1	 Ganr
ocation: SHL	ROCK CORE

Hole:

Page:

surface elevation:

core size and type: core evaluated by:

Project: Bedrock Investigation

elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

Comment	s:			
Run #	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments
7	43.7 1046.5	100	100	one continuous piece; foliation ~60°-65°
				46.2 black veinlet follows cross- joint; 20° dip
				46.5 large weathered frx; cross- joint; 15° dip; weathering rind ~ 0.4 ft thick (total) - red Fe-ox only, no "bleached" Zone
8	46.5 to 48.75	100	100	47 calcite coated, Fe-ox frx surface; ~5mm "bleached" rind; dip 50°; cross joints; 48.4 machine break
			·	48.75 machine break on calcite- filled horiz, veinlet
9	48.75 to 51.4	100	(00)	48.9 wide qtz vein a lem; parallel to foliation; 55°dip;
	broke or joint, dip culcite on	cross to for surface	(ingpon)	50.8 20 dip; heavy Fe-ox on associated frx; open vugs; smoot frx surface; pyrite grain visible;

ROCK CORE EVALUATION LOG	Hole:	
	Page:	8
elevation top of rock:	•	
evaluation date:		
	·	elevation top of rock:

core evalua	ated by:			
Comments:	```			
Run#	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments
9 (cont'h)				50.8-51.4 black veinlets offset large gtz blebs (~2cm) 51 ft, 51.1 ft micro-fault surfaces offset gtz. ~1 cm; offsets appead to rotate the foliation 51.4 frx parallel to features above; oxidized; dip 25°
10	51.4 to 56.25	100	97	52.8 broken zone ~0.1 ft; pieces show gtz veinlets w/ vugs (former sulfide grains?); intersecting frx surfaces with Fe-ox weathered zone ~2cm; "bleached" zone outside that (biotite weathered out?);
				62.9 - Sb.25 one continuous core; a few cross-cutting black or 9tz veinlets 53.1 thin cross-joint with almom Fe-ox halo; 53.2 micro vein; black 53.4 same as above, parallel; 25° dip

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EPA Region: 1			Gan	nett Fleming		
Location: SHL		RO	CK COR	E EVALUATION LOG	Hole:	
Project: Bedrock Investigation					Page: 9	
surface elevation: core size and type: core evaluated by:		elevation top of rock: evaluation date:				
Comments	s:	nerally	strohes	NE, d	ips NW	
Run#	Depth (ft	,	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of roc texture, mineralogy, bedding, defractures, weathering, additional	ensity and dip of
10 cont's					54.8 steeply dipy frx; 50° uncertain 56.25 machine bro	•
	56.25+	r 58.0	100%	94.3%	56.35 slickenside cross joint, di to foliation, no black mineral fracture surfa 56.35 - 5800 into Hight fractures ~90° to above	p approx. normal 20° to SE (?); (phase on ce ict core; i, dip direction
					to foliation, Sb. 55 thin veinlet black filling; Slosed frace parallel veinlets and black filling gtz band (N1 e S8 break, calcit some Fe-ox; foliation (to Sw	dip to SW; dip to SW; 25° dip ture; multiple with quarts in); 30°-40° dip e coating, dips 270° to

EPA Regio	n: 1	
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Page: \

Project: Bedrock Investigation surface elevation:

core size and type: core evaluated by:

elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

Comments	S :			
Run#	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments
12	58' + 61.25	95.42	93.8%	
	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \			chlorite on frx surface; 10 dip;
				58.2' subparallel to above; also
				stickensided; yellow-orange and black oxidation;
				intersection of foliation and
				cross joints;
			٠	58.2-59.75 intact core;
		·		machine break at 59.75;
				- thin (a 1 mm) black fox fillings
				at 54.6 (~20° dip); 59.2
				(dip ~30°); 59,3 (dip ~30°-
			·	two of them); ordentations
				Similar to break at top of pilece
				-59.4 thin black fox filling,
				180° from foliation, dipulô;
		·		anastomosing
		·		59.75 machine break
				60-1-60.8 machine break on
			·	foliation plane; dip ~70°;
			e e	- at 60,1, ~1 mm gtz/black
		,		frx filling; ~1 mm gtz "Sandwich" along frx plane:
				"Sandwich" along frx plane; dip orientation 270° from Soliation; dip 25°
L				1 (10 may 2)

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Location:	SHL

Project: Bedrock Investigation

Gannett Fleming **ROCK CORE EVALUATION LOG**

Hole:

Page:

surface elevation:

core size and type:

elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

core evaluated by:
Comments:

Comments	8:			
Run#	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments
12 (cont.)				offsets alongto stringer parallel to foliation
·				61.1 natural frx; ślickensided; oxidized; dip orientation 270° from foliation; dip 30°; chorite on surface?
				61.25 natural frx; heavily oxidized; parallel to above; vugs weathered out along foliation
13	61.25 to 66.4	100%	100%	upper ~0.2 ft oxidation diffuse in matrix;
				61.95 them black gto/chlorite vein; parallel to above; 30° dip; orientation 270° to foliation
·				62.7. break along feature parallel to above; calcite coating
,				(small amount); weak oxidation 62.85, 62.9 closed frx parallel
				to above; thin black

5.15

EPA Regi	on: 1
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Page: 12_

surface elevation:

Project: Bedrock Investigation

elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

core size and type: core evaluated by:

Comments:					
Run #	Depth (ft bgs)	% Core	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments	
13 (conti)	66.4 to 71.4	Recovery 942	982	fractures, weathering, additional comments 63.8 machine break 64.3 machine break along feature similar to above (dip 200); black mineralization, smooth, slickensided (?) 65. 65.2; dip 30°; orientation 180° from foliation; 66.1—66.4 prominent, near- vertical frx with red-orange Fe-ox; at least two planes; 66.4—66.9 throughgoing Fe-ox irregular 66.9 significant oxidited frx; cross-joint; orientation 180° to foliation, dip 40; small (vo.1 ft) broken place heavy oxidation, vuggy surface; rocalcite; ~1 cm bleached Zone above frx; some material lost in coring; oxidation continues into piece below;	
	·			,	

EPA Regio	n: 1		Gar	nnett Fleming		
Location: \$	SHL	RO	CK COR	E EVALUATION LOG	Hole:	
Project: Be	edrock Investigation			Page: \3		
surface ele				elevation top of rock:		
core size a				evaluation date:		
core evalua Comments						
Run#	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of roctexture, mineralogy, bedding, defractures, weathering, additional	ensity and dip of	
14 (cont'd.)		recovery	(70)	166.9 - 67.6 intact rear-vertical. red-orange;	-plece; frx. oxidized intersect	
	tion dips 50°; atron "halo" f cal frx with			both planes; 67.6 machine bre	ak	
to I profe	objection; ale eventually follo	o oxida wing c	-035-	67.6-71.4 - prece 7. 70.25] thin	v	
folia	3, oriented			7 70.25 } thin 70.9 } (1-2 180° from	follation,	
,	-67.5 oxidati joint is cut feature	by vert	shal	dip 40° 71.4 break on for	rx; Smooth,	
	67.6 oxidati	on on Co	-035-	black mineral slickensides;		
	on sub-horiz	ontal f	eature	foliation; di		
	vertical frx o	Xidath Sequen	n slens)		

71.4-76.0 97.8 95.7 71.5 break, heavily Fe-oxiditel;

pitting, vugs; no carbonate;

dipping 22° (prece below break

v30°- may be missing material
here); cross-joint 180°

to foliation

PA Region: 1	Gannett F
ocation: SHL	ROCK CORE EVA

Fleming ALUATION LOG

Hole:

Page: | L

Project: Bedrock Investigation surface elevation:

core size and type: core evaluated by:

elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

Comments:		•			
Comments.			,		
Run#	Depth (ft from	bgs) to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments
الاد اير	*		,	(10)	
15 (cont'd)					71.8 natural fox; heavily oxidized;
			,		Fe-ox; 180° to foliation
					71.8-73.3 Intact core piece;
					71.8-74.2Fe-ox staining on closed
					frx;
					73.3 foliation-parallel break,
					intersects cross-joint; well
-	3				exidized; exidized band
				· ·	~ Oil At around foliation plane;
					Vugs (Fe-ox stained) on frx
	•				Surface; 50° dip
		١	p		73.5 mechanical break on
NOTE: AP	parent ou ntervals i	erlap	ot		Cross-joint; some oxidation
deothi	ntervals i	4 due	10		
1 unce	Think	in exa	t.		73.5 - 73.7 continuation of Fe-ox
V dep	th				Staining
	ted based	m			75.2 machine break along foliation
1 11-	depth (lik	elu			
bottom	dley dril	lars			(60° dip); >1 cm feldspars
	a jeg arm				76 machine break
tape)	1				
ما	75.5-8	50.5	100	100	75.5-76.7 Intact piece down
٠.			,		to machine break dipping 20°; 270° to foliation
					20°; 270° to foliation

Gannett Fleming **ROCK CORE EVALUATION LOG**

Hole:

Page:

Project: Bedrock Investigation surface elevation:

core size and type: core evaluated by:

elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

Comments	3 :			`
Run#	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments
clo. (N- stee	direction is 30 lewise from for S feature); ply to E; croation	lization dipping		76.7 — 78.7 (two pieces) — near-vertical veinlets; gtz filled; some hairline, up to 0.5-cm wide; strike similar to foliation; gtz veinlets have "halos" up to ~ 1 cm; 78.7 machine break on foliation; 60° dip; 79.8 machine break roughly parallel to foliation 80.5 machine break
17	80.5-82.25	97	78.8	87.3 machine break 81.75 machine break roughly parallel to foliation
foli (hear	ation-parally); 60° dip missing mate	or foli	dadun atom;	82 intersecting natural frx; juxtapose piece of Ayer granite (coarse-grained)? in Chelmsford; oxidation (Fe) on frx surfaces; xenolith is along foliation; cross-joint dipping 40° 82.25 machine break

Gannett Fleming ROCK CORE EVALUATION LOG

Hole:

Page: 16

surface elevation:

Project: Bedrock Investigation

core size and type: core evaluated by:

elevation top of rock:

evaluation date:

Comments	::	-		
Run#	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments
18				driller roller - bitted ahead about 0.6 ft
	82.8-86.3	100	100	entire run intact
				85.75 band 1-2 mm; possible chlorite; 90° from foliation; filled fracture, irregular;
	·			85-85.75 hair line frx dips 80°; white filling;
				85,75-86 white frx filling; 180° to folization, dip 60°
19 SCRET	86.3-91.3 ENED ZONE WELL	100	70%	this run encountered vertical frx; extensive oxidation bands
			•	86.8 machine break; uppermott piece has prominent gtz bands (86.3-86.8); 4 of them; 180° to foliation, dip 60°
				86.8-87.3 single piece with heavy oxidation; large gtz band "I" wide, parallel to foliation

EPA Regio	n: 1		Gar	nnett Fleming	
Location: SHL		RO	CK COR	Hole:	
Project: Be	edrock Investigation			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Page: 17
surface ele	vation:			elevation top of rock:	
core size a	• •			evaluation date:	
core evalua Comments					
Comments					
				Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock	x, color, grain size,
Run#	Depth (ft bgs)	% Core	RQD	texture, mineralogy, bedding, de	
	from to	Recovery	(%)	fractures, weathering, additional	comments
101 .91			,	entire piece is li	ahter color.
19 Contil				· ') · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
				matrix;	•
				(2)	-1
				87.3 cross-joint	
]		180° from Folla	Libra, Lips 30
	·				1
				heavy red-oran	ge oxidation
				halo noil At	
l				87.3-87.6 highly heavily oxidize	, broken zone;
				havil a	1. \ Lercestin
	-			nearly extacts	INTO SECTION
	,			of multiple fox.	sets (incl.
				near-vertical)	
				Ment - Ver (care)	えいた
				87.6-87.8 interz	etton of 3
				1 0110 0110	21
a.	,		,	prominent frx;	
This y	vas a major-	anget		striking NW-SI	= Cross-joint
of th	e drilling - trend, steep	H.		180° from Loliad	
1.111	back of a	'~		_	, ,
1/2 M	grand, steep	my dippi	7	3270° to foliat	Ion, dipping 20
frx)		, 11 8
` ′				87.3 - 89.6 Conta	20 youthed
				1	14 . //
				frx; ~1 cm Fe	-ox halo
				around frx;	
				M vand 11x1	
]		88.9 natural frx	weather 1 F
				oxide stan; c surface; cross	arbonate on
				surface; cross	-joint 160°
				I P DIVIN	720 11
				from foliation	, 30 dip
					•

EPA	Regi	on:	1	
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Pi	age:	<u>18</u>

Location: SHL

Project: Bedrock Investigation

elevation top of rock:

surface elevation: core size and type:

evaluation date:

Comments	: :			
Run#	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments
19 (cont'd.)	·			88.9-91.3 machine breaks at
				89.5, 89.6, 89.95, 90.3, 90.66,
				91,1; predominantly on features 90° from toliation; traces of oxidation; black 90.7-91.3 coarser texture to
				granite;
				Il. I natural forx; green
				phase on surface;
				9/13 natural frx; sub-horiz.; exidation
				83.95-90.3 piece - hairline vertical frx with oxidation; possible weathered sulfille was on 89.95 surface;
20	91.3 – 96.0	loo	94.7	91.3-91.55 broken zone, small fragments; heavy oxidation; Fe-ox-lived vugs (angular- suggestive of sulfides) just below 91.55 about 0.2ft heavily corroded out; vertical frx ~1 cm long;
				TYX ~ (cm long)

EPA Region: 1	
Location: SHI	

Project: Bedrock Investigation

Gannett Fleming **ROCK CORE EVALUATION LOG**

Hole:	۲	Hole:
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Page: \9

surface elevation:

core size and type:

elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

core evaluated by:

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Comments:				
Run#	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments
20 (cont'd)	from to	Recovery	(%)	fractures, weathering, additional comments 91.55-92.25 infact core segment laced with thin, black, sub-mm veinlets; 92.25 nearly flat-lying frx; ~5dr heavy Fe-ox on surface 92.6-92.9 - machine break along foliation-parallel plane with carbonak; 60° dip 93.1-93.3 broken up-probable machine induced 93.85 machine break 93.85 machine break on sub-horizontal plane; dip brientation 90° from foliation; 10° dip; smooth; "rosettes" of probable sulfides on surface; 94.1 machine break 94.95 — 95.5 vertical break—very clean, pristine—machine break, follows likely plane of weakness; strike similar to foliation 95.5—96.0 machine breaks

Gannett Fleming **ROCK CORE EVALUATION LOG**

Hole:

Page: 20

Project: Bedrock Investigation surface elevation:

core size and type:

elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

Comment	S:			
Run#	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments
21	96.0-99.85 (measured longth) 3.85 St	3	92,2	96.7 mechanical break, flat- lying; ~10°; 90° from foliahom
	ve sulfide			96.7-97.9 intact piece; multiple black vehilets, 2-3 mm thick; cross-joints; ~ 0.1 ft apart; 40-45° dip; 180° from foliable gtz. vein parallel to foliation, 55 mm thick; gtz vein cuts across black veinlets; 97.9 sub-horiz, frx; heavy Fe-ox staining; 10° dip; 90° from foliation 97.9-98.6, corroded out frx; possible xenolith of Ayer at
		-		~98.1 ft; 98.6 frx 90 from foliation, 10 dip light to moderate exidation with brown to yellow staining; green phase (chlorite?) on surface; dip to NE 98.6-99 piece; Imm band exidited, parallel to foliation; bleaching alteration parallel to foliation

Gannett Fleming ROCK CORE EVALUATION LOG

Hole:

Page: 21

Project: Bedrock Investigation surface elevation:

core size and type:

elevation top of rock:

evaluation date:

core evaluated by:

Comments	: :			
Run#	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments
21(contid) 22	99.75—103.8	loo	100	99 frx; 90° from foliation, diplo; heavy oxidation; bands ~0.1 ft either side; intersection with steeply dipping foliation-parallel frx — oxidation follows both; break plane is parallel to the one above; 99.85 bottom of run; heavily oxidized, but little stain into matrix; sericite (?) zones (~0.1 ft thick) parallel to break; cross-joints, 180° to foliation; 50° dip;
				top shows broad band of sericit- ization; ~0.4 A thick; lo0.5-101.2 gtz vein ~3mm thick; about 45° clockwise from foliation, 75° dip; lo1.2-101.3 two parallel cross-joints with white vein filling and sericite reaction bands lo1.5 machine break

EPA Regi	on: 1	
l ocation:	SHI	

Hole:

Page: 22

Project: Bedrock Investigation surface elevation:

core size and type:

elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

core evaluated by:

Run#	Denth (ft bas)	% Coro	POD	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size,
nuii#	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments
22(cont'd)				101.5-103,8 intact piece;
				102.25-102.35 two parallel
				cross-joints 90° to foliation,
				dipping 30°; sericite (?)
				envelope;
				102.35 - 103.2 Zone of inter-
				Secting, steeply dipping, conjugat frx; 1-2 cm "bleached" envelop
				around them; set 1: dip
				direction 200° from foliation,
				dipping 70°; set 2: striking
				somblar to foliation, dip 80°;
				toliation dipping 60°
				103.8 bottom break is nechanis
				flat-lying, intersecting natural
				steeply dipping, exilized fox;
				90° to foliation; 70° dip;
				~1 cm band Fe-ox alteration
	•			
	•			

Skip to Box 9

EPA Region: 1

Location: SHL

Project: Bedrock Investigation

Gannett Fleming

ROCK CORE EVALUATION LOG

Hole:

Page: A

surface elevation:

core size and type: core evaluated by: elevation top of rock:

evaluation date:

D	David (61)	~ ~	D02	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size,
Run#	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments
	118.3 - 121	loo	88%	118.3 break is parallel to foliation
	1/10.1 - 121		00 lo	oxidized; intersects machine
				break (sub-horiz); also messiv
				gtz bleb ~1.5 cm x 4 cm
				118.7 natural break, parallel to
				foliation (?); heavy oxidation, no carbonate, slickensides;
				no carbonate, slickonsides;
				Zone extensively sheared, fabriz
				120 mechanical break
				120,5 machine break (sub-horize
				intersectory oxidized, dipping
			·	frx (conjugate to foliation),
				dipping 40-60°; oriented 180° to foliation; no
				Carbonate
				120.8 oxidized frx; dipping 30
		,		probable cross-joint;
				1209-121 oxidized foliation
				plane break; 60° dip;
				rough frx 90° to foliation; oxidized; dip 60°
				oxidized dis 60°

Box 9

EPA Region: 1 **Gannett Fleming** Location: SHL **ROCK CORE EVALUATION LOG** Project: Bedrock Investigation

Hole: Page: ${\mathbb B}$

surface elevation:

core size and type:

elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

Run#	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments
	121-126	100	しるん	121 see above; oxidized rough frx; 120° from Soliation, dipping 4
				121.4 oxidized frx; 270° from foliation; dip 60°
			·	121.4 - 122.2 broken zone; yellow oxidation; sub-vertent frx; also several frx ~60°
				dip 40°; oriented 270° from foliation;
				123-125 tone of coarse-grained (Ayer Granite?); large beldspar
				123.3 550 frx, oxidized, parallel to foliation, bounds pod of Ayer granite 123.4 machine break - 123.5 124.1, 125.2 machine breaks
				125.5 frx surface with graphite contact back to Chelmsford
				125.5-126 broken zone; machine breaks along foliation

EPA Region: 1	Gannett Fleming
Location: SHL	ROCK CORE EVALUATION LOG
Project: Bedrock Investigation	

Hole:

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surface elevation:

core size and type:

elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

Comments	S:			
Run#	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments
	126-129,3	100	77.3	126-126.5 white, "bleached" fine-grained granite; machine
				breaks along foliation 126.5 machine break
1.3	fabriz intact,			126.5-128.6 intact core;
,	Grained 6-126,9 200	e of		128.6 machine break
blac	h-filled inter	recting		128.8-129.3 steep 70° machine break, 270° from foliation;
128, mi	3-128.5 two	thin b	lach	thin black veins
fol	lation, dip &	D-60°	820	
	129,3 —	100	100	only mechanical breaks;
				•
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surface e core size core eval Commen	and type: uated by:			elevation top of rock: evaluation date:
Run #	Depth (ft bgs)	% Core	RQD	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of
	nom to	Recovery	(%)	fractures, weathering, additional comments
				1
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Gannett Fleming ROCK CORE EVALUATION LOG

Hole: Page:

Project: Bedrock Investigation surface elevation:

core size and type:

elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

core evaluated by: WIBRANDON, CISTEIN, DI MCTIGUE

Comments: 11/6/29

11/5/09 CORE BOX #8					
Run #	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments	
22 (cont'd)	103.8 — 106.7	\00	79.7	Tractures, weathering, additional comments 103.8-104.2 steeply dipping frx; intersecting low-angle frx at 104.2; I cm wenthering zone either side; 70° dip; oriented 180° to foliation dip; (strike NE); shallow-angle frx. at 20° dip; orientation 270° to foliation dip; weathering rind a 1.5 cm; "bleached" domains; thin gtz-filled vertical fractures 104.2-106.1 intact, homogeneous piece; fine-grained Chelmsford; foliation dipping 50°; 104.6-105.9 series of hairline veinlets; dipping 80°; oriented 180° to foliation (NW strike); gtz, fill; bleached zones, possibly along vertical planes 106.1 intersection of two fractures; flatter: 270° to foliation; 10° dip; slickencides; graphite/ steeper: parallel to chlorite? foliation; 50° dip 106.1-106.3 small pieces, machine	
				breaks along planes 275° to	

Project: Bedrock Investigation

Gannett Fleming ROCK CORE EVALUATION LOG

Hole: Page: 24

surface elevation:

core size and type: core evaluated by:

elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

Comments:

Run#	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments	
				106.3-106.7 steeply dipping, gtz- filled fix 180° to foliation	
23	106.7-111.7	97	72%	106,7 machine break; top of run	
				as above; machine break at bottom; on gtz vein parallel to foliation; intersecting two veinlets 270° to foliation, dipping 70°, filled with black mineralized gtz. Vein parallel to foliation ~ 1cm; near-vertical hairline calcite veinlets; blotchy leaching throughout; top of piece is machine break; fix surfaces ~ 200° from foliation, dipping 70°; also near-vertical fractures, striking parallel to foliation 108.75 natural break; oxidized; 0.5 cm weathered "rind; dips 330° from foliation at 40° dip; intersected by thin white veinlets (calcite)	

3.6

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Location: SHL Project: Bedrock Investigation

Gannett Fleming ROCK CORE EVALUATION LOG

Hole:
Page:

25

surface elevation:

core size and type:

elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

Comments:					
Run#	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments	
				108.25-108.4 steep calcite	
				Veinlets; visible pyrite on veinlets	
				108.4 natural break; weathered;	
				intersection of several frx planes;	
		8		one is foliation plane (50° dip);	
				vertical set with calcite filling	
				with pyrite; another set oriental	
				45° to foliation; open aperture	
				on calcite-filled vertical frx-	
				partially weathered out (E-W	
				striking?)	
				108.4 - 108.7 broken section on	
				multiple planes; steep fox paralle	
				to foliation, dipping 60°;	
				micro-veinlets striking same	
				as foliation, vertical; gtz-	
				filled; another frx. conjugale to	
				foliation, 20° dip; ~0,5-cm	
				Oxide zone around foliation -	
				108.7 - 109.4 stockwork of veinlets	
				obscures foliation; veinlets	
				parallel to foliation or steep	
				set striking parallel, but dipping	
				opposite	
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Location: SHL Project: Bedrock Investigation

Gannett Fleming ROCK CORE EVALUATION LOG

Hole: Page:

26

surface elevation:

core size and type: core evaluated by: elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size,				
Run#	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments	
				109.2-109.4 machine break	
				109.4-109.6 broken zone;	
				machine breaks; one natural	
				frx, dipping 60°, light oxidation;	
				oriented sub-parallel to foliation	
				109.6-110,9 intact piece;	
				Stockwork of mineralized veins Similar to above; machine break	
				at bottom	
				110,9 - 111,7 altered, highly sheared	
				gravite similar to above; black	
				mineralization in discrete veinlets	
				approx. O. If apart; dipping	
				40°-50°; oriented 180° to	
				foliation; highly bleached	
				111.15 Sub-horizontal veinlet with black mineralization	
				111.7 machine break; end run	
24	111.7-116.7	100%	71%	1119 Sub-horizonbal machine break	
				light oxidation	
				112.0 intersecting fractures;	

EPA Regi	ion: 1
Location:	SHL

Project: Bedrock Investigation

Gannett Fleming ROCK CORE EVALUATION LOG

Hole: Page:

77

surface elevation:

core size and type:

elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

Run#	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments
24 (contidi)				hairline fractures filled with Fe-ox; 111.9-112.1 broken zone; intersecting fractures; foliation obscured; one fix set sub- parallel to foliation, dipping 60; another oriented 30 to hirst; third set dip also from foliation, dipping 30; heavily oxidized— several mm weathering zone 112.2 sub-horizontal fix with oxidation; 20 dip; 45 to foliation; several mm weathered band; 112.2-112.6 bleached; thin gtz veinlets, steeply dipping; 112.6-112.75 break on all dip plane, 45 to foliation (112.6). 112.75-113.3 intert piece; Stockwork veinlets; foliation obscured; bleaching

EPA Region: 1	1
Location: SHL	

Project: Bedrock Investigation

Gannett Fleming ROCK CORE EVALUATION LOG

Hole: Page:

78

surface elevation:

core size and type:

elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

Run#	Depth (ft bgs)	% Core	RQD	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of
	from to	Recovery	(%)	fractures, weathering, additional comments
24				113.3 machine break on natural
(cont'd.)				fracture; trace light green
		,		weathering; 113.6 machine break on ~40°
				Surface; 90° from foliation
				113.6-114.4 highly bleached intervals
				localized stockwork veining; machine break at 114,4
				114,4-115,3 broken zone, mostly
				machine breaks; black veinlets
				thicker; breaks on calcite
				veins; roughly pasallel to
				~115.1 natural fracture, oxidized
				foliation is 60 dip; frx
				orientation is ~200 from
				foliation, dipping 65°;
				~2 mm weathering "halo"
				115,3 horiz, machine break
				115.3 - 116.7 intact piece;
				Coarser-grained (up to 4 mm
				phenocrysts); stockwork veining less well developed

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Project: Bedrock Investigation surface elevation:

core size and type:

elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

Run#	Depth (ft bgs)	% Core	RQD	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of
24 (cont'd.) 25	Depth (ft bgs) from to	Recovery	(%)	texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments black mineralization; one veillet seen cross-cutting fellspar phenocryst; multiple generation of cross-cutting veillets; many follow foliation locally, but irregular; foliation 50° dip; some veillets roughly conjugate; top of run 25 (continued next box); single piece bounded by machine breaks lithology similar to above; sheared granite up to 4 mm grains; black veillets spaced a 2cm apart, parallel to foliation; bottom machine break follows veillet // to foliation; calcite on surface where white veillets cross
				break follows veinlet // to foliation; calcite on surface

Skip to Box 9

EPA Region: 1 Location: SHL

Project: Bedrock Investigation

Gannett Fleming ROCK CORE EVALUATION LOG

Hole: Page:

surface elevation:

core size and type: core evaluated by: elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

Run#	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments
25 (contid.)	118.3 — 121	LOO	88%	118.3 break is parallel to foliation; oxidized; intersects machine break (sub-horizi); also massive gtz bleb ~1.5cm x 4cm [18.7 natural break, parallel to foliation (?); heavy oxidation, no carbonate, slickensides; Zone extensively sheared, fabriz obliterated 120 mechanical break (sub-horizi) intersecting oxidized, dipping frx (conjugate to foliation), dipping 40 - 60°; oriented 180° to foliation; no carbonate 120.8 oxidized frx; dipping 30°; probable cross-joint; 120.9 - 121 oxidized foliation plane break; 60° dip; rough frx 90° to foliation; oxidized; dip 60°

Project: Bedrock Investigation

Gannett Fleming **ROCK CORE EVALUATION LOG**

Hole:

Page:

surface elevation:

core size and type: core evaluated by:

elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

Comments:

Run#	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments
26	121-126	100	60%	121 see above; oxidized rough frx; 120° from foliation, dipping 40
				121.4 oxidized frx; 270° from foliation; dip 60°
				121.4 - 122.2 broken zone; yellow oxidation; sub-verteal frx; also several frx ~60°
				122,2-123 stockwork black veining; dip 40°; oriented 270° from foliation;
				123-125 tone of coarse-grained (Ayer Granite?); large beldspars
				123.3 55° frx, oxidized, parallel to foliation, bounds pod of Ayer granite 123.4 machine break - 123.5
				124.1, 125.2 machine breaks; 125.5 frx surface with graphite, contact back to Chelmsford
				125.5-126 broken zone; machine breaks along foliation

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Gannett Fleming **ROCK CORE EVALUATION LOG**

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Project: Bedrock Investigation

elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

surface elevation: core size and type:

core evaluated by: Comments:

Run#	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments
27	126-129,3	001	77.3	126-126.5 white, "bleached" fine-grained granite; machine breaks along foliation
very	Fabriz intact, fine grained	0		126.5 machine break 126.5-128.6 intact core; 128.6 machine break
blac Moc 128,	6-126,9 200 h-filled inter rofrx 3-128,5 two croveinlets;	secting thin b	lach	128.8-129.3 steep 70° machine break, 270° from foliation thin black veins
28	130.8	100	100	only mechanical breaks;

EPA Region: 1 Location: SHL

Project: Bedrock Investigation

Gannett Fleming ROCK CORE EVALUATION LOG

Hole:

Page: 33

surface elevation:

core size and type: core evaluated by: elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

Comments:

Comments	IN BOX #1	0		
Run #	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments
28 (contid)	130.8-131.8	100	100	end of run from previous box— one discrete piece; machine breaks both ends; sheared granite; equigranular; 2-3 run phenocrysts; foliation dips 60°; local black veinlets; 90° from foliation, dipping 65°; 131.8 break — visible sulfide minerals; gtz veinlet oriented 270° from foliation,
29	131.8 - 136.7	100	100	continuous core recovery with only one machine break 132,7-133 machine break at steep angle; visible sulfide (pyrite and arseno?) on face; break parallel to foliation, dip 60° 132,5-133 interval on core highly bleached; 4-5 gtz. Veinlets oriented 270° to foliation, dipping 40°

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Project: Bedrock Investigation surface elevation:

core size and type:

elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

core evaluated by:

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Run#	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments
29 (contid.)				abundant pyrite along gtz. Veins and in matrix; also Silver-colored sulfilles; sulfides visible on side of core along black veinlets 132.7—136.7 single long piece; machine breaks both ends; fiver-grained granite; 132.7—133.5 bleached; sulfides visible on core surface; up to ~1 mm, both in matrix and along black veinlets; discrete veinlets oriented 270° to foliation 133.8, 133.9 dipping 30° 134.3 two parallel black veinlets, dipping 40-50°; large pyrite visible 134.6—135.2 darker interval, numerous dark mineralized micro-veinlets; disseminated sulfides

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Project: Bedrock Investigation

Gannett Fleming **ROCK CORE EVALUATION LOG**

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surface elevation:

core size and type:

elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

core evaluated by: Comments:

Comments	5.			
Run#	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments
29 (cont d.) 30		Recovery		

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Location: SHL Project: Bedrock Investigation

Gannett Fleming ROCK CORE EVALUATION LOG

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36

surface elevation: core size and type:

elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

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Comments				
Run#	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments
30 (const d)	from to	Recovery	(%)	fractures, weathering, additional comments 137.9 - 139.75 single piece; machine breaks, both ends; lithology similar to above; 137.9 - 138.2 coarses - grained interval (up to 5 mm crysts); biotite/chlorite(?); veinlets conjugate to foliation, dipping N40; bottom frx surface reveals large muscovite (~1cm on gtz. Vein; 139.75 - 140.8 intact piece; 139.75 - 140.8 intact piece; 139.75 - 140.05 dark band 1-2 cm; oriented 270 from foliation, dipping 50° 140.3 - 140.6 gtz vein parallel to foliation, dipping 60°; 140.3 - 140.4 thin gtz vein; oriented 180° to foliation, dipping 30°
				140.8 smooth fracture with graphite; 180° to foliation, 30° dip; calcite on surface

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Gannett Fleming ROCK CORE EVALUATION LOG

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Hole: Page:

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Project: Bedrock Investigation surface elevation:

core size and type:

elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

core evaluated by: Comments:

				IB
Run#	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments
				140,8-141,4 intermediate color; machine break at bottom; thin gtz. veinlet dip 60°, oriented 90° from foliation; trace Sulfides with veinlet; green mineral on machine break;
31	141.3-146.1	100%	100%	141.3-142.7 intact piece; machine breaks both ends; a few larger phenocrysts; thin black veinlets with visible sulfides 142.0-142.1 dips 30°, 90° to foliation; foliation is offset by vein; more bleached below veinlet;
				142.7-143.2 to machine break at steep angle, conjugate to foliation; foliation dips 53; trace oxidation at bottom of break; 143.2-144.2 heavy dark bands; hydrothermal alteration

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Location:	SHL

Gannett Fleming ROCK CORE EVALUATION LOG

Hole: Page:

Project: Bedrock Investigation surface elevation:

core size and type:

elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

core evaluated by: Comments:

Run#	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments
(cont'd)				144.2 machine break; visible Sulfides associated with dark vein cutting across; 143.4-143.7 thin black veinlet, dipping 60°; oriented 270° from foliation; micro-offeets parallel to foliation 143.9-144.2 1 cm band parallel to foliation; 144.0-144.2 3-4 cm gtz vein, parallel to foliation; large clot of pyrite on fix face, 2-3 cm across; break at 144.2 is on a gtz/ veinlet; dipping 50°; oriental 90° to foliation (E-W strike) pyrite may be associated with these veins
				144.2 - 145.5 to machine break hydrothermally altered ("bleached"), with blotchy; muscovites 1-2 mm ubiquito dark veining parallel to foliation; foliation variable

EPA Regio	n: 1		Gar	nnett Fleming	1						
Location:		RO		E EVALUATION LOG	Hole:						
	edrock Investigation	"	on oon	L LVALOATION LOG	100						
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surface ele				elevation top of rock:							
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Comments											
				Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock	, color, grain size,						
Run#	Depth (ft bgs)	% Core	RQD	texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of							
	from to	Recovery	(%)	fractures, weathering, additional	comments						
31 (contil)				146.5-146.5 gtz 146.3; conjugat 2-3 mm thich; hydrothermal minor sulfides	dips 45; bleaching;						
32	1461-151.3	100%	85%	146.1-149.1 two breaks: highly	machine						

breaks; highly bleached, light

146,1-146,2 1-2 mm gtz vein

with pyrite 30° dip, 180° from foliation

147.1 intersection of foliation-

parallel gtz band with black

mineralized veins; offnets

148.9-149.1 machine break;

possibly on calcite-filled

45° from foliation

veinlet; digs 70°; oriental

foliation and conjugate

veinlet dipping 60°

gray, hydrothermally altered;

firer-grained than above

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EPA Region: 1	Gannett Fleming	
ocation: SHL	ROCK CORE EVALUATION LOG	-
Project: Bedrock Investigation		

Hole: Page:

40

surface elevation: core size and type:

elevation top of rock: evaluation date:

core evaluated by: Comments:

Run#	Depth (ft bgs) from to	% Core Recovery	RQD (%)	Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock, color, grain size, texture, mineralogy, bedding, density and dip of fractures, weathering, additional comments
		recevery	(70)	149.1-150 lithology striker to above; machine breaks top & bottom; 149.1-149.3 intersection Zone of 3 calcite-filled micro- Veinlets (ENE strikes; dips 50-70°) 150.1-150.4 foliation-parallel
				fracture with weathering; thin sliver of coarse-grained gtz-rich unit (Ayer granite?) up to 0.25 ft thich; numerous microfry oriented 93 to foliation, dipping 70; calcute
				150.65 fracture parallel to foliation, dipping 550; weathered; calcite;
			,	parallel to foliation, spaced ~ 0,3 ft apart; breaks coincident with gtz

EPA Regio	n: 1	Gannett Fleming											
Location: \$	SHL	RO	CK COR	E EVALUATION LOG	Hole:								
Project: Be	edrock Investigation				Page:								
surface ele		JL	,	elevation top of rock:									
core size a	nd type:		evaluation date:										
core evalua													
Comments													
				Descriptive Log: type(s) of rock	color grain size								
Run#	Depth (ft bgs)	% Core	RQD	texture, mineralogy, bedding, de									
	from to	Recovery	fractures, weathering, additional										
		Newvery	(%)	151.1-151.3 gta/e veinlet orient foliation; dipa									

	쑹	쑹	쑹	쑹	쑹	X	쑹	쑹	X	X	쑹	쑹	X	쑹	쑹	쑹	urden	쓩	X	쑹	쑹							
type	Bedrock	Overburden	Bedrock	Bedrock	Bedrock	Bedrock																						
DATE_ELEV	17-03-2010/13:36:11.0	17-03-2010/13:35:23.0	17-03-2010/13:42:43.0	17-03-2010/13:42:03.0	17-03-2010/13:30:23.0	17-03-2010/13:32:14.0	17-03-2010/11:53:42.0	17-03-2010/11:52:32.0	17-03-2010/11:54:46.0	17-03-2010/11:55:56.0	17-03-2010/09:59:52.0	17-03-2010/09:58:18.0	17-03-2010/09:56:30.0	17-03-2010/09:57:26.0	17-03-2010/10:26:47.0	17-03-2010/10:25:47.0	17-03-2010/10:30:21.0	17-03-2010/10:32:58.0	17-03-2010/10:37:01.0	17-03-2010/11:57:38.0	17-03-2010/13:28:46.0	17-03-2010/10:40:27.0	17-03-2010/10:42:01.0	17-03-2010/10:43:52.0	17-03-2010/10:47:17.0	17-03-2010/11:50:21.0	17-03-2010/13:26:41.0	17-03-2010/13:25:28.0
ELEVATION DATE_XY	279.57630 24-04-2009/12:29:49.0	278.76931 24-04-2009/12:29:24.0	271.64678 24-04-2009/09:43:46.0	276.09392 24-04-2009/09:47:42.0	273.87183 24-04-2009/09:51:57.0	274.90661 24-04-2009/09:52:14.0	266.33627 24-04-2009/10:28:43.0	269.33720 24-04-2009/12:31:44.0	267.84056 24-04-2009/10:27:21.0	265.63826 24-04-2009/10:24:53.0	246.95776 24-04-2009/14:42:39.0	249.60299 24-04-2009/14:37:37.0	253.62768 24-04-2009/14:34:11.0	251.20801 24-04-2009/14:36:55.0	251.57689 05-02-2010/11:10:12.0	251.64183 05-02-2010/11:10:37.0	252.83881 24-04-2009/14:35:22.0	259.55370 24-04-2009/10:07:24.0	257.58121 24-04-2009/10:05:01.0	271.30832 24-04-2009/10:32:39.0	268.65529 24-04-2009/14:20:22.0	248.31611 24-04-2009/10:16:08.0	250.08079 24-04-2009/14:43:36.0	244.89237 24-04-2009/14:44:48.0	269.40419 24-04-2009/10:31:23.0	274.47836 24-04-2009/10:30:25.0	261.90175 24-04-2009/14:25:34.0	260.69480 24-04-2009/14:26:22.0
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SDMS TARGET SHEET

US EPA New England Superfund Document Management System Image Target Sheet

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United States Environmental Protection Agency Office of Environmental Measurement & Evaluation 11 Technology Drive North Chelmsford, MA 01863-2431

Laboratory Results

November 13, 2009

Ginny Lombardo - HBT US EPA New England Region 1 One Congress Street Boston, MA 02114 - 2023

Project Number: 09110003

Project: Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

Analysis: Alkalinity

Analyst: Inna Germansderfer 76 11/18/09

Analytical Procedure:

All samples were received and logged in by the laboratory according to the USEPA New England Laboratory SOP for Sample Log-in.

Sample preparation and analysis was done following the EPA Region I SOP, INGALKCARB1.SOP.

Date Samples Received by the Laboratory: 11/05/2009

Data were reviewed in accordance with the internal verification procedures described in the EPA New England OEME Chemistry QA Plan.

Results relate only to the items tested or to the samples as received by the Laboratory. This analytical report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

Report may contain multiple sections and each section will be numbered independently.

Samples were prepared and analyzed by ESAT contractors.

If you have any questions please call me at 671-918-8340.

mut NSoucheau 1/18/09

Sincerely,

Daniel N. Boudreau Chemistry Team Leader

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Alkalinity

Sample Number	Lab ID	Matrix	Collected	Analysis	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
CAP-2B	AA99734	Water	11/02/2009	11/10/2009	36	20	
Comments:							
CHIS Comments:	AA99735	Water	11/04/2009	11/10/2009	81	20	
O5-1 Comments:	AA99736	Water	11/04/2009	11/10/2009	27	20	
CHI-D Comments:	AA99737	Water	11/04/2009	11/10/2009	130	20	
Blank Comments:		Water	11/04/2009	11/10/2009	ND	20	

Laboratory Duplicate Results

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

SAMPLE ID	PARAMETER	SAMPLE RESULT mg/L	SAMPLE DUP RESULT mg/L	PRECISION RPD %	QC LIMITS (%RPD)
AA99734	Alkalinity	36	36	0	15

Comments:



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United States Environmental Protection Agency Office of Environmental Measurement & Evaluation 11 Technology Drive North Chelmsford, MA 01863-2431

Laboratory Results

December 10, 2009

Ginny Lombardo - HBT US EPA New England Region 1 One Congress Street Boston, MA 02114 - 2023

Project Number: 09110025

Project: Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

Analysis: Alkalinity

Analyst: Inna Germansderfer DB fiz 12 12/14/09

Analytical Procedure:

All samples were received and logged in by the laboratory according to the USEPA New England Laboratory SOP for Sample Log-in.

Sample preparation and analysis was done following the EPA Region I SOP, INGALKCARB1.SOP.

Date Samples Received by the Laboratory: 11/19/2009

Data were reviewed in accordance with the internal verification procedures described in the EPA New England OEME Chemistry QA Plan.

Results relate only to the items tested or to the samples as received by the Laboratory. This analytical report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

Report may contain multiple sections and each section will be numbered independently.

Samples were prepared and analyzed by ESAT contractors.

If you have any questions please call me at 671-918-8340.

Suchea 12/14/09

Sincerely,

Daniel N. Boudreau

Chemistry Team Leader

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Alkalinity

Sample Number	Lab ID	Matrix	Collected	Analysis	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
O4-1	AB00006	Water	11/16/2009	11/25/2009	36	20	
Comments							
3-2	AB00007	Water	11/17/2009	11/25/2009	52	-20	
Comments							
27-1	AB00008	Water	11/18/2009	11/25/2009	13.5	0.5	
Comments							
20-1	AB00009	Water	11/18/2009	11/25/2009	130	20	
Comments:							
27-2	AB00010	Water	11/19/2009	11/25/2009	10.5	0.5	
Comments:							•
Blank		Water	11/19/2009	11/25/2009	ND	20	
Comments							
27-30B-1	AB00011	Water	11/19/2009	11/25/2009	15	0.5	**************************************
Comments							
Blank		Water	11/19/2009	11/25/2009	ND	0.5	
Comments							

Laboratory Duplicate Results

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

SAMPLE ID	PARAMETER	SAMPLE RESULT mg/L	SAMPLE DUP RESULT mg/L	PRECISION RPD %	QC LIMITS (%RPD)
AB00006	Alkalinity	36	40	10	15
AB00008	Alkalinity	13.5		3.6	15

Comments:



ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

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United States Environmental Protection Agency Office of Environmental Measurement & Evaluation 11 Technology Drive North Chelmsford, MA 01863-2431

Laboratory Results

July 04, 2010

Dan Granz - EIA / OEME US EPA New England Region 1 11 Technology Drive N. Chelmsford, MA 01863 - 2431

Project Number: 10060047

Project: Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

Analysis: Alkalinity

Alkanniny
Inna Germansderfer 7 6 48/10 Analyst:

Analytical Procedure:

All samples were received and logged in by the laboratory according to the USEPA New England Laboratory SOP for Sample Log-in.

Sample preparation and analysis was done following the EPA Region I SOP, INGALKCARB1.SOP.

Date Samples Received by the Laboratory: 06/24/2010

Data were reviewed in accordance with the internal verification procedures described in the EPA New England OEME Chemistry QA Plan.

Results relate only to the items tested or to the samples as received by the Laboratory. This analytical report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

Report may contain multiple sections and each section will be numbered independently.

Samples were prepared and analyzed by ESAT contractors.

If you have any questions please call me at 671-918-8340.

Sincerely,

PERE PHILBRADE 7.15.2010 DANIEL BOVDROAN

Daniel N. Boudreau Chemistry Team Leader

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Alkalinity

Sample Number	Lab ID	Matrix	Collected	Analysis	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
CH ID	AB07380	Water	06/22/2010	06/29/2010	130	20	
Comments:							
Blank		Water	06/24/2010	06/29/2010	ND	20	
Comments:							
3-2	AB07381	Water	06/24/2010	06/29/2010	44	20	
Comments:							

Laboratory Duplicate Results

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

SAMPLE ID	PARAMETER	SAMPLE RESULT mg/L	SAMPLE DUP RESULT mg/L	PRECISION RPD %	QC LIMITS (%RPD)
AB07380	Alkalinity	130	130	0	15

Comments:samples in batch: AB07380, AB07381.

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United States Environmental Protection Agency Office of Environmental Measurement & Evaluation 11 Technology Drive North Chelmsford, MA 01863-2431

Laboratory Report

July 12, 2010

Dan Granz - EIA / OEME US EPA New England Region 1 11 Technology Drive N. Chelmsford, MA 01863 - 2431

Project Number: 10060047

Project: Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

Analysis: Ion Chromatography Apions

Inna Germansderfer 7/4/10 Analyst:

Analytical Procedure:

All samples were received and logged in by the laboratory according to the USEPA New England Laboratory SOP for Sample Log-in.

Samples were analyzed following the EPA Region I SOP, EIASOP-INGIC11.

. The analysis was performed using a Dionex ICS-3000 Ion Chromatograph.

Date Samples Received by the Laboratory: 06/24/2010

Data were reviewed in accordance with the internal verification procedures described in the EPA New England OEME Chemistry QA Plan.

Results relate only to the items tested or to the samples as received by the Laboratory. This analytical report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

Report may contain multiple sections and each section will be numbered independently.

If you have any questions please call me at 617-918-8340.

Sincerely,

PENE PHICRECOLO
BANIEL BOJORDAY
7-15-2010

Daniel N. Boudreau Chemistry Team Leader

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Ion Chromatography Anions

Client Sample ID:

CH ID

Lab Sample ID:

AB07380

Date of Collection:

06/22/2010

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

06/25/2010

Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
Bromide	ND	0.1	
Chloride	2.4	0.1	
Fluoride	0.80	1.0	
Nitrate	ND	0.1	J
Nitrite	ND	0.1	J
Sulfate	7.5	0.1	
o-Phosphate	ND	1.0	J

Comments: Nitrate and Nitrite were reported from June 25, 2010 analysis of the unpreserved sample.

Sulfate, chloride, bromide and fluoride were reported from July 6 2010 run

J- samples were run out of hold time.

NO2NO3 as Nitrogen / PO4 as Phosphorus

	Concentration	RL	
Parameter	mg/L	mg/L	Qualifier
Nitrate as Nitrogen	ND	0.02	
Nitrite as Nitrogen	ND	0.03	
o-Phosphate as Phosphorus	ND	0.33	

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Laboratory Blank

Client Sample ID:

N/A

Lab Sample ID:

N/A

Date of Collection:

N/A

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

06/25/2010

Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
Bromide	ND	0.10	
Chloride	ND	0.10	
Fluoride	ND	0.10	
Nitrate	ND	0.10	
Nitrite	ND	0.10	
Sulfate	ND	0.10	
o-Phosphate	ND	1.0	

Comments:

MATRIX SPIKE (MS) RESULTS

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

COMPOUND	SPIKE ADDED mg/L	SAMPLE CONCENTRATION mg/L	MS CONCENTRATION mg/L	MS % REC	QC LIMITS (% REC)
Sample ID: AB07381					
Bromide	5	ND	5.1	102	80 - 120
Chloride	1.5	1.6	3.2	112	80 - 120
Fluoride	1	0.2	1.3	111	80 - 120
Nitrate	5	ND	5.1	102	80 - 120
Nitrite	5	ND	5.1	102	80 - 120
Sulfate	7.5	7.6	15.0	104	80 - 120
o-Phosphate	7.5	ND	7.9	105	80 - 120

LABORATORY DUPLICATE RESULTS

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

COMPOUND	SAMPLE RESULT mg/L	SAMPLE DUPLICATE RESULT mg/L	PRECISION RPD %	QC LIMITS RPD (%)
Sample ID: AB07381				
Bromide	ND	ND	ND	20
Chloride	1.6	1.6	0.0	20
Fluoride	0.2	0.2	0.0	20
Nitrate	ND	ND	ND	20
Nitrite	ND	ND	ND	20
Sulfate	7.6	7.6	0.0	20
o-Phosphate	ND	ND	ND	20

Comments:

Laboratory Fortified Blank (LFB) Results

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

COMPANDID	LFB AMOUNT SPIKED	LFB RESULT	LFB RECOVERY	QC LIMITS
COMPOUND	mg/L_	mg/L	0/0	%
Sample ID: AB07381				
Bromide	5	4.9	98	90 - 110
Chloride	1.5	1.5	100	90 - 110
Fluoride	1	1.1	110	90 - 110
Nitrate	5	4.9	98	90 - 110
Nitrite	5	4.9	98	90 - 110
Sulfate	7.5	7.3	97	90 - 110
o-Phosphate	7.5	7.7	103	90 - 110

Samples in Batch: AB07380, AB07381

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#### United States Environmental Protection Agency Office of Environmental Measurement & Evaluation 11 Technology Drive North Chelmsford, MA 01863-2431

#### Laboratory Results

July 01, 2010

Dan Granz - EIA / OEME US EPA New England Region 1 11 Technology Drive N. Chelmsford, MA 01863 - 2431

Project Number: 10060047

Project: Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

Analysis: Ortho Phosphate in Water as P Analysis: Inna Germansderfer If H8/10

#### Analytical Procedure:

All samples were received and logged in by the laboratory according to the USEPA New England Laboratory SOP for Sample Log-in.

Sample preparation and analysis was done following the EPA Region I SOP, EIASOP-INGTP8.

Samples were analyzed on a Lachat Automated Ion Analyzer.

USEPA Method 365.1 "Phosphorus by Automated Colorimetry". USEPA Methods for the Determination of Inorganic Substances in Environmental Samples (EPA/600/R-93/100)

Date Samples Received by the Laboratory:

06/24/2010

Samples were prepared and analyzed by ESAT contractors working at the USEPA New England Laboratory.

Data were reviewed in accordance with the internal verification procedures described in the EPA New England OEME Chemistry QA Plan.

Results relate only to the items tested or to the samples as received by the Laboratory. This analytical report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

Report may contain multiple sections and each section will be numbered independently.

If you have any questions please call me at 617-918-8340.

Sincerely,

PETER PHILBROOLS 7-15-2010 DANIEL BUJORDAN

Daniel N. Boudreau Chemistry Team Leader

### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

### Ortho Phosphate in Water as P

Matrix: Water

Sample Number	Lab ID	Collection Date/Time	Analysis Date/Time	Concentration ug/L	RL ug/L	Qualifier
3-2	AB07381	6/24/10	6/29/10 3:12 pm	7.86	5	J
Comment:	J = Estimated value. S	ample was analyz	zed outside of holding ti	me.		
Blank		6/24/10	6/29/10 3:08 pm	ND	5	
Comment:						
CH ID	AB07380	6/22/10	6/29/10 3:10 pm	13.4	5	Ĵ
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### MATRIX SPIKE (MS) RESULTS

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

		SPIKE	SAMPLE	MS	MS	QC
		ADDED	CONCENTRATION	CONCENTRATION	%	LIMITS
SAMPLE ID	PARAMETER	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	REC	(% REC)
AB07381	Ortho Phosphate in Water as P	97.8	7.86	105	99.3	85 - 115

Comments:

### MATRIX SPIKE DUPE (MSD) RESULTS

SAMPLE ID	PARAMETER	MSD SPIKE ADDED	MSD CONCENTRATION ug/L	MSD % REC	RPD %	QC LIMITS RPD
AB07381	Ortho Phosphate in Water as P	97.8	105	99.3	0	20

Comments:

### Laboratory Fortified Blank (LFB) Results

SAMPLE ID	PARAMETER	LFB AMOUNT SPIKED ug/L	LFB RESULT ug/L	LFB RECOVERY %	QC LIMITS %	
AB07380	Ortho Phosphate in Water as P	97.8	103	105	90 - 110	

Comments:

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Page

Location (Site/Facility Name) Devens - Shapley that Land Bepth to  Well Number 3 3 Date 1/17/19  Field Personnel Lisa Dant Park Grant  Sampling Organization (1.8 EPA  Identify MP 7000t Inner Casing  Inth & Wicher level = 36.15 ft.													ft (b to	<del>(</del> )
Clock Time	Water Depth below MP	Pump Dial ¹	Purge Rate	Cum. Volume Purged	Temp.	Spec. Cond. ²	рН	ORP/ Eh³	DO	Turb- idity	Comments Turbidity Wi Hach were (NTU)	ra	mments	
24 HR	ft		ml/min	liters	°C	μS/cm	1	mv	mg/L	NTU		D.C. d.	ed not caliba	
1035	36,17		115	0 4	11.03	192	7.31	A3.1	30.09	26.3	23.0	correct	notaccore	1 (1)
1045	36.17		95		10.38	183	6.98	a17:8	14.31	35, 5	56.1	11	4/	
1055	36.17				10.80	172	6.82	719.4	13.49	28.6	48.9	11	11	
110,5	36.17		_		10.85	165	6.69	220,7	14.40	21.0	39.6	(1	11	
1115	36.17	-	95		10.85			222.2	16,34	16.6	26.2	1. 11	ι(	
1125	36.17		-		10.91	153		219.4	14.44	14-2.	21.5	111	H C	1
1135	36.17		95	- 1	10.88	147	6.56	221,6	-	12.0	19.2	Dio. WO	240 Ut of	CHE
			_		10.88	145		214,0	-	10.6	. 16.6	1 7 20	mall to >14	Lma
1145	36.17		95	<u> </u>	10,79	142		220,7	7,36	9.2	14.5	LASUR IF	(aliberte co	i fe
1155	36.17				10.70	140	1	218.0		8.1	12.7	13	n	
1205	36.17				10.93			217.0		7.7	11.2	17	h	
1910	36,17		95	101	11.07	139	_	210.6	1	7.4	10.9	11	tı II	
1215	36.17	,	/	10 L	anions/alk		0.00	010.0	10.10	1.				
san	plo time	: 1215	(metals)	total f,	111013/414	eanity)	+			,				
-							-						- GL	
													111	

^{1.} Pump dial setting (for example: hertz, cycles/min, etc). 2.  $\mu$ Siemens per cm(same as  $\mu$ mhos/cm)at 25°C. 3. Oxidation reduction potential (stand in for Eh).

	Well N Field Sampli	umber Personne ng Organ	el 6.	nor / Man	Date	116105	Lay	ndfill	(below Pump Tr	MP) itake a Devic	top t (ft. e; (pum	bottom below MP p type)_	) 2-	7.0 ft	500	
	Clock Time	Water Depth below MP	Pump Dial ¹	Purge Rate	Cum. Volume Purged	Temp.	Spec. Cond. ²	рН	ORP/ Eh³	DO	Turb- idity	Comment turbidity (Hach week)		onment	5	
1	244HB			ml/min	liters	°C	μS/cm		mv	mg/L	NTU	NTU.	Amaio :	D. O. mede	o ma	
4	+105	26,94		115	0	1178	163	7.01	2012	11.87	1.7	2.71	not be	accurate:	did an	
1	1420	26,93		189	1	10,72	129	6.50	199.3	8,49	4.3	6.65	Callbrak	e in range	- 11	
	430	26.94		110		10.61	121	6.22	204.1	8,73	4.1	4.51	h	11		A GARAGE
	1440	26.94		-		10.57	116	6.11	206.0	8.24	3.7	3.04	11	-13		10000
	1450	26.94		-		10.55			206.8	9.01	4.7	2.06	il	1)	7	1
	1500	26.94		-		10.52	112	6.04	207.4	10.15	6.3	1.64	1/	l _l		
L	1510	26,94		-		10,50	110	6,05	206.1	8.71	0,3	1.34	>1	er.		
L	1520	26.97		130		10.47	109	6.06	204.8		0.1	.1.13	u,	41	.1	
L	1535	26.94		-	1	10.46	108	6.12	203.8	9.28	0,1	0.92	11	11		
L	540	26,94			10 4	10.45	107	6.18	202.1	8,28	9.1	0.87	n	1)		
L	5	amolo tir	ne: 15	40 (me	tals, alle	elinity	+ anion	5, 10	tal f	$\mathcal{I}$						100
L		1														
L																
	6	0													1	
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1. Pump dial setting (for example: hertz, cycles/min, etc). 2.  $\mu$ Siemens per cm(same as  $\mu$ mhos/cm)at 25°C. 3. Oxidation reduction potential (stand in for Eh).

# EXAMPLE (Minimum Requirements) Well PURGING-FIELD WATER QUALITY MEASUREMENTS FORM

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Well N Field	Number Personne ng Organ	el	D. G. /	e) Dro		Depth to / of screen (below MP) top bottom  Pump Intake at (ft. below MP) 48-2  Purging Device; (pump type) 48-2  The Depth to / of screen bottom  Pump Intake at (ft. below MP) 48-2					
Clock Time	Water Depth below MP	Pump Dial ¹	Purge Rate	Cum. Volume Purged	Temp.	Spec. Cond. ²	рН	ORP/ Eh³	DO	Turb- idity	Comments
24 HR	ft		ml/min	liters	°C -	μS/cm		mv	mg/L	NTU	
0932	33.18		95	1	9.60	433	7.35	338.3	35,95	5.26	
5940	33.40				9.37	422	7.29	35.2	39.88	7.36	
0950	35.18		0		9.42	414	7.26	223.2	19,21	9.83	
1000	36.39		90		9.31	406	7.27	220.3	17.13	7.73	1
1010	38.48				9.33	00 P.	7.07	218.3	15.56	5.88	diameter and the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the s
1020	39.781				9.30	393	7.07	217.2	15.15	4.88.	1
1030	40.81				9,34	332	7.27	215.3	14.60	3.93	1
1040	41.78			4	9.29.	370	7.25	714.4	17.01	4.03	7 A. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C.
1045	41.87			6 liters	9.33	366	7.25	2140	17.13	4.77	11 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 -
							-				
		17					-				
*								7			

- 1. Pump dial setting (for example: hertz, cycles/min, etc). 2.  $\mu$ Siemens per cm(same as  $\mu$ mhos/cm)at 25°C. 3. Oxidation reduction potential (stand in for Eh).

# EXAMPLE (Minimum Requirements) Well PURGING-FIELD WATER QUALITY MEASUREMENTS FORM

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Well N	Tumber 2 Personne ng Organ	27 -1 el p	. 16.	Date 'III			Depth to / of screen (below MP) top bottom  Pump Intake at (ft. below MP) 63.7  Purging Device; (pump type) by dly pro					
Clock Time	Water Depth below MP	Pump Dial ¹	Purge Rate	Cum. Volume Purged	Temp.	Spec. Cond. ²	рН	ORP/ Eh³	DO	Turb- idity	Comments	
24 HR	ft		ml/min	liters	°C	μS/cm		mv	mg/L	NTU		
1230	38.16			1	9.61	130	7.49	217,4	23/12	211		
1240	3817		95		9,57	75	6.67	D04.2	16.29	144		
1250	28.17				9.65	59	6.36	201.7	14.55	123		
1300	28.17'				9.68	5.8	6.23		13.49	71,2		
1310	28.17		105		9.68	-57	6,08	203,7	12,28	67.9		
1320	23.17				9,62	57	5.97	208.6	12.84	55		
1330	28.17				9.60	57	5,90	213.6	10.32	56.3	1 2 2	
	28.17	-			9,61.	57	5,92	214.4	11.91	3306		
1350	3811)		105		9.61	57	5.89	214.4	11.61	18.0		
1400	28.17				9.58	5-7	5.86	217.3	10.64	18.6	- B2-4	
1410	28.17'			10 liters	9,56	57		218.5	10.80	17.9		
			SAWA	1419			4		10			
4										4		
											LIII	

^{1.} Pump dial setting (for example: hertz, cycles/min, etc). 2.  $\mu$ Siemens per cm(same as  $\mu$ mhos/cm)at 25°C. 3. Oxidation reduction potential (stand in for Eh).

### EXAMPLE (Minimum Requirements) Well PURGING-FIELD WATER OHALITY MEASUREMENTS FORM

Page

Location (Site/Facility Name) Devoi Depth to / of screen  Well Number 27-2 Date 111409 (below MP) top bottom  Field Personnel DC AC Pump Intake at (ft. below MP) 65-7  Sampling Organization PPO Purging Device; (pump type) 51-114  Identify MP 75-80													
Clock Time Depth Dial Rate Cum. Volume Purged Cond. Spec. Cond. PH ORP/ Eh3 DO Turb-idity Comments													
24 HR ft   ml/min liters °C   µS/cm   mv   mg/L NTU													
1038 36.07 100 1091 143 7.42 231.2 38.05 141	7												
1050 3607 10.55 110 6,42 228.4 22.63 77	de designation de la constantion												
1100 36,10 10154 93 6.11 232.1 19.99 62.9													
1110 36.10' 10.54 78 5-9/233,2 14.65 44-1													
1120 36.10 10.64 72 5.81 232.3 14.00 24.8													
1130 36.10 10.88 67 5,90 227.6 12.41 18.8													
1140 36.10 10.87 65 5.74 230.8 7.58 16.4													
1150 36.10' 10.69. 63 5,60 232,1 11.76 11.70													
10.65 61 5.65 231.7 9.76 9.66	2 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -												
1210 36.10 1 10.62 60 5.64 232.3 9.32 8.20	1186111												
1220 36.10' 10.72 59 5.74 228.7 10.11 7.08													
1230 36.10' 10.74 58 5.76 234,1 8.48 7.03	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A												
1235 36.10' 100 111.401 10.66 58 5.67 232.8 8.50 5.31													

^{1.} Pump dial setting (for example: hertz, cycles/min, etc). 2.  $\mu$ Siemens per cm(same as  $\mu$ mhos/cm)at 25°C. 3. Oxidation reduction potential (stand in for Eh).

	EXAMPLE	(Mini	(Minimum Requirements)						
Well	PURGING-FIELD	WATER	OUALITY	MEASUREMENTS	FORM				

Page of

Well Prield Sampli	ion (Si Number_ Personn ing Organ ify MP_	el 17	lity Nam 30B-/ 0n	Date DATE	1/10/0·		Depth to / of screen (below MP) top bottom  Pump Intake at (ft. below MP)  Purging Device; (pump type) / (below MP)  DN 28:10				
Clock Time	Water Depth below MP	Pump Dial ¹	Purge Rate	Cum. Volume Purged	Temp.	Spec. Cond. ²	рН	ORP/ Eh³	DO	Turb- idity	Comments
24 HR	ft		ml/min	liters	°C .	μS/cm		mv	mg/L	NTU	
1318	26.10		70		12:34	130	657	225.8	18.07	69,1	
1410	28.08'				11.44	62	1	236.8	7.68	13,6	1
1420	38.08		75		11.32	60	5.53	241.3	673	8.39.	
1430	28.08			1	11.27	5.9	5.46	2440	10.32	5.78	
1440	28.08'		1		11.32	57	5.51	2426	8.28	3.97	
1445	28.08	100		14	11.26	57	5.52	242.3	8.07	3.02	
1450	28.08			7 liters	11.25	56	5.48	245.6	7.73	2.85	
		-									
			- 1								
				13.							- 100 m
	7 7										
		-									
-										9	

^{1.} Pump dial setting (for example: hertz, cycles/min, etc). 2.  $\mu$ Siemens per cm(same as  $\mu$ mhos/cm)at 25°C. 3. Oxidation reduction potential (stand in for Eh).

Well PURGING-FIELD WATER QUALITY MEASUREMENTS FORM (Cita/Facility Name) Acros Conclus Hillandfil Depth to

Clock Time	Water Depth below MP	Pump Dial ¹	Purge Rate	Cum. Volume Purged	Temp.	Spec. Cond. ²	рН	ORP/ Eh³	DO	Turb- idity	Commen turdditi Hach	
24 HR	ft	- A	ml/min	liters	°C	μS/cm	, ,	mv	mg/L	NTU	meter)	
025	23.10		115	0	16.11	13	7.16	20,1	36-6	20.6	12.9	- "
035	23.50		115		10.01	96	6.22	275.0	a.04	3.8	4.96	1
045	23,69		115		9.96	84	6.13	283.7	2.00	6.0	7.41	
1055	23,78		115		10.06	91		283.4		11.3	16.1	`
105	23,85		115		10.11	90		a87.1		10.6	14.6	4
1115	23,93		190	,	10.32	88	-	287.4	1.95	10.4	16.7	
1125	23.95		115		10.26	88		288.4	2.06	10.0	13.4	1-1
1135	23.99		125		10.49	88	6.14	7.886	2,35	9,3	. 11.3	
1140	24.01		110		10.32	90	6,13	290.2	2.13	7,2	9.28	
1145	24.03		125.	.5	10.21		6,14	287.5	1.94	7.3	9.26	
150	24.05		130		10.18	88	6.12	288.6	1.93	6.6	8.23	sloved pung s seed slightly
1155	24.05		130	V	10.16	87		290.8	2.14	5.7	7.08	
				13 L	10.00	87		289.4	1.97	6,6	7.75	9 1

^{1.} Pump dial setting (for example: hertz, cycles/min, etc). 2.  $\mu$ Siemens per cm(same as  $\mu$ mhos/cm)at 25°C. 3. Oxidation reduction potential (stand in for Eh).

# EXAMPLE (Minimum Requirements) Well PURGING-FIELD WATER QUALITY MEASUREMENTS FORM

Page | of

Well N Field Sampli	Number Personne .ng Organ	CAP-	D. Granz,	Date U.S	9 1	12109	- Deven	_	(below Pump In	take a	top t (ft. ) e; (pum)	p type)	p) 2.5ft	From bottom	2 07 4
Clock Time	Water Depth below MP	Pump Dial ¹	Purge Rate		m. lume rged	Temp.	Spec. Cond. ²	рН	ORP/ Eh³	DO	Turb- idity	Comment turbidy w/ HacW	ts	4	
24 HR	ft		ml/min	li	ters	°C	μS/cm		mv	mg/L	NTU	moter.	ī		
1450	19,90		140	0		11.02	158	7.43	69.4	-	64.8	32.4	Note: p.O.	properly	1
1500	20.16		190			10.55	123	6.89	3S. 7	-	35.2	58.9	-14 11	ti 11	2
1510	20.67		115	1		10.39	100	6.47	165.7	38.4%	17.5	27.5	Pedding 11	be functional	9/11
1520	20,85		190			10,34	94	6.26	169.9	3.349	10.3	15.6	i u		
1530	20.98		125			10.30	92	6.42	171.1	4.22	8.0	10.9	1, 1	(t	- !
1540	21.00		2C1			Note see	56	6.47	170.7	1.72	7.9	8.89	temp. prol	not recording	4000
1550	21.10		130			h	52	6.48	172.8	1.84	5.8	5.50	11	1/	
1600	al. 14	1	125		,	١.	55	6.48	173.0	2.13	4.2	.3.97	(1	4	
1605	21.15		130		, .	И			173.6	2.19	3.8	3.11	10	11	4
1610	21.15		130 .	0	1 2	a	57	6,50	172.6	2.09	3.6	2.84	Ц	II.	
Sam	whine	: 1613	- me	tale	L, all	kalining/	anians/	tota	l P				,		
		_													
-		-									76				
														- 1	
											-				F- (1818)

1. Pump dial setting (for example: hertz, cycles/min, etc). 2.  $\mu$ Siemens per cm(same as  $\mu$ mhos/cm)at 25°C. 3. Oxidation reduction potential (stand in for Eh).

# EXAMPLE (Minimum Requirements) Well PURGING-FIELD WATER QUALITY MEASUREMENTS FORM

Well N Field Sampli	Location (Site/Facility Name) Downs Shapur thil Londfill Depth to / of screen   Well Number (H-1) Date 114/04 (below MP) top bottom   Field Personnel 1/50 Thurst, Dan Gran7   Pump Intake at (ft. below MP)   Sampling Organization   U.S. FRA   Purging Device; (pump type) Perstallic Range   Inches water level = 18,49fr													
Clock Time	Water Depth below MP	Pump Dial ¹	Purge Rate	Cum. Volume Purged	Temp.	Spec. Cond. ²	pН	ORP/ Eh³	DO	Turb- idity	Comment Hach and Turbicky			
24 HR	ft	6	ml/min	liters	°C	μS/cm	9 19	mv	mg/L	NTU	(NTV.)			
OYCI	19.93	145	145	0	11.51	321	7.50	224.6	3.86	17.9	5,19			
1250	22.85		105		11,15	292	7.61	209.5	0.35	7,5	8.02	slowed	pump	speed
1300	24.90		90	1	11.13	291	7.64	203,8	0.41	10.7	12:0	16	ti	1/
1310	27.95		85		11.04	290	7.62	201.4	0.48	15.2	18.0	Je	ţ1	t _f
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^{1.} Pump dial setting (for example: hertz, cycles/min, etc). 2.  $\mu$ Siemens per cm(same as  $\mu$ mhos/cm)at 25°C. 3. Oxidation reduction potential (stand in for Eh).

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Clock Time	Water Depth below MP	Pump Dial ¹	Purge Rate	Cum. Volume Purged	Temp.	Spec. Cond. ²	рН	ORP/ Eh³	DO	Turb- idity	Comments
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1. Pump dial setting (for example: hertz, cycles/min, etc). 2.  $\mu$ Siemens per cm(same as  $\mu$ mhos/cm)at 25°C. 3. Oxidation reduction potential (stand in for Eh).



#### United States Environmental Protection Agency Office of Environmental Measurement & Evaluation 11 Technology Drive North Chelmsford, MA 01863-2431

Laboratory Report

November 10, 2009

Ginny Lombardo - HBT US EPA New England Region 1 One Congress Street Boston, MA 02114 - 2023

Project Number: 09110003

Project: Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

Analysis: Ion Chromatography Anions

Analyst: Inna Germansderfer

Inna Germansderici

#### Analytical Procedure:

All samples were received and logged in by the laboratory according to the USEPA New England Laboratory SOP for Sample Log-in.

Samples were analyzed following the EPA Region I SOP, EIASOP-INGDXIC10.

The analysis was performed using either a Dionex ICS-2000 or DX120 Ion Chromatograph.

Date Samples Received by the Laboratory: 11/05/2009

Data were reviewed in accordance with the internal verification procedures described in the EPA New England OEME Chemistry QA Plan.

Results relate only to the items tested or to the samples as received by the Laboratory. This analytical report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

Report may contain multiple sections and each section will be numbered independently.

If you have any questions please call me at 617-918-8340.

Sincerely,

Daniel N. Boudreau
Chemistry Team Leader

#### Qualifiers:

- RL = Reporting limit
- ND = Not Detected above reporting limit
- NA = Not Applicable
- NC = Not calculated since analyte concentration is ND
- J1 = Estimated value due to MS recovery outside acceptance criteria
- J2 = Estimated value due to LFB result outside acceptance criteria
- J3 = Estimated value due to RPD result outside acceptance criteria
- J4 = Estimated value due to LCS result outside acceptance criteria
- B = Analyte is associated with the lab blank or trip blank contamination. Values are qualified when the observed concentration of the contamination in the sample extract is less than 10 times the concentration in the blank.
- R = No recovery was calculated since the analyte concentration is greater than four times the spike level.

# Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Ion Chromatography Anions

Client Sample ID:

CAP-2B

Lab Sample ID:

AA99734

Date of Collection:

11/02/2009

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

11/06/2009

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifi	ier
	Bromide	ND	0.1		
	Chloride	1.7	0.1		
	Fluoride	0.15	0.1		
	Nitrate	ND	0.2	J	
*	Nitrite	3.4	0.1	J	
	Sulfate	8.6	0.1		

Comments: J- was run out of hold time

		Concentration	RL	
CAS Number	Parameter	mg/L	mg/L	Qualifier
	Nitrate as Nitrogen	ND	0.02	ę
	Nitrite as Nitrogen	1.1	0.03	
	o-Phosphate as Phosphorus	ND	0.03	

# Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Ion Chromatography Anions

Client Sample ID:

CHIS

Lab Sample ID:

AA99735

Date of Collection:

11/02/2009

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

11/06/2009

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
	Bromide	ND	0.1	
	Chloride	2.6	0.1	
	Fluoride	0.61	0.1	
•	Nitrate	ND	0.2	J
	Nitrite	4.4	0.1	J
	Sulfate	25	0.1	

Comments: J- was run out of hold time

		Concentration	RL	
CAS Number	Parameter	mg/L	mg/L	Qualifier
	Nitrate as Nitrogen	ND	0.02	
	Nitrite as Nitrogen	1.4	0.03	
	o-Phosphate as Phosphorus	ND	0.03	

#### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

#### **Ion Chromatography Anions**

Client Sample ID:

Q5-1

Lab Sample ID:

AA99736

Date of Collection:

11/04/2009

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

11/06/2009

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
	Bromide	ND	0.1	
	Chloride	1.2	0.1	
	Fluoride	0.12	0.1	
	Nitrate	ND	0.2	J
	Nitrite	3.0	0.1	J
	Sulfate	8.2	0.1	

Comments: J- was run out of hold time

		Concentration	RL	
CAS Number	Parameter	mg/L	mg/L	Qualifier
	Nitrate as Nitrogen	ND	0.02	
	Nitrite as Nitrogen	0.91	0.03	
	o-Phosphate as Phosphorus	ND	0.03	

# Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Ion Chromatography Anions

Client Sample ID:

CHI-D

Lab Sample ID:

AA99737

Date of Collection:

11/04/2009

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

11/06/2009

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
,	Bromide	ND	0.1	
	Chloride	2.7	0.1	
	Fluoride	0.72	0.1	
	Nitrate	ND	0.2	J
	Nitrite	6.1	0.1	J
•	Sulfate	9.9	0.1	

Comments: J- was run out of hold time

		Concentration	RL	
CAS Number	Parameter	mg/L	mg/L	Qualifier
	Nitrate as Nitrogen	ND	0.02	
	Nitrite as Nitrogen	1.9	0.03	
	o-Phosphate as Phosphorus	ND	0.03	

#### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Laboratory Blank

Client Sample ID:

N/A

Lab Sample ID:

N/A

Date of Collection:

N/A

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

11/06/2009

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
	Bromide	ND	0.1	
	Chloride	ND	0.1	
k	Fluoride	ND	0.1	
	Nitrate	ND	0.2	
	Nitrite	ND	0.1	
	Sulfate	ND	0.1	

Comments:

#### MATRIX SPIKE (MS) RESULTS

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

COMPOUND	SPIKE ADDED mg/L	SAMPLE CONCENTRATION mg/L	MS CONCENTRATION mg/L	MS % REC	QC LIMITS (% REC)
Sample ID: AA99734					
Bromide	5	ND	5.3	106	80 - 120
Chloride	1.5	1.7	3.18	104	80 - 120
Fluoride	1	0.15	1.2	106	80 - 120
Nitrate	5	ND	5.1	102	80 - 120
Nitrite	5	3.4	7.6	87	80 - 120
Sulfate	7.5	8.6	16.6	112	80 - 120

#### LABORATORY DUPLICATE RESULTS

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

SAMPLE RESULT mg/L	SAMPLE DUPLICATE RESULT mg/L	PRECISION RPD %	QC LIMITS RPD (%)
ND	ND	ND	20
1.7	1.7	0.0	20
0.15	0.15	0.0	20
ND	ND	ND	20
3.4.	3.5	2.9	20
8.6	8.7	1.2	20
	ND 1.7 0.15 ND 3.4.	RESULT mg/L         RESULT mg/L           ND         ND           1.7         1.7           0.15         0.15           ND         ND           3.4         3.5	RESULT mg/L         RESULT mg/L         RPD %           ND         ND         ND           1.7         1.7         0.0           0.15         0.15         0.0           ND         ND         ND           3.4         3.5         2.9

Comments:

#### Laboratory Fortified Blank (LFB) Results

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

COMPOUND	LFB AMOUNT SPIKED mg/L	LFB RESULT mg/L	LFB RECOVERY %	QC LIMITS %
Sample ID: AA99737				
Bromide	5.	5.3	106	90 - 110
Chloride	1.5	1.4	93	90 - 110
Fluoride	1	1.03	102	90 - 110
Nitrate	5	5.0	100	90 - 110
Nitrite	5	5.1	104	90 - 110
Sulfate	7.5	7.9	105	90 - 110

Samples in Batch: AA99734, AA99735, AA99736, AA99737



#### **ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY**

REGION 1

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# United States Environmental Protection Agency Office of Environmental Measurement & Evaluation 11 Technology Drive North Chelmsford, MA 01863-2431

Laboratory Report

December 10, 2009

Ginny Lombardo - HBT US EPA New England Region 1 One Congress Street Boston, MA 02114 - 2023

Project Number: 09110025

Project: Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

Analysis: Ion Chromatography Anions

Analyst: Inna Germansderfer pc 4 16

11/10/9

#### Analytical Procedure:

All samples were received and logged in by the laboratory according to the USEPA New England Laboratory SOP for Sample Log-in.

Samples were analyzed following the EPA Region I SOP, EIASOP-INGDXIC10.

The analysis was performed using a Dionex ICS-3000 Ion Chromatograph.

Date Samples Received by the Laboratory: 11/19/2009

Data were reviewed in accordance with the internal verification procedures described in the EPA New England OEME Chemistry QA Plan.

Results relate only to the items tested or to the samples as received by the Laboratory. This analytical report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

Report may contain multiple sections and each section will be numbered independently.

If you have any questions please call me at 617-918-8340.

mut Bushear 12/10/09

Sincerely,

Daniel N. Boudreau Chemistry Team Leader

#### Qualifiers:

- RL = Reporting limit
- ND = Not Detected above reporting limit
- NA = Not Applicable
- NC = Not calculated since analyte concentration is ND
- J1 = Estimated value due to MS recovery outside acceptance criteria
- J2 = Estimated value due to LFB result outside acceptance criteria
- J3 = Estimated value due to RPD result outside acceptance criteria
- J4 = Estimated value due to LCS result outside acceptance criteria
- B = Analyte is associated with the lab blank or trip blank contamination. Values are qualified when the observed concentration of the contamination in the sample extract is less than 10 times the concentration in the blank.
- R = No recovery was calculated since the analyte concentration is greater than four times the spike level.

#### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - $\,$ Ayer, MA $\,$

#### **Ion Chromatography Anions**

Client Sample ID:

Q4-1

Lab Sample ID:

AB00006

Date of Collection:

11/16/2009

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

11/23/2009

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
	Bromide	ND	0.1	
	Chloride	1.6	0.1	
	Fluoride	0.11	0.1	
	Nitrate	ND	0.1	
	Nitrite	ND	0.1	
•	Sulfate	9.2	0.1	
	o-Phosphate	ND	0.1	

Comments:

		Concentration	RL	
CAS Number	Parameter	mg/L	mg/L	Qualifier
	Nitrate as Nitrogen	ND	0.02	
	Nitrite as Nitrogen	ND	0.03	
	o-Phosphate as Phosphorus	ND	0.03	

#### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

#### **Ion Chromatography Anions**

Client Sample ID:

3-2

Lab Sample ID:

AB00007

Date of Collection:

11/17/2009

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

11/23/2009

CAS Number Parame	eter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
Bromide		ND	0.1	
Chloride		1.6	0.1	
Fluoride		0.21	0.1	
Nitrate		ND	0.1	
Nitrite		ND	0.1	
Sulfate		8.9	0.1	
o-Phosph	ate	ND	0.1	

Comments:

		Concentration ·	RL	
CAS Number	Parameter	mg/L	mg/L	Qualifier
	Nitrate as Nitrogen	ND	0.02	
	Nitrite as Nitrogen	ND	0.03	
	o-Phosphate as Phosphorus	ND	0.03	

#### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Laboratory Blank

Client Sample ID:

N/A

Lab Sample ID:

N/A

Date of Collection:

N/A

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

11/23/2009

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
	Bromide	ND	0.1	
	Chloride	ND	0.1	
	Fluoride	ND	0.1	
	Nitrate	ND	0.1	
	Nitrite	ND	0.1	
	Sulfate	ND	0.1	
	o-Phosphate	ND	0.1	

Comments:

# Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Ion Chromatography Anions

Client Sample ID:

27-1

Lab Sample ID:

AB00008

Date of Collection:

11/18/2009

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

11/23/2009

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
	Bromide	ND	0.1	
	Chloride	1.2	0.1	
	Fluoride	ND	0.1	
	Nitrate	ND	0.1	
	Nitrite	ND	0.1	
	Sulfate	8.4	0.1	
	o-Phosphate	ND	0.1	

Comments:

		Concentration	RL	
CAS Number	Parameter	mg/L	mg/L	Qualifier
	Nitrate as Nitrogen	ND	0.02	
	Nitrite as Nitrogen	ND	0.03	
	o-Phosphate as Phosphorus	ND .	0.03	

#### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

#### **Ion Chromatography Anions**

Client Sample ID:

20-1

Lab Sample ID:

AB00009

Date of Collection:

11/18/2009

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

11/23/2009

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
	Bromide	ND	0.1	
	Chloride	2.1	0.1	
	Fluoride	0.33	0.1	
	Nitrate	ND	0.1	
	Nitrite	ND	0.1	
	Sulfate	35	0.1	
	o-Phosphate	ND	0.1	

Comments:

		Concentration	RL	
CAS Number	Parameter	mg/L	mg/L	Qualifier
	Nitrate as Nitrogen	ND	0.02	
	Nitrite as Nitrogen	ND	0.03	
	o-Phosphate as Phosphorus	ND	0.03	

# Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Ion Chromatography Anions

Client Sample ID:

27-2

Lab Sample ID:

AB00010

Date of Collection:

11/19/2009

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

11/23/2009

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
	Bromide	ND	0.1	
	Chloride	1.3	0.1	
	Fluoride	ND	0.1	
	Nitrate	ND	0.1	
	Nitrite	ND	0.1	
	Sulfate	9.9	0.1	
	o-Phosphate	ND	0.1	

Comments:

		Concentration	RL	
CAS Number	Parameter	mg/L	mg/L	Qualifier
	Nitrate as Nitrogen	ND	0.02	
	Nitrite as Nitrogen	ND	0.03	
	o-Phosphate as Phosphorus	ND	0.03	

#### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - $\,$ Ayer, MA $\,$

#### Ion Chromatography Anions

Client Sample ID:

27-30B-1

Lab Sample ID:

AB00011

Date of Collection:

11/19/2009

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

11/23/2009

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
	Bromide	ND	0.1	
	Chloride	1.4	0.1	
•	Fluoride	0.11	0.1	
	Nitrate	ND	0.1	
	Nitrite	ND	0.1	
	Sulfate	9.1	0.1	
	o-Phosphate	ND	0.1	

Comments:

		Concentration	RL	
CAS Number	Parameter	mg/L_	mg/L	Qualifier
	Nitrate as Nitrogen	ND	0.02	
6	Nitrite as Nitrogen	ND	0.03	
	o-Phosphate as Phosphorus	ND	0.03	

#### MATRIX SPIKE (MS) RESULTS

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

COMPOUND	SPIKE ADDED mg/L	SAMPLE CONCENTRATION mg/L	MS CONCENTRATION mg/L	MS % REC	QC LIMITS (% REC)
Sample ID: AB00007					
Bromide	5	ND	5.01	100	80 - 120
Chloride	1.5	1.6	3.08	104	80 - 120
Fluoride	1	0.21	1.26	106	80 - 120
Nitrate	5	ND	5.06	101	80 - 120
Nitrite	5	ND	5.11	102	80 - 120
Sulfate	7.5	8.9	15.9	99	80 - 120
o-Phosphate	7.5	ND	7.8	104	80 - 120

#### LABORATORY DUPLICATE RESULTS

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

COMPOUND	SAMPLE RESULT mg/L	SAMPLE DUPLICATE RESULT mg/L	PRECISION RPD %	QC LIMITS RPD (%)
Sample ID: AB00007				,
Bromide	ND	ND	ND	20
Chloride	1.6	1.6	0.0	20
Fluoride	0.21	0.21	0.0	20
Nitrate	ND	ND	ND	20
Nitrite	ND	ND	ND	20
Sulfate	8.9	8.8	1.1	20
o-Phosphate	ND	ND	ND	20

Comments:

#### Laboratory Fortified Blank (LFB) Results

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

	LFB AMOUNT SPIKED	LFB RESULT	LFB RECOVERY	QC LIMITS
COMPOUND	mg/L_	mg/L	%	%
Sample ID: AB00007				
Bromide	5	4.98	100	90 - 110
Chloride	1.5	1.52	101	90 - 110
Fluoride	. 1	1.05	105	90 - 110
Nitrate	5	4.95	99	90 - 110
Nitrite	5	5.03	101	90 - 110
Sulfate	7.5	7.5	100	90 - 110
o-Phosphate	7.5	7.6	101	90 - 110

Samples in Batch: AB00006, AB00007, AB00008, AB00009, AB00010, AB00011



### ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION 1

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD.

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#### UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Region 1 New England
Office of Environmental Measurement and Evaluation
11 Technology Drive, North Chelmsford, MA 01863

### Memorandum

Date: April 19, 2010

Subj: Shepley's Hill landfill, Devens

From: Daniel Granz, EIA

To: Ginny Lombardo, HBT

On March 16-17, 2010, A. Gil, J. Keefe, and D. Granz of USEPA Investigations and Analysis Unit conducted low flow/ low stress sampling at 10 monitoring wells in the vicinity of Shepley's Hill landfill. The field parameters measured (pH, temperature, conductivity, ORP, D.O. and turbidity) are summarized in the attached table. The following wells were sampled: 3-2, Q4-1, 20-1, CH1S, CH1D, CAP2B, 27 30 B-1, Q5-1, 27-1, and 27-2.

The samples were analyzed for total metals, alkalinity, and anions. The three data reports are attached.



### Deven's Site - Shepley'Hill Landfill March 16-17, 2010 GW sampling Field Parameter Table

Well	Initial DTW (feet)	Final DTW (feet)	Purge Rate (ml/min)	Temp (°C)	Spec Cond. (uS/cm)	pH (S.U.)	ORP (Eh³)	D.O. (mg/l)	Turbidity (NTU)	Total volume purged (liters)
CH1-S	4.85	5.04	85	8.40	86	6.51	282.2	9.93	62.4	12
CH1-D	4.56	16.84	66	8.50	278	7.40	163.6	-3.40?	1.28	9.5
CAP2B	5.36	11.70	100	7.86	104	6.20	251.7	5.21	2.57	9
3-2	22.04	22.15	82	9.70	147	6.52	88.6	5.57	12.7	8
20-1	9.47	20.55	85	8.80	202	6.69	76.4	7.17	4.50	8
Q4-1	2.89	3.12	125	8.92	61	5.60	132.7	11.26	2.51	16
Q5-1	1.92	2.20	120	7.66	66	6.07	349.1	6.38	0.44	9.5
27-1	4.17	4.44	100	9.29	58	5.96	343.2	8.74	0.73	5
27-2	13.04	13.33	88	8.94	48	5.60	130.0	9.48	10.5	9
27 30B-1	8.01	8.11	88	8.39	42	5.32	150.2	9.26	0.42	6



# United States Environmental Protection Agency Office of Environmental Measurement & Evaluation 11 Technology Drive North Chelmsford, MA 01863-2431

Laboratory Report

April 13, 2010

Dan Granz - EIA / OEME
US EPA New England Region 1
11 Technology Drive
N. Chelmsford, MA 01863 - 2431

Project Number: 10030020

Project: Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

Analysis: Ion Chromatography Anions

Analyst: Inna Germansderfer

Analytical Procedure:

All samples were received and logged in by the laboratory according to the USEPA New England Laboratory SOP for Sample Log-in.

Samples were analyzed following the EPA Region I SOP, EIASOP-INGIC11.

The analysis was performed using a Dionex ICS-3000 Ion Chromatograph.

It 4/18/10

Date Samples Received by the Laboratory: 03/17/2010

Data were reviewed in accordance with the internal verification procedures described in the EPA New England OEME Chemistry QA Plan.

Results relate only to the items tested or to the samples as received by the Laboratory. This analytical report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

Report may contain multiple sections and each section will be numbered independently.

If you have any questions please call me at 617-918-8340.

Sucheau 4/14/10

Sincerely,

Daniel N. Boudreau Chemistry Team Leader

### Qualifiers:

- RL = Reporting limit
- ND = Not Detected above reporting limit
- NA = Not Applicable
- NC = Not calculated since analyte concentration is ND
- J1 = Estimated value due to MS recovery outside accceptance criteria
- J2 = Estimated value due to LFB result outside acceptance criteria
- J3 = Estimated value due to RPD result outside acceptance criteria
- J4 = Estimated value due to LCS result outside acceptance criteria
- B = Analyte is associated with the lab blank or trip blank contamination. Values are qualified when the observed concentration of the contamination in the sample extract is less than 10 times the concentration in the blank.
- R = No recovery was calculated since the analyte concentration is greater than four times the spike level.

### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

### Ion Chromatography Anions

Client Sample ID:

3-2

Lab Sample ID:

AB03475

Date of Collection:

03/16/2010

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

03/18/2010

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
	Bromide	ND	0.1	
	Chloride	1.7	0.1	
	Fluoride	0.24	0.1	
	Nitrate	8.2	0.1	J
	Nitrite	ND	0.1	
	Sulfate	8.5	0.1	
	o-Phosphate	ND	0.5	

Comments: J- estimated value, run out of hold time

		Concentration	RL	
CAS Number	Parameter	mg/L	mg/L	Qualifier
	Nitrate as Nitrogen	1.9	0.02	
	Nitrite as Nitrogen	ND	0.03	
	o-Phosphate as Phosphorus	ND	0.03	

### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - $\,$ Ayer, MA

Ion Chromatography Anions

Client Sample ID:

Q4-1

Lab Sample ID:

AB03476

Date of Collection:

03/16/2010

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

03/18/2010

Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
romide	ND	0.1	
hloride	1.6	0.1	
uoride	ND	0.1	
itrate	5.1	0.1	J
itrite	ND	0.1	
ulfate	8.5	0.1	
Phosphate	ND	0.5	
	Parameter romide hloride uoride itrate itrite ulfate Phosphate	Parameter         mg/L           romide         ND           hloride         1.6           uoride         ND           itrate         5.1           itrite         ND           ulfate         8.5	Parameter         mg/L         mg/L           romide         ND         0.1           hloride         1.6         0.1           uoride         ND         0.1           itrate         5.1         0.1           itrite         ND         0.1           ulfate         8.5         0.1

Comments: J- estimated value, run out of hold time

		Concentration	RL	
CAS Number	Parameter	mg/L	mg/L	Qualifier
	Nitrate as Nitrogen	1.2	0.02	
	Nitrite as Nitrogen	ND	0.03	
	o-Phosphate as Phosphorus	ND	0.03	

### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

### Ion Chromatography Anions

Client Sample ID:

Q4-1D

Lab Sample ID:

AB03477

Date of Collection:

03/16/2010

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

03/18/2010

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
	Bromide	ND	0.1	
	Chloride	1.6	0.1	
	Fluoride	ND	0.1	
	Nitrate	5.1	0.1	J
	Nitrite	ND	0.1	
	Sulfate	8.7	0.1	
	o-Phosphate	ND	0.5	

Comments: J- estimated value, run out of hold time

		Concentration	RL	
CAS Number	Parameter	mg/L	mg/L	Qualifier
Section 1	Nitrate as Nitrogen	1.2	0.02	
	Nitrite as Nitrogen	ND	0.03	
	o-Phosphate as Phosphorus	ND	0.03	

### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

### Ion Chromatography Anions

Client Sample ID:

20-1

Lab Sample ID:

AB03478

Date of Collection:

03/16/2010

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

03/18/2010

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
	Bromide	ND	0.1	
	Chloride	1.6	0.1	
	Fluoride	0.17	0.1	
	Nitrate	8.5	0.1	J
	Nitrite	ND	0.1	
	Sulfate	18	0.1	
	o-Phosphate	ND	0.5	

Comments: J- estimated value, run out of hold time

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
	Nitrate as Nitrogen	1.9	0.02	
	Nitrite as Nitrogen	ND	0.03	
	o-Phosphate as Phosphorus	ND	0.03	

### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Ion Chromatography Anions

Client Sample ID:

CH IS

Lab Sample ID:

AB03479

Date of Collection:

03/16/2010

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

03/18/2010

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qua	lifier
	Bromide	ND	0.1		
	Chloride	1.6	0.1		
	Fluoride	0.15	0.1		
	Nitrate	5.3	0.1	J	*
	Nitrite	ND	0.1		
	Sulfate	8.2	0.1		
	o-Phosphate	ND	0.5		

Comments: J- estimated value, run out of hold time

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
OX PICHEROLINI CONTRACTOR	Nitrate as Nitrogen	1.2	0.02	
	Nitrite as Nitrogen	ND	0.03	
	o-Phosphate as Phosphorus	ND	0.03	

### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

### Ion Chromatography Anions

Client Sample ID:

CH ID

Lab Sample ID:

AB03480

Date of Collection:

03/16/2010

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

03/18/2010

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qu	alifier
BINE ARREST	Bromide	ND	0.1		
	Chloride	2.8	0.1		
	Fluoride	0.77	0.1		
	Nitrate	12	0.1	J	4
	Nitrite	ND	0.1		
	Sulfate	9.4	0.1		
	o-Phosphate	ND	0.5		

Comments: J- estimated value, run out of hold time

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
	Nitrate as Nitrogen	2.7	0.02	
	Nitrite as Nitrogen	ND	0.03	
	o-Phosphate as Phosphorus	ND	0.03	

### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Ion Chromatography Anions

Client Sample ID:

CAP2B

Lab Sample ID:

AB03481

Date of Collection:

03/16/2010

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

03/18/2010

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
	Bromide	ND	0.1	
	Chloride	1.6	0.1	
	Fluoride	0.17	0.1	
	Nitrate	5.8	0.1	J
	Nitrite	ND	0.1	
	Sulfate	9.9	0.1	
	o-Phosphate	ND	0.5	

Comments: J- estimated value, run out of hold time

		Concentration	ion RL	
CAS Number	Parameter	mg/L	mg/L	Qualifier
Master Company Company	Nitrate as Nitrogen	1.3	0.02	
	Nitrite as Nitrogen	ND	0.03	
	o-Phosphate as Phosphorus	ND	0.03	

### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

### Ion Chromatography Anions

Client Sample ID:

27 30 B-1

Lab Sample ID:

AB03482

Date of Collection:

03/17/2010

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

03/18/2010

Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
ND	0.50	
1.5	0.50	
0.10	0.50	
	0.10	
ND	0.10	
8.6	0.10	
ND	0.50	
	mg/L ND 1.5 0.10 3.9 ND 8.6	mg/L         mg/L           ND         0.50           1.5         0.50           0.10         0.50           3.9         0.10           ND         0.10           8.6         0.10

Comments:

		Concentration	RL		
CAS Number	Parameter	mg/L	mg/L	Qualifier	
	Nitrate as Nitrogen	0.88	0.02		
	Nitrite as Nitrogen	ND	0.03		
	o-Phosphate as Phosphorus	ND	0.03		

### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Laboratory Blank

Client Sample ID:

N/A

Lab Sample ID:

N/A

Date of Collection:

N/A

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

03/18/2010

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
	Bromide	ND	0.1	
	Chloride	ND	0.1	
	Fluoride	ND	0.1	
	Nitrate	ND	0.1	
	Nitrite	ND	0.1	
	Sulfate	ND	0.1	
	o-Phosphate	ND	0.5	

### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

### Ion Chromatography Anions

Client Sample ID:

Q5-1

Lab Sample ID:

AB03483

Date of Collection:

03/17/2010

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

03/18/2010

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
	Bromide	ND	0.1	
	Chloride	1.6	0.1	
	Fluoride	ND	0.1	
	Nitrate	4.9	0.1	
	Nitrite	ND	0.1	
	Sulfate	8.5	0.1	
	o-Phosphate	ND	0.5	

Comments: X66



		Concentration	RL	
CAS Number	Parameter	mg/L	mg/L	Qualifier
	Nitrate as Nitrogen	1.1	0.02	
	Nitrite as Nitrogen	ND	0.03	
	o-Phosphate as Phosphorus	ND	0.03	

### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

### Ion Chromatography Anions

Client Sample ID:

27-1

Lab Sample ID:

AB03484

Date of Collection:

03/17/2010

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

03/18/2010

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
	Bromide	ND	0.1	
	Chloride	1.4	0.1	
	Fluoride	ND	0.1	
	Nitrate	4.7	0.1	
	Nitrite	ND	0.1	
	Sulfate	8.9	0.1	
	o-Phosphate	ND	0.5	

Comments:

CAS Number		Concentration	RL		
	Parameter	mg/L	mg/L	Qualifier	
y	Nitrate as Nitrogen	1.1	0.02		
	Nitrite as Nitrogen	ND	0.03		
	o-Phosphate as Phosphorus	ND	0.03		

### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

### Ion Chromatography Anions

Client Sample ID:

27-2

Lab Sample ID:

AB03485

Date of Collection:

03/17/2010

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

03/18/2010

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
	Bromide	ND	0.1	
	Chloride	1.5	0.1	
	Fluoride	ND	0.1	
	Nitrate	4.0	0.1	
	Nitrite	ND	0.1	
	Sulfate	8.6	0.1	
	o-Phosphate	ND	0.5	

Comments:

		Concentration	RL	Qualifier
CAS Number	Parameter	mg/L	mg/L	
	Nitrate as Nitrogen	0.90	0.02	
	Nitrite as Nitrogen	ND	0.03	
	o-Phosphate as Phosphorus	ND	0.03	

### LABORATORY DUPLICATE RESULTS

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

COMPOUND	SAMPLE RESULT mg/L	SAMPLE DUPLICATE RESULT mg/L	PRECISION RPD %	QC LIMITS RPD (%)
ample ID: AB03478				
Bromide	ND	ND	ND	20
Chloride	1.6	1.6	0.0	20
Fluoride	0.17	0.17	0.0	20
Nitrate	8.5	8.5	0.0	20
Nitrite	ND	ND	ND	20
Sulfate	18	18	0.0	20
o-Phosphate	ND	ND	ND	20
ample ID: AB03482				
Bromide	ND	ND	ND	20
Chloride	1.5	1.5	0.0	20
Fluoride	0.10	0.1	0.0	20
Nitrate	3.9	4.0	2.5	20
Nitrite	ND	ND	ND	20
Sulfate	8.6	8.6	0.0	20
o-Phosphate	ND	ND	ND	20

### MATRIX SPIKE (MS) RESULTS

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

COMPOUND .	SPIKE ADDED CON Mg/L		MS CONCENTRATION mg/L	MS % REC	QC LIMITS (% REC)
ample ID: AB03478					
Bromide	5	ND	4.8	96	80 - 120
Chloride	1.5	1.6	2.9	92	80 - 120
Fluoride	I	0.17	1.2	104	80 - 120
Nitrate	5	8.5	13	99	80 - 120
Nitrite	5	ND	4.9	98	80 - 120
Sulfate	7.5	18	23	79	80 - 120
o-Phosphate	7.5	ND	8.1	108	80 - 120
mple ID: AB03482					
Bromide	5	ND	5.1	102	80 - 120
Chloride	1.5	1.5	2.9	98	80 - 120
Fluoride	1	0.10	1.2	110	80 - 120
Nitrate	5	3.9	8.6	98	80 - 120
Nitrite	5	ND	5.1	102	80 - 120
Sulfate	7.5	8.6	15	91	80 - 120
o-Phosphate	7.5	ND	8.1	108	80 - 120

### Laboratory Fortified Blank (LFB) Results

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

	LFB AMOUNT SPIKED	LFB RESULT	LFB RECOVERY	QC LIMITS
COMPOUND	mg/L	mg/L	%	%
Sample ID: AB03482				
Bromide	5	5.0	100	90 - 110
Chloride	1.5	1.5	100	90 - 110
Fluoride	1	1.08	108	90 - 110
Nitrate	.5	5.4	108	90 - 110
Nitrite	5	4.9	98	90 - 110
Sulfate	7.5	7.5	100	90 - 110
o-Phosphate	7.5	8.1	108	90 - 110

Samples in Batch: AB03475, AB03476, AB03477, AB03478, AB03479, AB03480, AB03481, AB03482,

AB03483, AB03484, AB03485



CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

AMPLEF		eture)	D.	old.	Site #OIF3 Dur 1 beefe	OF CON- TAINERS	/	1 2 2 J			//			REMARKS
STA. NO.	DATE	TIME	COMP	GRAB	STATION LOCATION		15	2/2/2	15	//	-	field	Sompl	e number
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		1415		7	well Q4-1	3	1	1	1			Q	1-1	
		1415		7	well Q4-1 (Field dup)	3	l	1	(			0	4-1	P
		1650		1	Well 20-1	3	1	1	1			2	10 -1	
		1150		^	well CHIS	3	1	1	1			C	H 15	5
		1435		×	Well CHID	3	1	1	1			C	HI	D
	1	1655		1	Well CAP 2B	3	1	1	1			(	APZ	В
	3/17/0	j000		×	well 27 30 B-1	3	(	t	(			27	7 30	B-1
		1040		X	well Q5-1	3	1	1	1			(	25-	1
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### United States Environmental Protection Agency Office of Environmental Measurement & Evaluation 11 Technology Drive North Chelmsford, MA 01863-2431

Laboratory Results

March 31, 2010

Dan Granz - EIA / OEME US EPA New England Region 1 11 Technology Drive N. Chelmsford, MA 01863 - 2431

Project Number: 10030020

Project: Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

Analysis: Alkalinity

Inna Germansderfer Analyst:

264/1910

#### Analytical Procedure:

All samples were received and logged in by the laboratory according to the USEPA New England Laboratory SOP for Sample Log-in.

Sample preparation and analysis was done following the EPA Region I SOP, INGALKCARB1.SOP.

Date Samples Received by the Laboratory: 03/17/2010

Data were reviewed in accordance with the internal verification procedures described in the EPA New England OEME Chemistry QA Plan.

Results relate only to the items tested or to the samples as received by the Laboratory. This analytical report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

Report may contain multiple sections and each section will be numbered independently.

Samples were prepared and analyzed by ESAT contractors.

If you have any questions please call me at 671-918-8340.

Woushean 4/15/2010

Sincerely,

Daniel N. Boudreau

Chemistry Team Leader

# Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Alkalinity

Sample Number	Lab ID	Matrix	Collected	Analysis	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
3-2	AB03475	Water	03/16/2010	03/22/2010	60	20	
Comments:							
Q4-1	AB03476	Water	03/16/2010	03/30/2010	16	0.5	
Comments:						ħ.	
O4-1D	AB03477	Water	03/16/2010	03/30/2010	14	0.5	WWW.
Comments:							
20-1	AB03478	Water	03/16/2010	03/22/2010	81	20	
Comments:							
CH IS	AB03479	Water	03/16/2010	03/22/2010	31	20	
Comments:	x						
CH ID	AB03480	Water	03/16/2010	03/23/2010	130	20	
Comments:							
CAP2B	AB03481	Water	03/16/2010	03/23/2010	38	20	
Comments:							
27 30 B-1	AB03482	Water	03/17/2010	03/30/2010	4.3	0.5	
Comments:							
O5-1	AB03483	Water	03/17/2010	03/30/2010	16	0.5	
Comments:							
Blank		Water	03/17/2010	03/22/2010	ND	20	
Comments:							

# Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Alkalinity

Sample Number	Lab ID	Matrix	Collected	Analysis	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
27-1	AB03484	Water	03/17/2010	03/30/2010	10	0.5	
Comments:							
Blank		Water	03/17/2010	03/23/2010	ND	20	
Comments:							
27-2	AB03485	Water	03/17/2010	03/30/2010	8.0	0.5	
Comments							
Blank		Water	03/17/2010	03/30/2010	ND	0.5	
Comments:							

### **Laboratory Duplicate Results**

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

SAMPLE ID	PARAMETER	SAMPLE RESULT mg/L	SAMPLE DUP RESULT mg/L	PRECISION RPD %	QC LIMITS (%RPD)
AB03475	Alkalinity	60	62	3.3	15
AB03476	Alkalinity	16	15	6.4	15

Comments: Samples in batch AB03475, AB03476, AB03477, AB03478, AB03479, AB03480, AB03481, AB03482, AB03483, AB03484, AB03485



### **ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY**

REGION 1

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# United States Environmental Protection Agency Office of Environmental Measurement & Evaluation 11 Technology Drive North Chelmsford, MA 01863-2431

Laboratory Report

April 14, 2010

Dan Granz - EIA / OEME
US EPA New England Region 1
11 Technology Drive
N. Chelmsford, MA 01863 - 2431

Project Number: 10030020

Project:

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

Analysis:

Total Recoverable Metals in Water by ICP

Analyst:

Janet Paquin

JP 4/14/10

### Analytical Procedure:

All samples were received and logged in by the laboratory according to the USEPA New England Laboratory SOP for Sample Log-in.

Samples were analyzed following the EPA Region I SOP, EIASOP-INGDVICP1.

The sample preparation and analysis SOP's are based on Methods 3010A or 3005A and 6010B as stated in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste", 3rd ed., Final Update III, 7/92 and 12/96

The samples were analyzed using a Perkin Elmer 4300 Dual View Inductively Coupled Plasma - Optical Emission Spectrometer.

Date Samples Received by the Laboratory: 03/17/2010

Data were reviewed in accordance with the internal verification procedures described in the EPA New England OEME Chemistry QA Plan.

Results relate only to the items tested or to the samples as received by the Laboratory. This analytical report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

Report may contain multiple sections and each section will be numbered independently.

If you have any questions please call me at 617-918-8340

Sincerely,

Daniel N. Boudreau 4/15/10

Chemistry Team Leader

### Laboratory Qualifiers:

RL	Reporting limit
ND	Not Detected above reporting limit
NA	Not Applicable
NC	Not calculated since analyte concentration is ND
J1	Estimated value due to MS recovery outside accceptance criteria
J2	Estimated value due to LFB result outside acceptance criteria
J3	Estimated value due to RPD result outside acceptance criteria
J4	Estimated value due to LCS result outside acceptance criteria
В	Analyte is associated with the lab blank or trip blank contamination. Values are qualified when the observed concentration of the contamination in the sample extract is less than 10 times the concentration in the blank (based on results greater than
	1/2 the level of the reporting limit).
R	No recovery was calculated since the analyte concentration is greater than four times the spike level.

The samples were prepared by ESAT contractors.

### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Total Recoverable Metals in Water by ICP

Client Sample ID:

3-2

Lab Sample ID:

AB03475

Date of Collection:

3/16/2010

Matrix

Water

Date of Digestion:

3/24/2010

Final Volume:

50 mL

Date of Analysis:

03/30/2010

Digestate Dilution: 1

Volume Digested:

50 mL

pH:

<2

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration ug/L	RL ug/L	Qualifier	
7429-90-5	Aluminum	810	110		
7440-36-0	Antimony	ND	20		
7440-38-2	Arsenic	91	20		
7440-39-3	Barium	ND	20		
7440-41-7	Beryllium	ND	8		
7440-43-9	Cadmium	ND	10		
7440-70-2	Calcium	22000	500		
7440-47-3	Chromium	ND	20		
7440-48-4	Cobalt	ND	20		
7440-50-8	Copper	ND	40		
7439-89-6	Iron	1100	40	J1	
7439-92-1	Lead	ND	20		
7439-95-4	Magnesium	1100	100		
7439-96-5	Manganese	65	20		
7440-02-0	Nickel	ND	20		
7782-49-2	Selenium	ND	20		
7440-22-4	Silver	ND	10		
7440-28-0	Thallium	ND	20		
7440-62-2	Vanadium	ND	20		
7440-66-6	Zinc	ND	100		

### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Total Recoverable Metals in Water by ICP

Client Sample ID:

Q4-1

Lab Sample ID:

AB03476

Date of Collection:

3/16/2010

Matrix

Water

Date of Digestion:

3/24/2010

Final Volume:

50 mL

Date of Analysis:

03/30/2010

Digestate Dilution: 1

Volume Digested: 50 mL

pH:

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration ug/L	RL ug/L	Qualifier
7429-90-5	Aluminum	160	110	
7440-36-0	Antimony	ND	20	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	ND	20	
7440-39-3	Barium	ND	20	
7440-41-7	Beryllium	ND	8	
7440-43-9	Cadmium	ND	10	
7440-70-2	Calcium	8100	500	
7440-47-3	Chromium	ND	20	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	ND	20	
7440-50-8	Copper	ND	40	
7439-89-6	Iron	80	40	
7439-92-1	Lead	ND	20	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	420	100	
7439-96-5	Manganese	ND	20	
7440-02-0	Nickel	ND	20	
7782-49-2	Selenium	ND	20	
7440-22-4	Silver	ND	10	
7440-28-0	Thallium	ND	20	
7440-62-2	Vanadium	ND	20	
7440-66-6	Zinc	ND	100	

### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Total Recoverable Metals in Water by ICP

Client Sample ID: Q4-1D Lab Sample ID:

AB03477

Date of Collection:

3/16/2010

Matrix

Water

Date of Digestion:

3/24/2010

Final Volume:

50 mL

Date of Analysis:

03/30/2010

Digestate Dilution: 1

Volume Digested:

50 mL

pH:

<2

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration ug/L	RL ug/L	Qualifier
7429-90-5	Aluminum	160	110	
7440-36-0	Antimony	ND	20	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	ND	20	
7440-39-3	Barium	ND	20	
7440-41-7	Beryllium	ND	8	
7440-43-9	Cadmium	ND	10	
7440-70-2	Calcium	7800	500	
7440-47-3	Chromium	ND	20	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	ND	20	
7440-50-8	Copper	ND	40	
7439-89-6	Iron	74	40	
7439-92-1	Lead	ND	20	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	400	100	
7439-96-5	Manganese	ND	20	
7440-02-0	Nickel	ND	20	
7782-49-2	Selenium	ND	20	
7440-22-4	Silver	ND	10	
7440-28-0	Thallium	ND	20	
7440-62-2	Vanadium	ND	20	
7440-66-6	Zinc	ND	100	

### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

### Total Recoverable Metals in Water by ICP

Client Sample ID:

20-1

Lab Sample ID:

AB03478

Date of Collection:

3/16/2010

Matrix

Water

Date of Digestion:

3/24/2010

Final Volume:

50 mL

Date of Analysis:

03/30/2010

Digestate Dilution: 1

Volume Digested:

50 mL

pH:

<2

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration ug/L	RL ug/L	Qualifier
7429-90-5	Aluminum	ND	110	
7440-36-0	Antimony	ND	20	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	ND	20	
7440-39-3	Barium	21	20	
7440-41-7	Beryllium	ND	8	
7440-43-9	Cadmium	ND	10	
7440-70-2	Calcium	31000	500	
7440-47-3	Chromium	ND	20	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	ND	20	
7440-50-8	Copper	ND	40	
7439-89-6	Iron	94	40	
7439-92-1	Lead	ND	20	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	1500	100	
7439-96-5	Manganese	1500	20	
7440-02-0	Nickel	ND	20	
7782-49-2	Selenium	ND	20	
7440-22-4	Silver	ND	10	
7440-28-0	Thallium	ND	20	
7440-62-2	Vanadium	ND	20	
7440-66-6	Zinc	ND	100	

# Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Total Recoverable Metals in Water by ICP

Client Sample ID:

CH IS

Lab Sample ID:

AB03479

Date of Collection:

3/16/2010

Matrix

Water

Date of Digestion:

3/24/2010

Final Volume:

50 mL

Date of Analysis:

03/30/2010

Digestate Dilution: 1

Volume Digested:

50 mL

pH:

<2

		Concentration	RL		
CAS Number	Parameter	ug/L	ug/L	Qualifier	
7429-90-5	Aluminum	5000	110		
7440-36-0	Antimony	ND	20		
7440-38-2	Arsenic	ND	20		
7440-39-3	Barium	26	20		
7440-41-7	Beryllium	ND	8		
7440-43-9	Cadmium	ND	10		
7440-70-2	Calcium	13000	500		
7440-47-3	Chromium	ND	20		
7440-48-4	Cobalt	ND	20		
7440-50-8	Copper	ND	40		
7439-89-6	Iron	1900	40		
7439-92-1	Lead	ND	20		
7439-95-4	Magnesium	1400	100		
7439-96-5	Manganese	99	20		
7440-02-0	Nickel	ND	20		
7782-49-2	Selenium	ND	20		
7440-22-4	Silver	ND	10		
7440-28-0	Thallium	ND	20		
7440-62-2	Vanadium	ND	20		
7440-66-6 Zinc		ND	100		

# Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

Total Recoverable Metals in Water by ICP

Client Sample ID:

CH ID

Lab Sample ID:

AB03480

Date of Collection:

3/16/2010

Matrix

Water

Date of Digestion:

3/24/2010

Final Volume:

50 mL

Date of Analysis:

Digestate Dilution: 1

Volume Digested: 50 mL

03/30/2010

pH:

<2

CAS Number Parameter		Concentration ug/L	RL ug/L	Qualifier
7429-90-5	Aluminum	ND	110	
7440-36-0	Antimony	ND	20	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	290	20	
7440-39-3	Barium	26	20	
7440-41-7	Beryllium	ND	8	
7440-43-9	Cadmium	ND	10	
7440-70-2	Calcium	30000	500	
7440-47-3	Chromium	ND	20	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	ND	20	
7440-50-8	Copper	ND	40	
7439-89-6	Iron	ND	40	
7439-92-1	Lead	ND	20	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	2700	100	
7439-96-5	Manganese	21	20	
7440-02-0	Nickel	ND	20	
7782-49-2	Selenium	ND	20	
7440-22-4	Silver	ND	10	
7440-28-0	Thallium	ND	20	
7440-62-2	Vanadium	ND	20	
7440-66-6	Zinc	ND	100	

# Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Total Recoverable Metals in Water by ICP

Client Sample ID:

27 30 B-1

Lab Sample ID:

AB03482

Date of Collection:

3/17/2010

Matrix

Water

Date of Digestion:

3/24/2010

Final Volume:

20

100

50 mL

Date of Analysis:

Digestate Dilution: 1

Volume Digested:

03/30/2010

Vanadium

Zinc

50 mL

pH:

<2

CAS Number Parameter		Concentration ug/L	RL ug/L	Qualifier	
7429-90-5	Aluminum	ND	110		
7440-36-0	Antimony	ND	20		
7440-38-2	Arsenic	ND	20		
7440-39-3	Barium	ND	20		
7440-41-7	Beryllium	ND	8		
7440-43-9	Cadmium	ND	10		
7440-70-2	Calcium	4200	500		
7440-47-3	Chromium	ND	20		
7440-48-4	Cobalt	ND	20		
7440-50-8	Copper	ND	40		
7439-89-6	Iron	ND	40		
7439-92-1	Lead	ND	20		
7439-95-4	Magnesium	480	100		
7439-96-5	Manganese	ND	20		
7440-02-0 Nickel		ND	20		
7782-49-2	Selenium	ND	20		
7440-22-4	Silver	ND	10		
7440-28-0	Thallium	ND	20		

ND ND

Comments:

7440-62-2

7440-66-6

#### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

## Total Recoverable Metals in Water by ICP

Client Sample ID:

CAP2B

Lab Sample ID:

AB03481

Date of Collection:

3/16/2010

Matrix

Water

Date of Digestion:

3/24/2010

Final Volume:

50 mL

Date of Analysis:

03/30/2010

Digestate Dilution: 1

Volume Digested:

50 mL

pH:

<2

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration ug/L	RL ug/L	Qualifier	
7429-90-5	Aluminum	170	110		
7440-36-0	Antimony	ND	20		
7440-38-2	Arsenic	ND	20		
7440-39-3	Barium	ND	20		
7440-41-7	Beryllium	ND	8		
7440-43-9	Cadmium	ND	10		
7440-70-2	Calcium	16000	500		
7440-47-3	Chromium	ND	20 .		
7440-48-4	Cobalt	ND	20		
7440-50-8	Copper	ND	40		
7439-89-6	Iron	67	40		
7439-92-1	Lead	ND	20		
7439-95-4	Magnesium	560	100		
7439-96-5	Manganese	45	20		
7440-02-0	Nickel	ND	20		
7782-49-2	Selenium	ND	20		
7440-22-4	Silver	ND	10		
7440-28-0	Thallium	ND	20		
7440-62-2	Vanadium	ND	20		
7440-66-6	Zinc	ND	100		

# Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Total Recoverable Metals in Water by ICP

Client Sample ID:

27-1

50 mL

Lab Sample ID:

AB03484

Date of Collection:

3/17/2010

Matrix

Water

Date of Digestion:

3/24/2010

Final Volume:

50 mL

Date of Analysis:

00/00/001

Digestate Dilution: 1

Volume Digested:

03/30/2010

pH:

<2

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration ug/L	RL ug/L	Qualifier
7429-90-5	Aluminum	ND	110	
7440-36-0	Antimony	ND	20	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	ND	20	
7440-39-3	Barium	ND	20	
7440-41-7	Beryllium	ND	8	
7440-43-9	Cadmium	ND	10	
7440-70-2	Calcium	6400	500	
7440-47-3	Chromium	ND	20	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	ND	20	
7440-50-8	Copper	ND	40	
7439-89-6	Iron	ND	40	
7439-92-1	Lead	ND	20	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	710	100	
7439-96-5	Manganese	ND	20	
7440-02-0	Nickel	ND	20	
7782-49-2	Selenium	ND	20	
7440-22-4	Silver	ND	10	
7440-28-0	Thallium	ND	20	
7440-62-2	Vanadium	ND	20	
7440-66-6	Zinc	ND	100	

#### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

## Total Recoverable Metals in Water by ICP

Client Sample 1D:

Q5-1

Lab Sample ID:

AB03483

Date of Collection:

3/17/2010

Matrix

Water

Date of Digestion:

3/24/2010

Final Volume:

50 mL

Date of Analysis:

03/30/2010

Digestate Dilution: 1

Volume Digested:

50 mL

pH:

<2

CAS Number Parameter		neter		RL ug/L	Qualifier
7429-90-5	Aluminum		ug/L ND	110	
7440-36-0	Antimony		ND	20	
7440-38-2	Arsenic		ND	20	
7440-39-3	Barium		ND	20	
7440-41-7	Beryllium		ND	8	
7440-43-9	Cadmium		ND	10	
7440-70-2	Calcium		8600	500	
7440-47-3	Chromium		ND	20	
7440-48-4	Cobalt		ND	20	
7440-50-8	Copper		ND	40	
7439-89-6	Iron		ND	40	
7439-92-1	Lead		ND	20	
7439-95-4	Magnesium		450	100	
7439-96-5	Manganese		ND	20	
7440-02-0	Nickel		ND	20	
7782-49-2	Selenium		ND	20	
7440-22-4	Silver		ND	10	
7440-28-0	Thallium		ND	20	
7440-62-2	Vanadium		ND	20	
7440-66-6	Zinc		ND	100	

# Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

Total Recoverable Metals in Water by ICP

Client Sample ID:

27-2

Lab Sample ID:

AB03485

Date of Collection:

3/17/2010

Matrix

Water

Date of Digestion:

3/24/2010

Final Volume:

50 mL

Date of Analysis:

03/30/2010

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Digestate Dilution: 1

Volume Digested:

50 mL

pH:

<2

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration ug/L	RL ug/L	Qualifier
7429-90-5	Aluminum	710	110	
7440-36-0	Antimony	ND	20	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	ND	20	
7440-39-3	Barium	ND	20	
7440-41-7	Beryllium	ND	8	
7440-43-9	Cadmium	ND	10	
7440-70-2	Calcium	5800	500	
7440-47-3	Chromium	ND	20	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	ND	20	
7440-50-8	Copper	ND	40	
7439-89-6	Iron	570	40	
7439-92-1	Lead	ND	20	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	630	100	
7439-96-5	Manganese	25	20	
7440-02-0	Nickel	ND	20	
7782-49-2	Selenium	ND	20	
7440-22-4	Silver	ND	10	
7440-28-0	Thallium	ND	20	
7440-62-2	Vanadium	ND	20	
7440-66-6	Zinc	ND	100	

## Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

## Laboratory Reagent Blank

Client Sample ID:

N/A

Lab Sample ID:

N/A

Date of Collection:

N/A

Matrix

Water

Date of Digestion:

3/24/2010

Final Volume:

50 mL

Date of Analysis:

Digestate Dilution: 1

03/30/2010

pH:

Volume Digested: 50 mL

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration ug/L	RL ug/L	Qualifier	
				Quanner	
7429-90-5	Aluminum	ND	110		
7440-36-0	Antimony	ND	20		
7440-38-2	Arsenic	ND	20		
7440-39-3	Barium	ND	20		
7440-41-7	Beryllium	ND	8		
7440-43-9	Cadmium	ND	10		
7440-70-2	Calcium	ND	500		
7440-47-3	Chromium	ND	20		
7440-48-4	Cobalt	ND	20		
7440-50-8	Copper	ND	40		
7439-89-6	Iron	ND	40		
7439-92-1	Lead	ND	20		
7439-95-4	Magnesium	ND	100		
7439-96-5	Manganese	ND	20		
7440-02-0	Nickel	ND	20		
7782-49-2	Selenium	ND	20		
7440-22-4	Silver	ND	10		
7440-28-0	Thallium	ND	20		
7440-62-2	Vanadium	ND	20		
7440-66-6	Zinc	ND	100		

## METALS MATRIX SPIKE (MS) RESULTS

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

Sample ID: AB03475

COMPOUND	SPIKE ADDED ug/L	SAMPLE CONCENTRATION ug/L	MS CONCENTRATION ug/L	MS % REC	QC LIMITS (% REC)
Aluminum	500	810	1240	86	75 - 125
Antimony	500	ND	484	97	75 - 125
Arsenic	500	91	580	98	75 - 125
Barium	500	ND	500	100	75 - 125
Beryllium	200	ND	195	98	75 - 125
Cadmium	250	ND	242	97	75 - 125
Chromium	500	ND	511	102	75 - 125
Cobalt	500	ND	501	100	75 - 125
Copper	500	ND	508	102	75 - 125
Iron	500	1100	1130	6	75 - 125
Lead	500	ND	485	97	75 - 125
Manganese	500	65	567	100	75 - 125
Nickel	500	ND	493	99	75 - 125
Selenium	500	ND	462	92	75 - 125
Silver	100	ND	96.5	97	75 - 125
Thallium	500	ND	505	101	75 - 125
Vanadium	500	ND	522	104	75 - 125
Zinc	500	ND	510	102	75 - 125

## Laboratory Duplicate Results

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

Sample ID: AB03484

	SAMPLE RESULT	SAMPLE DUPLICATE RESULT	PRECISION RPD	QC LIMITS	
COMPOUND	ug/L	ug/L	%	RPD (%)	
Aluminum	ND	ND	NC	20	
Antimony	ND	ND	NC	20	
Arsenic	ND	ND	NC	20	
Barium	ND	ND	NC	20	
Beryllium	ND	ND	NC	20	
Cadmium	ND	ND	NC	20	
Calcium	6400	6600	3.1	20	
Chromium	ND	ND	NC	20	
Cobalt	ND	ND	NC	20	
Copper	ND	ND	NC	20	
Iron	ND	ND	NC	20	
Lead	ND	ND	NC	20	
Magnesium	710	720	1.4	20	
Manganese	ND	ND	NC	20	
Nickel	ND	ND	NC	20	
Selenium	ND	ND	NC	20	
Silver	ND	ND	NC	20	
Γhallium	ND	ND	NC	20	
Vanadium	ND	ND	NC	20	
Zinc	ND	ND	NC	20	

## Laboratory Fortified Blank (LFB) Results

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

COMPOUND	LFB AMOUNT SPIKED ug/L	LFB RESULT ug/L	LFB RECOVERY %	QC LIMITS %
Aluminum	500	495	99	85 - 115
Antimony	500	489	98	85 - 115
Arsenic	500	482	96	85 - 115
Barium	500	491	98	85 - 115
Beryllium	200	190	95	85 - 115
Cadmium	250	242	97	85 - 115
Calcium	5000	5030	101	85 - 115
Chromium	500	512	102	85 - 115
Cobalt	500	502	100	85 - 115
Copper	500	505	101	85 - 115
Iron	500	519	104	85 - 115
Lead	500	486	97	85 - 115
Magnesium	5000	5220	104	85 - 115
Manganese	500	510	102	85 - 115
Nickel	500	497	99	85 - 115
Selenium	500	467	93	85 - 115
Silver	100	96.9	97	85 - 115
Thallium	500	504	101	85 - 115
Vanadium	500	521	104	85 - 115
Zinc	500	503	101	85 - 115

Samples in Batch: AB03475, AB03476, AB03477, AB03478, AB03479, AB03480, AB03481, AB03482, AB03483, AB03484, AB03485



# ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

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#### United States Environmental Protection Agency Office of Environmental Measurement & Evaluation 11 Technology Drive North Chelmsford, MA 01863-2431

Laboratory Report

January 13, 2010

Ginny Lombardo - HBT US EPA New England Region 1 One Congress Street Boston, MA 02114 - 2023

Project Number: 09110025

Project: Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Analysis: Total Recoverable Metals in Water by ICP

Analyst: Janet Paquin

JP 1/13/10

#### Analytical Procedure:

All samples were received and logged in by the laboratory according to the USEPA New England Laboratory SOP for Sample Log-in.

Samples were analyzed following the EPA Region I SOP, EIASOP-INGDVICP1.

The sample preparation and analysis SOP's are based on Methods 3010A or 3005A and 6010B as stated in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste", 3rd ed., Final Update III, 7/92 and 12/96

The samples were analyzed using a Perkin Elmer 4300 Dual View Inductively Coupled Plasma - Optical Emission Spectrometer.

Samples were prepared by ESAT contractors working at the USEPA New England Laboratory.

Date Samples Received by the Laboratory: 11/19/2009

Data were reviewed in accordance with the internal verification procedures described in the EPA New England OEME Chemistry QA Plan.

Results relate only to the items tested or to the samples as received by the Laboratory. This analytical report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

Report may contain multiple sections and each section will be numbered independently.

If you have any questions please call me at 617-918-8340

Novachear 1/15/10

Sincerely,

Daniel N. Boudreau

Chemistry Team Leader

# **Laboratory Qualifiers:**

RL	Reporting limit
ND	Not Detected above reporting limit
NA	Not Applicable
NC	Not calculated since analyte concentration is ND
J1	Estimated value due to MS recovery outside acceptance criteria
J2	Estimated value due to LFB result outside acceptance criteria
J3	Estimated value due to RPD result outside acceptance criteria
J4	Estimated value due to LCS result outside acceptance criteria
В	Analyte is associated with the lab blank or trip blank contamination. Values are qualified when the observed concentration of the contamination in the sample extract is less than 10 times the concentration in the blank (based on results greater than
	1/2 the level of the reporting limit).
R	No recovery was calculated since the analyte concentration is greater than four times the spike level.

## Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

## Total Recoverable Metals in Water by ICP

Client Sample ID:

Q4-1

Lab Sample ID:

AB00006

Date of Collection:

11/16/2009

Matrix

Water

Date of Digestion:

11/24/2009

Final Volume:

50 mL

Date of Analysis:

01/11/2010

Digestate Dilution: 1

Volume Digested:

50 mL

pH:

<2

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration ug/L	RL ug/L	Qualifier
7429-90-5	Aluminum	65	55	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	ND	10	•
7440-39-3	Barium	ND	10	
7440-70-2	Calcium	16000	1000	
7440-47-3	Chromium	ND	10	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	ND	10	
7440-50-8	Copper	ND	20	
7439-89-6	Iron	38	20	
7439-92-1	Lead	ND	10	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	810	200	
7439-96-5	Manganese	ND	20	
7440-02-0	Nickel	ND	10	
7440-09-7	Potassium	430	200	
7440-23-5	Sodium	3200	200	
7440-62-2	Vanadium	ND	20	
7440-66-6	Zinc	ND	100	

## Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

## Total Recoverable Metals in Water by ICP

Client Sample ID: 3-2 Lab Sample ID: AB00007 Date of Collection: 11/17/2009 Matrix Water Date of Digestion: 11/24/2009 Final Volume: 50 mL Date of Analysis: 01/11/2010 Digestate Dilution: 1 Volume Digested: 50 mL pH: <2

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration ug/L	RL ug/L	Qualifier
7429-90-5	Aluminum	720	55	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	63	10	
7440-39-3	Barium	ND	10	
7440-70-2	Calcium	17000	1000	
7440-47-3	Chromium	ND	10	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	ND	10	
7440-50-8	Copper	ND	20	
7439-89-6	Iron	440	20	
7439-92-1	Lead	ND	10	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	890	200	
7439-96-5	Manganese	29	20	
7440-02-0	Nickel	ND	10	
7440-09-7	Potassium	820	200	
7440-23-5	Sodium	9500	200	+ ,
7440-62-2	Vanadium	ND	20	
7440-66-6	Zinc	ND	100	*

# Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Total Recoverable Metals in Water by ICP

Client Sample ID:

27-1

Lab Sample ID:

AB00008

Date of Collection:

11/18/2009

Matrix

Water

Date of Digestion:

11/24/2009

Final Volume:

50 mL

Date of Analysis:

Volume Digested:

01/11/2010

50 mL

Digestate Dilution: 1 pH:

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration ug/L	RL ug/L	Qualifier
7429-90-5	Aluminum	1300	55	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	ND	10	
7440-39-3	Barium	19	10	
7440-70-2	Calcium	7600	1000	

/440-38-2	Arsenic	ND	10	
7440-39-3	Barium	19	10	
7440-70-2	Calcium	7600	1000	
7440-47-3	Chromium	ND	10	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	ND	10	
7440-50-8	Copper	ND	20	
7439-89-6	Iron	1200	20	
7439-92-1	Lead	ND	10	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	990	200	
7439-96-5	Manganese	36	20	
7440-02-0	Nickel	ND	10	
7440-09-7	Potassium	640	200	
7440-23-5	Sodium	2000	200	
7440-62-2	Vanadium	ND	20	
7440-66-6	Zinc	ND	100	

# Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

## Total Recoverable Metals in Water by ICP

Client Sample ID:

20-1

Lab Sample ID:

AB00009

Date of Collection:

11/18/2009

Matrix

Water

Date of Digestion:

11/24/2009

Final Volume:

50 mL

Date of Analysis:

01/11/2010

Digestate Dilution: 1

Volume Digested:

50 mL

pH:

<2

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration ug/L	RL ug/L	Qualifier
7429-90-5	Aluminum	130	55	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	ND	10	
7440-39-3	Barium	47	10	
7440-70-2	Calcium	50000	1000	
7440-47-3	Chromium	ND	10	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	ND	10	
7440-50-8	Copper	ND	20	
7439-89-6	Iron	280	20	
7439-92-1	Lead ·	ND	10	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	2400	200	
7439-96-5	Manganese	2000	20	
7440-02-0	Nickel	ND	. 10	
7440-09-7	Potassium	4300	200	
7440-23-5	Sodium	16000	200	
7440-62-2	Vanadium	ND	20	•
7440-66-6	Zinc	ND	100	

# Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Total Recoverable Metals in Water by ICP

27-2 Client Sample ID: Lab Sample ID: AB00010 Date of Collection: 11/19/2009 Matrix Water Date of Digestion: 11/24/2009 Final Volume: 50 mL 01/11/2010 Date of Analysis: Digestate Dilution: 1 Volume Digested: 50 mL pH: <2

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration ug/L	RL ug/L	Qualifier
7429-90-5	Aluminum	340	55	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	ND	10	
7440-39-3	Barium	ND	10	
7440-70-2	Calcium	6100	1000	
7440-47-3	Chromium	ND	10	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	ND	10	
7440-50-8	Copper	ND	20	
7439-89-6	Iron	250	20	
7439-92-1	Lead	ND	10	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	640	200	
7.439-96-5	Manganese	26	20	
7440-02-0	Nickel	ND	10	
7440-09-7	Potassium	370	200	
7440-23-5	Sodium	3000	200	
7440-62-2	Vanadium	ND	20	
7440-66-6	Zinc	ND	100	

## Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

## Total Recoverable Metals in Water by ICP

Client Sample ID: Lab Sample ID: AB00011 27-30B-1 Matrix Water Date of Collection: 11/19/2009 Date of Digestion: 11/24/2009 Final Volume: 50 mL Date of Analysis: 01/11/2010 Digestate Dilution: 1 Volume Digested: 50 mL pH: <2

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration ug/L	RL ug/L	Qualifier
7429-90-5	Aluminum	190	55	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	ND	10	
7440-39-3	Barium	ND	10	
7440-70-2	Calcium	6100	1000	
7440-47-3	Chromium	ND	10	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	ND	10	
7440-50-8	Copper	ND	20	
7439-89-6	Iron	72	20	
7439-92-1	Lead	ND	10	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	600	200	
7439-96-5	Manganese	ND	20	
7440-02-0	Nickel	ND	10	
7440-09-7	Potassium	330	200	
7440-23-5	Sodium	2400	200	
7440-62-2	Vanadium	ND	20	
7440-66-6	Zinc	ND	100	

# Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

## Laboratory Reagent Blank

Client Sample ID:	N/A	Lab Sample ID:	N/A
Date of Collection:	N/A	Matrix	Water
Date of Digestion:	11/24/2009	Final Volume:	50 mL
Date of Analysis:	01/11/2010	Digestate Dilution	: NA
Volume Digested:	50 mL	pH:	<2

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration ug/L	RL ug/L	Qualifier
7429-90-5	Aluminum	ND	55	Quanner
7440-38-2	Arsenic	ND	10	
7440-39-3	Barium	ND	10	
7440-70-2	Calcium	ND	1000	
7440-47-3	Chromium	ND	10	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	ND	10	
7440-50-8	Copper	ND	20	
7439-89-6	Iron	ND	20	
7439-92-1	Lead	ND	10	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	ND	200	
7439-96-5	Manganese	ND	20	
7440-02-0	Nickel	ND	10	
7440-09-7	Potassium	ND	200	
7440-23-5	Sodium	ND	200	
7440-62-2	Vanadium	ND	20	
7440-66-6	Zinc	ND	100	

## METALS MATRIX SPIKE (MS) RESULTS

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

Sample ID: AB00007

COMPOUND	SPIKE ADDED ug/L	SAMPLE CONCENTRATION ug/L	MS CONCENTRATION ug/L	MS % REC	QC LIMITS (% REC)
Aluminum	500	720	1190	94	75 - 125
Arsenic	500	63	580	103	75 - 125
Barium	500	ND	511	102	75 - 125
Chromium	500	ND	531	106	75 - 125
Cobalt	500	ND	520	104	75 - 125
Copper	500	ND	521	104	75 - 125
Iron	500	440	948	102	75 - 125
Lead	500	ND	495	99	75 - 125
Manganese	500	29	546	103	75 - 125
Nickel	500	ND	507	101	75 - 125
Vanadium	500	ND	555	111	75 - 125
Zinc	500	ND	517	103	75 - 125

## **Laboratory Duplicate Results**

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

Sample ID: AB00006

COMPOUND	SAMPLE RESULT ug/L	SAMPLE DUPLICATE RESULT ug/L	PRECISION RPD %	QC LIMITS RPD (%)
Aluminum	65	70	7.4	20
Arsenic	ND	ND	NC	20
Barium	ND	ND	NC	20
Calcium	16000	16000	0.0	20
Chromium	ND	ND	NC	20
Cobalt	ND	ND	NC	20
Copper	ND	ND	NC	20
Iron	38	34	11	20
Lead	ND	ND	NC	20
Magnesium	810	810	0.0	20
Manganese	ND	ND	NC	20
Nickel	ND	ND	NC	20
Potassium	430	420	2.4	20
Sodium	3200	3100	3.2	20
Vanadium	ND	ND	NC	20
Zinc	ND	ND	NC	20

#### Laboratory Fortified Blank (LFB) Results

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

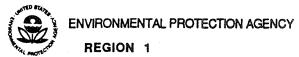
COMPOUND	LFB AMOUNT SPIKED ug/L	LFB RESULT ug/L	LFB RECOVERY %	QC LIMITS %
Aluminum	500	529	106	85 - 115
Arsenic	500	507	101	85 - 115
Barium	500	495	99	85 - 115
Calcium	5000	5150	103	85 - 115
Chromium	500	527	105	85 - 115
Cobalt	500	513	103	85 - 115
Copper	500	511	102	85 - 115
Iron	500	533	107	85 - 115
Lead	500	498	100	85 - 115
Magnesium	5000	5370	107	85 - 115
Manganese	500	521	104	85 - 115
Nickel	500	504	101	85 - 115
Potassium	5000	5320	106	85 - 115
Sodium	5000	5310	106	85 - 115
Vanadium	500	545	109	85 - 115
Zinc	500	495	99	85 - 115

Samples in Batch: AB00006, AB00007, AB00008, AB00009, AB00010, AB00011

PN: 09110025 Fort Devens 1/13/10 J. Paquin

# Project Notes

The analysis for this project was routine. There are no notes.



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# United States Environmental Protection Agency Office of Environmental Measurement & Evaluation 11 Technology Drive North Chelmsford, MA 01863-2431

Laboratory Report

January 13, 2010

Ginny Lombardo - HBT US EPA New England Region 1 One Congress Street Boston, MA 02114 - 2023

Project Number: 09110003

Project: Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Analysis: Total Recoverable Metals in Water by ICP

Analyst: Janet Paquin

JP 1/13/16

#### Analytical Procedure:

All samples were received and logged in by the laboratory according to the USEPA New England Laboratory SOP for Sample Log-in.

Samples were analyzed following the EPA Region I SOP, EIASOP-INGDVICP1.

The sample preparation and analysis SOP's are based on Methods 3010A or 3005A and 6010B as stated in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste", 3rd ed., Final Update III, 7/92 and 12/96

The samples were analyzed using a Perkin Elmer 4300 Dual View Inductively Coupled Plasma - Optical Emission Spectrometer.

Samples were prepared by ESAT contractors working at the USEPA New England Laboratory.

Date Samples Received by the Laboratory: 11/05/2009

Data were reviewed in accordance with the internal verification procedures described in the EPA New England OEME Chemistry QA Plan.

Results relate only to the items tested or to the samples as received by the Laboratory. This analytical report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

Report may contain multiple sections and each section will be numbered independently.

If you have any questions please call me at 617-918-8340

Sincerely,

Vanut Wowshear 1/15/10 Daniel N. Boudreau

Chemistry Team Leader

# **Laboratory Qualifiers:**

RL	Reporting limit
ND	Not Detected above reporting limit
NA	Not Applicable
NC	Not calculated since analyte concentration is ND
J1	Estimated value due to MS recovery outside acceptance criteria
J2	Estimated value due to LFB result outside acceptance criteria
J3	Estimated value due to RPD result outside acceptance criteria
<b>J</b> 4	Estimated value due to LCS result outside acceptance criteria
В	Analyte is associated with the lab blank or trip blank contamination. Values are qualified when the observed concentration of the contamination in the sample extract is less than 10 times the concentration in the blank (based on results greater than 1/2 the level of the reporting limit).
R	No recovery was calculated since the analyte concentration is greater than four times the spike level.

# Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Total Recoverable Metals in Water by ICP

Client Sample ID:	CAP-2B	Lab Sample ID:	AA99734
Date of Collection:	11/2/2009	Matrix	Water
Date of Digestion:	11/16/2009	Final Volume:	50 mL
Date of Analysis:	01/11/2010	Digestate Dilution:	1
Volume Digested:	50 mL	pH:	<2

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration ug/L	RL ug/L	Qualifier
7429-90-5	Aluminum	170	55	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	ND	10	
7440-39-3	Barium	ND	10	
7440-70-2	Calcium	16000	1000	
7440-47-3	Chromium	ND	10	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	ND	10	
7440-50-8	Copper	ND	20	
7439-89-6	Iron	90	20	
7439-92-1	Lead	ND	10	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	910	200	
7439-96-5	Manganese	<b>27</b>	20	
7440-02-0	Nickel	ND	10	
7440-09-7	Potassium	480	200	
7440-23-5	Sodium	3400	200	
7440-62-2	Vanadium	ND	20	
7440-66-6	Zinc	ND	100	

# Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Total Recoverable Metals in Water by ICP

Client Sample ID:

**CHIS** 

Lab Sample ID:

AA99735

Date of Collection:

11/2/2009

Matrix

Water

Date of Digestion:

11/16/2009

Final Volume:

50 mL

Date of Analysis:

Digestate Dilution: 1

01/11/2010

pH:

<2

Volume Digested:

50 mL

		Concentration	RL	
CAS Number	Parameter	ug/L	ug/L	Qualifier
7429-90-5	Aluminum	97000	55	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	27	10	
7440-39-3	Barium	150	10	
7440-70-2	Calcium	42000	1000	
7440-47-3	Chromium	11	10	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	63	10	
7440-50-8	Copper	48	20	
7439-89-6	Iron	31000	20	
7439-92-1	Lead	51	10	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	15000	200	
7439-96-5	Manganese	1800	20	
7440-02-0	Nickel	31	10	
7440-09-7	Potassium	4700	200	
7440-23-5	Sodium	66000	200	
7440-62-2	Vanadium	ND	20	
7440-66-6	Zinc	130	100	

# Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Total Recoverable Metals in Water by ICP

Client Sample ID:

Q5-1

Lab Sample ID:

AA99736

Date of Collection:

11/4/2009

Matrix

Water

Date of Digestion:

11/16/2009

Final Volume:

50 mL

Date of Analysis:

01/11/2010

Digestate Dilution: 1

. 50 111

Volume Digested:

50 mL

pH:

<2

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration ug/L	RL ug/L	Qualifier
7429-90-5	Aluminum	510	55	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	ND	10	
7440-39-3.	Barium	ND	10	
7440-70-2	Calcium	12000	1000	
7440-47-3	Chromium	ND	10	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	ND	10	
7440-50-8	Copper	ND	20	
7439-89-6	Iron	270	20	
7439-92-1	Lead	ND	10	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	710	200	
7439-96-5	Manganese	89	20	
7440-02-0	Nickel	ND	10	
7440-09-7	Potassium	550	200	
7440-23-5	Sodium	2900	200	
7440-62-2	Vanadium	ND	20	
7440-66-6	Zinc	ND	100	

# Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

## Total Recoverable Metals in Water by ICP

Client Sample ID:

CHI-D

Lab Sample ID:

AA99737

Date of Collection:

11/4/2009

Matrix

Water

Date of Digestion:

11/16/2009

Final Volume:

50 mL

Date of Analysis:

01/11/2010

Digestate Dilution: 1

Volume Digested:

50 mL

pH:

<2

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration ug/L	RL ug/L	Qualifier
7429-90-5	Aluminum	610	55	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	370	10	
7440-39-3	Barium	31	10	
7440-70-2	Calcium	30000	1000	
7440-47-3	Chromium	.ND	10	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	ND	10	
7440-50-8	Copper	ND	20	
7439-89-6	Iron	350	20	
7439-92-1	Lead	ND	10	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	2600	200	
7439-96-5	Manganese	120	20	
7440-02-0	Nickel	ND	. 10	
7440-09-7	Potassium	2200	200	
7440-23-5	Sodium	29000	200	
7440-62-2	Vanadium	ND	20	
7440-66-6	Zinc	ND	100	

## Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

# Laboratory Reagent Blank

Client Sample ID:	N/A	Lab Sample ID:	N/A
Date of Collection:	N/A	Matrix	Water
Date of Digestion:	11/16/2009	Final Volume:	50 mL
Date of Analysis:	01/11/2010	Digestate Dilution	: NA
Volume Digested:	50 mL	pH:	<2

C.C.N.	m .	Concentration	RL	
CAS Number	Parameter	ug/L	ug/L	Qualifier
7429-90-5	Aluminum	ND	55	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	ND	10	
7440-39-3	Barium	ND	10	
7440-70-2	Calcium	ND	1000	
7440-47-3	Chromium	ND	10	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	ND	10	
7440-50-8	Copper	ND	20	
7439-89-6	Iron	ND	20	
7439-92-1	Lead	ND	10	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	ND	200	
7439-96-5	Manganese	ND	20	
7440-02-0	Nickel	ND	10	•
7440-09-7	Potassium	ND	200	
7440-23-5	Sodium	ND	200	-
7440-62-2	Vanadium	ND	20	
7440-66-6	Zinc	ND	100	

## METALS MATRIX SPIKE (MS) RESULTS

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

Sample ID: AA99736

COMPOUND	SPIKE ADDED ug/L	SAMPLE CONCENTRATION ug/L	MS CONCENTRATION ug/L	MS % REC	QC LIMITS (% REC)
Aluminum	500	510	961	90	75 - 125
Arsenic	500	ND	517	103	75 - 125
Barium	500	ND	515	103	75 - 125
Chromium	500	ND	531	106	75 - 125
Cobalt	500	ND	522	104	75 - 125
Copper	500	ND	523	105	75 - 125
Iron	500	270	787	103	75 - 125
Lead	500	ND	498	100	75 - 125
Manganese	500	89	619	106	75 - 125
Nickel	500	ND	513	103	75 - 125
Vanadium	500	ND	552	110	75 - 125
Zinc	500	ND	515	103	75 - 125

## **Laboratory Duplicate Results**

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

Sample ID: AA99734

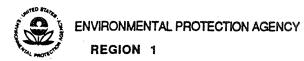
COMPOUND	SAMPLE RESULT ug/L	SAMPLE DUPLICATE RESULT ug/L	PRECISION RPD %	QC LIMITS RPD (%)
Aluminum	170	170	0.0	20
Arsenic	ND	ND	NC	20
Barium	ND	ND	NC	20
Calcium	16000	16000	0.0	20
Chromium	ND	ND	NC	20
Cobalt	ND	ND	NC	20
Copper	ND	ND	NC	20
Iron ·	90	92	2.2	20
Lead	ND	ND	NC	20
Magnesium	910	930	2.2	20
Manganese	27	28	3.6	20
Nickel	ND	ND	NC	20
Potassium	480	510	6.1	20
Sodium	3400	3500	2.9	20
Vanadium	ND	ND	NC	20
Zinc	ND	ND	NC	20

## Laboratory Fortified Blank (LFB) Results

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

COMPOUND	LFB AMOUNT SPIKED ug/L	LFB RESULT ug/L	LFB RECOVERY %	QC LIMITS %
Arsenic	500	509	102	85 - 115
Barium	500	506	101	85 - 115
Calcium	5000	5200	104	85 - 115
Chromium	500	535	107	85 - 115
Cobalt	500	524	105	85 - 115
Copper	500	521	104	85 - 115
Iron	500	547	109	85 - 115
Lead	500	502	100	85 - 115
Magnesium	5000	5450	109	85 - 115
Manganese	500	530	106	85 - 115
Nickel	500	517	103	85 - 115
Potassium	5000	5200	104	85 - 115
Sodium	5000	5150	103	85 - 115
Vanadium	500	546	109	85 - 115
Zinc	500	516	103	85 - 115

Samples in Batch: AA99734, AA99735, AA99736, AA99737



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#### United States Environmental Protection Agency Office of Environmental Measurement & Evaluation 11 Technology Drive North Chelmsford, MA 01863-2431

#### Laboratory Results

November 13, 2009

Ginny Lombardo - HBT US EPA New England Region I One Congress Street Boston, MA 02114 - 2023

Project Number: 09110003

Project: Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

Analysis: Total Phosphorus in Water as P

Analyst: Inna Germansderfer Ib 11/18/09

#### Analytical Procedure:

All samples were received and logged in by the laboratory according to the USEPA New England Laboratory SOP for Sample Log-in.

Sample preparation and analysis was done following the EPA Region I SOP, EIASOP-INGTP8.

Analytical support was provided by ESAT contractors.

Date Samples Received by the Laboratory: 11/05/2009

Results relate only to the items tested or to the samples as received by the Laboratory. This analytical report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

If you have any questions please call me at 617-918-8340.

Danut Borchea 11/18/09

Sincerely,

Daniel N. Boudreau Chemistry Team Leader

#### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

#### Total Phosphorus in Water as P

Matrix: Water

Sample Number	Lab ID	Collected	Extracted	Analysis	Concentration ug/L	RL ug/L	Qualifier
CAP-2B Comments:	AA99734	11/02/2009	11/11/2009	11/12/2009	11	5	
CHI-D Comments:	AA99737	11/04/2009	11/11/2009	11/12/2009	43	5	
CHIS Comments:	AA99735	11/04/2009	11/11/2009	11/12/2009	257	5	
O5-1 Comments:	AA99736	11/04/2009	11/11/2009	11/12/2009	14	5	
Blank Comments:			11/11/2009	11/12/2009	ND	5	

#### MATRIX SPIKE (MS) RESULTS

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

			SPIKE ADDED	SAMPLE CONCENTRATION	MS CONCENTRATION	MS %	QC LIMITS
S	AMPLE ID	PARAMETER	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	REC	(% REC)
A	A99734	Total Phosphorus in Water as P	97.8	11.2	106	96.9	85 - 115

Comments:

#### MATRIX SPIKE DUPE (MSD) RESULTS

SAMPLE ID	PARAMETER	MSD SPIKE ADDED	MSD CONCENTRATION ug/L	MSD % REC	RPD %	QC LIMITS RPD
AA99734	Total Phosphorus in Water as P	97.8	104	94.9	2	20

Comments:

#### **Laboratory Duplicate Results**

SAMPLE ID	PARAMETER	SAMPLE RESULT ug/L	SAMPLE DUPLICATE RESULT ug/L	PRECISION RPD %	QC LIMITS (%RPD)
AA99736 Comments:	Total Phosphorus in Water as P	14.4	15.0	4 .	20

#### Laboratory Fortified Blank (LFB) Results

SAMPLE ID	PARAMETER	LFB AMOUNT SPIKED ug/L	LFB RESULT ug/L	LFB RECOVERY %	QC LIMITS %	
AA99737	Total Phosphorus in Water as P	97.8	. 103	105.3	85 - 115	

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY**

REGION 1

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#### **United States Environmental Protection Agency** Office of Environmental Measurement & Evaluation 11 Technology Drive North Chelmsford, MA 01863-2431

#### Laboratory Results

December 7, 2009

Ginny Lombardo - HBT US EPA New England Region 1 One Congress Street Boston, MA 02114 - 2023

Project Number: 09110025

Project: Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

Analysis: Total Phosphorus in Water as P

Inna Germansderfer DB Francisco Analyst:

#### Analytical Procedure:

All samples were received and logged in by the laboratory according to the USEPA New England Laboratory SOP for Sample Log-in.

Sample preparation and analysis was done following the EPA Region I SOP, EIASOP-INGTP8.

Analytical support was provided by ESAT contractors.

Date Samples Received by the Laboratory: 11/19/2009

Results relate only to the items tested or to the samples as received by the Laboratory. This analytical report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

If you have any questions please call me at 617-918-8340.

Nanut Brushear 12/14/09

Sincerely,

Daniel N. Boudreau

Chemistry Team Leader

#### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

#### Total Phosphorus in Water as P

Matrix: Water

Sample Number	Lab ID	Collected	E	xtracted	Analysis	Concentration ug/L	RL ug/L	Qualifier
20-1 Comments	AB00009	11/18/2009	11	/30/2009	12/01/2009	9.0	5	
27-1 Comments	AB00008	11/18/2009		/30/2009	12/01/2009	64	5	
27-2 Comments	AB00010	11/19/2009	11	/30/2009	12/01/2009	12	5	
27-30B-1 Comments:	AB00011	11/19/2009	11	/30/2009	12/01/2009	ND	5	
3-2 Comments:	AB00007	11/17/2009	11	/30/2009	12/01/2009	15	5	
O4-1 Comments:	AB00006	11/16/2009	11	/30/2009	12/01/2009	5.7	5	
Blank Comments:			11.	/30/2009	12/01/2009	ND	5	

#### MATRIX SPIKE (MS) RESULTS

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

		SPIKE ADDED	SAMPLE CONCENTRATION	MS CONCENTRATION	MS %	QC LIMITS
SAMPLE ID	PARAMETER	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	REC	(% REC)
 AB00010	Total Phosphorus in Water as P	97.8	11.6	109	99.6	85 - 115

Comments:

#### MATRIX SPIKE DUPE (MSD) RESULTS

SAMPLE ID	PARAMETER	MSD SPIKE ADDED	MSD CONCENTRATION ug/L	MSD % REC	RPD %	QC LIMITS RPD
AB00010	Total Phosphorus in Water as P	97.8	109	99.6	0	20

Comments:

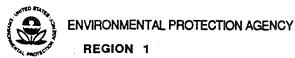
#### **Laboratory Duplicate Results**

SAMPLE ID	PARAMETER	SAMPLE RESULT ug/L	SAMPLE DUPLICATE RESULT ug/L	PRECISION RPD %	QC LIMITS (%RPD)	
AB00011	Total Phosphorus in Water as P	ND	5.0	NC	20	

Comments: NC = Not Calculated since analyte concentration is ND.

#### Laboratory Fortified Blank (LFB) Results

SAMPLE ID	PARAMETER	LFB AMOUNT SPIKED ug/L	LFB RESULT ug/L	LFB RECOVERY %	QC LIMITS %	
AB00009	Total Phosphorus in Water as P	97.8	94.6	96.7	85 - 115	



CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD. PROJECT NAME Sheden's Landfill PROJ. NO. 09110025 SAMPLERS: (Signature) Delst NO. OF Cup From Bryal Gil REMARKS CON-**TAINERS** STA. NO. DATE TIME STATION LOCATION 11/16/29 1540 04-1 3 111769 1215 3-2 27-1 h/1860 1410 11/15/04/645 20-1 11/19/25/1235 27-2 11/9/29/1100 27-30B-1 27-306-1 Relinquished by (\Signature) Date / Time Relinquished by: (Signature) Date / Time Received by: (Signature) Received by: (Signature) 11/19/09/630 Relinquished by: (Signature) Received by: (Signature) Date / Time Received by: (Signature) Relinquished by: (Signature) Date / Time Relinquished by: (Signature) Received for Laboratory by: Date / Time Date / Time Remarks 11/19/09 16:33 Distribution: Original Accompanies Shipment, Copy to Coordinator Field Files



#### **United States Environmental Protection Agency** Office of Environmental Measurement & Evaluation 11 Technology Drive North Chelmsford, MA 01863-2431

Laboratory Report

July 12, 2010

Dan Granz - EIA / OEME US EPA New England Region I 11 Technology Drive N. Chelmsford, MA 01863 - 2431

Project Number: 10060047

Project: Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

Ion Chromatography Anions Analysis:

Inna Germansderfer 7/4/10 Analyst:

Analytical Procedure:

All samples were received and logged in by the laboratory according to the USEPA New England Laboratory SOP for Sample Log-in.

Samples were analyzed following the EPA Region I SOP, EIASOP-INGIC11.

. The analysis was performed using a Dionex ICS-3000 Ion Chromatograph.

Date Samples Received by the Laboratory: 06/24/2010

Data were reviewed in accordance with the internal verification procedures described in the EPA New England OEME Chemistry QA Plan.

Results relate only to the items tested or to the samples as received by the Laboratory. This analytical report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

Report may contain multiple sections and each section will be numbered independently.

If you have any questions please call me at 617-918-8340.

Sincerely,

PERE PHILIPECULE
POR 7-15-2010
DANIEL BOJORDAN

Daniel N. Boudreau Chemistry Team Leader

#### Qualifiers:

- RL = Reporting limit
- ND = Not Detected above reporting limit
- NA = Not Applicable
- NC = Not calculated since analyte concentration is ND
- J1 = Estimated value due to MS recovery outside acceptance criteria
- J2 = Estimated value due to LFB result outside acceptance criteria
- J3 = Estimated value due to RPD result outside acceptance criteria
- J4 = Estimated value due to LCS result outside acceptance criteria
- B = Analyte is associated with the lab blank or trip blank contamination. Values are qualified when the observed concentration of the contamination in the sample extract is less than 10 times the concentration in the blank.
- R = No recovery was calculated since the analyte concentration is greater than four times the spike level.

## Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Ion Chromatography Anions

Client Sample ID:

CH ID

Lab Sample ID:

AB07380

Date of Collection:

06/22/2010

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

06/25/2010

Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
Bromide	ND	0.1	
Chloride	2.4	0.1	
Fluoride	0.80	0.1	
Nitrate	ND	0.1	J
Nitrite	ND	0.1	J
Sulfate	7.5	0.1	
o-Phosphate	ND	1.0	J

Comments: Nitrate and Nitrite were reported from June 25, 2010 analysis of the unpreserved sample.

Sulfate, chloride, bromide and fluoride were reported from July 6 2010 run

J- samples were run out of hold time.

#### NO2NO3 as Nitrogen / PO4 as Phosphorus

	Concentration	RL	
Parameter	mg/L	mg/L	Qualifier
Nitrate as Nitrogen	ND	0.02	
Nitrite as Nitrogen	ND	0.03	
o-Phosphate as Phosphorus	ND	0.33	

## Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Ion Chromatography Anions

Client Sample ID:

3-2

Lab Sample ID:

AB07381

Date of Collection:

06/24/2010

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

06/25/2010

Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
Bromide	ND	0.1	
Chloride	1.6	0.1	
Fluoride	0.20	0.1	
Nitrate	ND	0.1	J
Nitrite	ND	0.1	J
Sulfate	7.6	0.1	
o-Phosphate	ND	1.0	J

Comments: Nitrate and Nitrite were reported from June 25, 2010 analysis of the unpreserved sample.

Sulfate, chloride, bromide and fluoride were reported from July 6 2010 run

J- samples were run out of hold time.

#### NO2NO3 as Nitrogen / PO4 as Phosphorus

	Concentration	RL	
Parameter	mg/L	mg/L	Qualifier
Nitrate as Nitrogen	ND	0.02	
Nitrite as Nitrogen	ND	0.03	
o-Phosphate as Phosphorus	ND	0.33	

#### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Laboratory Blank

Client Sample ID:

N/A

Lab Sample ID:

N/A

Date of Collection:

N/A

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

06/25/2010

Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
Bromide	ND	0.10	
Chloride	ND	0.10	
Fluoride	ND	0.10	
Nitrate	ND	0.10	
Nitrite	ND	0.10	
Sulfate	ND	0.10	
o-Phosphate	ND	1.0	

#### MATRIX SPIKE (MS) RESULTS

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

COMPOUND	SPIKE ADDED mg/L	SAMPLE CONCENTRATION mg/L	MS CONCENTRATION mg/L	MS % REC	QC LIMITS (% REC)
Sample ID: AB07381					
Bromide	5	ND	5.1	102	80 - 120
Chloride	1.5	1.6	3.2	112	80 - 120
Fluoride	I	0.2	1.3	111	80 - 120
Nitrate	5	ND	5.1	102	80 - 120
Nitrite	5	ND	5.1	102	80 - 120
Sulfate	7.5	7.6	15.0	104	80 - 120
o-Phosphate	7.5	ND	7.9	105	80 - 120

#### LABORATORY DUPLICATE RESULTS

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

COMPOUND	SAMPLE RESULT mg/L	RESULT RESULT		QC LIMITS RPD (%)	
pple ID: AB07381					
Bromide	ND	ND	ND	20	
Chloride	1.6	1.6	0.0	20	
Fluoride	0.2	0.2	0.0	20	
Nitrate	ND	ND	ND	20	
Nitrite	ND	ND	ND	20	
Sulfate	7.6	7.6	0.0	20	
o-Phosphate	ND	ND	ND	20	

*			

#### Laboratory Fortified Blank (LFB) Results

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

	LFB AMOUNT SPIKED	LFB RESULT	LFB RECOVERY	QC LIMITS
COMPOUND	mg/L	mg/L	%	%
Sample ID: AB07381				
Bromide	5	4.9	98	90 - 110
Chloride	1.5	1.5	100	90 - 110
Fluoride	1	1.1	110	90 - 110
Nitrate	5	4.9	98	90 - 110
Nitrite	5	4.9	98	90 - 110
Sulfate	7.5	7.3	97	90 - 110
o-Phosphate	7.5	7.7	103	90 - 110

Samples in Batch: AB07380, AB07381

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Distribution: Original Accompanies Shipment; Copy to Coordinator Field Files

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# United States Environmental Protection Agency Office of Environmental Measurement & Evaluation 11 Technology Drive North Chelmsford, MA 01863-2431

#### Laboratory Report

June 30, 2010

Dan Granz - EIA / OEME
US EPA New England Region 1
11 Technology Drive
N. Chelmsford, MA 01863 - 2431

Project Number: 10060047

Project: Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

Analysis: Ion Chromatography for Cations

Analyst: Inna Germansderfer Ib 428/10

#### Analytical Procedure:

All samples were received and logged in by the laboratory according to the USEPA New England Laboratory SOP for Sample Log-in.

Samples were analyzed following the EPA Region I SOP, EIASOP-INGIC11.

The analysis was performed using a Dionex ICS-3000 Ion Chromatograph.

Date Samples Received by the Laboratory: 06/24/2010

Data were reviewed in accordance with the internal verification procedures described in the EPA New England OEME Chemistry QA Plan.

Results relate only to the items tested or to the samples as received by the Laboratory. This analytical report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

Report may contain multiple sections and each section will be numbered independently.

If you have any questions please call me at 617-918-8340.

Fueleen 7/28/10

Sincerely,

Daniel N. Boudreau Chemistry Team Leader

#### Qualifiers:

- RL = Reporting limit
- ND = Not Detected above reporting limit
- NA = Not Applicable
- NC = Not calculated since analyte concentration is ND
- J1 = Estimated value due to MS recovery outside acceptance criteria
- J2 = Estimated value due to LFB result outside acceptance criteria
- J3 = Estimated value due to RPD result outside acceptance criteria
- J4 = Estimated value due to LCS result outside acceptance criteria
- B = Analyte is associated with the lab blank or trip blank contamination. Values are qualified when the observed concentration of the contamination in the sample extract is less than 10 times the concentration in the blank.
- R = No recovery was calculated since the analyte concentration is greater than four times the spike level.

Samples were prepared and analyzed by ESAT contractors working at the USEPA New England Laboratory.

#### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - $\,$ Ayer, MA

Ion Chromatography for Cations

Client Sample ID:

CH ID

Lab Sample ID:

AB07380

Date of Collection:

6/22/2010

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

6/28/10

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
7440-09-7 7440-23-5	Potassium Sodium	3.8	0.20	
/440-23-3	Socium	20	0.20	

#### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

#### Ion Chromatography for Cations

Client Sample ID:

3-2

Lab Sample ID:

AB07381

Date of Collection:

6/24/2010

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

6/28/10

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
7440-09-7	Potassium	0.56	0.20	
7440-23-5	Sodium	4.1	0.20	

#### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Laboratory Blank

Client Sample ID:

N/A

Lab Sample ID:

N/A

Date of Collection:

N/A

Matrix

Water

Date of Analysis:

6/28/10

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration mg/L	RL mg/L	Qualifier
7440-09-7	Potassium	ND	0.20	
7440-23-5	Sodium	ND	0.20	

#### MATRIX SPIKE (MS) RESULTS

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

COMPOUND	SPIKE ADDED mg/L	SAMPLE CONCENTRATION mg/L	MS CONCENTRATION mg/L	MS % REC	QC LIMITS (% REC)
Sample ID: AB07381					
Potassium	4.02	0.56	4.77	105	80 - 120
Sodium	4.02	4.1	7.92	95	80 - 120

#### LABORATORY DUPLICATE RESULTS

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

COMPOUND	SAMPLE	SAMPLE DUPLICATE	PRECISION	QC
	RESULT	RESULT	RPD	LIMITS
	mg/L	mg/L	%	RPD (%)
Sample ID: AB07380				
Potassium	3.8	3.8	0	20
Sodium	20	20	0	20

#### Laboratory Fortified Blank (LFB) Results

Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

COMPOUND	LFB AMOUNT SPIKED mg/L	LFB RESULT mg/L	LFB RECOVERY %	QC LIMITS %	
Sample ID: AB07380					
Potassium	4.02	4.22	105	90 - 110	
Sodium	4.02	3.94	98	90 - 110	

Samples in Batch: AB07380, AB07381

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## United States Environmental Protection Agency Office of Environmental Measurement & Evaluation 11 Technology Drive North Chelmsford, MA 01863-2431

Laboratory Report

July 12, 2010

Dan Granz - EIA / OEME
US EPA New England Region 1
11 Technology Drive
N. Chelmsford, MA 01863 - 2431

Project Number: 10060047

Project: Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA Analysis: Total Recoverable Metals in Water by ICP

EPA Chemist: Janet Paquiņ

JP 7/12/10

#### Analytical Procedure:

All samples were received and logged in by the laboratory according to the USEPA New England Laboratory SOP for Sample Log-in.

Samples were analyzed following the EPA Region I SOP, EIASOP-INGĎVICP1.

The sample preparation and analysis SOP's are based on Methods 3010A and 6010B.

The samples were analyzed using a Perkin Elmer Dual View 4300 Dual View Inductively Coupled Plasma-Optical Emission Spectrometer.

Samples were prepared by ESAT contractors working at the USEPA New England Laboratory.

Date Samples Received by the Laboratory: 06/24/2010

Data were reviewed in accordance with the internal verification procedures described in the EPA New England OEME Chemistry QA Plan.

Results relate only to the items tested or to the samples as received by the Laboratory. This analytical report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

Report may contain multiple sections and each section will be numbered independently.

If you have any questions please call me at 617-918-8340

anut Monduan Hag/10

Sincerely,

Daniel N. Boudreau Chemistry Team Leader

### **Laboratory Qualifiers:**

RL

RL	Reporting limit
ND	Not Detected above reporting limit
NA	Not Applicable
NC	Not calculated since analyte concentration is ND
J 1	Estimated value due to MS recovery outside accceptance criteria
J2	Estimated value due to LFB result outside acceptance criteria
13	Estimated value due to RPD result outside acceptance criteria
14	Estimated value due to LCS result outside acceptance criteria
В	Analyte is associated with the lab blank or trip blank contamination. Values are qualified when the observed concentration of the contamination in the sample extract is less than 10 times the concentration in the blank (based on results greater than 1/2 the level of the reporting limit).
R	No recovery was calculated since the analyte concentration is greater than four times the spike level.

#### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

#### Total Recoverable Metals in Water by ICP

Client Sample ID: CH ID Lab Sample ID: AB07380 Date of Collection: 6/22/2010 Matrix Water Date of Digestion: Final Volume: 6/28/2010 50 mL Date of Analysis: 07/07/2010 Digestate Dilution: 1 Volume Digested: 50 mL рН: <2

		Concentration	RL	
CAS Number	Parameter	ug/L	ug/L	Qualifier
7429-90-5	Aluminum	ND	110	
7440-36-0	Antimony	ND	20	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	400	20	
7440-39-3	Barium	22	20	
7440-41-7	Beryllium	ND	8	
7440-43-9	Cadmium	ND	10	
7440-70-2	Calcium	33000	200	
7440-47-3	Chromium	ND	20	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	ND	20	
7440-50-8	Copper	ND	20	
7439-89-6	Iron	ND	40	
7439-92-1	Lead	ND	20	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	2900	100	
7439-96-5	Manganese	ND	20	
7440-02-0	Nickel	ND	20	
7782-49-2	Selenium	ND	20	
7440-22-4	Silver	ND	10	
7440-28-0	Thallium	ND	20	
7440-62-2	Vanadium	ND	20	
7440-66-6	Zinc	ND	20	

#### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - $\,$ Ayer, MA $\,$

#### Total Recoverable Metals in Water by ICP

Client Sample ID: 3-2 Lab Sample ID: AB07381 Date of Collection: 6/24/2010 Matrix Water Date of Digestion: 6/28/2010 Final Volume: 50 mL 07/07/2010 Digestate Dilution: 1 Date of Analysis: Volume Digested: <2 50 mL рН:

		Concentration	RL			
CAS Number	<u>Parameter</u>	ug/L	ug/L	Qualifier		
7429-90-5	Aluminum	ND	110			
7440-36-0	Antimony	ND	20			
7440-38-2	Arsenic	67	20			
7440-39-3	Barium	ND	20			
7440-41-7	Beryllium	ND	8			
7440-43-9	Cadmium	ND	10			
7440-70-2	Calcium	17000	200			
7440-47-3	Chromium	ND	20			
7440-48-4	Cobalt	ND	20			
7440-50-8	Copper	ND	20			
7439-89-6	Iron	88	40			
7439-92-1	Lead	ND	20			
7439-95-4	Magnesium	770	100			
7439-96-5	Manganese	ND	20			
7440-02-0	Nickel	ND	20			
7782-49-2	Selenium	ND	20			
7440-22-4	Silver	ND	10			
7440-28-0	Thallium	ND	20			
7440-62-2	Vanadium	ND	20			
7440-66-6	Zinc	ND	20			

#### Fort Devens Shepleys Hill LF - Ayer, MA

#### Laboratory Reagent Blank

Client Sample ID: N/A Lab Sample ID: N/AMatrix Water Date of Collection: N/A Date of Digestion: 6/28/2010 Final Volume: 50 mL Date of Analysis: 07/07/2010 Digestate Dilution: 1 Volume Digested: <2 50 mL рН:

CAS Number	Parameter	Concentration ug/L	RL ug/L	Qualifier
7429-90-5	Aluminum	ND	110	
7440-36-0	Antimony	ND	20	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	ND	20	
7440-39-3	Barium	ND	20	
7440-41-7	Beryllium	ND	8	
7440-43-9	Cadmium	ND	10	
7440-70-2	Calcium	ND	200	
7440-47-3	Chromium	ND	20	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	ND	20	
7440-50-8	Copper	ND	20	
7439-89-6	Iron	ND	40	
7439-92-1	Lead	ND	20	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	ND	100	
7439-96-5	Manganese	ND	20	
7440-02-0	Nickel	ND	20	
7782-49-2	Selenium	ND	20	
7440-22-4	Silver	ND	10	
7440-28-0	Thallium	ND	20	
7440-62-2	Vanadium	ND	20	
7440-66-6	Zinc	ND	20	

#### METALS MATRIX SPIKE (MS) RESULTS

Sample ID: AB07381

PARAMETER	SPIKE ADDED ug/L	SAMPLE CONCENTRATION ug/L	MS CONCENTRATION ug/L	MS % REC	QC LIMITS (% REC)
Aluminum	500	ND	598	120	75 - 125
Antimony	500	ND	502	100	75 - 125
Arsenic	500	67	577	102	75 - 125
Barium	500	ND	497	99	75 - 125
Beryllium	200	ND	198	99	75 - 125
Cadmium	250	ND	243	97	75 - 125
Chromium	500	ND	509	102	75 - 125
Cobalt	500	ND	502	100	75 - 125
Copper	500	ND	511	102	75 - 125
Iron	500	88	601	103	75 - 125
Lead	500	ND	493	99	75 - 125
Manganese	500	ND	522	104	75 - 125
Nickel	500	ND	490	98	75 - 125
Selenium	500	ND	460	92	75 - 125
Silver	100	ND	98.6	99	75 - 125
Thallium	500	ND	502	100	75 - 125
Vanadium	500	ND	517	103	75 - 125
Zinc	500	ND	499	100	75 - 125

#### **Laboratory Duplicate Results**

Sample ID: AB07380

	SAMPLE RESULT	SAMPLE DUPLICATE RESULT	PRECISION RPD	00		
PARAMETER	ug/L	ug/L	%	QC LIMITS		
Aluminum	ND	ND	NC	20		
Antimony	ND	ND	NC	20		
Arsenic	400	400	0	20		
Barium	22	22	0	20		
Beryllium	ND	ND	NC	20		
Cadmium	ND	ND	NC	20		
Calcium	33000	34000	3	20		
Chromium	ND	ND	NC	20		
Cobalt	ND	ND	NC	20		
Copper	ND	ND	NC	20		
Iron	ND	ND	NC	20		
Lead	ND	ND	NC	20		
Magnesium	2900	2930	1	20		
Manganese	ND	ND	NC	20		
Nickel	ND	ND	NC	20		
Selenium	ND	ND	NC	20		
Silver	ND	ND	NC	20		
Thallium	ND	ND	NC	20		
Vanadium	ND	ND	NC	20		
Zinc	ND	ND	NC	20		

#### Laboratory Fortified Blank (LFB) Results

PARAMETER	LFB AMOUNT SPIKED ug/L	LFB RESULT ug/L	LFB RECOVERY %	QC LIMITS %
Aluminum	500	514	103	85 - 115
Antimony	500	496	99	85 - 115
Arsenic	500	498	100	85 - 115
Barium	500	497	99	85 - 115
Beryllium	200	195	98	85 - 115
Cadmium	250	246	98	85 - 115
Calcium	5000	5160	103	85 - 115
Chromium	500	517	103	85 - 115
Cobalt	500	511	102	85 - 115
Copper	500	513	103	85 - 115
Iron	500	532	106	85 - 115
Lead	500	496	99	85 - 115
Magnesium	5000	5070	101	85 - 115
Manganese	500	509	102	85 - 115
Nickel	500	504	101	85 - 115
Selenium	500	466	93	85 - 115
Silver	100	100	100	85 - 115
Thallium	500	505	101	85 - 115
Vanadium	500	524	105	85 - 115
Zinc	500	507	101	85 - 115

Comments:

Samples in Batch: AB07380, AB07381

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